### **Marking Scheme**

### **Strictly Confidential**

(For Internal and Restricted use only)

### Senior School Certificate Examination, 2024

### **ACCOUNTANCY (055)**

**PAPER CODE: 67/2/2** 

### **General Instructions: -**

- You are aware that evaluation is the most important process in the actual and correct assessment of the candidates. A small mistake in evaluation may lead to serious problems which may affect the future of the candidates, education system and teaching profession. To avoid mistakes, it is requested that before starting evaluation, you must read and understand the spot evaluation guidelines carefully.
- 2 "Evaluation policy is a confidential policy as it is related to the confidentiality of the examinations conducted, Evaluation done and several other aspects. Its' leakage to public in any manner could lead to derailment of the examination system and affect the life and future of millions of candidates. Sharing this policy/document to anyone, publishing in any magazine and printing in News Paper/Website etc may invite action under various rules of the Board and IPC."
- Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the Marking Scheme. It should not be done according to one's own interpretation or any other consideration. Marking Scheme should be strictly adhered to and religiously followed. However, while evaluating, answers which are based on latest information or knowledge and/or are innovative, they may be assessed for their correctness otherwise and due marks be awarded to them.
- The Marking scheme carries only suggested value points for the answers. These are in the nature of Guidelines only and do not constitute the complete answer. The students can have their own expression and if the expression is correct, the due marks should be awarded accordingly.
- The Head-Examiner must go through the first five answer books evaluated by each evaluator on the first day, to ensure that evaluation has been carried out as per the instructions given in the Marking Scheme. If there is any variation, the same should be zero after deliberation and discussion. The remaining answer books meant for evaluation shall be given only after ensuring that there is no significant variation in the marking of individual evaluators.
- Evaluators will mark ( $\sqrt{\ }$ ) wherever answer is correct. For wrong answer CROSS 'X" be marked. Evaluators will not put right ( $\checkmark$ ) while evaluating which gives an impression that answer is correct and no marks are awarded. This is most common mistake which evaluators are committing.
- If a question has parts, please award marks on the right-hand side for each part. Marks awarded for different parts of the question should then be totalled up and written in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may be followed strictly.
- 8 If a question does not have any parts, marks must be awarded in the left-hand margin and encircled.

	This may also be followed strictly.
9	If a student has attempted an extra question, answer to the question deserving more marks should be retained and the other answer scored out with a note "Extra Question".
10	No marks to be deducted for the cumulative effect of an error. It should be penalized only once.
11	A full scale of 80 marks as given in question paper has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.
12	Every examiner has to necessarily do evaluation work for full working hours i.e., 8 hours every day and evaluate 20 answer books per day in main subjects and 25 answer books per day in other subjects (Details are given in Spot Guidelines).
13	Ensure that you do not make the following common types of errors committed by the Examiner in the past: -
	<ul> <li>Leaving answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book.</li> <li>Giving more marks for an answer than assigned to it.</li> <li>Wrong totalling of marks awarded on an answer.</li> <li>Wrong transfer of marks from the inside pages of the answer book to the title page.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Wrong question wise totalling on the title page.</li> <li>Wrong totalling of marks of the two columns on the title page.</li> <li>Wrong grand total.</li> <li>Marks in words and figures not tallying/not same.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Wrong transfer of marks from the answer book to online award list.</li> <li>Answers marked as correct, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the right tick mark is correctly and clearly indicated. It should merely be a line. Same is with the X for incorrect answer.)</li> <li>Half or a part of answer marked correct and the rest as wrong, but no marks awarded.</li> </ul>
14	While evaluating the answer books if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it should be marked as cross (X) and awarded zero (0) Marks.
15	Any unassessed portion, non-carrying over of marks to the title page, or totalling error detected by the candidate shall damage the prestige of all the personnel engaged in the evaluation work as also of the Board. Hence, in order to uphold the prestige of all concerned, it is again reiterated that the instructions be followed meticulously and judiciously.
16	The Examiners should acquaint themselves with the guidelines given in the "Guidelines for spot Evaluation" before starting the actual evaluation.
17	Every Examiner shall also ensure that all the answers are evaluated, marks carried over to the title page, correctly totalled and written in figures and words.
18	The candidates are entitled to obtain photocopy of the Answer Book on request on payment of the prescribed processing fee. All Examiners/Additional Head Examiners/Head Examiners are once again reminded that they must ensure that evaluation is carried out strictly as per value points for each answer as given in the Marking Scheme.

### MARKING SCHEME

Senior Secondary School Examination 2024

## ACCOUNTANCY (Subject Code-055)

[Paper Code: 67/2/2]

**Maximum Marks: 80** 

	PART -A (ACCOUNTING FOR PARTNERSHIP FIRMS AND COMPANIES)				
Q. No.	EXPECTED ANSWER / VALUE POINTS	Marks			
1	Q. Assertion(A): In a partnership firm, at the	1 mark			
2	Q. Misha Ltd. issued 6,000 Ans. (C) ₹6,00,000	1 mark			
3	Q. (i) Bhim, Arjun and Nakul were  Ans. (B) Gain 1/30  OR	1 mark OR			
	Q.(ii) Neeru and Meetu are partners Ans. (D) Neeru ₹10,000; Meetu ₹7,500	1 mark			
4	<b>Q. Manas and Ranvir are partners Ans.</b> (B) ₹2,00,000	1 mark			
5	Q. (i) On 1 <sup>st</sup> January 2023, Abhishek	1 mark			
	OR	OR			
	Q.(ii) If a partner withdraws a fixed Ans. (D) 4 ½	1 mark			
6	Q. Assertion(A): The court does not intervene	1 mark			

