Answers

1. Answer: e

## Explanation:

1) 3 persons are sitting between $M$ and $N$.
2) $K$ is third to the right of $N$.
3) $K$ is second to the left of $P$.

Case-1 M___N__K_P
Case-2 N _ _ K M P
4) The number of people between $M$ and $P$ is the same as the number of people between $M$ and $L$. (Here case -2 will gets neglected as there is no space for $L$ to sit.)
5) Only three people sit to the left of $L$.
6) Six people sit between $L$ and J.
7) Two people sit between $P$ and $R$.
8) $R$ is sitting at the second position from one of the ends.


The above arrangement will be the final arrangement.
Hence, there are a total of 26 persons in the row.

## 2. Answer: a

## Explanation:

1) 3 persons are sitting between $M$ and $N$.
2) $K$ is third to the right of $N$.

3) The number of people between $M$ and $P$ is the same as the number of people between $M$ and $L$. (Here case -2 will gets neglected as there is no space for $L$ to sit.)
4) Only three people sit to the left of $L$.
5) Six people sit between $L$ and J.
6) Two people sit between $P$ and $R$.
 _ $R$ _

The above arrangement will be the final arrangement.
Hence, there are a total of 26 persons in the row. Hence, J sits $2 n d$ to the left of $M$

## 3. Answer: c

## Explanation:

1) 3 persons are sitting between $M$ and $N$.
2) $K$ is third to the right of $N$.
3) $K$ is second to the left of $P$.

Case-1 $\mathrm{M}_{-\ldots} \mathrm{N}_{\text {_ }} \mathrm{K}_{-} \mathrm{P}$
Case-2 N__KMP
4) The number of people between $M$ and $P$ is the same as the number of people between $M$ and $L$. (Here case -2 will gets neglected as there is no space for $L$ to sit.)
5) Only three people sit to the left of $L$.
6) Six people sit between $L$ and J.
7) Two people sit between $P$ and $R$.
8) $R$ is sitting at the second position from one of the ends.
_ _ _ L_-_-__J_M__ N_ K_P_ R _

The above arrangement will be the final arrangement.
Hence, there are a total of 26 persons in the row. Eight people sit between $M$ and $P$.

## 4. Answer: b

## Explanation:

1) 3 persons are sitting between $M$ and $N$.
2) $K$ is third to the right of $N$.
3) $K$ is second to the left of $P$.

Case-1 $\mathrm{M}_{-\ldots} \mathrm{N}_{-\ldots} \mathrm{K}_{-} \mathrm{P}$
Case-2 N__KMP
4) The number of people between $M$ and $P$ is the same as the number of people between $M$ and $L$. (Here case -2 will gets neglected as there is no space for $L$ to sit.
5) Only three people sit to the left of $L$.
6) Six people sit between $L$ and J.
7) Two people sit between $P$ and $R$.
8) $R$ is sitting at the second position from one of the ends.

The above arrangement will be the final arrangement. Hence, there are a total of 26 persons in the row.
A) $J$ sits to the right of K. प False
B) Seven people are sitting between $N$ and $R$. $\square$ True
C) Less than 10 people sit between $P$ and L F False
D) 9 people sit between J and P. $\square$ False
5. Answer: a

## Explanation:

1) 3 persons are sitting between M and N .
2) $K$ is third to the right of $N$.
3) $K$ is second to the left of $P$.

Case-1 $\mathrm{M}_{-\ldots}$ _ $\mathrm{N}_{\text {_ }} \mathrm{K}$ _ P
Case-2 N__KMP
4) The number of people between $M$ and $P$ is the same as the number of people between $M$ and $L$. (Here case - 2 will gets neglected as there is no space for $L$ to sit.
5) Only three people sit to the left of L.
6) Six people sit between $L$ and J.
7) Two people sit between $P$ and $R$.
8) $R$ is sitting at the second position from one of the ends.
--- $\mathrm{L}_{------} \mathrm{J}_{-} \mathrm{M}_{---} \mathrm{N}_{--} \mathrm{K}_{-} \mathrm{P}_{--} \mathrm{R}_{-}$
The above arrangement will be the final arrangement.
Hence, there are a total of 26 persons in the row. 19 people are sitting to the left of K.
6. Answer: d

## Explanation:

People: D, E, F, G, H, I, J and K.
Note - 1: 4 sit at the corner facing outside and 4 sit in the middle of the sides facing the centre.

1) E does not sit at any of the corners of the table. (Therefore, E sit at the middle of the side)
2) Only 3 people sit between $D$ and $E$.
3) $D$ is not an immediate neighbour of I or J and sits second to the left of $K$.
4) $F$ sits second to the right of $G$ only 3 people sit between $F$ and J.
5) Only 1 person sits between J and I (either from left or right).
(Now the only leftover person is H and will sit in the only left place) The above arrangement will be the final arrangement. G sit 3rd to the right of H .

