Test Booklet Code

KANHA

No.:

 $\mathbf{E1}$

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
 For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **E1**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Car	ndidate (in Capitals) :		-
Roll Number	; in figures		-
	; in words		
Centre of Exam	ination (in Capitals) :		
Candidate's Sig	nature :	Invigilator's Signature :	÷
Facsimile signa	ture stamp of		
Centre Superint	endent:		



$\mathbf{E1}$							2							
1.				lowing	is no	t an attribute of a	7.	Cho	ose the	corre	ct pai	r from	the fo	llowing:
	g., 39	lation						(1)	Liga	ses	5.0	Join	the tw	o DNA
	(1)	Sex r							1374			mole	cules	
	(2) (3)	Nata Mort						(2)	Doly	merase	o.a	Drog	lr tha	DNA into
	(4)		100	eractio	n			(2)	1 Oly	шегаы	- a	600	nents	DNAIII
2.	The	process	s of gr	owth i	s maxi	mum during :		(3)	Nucl	Nucleases - Separate the two				ne two strands
	(1)	Logp	hase									of DI	NA	
	(2)	Lagp	hase					(4)	Exor	nucleas	ses-	Mak	e cuts	at specific
	(3)	Senes	scence						Secretary and		4500			vithin DNA
	(4)	Dorm	nancy									•		
3.			at ori	ginate	from t	he base of the stem	8.	Sele	ct the	correc	et mat	eh.		
	are:		us roc	sta				(1)	Haer	mophil	ia	2	Ylin	ıked
	(1) (2)		ary ro					(2)	Pher	nylketo	nuria		Auto	osomal
	(3)	Prop		000									dom	inant trait
	(4)	ann e e	ral roo	ts				(3)	Sick	le cell	anaem	ia -		osomal
4.	Mate	h tha t	follow	ina dis	20200	with the causative								ssive trait, mosome-11
4.				하나님;;;		ect option.		(4)	Thal	lassem	ia	_	Xlin	ked
		Colu	mn -	I		Column - II		(-)						
	(a)	Typh	oid		(i)	Wuchereria	9.				wing	colum	ns an	d select the
	(b)	Pneu	monia	ι	(ii)	Plasmodium		corr	rect op					
	(c)	Filar	iasis		(iii)	Salmonella			Colu	umn -	I		Co	olumn - II
	(d)	Mala	ria		(iv)	Hae mophilus		(a)	Greg pest	garious	, polyp	hagou	s (i)	Asterias
	2446	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			(h)	1000		امنامس		(22)	Casmisa
	(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)			(b)		lt with metry			(ii)	Scorpion
	(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)					bilate			7	
	(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)			(c)	Bool	k lungs	i		(iii)	Ctenopland
	(4)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			(d)	Bioli	umines	cence		(iv)	Locusta
5.						iques, the embryos females who cannot		(49)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(4.)	
		eive?	.reu w	assist	miose i	emales who camou		(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)		
	(1)		and I					(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)		
	(2)		and Z					(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)		
	(3) (4)		and Z. and I					(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)		
6.		경기 경기 큐시 기업점 경기				t with reference to blood groups.	10.	The	infecti			Plasm	odiun	n that enters
	(1)	The g	gene (I) has t	hree a	lleles.			human					
	(2)	A person will have only two of the three alleles.						(1)	970	hozoite				
	(3)			nd IB a	ire nre	sent together they		(2)	Sporozoites					
	(0)	When I ^A and I ^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.						(3)	Fem	ale gar	netocy	tes		
	(4)	Allele	e 'i' do	es not	produc	e any sugar.		(4)	Male	e game	tocytes	}		
							0.00							



- 11. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure:
 - (1) Chitin, cholesterol
 - (2) Glycerol, trypsin
 - (3) Cellulose, lecithin
 - (4) Inulin, insulin
- 12. The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:
 - (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
 - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
 - (c) Seed inside the fruit
 - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
 - (1) (a) only
 - (2) (a), (b) and (c)
 - (3) (c) and (d)
 - (4) (a) and (d)
- 13. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
 - (1) Ammonia alone
 - (2) Nitrate alone
 - (3) Ammonia and oxygen
 - (4) Ammonia and hydrogen
- Identify the correct statement with regard to G₁ phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
 - (1) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
 - (2) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
 - (3) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
 - (4) Nuclear Division takes place.
- 15. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in:
 - (1) lining of intestine
 - (2) ducts of salivary glands
 - (3) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
 - (4) eustachian tube

- 16. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect**?
 - (1) They are not bound by any membrane.
 - (2) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
 - (3) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
 - (4) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
- 17. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?
 - (1) Endoplasmic reticulum
 - (2) Peroxisomes
 - (3) Golgi bodies
 - (4) Polysomes
- 18. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of:
 - (1) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
 - (2) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
 - (3) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
 - (4) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
- Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
 - (1) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O₂.
 - (2) Partial pressure of CO_2 can interfere with O_2 binding with haemoglobin.
 - (3) Higher H⁺ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) Low pCO₂ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
- 20. Ray florets have:
 - (1) Inferior ovary
 - (2) Superior ovary
 - (3) Hypogynous ovary
 - (4) Half inferior ovary
- 21. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:
 - (1) 5' GAATTC 3'
 - 3' CTTAAG 5'
 - (2) 5' GGAACC 3'
 - 3' CCTTGG 5'
 - (3) 5' CTTAAG 3'
 - 3' GAATTC 5'
 - (4) 5' GGATCC 3'
 - 3' CCTAGG 5'



E 1			4							
22.		tify the wrong statement with regard to riction Enzymes.	26.	26. Which of the following statements at the phylum-Chordata?						
	(1)	Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.		(a)			nord extends from resent throughout			
	(2)	They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.		(b)	In Vertebrata no the embryonic pe		d is present during aly.			
	(3)	They are useful in genetic engineering.		(c)	Central nervou	ıs syst	em is dorsal and			
	(4)	Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.		(d)	Chordata is di Hemichordata Cephalochordata	, ј	into 3 subphyla ; Tunicata and			
23.		ch of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge		(1)	(d) and (c)					
	dige	ster for further sewage treatment?		(2)	(c) and (a)					
	(1)	Primary sludge		(3)	(a) and (b)					
	(2)	Floating debris		(4)	(b) and (c)					
	(3)	Effluents of primary treatment	27.	Mate	ch the organism wi	th its u	se in biotechnology.			
				(a)	Bacillus	(i)	Cloning vector			
	(4)	Activated sludge			thuringiensis					
24.		ct the correct events that occur during iration.		(b)	Thermus aquaticus	(ii)	Construction of first rDNA molecule			
	(a)	Contraction of diaphragm		()	4 7	7111	TANKA 1			

(b)	Contraction of external inter-costal muscles		$tum\epsilon$	efacien	s		
(c)	Pulmonary volume decreases	(d)	Salmonella typhimurium		(iv)	Cry proteins	
(d)	Intra pulmonary pressure increases	Selec	ct the c	correc	t optic	n fron	the following :
(1)	(a) and (b)		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(2)	(c) and (d)	(1) (2)	(ii) (iv)	(iv) (iii)	(iii) (i)	(i) (ii)	
(3)	(a), (b) and (d)	(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	
(4)	only (d)	(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
				erene ve			

- If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for 25. few days because:
 - the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the (1)cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
 - (2)the cockroach does not have nervous system.
 - the head holds a small proportion of a nervous (3)system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
 - the head holds a 1/3rd of a nervous system (4)while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.

28. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants:

- (a) Iron
- Photolysis of water
- (b) Zinc
- Pollen germination (ii)
- (c) Boron
- Required for chlorophyll (iii)

DNA polymerase

(iii)

- biosynthesis IAA biosynthesis
- Manganese (iv) (d)

Agrobacterium

(c)

Select the correct option:

- (d) (a) (b) (c)
- (iii) (1) (ii) (i) (iv)
- (2) (iv) (i) (iii) (ii)
- (3) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii)
- (4) (i) (ii)(iii) (iv)



- 29. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
 - (2)Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
 - Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem (3)and is lighter in colour.
 - Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., (4)heart wood is dark in colour.
- 30. Match the following:
 - Inhibitor of catalytic (a) activity
 - Ricin (i)
 - (b) Possess peptide bonds
- (ii) Malonate
- Cell wall material in (c) fungi
- (iii) Chitin
- Secondary metabolite (iv)
- Collagen

Choose the **correct** option from the following:

- (a) **(b)** (c)
- (d) (1)(ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- (2)(iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (3)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (4)(ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
- Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is 31. completed:
 - Prior to ovulation (1)
 - At the time of copulation (2)
 - After zygote formation (3)
 - (4)At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
- According to Robert May, the global species 32. diversity is about:
 - 1.5 million (1)
 - 20 million (2)
 - 50 million (3)
 - 7 million (4)
- The first phase of translation is: 33.
 - Binding of mRNA to ribosome (1)
 - Recognition of DNA molecule (2)
 - Aminoacylation of tRNA (3)
 - Recognition of an anti-codon (4)

- Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits 34. highest species diversity?
 - Western Ghats of India (1)
 - (2) Madagascar
 - (3)Himalayas
 - (4) Amazon forests
- 35. Which of the following statements is not correct?
 - In man insulin is synthesised as a (1) proinsulin.
 - The proinsulin has an extra peptide called (2) C-peptide.
 - The functional insulin has A and B chains (3)linked together by hydrogen bonds.
 - Genetically engineered insulin is produced in E-Coli.
- 36. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
 - Large number of scattered vascular bundles (a) surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground (b) tissue.
 - Vascular bundles conjoint and closed. (c)
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- Monocotyledonous stem (1)
- (2) Monocotyledonous root
- Dicotyledonous stem (3)
- Dicotyledonous root (4)
- Match the following columns and select the 37. correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	6 - 18 gill s	5 pairs lits	of	(i)	Trygon
(b)	V	rocerc al fin	al	(ii)	Cyclostomes
(c)	Air E	Bladde	r	(iii)	Chondrichthyes
(d)	Poise	on stin	g	(iv)	Osteichthyes
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
(3)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	
(4)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	



- 38. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
 - (1) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 800°C
 - (2) CH₃, H₂, NH₄ and water vapor at 800°C
 - (3) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at $600^{\circ}C$
 - (4) CH₃, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C
- 39. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
 - (1) Karl Ernst von Baer
 - (2) Alfred Wallace
 - (3) Charles Darwin
 - (4) Oparin
- 40. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:
 - (1) Transpiration
 - (2) Root pressure
 - (3) Imbibition
 - (4) Plasmolysis
- 41. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
 - (1) Nutritive value
 - (2) Growth response
 - (3) Defence action
 - (4) Effect on reproduction
- 42. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
 - (1) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
 - (2) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
 - (3) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
 - (4) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
- 43. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:
 - (1) Insect pests
 - (2) Fungal diseases
 - (3) Plant nematodes
 - (4) Insect predators

- 44. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) only (a)

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- (2) (a) and (c)
- (3) (b), (c) and (d)
- (4) only (d)
- 45. Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
 - (1) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
 - (2) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - (3) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
 - (4) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
- **46.** By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
 - (1) Out crossing
 - (2) Mutational breeding
 - (3) Cross breeding
 - (4) Inbreeding
- 47. Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
 - Ileum opens into small intestine.
 - (2) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
 - (3) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
 - (4) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.



	Colu	mn - l			Column - II
(a)	Clost butyl	ridiun icum	ı	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
(b)	20	oderm porum		(ii)	Butyric Acid
(c)	Mono purpi			(iii)	Citric Acid
(d)	Asper	Aspergillus niger		(iv)	Blood cholesterol lowering agent
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	

- 49. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?
 - (1) Uremia and Ketonuria
 - (2) Uremia and Renal Calculi
 - (3) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
 - (4) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
- 50. Floridean starch has structure similar to:
 - (1) Starch and cellulose
 - (2) Amylopectin and glycogen
 - (3) Mannitol and algin
 - (4) Laminarin and cellulose
- 51. Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
 - (2) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
 - (3) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
 - (4) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis

- 52. Match the following with respect to meiosis:
 - (a) Zygotene (i) Terminalization

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- (b) Pachytene (ii) Chiasmata
- (c) Diplotene (iii) Crossing over
- (d) Diakinesis (iv) Synapsis

Select the correct option from the following:

- (a) (b) (c) (d) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (3) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)
- (4) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- 53. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
 - (1) Laminaria and Sargassum
 - (2) Gelidium and Gracilaria
 - (3) Anabaena and Volvox
 - (4) Chlorella and Spirulina
- 54. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
 - (1) High concentration of Estrogen
 - (2) High concentration of Progesterone
 - (3) Low concentration of LH
 - (4) Low concentration of FSH
- 55. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Bt co	tton		(i)	Gene therapy
(b)	dean	nosine ninase iency		(ii)	Cellular defence
(c)	RNA	i		(iii)	Detection of HIV infection
(d)	PCR	CR		(iv)	Bacillus thuringiensis
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	



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56.	Mon of:	treal p	rotoco	l was s	signed	in 198	7 for control	61.	Men	del sel	ect as p	oairs, v	which '	plant varieties did were similar except	
	(1)						ed organisms			ie char 4	acter	with co	ntras	ting traits?	
				2.0.30.70.20.000.00	to ano				(1) (2)	2					
	(2)						bstances		(3)	14					
	(3)	Rele	ase of (Green .	House	gases			(4)	8					
	(4)	Disp	osal of	e-wast	tes			62.	Match the following columns and select correct option.						
57.	Whi	ch of th	ne follo	wing i	s corr	ect ab	out viroids?			- T	ımn -	I		Column - II	
	(1)	They have RNA with protein coat.							(a)		n of C		(i)	Connects middle	
	(2)	They	free RI	rotein coat.		(-)			5.00.00.00		ear and pharynx				
	(3)	They	have !	DNA v	with pr	otein o	oat.		(b)	Coch	lea		(ii)	Coiled part of the	
	(4)	They	have	free D	NA wi	thout	protein coat.							labyrinth	
58.	The	ovarv :	is half	inferio	or in ·				(c)	Eust	achian	tube	(iii)	Attached to the oval window	
00.	(1)	15 2016 101 6		шстк	or mr.				(d)	Stap	es		(iv)	Located on the	
		Brinjal Mustard												basilar	
	(2)									37. 30				membrane	
	(3)		lower						(4)	(a)	(p)	(c)	(d)		
	(4)	Plun	1						(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(i) (ix)	(iv)		
									(2) (3)	(iii) (iv)	(i) (ii)	(iv) (i)	(ii) (iii)		
59.	The	enzym	e enter	rokina	se help	s in co	nversion of:		(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)		
	(1)	prote	ein into	polyp	eptides	}		63. In water hyacinth and water lily, p						lu nallination taleas	
	(2)	tryps	sinogei	n into t	trypsin	t.		69.	In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination take place by :						
	(3)	case	inogen	into ca	asein				(1)	inse	ts or w	vind			
	(4)	peps	inogen	into p	epsin				(2)		r curre		ıly		
									(3)		and w				
60.					with the cosyste		rrect species		(4)		ts and			1.1	
	(a)	Four	th trop	hic le	vel	(i)	Crow	64.						ulator which upon ncreases the length	
	(b)	Seco	nd trop	hic lev	vel	(ii)	Vulture		-	em, th				yield of sugarcane	
	(c)	First	t troph	ic leve	1	(iii)	Rabbit		(1)	Cyto	kinin				
	(d)	Thir	d tropl	nic leve	el	(iv)	Grass		(2)		erellin				
			correc						(3) (4)	Ethy	iene isic aci	id			
	Dele		(b)					100000000000					200 200	2000 (Marcon 20 100)	
	(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)			65.		ght re sfer of				one facilitates the	
	(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)				(1)		I to Cy				
									(2)		₆ f com				
	(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)				(3)		to NA				
	(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)			30	(4)	PS-I	to ATI	syntl	nase		

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- 66. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy?
 - (1) Gibberellic acid
 - (2) Abscisic acid
 - (3) Phenolic acid
 - (4) Para-ascorbic acid
- Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
 - (1) DNA ligase
 - (2) DNA helicase
 - (3) DNA polymerase
 - (4) RNA polymerase
- **68.** Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?
 - (1) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
 - (2) Reabsorption of Na⁺ and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
 - (3) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
 - (4) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
- 69. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct**?
 - Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
 - (2) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
 - (3) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
 - (4) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.

70. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I (a) Placenta (i) Androgens (b) Zona pellucida (ii) Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG) (c) Bulbo-urethral (iii) Layer of the ovum

- (c) Bulbo-urethral (iii) Layer of the ovum glands
 (d) Leydig cells (iv) Lubrication of the
- Penis (b) (d) (a) (c) (iii) (i) (ii)(1)(iv) (2)(i) (iii) (iv) (ii) (3)(i) (iii)(ii)(iv)

(iv)

(i)

71. Strobili or cones are found in:

(iii)

(1) Salvinia

(ii)

(4)

- (2) Pteris
- (3) Marchantia
- (4) Equisetum
- 72. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0) . This process occurs at the end of:
 - (1) M phase
 - (2) G₁ phase
 - (3) Sphase
 - (4) G_2 phase
- 73. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of:
 - (1) Adaptive radiation
 - (2) Convergent evolution
 - (3) Industrial melanism
 - (4) Natural selection
- 74. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10⁹ bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
 - (1) 2.0 meters
 - (2) 2.5 meters
 - (3) 2.2 meters
 - (4) 2.7 meters



75. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents:

- (1) Repolarisation of auricles
- (2) Depolarisation of auricles
- (3) Depolarisation of ventricles
- (4) Repolarisation of ventricles

Column - I

76. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - II

			(172)		
(a)	Eosii	nophils	3	(i)	Immune response
(b)	Baso	phils		(ii)	Phagocytosis
(c)	Neut	trophil	s	(iii)	Release histaminase, destructive enzymes
(d)	Lym	ymphocytes		(iv)	Release granules containing histamine
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	

77. Which of the following statements is correct?

(iii)

(1) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.

(iv)

- (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
- (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
- (4) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
- 78. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:
 - (1) Selectable marker
 - (2) Ori site

(4)

(ii)

- (3) Palindromic sequence
- (4) Recognition site
- 79. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
 - (1) Tyrosine
 - (2) Glutamic Acid
 - (3) Lysine
 - (4) Valine

80. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn	I		Column - II
(a)	Pitui	tary g	land	(i)	Grave's disease
(b)	Thyr	oid gla	ınd	(ii)	Diabetes mellitus
(c)	Adre	nal gla	ınd	(iii)	Diabetes insipidus
(d)	Pane	reas		(iv)	Addison's disease
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	
(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	

- 81. Select the correct statement.
 - (1) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
 - (2) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
 - (3) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
 - (4) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
- 82. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
 - (1) Haemoglobin
 - (2) Collagen
 - (3) Lectin
 - (4) Insulin
- 83. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by:
 - (1) Mendel
 - (2) Sutton
 - (3) Boveri
 - (4) Morgan



11 E1

84. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II (a) Floating Ribs (i) Located between second and

(b) Acromion (ii) Head of the Humerus

seventh ribs

- (c) Scapula (iii) Clavicle
- (d) Glenoid cavity (iv) Do not connect with the sternum
- (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
- (2) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (3) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- 85. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is:
 - (1) Zero
 - (2) One
 - (3) Two
 - (4) Three
- **86.** Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :
 - (1) Pachytene
 - (2) Zygotene
 - (3) Diplotene
 - (4) Leptotene
- 87. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :
 - (1) Ctenophora
 - (2) Platyhelminthes
 - (3) Aschelminthes
 - (4) Annelida
- 88. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at:
 - (1) Hilum
 - (2) Micropyle
 - (3) Nucellus
 - (4) Chalaza

- 89. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
 - (1) Squamous epithelial cells
 - (2) Columnar epithelial cells
 - (3) Chondrocytes
 - (4) Compound epithelial cells
- 90. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
 - (1) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
 - (2) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
 - (3) High reflection of light from snow
 - (4) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
- 91. Identify a molecule which does not exist.
 - (1) He₂
 - (2) Li₂
 - (3) C_2
 - (4) O₂
- 92. Find out the solubility of $Ni(OH)_2$ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of $Ni(OH)_2$ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - (1) $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (2) $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (3) $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (4) $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
- 93. Identify the correct statements from the following:
 - (a) $CO_2(g)$ is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
 - (1) (a), (b) and (c) only
 - (2) (a) and (c) only
 - (3) (b) and (c) only
 - (4) (c) and (d) only



94. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $\mathbf{Sucrose} + \mathbf{H_2O} \mathop{\Longrightarrow}\limits_{} \mathbf{Glucose} + \mathbf{Fructose}$

If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- 95. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3} & \text{CHO} \\
& \\
\text{Cl}_{2}/\text{h}_{\nu} \times \frac{\text{H}_{2}\text{O}}{373 \text{ K}}
\end{array}$$

$$(3) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{CHCl}_2 \\ \\ \end{array}$$

96. Identify the incorrect match.

Name **IUPAC Official Name** Unnilunium Mendelevium (a) (i) Unniltrium (b) (ii) Lawrencium Unnilhexium Seaborgium (c) (iii)Unununnium Darmstadtium (d) (iv) (a), (i) (1) (b), (ii) (2)

- 97. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$

(c), (iii)

(d), (iv)

(3)

(4)

- $(2) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- (3) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- (4) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- **98.** Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - (1) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (3) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- 99. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
 - (1) Hydrogen gas
 - (2) Oxygen gas
 - (3) H_2S gas
 - (4) SO_2 gas



- 100. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:
 - (1) Isopropyl alcohol
 - (2) Sec. butyl alcohol
 - (3) Tert. butyl alcohol
 - (4) Isobutyl alcohol
- 101. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O-linkage?
 - (1) H₂SO₃, sulphurous acid
 - (2) H₂SO₄, sulphuric acid
 - (3) $H_2S_2O_8$, peroxodisulphuric acid
 - (4) H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid
- 102. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?

- 103. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of ${\rm Cr}^{2+}$ ion is :
 - (1) 3.87 BM
 - (2) 4.90 BM
 - (3) 5.92 BM
 - (4) 2.84 BM
- 104. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
 - (1) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (2) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
 - (3) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (4) q > 0, $\Delta T > 0$ and w > 0
- 105. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is 5.12 K kg mol⁻¹. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
 - (1) 0.20 K
 - (2) 0.80 K
 - (3) 0.40 K
 - (4) 0.60 K
- 106. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten $CaCl_2$ (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is:
 - (1) 1
 - (2) 2
 - (3) 3
 - (4) 4
- 107. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
 - (1) Aldol condensation
 - (2) Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (3) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (4) Cross Aldol condensation
- 108. Paper chromatography is an example of:
 - (1) Adsorption chromatography
 - (2) Partition chromatography
 - (3) Thin layer chromatography
 - (4) Column chromatography

- 109. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in:
 - (1) activation energy
 - (2) heat of reaction
 - (3) threshold energy
 - (4) collision frequency
- 110. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol $^{-1}$): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 9 bar
- (2) 12 bar
- (3) 15 bar
- (4) 18 bar
- 111. Identify the correct statement from the following:
 - (1) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
 - (2) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO₂.
 - (3) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
 - (4) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
- 112. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - (1) I effect of CH₃ groups
 - (2) + R effect of CH₃ groups
 - (3) Reffect of CH₃ groups
 - (4) Hyperconjugation
- 113. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
 - (1) Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - (2) Sodium stearate
 - (3) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
 - (4) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate

- 114. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - (a) β-Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1) (a), (b), (c)
 - (2) (a), (c), (d)
 - (3) (b), (c), (d)
 - (4) (a), (b), (d)
- 115. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
 - (1) Ethanol + Acetone
 - (2) Benzene + Toluene
 - (3) Acetone + Chloroform
 - (4) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
- 116. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
 - (1) $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (2) $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
 - (3) $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (4) $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
- 117. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
 - (1) Serine
 - (2) Alanine
 - (3) Tyrosine
 - (4) Lysine
- 118. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - (1) Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (2) Only NaCl
 - (3) Only MgCl₂
 - (4) NaCl, MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
- 119. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
 - (1) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
 - (2) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
 - (3) polybutadiene
 - (4) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)



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- **120.** Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?
 - (1) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
 - (2) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
 - (3) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
- 121. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
 - (1) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
 - (2) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose
 - (3) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
 - (4) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
- 122. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Iron
 - (2) Copper
 - (3) Calcium
 - (4) Potassium
- 123. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
 - (1) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
 - (2) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
 - (3) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O = 16]$
 - (4) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
- 124. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71}$ Lu, respectively, are:
 - (1) 71, 104 and 71
 - (2) 104, 71 and 71
 - (3) 71, 71 and 104
 - (4) 175, 104 and 71

125. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

$$CH_4(g) + 4Cl_2(g) \rightarrow CCl_4(l) + 4HCl(g)$$

- (1) +4 to +4
- (2) 0 to +4
- (3) -4 to +4
- (4) 0 to -4
- 126. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (1) $\operatorname{Cr}^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $\operatorname{Fe}^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.
 - (2) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
 - (3) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
 - (4) The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
- 127. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the **correct** option is:
 - (1) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
- 128. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1) Viscosity
 - (2) Solubility
 - (3) Stability of the colloidal particles
 - (4) Size of the colloidal particles

- Urea reacts with water to form A which will 129. decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu2+ (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - $CuSO_4$ (1)
 - $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$ (2)
 - Cu(OH)2 (3)
 - CuCO₃·Cu(OH)₂ (4)
- Match the following and identify the correct option.
 - $CO(g) + H_2(g)$ (a)
- $Mg(HCO_3)_2 +$ (i) Ca(HCO₃)₂
- Temporary (b) hardness of water
- An electron (ii) deficient hydride
- B_2H_6 (c)
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- H_2O_2 (d)
- Non-planar (iv) structure
- **(b)** (d) (a) (c)
- (i) (ii) (iv) (1)(iii)
- (2)(iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (3)(iv) (i) (iii)
- (ii)
- (i) (4)(iii) (ii) (iv)
- 131. Match the following:

Oxide Nature

- CO (a)
- Basic
- BaO (b)
- (i)
- Al_2O_3 (c)
- (iii) Acidic
- Cl_2O_7
- Amphoteric (iv)

(d)

(ii)

Neutral

Which of the following is correct option?

(ii)

- (a)
- **(b)** (c)
- (1)(i)
- (ii)
- (iii) (iv)
- (ii) (2)
- (i)
- (iv) (iii)

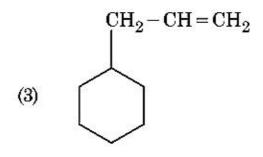
(i)

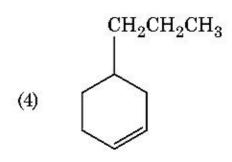
- (iii) (3)
- (iv)
- (iv) (i) (4)(iii) (ii)
- The rate constant for a first order reaction is 132. 4.606×10^{-3} s⁻¹. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
 - $100 \, \mathrm{s}$ (1)
 - (2) $200 \, \mathrm{s}$
 - (3) $500 \, \mathrm{s}$
 - (4) $1000\,\mathrm{s}$

133. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

(1)
$$CH = CH - CH_3$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH}_2-\operatorname{CH}_2-\operatorname{CH}_3 \\ \\ \end{array} \tag{2}$$





- 134. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - n-Hexane (1)
 - (2) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 - n-Heptane (3)
 - n-Butane (4)

135. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

(1)
$$OH$$
 $+ CH_3I$

(3)
$$C_2H_5I$$

$$(4) \qquad \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \\ & \\ \hline \\ & \\ \end{array} + C_2 H_5 O H$$

- **136.** For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
 - (1) Hydrogen atom
 - (2) Singly ionised helium atom (He+)
 - (3) Deuteron atom
 - (4) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne+)
- 137. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c = speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1) c:1
 - (2) 1:1
 - (3) 1:c
 - (4) $1:c^2$
- 138. The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be:
 - (1) $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
 - (2) $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
 - (3) $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
 - $(4) \qquad i_b = 90^{\circ}$

139. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is: $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

- (1) 0.5 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.2 kg/m^3
- (3) 0.1 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.02 kg/m^3
- 140. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
 - (1) $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
 - (2) $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
 - (3) μA
 - (4) $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
- 141. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) isothermal
 - (2) adiabatic
 - (3) isochoric
 - (4) isobaric
- 142. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
 - (1) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 143. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 48 N
 - (2) 32 N
 - (3) 30 N
 - (4) 24 N



- 144. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
 - (1) metals
 - (2) insulators only
 - (3) semiconductors only
 - (4) insulators and semiconductors
- 145. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
 - (1) π rad
 - (2) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (3) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (4) zero
- 146. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) 0.01 mm
- (2) 0.25 mm
- (3) 0.5 mm
- (4) 1.0 mm
- 147. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - (1) 523 Hz
 - (2) 524 Hz
 - (3) 536 Hz
 - $(4) \qquad 537\,\mathrm{Hz}$
- 148. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

- (1) 33 cm
- (2) 50 cm
- (3) 67 cm
- (4) 80 cm

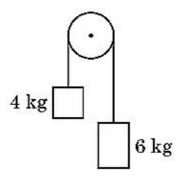
- 149. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{j}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k}$ m.
 - (1) $6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (2) $6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (3) $-6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (4) $6\hat{k}$ N m
- 150. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
 - (1) $10 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (2) $12 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (3) $24 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (4) $48 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
- 151. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10^{-7} C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- (4) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- 152. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m³, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) zero
 - (2) 0.5 N/C
 - (3) 1 N/C
 - (4) 5 N/C
- 153. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
 - (1) forward bias only
 - (2) reverse bias only
 - (3) both forward bias and reverse bias
 - (4) increase in forward current

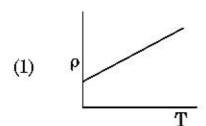
- 154. A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:
 - (1) 1.7 A
 - (2) 2.05 A
 - (3) 2.5 A
 - (4) 25.1 A
- 155. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, \operatorname{n} \pi \mathrm{d}^2}$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}^2 \pi \text{d}^2}$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
- 156. For transistor action, which of the following statements is correct?
 - (1) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
 - (2) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
 - (3) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
 - (4) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
- 157. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) doubled
 - (2) four times
 - (3) one-fourth
 - (4) zero
- 158. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}$ U is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}$ Kr, three neutrons and:
 - (1) 144 Ba
 - (2) ${}^{91}_{40}$ Zx
 - (3) $^{101}_{36}$ Kr
 - (4) $^{103}_{36}$ Kr

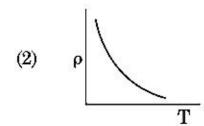
- 159. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly:
 - (1) 6
 - (2) 0.6
 - (3) 0.06
 - (4) 0.006
- 160. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:

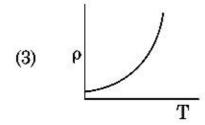


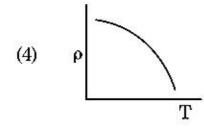
- (1) g
- (2) g/2
- (3) g/5
- (4) g/10
- 161. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
 - (1) $\frac{\text{MgL}_1}{\text{AL}}$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{\text{Mg}(L_1 L)}{\text{AL}}$
 - (3) $\frac{\text{MgI}}{\text{AL}_1}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{A}(\text{L}_1 \text{L})}$
- 162. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : $(k_B$ is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute temperature)
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{1}{2} \, k_B T$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{3}{2} \, k_B T$
 - (3) $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{7}{2} \; \mathbf{k_B T}$

163. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?