7	Q. (i) Nominal/ Authorized share capital	
	<b>Ans.</b> (C) the maximum amount of share capital which a company is authorised to issue.	1 mark
	OR	
	Q. (ii) The debentures which do not	
	Ans. (B) Unsecured Debentures	1 mark
	Ans. (B) Chisecured Describers	
8	Q. Ashu and Basu are partners	
	<b>Ans.</b> (A) 13:5:6	1 mark
9	Q. (i) If a share of ₹100 on which	
	<b>Ans.</b> (B) ₹30	1 mark
	OR	
	Q. (ii) If a share of ₹10 issued at a	1 mark
	<b>Ans.</b> (D) ₹6	
10	Q. On 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2022, Mega Ltd. issued	
10	Ans. (B) ₹3,00,000	1 mark
	Ans. (b) \(\frac{1}{3}\text{,00}\text{,000}\)	
11	Q. At the time of dissolution of a firm	
	<b>Ans.</b> (D) Profit ₹1,12,000	1 mark
12	Q. Which of the following items	
	Ans. (A) Drawings	1 mark
13	Q. Maharaja Ltd. Took over assets	
	<b>Ans.</b> (D) 14,000	1 mark
	Read the following hypothetical situation	
14	Q. The amount of interest on drawings	
14	Ans. (A) ₹2,000	1 mark
	Aus. (A) \2,000	
15	Q. Interest on capital payable to	
	Ans. (C) ₹57,000	1 mark

	ore and Bimal are partners	••••••	•••••		1 1
<b>Ans.</b> (C) 1	1:3				1 mark
	OR				
O. (ii) Rai	u, Sohan and Tina are partners				
<b>Ans.</b> (A) ₹	·		•		1 mark
	.,,,,,,				
Q. (a) Prit	i Ltd. purchased assets				
Ans.					
	Books of Priti Ltd.				
	Journal	T	T		
Date	Particulars	L.F	Dr. Amount ₹	Cr. Amount ₹	
	(i)Sundry Assets A/c Dr.		5,40,000		
	Goodwill A/c Dr.		1,08,000		
	To Sundry Liabilities A/c			1,20,000	1
	To Payal Ltd.			5,28,000	
	(Assets acquired and liabilities taken over from Payal Ltd.)				
	(ii)Payal Ltd. Dr.		5,28,000		
	To Bank A/c			2,64,000	
	To 10% Debentures A/c			2,40,000 24,000	
	To Securities Premium A/c			24,000	
	(Amount of purchase consideration settled				
	through issue of cheque and 2,400, 10% Debentures at a premium of 10%)				2
	,				
	Alternatively,				
	(ii)(a) Payal Ltd. Dr.		2,64,000		
	To Bank A/c		, , , , , , , , ,	2,64,000	
	(Amount of purchase consideration paid by				
	cheque)				
	(ii)(b) Payal Ltd. Dr.		2,64,000		
	To 10% Debentures A/c			2,40,000	
	To Securities Premium A/c			24,000	
	(Balance amount of purchase consideration				
	settled through issue of 2,400, 10%				
	Debentures at a premium of 10%)				=3 mark

Q. (b) D	hatu I	OR Ltd. invited applications	••••			OR
Ans.		**				
		Books of Dhatu Lt	d.			
	Т	Journal	1	T		
Date		Particulars	L.F	Dr. Amount ₹	Cr. Amount ₹	
	(Rec Debe	Dr. Debenture Application and Allotment A/c eipt of application money on 5000, 11% entures of ₹100 each issued at a premium of per Debenture)		7,50,000	7,50,000	1
	To To To (Trai Debe	enture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. 11% Debentures A/c Securities Premium A/c Bank A/c nsfer of Debenture application money to entures account, Securities premium account balance refunded)		7,50,000	4,00,000 2,00,000 1,50,000	
	Alte	rnatively,				2
	То	a) enture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. Bank A/c und of excess application money)		1,50,000	1,50,000	2
	To To	b) enture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. 11% Debentures A/c Securities Premium A/c nsfer of Debenture application money)		6,00,000	4,00,000 2,00,000	
						=3 ma
Q. Soha	m, As	hish, Vishesh and Rashi were partners	••••••	•••••		
Ans.						
		Books of Soham, Ashish, Visho	esh and	d Rashi		
		Journal				
Da	te	Particulars	L.F	Dr. Amount ₹	Cr. Amount ₹	
2023 April	1	General Reserve A/c Dr To Soham's Capital A/c To Ashish's Capital A/c To Vishesh's Capital A/c To Rashi's Capital A/c  To Rashi's Capital A/c		80,000	32,000 24,000 16,000 8,000	1
		(Distribution of General Reserve in old profit-sharing ratio)				

