PREVIEW QUESTION BANK

Module Name : PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY-ENG Exam Date : 09-Jul-2023 Batch : 10:00-12:00

Client Ques ID	tion	Question Body and Alternatives Marks	Negat Marl	
tive Question				
Mate	ch List I with List II		4.0) .
	List I	List II		
]	Name of the Fatty Acid	Type of the fatty acid		
(A)	Oleic acid	(I) ω-3		
(B)	Petroselenic acid	(II) ω-6		
(C)	Gamma linolenic acid	(III) ω-12		
(D)	Eicosapentaenoic acid	(IV) ω-9		
Cho	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from	n the options given below:		
1.	(A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)		
2.	(A) - (II), (B) - (I), (C) - (
3.	(A) - (III), (B) - (II), (C) -			
4.	(A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C)	- (II), (D) - (I)		
A1:1				
A2:2				
A3:3				
A4:4				
tive Question				_
comp		it of chromatin- contains a nucleosome core, which is of DNA wrapped around histone octamer having which	4.0)
1.	Two copies each of H1, H	2A, H2B and H3 histone proteins		
2.	Two copies each of H2A,	H2B, H3 and H4 histone proteins		
3.		H2B, H3 and H5 histone proteins		
4.	Two copies each of H1, H	2A, H2B, and H4 histone proteins		
A1:1				
A2:2		colle		

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

The number of stereoisomers for *n*-carbon aldoses and ketoses respectively are:

4.0 1.00

- 1. $2^{(n-2)}$ and $2^{(n-3)}$
- 2. $2^{(n-2)}$ and $2^{(n-1)}$
- 3. $2^{(n-1)}$ and $2^{(n-2)}$
- 4. $2^{(n-3)}$ and $2^{(n-2)}$

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

Match List-I with List-II

4.0 1.00

List-I Molecule		List-II		
		Type of peptide		
(A)	Aspartame	(I) Tripeptide		
(B)	Glutathione	(II) Tetrapeptide		
(C)	Oxytocin	(III) Nonapeptide		
(D)	Endomorphin	(IV) Dipeptide		

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- 2. (A) (IV), (B) (I), (C) (III), (D) (II)
- 3. (A) (IV), (B) (III), (C) (I), (D) (II)
- 4. (A) (IV), (B) (II), (C) (I), (D) (III)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4



Objective Question 4.0 1.00 105 Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R). Assertion (A): Depsipeptides have more flexible structure and lower rotational barrier for *cis-trans* isomerization than their native analogs. One or more amide linkages in depsipeptides are replaced with Reason (R): corresponding ester groups leading to their reduced hydrogen bonding capacity, which in turn results in deformed secondary structures. In light of the above statements, choose the *correct* answer from the options given below. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). 1. 2. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A). 3. (A) is true but (R) is false. 4. (A) is false but (R) is true. A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 Objective Question 4.0 1.00 The Old Yellow Enzyme (OYE), isolated by Warburg and Christian from brewers' bottom yeast in 1932, has been shown to comprise of a colourless apoprotein and a yellow cofactor. Subsequent identification of the nature of this yellow cofactor demonstrated that OYE is a(an): 1. Ribozyme 2. Flavoenzyme 3. Metalloenzyme 4. Abzyme A1:1 A2:2 A3:3

Objective Question

A4:4

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Match List-II with List-II

	List-I		List-II	
Reaction catalyzed/Name of the enzyme		(Class of enzyme	
(A)	Formation and removal of carbon-carbon double bonds	(I)	Ligase	
(B)	Amino acyl – tRNA synthetase	(II)	Hydrolase	
(C)	Transamination	(III)	Lyase	
(D)	Removal of fatty acids from triglycerides	(IV)	Transferase	

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)1.
- 2. (A) - (III), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (II)
- (A) (II), (B) (I), (C) (IV), (D) (III)3.
- (A) (IV), (B) (III), (C) (I), (D) (II) 4.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

108 The catalytic center of which of the following protease families consists of a catalytic triad of aspartate, histidine and serine?

4.0 1.00

- Cysteine proteases 1.
- 2. Aspartic proteases
- Serine proteases 3.
- 4. Metalloproteases

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

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The first three steps of the β -oxidation pathway of fatty acyl-CoA, chemically resemble the citric acid cycle reactions carrying out which of the following biochemical conversion?

- 1. Oxaloacetate to α-ketoglutarate
- 2. Citrate to Succinyl-CoA
- 3. Succinate to Oxaloacetate
- Isocitrate to Succinate

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

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4.0 1.00

Match List-II with List-II

	List-I	List-II				
	Name of the enzyme	Role in the fatty acid oxidation				
(A)	2,4-dienoyl-CoA reductase	(I)	Involved in the α -oxidation of branched fatty acids formed from the degradation of side chain of the chlorophyll.			
(B)	Phytanoyl- CoA hydroxylase	(II)	Involved in the oxidation of unsaturated fatty acids			
(C)	Acyl-CoA oxidase	(III)	Involved in the ω -oxidation of medium chain fatty acids in the endoplasmic reticulum			
(D)	Cytochrome P450	(IV)	Involved in the peroxisomal β-oxidation			

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- 2. (A) (III), (B) (II), (C) (I), (D) (IV)
- 3. (A) (II), (B) (I), (C) (IV), (D) (III)
- 4. (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4



Objective Question 4.0 1.00 11 | 111 Given below are two statements, one is labelled as **Assertion** (A) and other one labelled as Reason (R). Assertion (A): The addition of fluoride to fermenting yeast extracts causes the buildup of 3-phosphoglycerate and 2-phosphoglycerate. The fluoride strongly inhibits the enolase enzyme in the presence of Reason (R): inorganic phosphate (Pi) by forming a tightly bound complex with the Mg²⁺ at the enzymes's active site. In light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below. 1. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). 2. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A). 3. (A) is true but (R) is false. (A) is false but (R) is true. 4. A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 Objective Question 4.0 1.00 During glycolysis, the enzyme phosphoglycerate mutase catalyses the conversion of 3-phosphoglycerate (3PG) to 2-phosphoglycerate (2PG) through formation of 2,3-bisphosphoglycerate (2,3-BPG) intermediate. The phosphoryl group to 3PG for the the formation of 2,3-BPG is transferred from which of the followings: 1. Adenosine triphosphate Acetyl phosphate 2. 3. Pyrophosphate 4. Phospho-histidine residue present at the active site of the phosphoglycerate mutase A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4

