Test Booklet Code

AKANH

No.:

E5

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
 For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is E5. Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Car	ndidate (in Capitals) :		-
Roll Number	; in figures		
Centre of Exam	ination (in Capitals) :		
Candidate's Sig	nature :	Invigilator's Signature :	
Facsimile signa	ture stamp of		
Centre Superint	endent:		



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1. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of:

- (1) Adaptive radiation
- (2) Convergent evolution
- (3) Industrial melanism
- (4) Natural selection

 Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.

- (1) Cytokinin
- (2) Gibberellin
- (3) Ethylene
- (4) Abscisic acid

3. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:

- (1) Nutritive value
- (2) Growth response
- (3) Defence action
- (4) Effect on reproduction

4. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at:

- (1) Hilum
- (2) Micropyle
- (3) Nucellus
- (4) Chalaza

Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Clostridium Cyclosporin-A (a) (i) butylicum (b) Trichoderma (ii) Butyric Acid polysporum Citric Acid Monascus (iii) (c) purpureus Aspergillus niger Blood cholesterol (d) (iv) lowering agent (d) (a) **(b)** (c) (i) (ii) (1)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii) (2)(3)(i) (ii) (iv) (iii) (4)(iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

6. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:

- (1) Transpiration
- (2) Root pressure
- (3) Imbibition
- (4) Plasmolysis

7. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy?

- (1) Gibberellic acid
- (2) Abscisic acid
- (3) Phenolic acid
- (4) Para-ascorbic acid

8. Identify the incorrect statement.

- Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
- (2) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
- (3) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
- (4) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.

9. Choose the correct pair from the following:

- (1) Ligases Join the two DNA molecules
- (2) Polymerases Break the DNA into fragments
- (3) Nucleases Separate the two strands of DNA
- (4) Exonucleases Make cuts at specific positions within DNA

10. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?

- (1) Out crossing
- (2) Mutational breeding
- (3) Cross breeding
- (4) Inbreeding



- 11. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during:
 - (1) Pachytene
 - (2) Zygotene
 - (3) Diplotene
 - (4) Leptotene
- 12. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Typh	noid		(i)	Wuchereria
(b)	Pneu	umonia	ı	(ii)	Plasmodium
(c)	Filar	riasis		(iii)	Salmonella
(d)	Mala	ıria		(iv)	${\it Hae mophilus}$
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	
(4)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	

- 13. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about:
 - (1) 1.5 million
 - (2) 20 million
 - (3) 50 million
 - (4) 7 million
- 14. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from:
 - (1) PS-II to Cytb₆f complex
 - (2) Cytb₆f complex to PS-I
 - (3) PS-I to NADP+
 - (4) PS-I to ATP synthase
- 15. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Pitui	Pituitary gland			Grave's disease
(b)	Thyr	oid gla	and	(ii)	Diabetes mellitus
(c)	Adre	nal gla	and	(iii)	Diabetes insipidus
(d)	Pano	reas		(iv)	Addison's disease
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	
(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	

- 16. Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata?
 - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
 - (1) (d) and (c)
 - (2) (c) and (a)
 - (3) (a) and (b)
 - (4) (b) and (c)
- Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
 - (2) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
 - (3) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
 - (4) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
- 18. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I	Column - II	
(a)	Orga	n of C	orti	(i)	Connects middle ear and pharynx
(b)	Coch	lea		(ii)	Coiled part of the labyrinth
(c)	Eust	achiar	tube	(iii)	Attached to the oval window
(d)	Stap	es		(iv)	Located on the basilar membrane
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	
(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	
(3)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	

- 19. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :
 - (1) lining of intestine
 - (2) ducts of salivary glands
 - (3) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
 - (4) eustachian tube



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- 20. Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
 - Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O₂.
 - (2) Partial pressure of CO₂ can interfere with O₂ binding with haemoglobin.
 - (3) Higher H⁺ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) Low pCO₂ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
- 21. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
 - (1) Squamous epithelial cells
 - (2) Columnar epithelial cells
 - (3) Chondrocytes
 - (4) Compound epithelial cells
- 22. Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
 - (1) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
 - (2) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
 - (3) They are useful in genetic engineering.
 - (4) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
- 23. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :
 - (1) Mendel
 - (2) Sutton
 - (3) Boveri
 - (4) Morgan
- 24. Identify the correct statement with reference to human digestive system.
 - (1) Ileum opens into small intestine.
 - (2) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
 - (3) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
 - (4) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.

- 25. Identify the wrong statement with reference to the gene T that controls ABO blood groups.
 - (1) The gene (I) has three alleles.
 - (2) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
 - (3) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.
 - (4) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
- 26. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Floa	ting Ri	bs	(i)	Located between second and seventh ribs
(b)	Acro	mion		(ii)	Head of the Humerus
(c)	Scap	ula		(iii)	Clavicle
(d)	Glen	oid cav	ity	(iv)	Do not connect with the sternum
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	
(2)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	

- **27.** The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
 - (1) Ammonia alone
 - (2) Nitrate alone
 - (3) Ammonia and oxygen
 - (4) Ammonia and hydrogen
- 28. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I	Co	lumn - II	
(a)	Greg pest	arious	, polyp	(i)	Asterias	
(b)	symi	t with metry : bilate:	and la		(ii)	Scorpion
(c)	Book	lungs			(iii)	Ctenoplana
(d)	Biolu	mines	cence		(iv)	Locusta
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)		
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)		
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)		
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)		



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- 29. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
 - (1) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
 - (2) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
 - (3) High reflection of light from snow
 - (4) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
- **30.** In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct**?
 - (1) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
 - (2) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
 - (3) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
 - (4) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
- 31. Select the correct statement.
 - Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
 - (2) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
 - (3) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
 - (4) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
- 32. Select the correct events that occur during inspiration.
 - (a) Contraction of diaphragm
 - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
 - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
 - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
 - (1) (a) and (b)
 - (2) (c) and (d)
 - (3) (a), (b) and (d)
 - (4) only (d)

- **33.** Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants:
 - (a) Iron
- Photolysis of water
- (b) Zinc
- (ii) Pollen germination
- (c) Boron
- (iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis
- (d) Manganese (iv) IAA biosynthesis

Select the correct option:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (4) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- **34.** In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
 - (1) ZIFT and IUT
 - (2) GIFT and ZIFT
 - (3) ICSI and ZIFT
 - (4) GIFT and ICSI
- **35.** The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is:
 - (1) Trophozoites
 - (2) Sporozoites
 - (3) Female gametocytes
 - (4) Male gametocytes
- 36. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
 - (1) High concentration of Estrogen
 - (2) High concentration of Progesterone
 - (3) Low concentration of LH
 - (4) Low concentration of FSH
- 37. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?
 - (1) Uremia and Ketonuria
 - (2) Uremia and Renal Calculi
 - (3) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
 - (4) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia

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38.		ie the e k durin	337			tes ope	ening of DNA	42.					- 301 DE	glycosidic bond and heir structure :
	(1)	DNA	ligase	9					(1)	Chit	in, cho	lestero	ol	
	(2)	DNA	helica	ase					(2)	Glyc	erol, tr	ypsin		
	(3)	250,242,785.0	polyn						(3)		ılose, l		ı	
									(4)	Inul	in, insi	ılin		
	(4)		RNA polymerase							ch of th		1000000	tateme	ents about inclusion
39.		atch the trophic levels with their correct species amples in grassland ecosystem.							(1)					any membrane.
	(a)	Four	th tro	phic le	vel	(i)	Crow		(2)		se are icles.	invol	ved in	ingestion of food
	(b)	Seco	nd troj	phic lev	vel	(ii)	Vulture		(3)	They	lie fre	e in th	e cyto	plasm.
	(c)	First	t troph	ic leve	1	(iii)	Rabbit		(4)		se rep plasm.	reser	it res	erve material in
	(d)	Thir	d tropl	nic leve	el	(iv)	Grass	44.				wing	colum	ns and select the
	Sele	ct the e	correc	et optic	on:				cori	rect op				
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)					Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
	(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)				(a)	Bt co	otton		(i)	Gene therapy
	(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)				(b)	Ader	osine		(ii)	Cellular defence
	(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)						ninase			
		20200 Tea	100739 - 526	2000000	1000					defic	iency			
	(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)				(c)	RNA	i		(iii)	Detection of HIV infection
10.	Mat	ch the	followi	ing:					(d)	PCR			(iv)	Bacillus
	(a)	Inhil activ		f cataly	ytic	(i)	Ricin			2.5	<i>a</i> >	7.5	100 (100)	thuringiensis
	(b)	Poss	ess net	otide be	onds	(ii)	Malonate		(1)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
			77 37	ateria		(iii)	Chitin		(1)	(iv) (iii)	(i) (ii)	(ii) (i)	(iii) (iv)	
	(c)	fung		iaiema	1111	(111)	Oman		(2) (3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
	(d)	Seco	ndary	metab	olite	(iv)	Collagen		(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	
			100			8 B	following:	45.		155			9.5 (6) m. 1-7	ent with regard to
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				$G_1 p$	hase (Gap 1)	of inte	rphase	9.
	(1)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)				(1)					ation takes place.
	(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)				(2)	Reor place	35.00	tion of	fall cel	l components take
	(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)				(3)					ive, grows but does
	(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)				(4)		eplica lear Di			place.
11.	The	first pl	hase of	f trans	lation	is:		46.						to Anaerobic sludge
	(1)	Bind	ling of	mRNA	to rib	osome		was ord		ster for	r furth	er sew		eatment?
	(2)		•	n of DN					(1)		ary sh			
	(3)		13 7 0	ation o					(2)		ting de			
									(3)				ary tre	atment
	(4)	Keco	gnitio	n of an	antı-c	odon			(4)	Activ	rated s	ludge		



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- 47. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
 - (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
 - (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
 - (4) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
- 48. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:
 - (1) Selectable marker
 - (2) Ori site
 - (3) Palindromic sequence
 - (4) Recognition site
- 49. Select the correct match.
 - (1) Haemophilia Ylinked
 - (2) Phenylketonuria Autosomal dominant trait
 - (3) Sickle cell anaemia Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11
 - (4) Thalassemia Xlinked
- **50.** Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
 - (1) Sex ratio
 - (2) Natality
 - (3) Mortality
 - (4) Species interaction
- 51. Strobili or cones are found in:
 - (1) Salvinia
 - (2) Pteris
 - (3) Marchantia
 - (4) Equisetum
- 52. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?
 - (1) Endoplasmic reticulum
 - (2) Peroxisomes
 - (3) Golgi bodies
 - (4) Polysomes

- 53. Which of the following is correct about viroids?
 - (1) They have RNA with protein coat.
 - (2) They have free RNA without protein coat.
 - (3) They have DNA with protein coat.
 - (4) They have free DNA without protein coat.
- 54. The process of growth is maximum during:
 - (1) Log phase
 - (2) Lag phase
 - (3) Senescence
 - (4) Dormancy
- **55.** Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity?
 - (1) Western Ghats of India
 - (2) Madagascar
 - (3) Himalayas
 - (4) Amazon forests
- 56. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is:
 - (1) Zero
 - (2) One
 - (3) Two
 - (4) Three
- 57. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
 - (1) Prior to ovulation
 - (2) At the time of copulation
 - (3) After zygote formation
 - (4) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
- 58. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
 - (1) Laminaria and Sargassum
 - (2) Gelidium and Gracilaria
 - (3) Anabaena and Volvox
 - (4) Chlorella and Spirulina



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59 .	The C	m QRS co	mplex	in a st	tandard ECG represents :	64.	Ray	florets	have:			
	(1)	Repo	larisat	ion of	auricles		(1)	Infer	ior ova	ry		
	(2)	Depo	larisat	ion of	auricles		(2)					
	(3)	Depo	larisat	ion of	ventricles		(3)		Hypogynous ovary			
	(4)) Repolarisation of ventricles					(4)	Half	interio	r ovar	У	
						65.	The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in					
60.					t the cell cycle and enter		photorespiration leads to the formation of:					
					e. This is called quiescent s occurs at the end of :		(1)					
	(1)	Mph					(2) (3)			of 6-C	878	
	(2)	G_1 ph					(4)				3574	and and 1 molecule
	(3)	Spha							C comp		10 8 13 0	
	(4)	G_2 ph				66.		plant p within			nsist	of two generations -
61.	Mate	h the f	ollowi	ng wit	h respect to meiosis :		(a)				de the	anther
	(a)	Zygot	tene	(i)	Terminalization		(b)	Gern	ninate	d poll	en gra	in with two male
	(b)	Pachytene (ii) Chiasmata						game	etes			
							(c)	Seed	inside	the fr	uit	
	(c)	Diplo	tene	(iii)	Crossing over		(d)	Emb	ryo sa	inside	e the o	vule
	(d)	Diakinesis (iv) Synapsis					(1)	(a) or	1956			
	Selec	t the c	orrec	t optic	on from the following:		(2) (a), (b) and (c)					
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		(3)					
	(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)		(4)	(a) ai	na (a)			
	(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	67.	Match the following columns and select the correct option.					
	(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)		COII	_	ımn - İ	r		Column - II
	(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)		(a)		nophils		(i)	Immune response
00	5371 ·	,	e.a	e 11	9 8 51 5 1 1 7				=	12	3207.5	102
62.		in one ein in t			ing is the most abundant		(b)		phils	es.	(ii)	Phagocytosis
	(1)		noglobi				(c)	Neut	rophil	8	(iii)	Release histaminase,
	(2)	Colla	10 to 1									destructive
	(3)	Lecti	-									enzymes
	(4)	Insul					(d)	Lym	phocyt	es	(iv)	Release granules
	(1)	IIISU										containing
63.	The	ovary i	s half	inferio	or in :			1 2	12.1		1 4	histamine
	(1)	Brinj	al				(1)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
	(2)	Must	ard				(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i) (iii)	
	(3)	Sunf	ower				(2) (3)	(iv) (i)	(i) (ii)	(ii) (iv)	(iii)	
	(4)	Plum	L				(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	



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- 68. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by:
 - (1) Ctenophora
 - (2) Platyhelminthes
 - (3) Aschelminthes
 - (4) Annelida
- 69. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
 - (1) Tyrosine
 - (2) Glutamic Acid
 - (3) Lysine
 - (4) Valine
- Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Placenta (i) Androgens (a) Zona pellucida Human Chorionic (b) (ii) Gonadotropin (hCG) Layer of the ovum (c) **Bulbo-urethral** (iii) glands (d) Leydig cells Lubrication of the (iv)

Penis

(b) (d) (a) (c) (iii) (i) (ii) (1)(iv) (2)(i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i) (3)(iii) (ii) (iv)

(iii)

71. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:

(iv)

(i)

(1) Insect pests

(ii)

(4)