	200	12	Doolei's Comital A/a	D <sub>n</sub>		50,000		1
	202	23 ril 1	Rashi's Capital A/c To Ashish's Cap	Dr		50,000	50,000	
	Ap	111 1	(Adjustment for Good				30,000	1
			of change in profit sh	aring ratio)				
	Worki	ing notes	s:					1
	Calcu	lation of	f gain/ sacrifice					1
	Gainir	ng Share	= New share- Old share					
	Sohan	1	= 2/5 - 4/10 = Nil					
	Ashish	1	= 1/5 - 3/10 = -1/10 (Sa	crifice)				
	Vishes	sh	= 1/5 - 2/10 = Nil					
	Rashi		= 1/5- 1/10 = 1/10 (Gai	n)				=3 marks
10	0 (-)	D41	Classes and Civina		P*			
19	Q. (a) Ans.	Prateer	x, Charu and Sirima w	vere partners in a	a IIrm	•••••	•••	
		1	C	1 1	C•	. 1 • 1	,	
	Calcu	lation oj	f amount of cash to be	brought into the j	urm or i	to ve paia to th	e partners:	1
				Charu		Sirima		
			New capital	2/3 X 6,30,00		1/3 X 6,30,		
		(₹6,30	,000 in new ratio 2:1)	= <b>₹</b> 4,20,000		= <b>₹</b> 2,10,0	00	
		A	Adjusted capital	₹4,35,000		₹1,89,00	0	
				Paid ₹15,000	)	Brought ₹21	,000	
	!		D 1 6	D . 1 . Cl	16:			
			Books of	Prateek, Charu a Journal	ina Sirii	na		
		Date	Particu		L.F	Dr. Amount	Cr. Amount	
	•					₹	₹	
	202 Mo	23 .rch 31	Cash A/c To Sirima's Capita	Dr.		21,000	21,000	1
	Ivia	1011 31	(Cash brought in by S				21,000	
			retirement of Prateek					
	202	23	Charu's Capital A/c	Dr.		15,000		
	Ma	rch 31	To Cash A/c				15,000	1
			(Cash paid to Charu o	on retirement of				
			Prateek)					
			1					=3 marks
				OR				OR

ans.					
	Books of Chaman, Burman o	and Am	nan		
Data	Journal	I E	Du Amount	Ca Amount	
Date	Particulars	L.F	Dr.Amount ₹	Cr.Amount ₹	
2023 March 31	(i) Profit & Loss A/c Dr To Profit & Loss Appropriation A/c (Net profit transferred to Profit & Loss Appropriation Account)		1,20,000	1,20,000	1
2023 March 31	(ii) Profit & Loss Appropriation A/c Dr To Chaman's Capital A/c To Burman's Capital A/c To Aman's Capital A/c (Distribution of profit among partners in the ratio of 3:2:1)		1,20,000	60,000 40,000 20,000	1
2023 March 31	(iii) Chaman's Capital A/c Dr Burman's Capital A/c Dr To Aman's Capital A/c (Deficiency of Aman, met by Chaman and Burman in the ratio of 3:2)		24,000 16,000	40,000	1
	Alternate combined entry for (ii) & (iii)  Profit & Loss Appropriation A/c Dr To Chaman's Capital A/c To Burman's Capital A/c To Aman's Capital A/c (Distribution of profit among partners after adjustment for guarantee)		1,20,000	36,000 24,000 60,000	
	<u> </u>				=3 m
Q. On 1 <sup>st</sup> Ap	ril 2023, the books of a	••••			
<b>.ns.</b> Goodwi	ll = No. of years' purchase X Super Profits				
₹1,00,00	00 = 4  X Super Profits				
Super Profit	s =₹25,000		1		
	oyed= Total Assets- Outside Liabilities = ₹5,00,000- Nil= ₹5,00,000				
Iormal Profi	t = 10%  of  ₹5,00,000 = ₹50,000		1		

	Super Profit = Average Profit - Normal Profit							
	₹25,000 = Average Profit - ₹50,000							
	Average Profit = ₹75,000	1		=3 marks				
21	Q. RR Ltd. was registered with							
	Ans.							
	RR Ltd. Balance Sheet as at (An Extract)							
	Particulars (An	Note	Amount (₹)					
	Tanuans	no.	Amount (X)					
	Equity and Liabilities	no.						
	1. Shareholders' Funds	1	2 00 000	1				
	(a) Share Capital	1	3,90,000					
	Notes to Accounts:-							
	Particulars		Amount (₹)					
	1. Share Capital:							
	Authorised Capital							
	80,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each		8,00,000	1				
	Issued Capital			1				
	40,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each		4,00,000	1				
	Subscribed Capital							
	• Subscribed and fully paid up 38,000 Equity shares of 10 each		3,80,000	1/2				
	• Subscribed but not fully paid up 2,000 Equity shares of 10 each, fully called up	20,000		1/2				
	Less: Calls in arrears (2000 x 5)	( <u>10,000)</u>	10,000	, 2				
			3,90,000					
				=4 marks				