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Objective Question

Match List-II with List-II

List-I Coenzyme/Prosthetic group of Pyruvate Dehydrogenase Multienzyme Complex		List-II
		Location on Multienzyme Complex
(A)	Nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide	(I) Bound to Dihydrolipoyal dehydrogenase (E3)
(B)	Lipoic acid	(II) Covalently linked to a Lysine or Dihydrolipoyal transacetylase (E2)
(C)	Coenzyme A	(III) Substrate for E2
(D)	Flavin adenine dinucleotide (FAD)	(IV) Substrate for E3

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

1.
$$(A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)$$

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question
14 | 114 |

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Match List-I with List-II

List-I Inhibitor/Redox carrier in Electron Transport Chain		List-II			
		Action			
(A)	Amytal	(I)	Inhibits FAD-linked oxidation		
(B)	Antimycin	(II)	Inhibits NAD ⁺ -linked oxidation		
(C)	Tetramethyl- <i>p</i> -phenylenediamine (TMPD)	(III)	Completely inhibits oxidation of all electron donors		
(D)	Sodium azide	(IV)	Transfers electrons directly to Cytochrome C		

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- 2. (A) (II), (B) (I), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- 3. (A) (II), (B) (I), (C) (IV), (D) (III)
- 4. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (III)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

15 115

Given below are two statements, one is labelled as **Assertion** (A) and other one labelled as **Reason** (R).

Assertion (A): The "Randle Cycle" describes the inhibition of the glycolysis by fatty acid oxidation.

Reason (R): Oxidation of fatty acids increases the concentration of citrate that in turn inhibits the phosphofructokinase enzyme of glycolytic pathway.

In light of the above statements, choose the *correct* answer from the options given below.

- 1. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- 2. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).
- 3. **(A)** is true but **(R)** is false.
- 4. (A) is false but (R) is true.

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A1:1

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A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

1. 2.

3.

4.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

0.5

0.667

1.25

4.0

Objective Question

2.

3.

4.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

of plants and cyanobacteria is:

Oxylipins

Fe-S clusters

Oxygented carotenoids

Metal-oxygen clusters

Objective Question 16 116

The pyruvate-phosphate dikinase (PPDK) is a key enzyme of photosynthesis and catalyses a reaction similar to the one catalyzed by the pyruvate kinase (PK)-a glycolytic enzyme. Which of the following statements about these two enzymes is true?

- 1. PPDK catalyses an irreversible reaction.
- PPDK consumes one molecule of ATP for each molecule of pyruvate converted into PEP.
- PK catalyses a reversible reaction.
- 4. PK consumes one molecule of ATP for each molecule of PEP converted into pyruvate.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

Which of the following regions of Nitrate reductase (NR) enzyme is extremely important for the 14-3-3 protein-mediated posttranslational regulation of its activity?

1. Hinge1(H1) region between Molybdenum cofactor (MoCo) and the Heme domain

- 2. Hinge2 (H2) region between Heme and FAD domain
- 3. Acidic residues-rich N-terminal region preceding MoCo domain
- 4. The C-terminal part of FAD domain

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

The synthesis and/or activity of the nitrogenase enzyme gets stimulated by which of the following conditions?

- 1. Low glutamine/α-ketoglutarate ratio
- 2. Higher expression of Dinitrogenase reductase ADP-ribosyl transferase (DRAT) enzyme
- 3. High oxygen concentration
- 4. High expression of Nif L protein

A1:1

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		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4 : 4			
		Question			
21	121		th of the following amino acids in a protein or peptide does not contribute ficantly towards its UV absorption at 280 nm?	n enhanced chromatographic [4.0] 1.00 [alate (HETP)]	
		1.	Tryptophan		
		2.	Tyrosine		
		3.	Phenylalanine		
		4.	Cysteine		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
		Question			
22	122		ch of the following interventions would result in enhanced chromatographic ration?	4.0	1.00
		(A)	Increasing the number of theoretical plates		
		(B)	Decreasing the Height Equivalent to a Theoretical Plate (HETP)		
		(C)	Decreasing the column height		
		(D)	Decreasing the size of the particles used to pack a column		
		Choo	se the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
		1.	(A), (B) and (D) only.		
		2.	(A), (C) and (D) only.		
		3.	(A), (B), (C) and (D).		
		4.	(B), (C) and (D) only.		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			

Objective Question

23 123

Match List-II with List-II

4.0 1.00

List-I Name of the lipid		List-II			
		Nature of the lipid			
(A)	Ceramide	(I)	Ether glycerophospholipid		
(B)	Cerebroside	(II)	Acidic (charged) glycosphingolipid		
(C)	Ganglioside	(III)	Structural parent of all sphingolipids		
(D)	Platelet Activating Factor	(IV)	Neutral Glycosphingolipid		

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (II), (B) (I), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- 2. (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (II), (D) (I)
- 3. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (III)
- 4. (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

24 | 12

Some of the exceptional properties of regulatory/allosteric enzymes are:

4.0 1.00

- (A) Their Kinetics do not obey the Michaelis-Menten equation.
- (B) They are mostly monomeric in nature.
- (C) They have more than one substrate binding sites and the substrate binding to different sites is mutually independent, exclusive and noncooperative.
- (D) Binding of effector molecules to them may lead to their activation or inhibition.

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A), (B) and (D) only.
- 2. (A), (C) and (D) only.
- 3. (A), (B), (C) and (D).
- 4. (A) and (D) only.