- (2) Fungal diseases
- (3) Plant nematodes
- (4) Insect predators
- 72. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	6 - 18	5 pairs	of	(i)	Trygon
	gill s	lits			
(b)	Hete	rocerc	al	(ii)	Cyclostomes
	caud	al fin			
(c)	Air E	Bladder	r ·	(iii)	Chondrichthyes
(d)	Poise	on stin	g	(iv)	Osteichthyes
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
(3)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	
(4)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	

- 73. Floridean starch has structure similar to:
 - (1) Starch and cellulose
 - (2) Amylopectin and glycogen
 - (3) Mannitol and algin
 - (4) Laminarin and cellulose
- 74. Which of the following statements is not correct?
 - (1) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
 - (2) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
 - (3) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
 - (4) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in E-Coli.
- 75. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because:
 - the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
 - (2) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
 - (3) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
 - (4) the head holds a 1/3rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
- 76. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of:
 - (1) protein into polypeptides
 - (2) trypsinogen into trypsin
 - (3) caseinogen into casein
 - (4) pepsinogen into pepsin
- 77. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
 - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.
 - Identify the category of plant and its part:
 - (1) Monocotyledonous stem
 - (2) Monocotyledonous root
 - (3) Dicotyledonous stem
 - (4) Dicotyledonous root



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- 78. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
 - (1) insects or wind
 - (2) water currents only
 - (3) wind and water
 - (4) insects and water
- 79. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of:
 - (1) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
 - (2) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
 - (3) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
 - (4) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
- 80. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits?
 - (1) 4
 - (2) 2
 - (3) 14
 - (4) 8
- 81. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) only (a)
 - (2) (a) and (c)
 - (3) (b), (c) and (d)
 - (4) only (d)

- 82. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.
 - (a) Bacillus
- (i) Cloning vector
- thuringiensis
- (b) Thermus aquaticus
- (ii) Construction of first rDNA molecule

DNA polymerase

- (c) Agrobacterium (iii) tumefaciens
 - S
- (d) Salmonella typhimurium
- (iv) Cry proteins

Select the correct option from the following:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- (2) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (3) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
- (4) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- 83. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
 - (1) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 800°C
 - (2) CH₃, H₂, NH₄ and water vapor at 800°C
 - (3) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C
 - (4) CH₃, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C
- 84. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
 - (1) Karl Ernst von Baer
 - (2) Alfred Wallace
 - (3) Charles Darwin
 - (4) Oparin
- 85. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
 - (1) 2.0 meters
 - (2) 2.5 meters
 - (3) 2.2 meters
 - (4) 2.7 meters



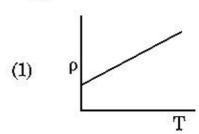
- 86. Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
 - (1) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
 - (2) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - (3) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
 - (4) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
- 87. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:
 - (1) 5' GAATTC 3'
 - 3' CTTAAG 5'
 - (2) 5' GGAACC 3'
 - 3' CCTTGG 5'
 - (3) 5' CTTAAG 3'
 - 3' GAATTC 5'
 - (4) 5' GGATCC 3'
 - 3' CCTAGG 5'
- 88. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?
 - (1) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
 - (2) Reabsorption of Na+ and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
 - (3) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
 - (4) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
- 89. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of:
 - (1) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
 - (2) Emission of ozone depleting substances
 - (3) Release of Green House gases
 - (4) Disposal of e-wastes
- 90. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are:
 - (1) Fibrous roots
 - (2) Primary roots
 - (3) Proproots
 - (4) Lateral roots

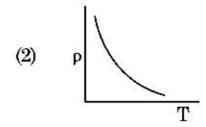
- 91. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
 - (1) metals
 - (2) insulators only
 - (3) semiconductors only
 - (4) insulators and semiconductors
- 92. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:
 - (1) 2.25×10^{15}
 - (2) 2.5×10^6
 - (3) 2.5×10^{-6}
 - (4) 2.25×10^{-15}
- 93. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct**?
 - Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
 - (2) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
 - (3) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
 - (4) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
- 94. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - (1) 523 Hz
 - (2) 524 Hz
 - (3) 536 Hz
 - $(4) \qquad 537\,\mathrm{Hz}$
- 95. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L₁ when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{MgL_1}{AL}$
 - (2) $\frac{Mg(L_1 L)}{AL}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_1}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{A}(\text{L}_1 \text{L})}$

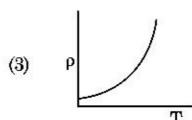


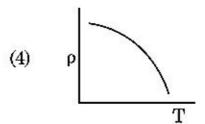
- 96. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
 - (1) $10 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (2) $12 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (3) $24 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (4) $48 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
- 97. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
 - (1) π rad
 - (2) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (3) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (4) zero
- 98. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
 - (1) 2.5 g
 - (2) 5.0 g
 - (3) $10.0 \,\mathrm{g}$
 - (4) 20.0 g
- 99. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) zero
 - (2) 0.5
 - (3) 1.0
 - (4) -1.0
- 100. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
 - (1) double
 - (2) half
 - (3) four times
 - (4) one-fourth

- 101. Dimensions of stress are:
 - (1) $[MLT^{-2}]$
 - (2) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
 - (3) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
 - (4) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
- 102. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{j}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k}$ m.
 - (1) $6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (2) $6\hat{j}$ N m
 - (3) $-6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (4) $6\hat{k}$ N m
- 103. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?









104. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is: $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

- (1) 0.5 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.2 kg/m³
- (3) 0.1 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.02 kg/m^3

- 105. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c=speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1) c:1
 - (2) 1:1
 - (3) 1:c
 - (4) $1:c^2$
- 106. For which one of the following, Bohr model is not valid?
 - (1) Hydrogen atom
 - (2) Singly ionised helium atom (He⁺)
 - (3) Deuteron atom
 - (4) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne+)
- 107. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

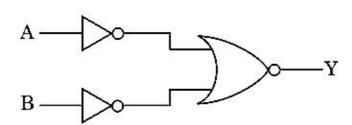
- (1) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
- (3) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- 108. The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be :
 - (1) $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
 - (2) $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
 - (3) $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
 - (4) $i_h = 90^{\circ}$
- 109. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 48 N
 - (2) 32 N
 - (3) 30 N
 - (4) 24 N
- 110. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) 0.01 mm
- (2) 0.25 mm
- (3) 0.5 mm
- (4) 1.0 mm

- 111. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, n\pi d^2}$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
- 112. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 360 m
 - (2) 340 m
 - (3) 320 m
 - (4) 300 m
- 113. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m³, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) zero
 - (2) 0.5 N/C
 - (3) 1 N/C
 - (4) 5 N/C
- 114. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : $(k_B \text{ is Boltzmann constant and } T, \text{ absolute temperature})$
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{1}{2} \, k_B T$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{3}{2} \, \, k_B T$
 - (3) $\frac{5}{2}$ k_BT
 - (4) $\frac{7}{2} k_B T$

115. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- (1) A B Y 0 0 0
 - $\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
 - 1 1 1
- (2) A B Y
 - 0 0 0
 - 0 1 1
 - 1 0 1
 - 1 1 1
- (3) A B Y
 - 0 0 1
 - 0 1 1
 - 1 0 1
 - 1 1 0
- (4) A B Y
 - $\begin{array}{ccccc} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array}$
 - 1 0 0
 - 1 1 0
- 116. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly:
 - (1) 6
 - (2) 0.6
 - (3) 0.06
 - (4) 0.006
- 117. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

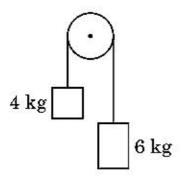
- (1) 33 cm
- (2) 50 cm
- (3) 67 cm
- (4) 80 cm

118. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10⁻⁷ C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- (4) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- 119. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
 - (1) 9.9801 m
 - (2) 9.98 m
 - (3) 9.980 m
 - (4) 9.9 m
- 120. A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:
 - (1) 1.7 A
 - (2) 2.05 A
 - (3) 2.5 A
 - (4) 25.1 A
- 121. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) isothermal
 - (2) adiabatic
 - (3) isochoric
 - (4) isobaric

122. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:

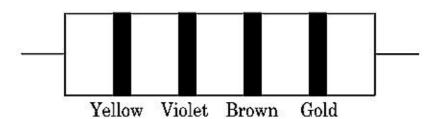


- (1) g
- (2) g/2
- (3) g/5
- (4) g/10
- 123. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is:
 - (1) 10 V
 - (2) $10^2 \,\mathrm{V}$
 - (3) $10^3 \, \text{V}$
 - (4) $10^4 \,\mathrm{V}$
- 124. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}\rm U$ is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}\rm Kr$, three neutrons and:
 - (1) $^{144}_{56}$ Ba
 - (2) ${}^{91}_{40}$ Zr
 - (3) $^{101}_{36}$ Kr
 - (4) $\frac{103}{36}$ Kr
- 125. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μF . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μF . The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$

126. The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1) $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (2) $47 k\Omega, 10\%$
- (3) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (4) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- 127. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:
 - (1) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (4) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
- 128. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) doubled
 - (2) four times
 - (3) one-fourth
 - (4) zero
- 129. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
 - (1) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 130. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10⁻⁹ C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) 50 V
- (2) 200 V
- (3) 400 V
- (4) zero

- 131. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is \(\mu\), then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
 - (1) $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
 - (2) $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
 - (3) μA
 - (4) $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
- 132. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5$ r_2) through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - (1) $\frac{27}{8}$
 - (2) $\frac{9}{4}$
 - (3) $\frac{3}{2}$
 - (4) $\frac{5}{3}$
- 133. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m $^{-1}$. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

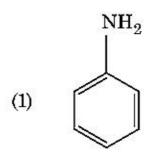
$$(\mu_0\!=\!4\pi\!\times\!10^{-7}\,T\;m\;A^{-1})$$

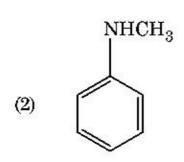
- (1) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (3) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}\,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (4) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- 134. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
 - (1) $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (2) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (3) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (4) 6.00×10^{-7} rad
- 135. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
 - (1) forward bias only
 - (2) reverse bias only
 - (3) both forward bias and reverse bias
 - (4) increase in forward current

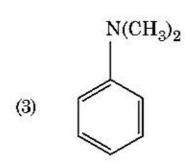
136. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

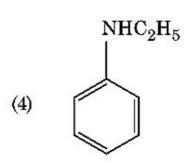
$$\mathrm{CH_4(g)} + 4\mathrm{Cl_2(g)} \rightarrow \mathrm{CCl_4(l)} + 4\mathrm{HCl(g)}$$

- (1) +4 to +4
- (2) 0 to + 4
- (3) -4 to +4
- (4) 0 to -4
- 137. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?









- 138. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
 - (1) Ethanol + Acetone
 - (2) Benzene + Toluene
 - (3) Acetone + Chloroform
 - (4) Chloroethane + Bromoethane

- 139. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in:
 - (1) activation energy
 - (2) heat of reaction
 - (3) threshold energy
 - (4) collision frequency
- 140. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
 - (1) β-D-Glucose + α-D-Fructose
 - (2) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose
 - (3) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
 - (4) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
- 141. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - (1) I effect of CH₃ groups
 - (2) + R effect of CH₃ groups
 - (3) Reffect of CH₃ groups
 - (4) Hyperconjugation
- 142. Identify the correct statement from the following:
 - (1) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
 - (2) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO₂.
 - (3) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
 - (4) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
- 143. Identify the incorrect match.

Name IUPAC Official Name

- (a) Unnilunium
- (i) Mendelevium
- (b) Unniltrium
- (ii) Lawrencium
- (c) Unnilhexium
- (iii) Seaborgium
- (d) Unununnium
- (iv) Darmstadtium
- (1) (a), (i)
- (2) (b), (ii)
- (3) (c), (iii)
- (4) (d), (iv)

- 144. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten $CaCl_2$ (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is:
 - (1) 1
 - (2) 2
 - (3) 3
 - (4) 4
- 145. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:
 - (1) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (2) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (3) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (4) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- 146. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
 - (1) Aldol condensation
 - (2) Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (3) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (4) Cross Aldol condensation
- 147. Find out the solubility of $Ni(OH)_2$ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of $Ni(OH)_2$ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - (1) $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (2) $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (3) $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (4) $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
- 148. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the **correct** option is :
 - (1) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_r H \le 0$ and $\Delta_r S \ge 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
- 149. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
 - (1) Serine
 - (2) Alanine
 - (3) Tyrosine
 - (4) Lysine

150. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

- (1) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- **151.** An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

(1)
$$CH = CH - CH_3$$

(2)
$$CH_2-CH_2-CH_3$$

(3)
$$CH_2 - CH = CH_2$$

152. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol $^{-1}$): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 9 bar
- (2) 12 bar
- (3) 15 bar
- (4) 18 bar

- 153. Match the following and identify the correct option.
 - (a) $CO(g) + H_2(g)$
- (i) $Mg(HCO_3)_2 + Ca(HCO_3)_2$
- (b) Temporary hardness of water
- (ii) An electron deficient hydride
- (c) B₂H₆
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- (d) H_2O_2
- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (i) (iv)
- (2) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (4) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- 154. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Iron
 - (2) Copper
 - (3) Calcium
 - (4) Potassium
- 155. Match the following:

	Oxide		Nature
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	$\rm Al_2O_3$	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	Cl_2O_7	(iv)	Amphoteric

Which of the following is **correct** option?