Books of Aditi, Renu and Varsha								
Dr. Varshas's Capital A/c Cr.								
	Particulars	Amount ₹	Pa	rticulars	Amount ₹			
To Va	rsha's Executor's A/c (1/2)	6,41,000	By Balance b	o/d (1/2	<b>3,00,000</b>			
			By General F	Reserve A/c (1/	50,000			
			By Aditi's C	apital A/c (1/	81,000			
			By Renu's C	apital A/c (1/2	54,000			
			By Interest o	n Capital A/c (1/	6,000			
			_	Loss Suspense A				
				-	(1)			
		6,41,000			6,41,000			
Workin	g Notes:		1			=4 ma		
	lation of Goodwill							
Firm's	Goodwill= 3x90,000= 2,70,0	000						
Varsha <sup>3</sup>	s share of Goodwill= 2,70,0	$000 \times 5/10 = 1$	₹1,35,000					
2. Calcu	ulation of Profit:							
Profit=	12,00,000/ 60,00,000 x 15,0	0,000=₹ 3,0	00,000					
Varsha <sup>3</sup>	s share of Profit= 3,00,000	x 5/10= ₹1,5	50,000					
	To marks to be awarded for							
Q. Pass	necessary journal entries							
	necessary journal entires	for	•••••					
Ans.	necessary journal eneries	for	••••••					
Ans.	necessary journal eneries	Books of I						
		Books of I	Hero Ltd. rnal	D. Amarad	Co. America	1		
Ans.	Particula	Books of I	Hero Ltd.	Dr. Amount ₹	Cr. Amount ₹			
		Books of I	Hero Ltd. rnal	<i>Dr. Amount</i> ₹ 21,00,000	Cr. Amount ₹			
	Particula	Books of I Jour	Hero Ltd. rnal L.F	₹	<i>Cr. Amount</i> ₹ 21,00,000			
	Particula  Bank A/c  To Debenture Application (Receipt of application mone)	Books of I  Jour  urs  and Allotme ey on 20,000,	Hero Ltd. rnal  Dr. ent A/c , 11%	₹	₹	1		
	Particula  Bank A/c  To Debenture Application	Books of I  Jour  urs  and Allotme ey on 20,000,	Hero Ltd. rnal  Dr. ent A/c , 11%	₹	₹	1		
	Particular  Bank A/c  To Debenture Application (Receipt of application mone Debentures of ₹100 each at a	Journs  a and Allotme ey on 20,000, a premium of	Pero Ltd.  The property of the	₹ 21,00,000	₹	1		
	Particula  Bank A/c  To Debenture Application (Receipt of application mone)	Journs  and Allotme ey on 20,000, a premium of	Pero Ltd.  The property of the	₹	₹	1		
	Particular  Bank A/c  To Debenture Application (Receipt of application mone Debentures of ₹100 each at a Debenture Application and A	Journs  and Allotme ey on 20,000, a premium of	Dr. ent A/c (11% (2.5%))	₹ 21,00,000 21,00,000	₹	1		
	Particular  Bank A/c  To Debenture Application (Receipt of application mone Debentures of ₹100 each at a Debenture Application and A Loss on issue of Debentures To 11% Debentures A/c  To Securities Premium A/c	Books of I Jour ars  and Allotme ey on 20,000, a premium of Allotment A/c	Dr. ent A/c	₹ 21,00,000 21,00,000	₹ 21,00,000 20,00,000 1,00,000	1		
	Particular  Bank A/c  To Debenture Application (Receipt of application mone Debentures of ₹100 each at a Debenture Application and A Loss on issue of Debentures To 11% Debentures A/c  To Securities Premium A/c  To Premium on redemptio	Books of I  Jour  urs  and Allotme ey on 20,000, a premium of  Allotment A/c A/c  c  n of Debentu	Phero Ltd.  In al L.F  Dr.  ent A/c  11%  55%)  Dr.  Dr.  Dr.  res A/c	₹ 21,00,000 21,00,000	₹ 21,00,000 20,00,000			
	Particular  Bank A/c  To Debenture Application (Receipt of application mone Debentures of ₹100 each at a Debenture Application and A Loss on issue of Debentures To 11% Debentures A/c  To Securities Premium A/c	Books of In Journs  and Allotment and Allotment A/C  Allotment A/C  and The second of	Phero Ltd.  In al L.F  Dr.  ent A/c  11%  55%)  Dr.  Dr.  Dr.  res A/c	₹ 21,00,000 21,00,000	₹ 21,00,000 20,00,000 1,00,000			

(ii)	Books of Shashi Ltd.			
	Journal			
	Bank A/c Dr.  To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c (Receipt of application money on 30,000, 9% Debentures of ₹100 each at a discount of 10%)	27,00,000	27,00,000	1
	Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. Loss on issue of Debentures A/c Dr. To 9% Debentures A/c To Premium on redemption of Debentures A/c (Transfer of Debenture application money and provision for premium on redemption of Debentures made)	27,00,000 6,00,000	30,00,000 3,00,000	
	Alternatively,			1
	Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. Discount on issue of Debentures A/c Dr. Loss on issue of Debentures A/c Dr. To 9% Debentures A/c To Premium on redemption of Debentures A/c (Transfer of Debenture application money and provision for premium on redemption of Debentures made)	27,00,000 3,00,000 3,00,000	30,00,000 3,00,000	
(iii)	Books of Murato Ltd.			
	Bank A/c Dr.	40,00,000		
	To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c (Receipt of application money on 40,000, 11% Debentures of ₹100 each)	40,00,000	40,00,000	1
	Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. Loss on issue of Debentures A/c Dr. To 11% Debentures A/c To Premium on redemption of Debentures A/c (Transfer of Debenture application money and provision for premium on redemption of Debentures made)	40,00,000 4,00,000	40,00,000 4,00,000	1
		1		=6 marks
				1

ns.				
	Book of Manish and	Nikhil		
	Journal	T	1-	
Date	Particulars	L.F	Dr. Amount	Cr. Amount
			₹	₹
	(i) Realisation A/c Dr. To Manish's Capital A/c (Father's loan taken over by Manish)		50,000	50,000
	(ii) Cash/Bank A/c Dr. To Realisation A/c (Old vehicle sold off)		45,000	45,000
	(iii) Nikhil's Capital A/c Dr. To Realisation A/c (Stock taken over by Nikhil)		69,000	69,000
	(iv) Realisation A/c Dr. To Cash A/c (Payment made to creditors)		15,000	15,000
	(v) Realisation A/c Dr. To Manish's Capital A/c (Realisation expenses paid by Manish)		18,000	18,000
	(vi) Realisation A/c Dr.  To Manish's Capital A/c  To Nikhil's Capital A/c		36,000	30,000 6,000
	(Profit on realisation distributed between partners in the ratio 5:1)			
(a) Pa	ss necessary journal entries	•••••	••	
ns.				
(i)	Books of Star L	td.		
Data	Journal Particulars	I E	Dr. Amount	Cu Amount
Date	<i>Paruculars</i>	L.F	Dr. Amount ₹	Cr. Amount ₹
	Share Capital A/c Dr. Securities Premium A/c Dr. To Share Forfeiture A/c To Calls in arrears A/c		6,40,000 80,000	1,60,000 5,60,000
	(8,000 shares forfeited for non-payment of allotment and 1 <sup>st</sup> call money)			2,23,000