A1:1



A2:2

A4:4

A3:3

Objective Question

Match List-I with List-II

1	List-I	List-II Vitamin/Coenzyme		
	Name of the component			
(A)	Pantothenic acid	(I) NAD		
(B)	Para-Amino Benzoic Acid (PABA)	(II) Coenzyme A		
(C)	Ribose	(III) Folic acid		
(D)	Pentanoic acid	(IV) Lipoic acid		

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- 2. (A) (II), (B) (I), (C) (IV), (D) (III)
- 3. (A) (II), (B) (III), (C) (I), (D) (IV)
- 4. (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

Match List-I with List-II

List-I		List-II				
	Mineral	Deficiency Symptom				
(A)	Manganese	(I) Neurological abnormalities due to sulfite oxidase deficiency				
(B)	Selenium	(II) Poor Vitamin D status due to lesser formation of biologically active form of Vitamin D				
(C)	Magnesium	(III) Enhanced oxidative stress				
(D)	Molybdenum	(IV) Poor wound healing due to the inactivation of Prolidase enzyme				

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)
- 2. (A) (IV), (B) (III), (C) (II), (D) (I)
- 3. (A) (I), (B) (III), (C) (IV), (D) (II)
- 4. (A) (I), (B) (IV), (C) (II), (D) (III)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

27 12

Given below are two statements, one is labelled as **Assertion** (A) and other one labelled as **Reason** (R).

Assertion (A): The CAM plants undergo night time acidification and day time deacidification

Reason (R): The CAM plants take up CO₂ during day time, store it in the form of malate in vacuoles and break it down to release CO₂ in the night time.

In light of the above statements, choose the *correct* answer from the options given below.

- 1. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- 2. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).
- 3. **(A)** is true but **(R)** is false.
- 4. (A) is false but (R) is true.

A1:1

A2:2

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A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

28 | 128

Given below are two statements, one is labelled as **Assertion** (A) and other one labelled as **Reason** (R).

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4.0 1.00

- **Assertion** (A): The free histidine is a dominant buffering system at physiological pH than the protein-bound or dipeptide histidine.
- **Reason (R)**: In proteins or dipeptides, the imidazole pKa decreases substantially-in combination with other amino acids- to a level which is more than 1 pH unit removed from intracellular pH.

In light of the above statements, choose the *correct* answer from the options given below.

- 1. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- 2. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A).
- 3. **(A)** is true but **(R)** is false.
- 4. Both (A) and (R) are false.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

29 ||129

Characteristics of bundle sheath cells in C₄ plants

- (A) Have thin cell walls
- (B) Contain centrifugally arranged chloroplasts
- (C) Contain stacked thyllakoid membranes and do not have starch granules
- (D) Carry out light-independent reactions of photosynthesis

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A), (B) and (D) only.
- (B), (C) and (D) only.
- 3. (A), (B), (C) and (D).
- 4. (B) and (D) only.

A1:1

A2:2

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	A3:3			
	A4:4			
Object	e Question			
30 1:	Which of the following metabolites is not an intermediate in the triglyceride biosynthesis by Kennedy pathway?		4.0	1.00
	1. Lysophosphatidic acid			
	2. Phosphatidic acid			
	3. Diacylglycerol			
	4. Glyceraldehyde-3-Phosphate			
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
_	e Question			
31 11	In a nucleotide sequence ATGC, which of the following nucleotide has the unlinked OH?	15' -	4.0	1.00
	1. deoxyadenylate			
	2. deoxycytidylate			
	3. deoxythymidylate			
	4. deoxyguanylate			
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
	le Question			
32 1:	Which of the following subunit of RNA polymerase complex is absent de elongation phase of bacterial transcription?	uring	4.0	1.00
	1. α subunit			
	2. β subunit			
	3. β' subunit			
	4. σ subunit	colleg	00	

The consensus sequence 5'-ACCAUGG-3; is also known as

		1.	Kozak sequence		
		2.	Shine-Dalgarno sequence		
		3.	Transcription termination signal sequence		
		4.	D-loop of tRNA		
		A1 : 1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4 : 4			
		Question			
36	136	Whic	th of the following is Type II restriction enzyme?	4.0	1.00
		1.	HindII		
		2.	EcoK		
		3.	EcoB		
		4.	HinfIII		
		A1 : 1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4 : 4			
		Question		140	1.00
37	13/	Whic	th of the following is the activity of reverse transcriptase?	4.0	1.00
		1.	Synthesis of cDNA from mRNA		
		2.	Synthesis of cDNA from DNA		
		3.	Removal of 5' –PO ₄		
		4.	Removal of single strand protrusion from the ends		
		A1 : 1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4 : 4	college		1

ctive Question			1 00
pBlu	escriptSK is an example of	4.0	1.00
1.	Phagemid vector		
2.	Cosmid vector		
3.	Phasmid vector		
4.	Plasmid vector		
A1:1			
A2:2			
A3:3			
A4:4			
ctive Question			
Whic DNA	ch of the following chemical is used to make E. coli cells competent to take external A?	4.0	1.00
1.	Sodium acetate		
2.	SDS detergent		
3.	CaCl ₂		
4.	NaOH		
A1:1			
A2:2			
A3:3			
A4:4			
ctive Question	(4.0	1.00
In No	orthern hybridization?		
1.	DNA sample is immobilized on the membrane		
2.	RNA sample is immobilized on the membrane		
3.	Copy number of transgene can be known		
4.	Can be used only for transgenic characterization		
A1:1			
A2:2			
A3:3			
		allagad	1.0
A4 : 4	MINI~1/AppData/Local/Temp/Rar\$EXa25368.18254/170_B1_Live_Plant_Biotech_PG_1-120.html	olleged	1

Obje		Question	4.0	1.00
71	171	Which of the following structure is commonly found in both prokaryotes and eukaryotes?	7.0	1.00
		1. Centrosome		
		2. Ribosomes		
		3. Vacuoles		
		4. Mesosomes		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
		Question		
42	142	Which of the following is not a part of endomembrane system?	4.0	1.00
		1. Plasmodesmata		
		2. ER		
		3. Golgi complex		
		4. Peroxisomes		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		A3:3		
		A4:4		
_		Question		
43	143	If half of the progenies of a test cross are having recessive trait, what would be the genotypes of a dominant parent	4.0	1.00
		1. Homozygous dominant		
		2. Heterozygous dominant		
		3. Trait is governed by multi loci		
		4. Trait is epistatic		
		A1:1		
		A2:2		
		college		

Objective Question Which of the following is not used in protoplast fusion? Ca⁺⁺ treatment 1. **PEG** 2. High pH 3. 4. CsCl₂

7/10/23, 12:12 PM

A3:3

A4:4

1. 2.