7. Answer: c

## Explanation:

People: D, E, F, G, H, I, J and K.
Note - 1: 4 sit at the corner facing outside and 4 sit in the middle of the sides facing the centre.

1) E does not sit at any of the corners of the table. (Therefore, $E$ sit at the middle of the side)
2) Only 3 people sit between $D$ and $E$.
3) $D$ is not an immediate neighbour of I or J and sits second to the left of $K$.
4) $F$ sits second to the right of $G$ only 3 people sit between $F$ and J.
5) Only 1 person sits between J and I (either from left or right).
(Now the only leftover person is H and will sit in the only left place) The above arrangement will be the final arrangement. I sits to the immediate right of E .


## 8. Answer: c

## Explanation:

People: D, E, F, G, H, I, J and K.
Note - 1: 4 sit at the corner facing outside and 4 sit in the middle of the sides facing the centre.

1) $E$ does not sit at any of the corners of the table. (Therefore, $E$ sit at the middle of the side)
2) Only 3 people sit between $D$ and $E$.
3) $D$ is not an immediate neighbour of I or J and sits second to the left of K.
4) F sits second to the right of G only 3 people sit between F and J .
5) Only 1 person sits between J and I (either from left or right). (Now the only leftover person is H and will sit in the only left place)


The above arrangement will be the final arrangement.
I. G is facing inside. I False (as G faces outside)
II. $H$ is an immediate neighbour of J. $\square$ False ( H is 3rd to left of J)
III. G is sitting to the immediate left of K. $\square$ True

Hence, Only conclusion III follows.

## 9. Answer: e

## Explanation:

People: D, E, F, G, H, I, J and K.
Note - 1: 4 sit at the corner facing outside and 4 sit in the middle of the sides facing the centre.

1) $E$ does not sit at any of the corners of the table. (Therefore, $E$ sit at the middle of the side)
2) Only 3 people sit between D and E.
3) $D$ is not an immediate neighbour of I or J and sits second to the left of K.
4) F sits second to the right of $G$ only 3 people sit between $F$ and J.
5) Only 1 person sits between J and I (either from left or right). (Now the only leftover person is H and will sit in the only left place)

The above arrangement will be the final arrangement.
F, J, G, I I Group of people sitting at the corners.
$K \square$ sits at the middle of the side.

Hence, K does not belong to the group.


## 10. Answer: d

## Explanation:

People: D, E, F, G, H, I, J and K.

Note - 1: 4 sit at the corner facing outside and 4 sit in the middle of the sides facing the centre.

1) E does not sit at any of the corners of the table. (Therefore, $E$ sit at the middle of the side)
2) Only 3 people sit between $D$ and $E$.
3) $D$ is not an immediate neighbour of I or J and sits second to the left of K.
4) F sits second to the right of $G$ only 3 people sit between $F$ and $J$.
5) Only 1 person sits between J and I (either from left or right). (Now the only leftover person is H and will sit in the only left place)

The above arrangement will be the final arrangement.
When we count from the right of $\mathrm{J}, \mathrm{K}$ is an immediate neighbour of J .
Hence, none sits between $J$ and $K$ when counted from the right of J.

11. Answer: a

## Explanation:

If $P$ is the father-in-law of $F$, then $C$ is the wife of $F$. $C$ is the grandmother of $U$.

12. Answer: b

## Explanation:



## 13. Answer: a

## Explanation:


14. Answer: a

## Explanation:

Given: $\mathrm{A} \geq \mathrm{B}>\mathrm{F} ; \mathrm{B}>\mathrm{M}>\mathrm{O} ; \mathrm{F}>\mathrm{S} ; \mathrm{R}<\mathrm{S}$
Conclusion: I. S < A T True (as A > F > S)
II. F < O P False (as B > F; B > O therefore we can't find exact relationship between them)

Hence, only conclusion I follows.

## 15. Answer: e

## Explanation:

Given: $\mathrm{D} \leq \mathrm{R}>\mathrm{E} \leq \mathrm{B} ; \mathrm{S} \leq \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{E}>\mathrm{D} ; \mathrm{G}>\mathrm{B}$

Conclusion:
I. $\mathrm{D}>\mathrm{G} \square$ False (as $\mathrm{E} \leq \mathrm{B} ; \mathrm{E}>\mathrm{D}$ and $\mathrm{G}>\mathrm{B} \mathrm{CG}>\mathrm{B} \geq \mathrm{E}>\mathrm{D} \mathrm{G}$ $>\mathrm{D}$ )
II. $\mathrm{B}<\mathrm{R}$ - False ( $\mathrm{D} \leq \mathrm{R}>\mathrm{E}$ and $\mathrm{B} \geq \mathrm{E}>\mathrm{D} \mathrm{B} \geq \mathrm{E}>\mathrm{D} \leq \mathrm{R}$ )