Alternatively,				
Share Capital A/c	Dr.	6,40,000		
Securities Premium A/c	Dr.	80,000		
To Share Forfeiture A/c			1,60,000	
To Share Allotment A/c			3,20,000	
To Share First Call A/c			2,40,000	
(8,000 shares forfeited for non-pa	yment		, ,	
of allotment and 1st call money)				
Bank A/c	Dr.	4,20,000		1
Share Forfeiture A/c	Dr.	60,000		
To Share capital A/c			4,80,000	
(6,000 shares reissued @ ₹70, ₹80	O paid			
up)				
Share Forfeiture A/c	Dr.	60,000		
To Capital Reserve A/c			60,000	1
(Gain on reissue of 6,000 shares			,	
transferred to capital reserve)				

# (ii) Books of Premier Ltd. Journal

Date	Particulars	L.F	Dr. Amount ₹	Cr. Amount ₹	
	Share Capital A/c Dr.		24,000		
	To Share Forfeiture A/c			15,000	
	To Calls in arrears A/c			9,000	
	(3,000 shares forfeited for non-payment				
	of 1st call money)				1
	Alternatively,				
	Share Capital A/c Dr.		24,000		
	To Share Forfeiture A/c			15,000	
	To Share First Call A/c			9,000	
	(3,000 shares forfeited for non-payment				
	of 1 <sup>st</sup> call money)				
	Bank A/c Dr.		24,000		
	To Share Capital A/c			16,000	
	To Securities Premium A/c			8,000	1
	(2,000 shares reissued for ₹12 per share	,			
	₹8 paid up)				

	Books of Zee Ltd.			
Ans.				
<b>Q.(b) Ze</b>	e ltd. invited applications	•••••		
	OR			C
	(Gain on reissue of 2,000 shares transferred to capital reserve)			=6m
	To Capital Reserve A/c		10,000	
	Share Forfeiture A/c Dr.	10,000		

Date	Particulars		L.F	Dr. Amount ₹	Cr. Amount ₹	
	Bank A/c To Share Application A/c (Application money received on 60,0 shares)	Dr.		2,40,000	2,40,000	1/2
	Share Application A/c To Share Capital A/c To Share Allotment A/c To Bank A/c (Application money transferred to sha capital A/c, excess money received adjusted towards allotment and refund			2,40,000	1,60,000 32,000 48,000	1
	Share Allotment A/c To Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c (Amount due on allotment)	Dr.		2,00,000	1,20,000 80,000	1
	Bank A/c Calls in arrears A/c To Share Allotment A/c (Allotment money received, except o 1,000 shares)	Dr. Dr. n		1,63,800 4,200	1,68,000	1
	Alternatively, Bank A/c To Share Allotment A/c (Allotment money received, except o 1,000 shares)	Dr. n		1,63,800	1,63,800	
	Share Capital A/c Securities Premium A/c To Share Forfeiture A/c To Calls in Arrears A/c (1,000 shares forfeited for non-payme allotment money)	Dr. Dr.		7,000 2,000	4,800 4,200	1

	Alter	natively,							
	Secu T (1,00	e Capital A/rities Premio Share For Share All 00 shares for ment money	um A/c feiture A/c lotment A/c rfeited for r	e	Dr. Dr. ent of	7000 2000		4800 4200	
	Г	e First Call To Share Ca count due on es)	pital A/c	n 39,000	Dr.	78,000		78,000	1
		o Share Fir t call money			Dr. 1,000	78,000		78,000	1/2
	Share								=6 ma
Ar	ns. <i>Dr</i> .			Revaluati	on A/c			Cr.	
_	Dr. Particular	re A/c	(½) Departmers' (½) 3,600 2,400	Amoun ₹ 6,00	Particulars  By Investment	ents A/c	(1/2)	Amount ₹ 12,000	1 1/2
	Dr.  Particular.  To Furnitu To Profit to Capital Acc Sanju Manju	re A/c	Partners' (½) 3,600	Amoun ₹ 6,00 6,00 12,00	Particulars  By Investment  O  O  O  O  O	ents A/c		Amount  ₹ 12,000	1 1/2
TOM	Dr.  Particular.  To Furnitu To Profit to Capital Ac Sanju	re A/c ransferred to counts:  Sanju 48,000 1,25,600	Partners' (½) 3,600	Amoun ₹ 6,00 6,00 12,00	Particulars  DO By Investment  DO By Investment  DO By Investment  Particulars  By Balance b/d (½)  By Cash A/c (1)  By Premium for  Goodwill A/c (1)	Sanju ₹		Amount  ₹ 12,000  12,000  Cr.  Uday  ₹ 0 - 78,667	1 1/2
TOM	Dr.  Particular To Furnitu To Profit to Capital Act Sanju Manju  Dr.  Particulars To Plant & Machinery (1/2) To Balance c/d	re A/c ransferred to counts:  Sanju 48,000 1,25,600	Partners' (1/2) 3,600 2,400  Manju ₹ 32,000	Amoun  ₹  6,00  12,00  Partners  Uday  ₹  -	Particulars  O By Investment  O By Inves	Sanju ₹ 1,40,000 - 6,000 3,600	Manju ₹ 1,20,000	Amount  ₹ 12,000  Cr.  Uday  ₹ 78,667  -	4 1/2

### Working notes:

Calculation of Uday's Capital:

Combined capital of Sanju and Manju= 1,25,600+ 1,10,400= ₹2,36,000 Capital brought by Uday= 2,36,000 X 4/3 X 1/4 = ₹78,667

Note: No marks to be awarded for the working notes.