3.

4.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

culture?

Dry heat

Flame sterilization

1. 2.

3.

4.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question 45 145

Secondary database

Specialized database

Primary database

Objective Question 44 144

7/10/23, 12:12 PM 170_B1_Live_Plant_Biotech_PG_1-120.html A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 Objective Question 47 147 4.0 1.00 Which of the following is true about E. coli DNA ligase Catalyzes the formation phosphodiester bond between 3'-OH and 5' -PO₄ group (A) of a DNA strand

- (B) Requires ATP as energy source
- (C) Requires NAD+ as energy source
- It can ligate two molecules of single-stranded DNA (D)

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- (A), (B), (C) and (D) only.
- 2. (A), (B) and (C) only.
- 3. (A) and (B).
- 4. (A) and (C).

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

Which of the following statement is correct for 70S ribosome?

- The 16S RNA belongs to small subunit. (A)
- (B) It also has 8S RNA.
- (C) The 5S RNA belongs to 50S subunit.
- (D) It can be dissociated into 40S and 30S subunit.

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) and (B) only.
- 2. (A) and (C) only.
- 3. (B) and (C) only.
- 4. (C) and (D) only.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

49 149

Statement (A): The resolution of genetic map depends on the number of crossovers which have been scored.

4.0 1.00

Statement (B): Genetic maps have limited accuracy as the recombination are more likely to occur at some points than at others.

In light of the above statements, choose the *most appropriate* answer from the options given below.

- 1. Both (A) and (B) are correct.
- 2. Both (A) and (B) are incorrect.
- 3. Only (A) is correct, (B) is not correct.
- 4. Only (B) is correct, (A) is not correct.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

50 150

With List I with List II	Match	List-I	with	List-II
--------------------------	-------	--------	------	---------

4.0 1.00

	List-I		List-II
(A)	RNA sequencing	(I)	Global gene expression of known gene
(B)	Northern hybridization	(II)	Transcript expression
(C)	qPCR	(III)	Relative transcript expression
(D)	Microarray	(IV)	Global gene expression of unknown gene
		(V)	Phosphorylation-dephosphorylation of proteome

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

1.
$$(A) - (V), (B) - (I), (C) - (III), (D) - (II)$$

$$2. \hspace{0.5cm} (A) - (IV), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (I)$$

3.
$$(A) - (III), (B) - (V), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)$$

4.
$$(A) - (II), (B) - (I), (C) - (V), (D) - (III)$$



Enzyme activity assay

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

Objective Question

51 151

Match List-II with List-II

List-I	List-II
Southern hybridization	(I) Western blotting
Presence of protein of interest	(II) Y-2H
Peptide sequence	(III) Integration of transgene
Interaction of two transcription factors	(IV) Mass spectrometry

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (V), (B) (IV), (C) (III), (D) (I)
- 2. (A) (IV), (B) (V), (C) (II), (D) (III)
- 3. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- 4. (A) (III), (B) (I), (C) (IV), (D) (II)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

52 | 152

Abortive transduction is an example of?

- 1. Generalized transduction
- 2. Specialized case of complete transduction
- 3. Specialized case of sexduction
- 4. Specialized case of transformation

A1:1

A2:2

4.0 1.00

Objective Question

7/10/23, 12:12 PM

A3:3

A4:4

1.

2.

3.

4.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

1.

2.

3.

4.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Ranchi

New Delhi

Hyderabad

Bangalore

Objective Question

54 154

Objective Question 53 153

55 | 155 GEAC comes under which of the following ministry/department of Government of India?

- Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare 1.
- 2. Ministry of Science, Technology & Earth Sciences
- 3. Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change
- Ministry of Commerce and Industry 4.

A1:1

/10/23, 1	12:12 PM	170_B1_Live_Plant_Biotech_PG_1-120.html	
	A2:2		
	A3:3		
	A4:4		
Objectiv	ve Question		
56 156	In P	rokaryotes, the genetic material, double-stranded single circular DNA is found in the region of the cell	4.0 1.00
	1.	Nucleus	
	2.	Nucleoid	
	3.	Protonucleus	
	4.	Nucleoplasm	
	A1:1		
	A2:2		
	A3:3		
	A4:4		
Objectiv	ve Question		4.0 1.00
		tissue culture technique used to produce seedless fruit is	
	1.	Meristem culture	
	2.	Anther culture	
	3.	Pollen culture	
	4.	Endosperm culture	
	A1:1		
	A2:2		
	A3:3		
	A4:4		
Objectiv	ve Question		
58 158			4.0 1.00
		_	
		coll	egedunia
п п e:///С:/U	่ Jsers/ADI	MINI~1/AppData/Local/Temp/Rar\$EXa25368.18254/170_B1_Live_Plant_Biotech_PG_1-120.html	gest Student Review Platfo 26/54

Which of the following is correct for the Primer Annealing Temperature in a PCR?

- (A) Base composition and length of the template DNA
- (B) Melting temperature of the primer
- (C) Base composition and length of the primer
- (D) Genomic DNA content of the plant tissue

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) and (B) only.
- 2. (A) and (C) only.
- 3. (B) and (C) only.
- 4. (C) and (D) only.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

Match List-I with List-II

4.0 1.00

List-I	List-II
(Book/Theory proposed/ Characteristic, etc.)	(Author/Thinker/Name of Theory, etc.)
(A) Schiffs Reagent	(I) Nucleic Acid to Protein
(B) Central Dogma	(II) DNA
(C) Chromosome	(III) Feulgen reaction
(D) Ultraviolet light of 2600 angstorms	(IV) DNA and Histone proteins

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (IV), (B) (II), (C) (I), (D) (III)
- 2. (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)
- 3. (A) (I), (B) (III), (C) (IV), (D) (II)
- 4. (A) (III), (B) (I), (C) (IV), (D) (II)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3