(a) (b) (d) (c) (1) (i) (ii)(iii) (iv) (2) (ii) (î) (iv) (iii) (ii) (3) (iii) (iv) (4)(ii) (i) (iv) (iii)



- 156. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - (a) β-Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1) (a), (b), (c)
 - (2) (a), (c), (d)
 - (3) (b), (c), (d)
 - (4) (a), (b), (d)
- 157. Paper chromatography is an example of:
 - (1) Adsorption chromatography
 - (2) Partition chromatography
 - (3) Thin layer chromatography
 - (4) Column chromatography
- 158. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
 - (1) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (2) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
 - (3) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (4) q > 0, $\Delta T > 0$ and w > 0
- 159. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - (1) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (3) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene

- 160. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71}$ Lu, respectively, are:
 - (1) 71, 104 and 71
 - (2) 104, 71 and 71
 - (3) 71, 71 and 104
 - (4) 175, 104 and 71
- 161. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
 - (1) Hydrogen gas
 - (2) Oxygen gas
 - H_2S gas
 - (4) SO_2 gas
- 162. Identify the correct statements from the following:
 - (a) CO₂(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
 - (1) (a), (b) and (c) only
 - (2) (a) and (c) only
 - (3) (b) and (c) only
 - (4) (c) and (d) only



- 163. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu²⁺ (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - (1) CuSO₄
 - (2) $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
 - (3) Cu(OH)₂
 - (4) CuCO₃·Cu(OH)₂
- **164.** Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3} & \text{CHO} \\
\hline
\text{Cl}_{2}/\text{h}_{\nu} \times \frac{\text{H}_{2}\text{O}}{373 \text{ K}}
\end{array}$$

$$(2) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2\text{Cl} \\ \end{array}$$

165. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

(1)
$$OH$$
 $+ CH_3I$

(2)
$$+ CH_3OH$$

$$(3) \qquad \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \\ & + \mathrm{C_2H_5I} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

(4)
$$+ C_2H_5OH$$

- 166. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is $5.12~K~kg~mol^{-1}$. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
 - (1) 0.20 K
 - (2) 0.80 K
 - (3) 0.40 K
 - (4) 0.60 K
- **167.** Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :
 - (1) Isopropyl alcohol
 - (2) Sec. butyl alcohol
 - (3) Tert. butyl alcohol
 - (4) Isobutyl alcohol
- 168. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
 - (1) 100 s
 - (2) 200 s
 - (3) 500 s
 - (4) 1000 s

- 169. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - (1) Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (2) Only NaCl
 - (3) Only MgCl₂
 - (4) NaCl, MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
- 170. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O-linkage?
 - (1) H₂SO₃, sulphurous acid
 - (2) H₂SO₄, sulphuric acid
 - (3) H₂S₂O₈, peroxodisulphuric acid
 - (4) H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid
- 171. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
 - (1) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
 - (2) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
 - (3) polybutadiene
 - (4) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
- 172. Identify a molecule which does not exist.
 - (1) He₂
 - (2) Li₂
 - (3) C₂
 - (4) O_2
- 173. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1) Viscosity
 - (2) Solubility
 - (3) Stability of the colloidal particles
 - (4) Size of the colloidal particles
- 174. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr²⁺ ion is:
 - (1) 3.87 BM
 - (2) 4.90 BM
 - (3) 5.92 BM
 - (4) 2.84 BM
- 175. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - (1) n-Hexane
 - (2) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 - (3) n-Heptane
 - (4) n-Butane

- 176. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
 - (1) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
 - (2) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
 - (3) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O = 16]$
 - (4) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
- 177. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (1) $\operatorname{Cr}^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $\operatorname{Fe}^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.
 - (2) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
 - (3) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
 - (4) The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
- 178. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
 - (1) $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (2) $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
 - (3) $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (4) $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
- 179. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
 - (1) Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - (2) Sodium stearate
 - (3) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
 - (4) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
- **180.** Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?
 - (1) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
 - (2) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
 - (3) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.

-000-

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Test Booklet Code

AKANH

No.:

 $\mathbf{F5}$

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
 For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **F5**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Car	ndidate (in Capitals) :		
Roll Number	; in figures		
Centre of Exam	ination (in Capitals) :		
Candidate's Sig	nature :	Invigilator's Signature :	
Facsimile signa	ture stamp of		
Centre Superint	endent:		



- 1. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
 - (1) polybutadiene
 - (2) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
 - (3) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
 - (4) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
- The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Calcium
 - (2) Potassium
 - (3) Iron
 - (4) Copper
- 3. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - (1) Only MgCl₂
 - (2) NaCl, MgCl2 and CaCl2
 - (3) Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (4) Only NaCl
- 4. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?

$$(2) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{NHC}_2 \text{H}_5 \\ \\ \end{array}$$

- 5. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
 - (1) Acetone + Chloroform
 - (2) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
 - (3) Ethanol + Acetone
 - (4) Benzene + Toluene
- 6. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?
 - (1) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (2) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
 - (3) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
- 7. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is 5.12 K kg mol⁻¹. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
 - (1) 0.40 K
 - (2) 0.60 K
 - (3) 0.20 K
 - (4) 0.80 K
- 8. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
 - (1) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
 - (2) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
 - (3) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
 - (4) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose

- 9. Identify the correct statements from the following:
 - (a) CO₂(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
 - (1) (b) and (c) only
 - (2) (c) and (d) only
 - (3) (a), (b) and (c) only
 - (4) (a) and (c) only
- 10. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - (a) β-Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1) (b), (c), (d)
 - (2) (a), (b), (d)
 - (3) (a), (b), (c)
 - (4) (a), (c), (d)
- 11. Paper chromatography is an example of:
 - (1) Thin layer chromatography
 - (2) Column chromatography
 - (3) Adsorption chromatography
 - (4) Partition chromatography
- 12. Identify the incorrect match.

	Name	IUPAC Official Name	
(a)	Unnilunium	(i)	Mendelevium
(b)	Unniltrium	(ii)	Lawrencium
(c)	Unnilhexium	(iii)	Seaborgium
(d)	Unununnium	(iv)	Darmstadtium
(1)	(c), (iii)		
(2)	(d), (iv)		
(3)	(a), (i)		
(4)	(b), (ii)		

- 13. Identify the correct statement from the following:
 - (1) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
 - (2) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
 - (3) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
 - (4) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO₂.
- 14. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $Sucrose + H_2O \rightleftharpoons Glucose + Fructose$

If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at $300\,\rm K$, the value of $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- 15. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten $CaCl_2$ (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is:
 - (1) 3
 - (2) 4
 - (3) 1
 - (4) 2
- 16. Match the following and identify the correct option.
 - (a) $CO(g) + H_2(g)$ (b) Tampanany (c)
- (i) $Mg(HCO_3)_2 + Ca(HCO_3)_2$
 - (b) Temporary hardness of water
- (ii) An electron deficient hydride
- (c) B₂H₆
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- $\text{(d)} \quad \text{H}_2\text{O}_2$

(iii)

(4)

- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (2) (i) (ii) (ii) (iv)
- (3) (iii) (i) (iv)

(ii)

(i)

(iv)



- 17. Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)₂ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)₂ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - (1) $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (2) $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (3) $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (4) $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
- 18. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1) Stability of the colloidal particles
 - (2) Size of the colloidal particles
 - (3) Viscosity
 - (4) Solubility
- 19. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage?
 - (1) $H_2S_2O_8$, peroxodisulphuric acid
 - (2) H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid
 - (3) H₂SO₃, sulphurous acid
 - (4) H₂SO₄, sulphuric acid
- 20. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
 - (2) The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
 - (3) $\operatorname{Cr}^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $\operatorname{Fe}^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.
 - (4) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
- 21. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
 - (1) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (2) Cross Aldol condensation
 - (3) Aldol condensation
 - (4) Cannizzaro's reaction

- 22. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
 - (1) 500 s
 - (2) 1000 s
 - (3) 100 s
 - (4) 200 s
- 23. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
 - (1) $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (2) $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
 - (3) $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (4) $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
- 24. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol⁻¹): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 15 bar
- (2) 18 bar
- (3) 9 bar
- (4) 12 bar
- 25. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in ¹⁷⁵₇₁Lu, respectively, are:
 - (1) 71, 71 and 104
 - (2) 175, 104 and 71
 - (3) 71, 104 and 71
 - (4) 104, 71 and 71
- 26. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu²⁺ (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - (1) $Cu(OH)_2$
 - (2) CuCO₃·Cu(OH)₂
 - (3) $CuSO_4$
 - (4) $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$



27. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

(1)
$$\begin{array}{c} OH \\ \\ + C_2H_5I \end{array}$$

(2)
$$+ C_2H_5OH$$

(3)
$$OH$$
 $+ CH_3I$

(4)
$$+ CH_3OH$$

- 28. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - (1) n-Heptane
 - (2) n-Butane
 - (3) n-Hexane
 - (4) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
- 29. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
 - (1) threshold energy
 - (2) collision frequency
 - (3) activation energy
 - (4) heat of reaction

30. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:

- (1) H_2S gas
- (2) SO_2 gas
- (3) Hydrogen gas
- (4) Oxygen gas

31. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?

- (1) Tyrosine
- (2) Lysine
- (3) Serine
- (4) Alanine

32. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :

- (1) Tert. butyl alcohol
- (2) Isobutyl alcohol
- (3) Isopropyl alcohol
- (4) Sec. butyl alcohol

33. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \to Cl_2(g),$ the ${\bf correct}$ option is :

- (1) $\Delta_r H < 0 \text{ and } \Delta_r S > 0$
- (2) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
- (3) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
- (4) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$

34. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?

- (1) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O = 16]$
- (2) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
- (3) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
- (4) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]

35. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3} & \text{CHO} \\
& \\
\text{Cl}_{2}/\text{h}\nu \times \frac{\text{H}_{2}\text{O}}{373 \text{ K}}
\end{array}$$

(1)
$$CHCl_2$$

36. Match the following:

	Oxid	le		Nature
(a)	CO		(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO		(ii)	Neutral
(c)	Al_2C	3	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	Cl_2C	7	(iv)	Amphoteric
Whi	ch of th	ne follo	wing i	s correct option?
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)

- 37. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - (1) -R effect of $-CH_3$ groups
 - (2) Hyperconjugation
 - (3) -I effect of $-CH_3$ groups
 - (4) +R effect of $-CH_3$ groups
- 38. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - (1) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (3) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- **39.** An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

(1)
$$CH_2 - CH = CH_2$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{(2)} \end{array}$$

(3)
$$CH = CH - CH_3$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \operatorname{CH_2-CH_2-CH_3} \\ \end{array} \tag{4}$$

- 40. Identify a molecule which does not exist.
 - (1) C₂
 - (2) O₂
 - (3) He₂
 - (4) Li₂
- 41. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
 - (1) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (2) $q > 0, \Delta T > 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
 - (3) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (4) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
- 42. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:
 - (1) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (2) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (4) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- 43. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr^{2+} ion is:
 - (1) 5.92 BM
 - (2) 2.84 BM
 - (3) 3.87 BM
 - (4) 4.90 BM
- 44. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
 - (1) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
 - (2) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
 - (3) Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - (4) Sodium stearate

45. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

$$\operatorname{CH}_4(\mathbf{g}) + 4\operatorname{Cl}_2(\mathbf{g}) \to \operatorname{CCl}_4(\mathbf{l}) + 4\operatorname{HCl}(\mathbf{g})$$

- (1) -4 to +4
- (2) 0 to -4
- (3) +4 to +4
- (4) 0 to + 4
- 46. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 30 N
 - (2) 24 N
 - (3) 48 N
 - (4) 32 N
- 47. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m $^{-1}$. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (2) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (3) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}\,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- 48. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (3) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- 49. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}$ U is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}$ Kr, three neutrons and:
 - (1) $^{101}_{36}$ Kr
 - (2) $^{103}_{36}$ Kr
 - (3) $^{144}_{56}$ Ba
 - (4) $^{91}_{40}$ Zr

50. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{j}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k}$ m.

(1)
$$-6\hat{i}$$
 N m

(2)
$$6\hat{k}$$
 N m

(3)
$$6\hat{i}$$
 N m

(4)
$$6\hat{j}$$
 N m

51. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm^2 falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm^2 . The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:

(1)
$$24 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$$

(2)
$$48 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$$

(3)
$$10 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$$

(4)
$$12 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$$

52. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is : $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

- (1) 0.1 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.02 kg/m^3
- (3) 0.5 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.2 kg/m^3

53. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:

(1)
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$$

(2)
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$$

(3)
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$$

$$(4) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, n\pi d^2}$$

54. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:

(1)
$$2.5 \times 10^{-6}$$

(2)
$$2.25 \times 10^{-15}$$

(3)
$$2.25 \times 10^{15}$$

(4)
$$2.5 \times 10^6$$

55. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:

(1)
$$\frac{\pi}{2}$$
 rad

- (2) zero
- (3) π rad

(4)
$$\frac{3\pi}{2}$$
 rac

56. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

- (1) 67 cm
- (2) 80 cm
- (3) 33 cm
- (4) 50 cm

57. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m - 0.0099 m?

- (1) 9.980 m
- (2) 9.9 m
- (3) 9.9801 m
- (4) 9.98 m

58. For transistor action, which of the following statements is correct?

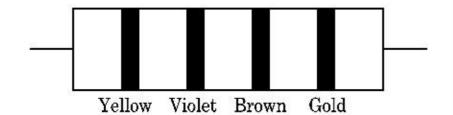
- Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
- (2) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
- (3) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
- (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{59.} & \textbf{The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas} \\ & \textbf{is} : (k_B \ \textbf{is} \ \textbf{Boltzmann constant} \ \textbf{and} \ \textbf{T}, \ \textbf{absolute} \\ & \textbf{temperature}) \end{array}$

- $(1) \qquad \frac{5}{2} \; k_B T$
- $(2) \qquad \frac{7}{2} \, k_B T$
- (3) $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
- $(4) \qquad \frac{3}{2} \, k_B T$



- 60. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m³, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) 1 N/C
 - (2) 5 N/C
 - (3) zero
 - (4) 0.5 N/C
- 61. The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (2) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (3) $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (4) $47 \text{ k}\Omega$, 10%
- 62. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c=speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1) 1:c
 - (2) $1:c^2$
 - (3) c:1
 - (4) 1:1
- 63. The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be:
 - (1) $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
 - (2) $i_b = 90^{\circ}$
 - (3) $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
 - (4) $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$

64. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:

- (1) 536 Hz
- (2) 537 Hz
- (3) 523 Hz
- (4) 524 Hz

65. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:

- (1) 10.0 g
- (2) 20.0 g
- (3) 2.5 g
- (4) 5.0 g

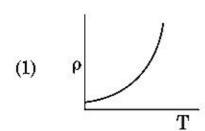
66. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:

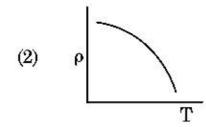
- (1) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
- (2) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
- (3) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
- (4) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
- 67. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μ F. With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μ F. The permittivity of the medium is:

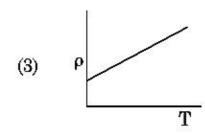
$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

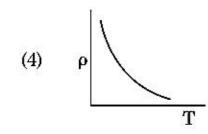
- (1) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$

68. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?