OR

OR

2

Q.(b) Ravi, Tanu and Sara were partners.....

Ans.

Dr.

### Revaluation A/c

Cr.

2.,				0
Particulars	Amount	Particular	·s	Amount
	₹			₹
To Provision for doubtfu	1 10,000	By Creditors A/c	(1/2)	4,000
debts A/c	(1/2)	By Loss transferred t	o Partners'	
To Fixed Assets A/c	(1/2) 5,000	Capital Accounts:	(1/2)	
		Ravi	5,500	
		Tanu	3,300	
		Sara	<u>2,200</u>	11,000
	15,000			15,000
			7	•

Dr.

### Partners' Capital A/c

Cr.

Particulars	Ravi	Tanu	Sara	Particulars	Ravi	Tanu	Sara
	₹	₹	₹		₹	₹	₹
To Revaluation A/c (1/2)	5,500	3,300	2,200	By Balance b/d (1/2)	80,000	1,24,000	66,000
To Ravi's Capital A/c				By Tanu's			
(1/2)	-	16,000	64,000	Capital A/c	16,000	-	-
To Ravi's Loan A/c (1)	2,39,500	-	-	By Sara's (½)			
To Balance c/d (1/2)	-	1,55,700	33,800	Capital A/c	64,000	-	-
				By Profit & Loss A/c	85,000	51,000	34,000
				(1/2)			
	2,45,000	1,75,000	1,00,000		2,45,000	1,75,000	1,00,000

=6 marks

Working Notes:

Gaining Share= New share - Old share

Tanu = 2/5 - 3/10 = 1/10 (Gain)

= 3/5 - 2/10 = 4/10 (Gain) Sara

Gaining ratio of Tanu & Sara = 1: 4

Note: No marks to be awarded for the working notes.

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			PART-B		
			OPTION-I		
27	O (Daid 3		LYSIS OF FINANCIAL		
27		•	sharesvesting activities ₹4,70,0		1 mark
	Ans. (D)	cash outhow from in	vesting activities (4,70,0		
28	Q.(i) Whi	ch of the following.		•	
	<b>Ans.</b> (C) 7	Γo consider the impa	ct of price level changes.		1 mark
			OR		OR
	Q.(ii)	is also know	n as		1 mark
	<b>Ans.</b> (B) (	Quick Ratio			
29	Q. Curre	nt ratio of Super Lt	d		
	Ans. (C) I	Repayment of long-te	erm loan of ₹7,00,000		1 mark
30	Q. (i) Stat	ement I: Issue of De	ebentures	••••••	
	<b>Ans.</b> (C) S	Statement I is correct	and Statement II is incorr	rect.	1 mark
			OR		OR
	O (ii) Wh	not will be offeet of			
	Ans. (A) N		•••••••••••	•	1 mark
31	Q. Classif	fy the following iten	ıs under major	•••••	
	Ans.				
	S.No.	Items	Heads	Sub Heads	
	(i)	Unclaimed Dividend	Current Liabilities	Other Current Liabilities	
	(ii)	Raw Material	Current Assets	Inventories	
	(iii)	Capital work in	Non-Current Assets	Fixed Assets/	
		Progress		Property, Plant & Equipment & Intangible Assets – Capital	½ X6
				work in progress	=3 marks