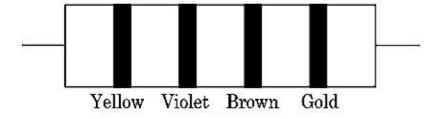








164. The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1) $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (2) $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- (3) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (4) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- 165. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
 - (1) double
 - (2) half
 - (3) four times
 - (4) one-fourth

166. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μF . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μF . The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{C}^2 \,\mathrm{N}^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$
- (2) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \,\mathrm{C}^2 \,\mathrm{N}^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$
- (3) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \,\mathrm{C}^2 \,\mathrm{N}^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$
- (4) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- 167. Dimensions of stress are:
 - $(1) \qquad [MLT^{-2}]$
 - (2) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
 - (3) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
 - (4) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
- 168. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
 - (1) 3.66×10^{-7} rad
 - (2) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
 - (3) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (4) 6.00×10^{-7} rad
- 169. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) zero
 - (2) 0.5
 - (3) 1.0
 - (4) -1.0
- 170. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10⁻⁹ C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) 50 V
- (2) 200 V
- (3) 400 V
- (4) zero

171. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m $^{-1}$. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

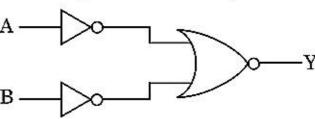
 $(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$

- (1) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (3) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (4) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \,\mathrm{Tm} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- 172. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

 $(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$

- (1) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (3) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- 173. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:
 - (1) 2.25×10^{15}
 - (2) 2.5×10^6
 - (3) 2.5×10^{-6}
 - (4) 2.25×10^{-15}
- 174. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5$ r_2) through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - (1) $\frac{27}{8}$
 - (2) $\frac{9}{4}$
 - (3) $\frac{3}{2}$
 - (4) $\frac{5}{3}$
- 175. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is:
 - (1) 10 V
 - (2) $10^2 \,\mathrm{V}$
 - (3) $10^3 \, \text{V}$
 - $(4) 10^4 \, \mathrm{V}$
- 176. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
 - (1) 9.9801 m
 - (2) 9.98 m
 - (3) 9.980 m
 - (4) 9.9 m

- 177. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g=10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 360 m
 - (2) 340 m
 - (3) 320 m
 - (4) 300 m
- 178. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
 - (1) 2.5 g
 - (2) 5.0 g
 - (3) 10.0 g
 - (4) 20.0 g
- 179. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:
 - (1) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (4) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
- 180. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- (1) A B Y 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0
- (2) A B Y 0 0 0 0 0 1 1
- (3) A B Y 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1
- (4) A B Y
 0 0 1
 0 1 0
 1 0 0
 1 1 0

1

1

-000-

0





Space For Rough Work



Test Booklet Code

KANHA

No.:

 $\mathbf{F1}$

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
 For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **F1.** Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Car	ndidate (in Capitals) :		-
Roll Number	; in figures		-
	; in words		
Centre of Exam	ination (in Capitals) :		
Candidate's Sig	nature :	Invigilator's Signature :	÷
Facsimile signa	ture stamp of		
Centre Superint	endent:		



F1 2

- 1. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from:
 - (1) PS-I to NADP+
 - (2) PS-I to ATP synthase
 - (3) PS-II to Cytb₆f complex
 - (4) Cytb₆f complex to PS-I
- 2. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:
 - (1) Palindromic sequence
 - (2) Recognition site
 - (3) Selectable marker
 - (4) Ori site
- 3. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:
 - (1) 5' CTTAAG 3'
 - 3' GAATTC 5'
 - (2) 5' GGATCC 3'
 - 3' CCTAGG 5'
 - (3) 5' GAATTC 3'
 - 3' CTTAAG 5'
 - (4) 5' GGAACC 3'
 - 3' CCTTGG 5'
- 4. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
 - (1) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
 - (2) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
 - (3) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
 - (4) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
- 5. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :
 - (1) Boveri
 - (2) Morgan
 - (3) Mendel
 - (4) Sutton

- 6. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants:
 - (a) Iron
- (i) Photolysis of water
- (b) Zinc
- (ii) Pollen germination
- (c) Boron
- (iii) Required for chlorophyll
 - biosynthesis
- (d) Manganese (iv) IAA biosynthesis

Select the correct option:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (2) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (i) (i)
- 7. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of:
 - (1) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
 - (2) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
 - (3) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
 - (4) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
- 8. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
 - (1) DNA polymerase
 - (2) RNA polymerase
 - (3) DNA ligase
 - (4) DNA helicase
- 9. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
 - (1) ICSI and ZIFT
 - (2) GIFT and ICSI
 - (3) ZIFT and IUT
 - (4) GIFT and ZIFT
- 10. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
 - (1) Lysine
 - (2) Valine
 - (3) Tyrosine
 - (4) Glutamic Acid



- Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
 Higher H⁺ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 Low pCO₂ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O₂.
 Partial pressure of CO₂ can interfere with O₂ binding with haemoglobin.
- 12. Floridean starch has structure similar to:
 - (1) Mannitol and algin
 - (2) Laminarin and cellulose
 - (3) Starch and cellulose
 - (4) Amylopectin and glycogen
- 13. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
 - (1) Cross breeding
 - (2) Inbreeding
 - (3) Out crossing
 - (4) Mutational breeding
- 14. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Pitu	itary g	land	(i)	Grave's disease
(b)	Thy	oid gla	and	(ii)	Diabetes mellitus
(c)	Adre	nal gla	and	(iii)	Diabetes insipidus
(d)	Pano	reas		(iv)	Addison's disease
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	

- Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
 - (2) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
 - (3) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
 - (4) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes

- 16. Choose the correct pair from the following:
 - (1) Nucleases Separate the two strands of DNA
 - (2) Exonucleases Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
 - (3) Ligases Join the two DNA molecules
 - (4) Polymerases Break the DNA into fragments
- 17. Ray florets have:

3

- (1) Hypogynous ovary
- (2) Half inferior ovary
- (3) Inferior ovary
- (4) Superior ovary
- 18. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.
 - (a) Bacillus (i) Cloning vector thuringiensis
 - (b) Thermus (ii) Construction of aquaticus first rDNA molecule
 - (c) Agrobacterium (iii) DNA polymerase tumefaciens
 - (d) Salmonella (iv) Cry proteins typhimurium

Select the correct option from the following:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(3)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)

- 19. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
 - (1) Ammonia and oxygen
 - (2) Ammonia and hydrogen
 - (3) Ammonia alone
 - (4) Nitrate alone



F1			4
20.	spray	e the plant growth regulator which upon ying on sugarcane crop, increases the length em, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane	
	(1)	Ethylene	
	(2)	Abscisic acid	
	(3)	Cytokinin	
	(4)	Gibberellin	
21.	The bat:	oody of the ovule is fused within the funicle	
	(1)	Nucellus	
	(2)	Chalaza	l
	(3)	Hilum	
	(4)	Micropyle	
22.	The p	process of growth is maximum during:	
	(1)	Senescence	
	(2)	Dormancy	
	(3)	Logphase	ं
	(4)	Lagphase	
23.		erally symmetrical and acoelomate animals xemplified by :	
	(1)	Aschelminthes	
	(2)	Annelida	
	(3)	Ctenophora	
	(4)	Platyhelminthes	1000
24.		h of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge ter for further sewage treatment?	
	(1)	Effluents of primary treatment	
	(2)	Activated sludge	
	(3)	Primary sludge	
			1

Floating debris

(4)

25. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımı -	I		Column - II
(a)	Floar	ting Ri	bs	(i)	Located between
					second and
					seventh ribs
(b)	Acro	mion		(ii)	Head of the
					Humerus
(c)	Scap	ula		(iii)	Clavicle
(d)	Glen	Glenoid cavity			Do not connect
					with the sternum
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(3)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	
(4)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	

- 26. Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
 - (1) They are useful in genetic engineering.
 - (2) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
 - (3) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
 - (4) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
- 27. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Column - I					lumn - II
(a)		arious	, polyp	hagous	s (i)	Asterias
(b)	pest Adult with radial					Scorpion
			and lai ral syn	rva nmetry	1 30	
(c)		lungs	V	V	(iii)	Ctenoplana
(d)	Bioluminescence				(iv)	Locusta
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)		
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)		
(3)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)		
(4)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)		

- 28. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because:
 - the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
 - (2) the head holds a 1/3rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
 - (3) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
 - (4) the cockroach does not have nervous system.



5 F1

29.	Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits				
	highest species diversity?				

- (1) Himalayas
- (2) Amazon forests
- (3) Western Ghats of India
- (4) Madagascar

30. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?

- (1) Golgi bodies
- (2) Polysomes
- (3) Endoplasmic reticulum
- (4) Peroxisomes

31. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?

- (1) Anabaena and Volvox
- (2) Chlorella and Spirulina
- (3) Laminaria and Sargassum
- (4) Gelidium and Gracilaria

32. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?

- (1) Lectin
- (2) Insulin
- (3) Haemoglobin
- (4) Collagen

33. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :

- (1) Diplotene
- (2) Leptotene
- (3) Pachytene
- (4) Zygotene
- 34. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits?
 - $(1) \qquad 14$
 - (2) 8
 - (3) 4
 - (4) 2

- 35. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :
 - (1) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
 - (2) eustachian tube
 - (3) lining of intestine
 - (4) ducts of salivary glands

36. Match the following with respect to meiosis:

- (a) Zygotene (i) Terminalization
- (b) Pachytene (ii) Chiasmata
- (c) Diplotene (iii) Crossing over
- (d) Diakinesis (iv) Synapsis

Select the correct option from the following:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)
- (2) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

37. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect**?

- (1) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
- (2) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
- (3) They are not bound by any membrane.
- (4) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.

38. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?

- (1) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
- (2) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
- (3) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
- (4) Reabsorption of Na + and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone



F1

- 39. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
 - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- (1) Dicotyledonous stem
- (2) Dicotyledonous root
- (3) Monocotyledonous stem
- (4) Monocotyledonous root
- 40. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
 - (2) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
 - (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
 - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
- 41. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I	Column - II	
(a)	Bt co	otton		(i)	Gene therapy
(b)	dean	nosine ninase iency		(ii)	Cellular defence
(c)	RNA	i		(iii)	Detection of HIV infection
(d)	PCR			(iv)	Bacillus thuringiensis
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	

- 42. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of:
 - (1) Industrial melanism
 - (2) Natural selection
 - (3) Adaptive radiation
 - (4) Convergent evolution

- 43. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
 - (1) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
 - (2) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
 - (3) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
 - (4) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
- **44.** The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is:
 - (1) Female gametocytes
 - (2) Male gametocytes
 - (3) Trophozoites
 - (4) Sporozoites
- 45. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (1) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
 - (2) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
 - (3) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
 - (4) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
- 46. Which of the following is correct about viroids?
 - They have DNA with protein coat.
 - (2) They have free DNA without protein coat.
 - (3) They have RNA with protein coat.
 - (4) They have free RNA without protein coat.
- 47. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -		Column - II	
(a)	Typh	Typhoid			Wuchereria
(b)	Pneu	Pneumonia			Plasmodium
(c)	Filar	Filariasis			Salmonella
(d)	Mala	Malaria		(iv)	${\it Hae mophilus}$
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(3)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	



- 48. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene T that controls ABO blood groups.
 - (1) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.
 - (2) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
 - (3) The gene (I) has three alleles.
 - (4) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
- 49. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about:
 - (1) 50 million
 - (2) 7 million
 - (3) 1.5 million
 - (4) 20 million
- **50.** Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
 - (1) Mortality
 - (2) Species interaction
 - (3) Sex ratio
 - (4) Natality
- **51.** In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
 - (1) wind and water
 - (2) insects and water
 - (3) insects or wind
 - (4) water currents only
- 52. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents:
 - (1) Depolarisation of ventricles
 - (2) Repolarisation of ventricles
 - (3) Repolarisation of auricles
 - (4) Depolarisation of auricles
- 53. Select the correct match.
 - (1) Sickle cell anaemia Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11
 - (2) Thalassemia X linked
 - (3) Haemophilia Ylinked
 - (4) Phenylketonuria Autosomal dominant trait

- 54. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is:
 - (1) Two
 - (2) Three
 - (3) Zero
 - (4) One
- 55. Match the following:
 - (a) Inhibitor of catalytic (i) Ricin activity
 - (b) Possess peptide bonds (ii) Malonate
 - (c) Cell wall material in (iii) Chitin fungi
 - (d) Secondary metabolite (iv) Collagen

Choose the correct option from the following:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (2) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
- (3) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- (4) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- **56.** Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) (b), (c) and (d)
 - (2) only (d)
 - (3) only (a)
 - (4) (a) and (c)
- 57. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0) . This process occurs at the end of:
 - (1) Sphase
 - (2) G_2 phase
 - (3) M phase
 - (4) G₁ phase



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- 58. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
 - (1) Defence action
 - (2) Effect on reproduction
 - (3) Nutritive value
 - (4) Growth response
- 59. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
 - (1) After zygote formation
 - (2) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
 - (3) Prior to ovulation
 - (4) At the time of copulation
- 60. Which of the following statements is not correct?
 - The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
 - (2) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in E-Coli.
 - (3) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
 - (4) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
- 61. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
 - (1) High reflection of light from snow
 - (2) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
 - (3) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
 - (4) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
- 62. Strobili or cones are found in:
 - (1) Marchantia
 - (2) Equisetum
 - (3) Salvinia
 - (4) Pteris
- 63. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
 - (1) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at $600^{\circ}C$
 - (2) CH3, H2, NH3 and water vapor at 600°C
 - (3) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 800°C
 - (4) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_4 and water vapor at $800^{\circ}C$

- 64. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct**?
 - Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
 - (2) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
 - (3) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
 - (4) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
- **65.** Match the trophic levels with their **correct** species examples in grassland ecosystem.
 - (a) Fourth trophic level (i)
 - i) Crow
 - (b) Second trophic level
- (ii) Vulture
- (c) First trophic level
- (iii) Rabbit
- (d) Third trophic level
- (iv) Grass

Select the correct option:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (2) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (3) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (4) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- 66. Select the correct statement.
 - Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
 - (2) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
 - (3) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
 - (4) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
- 67. Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.
 - (a) Contraction of diaphragm
 - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
 - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
 - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
 - (1) (a), (b) and (d)
 - (2) only (d)
 - (3) (a) and (b)
 - (4) (c) and (d)



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- 68. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are:
 - (1) Prop roots
 - (2) Lateral roots
 - (3) Fibrous roots
 - (4) Primary roots
- 69. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
 - (1) Chondrocytes
 - (2) Compound epithelial cells
 - (3) Squamous epithelial cells
 - (4) Columnar epithelial cells
- **70.** Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of:
 - (1) Release of Green House gases
 - (2) Disposal of e-wastes
 - (3) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
 - (4) Emission of ozone depleting substances
- 71. Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata?
 - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla: Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
 - (1) (a) and (b)
 - (2) (b) and (c)
 - (3) (d) and (c)
 - (4) (c) and (a)
- 72. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :
 - (1) Cellulose, lecithin
 - (2) Inulin, insulin
 - (3) Chitin, cholesterol
 - (4) Glycerol, trypsin

73. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - II Column - I Placenta Androgens (i) (a) Zona pellucida (ii) Human Chorionic (b) Gonadotropin (hCG) Bulbo-urethral Layer of the ovum (iii) (c) glands Lubrication of the Leydig cells (d) (iv) Penis (d) (a) (b) (c) (1) (iii) (ii)(iv) (i) (2)(ii) (iii)(iv) (i)

74. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

(ii)

(iii)

(1) 2.2 meters

(iv)

(3)

(4)

- (2) 2.7 meters
- (3) 2.0 meters
- (4) 2.5 meters
- 75. The ovary is half inferior in:
 - (1) Sunflower
 - (2) Plum
 - (3) Brinjal
 - (4) Mustard
- 76. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to G_1 phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
 - (1) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
 - (2) Nuclear Division takes place.
 - (3) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
 - (4) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
- 77. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
 - (1) Low concentration of LH
 - (2) Low concentration of FSH
 - (3) High concentration of Estrogen
 - (4) High concentration of Progesterone



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- 78. Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
 - (1) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
 - (2) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
 - (3) Ileum opens into small intestine.
 - (4) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.

Column - II

79. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I

(a)	Eosii	nophils	3	(i)	Immune response
(b)	Baso	phils		(ii)	Phagocytosis
(c) (d)	Neutrophils Lymphocytes			(iii) (iv)	Release histaminase, destructive enzymes Release granules containing
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	histamine
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	

80. The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:

(ii)

- (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
- (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes

(iii)

- (c) Seed inside the fruit
- (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
- (1) (c) and (d)

(4)

(iv)

(i)

- (2) (a) and (d)
- (3) (a) only
- (4) (a), (b) and (c)
- 81. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:
 - (1) Plant nematodes
 - (2) Insect predators
 - (3) Insect pests
 - (4) Fungal diseases

- 82. The first phase of translation is:
 - (1) Aminoacylation of tRNA
 - (2) Recognition of an anti-codon
 - (3) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
 - (4) Recognition of DNA molecule
- 83. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
 - (1) Charles Darwin
 - (2) Oparin
 - (3) Karl Ernst von Baer
 - (4) Alfred Wallace
- 84. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	6 - 19 gill s	5 pairs lits	of	(i)	Trygon
(b)		rocerc	al	(ii)	Cyclostomes
(c)	Air F	Bladder	c	(iii)	Chondrichthyes
(d)	Poise	Poison sting			Osteichthyes
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	
(2)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	

85. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	8708				
	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Clos	tridiur	n	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
	buty	licum			
(b)	Trick	Trichoderma			Butyric Acid
	polys	sporun	n		
(c)	Mon	ascus		(iii)	Citric Acid
	purp	ureus			
(d)	Aspe	rgillus	sniger	(iv)	Blood cholesterol
					lowering agent
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	



- 86. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy?
 - (1) Phenolic acid
 - (2) Para-ascorbic acid
 - (3) Gibberellic acid
 - (4) Abscisic acid
- 87. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Orga	Organ of Corti			Connects middle ear and pharynx
(b)	Coch	Cochlea			Coiled part of the labyrinth
(c)	Eust	Eustachian tube			Attached to the oval window
(d)	Stap	Stapes			Located on the basilar membrane
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	

- (1) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii) (2) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii) (3) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv) (4) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- 88. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of:
 - (1) caseinogen into casein
 - (2) pepsinogen into pepsin
 - (3) protein into polypeptides
 - (4) trypsinogen into trypsin
- 89. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?
 - (1) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
 - (2) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
 - (3) Uremia and Ketonuria
 - (4) Uremia and Renal Calculi
- 90. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:
 - (1) Imbibition
 - (2) Plasmolysis
 - (3) Transpiration
 - (4) Root pressure

91. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10⁻⁹ C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) 400 V
- (2) zero
- (3) 50 V
- (4) 200 V
- 92. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) 1.0
 - (2) -1.0
 - (3) zero
 - (4) 0.5
- 93. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) one-fourth
 - (2) zero
 - (3) doubled
 - (4) four times
- 94. Dimensions of stress are:
 - (1) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
 - (2) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
 - (3) $[MLT^{-2}]$
 - (4) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
- 95. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is:
 - (1) $10^3 \, \text{V}$
 - (2) $10^4 \, \text{V}$
 - (3) 10 V
 - (4) $10^2 \,\mathrm{V}$

96. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μF . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μF . The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- 97. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
 - (1) semiconductors only
 - (2) insulators and semiconductors
 - (3) metals
 - (4) insulators only
- 98. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct**?
 - (1) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
 - (2) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
 - (3) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
 - (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
- 99. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

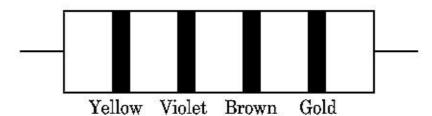
The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) 0.5 mm
- (2) 1.0 mm
- (3) 0.01 mm
- (4) 0.25 mm
- 100. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
 - (1) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (2) zero
 - (3) π rad
 - (4) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rac

101. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (3) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
- 102. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g=10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 320 m
 - (2) 300 m
 - (3) 360 m
 - (4) 340 m
- 103. The color code of a resistance is given below:

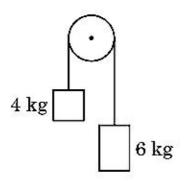


The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (2) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (3) $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (4) $47 \text{ k}\Omega$, 10%
- 104. The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be:
 - (1) $45^{\circ} \le i_b \le 90^{\circ}$
 - (2) $i_b = 90^{\circ}$
 - (3) $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
 - (4) 30° < i_b < 45°
- 105. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
 - (1) μ.A
 - (2) $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
 - (3) $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{2A}{11}$



- 106. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) isochoric
 - (2) isobaric
 - (3) isothermal
 - (4) adiabatic
- 107. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
 - (1) Deuteron atom
 - (2) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne+)
 - (3) Hydrogen atom
 - (4) Singly ionised helium atom (He+)
- 108. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:



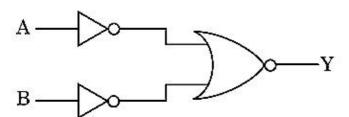
- (1) g/5
- (2) g/10
- (3) 8
- (4) g/2
- 109. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m³, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) 1 N/C
 - (2) 5 N/C
 - (3) zero
 - (4) 0.5 N/C

- 110. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}$ U is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}$ Kr, three neutrons and:
 - (1) $^{101}_{36}$ Kr
 - (2) $^{103}_{36}$ Kr
 - (3) $^{144}_{56}$ Ba
 - (4) $^{91}_{40}$ Zr
- 111. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
 - (1) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 112. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
 - (1) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}^2 \pi \text{d}^2}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, n\pi d}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, n\pi d^2}$
- 113. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
 - (1) $\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_1}$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{A}(\text{L}_1 \text{L})}$
 - (3) $\frac{\text{MgL}_1}{\text{AL}}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{\text{Mg}(\text{L}_1 \text{L})}{\text{AL}}$
- 114. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10^{-7} C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (4) $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$

- 115. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly:
 - (1) 0.06
 - (2) 0.006
 - (3) 6
 - (4) 0.6
- 116. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 30 N
 - (2) 24 N
 - (3) 48 N
 - (4) 32 N
- 117. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- (1) A B Y 0 1
 - $\begin{matrix}0&1&1\\1&0&1\end{matrix}$
 - 1 1 0
- (2) A B Y
 - 0 0 1
 - $\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
- 1 1 0 (3) A B Y
- - 1 0 0
- 1 1 1
- (4) A B
 - 0 0 0
 - 0 1 1
 - 1 0 1
 - 1 1 1
- 118. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:

Y

- (1) four times
- (2) one-fourth
- (3) double
- (4) half

- 119. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
 - (1) 10.0 g
 - (2) 20.0 g
 - (3) 2.5 g
 - (4) 5.0 g
- 120. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

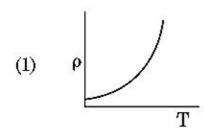
Its density is: $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

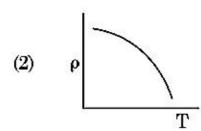
- (1) 0.1 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.02 kg/m^3
- (3) 0.5 kg/m³
- (4) 0.2 kg/m^3
- 121. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m⁻¹. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

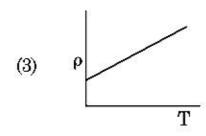
$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

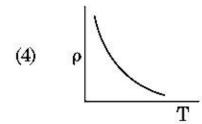
- (1) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (3) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}\,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- 122. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{j}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k}$ m.
 - (1) $-6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (2) $6\hat{k}$ N m
 - (3) $6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (4) $6\hat{j}$ N m
- 123. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is: (k_B is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute temperature)
 - (1) $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{7}{2} \, k_B T$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{1}{2} k_{\rm B} T$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{3}{2} \, k_B T$

- 124. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
 - (1) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (2) 6.00×10^{-7} rad
 - (3) 3.66×10^{-7} rad
 - (4) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
- 125. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
 - (1) $24 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (2) $48 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (3) $10 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (4) $12 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
- 126. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c=speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1) 1 : c
 - (2) $1:c^2$
 - (3) c:1
 - (4) 1:1
- 127. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?









- 128. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5$ r_2) through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - (1) $\frac{3}{2}$
 - (2) $\frac{5}{3}$
 - (3) $\frac{27}{8}$
 - (4) $\frac{9}{4}$
- 129. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:
 - (1) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (4) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
- 130. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
 - (1) both forward bias and reverse bias
 - (2) increase in forward current
 - (3) forward bias only
 - (4) reverse bias only
- 131. A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :
 - (1) 2.5 A
 - (2) 25.1 A
 - (3) 1.7 A
 - (4) 2.05 A
- 132. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
 - (1) 9.980 m
 - (2) 9.9 m
 - (3) 9.9801 m
 - (4) 9.98 m

- 133. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10⁻⁴ m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10⁻¹⁰ Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:
 - (1) 2.5×10^{-6}
 - (2) 2.25×10^{-15}
 - (3) 2.25×10^{15}
 - (4) 2.5×10^6
- 134. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - (1) 536 Hz
 - (2) 537 Hz
 - (3) 523 Hz
 - (4) 524 Hz
- 135. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

- (1) 67 cm
- (2) 80 cm
- (3) 33 cm
- (4) 50 cm
- 136. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
 - (1) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (2) Cross Aldol condensation
 - (3) Aldol condensation
 - (4) Cannizzaro's reaction
- 137. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1) Stability of the colloidal particles
 - (2) Size of the colloidal particles
 - (3) Viscosity
 - (4) Solubility

- 138. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - (1) $-R ext{ effect of } -CH_3 ext{ groups}$
 - (2) Hyperconjugation
 - (3) -I effect of -CH₃ groups
 - (4) + Reffect of CH₃ groups
- 139. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
 - (1) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (2) q > 0, $\Delta T > 0$ and w > 0
 - (3) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (4) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
- 140. Match the following:

	Oxide		Nature
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	${ m Al_2O_3}$	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	${ m Cl_2O_7}$	(iv)	Amphoteric

Which of the following is correct option?

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii

- 141. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:
 - (1) Tert. butyl alcohol
 - (2) Isobutyl alcohol
 - (3) Isopropyl alcohol
 - (4) Sec. butyl alcohol
- 142. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Calcium
 - (2) Potassium
 - (3) Iron
 - (4) Copper



- 143. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
 - (1) Tyrosine
 - (2) Lysine
 - (3) Serine
 - (4) Alanine
- 144. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3} & \text{CHO} \\
\hline
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Cl}_{2}/h\nu \\
\hline
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CHO} \\
\hline
\end{array}$$

(1)
$$CHCl_2$$

145. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?

(1)
$$F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$$

(2)
$$CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$$

(3)
$$SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$$

(4)
$$SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$$

146. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?

- (1) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
- (2) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
- (3) Sodium lauryl sulphate
- (4) Sodium stearate

147. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?

- (1) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O = 16]$
- (2) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
- (3) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
- (4) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
- 148. Identify the incorrect match.

Name **IUPAC Official Name** Unnilunium Mendelevium (i) (a) Unniltrium (b) (ii) Lawrencium Unnilhexium Seaborgium (iii) (c) Darmstadtium Unununnium (d) (iv) (c), (iii) (1) (d), (iv) (2) (3) (a), (i)(4) (b), (ii)



149. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?

150. Paper chromatography is an example of:

- (1) Thin layer chromatography
- (2) Column chromatography
- (3) Adsorption chromatography
- (4) Partition chromatography
- 151. A mixture of N₂ and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N₂ and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N₂ is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol⁻¹): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 15 bar
- (2) 18 bar
- (3) 9 bar
- (4) 12 bar

- 152. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71}$ Lu, respectively, are:
 - (1) 71, 71 and 104
 - (2) 175, 104 and 71
 - (3) 71, 104 and 71
 - (4) 104, 71 and 71
- 153. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
 - (1) 500 s
 - (2) 1000 s
 - (3) 100 s
 - (4) 200 s
- 154. Identify a molecule which does not exist.
 - $(1) \quad \mathbf{C}_2$
 - (2) O_c
 - (3) He₂
 - (4) Li₂
- 155. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $\mathbf{Sucrose} + \mathbf{H_2O} \mathop{\Longrightarrow}\limits_{} \mathbf{Glucose} + \mathbf{Fructose}$

If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at $300\,\rm K$, the value of $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- 156. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the correct option is :
 - (1) $\Delta_r H \le 0$ and $\Delta_r S \ge 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
- 157. Find out the solubility of $Ni(OH)_2$ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of $Ni(OH)_2$ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - (1) $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (2) $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (3) $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (4) $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$



- 158. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
 - (1) H_2S gas
 - (2) SO_2 gas
 - (3) Hydrogen gas
 - (4) Oxygen gas
- 159. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?
 - (1) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (2) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
 - (3) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
- 160. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten CaCl₂ (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is:
 - (1) 3
 - $(2) \qquad 4$
 - $(3) \qquad 1$
 - (4) 2
- 161. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - (a) β-Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1) (b), (c), (d)
 - (2) (a), (b), (d)
 - (3) (a), (b), (c)
 - (4) (a), (c), (d)
- 162. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

$$CH_4(g) + 4Cl_2(g) \rightarrow CCl_4(l) + 4HCl(g)$$

- (1) -4 to +4
- (2) 0 to -4
- (3) +4 to +4
- (4) 0 to + 4

- 163. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - (1) n-Heptane
 - (2) n-Butane
 - (3) n-Hexane
 - (4) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
- 164. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
 - (1) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
 - (2) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
 - (3) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
 - (4) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose
- 165. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (1) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
 - (2) The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
 - (3) $\operatorname{Cr}^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $\operatorname{Fe}^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.
 - (4) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
- 166. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - (1) Only MgCl₂
 - (2) NaCl, MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (3) Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (4) Only NaCl

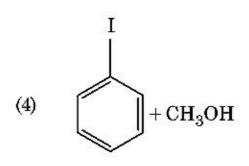
- 167. Identify the correct statements from the following:
 - (a) CO₂(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
 - (1) (b) and (c) only
 - (2) (c) and (d) only
 - (3) (a), (b) and (c) only
 - (4) (a) and (c) only
- 168. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
 - (1) threshold energy
 - (2) collision frequency
 - (3) activation energy
 - (4) heat of reaction
- 169. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr²⁺ ion is:
 - (1) 5.92 BM
 - (2) 2.84 BM
 - (3) 3.87 BM
 - (4) 4.90 BM
- 170. Match the following and identify the correct option.
 - (a) $CO(g) + H_2(g)$
- i) $Mg(HCO_3)_2 + Ca(HCO_3)_2$
- (b) Temporary hardness of water
- (ii) An electron deficient hydride
- (c) B₂H₆
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- (d) H_2O_2
- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (2) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (3) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- 171. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
 - (1) Acetone + Chloroform
 - (2) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
 - (3) Ethanol + Acetone
 - (4) Benzene + Toluene

172. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

(1)
$$+ C_2H_5I$$

(2)
$$+ C_2H_5OH$$

(3)
$$OH + CH_3I$$



- 173. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu²⁺ (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - (1) $Cu(OH)_2$
 - (2) $CuCO_3 \cdot Cu(OH)_2$
 - (3) CuSO₄
 - (4) $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
- 174. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is $5.12~K~kg~mol^{-1}$. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
 - (1) 0.40 K
 - (2) 0.60 K
 - (3) 0.20 K
 - (4) 0.80 K

- 175. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage?
 - $(1) \qquad H_2S_2O_8, peroxodisulphuric acid$
 - (2) H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid
 - (3) H_2SO_3 , sulphurous acid
 - (4) H₂SO₄, sulphuric acid
- 176. Identify the correct statement from the following:
 - (1) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
 - (2) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
 - (3) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
 - (4) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO₂.
- 177. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
 - (1) polybutadiene
 - (2) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
 - (3) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
 - (4) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
- 178. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:

(1)
$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

$$(2) \qquad \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

(3)
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

$$(4) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

179. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

$$CH_2-CH=CH_2$$
(1)

(3)
$$CH = CH - CH_3$$

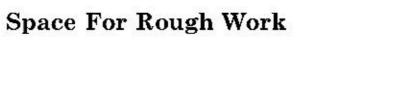
$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH_2-CH_2-CH_3} \\ \end{array} \tag{4}$$

- 180. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - (1) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (3) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene

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22







24



Test Booklet Code

KANHA

No.:

G1

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
 For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **G1**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Car	ndidate (in Capitals) :		
Roll Number	; in figures		
Centre of Exam	ination (in Capitals) :		
Candidate's Sig	nature :	Invigilator's Signature :	
Facsimile signa	ture stamp of		
Centre Superint	endent:		



 A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L₁ when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:

$$(1) \qquad \frac{\text{Mg}(L_1 - L)}{\text{AL}}$$

$$(2) \qquad \frac{MgL}{AL_1}$$

$$(3) \qquad \frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{A(L}_1 - \text{L)}}$$

(4)
$$\frac{\text{MgL}_1}{\text{AL}}$$

2. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

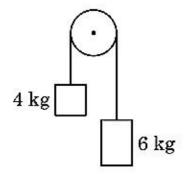
Its density is : $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

- (1) 0.2 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.1 kg/m^3
- (3) 0.02 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.5 kg/m^3

3. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:

- (1) $12 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
- (2) $24 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
- (3) $48 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
- (4) $10 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$

4. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:



- (1) g/2
- (2) g/5
- (3) g/10
- (4) g

5. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:

$$(1) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, n\pi d^2}$$

(2)
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$$

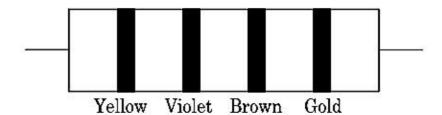
(3)
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$$

$$(4) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, n\pi d}$$

6. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$

- (1) 340 m
- (2) 320 m
- (3) 300 m
- (4) 360 m

7. The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1) $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- (2) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (3) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (4) $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$

8. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}\mathrm{U}$ is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}\mathrm{Kr}$, three neutrons and:

- (1) $\frac{91}{40}$ Zr
- (2) $^{101}_{36}$ Kr
- (3) $^{103}_{36}$ Kr
- (4) 144 Ba

9. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10⁻⁷ C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^5 \,\text{N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^6 \,\text{N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- (4) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- 10. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{2A}{\mu}$
 - (2) µA
 - (3) $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
 - (4) $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
- 11. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) adiabatic
 - (2) isochoric
 - (3) isobaric
 - (4) isothermal
- 12. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m $^{-1}$. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

$$(\mu_0\!=\!4\pi\!\times\!10^{\,-\,7}\,T\;m\;A^{\,-\,1})$$

- (1) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T} \;\mathrm{m} \;\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (2) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (3) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (4) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- 13. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
 - (1) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$

- 14. A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:
 - (1) 2.05 A
 - (2) 2.5 A
 - (3) 25.1 A
 - (4) 1.7 A
- 15. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c=speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1) 1:1
 - (2) 1:c
 - (3) $1:c^2$
 - (4) c:1
- 16. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

- (1) 50 cm
- (2) 67 cm
- (3) 80 cm
- (4) 33 cm
- 17. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:
 - (1) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (4) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
- 18. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
 - (1) half
 - (2) four times
 - (3) one-fourth
 - (4) double

- 19. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:
 - (1) 2.5×10^6
 - (2) 2.5×10^{-6}
 - (3) 2.25×10^{-15}
 - (4) 2.25×10^{15}
- 20. Dimensions of stress are:
 - (1) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
 - (2) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
 - (3) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
 - $(4) \qquad [MLT^{-2}]$
- 21. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
 - (1) Singly ionised helium atom (He+)
 - (2) Deuteron atom
 - (3) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne+)
 - (4) Hydrogen atom
- 22. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) 0.5
 - (2) 1.0
 - (3) -1.0
 - (4) zero
- 23. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
 - (1) 5.0 g
 - (2) 10.0 g
 - (3) 20.0 g
 - (4) 2.5 g
- 24. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
 - (1) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (2) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (3) 6.00×10^{-7} rad
 - (4) $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$

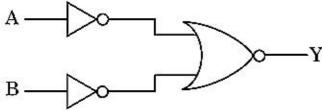
- 25. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
 - (1) insulators only
 - (2) semiconductors only
 - (3) insulators and semiconductors
 - (4) metals
- 26. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μF . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μF . The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \,\mathrm{C}^2 \,\mathrm{N}^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$
- (2) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{C}^2 \,\mathrm{N}^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$
- 27. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly:
 - (1) 0.6
 - (2) 0.06
 - (3) 0.006
 - (4) 6
- 28. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
 - (1) reverse bias only
 - (2) both forward bias and reverse bias
 - (3) increase in forward current
 - (4) forward bias only
- 29. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5$ r_2) through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - (1) $\frac{9}{4}$
 - (2) $\frac{3}{2}$
 - (3) $\frac{5}{3}$
 - (4) $\frac{27}{8}$



30. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:

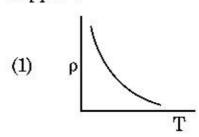


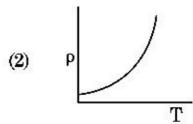
- (1) A B Y
 0 0 0
 0 1 1
 1 0 1
- 1 1 1 Y (2)В A 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0
- (3)A В Y 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0
- B Y (4)A 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1
- 31. For transistor action, which of the following statements is correct?
 - (1) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
 - (2) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
 - (3) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
 - (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
- 32. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - (1) 524 Hz
 - (2) 536 Hz
 - (3) 537 Hz
 - (4) 523 Hz

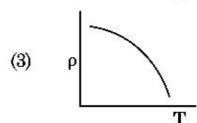
33. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10⁻⁹ C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

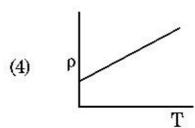
$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) 200 V
- (2) 400 V
- (3) zero
- (4) 50 V
- 34. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 32 N
 - (2) 30 N
 - (3) 24 N
 - (4) 48 N
- 35. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?