Hence, Neither I nor II follows.
16. Answer: c

## Explanation:

Given: $\mathrm{E} \leq \mathrm{S}>\mathrm{F} \leq \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{T} \leq \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{F}>\mathrm{E} ; \mathrm{H}>\mathrm{C}$
Conclusion:

1) $\mathrm{T}<\mathrm{C} \square$ False (as $\mathrm{F} \leq \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{T} \leq \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{F} \square \mathrm{T} \leq \mathrm{F} \leq \mathrm{C}$ therefore $\mathrm{T} \leq \mathrm{C}$ )
2) $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{T} \square$ False (as $\mathrm{F} \leq \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{T} \leq \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{F} \square \mathrm{T} \leq \mathrm{F} \leq \mathrm{C}$ therefore $\mathrm{T} \leq \mathrm{C}$ ) $\mathrm{As} \mathrm{T} \leq \mathrm{C}$ therefore either $\mathrm{T}<\mathrm{C}$ or $\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{C}$.

Hence, either I or II follows

## 17. Answer: b

## Explanation:

Given: $\mathrm{M}=\mathrm{L} \geq \mathrm{N} \geq \mathrm{Q}<\mathrm{P}<\mathrm{V} \geq \mathrm{S}$; $\mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{G}$

On Combining: $\mathrm{M}=\mathrm{L} \geq \mathrm{N} \geq \mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{G} ; \mathrm{G}<\mathrm{P}<\mathrm{V} \geq \mathrm{S}$
Conclusion:

1) $G \geq$ S $\quad$ False (as $G<P<V \geq S$ therefore we can't find any relationship between $G$ and $S$ )
2) $\mathrm{M}>\mathrm{G} \mathrm{CTrue}$ (as $\mathrm{M}=\mathrm{L} \geq \mathrm{N} \geq \mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{G}$ )

Hence, Only conclusion II follows.
18. Answer: d

## Explanation:

Given: $\mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{A} \geq \mathrm{Z} \leq \mathrm{X} \leq \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{Z} \geq \mathrm{H}$
On combining: $\mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{A} \geq \mathrm{Z} \geq \mathrm{H} ; \mathrm{H} \leq \mathrm{Z} \leq \mathrm{X} \leq \mathrm{C}$
Conclusion:

1) $\mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{H}$ True (asQ $>\mathrm{A} \geq \mathrm{Z} \geq \mathrm{H}$ )
2) $\mathrm{Z} \leq \mathrm{C} \square$ True (as $\mathrm{H} \leq \mathrm{Z} \leq \mathrm{X} \leq \mathrm{C}$ )

Hence, both conclusions I and II follow.
19. Answer: b

## Explanation:

| $T$ |
| :--- |
| $R$ |
| $X$ |
| $Q$ |
| $S$ |
| $W$ |
| $U$ |
| $P$ |
| $V$ |

20. Answer: a

## Explanation:

| $T$ |
| :--- |
| $R$ |
| $X$ |
| $Q$ |
| $S$ |
| $W$ |
| $U$ |
| $P$ |
| $V$ |

21. Answer: d

Explanation:

| $T$ |
| :--- |
| $R$ |
| $X$ |
| $Q$ |
| $S$ |
| $W$ |
| $U$ |
| $P$ |
| $V$ |

22. Answer: a

Explanation:

| $T$ |
| :--- |
| $R$ |
| $X$ |
| $Q$ |
| $S$ |
| $W$ |
| $U$ |
| $P$ |
| $V$ |

23. Answer: d

## Explanation:

| $T$ |
| :--- |
| $R$ |
| $X$ |
| $Q$ |
| S |
| $W$ |
| $U$ |
| $P$ |
| $V$ |

## 24. Answer: a

## Explanation:

Given Word: UNDERNEATH first, fourth, sixth and ninth letters are U, E, N, T

Word formed $\square$ TUNE First letter of word is ' $T$ '.
25. Answer: a

## Explanation:

Pairs $\mathrm{CPO}, \mathrm{NR}, \mathrm{PR}$, NP
Hence, there are four such pairs.
26. Answer: b

## Explanation:

| Year | Age | Person |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1945 | 73 | R |
| 1956 | 62 | V |
| 1961 | 57 | S |
| 1973 | 45 | P |
| 1978 | 40 | U |
| 1989 | 29 | T |
| 1996 | 22 | W |
| 2007 | 11 | Q |

27. Answer: e

## Explanation:

| Year | Age | Person |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1945 | 73 | R |
| 1956 | 62 | V |
| 1961 | 57 | S |
| 1973 | 45 | P |
| 1978 | 40 | U |
| 1989 | 29 | T |
| 1996 | 22 | W |
| 2007 | 11 | Q |