	A4:4			
jectiv	e Question	1		
160	Wha	it is the estimated size of Human genome?	4.0	1.00
	1.	3.2 billion base pairs		
	2.	2.2 billion base pairs		
	3.	4.1 billion base pairs		
	4.	5.1 billion base pairs		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4 : 4			
	e Question	1		
161	Whi	ch of the following is a multiple sequence alignment tool?	4.0	1.00
	1.	SCOP		
	2.	PDB		
	3.	GOLD		
	4.	Clustal W		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4 : 4			
	e Question	1		
162	Wha	it is the first sequenced protein?	4.0	1.00
	1.	Insulin		
	2.	Hemoglobin		
	3.	Actin		
	4.	Myosin		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			l
 C./L.I	 	MINI~1/AppData/Local/Temp/Rar\$EXa25368.18254/170_B1_Live_Plant_Biotech_PG_1-120.html	ged	UI

A4 : 4

A3:3

Objective Question

Golden rice, a rice variety, was developed by

4.0 1.00

- Landsteiner and Weiner
- 2. Ingo Potricus and Peter Beyer
- 3. Alec Jaffreys and Kary Mullis
- Jacob and Monad
- A1:1
- A2:2
- A3:3
- A4:4

Objective Question

In lac operon which of the following statements are true

- 4.0 1.00
- (A) *lac* operon contains three genes: *lacZ*, *lacY*, and *lacA*. These genes are transcribed as a single mRNA, under control of one promoter
- (B) When lactose is available, the *lac* repressor binds tightly to the operator, preventing transcription by RNA polymerase
- (C) Operator overlaps with the promoter and is a negative regulatory site bound by the *lac* repressor protein
- (D) *lac* operon contains genes that specify proteins to help the cell utilize lactose and also contains a number of regulatory DNA sequences

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A), (B) and (C) only.
- (A), (B) and (D) only.
- 3. (A), (C) and (D).
- 4. (B), (C) and (D) only.
- A1:1
- A2:2
- A3:3
- A4:4

Objective Question

Enzyme required for removing RNA primer during DNA replication is

		1.	DNA primase			
		2.	Endonucleases			
		3.	DNA Polymerase III			
		4.	DNA Polymerase I			
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
Obj	ective	Question				
66	166	Sigm	na factor is component of	4.0	1.00	
		1.	DNA polymerase III			
		2.	RNA polymerase			
		3.	DNA polymerase II			
		4.	Endonuclease			
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
		e Question				
67	167			4.0	1.00	
	 	 	AlNI-1/AppData/Local/Temp/Rar\$EXa25368 18254/170 B1 Live Plant Riotech PG 1-120 html	Ident F	IUI Bayiew	IId - Blatform

Match List-II with List-II

	List-I		List-II
Ge	nome edited crops approved for commercial production	Trait	
(A)	Maize	(I)	High level of GABA
(B)	Soybean	(II)	Non- Browning
(C)	Potato	(III)	Waxy Starch
(D)	Tomato	(IV)	Oleic Acid

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (III), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (I)
- 2. (A) (II), (B) (III), (C) (I), (D) (IV)
- 3. (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (II), (D) (I)
- 4. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (III)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

68 168

The RNA polymerase that is required for the synthesis of mRNA is

4.0 1.00

- 1. RNA polymerase
- 2. RNA polymerase III
- 3. Reverse Transcriptase
- 4. RNA polymerase II

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

59 ||169

collegedunia

1. EcoRI 2. EcoBI 3. EcoB 4. EcoP15 A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 Objective Question 70 170 5° end of DNA is characterized by 1. Hydroxyl group		
3. EcoB 4. EcoP15 A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 Objective Question 70 170 5' end of DNA is characterized by		
4. EcoP15 A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 Objective Question 70 170 5' end of DNA is characterized by		
A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 Objective Question 70 170 5' end of DNA is characterized by		
A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 Objective Question 70 170 5' end of DNA is characterized by		
A3:3 A4:4 Objective Question 70 170 5' end of DNA is characterized by		
Objective Question 70 170 5' end of DNA is characterized by		
Objective Question 70 170 5' end of DNA is characterized by		
5' end of DNA is characterized by		
5' end of DNA is characterized by	4.0 1.00	
1 Hydroxyl group	4.0 1.00	
1. Hydroxyr group		
2. Peptide bond		
3. Nitrous group		
4. Phosphate group		
A1:1		
A2:2		
A3:3		
A4:4		
Objective Question 71 171	4.0 1.00	
	4.0 1.00	
ile:///C://Users/ADMINI~1/AppData/Local/Temp/Rar\$EXa25368.18254/170 B1 Live Plant Biotech PG 1-120.html		

Match List-II with List-II

	List-I	List-II			
	Technique	Function/Application/Use			
(A)	Southern Blotting	(I) Substrate is converted to coloured end product			
(B)	ELISA	(II) Amplification of DNA fragments			
(C)	Gel Electrophoresis	(III) Technique used to separate DNA based on their size and electrical charge			
(D)	PCR	(IV) Transfer of DNA fragments from electrophoretic gel to a nitrocellulose sheet			

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (I), (B) (III), (C) (IV), (D) (II)
- 2. (A) (IV), (B) (I), (C) (III), (D) (II)
- 3. (A) (IV), (B) (III), (C) (II), (D) (I)
- 4. (A) (II), (B) (I), (C) (III), (D) (IV)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

Two hormones required for a callus to differentiate are

4.0 1.00

- 1. Auxin and cytokinin
- 2. Auxin and Abscisic acid
- 3. Ethylene and Auxin
- 4. Cytokinin and gibberellin

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

73 173



			R- National Bureau of Agriculturally Important Microorganisms (NBAIM) is red at		
		1.	Chandigarh		
		2.	New Delhi		
		3.	Mau		
		4.	Mumbai		
		A1:1			
		AI.I			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
		A4.4			
O 74		e Question	1	4.0	1.00
	. 1, .	Hybi	ridoma technique is generally used for the production of		1.00
		1.	Monoclonal antibody		
		2.	Bt Toxin		
		3.	Herbicide Glyphosate		
		4.	Hybrids micropropagation		
		A1:1			
		AI.I			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
		A4.4			
	bjectiv	e Question		4.0	1.00
		Whi	ch of the following vector can carry the longest piece of foreign DNA		
		1.	BAC		
		2.	YAC		
		3.	Cosmid		
		4.	Plasmid		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4	college		

ecti 17	ve Question		4.0	1.00
1 /	Reve	erse transcriptase enzymes is used in	4.0	1.00
	1.	mRNA Synthesis		
	2.	tRNA Synthesis		
	3.	cDNA Synthesis		
	4.	Vector synthesis		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
	ve Question			
17	Whi	ch of the following is a vector mediated gene transfer method	4.0	1.00
	1.	Biolistic		
	2.	Agrobacterium Mediated		
	3.	Gene Gun		
	4.	Microinjection		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
	ve Question			
17	Som	e base substitutions do not result in change in amino acid sequence of the peptide because	4.0	1.00
	1.	Universality of the codon		
	2.	triplet nature of codon		
	3.	Co-linearity		
	4.	Degeneracy of genetic codon		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3	colle	700	1111
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A4:4