- 36. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m³, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) 0.5 N/C
 - (2) 1 N/C
 - (3) 5 N/C
 - (4) zero

- The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas 37. is: (kg is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute temperature)

 - $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$ (2)
 - (3)
 - $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
- Find the torque about the origin when a force of 38. $3\hat{j}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\stackrel{\wedge}{k}$ m .
 - $6\hat{j}$ N m (1)
 - $-6\hat{i}$ N m
 - $6\hat{k}$ N m
 - (4)
- 39. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1)four times
 - one-fourth (2)
 - (3)zero
 - (4)doubled
- A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns 40. carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$ (2)
- $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$ (3)
- $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \, \mathrm{T}$ (4)
- The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be: 41.
 - $30^{\circ}\!<\!i_b\!<\!45^{\circ}$ (1)
 - $45^{\circ} \leq i_b \leq 90^{\circ}$ (2)
 - $i_b = 90^{\circ}$ (3)
 - $0^{\circ} \leq i_b \leq 30^{\circ}$ (4)

- An electron is accelerated from rest through a 42. potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is:
 - $10^2\,\mathrm{V}$ (1)
 - $10^3 \, \mathrm{V}$ (2)
 - $10^4\,\mathrm{V}$ (3)
 - (4) 10 V
- Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m - 0.0099 m?
 - $9.98 \, \mathrm{m}$ (1)
 - $9.980 \, \mathrm{m}$
 - (3)9.9 m
 - (4)9.9801 m
- A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- $0.25 \, \mathrm{mm}$
- 0.5 mm
- 1.0 mm
- $0.01 \, \mathrm{mm}$
- The phase difference between displacement and 45. acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:

 - $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
 - zero
 - (4) πrad
- Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.
 - Bacillus (a)
- Cloning vector
- thuringiensis
- (b) Thermus aquaticus
- Construction of (ii) first rDNA
 - molecule
- Agrobacterium DNA polymerase (iii) (c) tumefaciens
- Salmonella Cry proteins (d) (iv) typhimurium

Select the correct option from the following:

- (a) **(b)** (c) (d)
- (iv) (1)
- (iii)
 - (i)
 - (ii)
- (2)(iii)
- (ii)(iv)
- (3)(iii)(iv)
- (i) (i) (ii)
- (4) (ii)
- (iv)
- (iii) (i)



- 47. Match the following:
 - Inhibitor of catalytic (a) activity
- (i) Ricin
- Possess peptide bonds (b)
- (ii) Malonate
- Cell wall material in (c) fungi
- (iii) Chitin
- (d) Secondary metabolite
- (iv) Collagen

Choose the correct option from the following:

- (a) (b)
- (d) (c) (ii)
- (i) (1)(iii) (iv)
- (2)(ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (3)(ii) (iii) (i) (iv) (4)(ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- The plant parts which consist of two generations -48. one within the other:
 - Pollen grains inside the anther (a)
 - Germinated pollen grain with two male (b) gametes
 - Seed inside the fruit (c)
 - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
 - (a), (b) and (c) (1)
 - (c) and (d) (2)
 - (3)(a) and (d)
 - (a) only (4)
- The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in 49. photorespiration leads to the formation of:
 - 1 molecule of 3-C compound (1)
 - (2)1 molecule of 6-C compound
 - 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
 - 2 molecules of 3-C compound (4)
- 50. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is correct?
 - Gross primary productivity is always more (1)than net primary productivity.
 - Gross primary productivity and Net primary (2)productivity are one and same.
 - (3)There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
 - Gross primary productivity is always less (4)than net primary productivity.

- 51. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
 - Nitrate alone (1)
 - Ammonia and oxygen (2)
 - (3) Ammonia and hydrogen
 - Ammonia alone (4)
- 52. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - Sapwood is involved in conduction of water (1) and minerals from root to leaf.
 - Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem (2) and is lighter in colour.
 - Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
 - Heart wood does not conduct water but gives (4) mechanical support.
- Bt cotton variety that was developed by the 53. introduction of toxin gene of Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt) is resistant to:
 - Fungal diseases (1)
 - (2)Plant nematodes
 - Insect predators (3)
 - (4) Insect pests
- 54. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
 - (1)Gelidium and Gracilaria
 - (2)Anabaena and Volvox
 - Chlorella and Spirulina (3)
 - Laminaria and Sargassum (4)
- Strobili or cones are found in: 55.
 - (1) Pteris
 - Marchantia (2)
 - Equisetum (3)
 - Salvinia (4)
- Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA 56. helix during transcription.
 - DNA helicase (1)
 - DNA polymerase (2)
 - (3)RNA polymerase
 - DNA ligase (4)



G1 8

- 57. Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
 - (1) Partial pressure of CO_2 can interfere with O_2 binding with haemoglobin.
 - (2) Higher H+ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (3) Low pCO₂ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O_2 .
- 58. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to G₁ phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
 - Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
 - (2) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
 - (3) Nuclear Division takes place.
 - (4) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
- **59.** Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect**?
 - These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
 - (2) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
 - (3) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
 - (4) They are not bound by any membrane.
- 60. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Typh	noid		(i)	Wuchereria
(b)	Pneu	ımonia	ı	(ii)	Plasmodium
(c)	Filar	riasis		(iii)	Salmonella
(d)	Mala	aria		(iv)	Haemophilus
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(4)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	

- 61. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
 - (1) At the time of copulation
 - (2) After zygote formation
 - (3) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
 - (4) Prior to ovulation

- 62. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
 - (1) Mutational breeding
 - (2) Cross breeding
 - (3) Inbreeding
 - (4) Out crossing
- 63. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is:
 - (1) One
 - (2) Two
 - (3) Three
 - (4) Zero
- 64. Choose the correct pair from the following:
 - (1) Polymerases Break the DNA into fragments
 - (2) Nucleases Separate the two strands of DNA
 - (3) Exonucleases Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
 - (4) Ligases Join the two DNA molecules
- **65.** The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is:
 - (1) Sporozoites
 - (2) Female gametocytes
 - (3) Male gametocytes
 - (4) Trophozoites
- **66.** Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
 - (1) Natality
 - (2) Mortality
 - (3) Species interaction
 - (4) Sex ratio



9 G1

- 67. Select the correct events that occur during inspiration.
 - (a) Contraction of diaphragm
 - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
 - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
 - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
 - (1) (c) and (d)
 - (2) (a), (b) and (d)
 - (3) only (d)
 - (4) (a) and (b)
- 68. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about:
 - (1) 20 million
 - (2) 50 million
 - (3) 7 million
 - (4) 1.5 million
- 69. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents:
 - (1) Depolarisation of auricles
 - (2) Depolarisation of ventricles
 - (3) Repolarisation of ventricles
 - (4) Repolarisation of auricles
- 70. Which of the following statements is not correct?
 - (1) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
 - (2) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
 - (3) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
 - (4) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
- 71. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
 - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- (1) Monocotyledonous root
- (2) Dicotyledonous stem
- (3) Dicotyledonous root
- (4) Monocotyledonous stem

- 72. Select the correct statement.
 - (1) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
 - (2) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
 - (3) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
 - (4) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
- 73. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of:
 - (1) Emission of ozone depleting substances
 - (2) Release of Green House gases
 - (3) Disposal of e-wastes
 - (4) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
- Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II 6 - 15 pairs of (i) Trygon (a) gill slits Heterocercal Cyclostomes (b) (ii)caudal fin Air Bladder Chondrichthyes (c) (iii)Osteichthyes (d) Poison sting (iv) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1)(ii) (2)(iv) (ii)(iii) (i) (3)(ii) (iv) (4)(iii)

- 75. Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
 - (1) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
 - (2) They are useful in genetic engineering.
 - (3) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
 - (4) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.



(a) (b) (c) (d) Select (1) (2) (3) (4) Cubo	Zygot Pach Diplo Diak	tene ytene otene inesis correc (b) (iii) (ii) (iv)	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	Term Chia Cros Syna on fron (d)	ect to meiosis : ninalization smata sing over spsis n the following :	80.	The (1) (2) (3) (4)	ovary is half inferior in : Mustard Sunflower Plum		
(b) (c) (d) Select (1) (2) (3) (4) Cubo	Pach Diplo Diak et the o (a) (iv) (i) (ii)	ytene otene inesis correc (b) (ii) (ii) (iv)	(ii) (iv) (t optio (c) (ii)	Chia Cros Syna on fron (d)	smata sing over psis		(2) (3)	Sunflower Plum		
(c) (d) Select (1) (2) (3) (4) Cubo	Diplo Diak et the c (a) (iv) (i) (ii)	etene inesis correc (b) (iii) (ii) (iv)	(iii) (iv) et optio (c) (ii)	Cros Syna on fron (d)	sing over psis		(3)	Plum		
(d) Select (1) (2) (3) (4) Cubo	Diak et the c (a) (iv) (i) (ii)	inesis correc (b) (iii) (ii) (iv)	(iv) et optio (c) (ii)	Syna on fron (d)	psis					
(1) (2) (3) (4)	(a) (iv) (i) (ii)	(b) (iii) (ii) (iv)	(c) (ii)	n fron (d)	= V. ·		(4)			
(1) (2) (3) (4) Cubo	(a) (iv) (i) (ii)	(b) (iii) (ii) (iv)	(c) (ii)	(d)	the following:		1-1	Brinjal		
(2) (3) (4) Cubo	(iv) (i) (ii)	(iii) (ii) (iv)	(ii)	27 - 100		1002250				
(2) (3) (4) Cubo	(i) (ii)	(ii) (iv)	300000000	6)		81.		Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?		
(3) (4) Cubo	(ii)	(iv)	(iv)	(i)			(1)	Collagen		
(4) Cubo		報 報	35.0.35	(iii)			(2)	Lectin		
Cubo	(iii)	((iii)	(i)				Insulin		
		(iv)	(i)	(ii)			(3)			
	idal ep	itheliu	ım witl	n brusł	border of microvilli		(4)	Haemoglobin		
is for	ınd in	:				82.	If the	e distance between two consecutive base pairs		
(1)	ducts	s of sal	ivary ş	glands			is 0.3	34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a		
(2)							DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is			
(3)	5 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10							approximately:		
(4)	linin	g of int	estine				(1)	2.5 meters		
Nam	e the	nlant	growt	h rom	ilator which upon		(2)	2.2 meters		
spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length								2.7 meters		
of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane							500	2.0 meters		
crop.			\-/							
						83.	The	first phase of translation is :		
	2000		d			05.		Recognition of DNA molecule		
(4)								Aminoacylation of tRNA		
	20.00		12	390	4 (4) 1 (2)			Recognition of an anti-codon		
			wing (colum	ns and select the		\$346 Arrivana			
36 67 595 50							(4)	Binding of mRNA to ribosome		
(a)			-	6)		84.	Which of the following hormone levels will cause			
							release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian			
(a)				(11)	Cellular defence					
								High concentration of Progesterone		
(e)		100		(;;;)	Detection of HIV			Low concentration of LH		
(c) RNAi			(111)			(3)	Low concentration of FSH			
(4) DCD (5-4)			(iv)			(4)	High concentration of Estrogen			
(u)	TOIL			2000 - 100 -		95	Flin	pers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(4)		89.	of:	pers of rengums and Dolphins are examples		
(1)							(1)	Convergent evolution		
(2)								Industrial melanism		
(3)								Natural selection		
(4)							255	Adaptive radiation		
	3) 4) Nam spray of sto (2) 3) 4) Mato corr (a) b) (c) (d) (1) (2) (3)	3) eusta 4) lining Name the spraying or of stem, the crop. 1) Gibbe 2) Ethy: 3) Absc. 4) Cytol Match the correct oper Column deficition a) Bt compared to the deam deficition (a) PCR (a) (iii) (ii) (ii) (ii) (ii) (iii)	3) eustachian 4) lining of int Name the plant spraying on sugar of stem, thus inc crop. 1) Gibberellin 2) Ethylene 3) Abscisic aci 4) Cytokinin Match the follow correct option. Column - I a) Bt cotton b) Adenosine deaminase deficiency c) RNAi d) PCR (a) (b) (1) (ii) (ii) (2) (ii) (iii) (3) (i) (iii)	3) eustachian tube 4) lining of intestine Name the plant growt spraying on sugarcane of stem, thus increasing crop. 1) Gibberellin 2) Ethylene 3) Abscisic acid 4) Cytokinin Match the following of correct option. Column - I a) Bt cotton b) Adenosine deaminase deficiency c) RNAi d) PCR (a) (b) (c) (1) (iii) (ii) (i) (2) (ii) (iii) (iv) (3) (i) (iii) (ivi)	3) eustachian tube 4) lining of intestine Name the plant growth regularization on sugarcane crop, in of stem, thus increasing the grop. 1) Gibberellin 2) Ethylene 3) Abscisic acid 4) Cytokinin Match the following column correct option. Column - I a) Bt cotton (i) b) Adenosine (ii) deaminase deficiency c) RNAi (iii) d) PCR (iv) (a) (b) (c) (d) 1) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv) 2) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) 3) (i) (iii) (iv) (iv)	a) eustachian tube 4) lining of intestine Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop. 1) Gibberellin 2) Ethylene 3) Abscisic acid 4) Cytokinin Match the following columns and select the correct option. Column - I a) Bt cotton (i) Gene therapy (b) Adenosine (ii) Cellular defence deaminase deficiency (c) RNAi (iii) Detection of HIV infection (d) PCR (iv) Bacillus thuringiensis (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv) (2) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (3) (i) (iii) (iv) (i)	3) eustachian tube 4) lining of intestine Name the plant growth regulator which upon apraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop. 1) Gibberellin 2) Ethylene 3) Abscisic acid 4) Cytokinin Match the following columns and select the correct option. Column - I Column - II a) Bt cotton (i) Gene therapy b) Adenosine (ii) Cellular defence deaminase deficiency c) RNAi (iii) Detection of HIV infection d) PCR (iv) Bacillus thuringiensis (a) (b) (c) (d) 1) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv) 2) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) 3) (i) (iii) (iii) (iv) (iv)	3) eustachian tube 4) lining of intestine (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (6) (6) (6) (7) (8) (8) (9) (1) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (4) (5) (5) (6) (6) (7) (7) (8) (8) (9) (9) (1) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (4) (5) (5) (6) (7) (7) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (9) (9) (9		



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- 86. Identify the wrong statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.
 - (1) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
 - (2) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.
 - (3) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
 - (4) The gene (I) has three alleles.
- Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
 - (2) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
 - (3) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
 - (4) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
- 88. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Eosinophils (a) (i) Immune response Basophils Phagocytosis (b) (ii) Neutrophils Release (c) (iii) histaminase, destructive enzymes Lymphocytes (d) Release granules (iv) containing histamine (b) (d) (a) (c) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii) (1)(2)(i) (ii) (iv) (iii) (3)(ii) (i) (iv) (iii)(4)(iii) (ii) (i) (iv)

- 89. Match the trophic levels with their correct species examples in grassland ecosystem.
 - Fourth trophic level Crow (a) (i) Second trophic level (b) Vulture (ii) First trophic level Rabbit (iii) (c) Third trophic level (d) (iv) Grass
 - Select the correct option:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)

- **90.** In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :
 - (1) Cytb₆f complex to PS-I
 - (2) PS-I to NADP+
 - (3) PS-I to ATP synthase
 - (4) PS-II to Cytb₆f complex
- 91. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
 - (1) Alfred Wallace
 - (2) Charles Darwin
 - (3) Oparin
 - (4) Karl Ernst von Baer
- **92.** Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by:
 - (1) Platyhelminthes
 - (2) Aschelminthes
 - (3) Annelida
 - (4) Ctenophora
- **93.** Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?
 - (1) Reabsorption of Na⁺ and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
 - (2) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
 - (3) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
 - (4) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
- 94. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II	
(a)	Closi	tridiur	n	(i)	Cyclosporin-A	
	buty	licum				
(b)	Trich	hodern	na	(ii)	Butyric Acid	
	polys	sporun	n			
(c)	Mon	ascus		(iii)	Citric Acid	
	purp	ureus				
(d)	Aspe	rgillus	niger	(iv)	Blood cholesterol	
					lowering agent	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)		
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)		
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)		
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)		



95.	Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter
	vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent
	stage (G_0) . This process occurs at the end of:

- (1) G_1 phase
- (2) Sphase
- (3) G₂ phase
- (4) M phase

96. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?