28. Answer: a

Explanation:

| Year | Age | Person |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1945 | 73 | R |
| 1956 | 62 | V |
| 1961 | 57 | S |
| 1973 | 45 | P |
| 1978 | 40 | U |
| 1989 | 29 | T |
| 1996 | 22 | W |
| 2007 | 11 | Q |

29. Answer: c

## Explanation:

| Year | Age | Person |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1945 | 73 | R |
| 1956 | 62 | V |
| 1961 | 57 | S |
| 1973 | 45 | P |
| 1978 | 40 | U |
| 1989 | 29 | T |
| 1996 | 22 | W |
| 2007 | 11 | Q |

30. Answer: e

## Explanation:

| Year | Age | Person |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1945 | 73 | R |
| 1956 | 62 | V |
| 1961 | 57 | S |
| 1973 | 45 | P |
| 1978 | 40 | U |
| 1989 | 29 | T |
| 1996 | 22 | W |
| 2007 | 11 | Q |

31. Answer: e

## Explanation:



Case 1


Case 2
32. Answer: e

## Explanation:

From I and II, A was born in a month which was having 30 days so A either born in April or June. If A was born in June: Two persons were born between $A$ and $D$. One person was born between $D$ and $E$ then $D$ was born in March and $E$ was born in May. One person was born between $E$ and $C$ then C was born in July. Now three persons were born between D and C. If A was born in April: Two persons were born between $A$ and $D$. One person was born between $D$ and $E$ then $D$ was born in July and E was born in May. One person was born between E and C then C was born in March. Now three persons were born between D and C.

So statement I and II are together necessary to answer the question.
Hence, option E.

## 33. Answer: d

## Explanation:

From Statement I: Either Neha or Abhay is sitting at one of the ends. Abhay is third to the left of Neha. Deepak is fourth to the left of Poorvi. The possible scenarios can be I. Deepak _ Abhay _ Poorvi Neha II. Abhay Deepak _ Neha _ Poorvi So, we can't find who are sitting at the extreme ends.

From Statement II: Abhay _ Poorvi or Poorvi _ Abhay and neither of them is sitting at the ends. The possible scenarios can be I. Manik Abhay _ Poorvi Neha II. Poorvi Neha _ Abhay Manik So, we can't find who are at the extreme ends.

From Statements I and II The only possible scenario is Deepak Manik Abhay Hitesh Poorvi Neha.
Thus, Deepak and Neha are sitting at the extreme ends.

## 34. Answer: a

## Explanation:

From statement 1, E > B > C, D (In weight) but E is not the heaviest that means $A$ is the heaviest. $A>E>B>C, D$

From statement $2, \mathrm{~A}>\mathrm{E}>\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$. So, D could be either the heaviest or the lightest.
Statement 2, does not clarify Hence, statement 1 alone is sufficient to answer the question.
35. Answer: e

## Explanation:

From I and II, So point M is north of point T. So I and II together are necessary to answer the question. Hence, option E.

36. Answer: e
37. Answer: b
38. Answer: e
39. Answer: a

## Explanation:

Option A is the correct answer. The author of the passage points out that many employers prefer recruiting young people who have spent a couple of years in the workplace rather than raw recruitments from university. This implies that the problem lies in the lack of experience as
opposed to the lack of skills, something which the politicians complain of. Thus the mentioned sentence implies that the politicians have not been able to properly analyse the root cause of the problem that lands up a student in an undesirable job.

Option A is the correct answer.

## 40. Answer: b

## Explanation:

"Evidence" means proof. Thus, option B is the correct answer. Rustic- made in a plain and simple fashion. Misnomer- a wrong or inaccurate use of a name or term.

## 41. Answer: c

## Explanation:

"Embark" means to begin (a course of action). Thus, option A is the synonym of "embark". "Reject" is the correct antonym of the given word. Apprehend- understand or perceive.

## 42. Answer: e

## Explanation:

All the three statements use the word "hamper" in the correct form. In the first and the second sentence, the word has been used as a verb in the present and the past tense respectively. "Hamper" means to cause hindrance. The third sentence uses the word as a noun which means a basket or a container. The word fits appropriately in the given question. Since the word has been used correctly in all the sentences, option E is the correct answer.