Objective Question

79 17

Match List-II with List-II

4.0 1.00

	List-I	List-II (Author/Thinker/Name of Theory, etc.)			
pre	(Book/Theory oposed/Characteristic, etc.)				
(A)	Orthologues	(I) R	demoval of Introns		
(B)	Splicing	(II) P	rotein fingerprinting		
(C)	Mass spectrometry	(III) N	Jucleotide database		
(D)	EMBL	2 5	Iomologous genes found in different rganisms		

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (II), (B) (III), (C) (IV), (D) (I)
- 2. (A) (IV), (B) (III), (C) (I), (D) (II)
- 3. (A) (IV), (B) (I), (C) (II), (D) (III)
- 4. (A) (III), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (I)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

80 180

The T1 Plants showed 3:1 segregation for the selected trait and gene. When the 3 T1 plants with the target gene were selfed, which one of the following statements explain the results

4.0 1.00

- 1. Two of three plants produced all the progeny plants with the gene
- 2. All three plants produced all the progeny plants with the gene
- 3. Only one out of 3 plants produced all the progeny plants with the gene
- 4. All the three plants produced progeny plants which showed segregation for the gene

A1:1

A2:2



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A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

81 | 181 | The intercellular space between cell membranes and the space of the cell walls is termed as

4.0 1.00

- 1. Symplast
- 2. Middle lamella
- 3. Pectin
- 4. Apoplast
- A1:1
- A2:2
- A3:3
- A4:4

Objective Question

82 | 182 | Which of the following statement/s is/are true?

4.0 1.00

- (A) Almost all postharvest technologies manipulate the metabolism of the harvested highly perishable produce by minimizing the respiration rate and increasing water loss.
- (B) Respiration in postharvest tissues often increases the temperature of the perishable produce during storage.
- (C) Physiological maturity refers to the stage in the development of fruits/vegetables when maximum growth and maturation have occurred.
- (D) High transpiration rates from the harvested produce will not lead to any economic effect as this physiological process helps maintain cooler surface temperatures.

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (B), (C) and (D) only
- 2. (A), (B) and (C) only
- 3. (B) and (C) only
- 4. (A), (C) and (D) only
- A1:1
- A2:2
- A3:3
- A4:4



	e Questior		4.0	1 00
183	The	highly perishable farm produce is	4.0	1.00
	1.	Apple		
	2.	Tomato		
	3.	Cauliflower		
	4.	Finger millet		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
	e Question			
184	The alter	component of the plant mitochondrial electron transport chain that provides an native route for electrons passing through the electron transport chain to reduce gen is	4.0	1.00
	1.	Cytochrome-C Oxidase		
	2.	Alternative Oxidase (AOX)		
	3.	NADH-dehydrogenase		
	4.	ATP-Synthase		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
ctiv	e Questior			
185	The	nutrient element that is considered as a mobile element in plants is	4.0	1.00
	1.	Iron		
	2.	Calcium		
	3.	Sulfur		
	4.	Magnesium		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
		colle	ged at Student F	lu

colleged

	Cho	ose the WRONGLY-matched answer/s.		
	(A)	Sorghum: Kranz anatomy		
	(B)	Blackman: Law of limiting factors		
	(C)	IBA: Natural auxins		
	(D)	PS I: P680		
	Cho	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1.	(A), (B) and (D) only		
	2.	(A), (C) and (D) only		
	3.	(D) only		
	4.	(A) only		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
Objec	tive Question	1		
89 1	Strig	galactones, a natural plant growth hormones, has been shown to regulate	4.0	1.00
	1.	Root initiation		
	2.	Branching		
	3.	Flowering		
	4.	Fruit set		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
Objec	tive Question			
90 1	90		4.0	1.00

Match List-II with List-II

	List-I	List-II (Use/application)		
(Growth regulators)			
(A)	TIBA	(I)	Regulation of leaf angle	
(B)	1-MCP	(II)	Inhibitor of ethylene response	
(C)	Paclobutrazol	(III)	Flowering in mango	
(D)	Brassinosteroids	(IV)	Inhibitor of auxin transport	

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- 2. (A) (IV), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (I)
- 3. (A) (II), (B) (III), (C) (I), (D) (IV)
- 4. (A) (IV), (B) (I), (C) (II), (D) (III)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

The formative effects of IAA is

4.0 1.00

- 1. Induction of bud dormancy
- 2. Maintenance of apical dominance
- 3. Induction of senescence
- 4. Prevention of cell division

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

92 192

4.0 1.00

			'heart rot' of beets, 'stem crack' of celery, 'water core' of turnip are the deficiency otoms of			
		1.	Boron			
		2.	Calcium			
		3.	Zinc			
		4.	Copper			
		A1:1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
		A4.4				
	ective 193	Question		4.0	1.00	
		The t	sypical earliest symptom of magnesium deficiency in plants is			
		1.	Interveinal chlorosis of older leaves			
		2.	Interveinal chlorosis of younger leaves			
		3.	Necrotic spots on the leaves			
		4.	Dark green pigmentation of older leaves			
		A1:1				
		711.1				
		A2:2				
		A3:3				
		A4:4				
		A4.4				
	ective	e Question		4.0	1.00	
,				1.0	1.00	
			colleg	ec	lui	וו