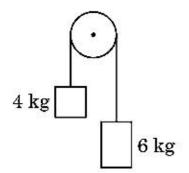
- **69.** For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
 - (1) Deuteron atom
 - (2) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne+)
 - (3) Hydrogen atom
 - (4) Singly ionised helium atom (He⁺)
- 70. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10⁻⁹ C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) 400 V
- (2) zero
- (3) 50 V
- (4) 200 V

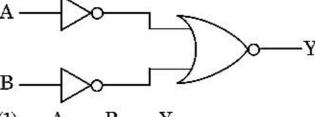
- 71. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
 - (1) µA
 - (2) $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
 - (3) $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
 - (4) $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
- 72. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
 - (1) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 73. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
 - (1) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (2) $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (3) $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (4) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
- 74. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) one-fourth
 - (2) zero
 - (3) doubled
 - (4) four times
- 75. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is:
 - $(1) 10^3 \, \text{V}$
 - (2) $10^4 \, \text{V}$
 - (3) 10 V
 - (4) $10^2 \, \text{V}$

- 76. Dimensions of stress are:
 - (1) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
 - (2) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
 - (3) $[MLT^{-2}]$
 - (4) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
- 77. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:



- (1) g/5
- (2) g/10
- (3) g
- (4) g/2
- 78. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) 1.0
 - (2) -1.0
 - (3) zero
 - (4) 0.5
- 79. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) isochoric
 - (2) isobaric
 - (3) isothermal
 - (4) adiabatic

- 80. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 320 m
 - (2) 300 m
 - (3) 360 m
 - (4) 340 m
- 81. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
 - (1) semiconductors only
 - (2) insulators and semiconductors
 - (3) metals
 - (4) insulators only
- 82. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5$ r_2) through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - (1) $\frac{3}{2}$
 - (2) $\frac{5}{3}$
 - (3) $\frac{27}{8}$
 - (4) $\frac{9}{4}$
- 83. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- (1) A B Y 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1
- (2) A B Y 0 0 1 0
- (3) A B Y 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0



- 84. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
 - (1) four times
 - (2) one-fourth
 - (3) double
 - (4) half
- 85. A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :
 - (1) 2.5 A
 - (2) 25.1 A
 - (3) 1.7 A
 - (4) 2.05 A
- 86. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) 0.5 mm
- (2) 1.0 mm
- $(3) 0.01 \,\mathrm{mm}$
- (4) 0.25 mm
- 87. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly:
 - (1) 0.06
 - (2) 0.006
 - (3) 6
 - (4) 0.6
- 88. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L₁ when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_1}$
 - (2) $\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{A(L_1 L)}}$
 - (3) $\frac{\text{MgL}_1}{\text{AL}}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{\text{Mg}(L_1 L)}{\text{AL}}$

- 89. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
 - (1) both forward bias and reverse bias
 - (2) increase in forward current
 - (3) forward bias only
 - (4) reverse bias only
- 90. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10^{-7} C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (4) $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
- 91. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.
 - (a) Bacillus
- (i) Cloning vector
- thuringiensis
- 2000
- (b) Thermus aquaticus
- (ii) Construction of first rDNA molecule
- (c) Agrobacterium tumefaciens
- (iii) DNA polymerase
- (d) Salmonella typhimurium
- (iv) Cry proteins

Select the correct option from the following:

(d)

- (a) (b) (c)
- (1) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
- (2) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (3) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- 92. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
 - (1) Lysine
 - (2) Valine
 - (3) Tyrosine
 - (4) Glutamic Acid



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93. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Pitui	itary g	land	(i)	Grave's disease
(b)	Thyr	Thyroid gland		(ii)	Diabetes mellitus
(c)	Adrenal gland		(iii)	Diabetes insipidus	
(d)	Pano	reas		(iv)	Addison's disease
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	

- 94. Match the following:
 - (a) Inhibitor of catalytic (i) Ricin activity
 - (b) Possess peptide bonds (ii) Malonate

Chitin

(iii)

- (c) Cell wall material in fungi
- (d) Secondary metabolite (iv) Collagen
- Choose the **correct** option from the following:
 - (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (2) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
- (3) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i) (4) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- **95.** Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :
 - (1) Diplotene
 - (2) Leptotene
 - (3) Pachytene
 - (4) Zygotene
- **96.** In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
 - (1) ICSI and ZIFT
 - (2) GIFT and ICSI
 - (3) ZIFT and IUT
 - (4) GIFT and ZIFT
- 97. Which of the following is **correct** about viroids?
 - (1) They have DNA with protein coat.
 - (2) They have free DNA without protein coat.
 - (3) They have RNA with protein coat.
 - (4) They have free RNA without protein coat.

- 98. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
 - (1) Anabaena and Volvox
 - (2) Chlorella and Spirulina
 - (3) Laminaria and Sargassum
 - (4) Gelidium and Gracilaria
- 99. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
 - (1) Lectin
 - (2) Insulin
 - (3) Haemoglobin
 - (4) Collagen
- 100. The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is:
 - (1) Female gametocytes
 - (2) Male gametocytes
 - (3) Trophozoites
 - (4) Sporozoites
- 101. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
 - (1) Defence action
 - (2) Effect on reproduction
 - (3) Nutritive value
 - (4) Growth response
- 102. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
 - (1) High reflection of light from snow
 - (2) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
 - (3) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
 - (4) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
- 103. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
 - (2) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
 - (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
 - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.



- 104. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
 - (1) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at 600°C
 - (2) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at $600^{\circ}C$
 - (3) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 800°C
 - (4) CH₃, H₂, NH₄ and water vapor at 800°C
- 105. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	6 - 19 gill s	5 pairs lits	of	(i)	Trygon
(b)		rocerc	al	(ii)	Cyclostomes
(c)	Air E	Bladder	r	(iii)	Chondrichthyes
(d)	Poise	on stin	g	(iv)	Osteichthyes
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	
(2)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	

- 106. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
 - (1) 2.2 meters
 - (2) 2.7 meters
 - (3) 2.0 meters
 - (4) 2.5 meters
- 107. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:
 - (1) 5' CTTAAG 3'
 - 3' GAATTC 5'
 - (2) 5' GGATCC 3'
 - 3' CCTAGG 5'
 - (3) 5' GAATTC 3'
 - 3' CTTAAG 5'
 - (4) 5' GGAACC 3'
 - 3' CCTTGG 5'
- 108. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at:
 - (1) Nucellus
 - (2) Chalaza
 - (3) Hilum
 - (4) Micropyle

109. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Floa	ting Ri	bs	(i)	Located between second and seventh ribs
(b)	Acro	mion		(ii)	Head of the Humerus
(c)	Scap	ula	ula		Clavicle
(d)	Glen	oid cav	vity	(iv)	Do not connect with the sternum
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(3)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	
(4)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	

- 110. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
 - (1) Chondrocytes
 - (2) Compound epithelial cells
 - (3) Squamous epithelial cells
 - (4) Columnar epithelial cells
- 111. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
 - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- (1) Dicotyledonous stem
- (2) Dicotyledonous root
- (3) Monocotyledonous stem
- (4) Monocotyledonous root
- 112. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
 - (1) Cross breeding
 - (2) Inbreeding
 - (3) Out crossing
 - (4) Mutational breeding



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- 113. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are:
 - (1) Prop roots
 - (2) Lateral roots
 - (3) Fibrous roots
 - (4) Primary roots
- 114. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to G_1 phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
 - Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
 - (2) Nuclear Division takes place.
 - (3) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
 - (4) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
- 115. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:
 - (1) Plant nematodes
 - (2) Insect predators
 - (3) Insect pests
 - (4) Fungal diseases
- 116. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
 - (1) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
 - (2) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
 - (3) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
 - (4) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
- 117. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because:
 - the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
 - (2) the head holds a 1/3rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
 - (3) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
 - (4) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
- 118. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
 - (1) After zygote formation
 - (2) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
 - (3) Prior to ovulation
 - (4) At the time of copulation

- 119. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
 - (1) Low concentration of LH
 - (2) Low concentration of FSH
 - (3) High concentration of Estrogen
 - (4) High concentration of Progesterone
- 120. Floridean starch has structure similar to:
 - (1) Mannitol and algin
 - (2) Laminarin and cellulose
 - (3) Starch and cellulose
 - (4) Amylopectin and glycogen
- 121. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
 - (1) Ethylene
 - (2) Abscisic acid
 - (3) Cytokinin
 - (4) Gibberellin
- 122. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:
 - (1) Imbibition
 - (2) Plasmolysis
 - (3) Transpiration
 - (4) Root pressure
- 123. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits?
 - (1) 14
 - (2) 8
 - (3) 4
 - (4) 2
- 124. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
 - (1) DNA polymerase
 - (2) RNA polymerase
 - (3) DNA ligase
 - (4) DNA helicase



- 125. Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
 - (2) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
 - (3) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
 - (4) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
- 126. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of:
 - (1) caseinogen into casein
 - (2) pepsinogen into pepsin
 - (3) protein into polypeptides
 - (4) trypsinogen into trypsin
- 127. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by:
 - (1) Aschelminthes
 - (2) Annelida
 - (3) Ctenophora
 - (4) Platyhelminthes
- 128. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :
 - (1) Boveri
 - (2) Morgan
 - (3) Mendel
 - (4) Sutton
- 129. Strobili or cones are found in:
 - (1) Marchantia
 - (2) Equisetum
 - (3) Salvinia
 - (4) Pteris
- 130. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?
 - (1) Golgi bodies
 - (2) Polysomes
 - (3) Endoplasmic reticulum
 - (4) Peroxisomes

- 131. Identify the correct statement with reference to human digestive system.
 - (1) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
 - (2) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
 - (3) Ileum opens into small intestine.
 - (4) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
- 132. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents:
 - (1) Depolarisation of ventricles
 - (2) Repolarisation of ventricles
 - (3) Repolarisation of auricles
 - (4) Depolarisation of auricles
- 133. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Typh	oid		(i)	Wuchereria
(b)	Pneu	monia		(ii)	Plasmodium
(c)	Filar	riasis		(iii)	Salmonella
(d)	Mala	ıria		(iv)	${\it Hae mophilus}$
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(3)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
	(b) (c) (d) (1) (2) (3)	(a) Typh (b) Pneu (c) Filar (d) Mala (a) (1) (ii) (2) (iv) (3) (i)	(a) Typhoid (b) Pneumonia (c) Filariasis (d) Malaria (a) (b) (1) (ii) (i) (2) (iv) (i) (3) (i) (iii)	(b) Pneumonia (c) Filariasis (d) Malaria (a) (b) (c) (1) (ii) (i) (iii) (2) (iv) (i) (ii) (3) (i) (iii) (ii)	(a) Typhoid (i) (b) Pneumonia (ii) (c) Filariasis (iii) (d) Malaria (iv) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (2) (iv) (i) (ii (iii) (iv) (3) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)

- 134. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of:
 - (1) Release of Green House gases
 - (2) Disposal of e-wastes
 - (3) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
 - (4) Emission of ozone depleting substances
- 135. Choose the correct pair from the following:
 - $\begin{array}{ccc} \hbox{(1)} & \hbox{Nucleases} & \hbox{-} & \hbox{Separate the two strands} \\ & \hbox{of DNA} \end{array}$
 - (2) Exonucleases Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
 - (3) Ligases Join the two DNA
 - (4) Polymerases Break the DNA into

molecules

fragments

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136.	Match	the	following	columns	and	select	the
	correc	t opt	ion.				

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	9970000000	tridiur licum	n	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
(b)		hodern sporun	2000	(ii)	Butyric Acid
(c)		ascus ureus		(iii)	Citric Acid
(d)	Aspe	ergillus	s niger	(iv)	Blood cholesterol lowering agent
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	

- 137. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
 - (1) Mortality
 - (2) Species interaction
 - (3) Sex ratio
 - (4) Natality
- 138. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?
 - (1) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
 - (2) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
 - (3) Uremia and Ketonuria
 - (4) Uremia and Renal Calculi
- 139. The first phase of translation is:
 - (1) Aminoacylation of tRNA
 - (2) Recognition of an anti-codon
 - (3) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
 - (4) Recognition of DNA molecule
- 140. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about:
 - (1) 50 million
 - (2) 7 million
 - (3) 1.5 million
 - (4) 20 million

- 141. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0) . This process occurs at the end of:
 - (1) Sphase
 - (2) G_2 phase
 - (3) M phase
 - (4) G₁ phase
- 142. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct**?
 - Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
 - (2) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
 - (3) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
 - (4) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
- 143. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is:
 - (1) Two
 - (2) Three
 - (3) Zero
 - (4) One
- 144. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Gregarious, polyphagous (i) Asterias (a) pest Adult with radial (b) (ii) Scorpion symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry Book lungs Ctenoplana (c) Bioluminescence Locusta (d) (iv) (b) (c) (d) (a) (i) (iii) (ii)(1) (iv) (2) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (3)(i) (iii) (ii) (iv) (4) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)



F5								o					
гэ 145.	The	ovary i	ia half	inferic	win ·			.8 151.	Whi	ch of	the fo	llowir	ng is not an inhibitory
140,	(1)	12700 10	lower	men	<i>I</i> III .			101.					ed dormancy?
	(2)	Plun							(1)	Pher	olic ac	id	
	(3)	Brin	jal						(2)	Para	-ascorl	oic acid	d.
	(4)	Must	tard						(3)	Gibb	erellic	acid	
146.		ch the t	0.000				rrect species	2	(4)	Absc	isic aci	d	
	(a)	(a) Fourth trophic level (i) Crow								원이에 걸린다 하기다			tement with reference to
	(b)	Second trophic level (ii) Vulture							(1)	the gene T that controls ABO blood groups. (1) When IA and IB are present together, the			
	(c)	First trophic level (iii) Rabbit							(1)				e of sugar.
	(d)	1850							(2)	Allel	e 'i' doe	es not j	produce any sugar.
	Select the correct option:								(3)	The	gene (I) has t	hree alleles.
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				(4)	A pe	rson w	rill ha	ve only two of the three
	(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)					allele	es.		
	(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)			159	W/L:	ala afth	- f-11		wetints Association dealers
	(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)			153.					put into Anaerobic sludge age treatment ?
	(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)				(1)	Efflu	ents of	prima	ary treatment
147.							umber of the		(2)		ated sl		ž
						ermed	:		(3)		ary slu		
	(1)			c seque	ence				(4)		ting de	10 7 0	
	(2) (3)		gnition	ı sıte markei	r				(-)	1100	and ac	0110	
	(4)	Oris		marke	L			154.	Mate	ch the	followi	ng wit	h respect to meiosis :
	(-/	OIII	100						(a)	Zygo	tene	(i)	Terminalization
148.		ght re sfer of			_	one fa	cilitates the		(b)	Pach	ytene	(ii)	Chiasmata
	(1)	PS-I	to NA	DP+					(c)	Diplo	otene	(iii)	Crossing over
	(2)	PS-I	to ATI	P syntl	nase					0-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10	inesis		Synapsis
	(3)	PS-I	I to Cy	tb ₆ f co	mplex				(d)			(iv)	STATES
	(4)	Cytb	6f com	plex to	PS-I				Selec				on from the following:
149.	Inw	ater hy	acinth	and w	ater li	ly, poll	ination takes			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
	place	e by :							(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
	(1)		and w						(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)
	(2)			water					(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
	(3)		ts or w		.1				(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
	(4)	wate	r curre	ents on	ny			155.	Eml	222010	mical	cunn	ort for evolution was
150.	500000000000000000000000000000000000000					•	nitrogenase	199.		pprove		supp	ort for evolution was
						piants	is/are:		(1)	Char	les Da	rwin	
	(1) (2)			ınd oxy ınd hyd	50	1			(2)	Opar	rin		
	(3)		ionia a		TOBOT!				(3)	Karl	Ernst	von B	aer
	1-1	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000						1	200	_			

(4)

Nitrate alone



Alfred Wallace

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- 156. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
 - (2) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
 - (3) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
 - (4) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
- 157. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Place	enta		(i)	Androgens
(b)	Zona pellucida		(ii)	Human Chorionic	
					Gonadotropin
					(hCG)
(c)	Bulb	o-uret	hral	(iii)	Layer of the ovum
	glan	ds			
(d)	Leyd	lig cell	s	(iv)	Lubrication of the
					Penis
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(4)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	

158. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

- II
response
osis
ase,
<i>r</i> e
ranules
g
e
g

- **159.** Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?
 - (1) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
 - (2) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
 - (3) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
 - (4) Reabsorption of Na + and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone

- 160. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants:
 - (a) Iron (i) Photolysis of water
 - (b) Zinc (ii) Pollen germination
 - (c) Boron (iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis
 - (d) Manganese (iv) IAA biosynthesis

Select the correct option:

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	

- 161. Select the correct events that occur during inspiration.
 - (a) Contraction of diaphragm
 - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
 - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
 - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
 - (1) (a), (b) and (d)
 - (2) only (d)
 - (3) (a) and (b)
 - (4) (c) and (d)
- 162. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in:
 - (1) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
 - (2) eustachian tube
 - (3) lining of intestine
 - (4) ducts of salivary glands
- 163. Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
 - (1) They are useful in genetic engineering.
 - (2) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
 - (3) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
 - (4) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.