## 43. Answer: d

## Explanation:

Tact— skill and sensitivity in dealing with others or with difficult issues Tactfully- with skill and sensitivity in dealing with others or with difficult issues Tactful—having or showing skill and sensitivity in dealing with others or with difficult issues "Tactful" fits in statement I as an adjective is required to define the judge. "Tact" fits in statement III as it has been correctly used as a noun in the sentence. "Tactfully" is an adverb which can modify a verb, an adjective or another adverb. The
word does not fit in the second sentence as one cannot come up with a "tactfully", but with a tact. Since only statements I and II

## 44. Answer: a

## Explanation:

"Adage" is a noun which means a proverb or short statement expressing a general truth. The word cannot be used in the verb or a gerund form, thus, statements II and III are incorrect. The word has been used correctly only in statement I. Thus, option A is the correct answer.
45. Answer: b

## Explanation:

"Malaise" (noun) means uneasiness or restlessness. The word has been correctly used only in statement II. The other two sentences use the forms of the word which do not exist in the Standard English language. Thus, option B is the correct answer.
46. Answer: e

## Explanation:

When we use 'rather', we mention the opposite of that action in the next phrase. Since circular and linear are opposite, A \& E go together. C and F also connect appropriately.

## 47. Answer: c

## Explanation:

All the given sentences are about oceans. Nothing is related to farmers. B ends with 'around' which indicates there must be a location mentioned in the next part of the statement. None of the segments in column II does that. Both D \& F can follow A. But none of the options mentions A- D as a pair. So, D will follow $C$ and $F$ will follow $A$. Hence, the correct answer is $C$.

## 48. Answer: a

## Explanation:

Statement A ends with 'completely', an adverb. This means the part following it must start with a main verb. None of the clauses in column II do so. Statement C ends with 'of' which indicates that the next part must describe an attribute of the subject (Unsustainable fishing practices). Grammatically, both E \& F can do that. But, none of the options has C-E as a pair. So, F would be more appropriate after C. B \& E can be joined correctly. Hence, the correct answer is A.
49. Answer: d

## Explanation:

There is only one 'social media market giant' in column I, i.e. is Facebook. So, B goes with F. No other combinations can be formed correctly. Hence, the correct answer is option D.

## 50. Answer: b

51. Answer: a

## Explanation:

"Displacing" is a continuous verb which does not make much sense here. Thus, the noun "displacement" should be written instead of "displacing". Also, the sentence talks about climatic changes, thus, the word "weather" should be used instead of "whether". Since only (i) is correct, thus, option A is the correct answer. Note that "weather" (alternative i) and whether (alternative ii) are two different words carrying different meanings.

## 52. Answer: b

## Explanation:

The subject here is "incidents" which is plural, thus, the verb should be plural too. Hence, "have" should be used instead of "has". Moreover, 'spotlight in' will get replaced by the 'spotlight on' as there should be a proper use of preposition. 'To put the spotlight on' something means to highlight it. Thus, option B is the correct answer.

## 53. Answer: c

## Explanation:

"Cost" is a singular subject, thus the auxiliary verb "is" should be used. Thus, option C is the correct answer. "More" represents comparative degree, hence, "the" cannot be used before it, hence, (ii) is incorrect. Thus, option C is the correct answer.

## 54. Answer: a

## Explanation:

"Six" is a plural number, thus, 'years' should be in plural as the preposition "of" is used after it. In contrast, in compound nouns, the singular forms are used. E.G. I saw a ten year old boy steal from the shop. Additionally, in the highlighted part, the phrase "in qualitatively" is incorrect as "qualitatively" is an adverb. To make the sentence correct, the noun "quality" should be used. Since (i) makes both the corrections, option A is the correct answer.
55. Answer: a

## Explanation:

The subject here is "meritocracy", hence, the singular verb "has" should be used instead of "have". "Examing" as given in alternative (iii) is not a word in Standard English, hence incorrect. Thus, option $A$ is the answer.
56. Answer: b

## Explanation:

The error is in part B of the sentence, which means the word "underline" has been used wrongly here. Note that the word mentioned after "underline" is "problem", which is a noun. So, we need an adjective to modify this noun. Thus, "underlined" should replace the highlighted word mentioned in B. An underlined problem means an emphasised problem.

## 57. Answer: b

## Explanation:

The error is in part B of the sentence, which means the word "vertebrate" has been used wrongly here. Note that the sentence mentions that the heat causes some action in the molecules, which means we need a verb instead of the noun "vertebrate" (an animal of a large group distinguished
by the possession of a backbone or spinal column). Thus, the word "vibrate" must be used which means move continuously and rapidly to and fro.

## 58. Answer: b

## Explanation:

Fleet is the collective noun used for ships. Here, 'sheeps' has been used in the first part, which needs to be replaced with 'ships'.

## 59. Answer: a

## Explanation:

Here "creating" should be used in place of "created" in order to make sentence context appropriate.

## 60. Answer: b

## Explanation:

The usage of "however" in one of the segments suggests that a contradiction to a mentioned clause will be presented in the other clause. The sentence cannot start with the conjunction, "however". This eliminates options D and E. Part C cannot begin the sentence either as it would fail to make a logical sentence. E cannot immediately follow $C$, thus, the correct sequence $e$ is DBCAE and option B is the correct answer.