Q. Calculate the 'Inventory Tu Ans.					
nventor Turnover Ratio = <u>Cost</u>	of rover	uua from one	rations		(14)
		Inventory	<u> </u>	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(72)
	D	C	.: Q	D C.	
Cost of revenue from operations			erations- Gro % of ₹15,00,0		
		00,000 - ₹3,0		00	
	= ₹12,0	00,000			(1)
Cost of revenue from operations	= Open	ing inventor	ry + Purchase	es – Closing i	nventory
12,00,000	= 2,00,	000 + 18,00	,000 – Closin	ng inventory	-
Closing inventory	y = ₹8,0	0,000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(1/2)
Average Inventory = Opening in	ventory	+ Closing i	nventory		
<b>₹2</b> 00 000	±0.00	2 2000 - ₹10.4	00 000 <b>3</b> 5	00 000	(1/)
$= \langle \underline{2,00,000} \rangle$	<u>+ &lt;8,00</u> 2	<u>,,000</u> = < <u>10,</u> 0 2	<u>50,000                                 </u>	,00,000	(½)
nventory Turnover Ratio= 12,00	0,000 / 5	5,00,000 = 2	.4 times		(1/2)
Q.(a) From the following infor	mation	,	•••••		
Ans.					
Ans. Compa	rative S	tatement of	Profit and		
Ans. Compar for t	rative S the year	tatement of			Percentage
•	rative S	tatement of r ended 31 <sup>st</sup>	Profit and March 2023	3	Percentage Increase/
Ans. Compar for t	rative S the year Note	statement of r ended 31 <sup>st</sup> 2021-22	F Profit and 1 March 2023 2022-23	Absolute Increase/ Decrease	Increase/ Decrease
Ans.  Compare for to Particulars	rative S the year Note	tatement of r ended 31 <sup>st</sup> 2021-22	F Profit and 1 March 2023 2022-23 ₹	Absolute Increase/ Decrease ₹	Increase/ Decrease
Comparions  Particulars  I. Revenue from Operations	rative S the year Note	statement of r ended 31 <sup>st</sup> 2021-22	F Profit and 1 March 2023 2022-23	Absolute Increase/ Decrease ₹ 2,00,000	Increase/ Decrease
Ans.  Compare for to Particulars	rative S the year Note	tatement of r ended 31 <sup>st</sup> 2021-22	F Profit and 1 March 2023 2022-23 ₹	Absolute Increase/ Decrease ₹	Increase/ Decrease
Compar for to Particulars  I. Revenue from Operations  II. Other Income	rative S the year Note	tatement of r ended 31 <sup>st</sup> 2021-22  ₹ 2,00,000 40,000	F Profit and 1 March 2023 2022-23  ₹ 4,00,000 80,000	Absolute Increase/ Decrease ₹ 2,00,000 40,000	Increase/ Decrease % 100 100
Compar for to Particulars  I. Revenue from Operations  II. Other Income  III. Total Revenue (I+ II)	rative S the year Note	tatement of r ended 31 <sup>st</sup> 2021-22  ₹  2,00,000	F Profit and 1 March 2023 2022-23  ₹ 4,00,000	Absolute Increase/ Decrease ₹ 2,00,000	Increase/ Decrease % 100
Compar for to Particulars  I. Revenue from Operations  II. Other Income  III. Total Revenue (I+ II)  IV. Expenses:	rative S the year Note	tatement of r ended 31 <sup>st</sup> 2021-22  ₹ 2,00,000 40,000 2,40,000	₹ Profit and 3 March 2023 2022-23  ₹ 4,00,000 80,000 4,80,000	Absolute Increase/ Decrease ₹ 2,00,000 40,000	Increase/ Decrease % 100 100
Compar for to Particulars  I. Revenue from Operations  II. Other Income  III. Total Revenue (I+ II)	rative S the year Note	tatement of r ended 31 <sup>st</sup> 2021-22  ₹ 2,00,000 40,000	F Profit and 1 March 2023 2022-23  ₹ 4,00,000 80,000	Absolute Increase/ Decrease ₹ 2,00,000 40,000	Increase/ Decrease % 100 100
Compar for to Particulars  I. Revenue from Operations  II. Other Income  III. Total Revenue (I+ II)  IV. Expenses:	rative S the year Note	tatement of r ended 31 <sup>st</sup> 2021-22  ₹ 2,00,000 40,000 2,40,000	₹ Profit and 3 March 2023 2022-23  ₹ 4,00,000 80,000 4,80,000	Absolute Increase/ Decrease ₹ 2,00,000 40,000	Increase/ Decrease % 100 100
I. Revenue from Operations II. Other Income III. Total Revenue (I+ II) IV. Expenses: Employees Benefit Expenses V. Profit before tax (III- IV)	rative S the year Note	tatement of r ended 31 <sup>st</sup> 2021-22  ₹  2,00,000  40,000  1,00,000  1,40,000	₹ Profit and 3 March 2023 2022-23  ₹ 4,00,000 80,000 4,80,000 2,00,000 2,80,000	Absolute Increase/ Decrease ₹ 2,00,000 40,000 2,40,000 1,00,000 1,40,000	Increase/ Decrease
Particulars  I. Revenue from Operations  II. Other Income  III. Total Revenue (I+ II)  IV. Expenses: Employees Benefit Expenses	rative S the year Note	tatement of r ended 31st 2021-22 ₹ 2,00,000 40,000 1,00,000	₹ Profit and 3 March 2023 2022-23  ₹ 4,00,000 80,000 4,80,000 2,00,000	Absolute Increase/ Decrease ₹ 2,00,000 40,000 1,00,000	Increase/ Decrease
I. Revenue from Operations II. Other Income III. Total Revenue (I+ II) IV. Expenses: Employees Benefit Expenses V. Profit before tax (III- IV)	rative S the year Note	tatement of r ended 31 <sup>st</sup> 2021-22  ₹  2,00,000  40,000  1,00,000  1,40,000	₹ Profit and 3 March 2023 2022-23  ₹ 4,00,000 80,000 4,80,000 2,00,000 2,80,000	Absolute Increase/ Decrease ₹ 2,00,000 40,000 2,40,000 1,00,000 1,40,000	Increase/ Decrease
I. Revenue from Operations  II. Other Income  III. Total Revenue (I+ II)  IV. Expenses: Employees Benefit Expenses  V. Profit before tax (III- IV)  VI. Less: Tax @ 50%	rative S the year Note	tatement of r ended 31st 2021-22 ₹ 2,00,000 40,000 1,00,000 1,40,000 70,000	₹ Profit and 1 2023 2022-23    ₹ 4,00,000    80,000    4,80,000    2,00,000    2,80,000    1,40,000	Absolute Increase/ Decrease ₹ 2,00,000 40,000 1,00,000 1,40,000 70,000	Increase/ Decrease % 100 100 100 100 100 100
I. Revenue from Operations II. Other Income III. Total Revenue (I+ II) IV. Expenses: Employees Benefit Expenses V. Profit before tax (III- IV) VI. Less: Tax @ 50%	rative S the year Note	tatement of r ended 31st 2021-22 ₹ 2,00,000 40,000 1,00,000 1,40,000 70,000	₹ Profit and 1 2023 2022-23    ₹ 4,00,000    80,000    4,80,000    2,00,000    2,80,000    1,40,000	Absolute Increase/ Decrease ₹ 2,00,000 40,000 1,00,000 1,40,000 70,000	Increase/ Decrease % 100 100 100 100 100 100