- 164. Select the correct match.
 - (1) Sickle cell anaemia Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11
 - (2) Thalassemia Xlinked
 - (3) Haemophilia Ylinked
 - (4) Phenylketonuria Autosomal dominant trait
- 165. The process of growth is maximum during:
 - (1) Senescence
 - (2) Dormancy
 - (3) Log phase
 - (4) Lag phase
- 166. Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
 - (1) Higher H + conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (2) Low pCO₂ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (3) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O₂.
 - (4) Partial pressure of CO_2 can interfere with O_2 binding with haemoglobin.
- 167. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Orga	an of C	orti	(i)	Connects middle ear and pharynx
(b)	Coch	llea		(ii)	Coiled part of the labyrinth
(c)	Eust	achiar	ı tube	(iii)	Attached to the oval window
(d)	Stap	es		(iv)	Located on the basilar membrane
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	
(4)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	

- 168. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is incorrect?
 - (1) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
 - (2) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
 - (3) They are not bound by any membrane.
 - (4) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
- 169. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımı -	I		Column - II
(a)	Bt co	tton		(i)	Gene therapy
(b)	Ader	osine		(ii)	Cellular defence
	dean	ninase			
	defic	iency			
(c)	RNA	i		(iii)	Detection of HIV
					infection
(d)	PCR			(iv)	Bacillus
					thuringiensis
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	

- 170. Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
 - Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
 - (2) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
 - (3) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
 - (4) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
- 171. Which of the following statements are true for the phylum-Chordata?
 - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
 - (1) (a) and (b)
 - (2) (b) and (c)
 - (3) (d) and (c)
 - (4) (c) and (a)



- 172. Which of the following statements is not correct?
 - The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
 - (2) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
 - (3) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
 - (4) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
- 173. Select the correct statement.
 - (1) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
 - (2) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
 - (3) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
 - (4) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
- 174. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity?
 - (1) Himalayas
 - (2) Amazon forests
 - (3) Western Ghats of India
 - (4) Madagascar
- 175. The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:
 - (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
 - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
 - (c) Seed inside the fruit
 - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
 - (1) (c) and (d)
 - (2) (a) and (d)
 - (3) (a) only
 - (4) (a), (b) and (c)
- 176. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of:
 - (1) Industrial melanism
 - (2) Natural selection
 - (3) Adaptive radiation
 - (4) Convergent evolution

- 177. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of:
 - (1) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
 - (2) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
 - (3) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
 - (4) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
- 178. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure:
 - (1) Cellulose, lecithin
 - (2) Inulin, insulin
 - (3) Chitin, cholesterol
 - (4) Glycerol, trypsin
- 179. Ray florets have:
 - Hypogynous ovary
 - (2) Half inferior ovary
 - (3) Inferior ovary
 - (4) Superior ovary
- 180. Which of the following refer to correct example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) (b), (c) and (d)
 - (2) only (d)
 - (3) only (a)
 - (4) (a) and (c)

-000-

Space For Rough Work





Space For Rough Work



Test Booklet Code

AKANH

No.:

G5

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
 For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **G5**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Car	ndidate (in Capitals) :		-
Roll Number	; in figures		
Centre of Exam	ination (in Capitals) :		
Candidate's Sig	nature :	Invigilator's Signature :	
Facsimile signa	ture stamp of		
Centre Superint	endent:		



G5 2

1.	If the distance between two consecutive base pairs
	is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a
	DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is
	6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is
	approximately:
	MAN MADE CONSTRUCTOR

- (1) 2.5 meters
- (2) 2.2 meters
- (3) 2.7 meters
- (4) 2.0 meters

2. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by:

- (1) Platyhelminthes
- (2) Aschelminthes
- (3) Annelida
- (4) Ctenophora
- 3. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Gregarious, polyphagous (i) (a) Asterias pest Adult with radial (ii) (b) Scorpion symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry **Book lungs** (c) (iii) Ctenoplana Locusta(d) Bioluminescence (iv) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1)(iv) (i) (ii) (iii) (2)(iii) (ii) (i) (iv)

4. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?

(iii)

(ii)

(iv)

(iv)

(1) Peroxisomes

(ii)

(i)

(i)

(iii)

(3)

(4)

- (2) Golgi bodies
- (3) Polysomes
- (4) Endoplasmic reticulum
- 5. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents:
 - (1) Depolarisation of auricles
 - (2) Depolarisation of ventricles
 - (3) Repolarisation of ventricles
 - (4) Repolarisation of auricles

6. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Floa	ting Ri	bs	(i)	Located between second and seventh ribs
(b)	Acro	mion		(ii)	Head of the Humerus
(c)	Scap	ula		(iii)	Clavicle
(d)	Glen	Glenoid cavity			Do not connect with the sternum
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	
(2)	(iii)	(ii) (iv)		(i)	
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	

- 7. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by:
 - (1) Sutton
 - (2) Boveri
 - (3) Morgan
 - (4) Mendel
- 8. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (1) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
 - (2) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
 - (3) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
 - (4) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
- 9. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Pitui	itary g	land	(i)	Grave's disease
(b)	Thyr	oid gla	ınd	(ii)	Diabetes mellitus
(c)	Adre	nal gla	and	(iii)	Diabetes insipidus
(d)	Pane	reas		(iv)	Addison's disease
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	
(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	



10	Mat	sh tha .			l. <i>i+-</i>		3 14.	Cala	G5	
10.						its use in biotechnology.		200	ct the correct events that occur during iration.	
	(a) Bacillus (i) thuringiensis		(i)	Cloning vector		(a)	Contraction of diaphragm			
	(b) Thermus		(ii)	Construction of		(b)	Contraction of external inter-costal muscles			
		aquo	iticus		,	first rDNA molecule		(c)	Pulmonary volume decreases	
	(c)	A CIC	Agrobacterium (iii) DNA			DNA polymerase		(d) (1)	Intra pulmonary pressure increases (c) and (d)	
	216		efacien ,,		<i>c</i> \	G		(2)	(a), (b) and (d)	
	(d)		ronello imurii		(iv)	Cry proteins		(3)	only (d)	
	Sele	5455			on fron	n the following :		(4)	(a) and (b)	
	DOIC	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	i viic following .		(-)		
	(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)		15.	shee	which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of op formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino	
	(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)			ram		
	(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)			(1)	Mutational breeding	
	(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)			(2)	Cross breeding	
11.						glycosidic bond and		(3)	Inbreeding	
	Marie de				ely in t	heir structure :		(4)	Out crossing	
	(1)	-	erol, tı		2		16.	Which one of the following is the most abundant		
	(2)		ulose, l		1				ein in the animals?	
	(3)		in, insi in, cho		a			(1)	Collagen	
	(4)	CIII.	ш, спо	iesiero	л			(2)	Lectin	
12.		ne the e x durin	1/70/1			tes opening of DNA		(3) (4)	Insulin Haemoglobin	
	(1)	DNA	helica	ase				(1)	Hacmoglobin	
	(2)	DNA	polyn	nerase			17.		many true breeding pea plant varieties did	
	(3)	RNA	polym	ierase				Mendel select as pairs, which were similar exc in one character with contrasting traits?		
	(4)	DNA	ligase	e				(1)	2	
13.	Ifth	e head	of cock	roach	is rem	oved, it may live for		(2)	14	
101		days be			ытеш	oved, white hive for		(3)	8	
	(1)	the c	ockroa	ch doe	s not h	ave nervous system.		(4)	4	
	(2)	syste	em wh	ile the	993-7	oportion of a nervous situated along the	18.	The	body of the ovule is fused within the funicle	
	(3)	whil		est is		f a nervous system ed along the dorsal		at: (1)	Micropyle Nucellus	
	(4)	16)		2011-0010 * 0-20-	phage	al ganglia of the		(2)	Chalaza	
	165 865		roach men.	are si	tuated	in ventral part of		(3) (4)	Hilum	



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19.	Which of the following is correct about viroids?	24.	Which of the following statements is
		l .	100 N E

- They have free RNA without protein coat. (1)
- They have DNA with protein coat. (2)
- (3)They have free DNA without protein coat.
- (4)They have RNA with protein coat.
- 20. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is:
 - (1)One
 - (2)Two
 - (3)Three
 - Zero (4)
- 21. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
 - Nitrate alone (1)
 - (2)Ammonia and oxygen
 - (3)Ammonia and hydrogen
 - Ammonia alone (4)
- 22. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Typh	noid		(i)	Wuchereria
(b)	Pneı	ımonia	ι	(ii)	Plasmodium
(c)	Filar	riasis		(iii)	Salmonella
(d)	Mala	ıria		(iv)	${\it Hae mophilus}$
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(4)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	

- From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino 23. acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
 - CH₃, H₂, NH₄ and water vapor at 800°C (1)
 - CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C (2)
 - CH3, H2, NH3 and water vapor at 600°C (3)
 - CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 800°C (4)

- s correct?
 - Adenine pairs with thymine through one (1) H-bond.
 - (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
 - Adenine does not pair with thymine. (3)
 - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
- 25. Match the following with respect to meiosis:
 - Zygotene Terminalization (a)
 - Pachytene (ii)Chiasmata (b)
 - Diplotene (iii) Crossing over (c)
 - Diakinesis Synapsis (iv)
 - Select the correct option from the following:
 - (d) (a) (b) (c) (i) (1) (iv) (iii)(ii) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)
 - (3)(ii) (i) (iv) (iii)

(2)

- (ii)(4) (iii) (i) (iv)
- Choose the correct pair from the following: 26.
 - Break the DNA into (1) Polymerases fragments
 - (2)Nucleases Separate the two strands of DNA
 - Make cuts at specific (3)Exonucleases positions within DNA
 - Join the two DNA Ligases molecules
- Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
 - (2)AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
 - (3) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
 - Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes (4)
- 28. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
 - Alfred Wallace (1)
 - Charles Darwin (2)
 - Oparin (3)
 - Karl Ernst von Baer (4)



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- 29. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are:
 - (1) Primary roots
 - (2) Prop roots
 - (3) Lateral roots
 - (4) Fibrous roots
- **30.** In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :
 - (1) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
 - (2) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
 - (3) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
 - (4) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
- 31. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
 - (1) High concentration of Progesterone
 - (2) Low concentration of LH
 - (3) Low concentration of FSH
 - (4) High concentration of Estrogen
- 32. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
 - (1) Columnar epithelial cells
 - (2) Chondrocytes
 - (3) Compound epithelial cells
 - (4) Squamous epithelial cells
- 33. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
 - (1) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
 - (2) High reflection of light from snow
 - (3) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
 - (4) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
- **34.** Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants:
 - (a) Iron
- (i) Photolysis of water
- (b) Zinc
- (ii) Pollen germination
- (c) Boron (iii) R
 - (iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis
- (d) Manganese (iv) IAA biosynthesis Select the **correct** option :
 - (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (2) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (3) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (4) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)

- **35.** Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:
 - (1) Fungal diseases
 - (2) Plant nematodes
 - (3) Insect predators
 - (4) Insect pests
- 36. Ray florets have:
 - (1) Superior ovary
 - (2) Hypogynous ovary
 - (3) Half inferior ovary
 - (4) Inferior ovary
- **37.** Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of :
 - (1) Emission of ozone depleting substances
 - (2) Release of Green House gases
 - (3) Disposal of e-wastes
 - (4) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
- 38. Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
 - (1) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
 - (2) They are useful in genetic engineering.
 - (3) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
 - (4) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
- **39.** The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is:
 - (1) Sporozoites
 - (2) Female gametocytes
 - (3) Male gametocytes
 - (4) Trophozoites
- 40. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
 - (1) At the time of copulation
 - (2) After zygote formation
 - (3) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
 - (4) Prior to ovulation



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- 41. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
 - (1) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
 - (2) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
 - (3) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
 - (4) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
- 42. Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata?
 - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
 - (1) (c) and (a)
 - (2) (a) and (b)
 - (3) (b) and (c)
 - (4) (d) and (c)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(ii)

(i)

(iv)

(iii)

43. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Clostridium Cyclosporin-A (a) (i) butylicum Trichoderma Butyric Acid (b) (ii) polysporum Monascus (iii) Citric Acid (c) purpureus Aspergillus niger (iv) lowering agent (d) (a) (b) (c)

(iii)

(iii)

(i)

(i)

44. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?