## 61. Answer: b

## Explanation:

The sentence should start with the main subject, which in this case is "Harry and Meghan's little one". The little one's objective is given by segment B and hence that should follow A. Of all the options, it is option $B$ which has $A B$ as the opening pair. Option $B$ is the correct answer and the correct sequence is $A B C D E$.

## 62. Answer: c

## Explanation:

The segments cannot be arranged in any of the given sequences as there are grammatical errors in it.

## 63. Answer: d

## Explanation:

The theme of the sentence is centred around the given words, "resilient" "resilience" and "resiliency". Thus, A and D can be used to start the sentence. Of the two, A must be followed by D. Now E tells us about the use of the words, which is applied to victims. Thus, the sequence so far is ADE. The option with the same sequence is $D$ and the correct sequence is ADEBC.

## 64. Answer: e

## Explanation:

The sentence is about Lauren Mayberry. Thus, segment A should start the sentence. Frontwoman means the leading singer in a band, thus, logically she got on to the stage must follow $A$. She took the stage in something that was pastel coloured. This inadvertently means that she was dressed up in a dress which was pastel in colour. What must follow E is D. The option with the sequence $A E D$ is option $E$ and $A E D B C$ is the correct order.

## 65. Answer: b

Explanation: Placeholder Text
66. Answer: a

## Explanation:

Let the number of red balls be $X$, then Probability of getting 1 st ball red $=X /(X+5)$
Probability of getting 2 nd ball red (Without replacement) $=(X-1) /(X+4)$
Probability of getting both balls red $=[X /(X+5)] \times[(X-1) /(X+4)]=3 / 7$
On solving, we get $X=10$
67. Answer: c

## Explanation:

A alone can do $=20$ days
Efficiency ratio of $A \& B=4: 5$
Time required will be in ratio $=5: 4$
Hence $B$ alone will do it in =16 days
$\operatorname{LCM}$ of $(16,20)=80$,
Assume work size of 80 units 1 day work of $A=4$ units 1 day work of $B=5$ units
Work done by both in 4 days $=4^{*}(5+4)=36$ units Work left $=80-36=44$ units
Now C takes 22 days to complete $=44$ units.
Therefore, the efficiency of $C=44 / 22=2$
Hence time taken by C alone to complete the work= 80/2 $=40$ days

## 68. Answer: c

## Explanation:

Say haircut voucher =H pedicure voucher
$P=H-130 H+P=450$,
$H=290, P=160$
Male getting pedicure $=160 *(13 / 20)=104$
Female Getting Pedicure $=160 *(7 / 20)=56$
Male Haircut $=104+15=119$

Female haircut= 290-119=171
Required \%=(56/290)*100=19\% approximately

|  | Male | Female | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Haircut | 119 | 171 | 290 |
| Pedicure | 104 | 56 | 160 |
| Total | 223 | 227 | 450 |

69. Answer: d

## Explanation:

Say haircut voucher $=\mathrm{H}$
pedicure voucher $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{H}-130 \mathrm{H}+\mathrm{P}=450$,
$H=290, P=160$
Male getting pedicure $=160 *(13 / 20)=104$
Female Getting Pedicure $=160 *(7 / 20)=56$
Male Haircut= $104+15=119$
Female haircut $=290-119=171$
Total for manicure $=30+50 \%$ of $290=30+145=175$

|  | Male | Female | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Haircut | 119 | 171 | 290 |
| Pedicure | 104 | 56 | 160 |
| Total | 223 | 227 | 450 |

70. Answer: d

## Explanation:

Say haircut voucher $=\mathrm{H}$
pedicure voucher $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{H}-130 \mathrm{H}+\mathrm{P}=450$,
$H=290, P=160$
Male getting pedicure $=160 *(13 / 20)=104$
Female Getting Pedicure $=160 *(7 / 20)=56$
Male Haircut $=104+15=119$
Female haircut $=290-119=171$
Males redeemed pedicure voucher= 104

|  | Male | Female | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Haircut | 119 | 171 | 290 |
| Pedicure | 104 | 56 | 160 |
| Total | 223 | 227 | 450 |

## 71. Answer: c

## Explanation:

Say haircut voucher $=\mathrm{H}$
pedicure voucher $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{H}-130 \mathrm{H}+\mathrm{P}=450$,
$H=290, P=160$
Male getting pedicure $=160 *(13 / 20)=104$
Female Getting Pedicure $=160 *(7 / 20)=56$
Male Haircut= $104+15=119$

Female haircut= 290-119=171
Males redeemed pedicure voucher= 104

|  | Male | Female | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Haircut | 119 | 171 | 290 |
| Pedicure | 104 | 56 | 160 |
| Total | 223 | 227 | 450 |