Match List-II with List-II

	List-I	List-II		
(1	Book/Theory proposed/ Characteristic, etc.)	(Author/Thinker/ Name of Theory, etc.)		
(A)	Finger millet	(I) C3		
(B)	Rice	(II) C3-C4 intermediate		
(C)	Pineapple	(III) C4		
(D)	Alternanthera	(IV) CAM		

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (III), (B) (I), (C) (IV), (D) (II)
- 2. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- 3. (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (III)
- 4. (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

95 19:

Retention of full genetic potential (in a differentiated cell) for the development into a complete plant is termed as

4.0 1.00

- 1. Differentiation
- 2. Regeneration
- 3. Totipotency
- 4. Morphogenesis

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

96 | 196



			scientist who proposed that chemical messengers are responsible for the growth and lopment of plants is		
		1.	Boysen-Jensen		
		2.	Julies von Sachs		
		3.	Folke Skoog		
		4.	Darwin		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
- 15		ve Question	1		
٥	97 19	Phyt	ochromes are photoreceptors required for light-sensing in plants. The red-light- rbing state (Pr) absorbs light of a wavelength of	4.0	1.00
		1.	~667 nm		
		2.	~380 nm		
		3.	~887 nm		
		4.	~480 nm		
		A1:1			
		AI.I			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4			
	Object	ve Question		4.0	1.00
	76 119	The	formula for estimating Leaf Area Index (LAI) is	4.0	1.00
		1.	LAI = (Total leaf area of a plant)/(Ground area occupied by the plant)		
		2.	LAI = (Leaf area per plant)/(Plant dry weight)		
		3.	LAI = (Leaf dry weight)/(Plant dry weight)		
		4.	LAI = (Leaf area)/(Leaf weight)		
		A1:1			
		A2:2			
		A3:3			
		A4:4	college	0	luni

N-:4:				
9 199	e Question		4.0	1.00
	- 55	Water use efficiency (WUE) is defined as		
	1.	The amount of carbon assimilated as biomass or grain produced per unit of water used		
	2.	The amount of water lost though transpiration per unit amount of carbon assimilated		
	3.	The amount of carbon assimilated per unit amount of light intercepted		
	4.	The ratio between the economic yield and total biological yield.		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
	e Question		10	1.00
100 200	The j	phenomenon of the cold requirement for flowering is termed as	4.0	1.00
	1.	Stratification		
	2.	Vernalization		
	3.	Phototropism		
	4.	Thigmotropism		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
Objective	e Question			
101 201			4.0	1.00
		△ ▶		
		colle	ged	lur
///C:/Us	sers/ADN	/INI~1/AppData/Local/Temp/Rar\$EXa25368.18254/170_B1_Live_Plant_Biotech_PG_1-120.html	Student F	45/5

4.

In actively growing plant cells (rice, wheat, groundnut etc.), this component of water potential becomes negligible (A) Solute potential (B) Pressure potential (C) Matric potential (D) Gravitational potential Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below: 1. (A) and (B) only. 2. (B) and (C) only. (C) and (D) only. 3. 4. (B) and (D) only. A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 Objective Question Nucleolus is the site for the synthesis of this component in a cell 1. Nucleosome 2. Ribosomes 3. DNA Chromation 4. A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 Objective Question 4.0 1.00 An example of long day plant Cotton 1. 2. Sugarbeet Chrysanthemun 3. Tobacco

colleged

10/23	12:12 PM		170_B1_Live_Plant_Biotech_PG_1-120.html		
	A1:1				
	A2:2				
	A3:3				
	A4:4				
Object 104 2	ive Question	l		4.0	1.00
104 2		n below are	e two statements:	7.0	1.00
	State	ement I :	Dichlorophenyl dimethylurea (DCMU), also known as Diuron - used as herbicide, is an inhibitor of light reactions of photosynthesis.		
	State	ement II:	DCMU acts by accepting electrons from early receptors of PS I.		
	In th	-	above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the given		
	1.	Both state	ement I and Statement II are correct		
	2.	Both state	ement I and Statement II are incorrect		
	3.	Statement	t I is correct and Statement II is incorrect		
	4.	Statement	t I is incorrect and Statement II is correct		
	A1.1				
	A1:1				
	A2:2				
	A3:3				
	A4:4				
Object	ive Question			4.0	1.00
103 2	Chlo	rophyll bios	synthesis begins with this amino acid	7.0	1.00
	1.	Glycine			
	2.	Glutamic a	acid		
	3.	Aspartic a	cid		
	4.	Alanine			
	A1:1				
	A2:2				
	A3:3				

Objective Question



	Phot	orespiration is found to be zero (or) negligible in these crop plants		
	(A)	Sunflower		
	(B)	Pineapple		
	(C)	Amaranthus		
	(D)	Fingermillet		
	Cho	ose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1.	(A) and (C) only		
	2.	(B) and (D) only		
	3.	(A) and (D) only		
	4.	(B), (C) and (D) only		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
Objec	tive Question			
107 2	07		4.0	1.00
	Qua	itum yield of oxygen production in the light reactions of photosynthesis is		
	Quan	ntum yield of oxygen production in the light reactions of photosynthesis is 10		
	1.	10 1		
	1. 2.	10		
	1. 2. 3.	10 1 0.1		
	1. 2. 3. 4.	10 1 0.1		
	1. 2. 3. 4.	10 1 0.1		
	1. 2. 3. 4. A1:1	10 1 0.1		
Object	1. 2. 3. 4. A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	10 1 0.1 0.01		
	1. 2. 3. 4. A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4	10 1 0.1 0.01 tify the scientist(s) who gave the term "Hydroponics" for growing of plants in water	4.0	0 1.00
Object	1. 2. 3. 4. A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 tive Question Iden	10 1 0.1 0.01 tify the scientist(s) who gave the term "Hydroponics" for growing of plants in water	4.0	
Object	1. 2. 3. 4. A1:1 A2:2 A3:3 A4:4 tive Question culture	10 1 0.1 0.01 tify the scientist(s) who gave the term "Hydroponics" for growing of plants in water are	4.0	