- (1) GIFT and ZIFT
- (2) ICSI and ZIFT
- (3) GIFT and ICSI
- (4) ZIFT and IUT

97. Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata?

- (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
- (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
- (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
- (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
- (1) (c) and (a)
- (2) (a) and (b)
- (3) (b) and (c)
- (4) (d) and (c)

98. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:

- (1) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
- (2) High reflection of light from snow
- (3) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
- (4) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature

99. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II	
(a)	Pitui	itary g	land	(i)	Grave's disease	
(b)	Thyr	oid gla	ınd	(ii)	Diabetes mellitus	
(c)	Adre	nal gla	and	(iii)	Diabetes insipidus	
(d)	Pane	reas		(iv)	Addison's disease	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)		
(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)		
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)		
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)		

100. Which of the following statements is correct?

- (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
- (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
- (3) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
- (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.

101. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants:

- (a) Iron (i) Photolysis of water
- (b) Zinc (ii) Pollen germination
- (c) Boron (iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis
- (d) Manganese (iv) IAA biosynthesis

Select the correct option:

- **(b) (c)** (d) (a) (i) (iii) (ii) (1) (iv) (2) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii)(3) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii) (4) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- 102. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy?
 - (1) Abscisic acid
 - (2) Phenolic acid
 - (3) Para-ascorbic acid
 - (4) Gibberellic acid



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- From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
 - CH₃, H₂, NH₄ and water vapor at 800°C (1)
 - (2) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C
 - CH₃, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C (3)
 - CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 800°C (4)
- Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by:
 - Sutton (1)
 - Boveri (2)
 - (3)Morgan
 - Mendel (4)
- 105. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at:
 - Micropyle (1)
 - Nucellus (2)
 - Chalaza (3)
 - Hilum (4)
- 106. Identify the correct statement with reference to human digestive system.
 - Serosa is the innermost layer of the (1)alimentary canal.
 - Ileum is a highly coiled part. (2)
 - Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum. (3)
 - (4)Ileum opens into small intestine.
- Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during:
 - Zygotene (1)
 - Diplotene (2)
 - Leptotene (3)
 - (4)Pachytene
- Floridean starch has structure similar to: 108.
 - Amylopectin and glycogen (1)
 - (2) Mannitol and algin
 - Laminarin and cellulose (3)
 - Starch and cellulose (4)

- 109. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:
 - 5' GGAACC 3' (1)
 - 3' CCTTGG 5'
 - 5' CTTAAG 3'
 - 3' GAATTC 5'
 - 5' GGATCC 3' (3)
 - 3' CCTAGG 5'
 - (4) 5' - GAATTC - 3'
 - 3' CTTAAG 5'
- Select the correct match. 110.
 - Phenylketonuria Autosomal (1)dominant trait
 - (2)Sickle cell anaemia -Autosomal recessive trait. chromosome-11
 - Thalassemia Xlinked (3)
 - Haemophilia Y linked (4)
- 111. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure:
 - Glycerol, trypsin (1)
 - Cellulose, lecithin (2)
 - Inulin, insulin (3)
 - (4) Chitin, cholesterol
- The process of growth is maximum during: 112.
 - (1) Lag phase
 - (2) Senescence
 - (3) Dormancy
 - (4) Log phase

(2)

(3)

(4)

(iv)

(i)

(ii)

(ii)

(ii)

(iii)

Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımı -	I		Column - II
(a)	Orga	n of C	orti	(i)	Connects middle ear and pharynx
(b)	Coch	lea		(ii)	Coiled part of the labyrinth
(c)	Eust	achiar	1 tube	(iii)	Attached to the oval window
(d)	d) Stapes				Located on the basilar membrane
(1)	(a) (iii)	(b) (i)	(c) (iv)	(d) (ii)	

(i)

(iv)

(i)

(iii)

(iii)

(iv)



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- 114. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:
 - (1) Root pressure
 - (2) Imbibition
 - (3) Plasmolysis
 - (4) Transpiration
- 115. Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
 - (1) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - (2) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
 - (3) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
 - (4) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
- 116. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
 - (1) water currents only
 - (2) wind and water
 - (3) insects and water
 - (4) insects or wind
- 117. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?
 - (1) Peroxisomes
 - (2) Golgi bodies
 - (3) Polysomes
 - (4) Endoplasmic reticulum
- 118. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity?
 - (1) Madagascar
 - (2) Himalayas
 - (3) Amazon forests
 - (4) Western Ghats of India
- 119. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
 - (1) Columnar epithelial cells
 - (2) Chondrocytes
 - (3) Compound epithelial cells
 - (4) Squamous epithelial cells

- 120. Which of the following is correct about viroids?
 - (1) They have free RNA without protein coat.
 - (2) They have DNA with protein coat.
 - (3) They have free DNA without protein coat.
 - (4) They have RNA with protein coat.
- 121. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
 - (1) Growth response
 - (2) Defence action
 - (3) Effect on reproduction
 - (4) Nutritive value
- 122. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Placenta Androgens (i) (a) Human Chorionic (b) Zona pellucida (ii)Gonadotropin (hCG) Bulbo-urethral Layer of the ovum (c) (iii) glands Leydig cells (iv) Lubrication of the (d) Penis (d) (a) (b) (c) (i) (iii)(1) (iv) (ii)(2)(iii)(ii)(iv) (i) (3)(i) (iii)(4) (ii)(iii)

- 123. Ray florets have:
 - (1) Superior ovary
 - (2) Hypogynous ovary
 - (3) Half inferior ovary
 - (4) Inferior ovary
- 124. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?
 - (1) Floating debris
 - (2) Effluents of primary treatment
 - (3) Activated sludge
 - (4) Primary sludge



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125.	The	e enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :						129.		many true breeding pea plant varieties did
	(1)	trypsinogen into trypsin								del select as pairs, which were similar except ne character with contrasting traits?
	(2)	casei	nogen	into ca	asein				(1)	2
	(3)	pepsi	inogen	into p	epsin				(2)	14
	(4)	prote	in into	polyp	eptides	3			(3)	8
126.		h the		wing o	columi	ns an	d select the		(4)	4
	10 E		ı mn - 1				lumn - II	130.	500	e head of cockroach is removed, it may live for days because :
	(a)	Greg pest	arious	, polyp	hagous	s (i)	Asterias		(1)	the cockroach does not have nervous system.
	(b)	Adul symi	netry	radial and lar ral syn		(ii)	Scorpion		(2)	the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
	(c)		lungs	_		(iii)	Ctenoplana		(3)	the head holds a 1/3 rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal
	(d)	Biolu	mines	cence		(iv)	Locusta			part of its body.
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				(4)	the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the
	(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)					cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
	(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)					abuomen.
	(3) (4)	(ii) (i)	(i) (iii)	(iii) (ii)	(iv) (iv)			131.	of or	ch of the following refer to correct example(s) ganisms which have evolved due to changes wironment brought about by anthropogenic
127.	Prese	ence o	f whic	h of th	e follo	wing o	conditions in		actio	100 B 50 B 50 B
	urine	e are in	ndicati	ve of D	iabete	etes Mellitus ?	(a)	Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.		
	(1)	Uren	nia an	d Rena	ıl Calcı	ıli			(b)	Herbicide resistant weeds.
	(2)				ycosur				(c)	Drug resistant eukaryotes.
	(3)				Hyper	glycae	emia		(d)	Man-created breeds of domesticated animals
	(4)	Uren	nia and	d Keto	nuria				(4)	like dogs.
128.	Mate	h the	follo	wing o	columi	ns an	d select the		(1)	(a) and (c)
	corr	ect op	tion.						(2)	(b), (c) and (d)
		Colu	ımn -	I		Colı	ımn - II		(3)	only (d)
	(a)	Float	ting Ri	bs	(i)	Loca	ted between		(4)	only (a)
							nd and			
						seve	nth ribs	132.	Iden	tify the basic amino acid from the following.
	(b)	Acro	mion		(ii)	Head	d of the	8	(1)	Glutamic Acid
						Hun	ierus		(2)	Lysine
	(c)	Scap	ula		(iii)	Clav	icle		(3)	Valine
	(d)	Glen	oid cav	vity	(iv)	Don	ot connect		(4)	Tyrosine
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	with	the sternum	133.	_	el electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments be visualized with the help of :



Ethidium bromide in UV radiation

Acetocarmine in bright blue light

Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation

Acetocarmine in UV radiation

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(i)

(iii)

(iv)

(ii)

(iii)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

(ii)

(iv)

(i)

(i)

(iv)

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

- 134. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:
 - (1) Ori site
 - (2) Palindromic sequence
 - (3) Recognition site
 - (4) Selectable marker
- 135. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are:
 - (1) Primary roots
 - (2) Prop roots
 - (3) Lateral roots
 - (4) Fibrous roots
- 136. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr^{2+} ion is:
 - (1) 4.90 BM
 - (2) 5.92 BM
 - (3) 2.84 BM
 - (4) 3.87 BM
- 137. Match the following and identify the correct option.
 - (a) $CO(g) + H_2(g)$
- i) $Mg(HCO_3)_2 + Ca(HCO_3)_2$
- (b) Temporary hardness of water
- (ii) An electron deficient hydride
- (c) B₂H₆
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- (d) H_2O_2
- (iv) Non-planar structure

(d)

- (a) (b) (c)
- (1) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (2) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (3) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- 138. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
 - (1) Benzene + Toluene
 - (2) Acetone + Chloroform
 - (3) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
 - (4) Ethanol + Acetone

- 139. Identify the correct statement from the following:
 - (1) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO_2 .
 - (2) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
 - (3) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
 - (4) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
- 140. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu²⁺ (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - (1) $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
 - (2) Cu(OH)₂
 - (3) $CuCO_3 \cdot Cu(OH)_2$
 - (4) $CuSO_4$
- 141. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $\mathbf{Sucrose} + \mathbf{H}_2\mathbf{O} \Longrightarrow \mathbf{Glucose} + \mathbf{Fructose}$

If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^{\ominus}$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- 142. Identify the incorrect match.

IUPAC Official Name Name Unnilunium Mendelevium (a) Unniltrium Lawrencium (b) (ii) Unnilhexium Seaborgium (iii) (c) (d) Unununnium (iv) Darmstadtium (1) (b), (ii)(2) (c), (iii) (d), (iv) (3) (a), (i)(4)

- 143. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
 - (1) Alanine
 - (2) Tyrosine
 - (3) Lysine
 - (4) Serine



- 144. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?
 - $CH_4(g) + 4Cl_2(g) \rightarrow CCl_4(l) + 4HCl(g)$
 - (1) 0 to +4
 - (2) -4 to +4
 - (3) 0 to -4
 - (4) + 4 to + 4
- 145. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
 - (1) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose
 - (2) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
 - (3) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
 - (4) β-D-Glucose + α-D-Fructose
- 146. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten CaCl₂ (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is:
 - (1) 2
 - (2) 3
 - (3) 4
 - (4) 1
- 147. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the correct option is :
 - (1) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
- 148. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Copper
 - (2) Calcium
 - (3) Potassium
 - (4) Iron
- 149. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (1) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
 - (2) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
 - (3) The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
 - (4) $\operatorname{Cr}^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $\operatorname{Fe}^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.

- 150. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in:
 - (1) heat of reaction
 - (2) threshold energy
 - (3) collision frequency
 - (4) activation energy
- 151. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
 - (1) Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (2) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (3) Cross Aldol condensation
 - (4) Aldol condensation
- **152.** A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - (1) + R effect of CH₃ groups
 - (2) -R effect of $-CH_3$ groups
 - (3) Hyperconjugation
 - (4) -I effect of $-CH_3$ groups
- 153. Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)₂ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)₂ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - (1) $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (2) $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (3) $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (4) $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
- 154. Identify a molecule which does not exist.
 - (1) Li₂
 - (2) C_9
 - (3) O_{2}
 - (4) He₂
- **155.** Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - (a) β-Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1) (a), (c), (d)
 - (2) (b), (c), (d)
 - (3) (a), (b), (d)
 - (4) (a), (b), (c)



- 156. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1) Solubility
 - (2) Stability of the colloidal particles
 - (3) Size of the colloidal particles
 - (4) Viscosity
- 157. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71}$ Lu, respectively, are:
 - (1) 104, 71 and 71
 - (2) 71, 71 and 104
 - (3) 175, 104 and 71
 - (4) 71, 104 and 71
- 158. Identify the correct statements from the following:
 - (a) CO₂(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
 - (1) (a) and (c) only
 - (2) (b) and (c) only
 - (3) (c) and (d) only
 - (4) (a), (b) and (c) only
- 159. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (2) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (3) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \, \text{pm}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- 160. Paper chromatography is an example of:
 - (1) Partition chromatography
 - (2) Thin layer chromatography
 - (3) Column chromatography
 - (4) Adsorption chromatography

- **161.** Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage?
 - (1) H_2SO_4 , sulphuric acid
 - (2) H₂S₂O₈, peroxodisulphuric acid
 - (3) H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid
 - (4) H₂SO₃, sulphurous acid
- 162. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
 - (1) 200 s
 - (2) 500 s
 - (3) 1000 s
 - (4) 100 s
- 163. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - (1) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 - (2) n-Heptane
 - (3) n-Butane
 - (4) n-Hexane
- 164. Match the following:

	Oxide		Nature
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	${ m Al}_2{ m O}_3$	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	$Cl_{o}O_{7}$	(iv)	Amphoterio

Which of the following is correct option?