## 72. Answer: d

## Explanation:

Say haircut voucher $=\mathrm{H}$
pedicure voucher $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{H}-130 \mathrm{H}+\mathrm{P}=450$,
$H=290, P=160$
Male getting pedicure $=160 *(13 / 20)=104$
Female Getting Pedicure $=160 *(7 / 20)=56$
Male Haircut= $104+15=119$

Female haircut= 290-119=171
Males redeemed pedicure voucher= 104
Required Difference $=104-56=48$

|  | Male | Female | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Haircut | 119 | 171 | 290 |
| Pedicure | 104 | 56 | 160 |
| Total | 223 | 227 | 450 |

## 73. Answer: a

## Explanation:

Required average $=\{98.75 \%$ of $(2.8+3.6)\} / 2=3.16$ lakh.
74. Answer: b

## Explanation:

Shirts failed test in 2014=2.5\% of 3.2lakh= 8000
Shirts failed test in 2017= 1.25 \% Of 3.6 lakh= 4500

Decrease in percentage $=(8000-4500) *(100 / 8000)=43.75 \%$
75. Answer: d

## Explanation:

In the year 2015: No. of coloured shirts : No. of white shirts $=3:(3-1)=3: 2$
Hence, answer $=(3 / 5) \times 4=2.4$ lakh
76. Answer: c

## Explanation:

Number of shirts, which passed the quality test in 2015 = 97.75\% of 4.0 lakh
Hence, answer= 10\% of (97.75\% of 4.0 lakh) $=39100$.

## 77. Answer: b

## Explanation:

Total no. of shirts passed the quality test $=3,20000 \times(1-2.5 / 100)=3,20000 \times 97.5 / 100=$ 312000

Hence, the total revenue $=3,12,000 \times 500=$ Rs.15. 6 Crore.
78. Answer: d

## Explanation:

Required number of large size wox boxes $=36+42+32+46+70=226$
79. Answer: e

## Explanation:

Total number of sold wox boxes on day $1=48+36=84$ Total number of sold wox boxes on day $4=53+46=99$

Hence, the required percent $=(84 / 99) \times 100=84.84 \approx 84.9 \%$.
80. Answer: d

## Explanation:

Total number of wox box of medium size, sold on Day 1, Day 4 and Day $=48+53+40=141$ Hence, the required average $=141 / 3=47$
81. Answer: c

## Explanation:

Hence required ratio $=(60+40):(48+32)=100: 80=5: 4$.
82. Answer: a

## Explanation:

Required percentage $=[(40-32) / 32] \times 100=25 \%$
83. Answer: b

## Explanation:

> Given, $r=5 \mathrm{~cm}$ and volume of cylinder $=$ $n r^{2} h=500 \mathrm{n}$
> $\Rightarrow \mathrm{h}=20 \mathrm{~cm}$
> So, the diagonal of square $=20 \mathrm{~cm}$
> $\Rightarrow$ Side of the square = Diagonal $\sqrt{2}=20 /$
> $\sqrt{2}=10^{\sqrt{2}} \mathrm{~cm}$
> $\therefore$ Perimeter of square $=4 \times$ side $=4 \times 10$
> $\sqrt{2}=40^{\sqrt{2}} \mathrm{~cm}$
84. Answer: b

## Explanation:

A. $2 x^{2}+5 x+3=0$

So $2 x^{2}+2 x+3 x+3=0$
So $2 x(x+1)+3(x+1)=0$
So $(2 x+3)(x+1)=0$ So $x=-3 / 2$ or $x=-1$
B. $2 y^{2}-7 y+6=0$
$2 y^{2}-4 y-3 y+6=0$ So $y=+2$ or $y=+3 / 2$
Thus $x<y$
85. Answer: d

## Explanation:

A. $3 x^{2}-7 x+4=0$
$3 x^{2}-4 x-3 x+4=0$
$X=4 / 3$ or 1
B. $2 y^{2}-3 y+1=0$
$2 y^{2}-2 y-y+1=0$
$Y=1$ or $1 / 2$ Thus $D$ is correct
86. Answer: a

## Explanation:

A. $x^{2}+12 x+35=0$
$x^{2}+7 x+5 x+35=0$
$x=-7$ or -5
B. $y^{2}+17 y+72=0$.
$y^{2}+8 y+9 y+72=0$
$Y=-8$ or -9
So $x>y$

## Explanation:

A. $x^{2}-10 x+25=0$
$x^{2}-5 x-5 x+25=0$
$x=+5$
B. $Y^{2}=25 Y=+5,-5$

So $x \geq y$
88. Answer: b

## Explanation:

A. $x^{2}-36 x+324=0$
$x^{2}-18 x-18 x+324=0$
$x=18$
B. $y^{2}-42 y+441=0$
$y^{2}-21 y-21 y+441=0$
$y=21$
$x<y$
89. Answer: b