Borthwick and Hendris

0/23, 12	2:12 PM	170_B1_Live_Plant_Biotech_PG_1-120.html		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
Objective	Question			
109 209	With	reference to the vase-life of cut-flowers, identify the <i>correct</i> statement(s)	4.0	1.0
	(A)	For prolonging life and quality, cut-flowers are often held in holding (or) vase solutions		
	(B)	The vase solutions contain a combination of carbohydrates, growth regulators, inhibitors and minerals.		
	(C)	Any vase solution must contain essential two components i.e., mineral salts and ethylene inhibitors.		
	(D)	Mineral salts help in preventing plugging of conducting tissues while ethylene inhibitors make available the respiratory substrates.		
	Choo	se the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below:		
	1.	(A), (B), (C) and (D)		
	2.	(A), (C) and (D) only		
	3.	(A) and (B) only		
	4.	(A) and (D) only		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4 : 4			
	Question			
110 210	Seed	dormancy is broken by mechanical scarification in this crop	4.0	1.0
	1.	Cotton		

- Castor 2.
- Coriander 3.
- Chickpea 4.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

7/10/23, 12:12 PM 170_B1_Live_Plant_Biotech_PG_1-120.html A4:4 Objective Question 111 211 4.0 1.00 Identify the "Orthodox" seeds (A) Sorghum (B) Mango (C) Sapota (D) Cotton Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below (A) only 1. 2. (B), (C) and (D) only 3. (B) and (C) only 4. (A) and (D) only A1:1 A2:2 A3:3A4:4 Objective Question 4.0 1.00 112 212

Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): The Photosythetic Photon Flux Density (PPFD) at which the CO₂ uptake by photosynthesis exactly equal to CO₂ released through respiratory process is called Light Compensation Point (LCP).

Statement (II): LCP of sun plants range from 1 - 5 \(\mu\text{mol}\) m⁻² s⁻¹, whereas the corresponding values for shade plants are 10 - 20 µmol m⁻² s⁻¹

In light of the above statements, choose the *most appropriate* answer from the options given below.

- 1. Both **Statement** (I) and **Statement** (II) are correct.
- 2. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect.
- 3. **Statement (I)** is correct but **Statement (II)** is incorrect.
- 4. Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

	A4:4			
	e Questio	n		
213	The	enzyme requiring nickel in higher plants is	4.0	1.00
	1.	Catalase		
	2.	Alkaline phosphatase		
	3.	Carbonic anhydrase		
	4.	Urease		
	A1:1			
	AI.I			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
	A4:4			
tiv 14	e Questio	n	4.0	1 00
.17	The	test which is used to determine the difference between the observed frequencies and	7.0	1.00
		ected frequencies in one or more than one categories is		
	1.	Z - test		
	2.	t - test		
	3.	Chi - square test		
	4.	ANOVA		
	A1:1			
	A2:2			
	A3:3			
	A4:4			
tiv	re Question	n		
15			4.0	1.00
		colle	σec	111
	 	MINI~1/AppData/Local/Temp/Rar\$EXa25368.18254/170_B1_Live_Plant_Biotech_PG_1-120.html	Student R	svje)

Match List-I with List-II pertaining to the Crop Production in India

	List - I	List - II (Major State of Production)		
(N	ame of the Crop)			
(A)	Cotton	(I)	Uttar Pradesh	
(B)	Mustard	(II)	Karnataka	
(C)	Potato	(III)	Rajasthan	
(D)	Redgram	(IV)	Maharashtra	

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (I), (B) (IV), (C) (III), (D) (II)
- 2. (A) (III), (B) (I), (C) (IV), (D) (II)
- 3. (A) (IV), (B) (III), (C) (I), (D) (II)
- 4. (A) (II), (B) (IV), (C) (III), (D) (I)

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4

Objective Question

116 216

Match List-I with List-II pertaining to the nucleotides associated with cell metabolism in plants

	List - I	List - II (Associated Nucleotide)	
	(Biochemical reaction)		
(A)	Sucrose biosynthesis	(I) GTP	
(B)	Nitrite reduction	(II) NADPH	
(C)	Fatty acid biosynthesis	(III) FADH ₂	
(D)	Substrate-level of phosphorylation in TCA cycle	(IV) UTP	

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) (I), (B) (IV), (C) (III), (D) (II)
- 2. (A) (IV), (B) (III), (C) (II), (D) (I)
- 3. (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)
- 4. (A) (II), (B) (I), (C) (IV), (D) (III)



4.0 1.00

A1:1
A2:2
A3:3
A4:4

Objective Question

Identify the crop plants based on the amount of water consumed per gram of CO₂ fixed:

4.0 1.00

4.0 1.00

- (A) Cowpea < Wheat < Redgram
- (B) Tomato < Pineapple < Sorghum
- (C) Pineapple < Maize < Rice
- (D) Soybean < Sugarcane < Brinjal

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) and (B) only
- 2. (B) and (C) only
- 3. (C) only
- 4. (A) only
- A1:1
- A2:2
- A3:3
- A4:4

Objective Question

Identify the nutrient elements in crop plants, capable of getting redistributed under deficiency conditions in descending order:

- 1. B > S > P
- 2. Ca > K > Fe
- 3. Fe > Ca > P
- 4. N > Fe > B
- A1:1
- A2:2
- A3:3
- A4:4

Objective Question

	2:12 PM 170_B1_Live_Plant_Biotech_PG_1-120.html	
119 219	Identify the synthetic inhibitors used in crop plants	4.0 1.0
	(A) Maleic Hydrazide	
	(B) Chloromequat Chloride	
	(C) Paclobutrazol	
	(D) Triidobenzoic acid	
	Choose the <i>correct answer</i> from the options given below:	
	1. (A) and (C) only	
	2. (A) and (D) only	
	3. (B), (C) and (D) only	
	4. (A), (B) and (C) only	
	A1:1	
	A2:2	
	A3:3	
	A4:4	
Objective	e Question	
120 220	Most commonly used chemicals to break dormancy requiring light in see lettuce, gladioulus etc.) are	eds (of oats,
	(A) Potassium nitrate	
	(B) Kinetine	
	(C) Thiourea	
	(D) NAA	
	Choose the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below	
	1. (A), (B), (C) and (D)	
	2. (B), (C) and (D) only	



(B) and (D) only

(A) and (C) only

3.

4.

A1:1

A2:2

A3:3

A4:4