- (d) (iii) (iv) (2)(i) (ii) (m)(iv) (3)(iv) (iii)(ii)(i) (iii) (4) (i) (ii) (iv)
- 165. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol⁻¹): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 12 bar
- (2) 15 bar
- (3) 18 bar
- (4) 9 bar



166. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

(1)
$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH_2-CH_2-CH_3} \\ \end{array}$$

(2)
$$CH_2 - CH = CH_2$$

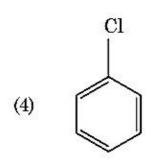
(4)
$$CH = CH - CH_3$$

- 167. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is $5.12~K~kg~mol^{-1}$. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078~m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
 - (1) 0.80 K
 - (2) 0.40 K
 - (3) 0.60 K
 - (4) 0.20 K
- 168. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
 - (1) q = 0, $\Delta T < 0$ and w > 0
 - (2) q < 0, $\Delta T = 0$ and w = 0
 - (3) q > 0, $\Delta T > 0$ and w > 0
 - (4) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$

- 169. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
 - (1) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
 - (2) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g)$ [Atomic mass of O = 16]
 - (3) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
 - (4) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
- 170. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH_3 & CHO \\ \hline \\ Cl_2/h\nu \\ \hline \end{array} X \xrightarrow{H_2O} X \begin{array}{c} CHO \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH_2Cl} \\ \end{array}$$





- 171. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
 - (1) $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
 - (2) $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (3) $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
 - (4) $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
- 172. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
 - (1) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
 - (2) polybutadiene
 - (3) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
 - (4) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
- 173. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - (1) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (3) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- 174. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - (1) Only NaCl
 - (2) Only MgCl₂
 - (3) NaCl, MgCl2 and CaCl2
 - (4) Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂

- 175. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?
 - (1) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
 - (2) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (3) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
 - (4) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
- 176. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

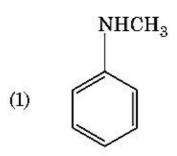
(1)
$$+ CH_3OH$$

(2)
$$+C_2H_5I$$

$$(3) \qquad \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline & & \\ & & \\ \hline & & \\ & & \\ \end{array} + C_2 H_5 O H$$



177. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?



$$(3) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{NHC}_2\text{H}_5 \\ \\ \end{array}$$

- 178. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:
 - (1) Sec. butyl alcohol
 - (2) Tert. butyl alcohol
 - (3) Isobutyl alcohol
 - (4) Isopropyl alcohol

- 179. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
 - (1) Oxygen gas
 - (2) H_2S gas
 - (3) SO_2 gas
 - (4) Hydrogen gas
- 180. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
 - (1) Sodium stearate
 - (2) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
 - (3) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
 - (4) Sodium lauryl sulphate

-000-







Test Booklet Code

KANHA

No.:

H1

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
 For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is H1. Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Car	ndidate (in Capitals) :		
Roll Number	; in figures		
	; in words		<u>u</u>
Centre of Exam	ination (in Capitals) :		
Candidate's Sig	nature:	Invigilator's Signature :	59
Facsimile signa	ture stamp of		
Centre Superint	endent:		



- 1. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the **correct** option is:
 - (1) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
- 2. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - (1) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (3) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- 3. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
 - (1) q > 0, $\Delta T > 0$ and w > 0
 - (2) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (3) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
 - (4) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
- 4. Identify a molecule which does not exist.
 - O_2
 - (2) He₂
 - (3) Li₂
 - (4) C_2
- Match the following and identify the correct option.
 - (a) $CO(g) + H_2(g)$
- (i) $Mg(HCO_3)_2 + Ca(HCO_3)_2$
- (b) Temporary hardness of water
- (ii) An electron deficient hydride
- (c) B₂H₆
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- (d) H_2O_2
- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (2) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (3) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)

- Identify the correct statement from the following:
 - Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
 - (2) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
 - (3) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO₂.
 - (4) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
- 7. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is 5.12 K kg mol⁻¹. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
 - (1) 0.60 K
 - (2) 0.20 K
 - (3) 0.80 K
 - (4) 0.40 K
- 8. Match the following:

	Oxide		Nature			
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic			
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral			
(c)	${ m Al_2O_3}$	(iii)	Acidic			
(d)	${ m Cl_2O_7}$	(iv)	Amphoteric			

Which of the following is correct option?

- (b) (d) (a) (c) (1)(iv) (iii)(ii) (i) (2)(ii)(iii)(iv) (3)(ii) (i) (iii) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $Sucrose + H_2O \rightleftharpoons Glucose + Fructose$

If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at $300\,\rm K$, the value of $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ at the same temperature will be :

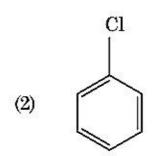
- (1) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1}\times300\,\mathrm{K}\times\ln(4\times10^{13})$
- (2) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$

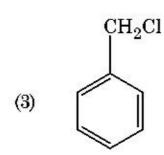


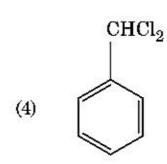
- 10. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu²⁺ (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - $(1) \qquad \mathrm{CuCO_3}\text{-}\mathrm{Cu(OH)_2}$
 - (2) CuSO₄
 - (3) $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
 - (4) Cu(OH)₂
- 11. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
 - (1) Lysine
 - (2) Serine
 - (3) Alanine
 - (4) Tyrosine
- 12. Paper chromatography is an example of:
 - (1) Column chromatography
 - (2) Adsorption chromatography
 - (3) Partition chromatography
 - (4) Thin layer chromatography
- 13. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Potassium
 - (2) Iron
 - (3) Copper
 - (4) Calcium

14. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH_3 & CHO \\ \hline \\ Cl_2/h\nu \\ \hline \end{array} X \xrightarrow{H_2O} \begin{array}{c} CHO \\ \hline \\ 373 \text{ K} \end{array}$$





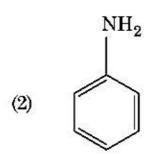


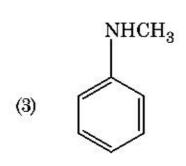
- 15. Identify the correct statements from the following:
 - (a) $CO_2(g)$ is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
 - (1) (c) and (d) only
 - (2) (a), (b) and (c) only
 - (3) (a) and (c) only
 - (4) (b) and (c) only

- 16. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - (1) n-Butane
 - (2) n-Hexane
 - (3) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 - (4) n-Heptane
- 17. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
 - (1) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
 - (2) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
 - (3) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
 - (4) polybutadiene
- 18. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
 - (1) SO_2 gas
 - (2) Hydrogen gas
 - (3) Oxygen gas
 - (4) H_2S gas
- 19. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1) Size of the colloidal particles
 - (2) Viscosity
 - (3) Solubility
 - (4) Stability of the colloidal particles
- 20. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - (1) NaCl, MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (2) Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (3) Only NaCl
 - (4) Only $MgCl_2$

21. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?

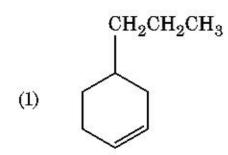
$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{NHC}_2\text{H}_5 \\ \\ \end{array}$$





- 22. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
 - (1) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
 - (2) Ethanol + Acetone
 - (3) Benzene + Toluene
 - (4) Acetone + Chloroform
- 23. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of ${\rm Cr}^{2+}$ ion is :
 - (1) 2.84 BM
 - (2) 3.87 BM
 - (3) 4.90 BM
 - (4) 5.92 BM
- 24. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in:
 - (1) collision frequency
 - (2) activation energy
 - (3) heat of reaction
 - (4) threshold energy

25. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:



(2)
$$CH = CH - CH_3$$

(4)
$$CH_2 - CH = CH_2$$

26. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:

$$(1) \qquad \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

(2)
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

$$(3) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

(4)
$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

- 27. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
 - (1) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
 - (2) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
 - (3) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose
 - (4) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose

28. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?

(1)
$$CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$$

(2)
$$SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$$

(3)
$$SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$$

(4)
$$F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$$

- 29. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten $CaCl_2$ (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is:
 - (1) 4
 - (2) 1
 - (3) 2
 - (4) 3
- **30.** Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :
 - (1) Isobutyl alcohol
 - (2) Isopropyl alcohol
 - (3) Sec. butyl alcohol
 - (4) Tert. butyl alcohol
- 31. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O-linkage?
 - (1) H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid
 - (2) H₂SO₃, sulphurous acid
 - (3) H₂SO₄, sulphuric acid
 - (4) H₂S₂O₈, peroxodisulphuric acid
- 32. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

$$\operatorname{CH}_4(\mathsf{g}) + 4\operatorname{Cl}_2(\mathsf{g}) \to \operatorname{CCl}_4(\mathsf{l}) + 4\operatorname{HCl}(\mathsf{g})$$

- (1) 0 to -4
- (2) +4 to +4
- (3) 0 to +4
- (4) -4 to +4
- **33.** Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
 - (1) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
 - (2) Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - (3) Sodium stearate
 - (4) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide



34. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol⁻¹): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 18 bar
- (2) 9 bar
- (3) 12 bar
- (4) 15 bar
- 35. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (1) The oxidation states of chromium in ${\rm Cr}{\rm O}_4^{2-}$ and ${\rm Cr}_2{\rm O}_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
 - (2) $Cr^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $Fe^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.
 - (3) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
 - (4) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
- 36. Identify the incorrect match.

Name IUPAC Official Name

- (a) Unnilunium
- (i) Mendelevium
- (b) Unniltrium
- (ii) Lawrencium
- (c) Unnilhexium
- (d) Unununnium
- (iii) Seaborgium

Darmstadtium

- (1) (d), (iv)
- (2) (a), (i)
- (3) (b), (ii)
- (4) (c), (iii)
- 37. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
 - (1) Cross Aldol condensation
 - (2) Aldol condensation
 - (3) Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (4) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction

38. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

(1)
$$+C_2H_5OH$$

(3)
$$+ CH_3OH$$

(4)
$$OH$$
 $+ C_2H_5I$

- 39. Find out the solubility of $Ni(OH)_2$ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of $Ni(OH)_2$ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - (1) $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (2) $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (3) $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (4) $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
- 40. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - (a) β-Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1) (a), (b), (d)
 - (2) (a), (b), (c)
 - (3) (a), (c), (d)
 - (4) (b), (c), (d)

- 41. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
 - (1) 1000 s
 - (2) 100 s
 - (3) 200 s
 - (4) 500 s
- 42. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - (1) Hyperconjugation
 - (2) -I effect of $-CH_3$ groups
 - (3) + R effect of CH_3 groups
 - (4) Reffect of CH₃ groups
- 43. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
 - (1) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
 - (2) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
 - (3) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
 - (4) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O = 16]$
- 44. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?
 - (1) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
 - (2) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
 - (3) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
 - (4) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
- 45. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71}$ Lu, respectively, are:
 - (1) 175, 104 and 71
 - (2) 71, 104 and 71
 - (3) 104, 71 and 71
 - (4) 71, 71 and 104
- 46. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
 - (1) insects and water
 - (2) insects or wind
 - (3) water currents only
 - (4) wind and water

- 47. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
 - (1) Inbreeding
 - (2) Out crossing
 - (3) Mutational breeding
 - (4) Cross breeding
- 48. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
 - (1) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
 - (2) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
 - (3) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
 - (4) High reflection of light from snow
- 49. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II		
(a)	Eosii	nophils	3	(i)	Immune response		
(b)	Baso	phils		(ii)	Phagocytosis		
(c)	Neut	rophil	s	(iii)	Release		
					histaminase,		
					destructive		
					enzymes		
(d)	Lym	phocyt	es	(iv)	Release granules		
					containing		
					histamine		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)			
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)			
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)			

- 50. Strobili or cones are found in:
 - (1) Equisetum
 - (2) Salvinia
 - (3) Pteris
 - (4) Marchantia
- 51. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
 - (1) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
 - (2) Prior to ovulation
 - (3) At the time of copulation
 - (4) After zygote formation



H1		8
52 .	The	QRS complex in a standard ECG represents :
	(1)	Repolarisation of ventricles

(3) Depolarisation of auricles

Repolarisation of auricles

- (4) Depolarisation of ventricles
- 53. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
 - (1) 2.7 meters

(2)

- (2) 2.0 meters
- (3) 2.5 meters
- (4) 2.2 meters
- 54. The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:
 - (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
 - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
 - (c) Seed inside the fruit
 - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
 - $(1) \qquad (a) \text{ and } (d)$
 - (2) (a) only
 - (3) (a), (b) and (c)
 - (4) (c) and (d)
- 55. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits?
 - (1) 8
 - (2) 4
 - (3) 2
 - (4) 14

56. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Clos	tridiur	n	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
	buty	licum			
(b)	Trick	hodern	na	(ii)	Butyric Acid
	polys	sporun	n		
(c)	Mon	ascus		(iii)	Citric Acid
	purp	ureus			
(d)	Aspe	rgillus	niger	(iv)	Blood cholesterol
					lowering agent
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	

57. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?

(iv)

(iii)

(1) Low concentration of FSH

(ii)

- (2) High concentration of Estrogen
- (3) High concentration of Progesterone
- (4) Low concentration of LH
- 58. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) only (d)

(4)

- (2) only (a)
- (3) (a) and (c)
- (4) (b), (c) and (d)
- **59.** Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata?
 - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla: Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
 - (1) (b) and (c)
 - (2) (d) and (c)
 - (3) (c) and (a)
 - (4) (a) and (b)



								9						H 1
60.	Mato	Match the following:						64.		ch the		wing	colum	ns and select the
	(a)		oitor of	cataly	tic	(i)	Ricin			Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
		activ	ıty						(a) Placenta				(i)	Androgens
	(b)	Posse	ess per	tide bo	onds	(ii)	Malonate		(b)	Zona	pelluc	ida	(ii)	Human Chorionic
	(c)	Cell fung	wall m i	ateria	l in	(iii)	Chitin							Gonadotropin (hCG)
	(d)		ndary 1			(iv)	Collagen		(c)	Bulb glane	o-uretl ds	nral	(iii)	Layer of the ovum
	Choc	se the	corre	ct opt	ion fro	m the i	following:		(d)	- 	lig cells	3	(iv)	Lubrication of the
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				(4)	20,0		5	(2.)	Penis
	(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)					(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
	(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)				(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
	(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)				(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
			(1)						(3)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	
	(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)				(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	
					65.	The	proces	s of gro	owth is	s maxi	mum during :			
61.		body o	f the o	vule is	fused	withi	n the funicle		(1)	Dorr	nancy			
	at:						(2)	Logi	phase					
	(1)	Chal	aza						(3)	Lag phase				
	(2)	Hilu	m						(4)	Sene	Senescence			
	(3)	Micro	opyle					66.	Mate	ch the	organis	sm wit	h its us	se in biotechnology.
	(4)	Nuce	ellus						(a)	Baci	llus		(i)	Cloning vector
	(1)	Trucc	il us							thur	ingiens	sis		
62.	Ther	roces	racna	ngihla f	or facil	itatino	loss of water		(b)	Ther	mus		(ii)	Construction of
02.							ades at night			aqua	iticus			first rDNA
	and i	in earl	y mori	ning is	:									molecule
	(1)	Plasi	molysi	S					(c)		bacter		(iii)	DNA polymerase
	(2)	Tran	spirati	ion					(3)		efacien		4.3	a
	(3)		pressu						(d)		ıonella imuriu		(iv)	Cry proteins
	NOTICE OF THE PARTY OF THE PART			irc					Sele				n fron	the following :
	(4)	Imbi	bition						Dete	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	t the following.
									(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
63.					tateme	nts ab	out inclusion		(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	
	podie	es is i n	corre	Ct!					(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
	(1)		se rep olasm.	resen	t res	erve 1	naterial in		(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	
	(2)	They	are n	ot bou	nd hv s	nv me	mbrane.	67.	Flor	idean s	starch	has st	ructur	e similar to :
		10.00			- 2	10			(1)	Lam	inarin	and ce	llulose	•
	(3)	Thes	e are	invol	ved in	inges	tion of food		(2)	Star	ch and	cellule	ose	

(3)

(4)

Amylopectin and glycogen

Mannitol and algin

particles.

(4)

They lie free in the cytoplasm.



68. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II 6-15 pairs of (i) Trygon (a) gill slits (b) Heterocercal Cyclostomes (ii) caudal fin Air Bladder Chondrichthyes (c) (iii) Osteichthyes (d) Poison sting (iv) (d) (a) (b) (c) (i) (iii) (ii) (1)(iv) (2)(ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (3)(iii) (i) (ii) (iv) (i) (4)(iv) (ii) (iii)

- 69. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?
 - (1) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
 - (2) Uremia and Ketonuria
 - (3) Uremia and Renal Calculi
 - (4) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
- 70. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
 - (2) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
 - (3) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
 - (4) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
- 71. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
 - (1) Insulin
 - (2) Haemoglobin
 - (3) Collagen
 - (4) Lectin
- 72. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy?
 - (1) Para-ascorbic acid
 - (2) Gibberellic acid
 - (3) Abscisic acid
 - (4) Phenolic acid

- 73. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of:
 - (1) pepsinogen into pepsin

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- (2) protein into polypeptides
- (3) trypsinogen into trypsin
- (4) caseinogen into casein
- 74. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Gregarious, polyphagous (i) Asterias (a) pest Adult with radial (ii)Scorpion (b) symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry Book lungs Ctenoplana (c) Bioluminescence Locusta (d) (iv) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1)(ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (2)(i) (iii)(iv) (ii)(3)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii)(4)(iii)(ii) (i) (iv)

- 75. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in:
 - (1) eustachian tube
 - (2) lining of intestine
 - (3) ducts of salivary glands
 - (4) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
- 76. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
 - (1) Oparin
 - (2) Karl Ernst von Baer
 - (3) Alfred Wallace
 - (4) Charles Darwin
- 77. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by:
 - (1) Morgan
 - (2) Mendel
 - (3) Sutton
 - (4) Boveri



- 78. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene T that controls ABO blood groups.
 - (1) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
 - (2) The gene (I) has three alleles.
 - (3) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
 - (4) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.
- 79. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
 - (1) Valine
 - (2) Tyrosine
 - (3) Glutamic Acid
 - (4) Lysine
- 80. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during:
 - (1) Leptotene
 - (2) Pachytene
 - (3) Zygotene
 - (4) Diplotene
- 81. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0) . This process occurs at the end of:
 - (1) G_2 phase
 - (2) M phase
 - G_1 phase
 - (4) Sphase
- 82. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Pitu	itary g	land	(i)	Grave's disease
(b)	Thy	oid gla	and	(ii)	Diabetes mellitus
(c)	Adrenal gland			(iii)	Diabetes insipidus
(d)	Pano	Pancreas		(iv)	Addison's disease
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	
(4)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	