Common Size For the year		ent of Profit a 31 <sup>st</sup> March 20			•	
Particulars	Note No.	Absolute A	mounts (₹)		enue from ations	
		2021-22	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	
I. Revenue from Operations		20,00,000	40,00,000	100	100	-
II. Expenses: Purchase of stock Other expenses		2,00,000 20,000	4,00,000 40,000	10 1	10 1	
III. Profit before tax (I- II)		17,80,000	35,60,000	89	89	-
IV. Less: Tax @ 50%		8,90,000	17,80,000	44.5	44.5	
V. Profit after tax (III- IV)		8,90,000	17,80,000	44.5	44.5	-
		1				
Q. From the following Balar	ice Shee					:
Ans.		Nishant Ltd from Operat	ł.	es Amount	Amount	=
Ans.	sh flows Particular	Nishant Ltd from Operat	ł.		Amount ₹	
Ans.  Ca  P	sh flows Particular Atraordina and non-o hinery inery	Nishant Ltd from Operators ary items	l. ting Activitie	Amount ₹		
Net Profit before Tax & Ex  Adjustment for non-cash an Add: Depreciation on mach Loss on sale of mach Interest on debentures	ctraordinate of the control of the c	Nishant Ltd from Operators  ary items  perating items  (2)  apital changes	d. ting Activitie	Amount ₹ 75,000 33,000 1,000 8,500		

### Calculation of Net Profit before Tax and Extraordinary items:

1

Net Profit for the year = 50,000Add: Provision for Tax = 25,000Net Profit before Tax & Extraordinary items = 75,000

1,08,000

=6 marks

1,08,000

### Working Notes:

Particulars

To Machinery A/c
To Balance c/d

Dr.

1	Accumulated I	Depreciation A/c	Cr.
	₹	Particulars	₹
	8,000	By Balance b/d	75,000
	1,00,000	By Depreciation A/c	33,000
		(Balancing Fig.)	

Note: No marks to be awarded for the working notes.

	PART-B	
	OPTION-II	
	(COMPUTERIZED ACCOUNTING)	
27	Q. (i) From the following,	1 mark
	OR	OR
	Q. (ii) How many logical values	1 mark
28	Q. The process of comparing  Ans. (C) Data validation	1 mark
29	Q. (i) 'Sales and Accounts Receivable  Ans. (B) Recording and maintaining the sales ledger and receivables.	1 mark
	OR	OR
	Q. (ii) A Null value is a	
	Ans. (C) Absence of data items	1 mark
30	Q. 'Data, people,and	
	Ans. (A) Procedures and Hardware	1 mark
31	Q. Give the meaning of	
	<u>Data item:</u> It is the smallest named unit of element; various items of accounting transactions are essentially the data items.	
	<u>Information</u> : It is the end product of data being processed to some meaningful conclusion. e.g. if the days worked rate per day, then it is converted into information.	
	The information may be viewed as data at one level and when it is processed keeping in view the requirements of decisionmaker, it becomes information at another level.	
		1x 3 =3 marks

32	Q. Explain the 'Block Codes' and	
	Ans.	
	Block codes:	
	A range of numbers is partitioned into a desired number of sub ranges and each subrange is allotted to a specific group. In most of the uses of block codes, numbers within a subrange follow sequential coding scheme.	1
	For example,	
	•	1/2
	71	
	1 1	
	200-299 Medium pump	
	300-399 Pipes	
	Or any other suitable example.	
	Mnemonic codes:	1
	A mnemonic code consists of abbreviations as symbol to codify a piece of information 'PJ' for Purchase Journal, DDN for Dehradun. These codes can be remembered easily and aids its user in recalling the information it represents.	
	Example: Entering SUB may initiate a computer to subtract.	1/2
		=3 marks
33	Q. (a) What is meant by accounting	
	Ans.	
	Meaning: The accounting cycle means the process involved in identifying, measuring, and communicating the accounting information.	1
	The basic phases of this cycle are as follows:	3
	Business transactions are analysed.	3
	• The transactions are recorded in Journal.	
	<ul> <li>Journal entries are posted to ledger accounts.</li> </ul>	
	• A trial balance is prepared from the balances of accounts.	
	Accounts are reviewed and necessary adjustments are made.	
	Adjustments are posted in the ledger to prepare adjusted trial balance.  Adjusted Trial balance is used to great the balance should be a second to get a selection of the s	
	• Adjusted Trial balance is used to prepare the balance sheet and profit and loss account.	
	<ul> <li>Financial statements are prepared from the finally adjusted ledger and balancing accounts.</li> </ul>	=4 marks
	OR	OR
	Q. (b) What is 'data formatting'?	
	Ans.	
	Data formatting refers to setting up spreadsheet in such a way that the user of the information can read and understand the information easily and quickly.	1
	Several tools and shortcuts are available to format spreadsheet effectively.	

	Following are the tools to format data:	½ x 6=3
	1. Number formatting:	
	• It includes adding %, decimal places, currency signs, date, time, scientific	
	values etc.	
	• Various number formats are available.	
	2. Special format category- for which one has to select 'Special' from category option.	
	3. Changing cell colours	
	4. Adding text formatting	
	5. Changing font size	=4 marks
	6. Changing cell borders	-4 marks
34	Q. Write the steps to create	
	Ans.	
	Following will be the steps to create 'IF' function using formula tab and dialogue box.	
	1. Select the cell where the saving % is to be shown say F4.	5
	2. Click at the formula tab on the ribbon and click logical option.	
	3. Select 'IF Function' which will provide function arguments dialogue box.	
	4. Type an appropriate condition in the logical _test box.	
	5. In the value_if_true box, type the required value (Here it is 100%) if logical condition test	
	is met.	
	6. In the value_if_false, type the value if logical test condition is not met. (Here it is 5%)	
	7. Click OK, the answer for the condition will be displayed in F\$. Copy the function from	
	F4 cell to rest of F column till you want to calculate.	
	Le the formande the counter will be	
	In the formula the syntax will be	1
	= If(F4>10000, 10%, 5%)	
		=6 marks

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*