(iv)

(iv)

(ii)

(ii)

- (1) Gelidium and Gracilaria
- (2) Anabaena and Volvox

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

- (3) Chlorella and Spirulina
- (4) Laminaria and Sargassum

- 45. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :
 - (1) Cytb₆f complex to PS-I
 - (2) PS-I to NADP+
 - (3) PS-I to ATP synthase
 - (4) PS-II to Cytb₆f complex
- 46. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?
 - (1) Uremia and Renal Calculi
 - (2) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
 - (3) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
 - (4) Uremia and Ketonuria
- 47. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
 - (1) Growth response
 - (2) Defence action
 - (3) Effect on reproduction
 - (4) Nutritive value
- 48. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?
 - (1) Reabsorption of Na⁺ and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
 - (2) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
 - (3) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
 - (4) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
- 49. Select the correct match.
 - (1) Phenylketonuria Autosomal dominant trait
 - (2) Sickle cell anaemia Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11
 - (3) Thalassemia X linked
 - (4) Haemophilia Ylinked
- 50. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
 - (1) Natality
 - (2) Mortality
 - (3) Species interaction
 - (4) Sex ratio



- 51. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect**?
 - (1) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
 - (2) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
 - (3) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
 - (4) They are not bound by any membrane.
- 52. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
 - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- (1) Monocotyledonous root
- (2) Dicotyledonous stem
- (3) Dicotyledonous root
- (4) Monocotyledonous stem
- 53. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct**?
 - Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
 - (2) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
 - (3) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
 - (4) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
- **54.** In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
 - (1) water currents only
 - (2) wind and water
 - (3) insects and water
 - (4) insects or wind
- 55. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?
 - (1) Floating debris
 - (2) Effluents of primary treatment
 - (3) Activated sludge
 - (4) Primary sludge

- 56. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:
 - (1) Root pressure
 - (2) Imbibition
 - (3) Plasmolysis
 - (4) Transpiration
- 57. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in:
 - (1) ducts of salivary glands
 - (2) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
 - (3) eustachian tube
 - (4) lining of intestine
- 58. Select the correct statement.
 - (1) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
 - (2) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
 - (3) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
 - (4) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
- **59.** Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy?
 - (1) Abscisic acid
 - (2) Phenolic acid
 - (3) Para-ascorbic acid
 - (4) Gibberellic acid
- 60. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about:
 - (1) 20 million
 - (2) 50 million
 - (3) 7 million
 - (4) 1.5 million

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70. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Connects middle Organ of Corti (i) (a) ear and pharynx Coiled part of the Cochlea (b) (ii) labyrinth Eustachian tube Attached to the (iii) (c) oval window Located on the (d) Stapes (iv) basilar membrane (b) (d) (a) (c) (iii) (i) (iv) (1)(ii) (2)(iii) (iv) (ii) (i)

71. The ovary is half inferior in:

(ii)

(iii)

(1) Mustard

(i)

(ii)

(3)

(4)

- (2) Sunflower
- (3) Plum
- (4) Brinjal
- 72. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.

(iv)

(i)

(iii)

(iv)

- (1) Glutamic Acid
- (2) Lysine
- (3) Valine
- (4) Tyrosine
- 73. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Eosii	nophils	S	(i)	Immune response
(b)	Baso	phils		(ii)	Phagocytosis
(c)	Neut	trophil	s	(iii)	Release
					histaminase,
					destructive
					enzymes
(d)	Lym	phocyt	es	(iv)	Release granules
					containing
					histamine
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	

- 74. Match the following:
 - (a) Inhibitor of catalytic (i) Ricin activity
 - (b) Possess peptide bonds (ii) Malonate
 - (c) Cell wall material in (iii) Chitin fungi
 - (d) Secondary metabolite (iv) Collagen

Choose the correct option from the following:

- (b) (a) **(c)** (d) (iii) (i) (iv) (1) (ii)(2)(iii) (ii)(iv) (i) (3)(ii)(iii)(i) (iv) (4)(iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- 75. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to G₁ phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
 - Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
 - (2) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
 - (3) Nuclear Division takes place.
 - (4) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
- 76. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
 - (1) Gibberellin
 - (2) Ethylene
 - (3) Abscisic acid
 - (4) Cytokinin
- 77. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene T that controls ABO blood groups.
 - (1) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
 - (2) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.
 - (3) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
 - (4) The gene (I) has three alleles.
- 78. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
 - (1) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - (2) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
 - (3) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
 - (4) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".



- 79. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of:
 - (1) trypsinogen into trypsin
 - (2) caseinogen into casein
 - (3) pepsinogen into pepsin
 - (4) protein into polypeptides
- 80. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:
 - (1) 5' GGAACC 3'
 - 3' CCTTGG 5'
 - (2) 5' CTTAAG 3'
 - 3' GAATTC 5'
 - (3) 5' GGATCC 3'
 - 3' CCTAGG 5'
 - (4) 5' GAATTC 3'
 - 3' CTTAAG 5'
- 81. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Bt cotton (i) Gene therapy Adenosine (ii) Cellular defence deaminase

deficiency (c) RNAi

(a)

(b)

- (iii) Detection of HIV infection
- (d) PCR (iv) Bacillus thuringiensis
- (a) (b) (c) (d) (i) (1)(iii) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i) (2)(ii) (iv) (3)(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (4) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- 82. Floridean starch has structure similar to:
 - (1) Amylopectin and glycogen
 - (2) Mannitol and algin
 - (3) Laminarin and cellulose
 - (4) Starch and cellulose
- 83. Which of the following statements is **not** correct?
 - The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
 - (2) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
 - (3) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
 - (4) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.

- 84. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of:
 - (1) Convergent evolution
 - (2) Industrial melanism
 - (3) Natural selection
 - (4) Adaptive radiation
- **85.** Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) (a) and (c)
 - (2) (b), (c) and (d)
 - (3) only (d)
 - (4) only (a)
- **86.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
 - (1) Partial pressure of CO₂ can interfere with O₂ binding with haemoglobin.
 - (2) Higher H+ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (3) Low pCO₂ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O₂.
- 87. The process of growth is maximum during:
 - (1) Lag phase
 - (2) Senescence
 - (3) Dormancy
 - (4) Log phase
- 88. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity?
 - (1) Madagascar
 - (2) Himalayas
 - (3) Amazon forests
 - (4) Western Ghats of India



- 89. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:
 - (1) Ori site
 - (2) Palindromic sequence
 - (3) Recognition site
 - (4) Selectable marker
- 90. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II (a) Placenta (i) Androgens (b) Zona pellucida (ii) Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG)

- (c) Bulbo-urethral (iii) Layer of the ovum glands
- (d) Leydig cells (iv) Lubrication of the Penis

 (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
- (3) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (4) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- 91. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
 - (1) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose
 - (2) α-D-Glucose + β-D-Fructose
 - (3) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
 - (4) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
- **92.** Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - (a) β-Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1) (a), (c), (d)
 - (2) (b), (c), (d)
 - (3) (a), (b), (d)
 - (4) (a), (b), (c)
- 93. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten CaCl₂ (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is:
 - (1) 2
 - (2) 3
 - (3) 4
 - (4) 1

- 94. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (2) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (3) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (4) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- 95. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - (1) Only NaCl
 - (2) Only MgCl₂
 - (3) NaCl, MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (4) Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
- 96. Find out the solubility of $Ni(OH)_2$ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of $Ni(OH)_2$ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - (1) $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (2) $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (3) $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (4) $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
- 97. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the **correct** option is :
 - (1) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_r H < 0 \text{ and } \Delta_r S < 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
- 98. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
 - (1) $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
 - (2) $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (3) $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
 - (4) $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
- 99. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of ${\rm Cr}^{2+}$ ion is :
 - (1) 4.90 BM
 - (2) 5.92 BM
 - (3) 2.84 BM
 - (4) 3.87 BM

- 100. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - (1) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (3) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- 101. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Copper
 - (2) Calcium
 - (3) Potassium
 - (4) Iron
- 102. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \operatorname{CH_2-CH_2-CH_3} \\ \end{array} \tag{1}$$

(2)
$$CH_2 - CH = CH_2$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{(3)} \end{array}$$

(4)
$$CH = CH - CH_3$$

- 103. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
 - (1) 200 s
 - (2) 500 s
 - (3) 1000 s
 - (4) 100 s
- 104. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:
 - (1) Sec. butyl alcohol
 - (2) Tert. butyl alcohol
 - (3) Isobutyl alcohol
 - (4) Isopropyl alcohol
- 105. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
 - (1) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
 - (2) polybutadiene
 - (3) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
 - (4) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
- 106. Identify the correct statements from the following:
 - (a) CO₂(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
 - (1) (a) and (c) only
 - (2) (b) and (c) only
 - (3) (c) and (d) only
 - (4) (a), (b) and (c) only
- 107. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
 - (1) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
 - (2) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (3) $q > 0, \Delta T > 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
 - (4) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$



108. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage?

- (1) H₂SO₄, sulphuric acid
- (2) H₂S₂O₈, peroxodisulphuric acid
- (3) H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid
- (4) H_2SO_3 , sulphurous acid

109. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3} & \text{CHO} \\
\hline
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CHO} \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CHO} \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CHO} \\
\end{array}$$

110. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71}$ Lu, respectively, are:

- (1) 104, 71 and 71
- (2) 71, 71 and 104
- (3) 175, 104 and 71
- (4) 71, 104 and 71

111. Identify the incorrect statement.

- (1) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
- (2) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
- (3) The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
- (4) $\operatorname{Cr}^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $\operatorname{Fe}^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.

112. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?

- (1) Sodium stearate
- (2) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
- (3) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
- (4) Sodium lauryl sulphate

113. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is 5.12 K kg mol⁻¹. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):

- (1) 0.80 K
- (2) 0.40 K
- (3) 0.60 K
- (4) 0.20 K



114. Identify the incorrect match.

IUPAC Official Name Name Unnilunium Mendelevium (a) (i) (b) Unniltrium Lawrencium (ii) Unnilhexium (c) (iii) Seaborgium Unununnium Darmstadtium (d) (iv) (1)(b), (ii) (2)(c), (iii) (3)(d), (iv)(4) (a), (i)

- 115. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
 - (1) Benzene + Toluene
 - (2) Acetone + Chloroform
 - (3) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
 - (4) Ethanol + Acetone
- 116. Match the following:

	Oxid	le		Nature
(a)	CO		(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO		(ii)	Neutral
(c)	Al_2O	3	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	Cl_2O	7	(iv)	Amphoteric
Whi	ch of th	ne follo	wing i	s correct option?
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)

- 117. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
 - (1) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
 - (2) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O = 16]$
 - (3) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
 - (4) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]

- 118. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
 - (1) Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (2) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (3) Cross Aldol condensation
 - (4) Aldol condensation
- 119. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - (1) + R effect of CH_3 groups
 - (2) -R effect of -CH₃ groups
 - (3) Hyperconjugation
 - (4) -I effect of $-CH_3$ groups
- 120. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?
 - (1) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
 - (2) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (3) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
 - (4) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
- 121. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
 - (1) Alanine
 - (2) Tyrosine
 - (3) Lysine
 - (4) Serine
- 122. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu²⁺ (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - (1) $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
 - (2) $Cu(OH)_2$
 - (3) $CuCO_3 \cdot Cu(OH)_2$
 - (4) CuSO₄



123. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol⁻¹): N = 14, Ar = 40]

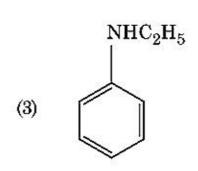
- (1) 12 bar
- (2) 15 bar
- (3) 18 bar
- (4) 9 bar
- 124. Identify the correct statement from the following:
 - Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO₂.
 - (2) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
 - (3) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
 - (4) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
- 125. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

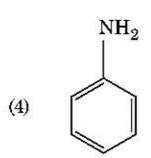
$$\mathbf{Sucrose} + \mathbf{H}_2\mathbf{O} \mathop{\Longrightarrow}\limits_{} \mathbf{Glucose} + \mathbf{Fructose}$$

If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- 126. Identify a molecule which does not exist.
 - (1) Li₂
 - (2) C_2
 - (3) O_2
 - (4) He₂
- 127. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in:
 - (1) heat of reaction
 - (2) threshold energy
 - (3) collision frequency
 - (4) activation energy
- 128. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - (1) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 - (2) n-Heptane
 - (3) n-Butane
 - (4) n-Hexane

129. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?





- 130. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
 - (1) Oxygen gas
 - (2) H_2S gas
 - (3) SO_2 gas
 - (4) Hydrogen gas
- 131. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

$$\mathrm{CH}_4(\mathsf{g}) + 4\mathrm{Cl}_2(\mathsf{g}) \to \mathrm{CCl}_4(\mathsf{l}) + 4\mathrm{HCl}(\mathsf{g})$$

- (1) 0 to +4
- (2) -4 to +4
- (3) 0 to -4
- (4) +4 to +4

132. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

(2)
$$+C_2H_5I$$

$$(3) \qquad \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \\ & \\ \hline \\ & \\ \end{array} + C_2 H_5 O H$$

(4)
$$OH$$
 $+ CH_3I$

- 133. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1) Solubility
 - (2) Stability of the colloidal particles
 - (3) Size of the colloidal particles
 - (4) Viscosity
- 134. Paper chromatography is an example of:
 - (1) Partition chromatography
 - (2) Thin layer chromatography
 - (3) Column chromatography
 - (4) Adsorption chromatography

- 135. Match the following and identify the correct option.
 - (a) $CO(g) + H_2(g)$
- (i) $Mg(HCO_3)_2 + Ca(HCO_3)_2$
- (b) Temporary hardness of water
- (ii) An electron deficient hydride
- (c) B₂H₆
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- (d) H_2O_2
- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (2) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (3) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- 136. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) 0.5
 - (2) 1.0
 - (3) -1.0
 - (4) zero
- 137. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{L}_1 \mathrm{L})}{\mathrm{AL}}$
 - (2) $\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_1}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{\text{MgL}}{A(L_1 L)}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{MgL_1}{AL}$



138. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

(1)
$$3.14 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$$

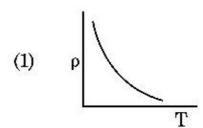
(2)
$$6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$$

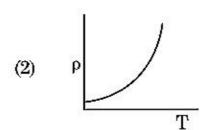
(3)
$$3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$$

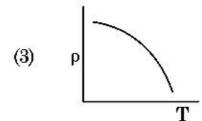
(4)
$$6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$$

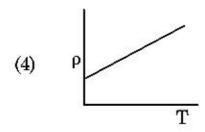
- 139. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ , then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{2A}{\mu}$
 - (2) µA
 - (3) $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
 - (4) $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
- 140. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m³, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) 0.5 N/C
 - (2) 1 N/C
 - (3) 5 N/C
 - (4) zero
- 141. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
 - (1) Singly ionised helium atom (He⁺)
 - (2) Deuteron atom
 - (3) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne⁺)
 - (4) Hydrogen atom
- 142. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
 - (1) $12 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (2) $24 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (3) $48 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (4) $10 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$

- 143. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is:
 - (1) $10^2 \, \text{V}$
 - (2) $10^3 \, \text{V}$
 - (3) 10⁴ V
 - (4) 10 V
- 144. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 32 N
 - (2) 30 N
 - (3) 24 N
 - (4) 48 N
- 145. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?