## Explanation:

In 30 minutes the train with 50 Km speed reach at a distance of 25 Km And their relative speed is 25 Km/h

So, Time take $[25 / 25=1 \mathrm{Hr}$
Distance from Delhi the two trains will be together $\square 75^{* 1}=75 \mathrm{KM}$
90. Answer: d

## Explanation:

Cost Price $=$ Rs. $(50000+2000+500)$
= Rs. 52,500
Profit $=20 \%$
Hence, selling price $=120 \%$ of 52500
$=$ Rs. Rs. 63,000

## 91. Answer: a

## Explanation:

Let the number of persons in the group Initially be x , then $x \times 16.75+20 \times 13.25=(x+20) \times 15$
(1.75x $=20 \times(15-13.25)$

- $1.75 x=20 \times 1.75$
$\square x=20$


## 92. Answer: e

## Explanation:

$A 2001: A 2002=4: 5$
A2001:B2001 = 2:3

We have to make A2001 same in both cases.
A2001:B2001 = 4:6
Let A's income in $2001=4 x$
Let $B$ 's income in $2001=6 \times A$ and,

B income in $2001=25000$ [Given] $10 x=25000 x=2500$
A's income in $2001=4 x=4 * 2500=$ Rs 10000
B's income in $2001=6 x=6 * 2500=$ Rs 15000

A's income in $2002=5 x=5 * 2500=$ Rs 12500

Savings of A in $2002=$ Rs4000
Expenditure $=$ Income - Savings $=12500-4000=$ Rs8500
93. Answer: a

## Explanation:

Let the current ages be $y$ and $3 y$
Their ages after 5 years
$\square y+5 \& 3 y+5$
$\square(y+5) /(3 y+5)=3 / 4$
$\square y=1$
So, their current ages are $1 \& 3$ years and after 10 years the average age be 12 years

## 94. Answer: a

## Explanation:

Ratio of mixture of spirit and water in Container $1=2: 3$
Amount of mixture taken = 10 litres
Amount of spirit $=2 / 5 \times 10=4$ litres
Amount of water $=3 / 5 \times 10=6$ litres

Ratio of mixture of spirit and water in Container $2=3: 2$
Amount of mixture taken $=x$ litres

Amount of spirit $=3 / 5 \times x=3 x / 5$ litres

Amount of water $=2 / 5 \times x=2 x / 5$ litres

Ratio of mixture of spirit and water in resultant mixture $=4: 5$

Therefore, $(4+3 x / 5) /(6+2 x / 5)=4 / 5(20 / 5+3 x / 5) /(30 / 5+2 x / 5)=4 / 5(20+3 x) /(30+2 x)=4 / 5$ $100+15 x=120+8 x 7 x=20 ; x=2.86$ litres

So option (1) is the correct answer.
95. Answer: b

## Explanation:

$0.5,2,1,4,32,512$ taking from opposite side
$512 \div 24=32$
$32 \div 23=4$
$4 \div 22=1$
$1 \div 21=0.5 \neq 2$
$0.5 \div 20=0.5$
hence 2 is wrong term.

## 96. Answer: b

## Explanation:

$5.1=4+1.1$
$7.3=5.1+2.2$
$10.6=7.3+3.3$
$15=10.6+4.4$
$20.5=15+5.5$ (Hence, 20 is the wrong term)
$27.1=20.5+6.6$
97. Answer: d

## Explanation:

$3=(2 \times 2)-1$
$8=(3 \times 3)-1$
$31=(8 \times 4)-1$
$154=(31 \times 5)-1$
$923=(154 \times 6)-1$
(Hence, 924 is the wrong term) 6460= $(923 \times 7)-1$
98. Answer: d

## Explanation:

$134-69=65$
further $65-33=32$
$69-36=33$
$33-17=16$
$36-19=17$
$17-9=8$
$9-10=9$
$9-5=4$
$10-5=5$
99. Answer: b

## Explanation:

$251-1^{3}=250---$ (Hence, 252 is the wrong term)
$250+2^{2}=254$
$254-3^{3}=227$
$227+4^{2}=243$
$243-5^{3}=118$
$118+6^{2}=154$
100. Answer: b

## Explanation:

Amount invested in scheme A be Rs. $X$ and amount invested in scheme $B$ be Rs.(7000-X)
Interest earned from scheme $A=X \times[10+10+(10 \times 10) / 100] \%=X \times(21 / 100)$
Return from Scheme B $=(7000-X) \times(3 \times 15 / 100)=(7000-X) \times 45 / 100$
ATQ $\times \times(21 / 100)=[(7000-X) \times 45 / 100] \times(84 / 100)$
प $\mathrm{X}=(7000-\mathrm{X}) \times 1.8$
प $2.8 X=7000 \times 1.8$
$\square X=7000 \times(18 / 28)=4500$
Hence, answer is option E.