- 83. Select the correct events that occur during inspiration.
 - (a) Contraction of diaphragm
 - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
 - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
 - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
 - (1) only (d)
 - (2) (a) and (b)
 - (3) (c) and (d)
 - (4) (a), (b) and (d)
- 84. The ovary is half inferior in:
 - (1) Plum
 - (2) Brinjal
 - (3) Mustard
 - (4) Sunflower
- 85. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
 - (1) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
 - (2) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
 - (3) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
 - (4) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
- 86. Which of the following statements is not correct?
 - (1) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
 - (2) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
 - (3) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
 - (4) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
- 87. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
 - (1) Chlorella and Spirulina
 - (2) Laminaria and Sargassum
 - (3) Gelidium and Gracilaria
 - (4) Anabaena and Volvox



- 88. Choose the **correct** pair from the following:
 - (1) Exonucleases Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
 - (2) Ligases Join the two DNA molecules
 - (3) Polymerases Break the DNA into fragments
 - (4) Nucleases Separate the two strands of DNA
- 89. Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
 - Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
 - (2) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
 - (3) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - (4) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
- **90.** Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?
 - (1) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
 - (2) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
 - (3) Reabsorption of Na⁺ and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
 - (4) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
- **91.** The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
 - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- Dicotyledonous root
- (2) Monocotyledonous stem
- (3) Monocotyledonous root
- (4) Dicotyledonous stem

- 92. Ray florets have:
 - (1) Half inferior ovary
 - (2) Inferior ovary
 - (3) Superior ovary
 - (4) Hypogynous ovary
- 93. Select the correct statement.
 - (1) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
 - Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
 - (3) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
 - (4) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
- 94. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - (1) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
 - (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
 - (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
 - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
- **95.** Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?
 - (1) Activated sludge
 - (2) Primary sludge
 - (3) Floating debris
 - (4) Effluents of primary treatment
- 96. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
 - (1) Abscisic acid
 - (2) Cytokinin
 - (3) Gibberellin
 - (4) Ethylene



97.	The roots that originate from the base of the stem
	are:

- (1) Lateral roots
- (2) Fibrous roots
- (3) Primary roots
- (4) Prop roots

98. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:

- (1) 5' GGATCC 3'
 - 3' CCTAGG 5'
- (2) 5' GAATTC 3'
 - 3' CTTAAG 5'
- (3) 5' GGAACC 3'
 - 3' CCTTGG 5'
- (4) 5' CTTAAG 3'
 - 3' GAATTC 5'

99. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

COLI	CCCOP	CLOIL.					
	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II		
(a)	Floa	ting Ri	ibs	(i)	Located between second and seventh ribs		
(b)	Acro	mion		(ii)	Head of the Humerus		
(c)	Scap	ula		(iii)	Clavicle		
(d)	Glen	oid cav	vity	(iv)	Do not connect with the sternum		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)			
(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)			
(3)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)			

100. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because:

(iv)

(4)

(iii)

(ii)

(1) the head holds a 1/3rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.

(i)

- (2) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
- (3) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
- (4) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.

101. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II				
(a)	Typl	oid		(i)	Wuchereria				
(b)	Pneu	ımonia	ı	(ii)	Plasmodium				
(c)	Filar	riasis		(iii)	Salmonella				
(d)	Mala	ıria		(iv)	Hae mophilus				
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)					
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)					
(2)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)					
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)					
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)					

- 102. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?
 - (1) Polysomes
 - (2) Endoplasmic reticulum
 - (3) Peroxisomes
 - (4) Golgi bodies
- 103. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
 - (1) Species interaction
 - (2) Sex ratio
 - (3) Natality
 - (4) Mortality
- 104. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is:
 - (1) Three
 - (2) Zero
 - (3) One
 - (4) Two
- 105. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of:
 - (1) Disposal of e-wastes
 - (2) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
 - (3) Emission of ozone depleting substances
 - (4) Release of Green House gases



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106. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by:

- (1) Annelida
- (2) Ctenophora
- (3) Platyhelminthes
- (4) Aschelminthes

Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport of oxygen.

- Low pCO₂ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
- (2) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O_2 .
- (3) Partial pressure of CO₂ can interfere with O₂ binding with haemoglobin.
- (4) Higher H⁺ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.

108. Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.

- Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
- (2) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
- (3) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
- (4) They are useful in genetic engineering.

109. Which of the following is correct about viroids?

- They have free DNA without protein coat.
- (2) They have RNA with protein coat.
- (3) They have free RNA without protein coat.
- (4) They have DNA with protein coat.

110. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:

- (1) Recognition site
- (2) Selectable marker
- (3) Ori site
- (4) Palindromic sequence

111. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımı -	I	Column - II				
(a)	Orga	n of C	orti	(i)	Connects middle ear and pharynx			
(b)	Coch	lea		(ii)	Coiled part of the labyrinth			
(c)	Eust	achiar	tube	(iii)	Attached to the oval window			
(d)	Stap	es		(iv)	Located on the basilar membrane			
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)				
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)				
(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)				
(4)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)				

112. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:

- (1) CH₃, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C
- (2) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 800°C
- (3) CH₃, H₂, NH₄ and water vapor at 800°C
- (4) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C

113. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity?

- (1) Amazon forests
- (2) Western Ghats of India
- (3) Madagascar
- (4) Himalayas

114. Identify the correct statement with reference to human digestive system.

- (1) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
- (2) Ileum opens into small intestine.
- (3) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
- (4) Ileum is a highly coiled part.

115. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:

- (1) Insect predators
- (2) Insect pests
- (3) Fungal diseases
- (4) Plant nematodes



116.	Selec	t the c	orrec	t mate	ch.		120.		500	25		oquinone facilitates the	
	(1)	Thal	assemi	a	-	Xlinked			transfer of electrons from : (1) PS-I to ATP synthase				
	(2)	Haen	nophili	ia	828	Ylinked		(1)					
	(3)	Phen	ylketo	nuria	5 <u>€</u> 8	Autosomal		(2)	PS-II to Cytb ₆ f complex				
						dominant trait		(3)	Cytb ₆ f complex to PS-I PS-I to NADP+				
	(4)	Sickl	e cell a	anaem	ia -	Autosomal recessive trait,		(4)	PS-1	to NAI)P '		
						chromosome-11	121.			to Rol about		May, the global species	
117.			ous sta body i	Y-100-1	Plasm	odium that enters		(1)	7 mil				
	(1)	Male	gamet	tocytes	ı			(2)		illion			
	(2)	Trop	hozoite	s				(3)		illion			
	(3)	Spore	zoites					(4)	50 m	illion			
	(4)		ale gan		tes		122.	V		3.11 5		eparated DNA fragments ne help of :	
118.	Thep	roduct	t(s) of r	eaction	n cataly	vzed by nitrogenase		(1)	Ethic	lium b	romide	e in infrared radiation	
	in ro	ot nodi	ules of	legum	inous	plants is/are :		(2)	Aceto	ocarmi	ne in b	oright blue light	
	(1)	Amn	ionia a	nd hyd	drogen			(3)	(3) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation				
	(2)	Ammonia alone						(4)	Aceto	ocarmi	ne in U	JV radiation	
	(3) (4)	Nitrate alone Ammonia and oxygen							Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DN. helix during transcription.				
									(1) RNA polymerase				
119.		th the		wing o	columi	ns and select the		(2) DNA ligase					
		Colu	ı mn -]	Į.		Column - II		(3) DNA helicase					
	(a)	Bt co	tton		(i)	Gene therapy		(4)	DNA	polym	erase		
	(b)		osine inase		(ii)	Cellular defence	124.			ollowin anction		erning essential elements lants :	
		defici	ency					(a)	Iron		(i)	Photolysis of water	
	(c)	RNA	i		(iii)	Detection of HIV		(b)	Zinc		(ii)	Pollen germination	
		D.C.D.			A 5	infection	es .	(c)	Boron	Boron (iii) Required for chlobiosynthesis		Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis	
	(d)	PCR			(iv)	Bacillus thuringiensis		(d)	Mang	ganese	(iv)	IAA biosynthesis	
		73	a >		(1)	indiring icrosio		Selec	t the c	orrec	t optio	n:	
	71.0	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
	(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)			(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
	(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
	(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)			(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
	(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)			(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	



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- 125. Identify the correct statement with regard to G₁ phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
 - (1) Nuclear Division takes place.
 - (2) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
 - (3) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
 - (4) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
- 126. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
 - (1) Effect on reproduction
 - (2) Nutritive value
 - (3) Growth response
 - (4) Defence action
- 127. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of:
 - (1) Natural selection
 - (2) Adaptive radiation
 - (3) Convergent evolution
 - (4) Industrial melanism
- 128. The first phase of translation is:
 - (1) Recognition of an anti-codon
 - (2) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
 - (3) Recognition of DNA molecule
 - (4) Aminoacylation of tRNA
- 129. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
 - (1) Compound epithelial cells
 - (2) Squamous epithelial cells
 - (3) Columnar epithelial cells
 - (4) Chondrocytes
- Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
 - (2) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
 - (3) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
 - (4) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria

- 131. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
 - (1) GIFT and ICSI
 - (2) ZIFT and IUT
 - (3) GIFT and ZIFT
 - (4) ICSI and ZIFT
- 132. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct**?
 - There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
 - (2) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
 - (3) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
 - (4) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
- 133. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure:
 - (1) Inulin, insulin
 - (2) Chitin, cholesterol
 - (3) Glycerol, trypsin
 - (4) Cellulose, lecithin
- 134. Match the trophic levels with their correct species examples in grassland ecosystem.
 - (a) Fourth trophic level
- (i) Crow
- (b) Second trophic level
- (ii) Vulture
- (c) First trophic level
- (iii) Rabbit
- (d) Third trophic level
- (iv) Grass

Select the **correct** option:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (2) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (3) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)



- 135. Match the following with respect to meiosis:
 - (a) Zygotene
- (i) Terminalization
- (b) Pachytene
- (ii) Chiasmata
- (c) Diplotene
- (iii) Crossing over
- (d) Diakinesis
- (iv) Synapsis

(i)

(ii)

(i)

- Select the correct option from the following:
 - (a)
- **(b)**
- (c) (d)
- (1) (ii)

(2)

(4)

(iv) (iii)

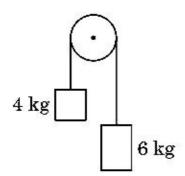
(i)

(ii)

- (iii) (iv)
 - 1V)
- (3) (iv)

(i)

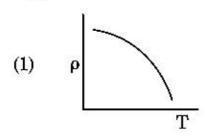
- (iii)
- (ш)
- (ii)
- (iv) (iii)
- 136. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is:
 - $(1) 10^4 \, \mathrm{V}$
 - (2) 10 V
 - (3) $10^2 \,\mathrm{V}$
 - (4) $10^3 \,\mathrm{V}$
- 137. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
 - (1) one-fourth
 - (2) double
 - (3) half
 - (4) four times
- 138. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:

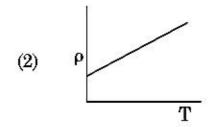


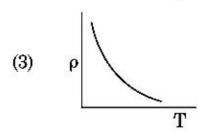
- (1) g/10
- (2) g
- (3) g/2
- (4) g/5

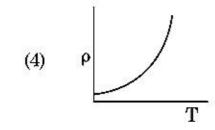
- 139. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c=speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1) $1:c^2$
 - (2) c:1
 - (3) 1:1
 - (4) 1:c
- 140. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed
 - as: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \sigma^2 d^2}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, \operatorname{n} \pi \mathrm{d}^2}$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
- 141. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) -1.0
 - (2) zero
 - (3) 0.5
 - (4) 1.0
- 142. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
 - (1) $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
 - (2) $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{2P}{P}$
 - (4) µA
- 143. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
 - (1) 9.9 m
 - (2) 9.9801 m
 - (3) 9.98 m
 - (4) 9.980 m

- 144. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
 - (1) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne+)
 - (2) Hydrogen atom
 - (3) Singly ionised helium atom (He+)
 - (4) Deuteron atom
- 145. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}\rm U$ is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}\rm Kr$, three neutrons and :
 - (1) $^{103}_{36}$ Kr
 - (2) $^{144}_{56}$ Ba
 - (3) $^{91}_{40}$ Zr
 - (4) $^{101}_{36}$ Kr
- 146. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m³, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) 5 N/C
 - (2) zero
 - (3) 0.5 N/C
 - (4) 1 N/C
- 147. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?

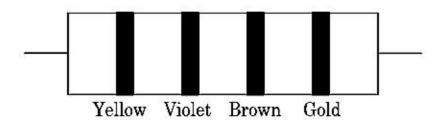








- 148. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) isobaric
 - (2) isothermal
 - (3) adiabatic
 - (4) isochoric
- 149. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:
 - (1) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (4) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
- 150. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii \mathbf{r}_1 and \mathbf{r}_2 ($\mathbf{r}_1 = 1.5 \ \mathbf{r}_2$) through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - (1) $\frac{5}{3}$
 - (2) $\frac{27}{8}$
 - (3) $\frac{9}{4}$
 - (4) $\frac{3}{2}$
- 151. The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (2) $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (3) $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- (4) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$

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- (1) insulators and semiconductors
- (2) metals
- (3) insulators only
- (4) semiconductors only

153. For transistor action, which of the following statements is correct?

- (1) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
- (2) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
- (3) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
- (4) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
- 154. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10^{-7} C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^7 \,\text{N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^5 \,\text{N/C}$
- (4) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- 155. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) zero
 - (2) doubled
 - (3) four times
 - (4) one-fourth
- 156. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

- (1) 80 cm
- (2) 33 cm
- (3) 50 cm
- (4) 67 cm

157. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:

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$$(1) \qquad \frac{MgL}{A(L_1 - L)}$$

- (2) $\frac{\text{MgL}_1}{\text{AL}}$
- (3) $\frac{\text{Mg}(\text{L}_1 \text{L})}{\text{AL}}$
- (4) $\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_1}$

158. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:

- (1) 2.25×10^{-15}
- (2) 2.25×10^{15}
- (3) 2.5×10^6
- (4) 2.5×10^{-6}

159. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:

- (1) $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
- (2) $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
- (3) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
- (4) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$

160. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{j}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k}$ m.

- (1) $6\hat{k}$ N m
- (2) $6\hat{i}$ N m
- (3) $6\hat{j}$ N m
- (4) $-6\hat{i}$ N m

161. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:

- (1) $48 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
- (2) $10 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
- (3) $12 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
- (4) $24 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$

162. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) 1.0 mm
- (2) 0.01 mm
- (3) 0.25 mm
- (4) 0.5 mm
- 163. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μ F. With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μ F. The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- **164.** The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
 - (1) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 165. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 24 N
 - (2) 48 N
 - (3) 32 N
 - (4) 30 N
- 166. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 300 m
 - (2) 360 m
 - (3) 340 m
 - (4) 320 m

- 167. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
 - (1) 20.0 g
 - (2) 2.5 g
 - (3) 5.0 g
 - (4) 10.0 g
- 168. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - (1) 537 Hz
 - (2) 523 Hz
 - (3) 524 Hz
 - (4) 536 Hz
- 169. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
 - increase in forward current
 - (2) forward bias only
 - (3) reverse bias only
 - (4) both forward bias and reverse bias
- 170. Dimensions of stress are:
 - (1) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
 - (2) $[MLT^{-2}]$
 - (3) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
 - (4) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
- 171. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10⁻⁹ C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) zero
- (2) 50 V
- (3) 200 V
- (4) 400 V

- 172. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
 - (1) zero
 - (2) π rad
 - (3) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (4) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
- 173. A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :
 - (1) 25.1 A
 - (2) 1.7 A
 - (3) 2.05 A
 - (4) 2.5 A
- 174. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m⁻¹. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

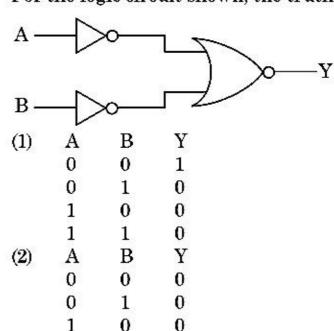
$$(\mu_0\!=\!4\pi\!\times\!10^{\,-\,7}\,T\;m\;A^{\,-\,1})$$

- (1) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (2) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (3) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T} \;\mathrm{m} \;\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (4) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- 175. The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be:
 - (1) $i_b = 90^{\circ}$
 - (2) $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
 - (3) $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
 - (4) $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
- 176. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (3) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$

177. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- (3) A B Y 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 1
- 178. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : $(k_B \text{ is Boltzmann constant and } T, \text{ absolute temperature})$
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{7}{2} \; k_B T$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{1}{2} \, k_B T$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{3}{2} \ k_B T$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{5}{2} \ k_B T$
- 179. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly:
 - (1) 0.006
 - (2) 6
 - (3) 0.6
 - (4) 0.06
- 180. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is: $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

- (1) 0.02 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.5 kg/m^3
- (3) 0.2 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.1 kg/m^3

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Space For Rough Work

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Space For Rough Work