- 146. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) four times
 - (2) one-fourth
 - (3) zero
 - (4) doubled
- 147. A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:
 - (1) 2.05 A
 - (2) 2.5 A
 - (3) 25.1 A
 - (4) 1.7 A
- 148. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
 - (1) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (2) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
 - (3) 6.00×10^{-7} rad
 - (4) 3.66×10^{-7} rad
- 149. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g=10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 340 m
 - (2) 320 m
 - (3) 300 m
 - (4) 360 m
- 150. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is: $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

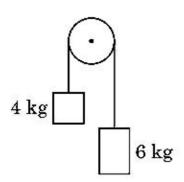
- (1) 0.2 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.1 kg/m^3
- (3) 0.02 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.5 kg/m^3

- 151. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}$ U is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}$ Kr, three neutrons and:
 - (1) $^{91}_{40}$ Zr
 - (2) $^{101}_{36}$ Kr
 - (3) $^{103}_{36}$ Kr
 - (4) $^{144}_{56}$ Ba
- 152. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
 - (1) reverse bias only
 - (2) both forward bias and reverse bias
 - (3) increase in forward current
 - (4) forward bias only
- 153. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
 - (1) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (2) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (3) zero
 - (4) π rad
- 154. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m⁻¹. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

$$(\mu_0\!=\!4\pi\!\times\!10^{-7}\;T\;m\;A^{-1})$$

- (1) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}\,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (2) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (3) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$

- 155. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5$ r_2) through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - (1) $\frac{9}{4}$
 - (2) $\frac{3}{2}$
 - (3) $\frac{5}{3}$
 - (4) $\frac{27}{8}$
- 156. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:

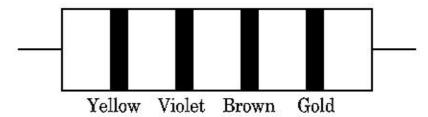


- (1) g/2
- (2) g/5
- (3) g/10
- (4) g
- 157. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, \operatorname{n} \pi \mathrm{d}^2}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$

158. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10⁻⁹ C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) 200 V
- (2) 400 V
- (3) zero
- (4) 50 V
- 159. Dimensions of stress are:
 - (1) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
 - (2) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
 - (3) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
 - (4) $[MLT^{-2}]$
- 160. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly:
 - (1) 0.6
 - (2) 0.06
 - (3) 0.006
 - (4) 6
- 161. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - $(1) \qquad 524\,\mathrm{Hz}$
 - (2) 536 Hz
 - (3) 537 Hz
 - (4) 523 Hz
- 162. The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1) $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- (2) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (3) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (4) $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$

- **163.** The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be :
 - (1) $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
 - (2) $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
 - (3) $i_b = 90^{\circ}$
 - (4) $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
- 164. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μF . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μF . The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{C}^2 \,\mathrm{N}^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$
- 165. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{j}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k}$ m.
 - (1) $6\hat{j}$ N m
 - (2) $-6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (3) $6\hat{k}$ N m
 - (4) $6\hat{i}$ N m
- 166. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:
 - (1) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (4) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
- 167. For transistor action, which of the following statements is correct?
 - (1) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
 - (2) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
 - (3) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
 - (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.

- 168. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : (c = speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1) 1:1
 - (2) 1:c
 - (3) $1:c^2$
 - (4) c:1
- 169. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:
 - (1) 2.5×10^6
 - (2) 2.5×10^{-6}
 - (3) 2.25×10^{-15}
 - (4) 2.25×10^{15}
- 170. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10^{-7} C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

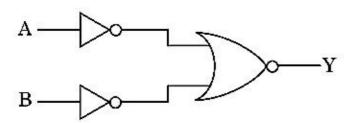
- (1) $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- (4) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- 171. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
 - (1) 9.98 m
 - (2) 9.980 m
 - (3) 9.9 m
 - (4) 9.9801 m
- 172. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
 - (1) half
 - (2) four times
 - (3) one-fourth
 - (4) double
- 173. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) adiabatic
 - (2) isochoric
 - (3) isobaric
 - (4) isothermal



- 174. The energy equivalent of $0.5\,\mathrm{g}$ of a substance is:
 - (1) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 175. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
 - (1) 5.0 g
 - (2) 10.0 g
 - (3) 20.0 g
 - (4) 2.5 g
- 176. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) $0.25 \,\mathrm{mm}$
- (2) 0.5 mm
- (3) 1.0 mm
- (4) 0.01 mm
- 177. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- (1) A B Y 0 0
 - 0 1 1
 - 1 0 1
 - 1 1 1
- (2) A B Y
 - 0 1 1
 - 1 0 1
 - 1 1 0
- (3) A B Y
 - 0 0 1
 - 0 1 0
 - 1 0 0
 - $1 \quad 1 \quad 0$
- (4) A B Y
 - 0 0 0
 - 0 1 0
 - 1 0 0
 - 1 1 1

- 178. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : $(k_B \text{ is Boltzmann constant and } T, \text{ absolute temperature})$
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{3}{2} \, k_B T$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{5}{2} \, k_B T$
 - (3) $\frac{7}{2} k_B T$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
- 179. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
 - (1) insulators only
 - (2) semiconductors only
 - (3) insulators and semiconductors
 - (4) metals
- 180. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

- (1) 50 cm
- (2) 67 cm
- (3) 80 cm
- (4) 33 cm

- o O o -

Space For Rough Work





Space For Rough Work



Test Booklet Code

AKANH

No.:

H5

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
 For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **H5**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Car	ndidate (in Capitals) :		
Roll Number	; in figures		
	; in words		<u></u>
Centre of Exam	ination (in Capitals) :		
Candidate's Sig	nature:	Invigilator's Signature :	59
Facsimile signa	ture stamp of		
Centre Superint	endent:		



- 1. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) zero
 - (2) doubled
 - (3) four times
 - (4) one-fourth
- A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (3) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- 3. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
 - (1) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne+)
 - (2) Hydrogen atom
 - (3) Singly ionised helium atom (He⁺)
 - (4) Deuteron atom
- 4. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10^{-9} C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) zero
- (2) 50 V
- (3) 200 V
- (4) 400 V
- 5. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is $6\,\mu F$. With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes $30\,\mu F$. The permittivity of the medium is:

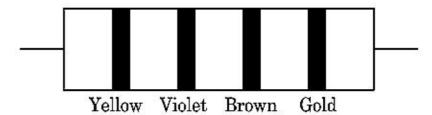
$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \ \mathrm{C^2 \ N^{-1} \ m^{-2}})$$

- (1) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \,\mathrm{C}^2 \,\mathrm{N}^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$
- (4) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$

- 6. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
 - (1) $48 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (2) $10 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (3) $12 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $24 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
- 7. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

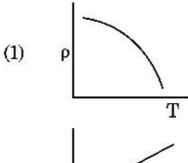
- (1) 80 cm
- (2) 33 cm
- (3) 50 cm
- (4) 67 cm
- 8. The color code of a resistance is given below:

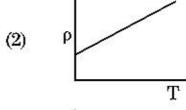


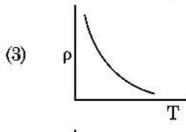
The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively,

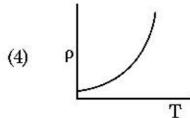
are:

- (1) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (2) $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (3) $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- (4) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- 9. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?









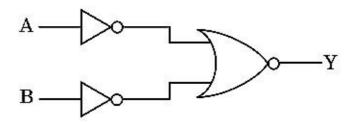


- 10. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
 - (1) zero
 - (2) π rad
 - (3) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (4) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
- 11. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
 - (1) insulators and semiconductors
 - (2) metals
 - (3) insulators only
 - (4) semiconductors only
- 12. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5$ r_2) through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - (1) $\frac{5}{3}$
 - (2) $\frac{27}{8}$
 - (3) $\frac{9}{4}$
 - (4) $\frac{3}{2}$
- 13. For transistor action, which of the following statements is correct?
 - The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
 - (2) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
 - (3) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
 - (4) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
- 14. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 300 m
 - (2) 360 m
 - (3) 340 m
 - (4) 320 m

- 15. The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be:
 - (1) $i_b = 90^{\circ}$
 - (2) $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
 - (3) $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
 - (4) $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
- 16. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : $(k_B \text{ is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute temperature})$
 - (1) $\frac{7}{2} k_B T$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{2} k_{B} T$
 - (3) $\frac{3}{2} k_B T$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{5}{2} \; k_B T$
- 17. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m³, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) 5 N/C
 - (2) zero
 - (3) 0.5 N/C
 - (4) 1 N/C
- 18. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 24 N
 - (2) 48 N
 - (3) 32 N
 - (4) 30 N
- 19. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
 - (1) one-fourth
 - (2) double
 - (3) half
 - (4) four times
- 20. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
 - (1) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$

- 21. Dimensions of stress are:
 - (1) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
 - $(2) \qquad [MLT^{-2}]$
 - (3) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
 - (4) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
- 22. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{MgL}{A(L_1-L)}$
 - (2) $\frac{\text{MgL}_1}{\text{AL}_1}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{Mg(L_1-L)}{AL}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{MgL}{AL_1}$
- 23. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) -1.0
 - (2) zero
 - (3) 0.5
 - (4) 1.0
- 24. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
 - (1) $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (2) $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (3) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (4) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
- 25. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
 - (1) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, \operatorname{n} \pi \mathrm{d}^2}$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$

26. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- (1) A B Y
 0 0 1
 0 1 0
 - 1 0 0
 - 1 1 0
- (2) A B Y
 0 0 0
 0 1 0
 - 1 0 0
 - 1 1 1
- (3) A B Y 0 0 0
 - 0 1 1
 - 1 0 1
 - 1 1 1
- (4) A B Y
 - 0 0 1 0 1 1
 - 1 0 1
 - 1 1 0
- 27. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c = speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1) $1:c^2$
 - (2) c:1
 - (3) 1:1
 - (4) 1:c
- 28. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) isobaric
 - (2) isothermal
 - (3) adiabatic
 - (4) isochoric

- (1) 0.006
- (2) 6
- (3) 0.6
- (4) 0.06

30. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{j}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k}$ m.

- (1) $6\hat{k}$ N m
- (2) $6\hat{i}$ N m
- (3) 6j N m
- (4) $-6\hat{i}$ N m

31. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) 1.0 mm
- (2) 0.01 mm
- (3) 0.25 mm
- (4) 0.5 mm

32. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m - 0.0099 m?

- (1) 9.9 m
- (2) 9.9801 m
- (3) 9.98 m
- (4) 9.980 m

33. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10⁻⁷ C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
- (4) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$

34. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:

- (1) 2.25×10^{-15}
- (2) 2.25×10^{15}
- (3) 2.5×10^6

5

(4) 2.5×10^{-6}

35. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:

- (1) 537 Hz
- (2) 523 Hz
- (3) 524 Hz
- (4) 536 Hz

36. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m⁻¹. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

$$(\mu_0\!=\!4\pi\!\times\!10^{-7}\,T\;m\;A^{-1})$$

- (1) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (3) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{Tm} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (4) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$

37. A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:

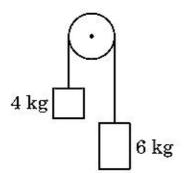
- (1) 25.1 A
- (2) 1.7 A
- (3) 2.05 A
- (4) 2.5 A

38. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is:

- (1) $10^4 \, \text{V}$
- (2) 10 V
- (3) $10^2 \,\mathrm{V}$
- (4) $10^3 \, \text{V}$



- 39. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
 - (1) increase in forward current
 - (2) forward bias only
 - (3) reverse bias only
 - (4) both forward bias and reverse bias
- 40. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}$ U is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}$ Kr, three neutrons and:
 - (1) $^{103}_{36}$ Kr
 - (2) $^{144}_{56}$ Ba
 - (3) $^{91}_{40}$ Zr
 - $(4) \frac{101}{36} Kr$
- 41. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
 - (1) 20.0 g
 - (2) 2.5 g
 - (3) 5.0 g
 - (4) 10.0 g
- 42. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:



- (1) g/10
- (2) g
- (3) g/2
- (4) g/5

- 43. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
 - (1) $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
 - (2) $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
 - (3) $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
 - (4) µA
- 44. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is: $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

- (1) 0.02 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.5 kg/m^3
- (3) 0.2 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.1 kg/m^3
- 45. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:
 - (1) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) 1.0×10^{-2} m
 - (3) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (4) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
- 46. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:
 - (1) Plasmolysis
 - (2) Transpiration
 - (3) Root pressure
 - (4) Imbibition

7	7 H	[5	,

- 47. Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
 - Foetus receives some antibodies from (1)mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
 - (2)When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
 - When ready-made antibodies are directly (3)given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - Active immunity is quick and gives full (4)response.
- 48. Ray florets have:
 - Half inferior ovary (1)
 - (2)Inferior ovary
 - Superior ovary (3)
 - Hypogynous ovary (4)
- Match the following with respect to meiosis: 49.
 - Zygotene Terminalization (a)
 - (b) Pachytene (ii) Chiasmata
 - Crossing over Diplotene (c) (iii)
 - Synapsis Diakinesis (iv)

Select the correct option from the following:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1)(ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- (2)(iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (3)(iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (4) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)

(4)

(iii)

(ii)

Match the following columns and select the 50. correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Place	enta		(i)	Androgens
(b)	Zona	ı pellud	rida	(ii)	Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG)
(c)	Bulb glan	o-uret. ds	hral	(iii)	Layer of the ovum
(d)	Leyd	lig cell	S	(iv)	Lubrication of the Penis
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(3)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	

(i)

(iv)

- Match the following concerning essential elements 51. and their functions in plants:
 - (a) Iron
 - Photolysis of water
 - (b) Zinc Pollen germination
 - Required for chlorophyll (c) Boron biosynthesis
 - IAA biosynthesis (d) Manganese (iv)

Select the **correct** option:

- (b) (d) (a) **(c)**
- (1) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (2)(ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
- (3)(i) (iv) (iii)
- (4) (i) (iii)(iv) (ii)
- Match the following columns and select the 52. correct option.

	87 <u>5</u> 8					
	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II	
(a)	6 - 19 gill s	5 pairs lits	of	(i)	Trygon	
(b)	Heterocercal caudal fin			(ii)	Cyclostomes	
(c)	Air E	Bladde	r	(iii)	Chondrichthyes	
(d)	Poise	on stin	g	(iv)	Osteichthyes	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
(1)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)		
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)		
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)		

Match the trophic levels with their correct species 53. examples in grassland ecosystem.

(iii)

- Fourth trophic level (a)
- Crow (i)
- Second trophic level (b)
- Vulture (ii)
- First trophic level (c)
- Rabbit (iii)
- Third trophic level (d)
- Grass (iv)

Select the correct option:

(b) (a) (c) (d) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (1) (2) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (3) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii)(i) (4) (iii) (ii)

(iv)



- 54. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
 - (1) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
 - (2) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
 - (3) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
 - (4) High reflection of light from snow
- 55. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect**?
 - These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
 - (2) They are not bound by any membrane.
 - (3) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
 - (4) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
- 56. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is correct?
 - There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
 - (2) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
 - (3) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
 - (4) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
- 57. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Eosinophils Immune response Phagocytosis Basophils (b) Neutrophils (c) (iii)Release histaminase, destructive enzymes (d) Lymphocytes Release granules (iv) containing histamine (b) (c) (d) (a) (ii) (i) (1)(iii)(iv) (2)(i) (iii)(iv) (ii) (3)(iv) (i) (ii) (iii) (4)(i) (ii) (iv) (iii)

- 58. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to G₁ phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
 - (1) Nuclear Division takes place.

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- (2) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
- (3) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
- (4) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
- **59.** The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
 - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- (1) Dicotyledonous root
- (2) Monocotyledonous stem
- (3) Monocotyledonous root
- (4) Dicotyledonous stem
- **60.** The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is:
 - (1) Male gametocytes
 - (2) Trophozoites
 - (3) Sporozoites
 - (4) Female gametocytes
- 61. Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
 - (1) Low pCO₂ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (2) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O_2 .
 - (3) Partial pressure of CO₂ can interfere with O₂ binding with haemoglobin.
 - (4) Higher H⁺ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.



							9		H5
62.	Mate	ch the	organi	sm wit	h its u	se in biotechnology.	66.		ch is the important site of formation of
	(a)	Baci	llus		(i)	Cloning vector		glyco	oproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?
		thur	ingien	sis				(1)	Polysomes
	(b)		mus		(ii)	Construction of		(2)	Endoplasmic reticulum
		aquaticus				first rDNA molecule		(3)	Peroxisomes
	(c)		bacter efacien		(iii)	DNA polymerase		(4)	Golgi bodies
	(d)	Salmonella (iv) typhimurium			(iv)	Cry proteins	67.		which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of p formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino s ?
	Sele	ct the	corre	c t optic	on fron	n the following:			
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			(1)	Inbreeding
	(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)			(2)	Out crossing
	(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)			(3)	Mutational breeding
	(3) (4)	(iv) (iii)	(iii) (ii)	(i) (iv)	(ii) (i)			(4)	Cross breeding
63.	of:	Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples					100	vege	e dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter tative inactive stage. This is called quiescent e (G_0) . This process occurs at the end of :
	(1)	Natural selection							
	(2)	Adaptive radiation				(1)	G_2 phase		
	(3) (4)	Convergent evolution Industrial melanism						(2)	Mphase
	(4)	IIIde	isti iui	moran				(3)	G_1 phase
64.		terally exempl	맛집죠! 작가 맛있었다.		l and a	coelomate animals		(4)	Sphase
	(1)	Anne	elida						
	(2)	Cten	ophora	a			69.		ch of the following regions of the globe exhibits est species diversity?
	(3)	Plat	yhelmi	inthes					10 0 0
	(4)	Asch	elmin	thes				(1)	Amazon forests
65.	Sele	ct the	corr	ect ev	ents	that occur during		(2)	Western Ghats of India
	insp	iration				•		(3)	Madagascar
	(a)	Cont	ractio	n of dia	phrag	m		(4)	Himalayas
	(b)	Cont	ractio	n of ext	ternal i	inter-costal muscles			
	(c)	Puln	nonary	volun	1e decr	reases	70.	Iden	tify the basic amino acid from the following.
	(d)	Intra	a pulm	onary	pressu	re increases		(1)	Valine
	(1)	only	(d)					(2)	Tyrosine
	(2)		nd (b)					(3)	Glutamic Acid
	(3)	555555	nd (d)	7.15					
	(4)	(a), (b) and	(d)			1	(4)	Lysine



71. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Pitui	tuitary gland			Grave's disease
(b)	Thyr	oid gla	and	(ii)	Diabetes mellitus
(c)	Adrenal gland			(iii)	Diabetes insipidus
(d)	Pancreas		(iv)	Addison's disease	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	
(4)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	

- 72. Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata?
 - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla: Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
 - (1) (b) and (c)
 - (2) (d) and (c)
 - (3) (c) and (a)
 - (4) (a) and (b)
- 73. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
 - (1) Effect on reproduction
 - (2) Nutritive value
 - (3) Growth response
 - (4) Defence action
- 74. Strobili or cones are found in:
 - (1) Equisetum
 - (2) Salvinia
 - (3) Pteris
 - (4) Marchantia

- 75. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
 - (1) Chlorella and Spirulina
 - (2) Laminaria and Sargassum
 - (3) Gelidium and Gracilaria
 - (4) Anabaena and Volvox
- **76.** Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?
 - (1) Activated sludge
 - (2) Primary sludge
 - (3) Floating debris
 - (4) Effluents of primary treatment
- 77. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	mn - I			Column - II
(a)	Clostridium butylicum			(i)	Cyclosporin-A
(b)	Trichoderma polysporum			(ii)	Butyric Acid
(c)	Monascus purpureus			(iii)	Citric Acid
(d)	(d) Aspergillus niger		niger	(iv)	Blood cholesterol lowering agent
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	

- 78. Which of the following is **correct** about viroids?
 - (1) They have free DNA without protein coat.
 - (2) They have RNA with protein coat.
 - (3) They have free RNA without protein coat.
 - (4) They have DNA with protein coat.



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- Match the following: 79.
 - Inhibitor of catalytic (a) activity
- Ricin (i)
- Possess peptide bonds (b)
- (ii) Malonate
- Cell wall material in (c) fungi
- Chitin (iii)
- Secondary metabolite
- Collagen (iv)

Choose the correct option from the following:

- (a) (b)
 - (c) (d)
- (ii) (iii) (1)(iv)
- (i) (iv)
- (2)(ii)
- (i) (iii)
- (3)(iii)
- (ii) (iv)
- (4)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii)

(i)

- Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified 80. from:
 - Compound epithelial cells (1)
 - (2)Squamous epithelial cells
 - Columnar epithelial cells (3)
 - Chondrocytes (4)
- Presence of which of the following conditions in 81. urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?
 - Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia (1)
 - Uremia and Ketonuria (2)
 - Uremia and Renal Calculi (3)
 - (4)Ketonuria and Glycosuria
- 82. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?
 - Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells (1)
 - More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
 - Reabsorption of Na+ and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
 - Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
- Which of the following statements is not 83. correct?
 - Genetically engineered insulin is produced (1)in E-Coli.
 - In man insulin is synthesised as a (2)proinsulin.
 - The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
 - The functional insulin has A and B chains (4)linked together by hydrogen bonds.

Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control 84. of:

- Disposal of e-wastes (1)
- Transport of Genetically modified organisms (2)from one country to another
- Emission of ozone depleting substances (3)
- (4) Release of Green House gases
- 85. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:
 - Recognition site (1)
 - Selectable marker (2)
 - (3) Ori site
 - (4) Palindromic sequence
- 86. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
 - 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule (1) of 2-C compound
 - (2)2 molecules of 3-C compound
 - (3) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
 - 1 molecule of 6-C compound (4)
- 87. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at:
 - Chalaza (1)
 - Hilum (2)
 - Micropyle (3)
 - Nucellus (4)
- Which of the following statements is **correct**? 88.
 - Adenine does not pair with thymine. (1)
 - (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
 - Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
 - Adenine pairs with thymine through three (4) H-bonds.



89. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - II Column - II

- (a) Gregarious, polyphagous (i) Asterias pest
- (b) Adult with radial (ii) Scorpion symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry
- (c) Book lungs
- (iii) Ctenoplana
- (d) Bioluminescence
- (iv) Locusta
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv)
- (2) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (3) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (4) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- 90. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
 - (1) Low concentration of FSH
 - (2) High concentration of Estrogen
 - (3) High concentration of Progesterone
 - (4) Low concentration of LH
- 91. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
 - (1) Insulin
 - (2) Haemoglobin
 - (3) Collagen
 - (4) Lectin
- 92. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
 - (1) GIFT and ICSI
 - (2) ZIFT and IUT
 - (3) GIFT and ZIFT
 - (4) ICSI and ZIFT
- **93.** Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:
 - (1) Insect predators
 - (2) Insect pests
 - (3) Fungal diseases
 - (4) Plant nematodes

- 94. Identify the wrong statement with reference to the gene T that controls ABO blood groups.
 - (1) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
 - (2) The gene (I) has three alleles.
 - (3) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
 - (4) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.
- 95. The ovary is half inferior in:
 - (1) Plum
 - (2) Brinjal
 - (3) Mustard
 - (4) Sunflower
- **96.** According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about:
 - (1) 7 million
 - (2) 1.5 million
 - (3) 20 million
 - (4) 50 million
- 97. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
 - (1) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
 - (2) Prior to ovulation
 - (3) At the time of copulation
 - (4) After zygote formation
- 98. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
 - (1) RNA polymerase
 - (2) DNA ligase
 - (3) DNA helicase
 - (4) DNA polymerase
- **99.** In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :
 - (1) PS-I to ATP synthase
 - (2) PS-II to Cytb₆f complex
 - (3) Cytb₆f complex to PS-I
 - (4) PS-I to NADP+



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- 100. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of:
 - (1) pepsinogen into pepsin
 - (2) protein into polypeptides
 - (3) trypsinogen into trypsin
 - (4) caseinogen into casein
- 101. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure:
 - (1) Inulin, insulin
 - (2) Chitin, cholesterol
 - (3) Glycerol, trypsin
 - (4) Cellulose, lecithin
- 102. Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
 - (1) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
 - (2) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
 - (3) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
 - (4) They are useful in genetic engineering.
- 103. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents:
 - (1) Repolarisation of ventricles
 - (2) Repolarisation of auricles
 - (3) Depolarisation of auricles
 - (4) Depolarisation of ventricles
- 104. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during:
 - (1) Leptotene
 - (2) Pachytene
 - (3) Zygotene
 - (4) Diplotene
- Identify the correct statement with reference to human digestive system.
 - (1) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
 - (2) Ileum opens into small intestine.
 - (3) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
 - (4) Ileum is a highly coiled part.

- 106. Select the correct match.
 - (1) Thalassemia
- X linked
- (2) Haemophilia
- Y linked
- (3) Phenylketonuria
- Autosomal dominant trait
- (4) Sickle cell anaemia -
- Autosomal recessive trait,
- recessive trait, chromosome-11
- 107. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
 - (1) Species interaction
 - (2) Sex ratio
 - (3) Natality
 - (4) Mortality
- 108. The process of growth is maximum during:
 - (1) Dormancy
 - (2) Log phase
 - (3) Lag phase
 - (4) Senescence
- 109. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	9 5 9						
	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II		
(a)	Bt co	otton		(i)	Gene therapy		
(b)	Adenosine deaminase deficiency			(ii)	Cellular defence		
(c)	RNA	i		(iii)	Detection of HIV infection		
(d)	PCR			(iv)	Bacillus thuringiensis		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)			
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)			
(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)			

- 110. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by:
 - (1) Morgan
 - (2) Mendel
 - (3) Sutton
 - (4) Boveri



- 111. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because:
 - the head holds a 1/3rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
 - (2) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
 - (3) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
 - (4) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
- 112. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
 - (1) 2.7 meters
 - (2) 2.0 meters
 - (3) 2.5 meters
 - (4) 2.2 meters
- 113. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) only (d)
 - (2) only (a)
 - (3) (a) and (c)
 - (4) (b), (c) and (d)
- 114. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
 - (2) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
 - (3) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
 - (4) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.

- 115. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are:
 - (1) Lateral roots
 - (2) Fibrous roots
 - (3) Primary roots
 - (4) Prop roots
- 116. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:
 - (1) 5' GGATCC 3'
 - 3' CCTAGG 5'
 - (2) 5' GAATTC 3'
 - 3' CTTAAG 5'
 - (3) 5' GGAACC 3'
 - 3' CCTTGG 5'
 - (4) 5' CTTAAG 3'
 - 3' GAATTC 5'
- 117. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
 - (1) Abscisic acid
 - (2) Cytokinin
 - (3) Gibberellin
 - (4) Ethylene
- 118. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of:
 - (1) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
 - (2) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
 - (3) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
 - (4) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
- Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
 - (2) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
 - (3) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
 - (4) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
- 120. Floridean starch has structure similar to:
 - (1) Laminarin and cellulose
 - (2) Starch and cellulose
 - (3) Amylopectin and glycogen
 - (4) Mannitol and algin



H₅

- 15 The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase 125. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are: substance governing seed dormancy? Para-ascorbic acid Ammonia and hydrogen (1) (1)Gibberellic acid (2)(2)Ammonia alone Abscisic acid (3) Nitrate alone Phenolic acid (4)Ammonia and oxygen (4)
- Match the following diseases with the causative 122. organism and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Typh	oid		(i)	Wuchereria
(b)	Pneu	neumonia			Plasmodium
(c)	Filar	Filariasis			Salmonella
(d)	Malaria		(iv)	${\it Hae mophilus}$	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(2)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	

- 123. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is:
 - (1)Three
 - (2)Zero
 - (3)One
 - Two
- The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:
 - Pollen grains inside the anther (a)
 - Germinated pollen grain with two male (b) gametes
 - Seed inside the fruit (c)
 - Embryo sac inside the ovule (d)
 - (a) and (d) (1)
 - (a) only (2)
 - (a), (b) and (c) (3)
 - (4)(c) and (d)

- Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli 126. is found in:
 - eustachian tube (1)
 - lining of intestine
 - (3) ducts of salivary glands
 - proximal convoluted tubule of nephron (4)
- 127. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
 - CH₃, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C
 - CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 800°C
 - CH3, H2, NH4 and water vapor at 800°C
 - $\mathrm{CH_4}, \mathrm{H_2}, \mathrm{NH_3}$ and water vapor at 600°C
- Select the **correct** statement. 128.
 - (1) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
 - (2) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
 - Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia. (3)
 - (4) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
- How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits?
 - (1)8
 - (2)
 - (3)2
 - (4) 14
- 130. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by:
 - (1) insects and water
 - (2) insects or wind
 - (3) water currents only
 - wind and water (4)

- 131. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
 - (1) Oparin
 - (2) Karl Ernst von Baer
 - (3) Alfred Wallace
 - (4) Charles Darwin
- 132. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Orga	an of C	orti	(i)	Connects middle ear and pharynx
(b)	Coch	llea		(ii)	Coiled part of the labyrinth
(c)	Eust	achiar	ı tube	(iii)	Attached to the oval window
(d)	Stap	es		(iv)	Located on the basilar membrane
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
141	11	1.1	/* \	1	

- (1) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv) (2)(ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii) (3)(iii) (i) (iv) (iv) (iii) (4)(ii) (i)
- 133. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Float	ting Ri	bs	(i)	Located between second and seventh ribs
(b)	Acro	mion		(ii)	Head of the Humerus
(c)	Scap	ula		(iii)	Clavicle
(d)	Glenoid cavity			(iv)	Do not connect with the sternum
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	
(3)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	

- 134. Choose the correct pair from the following:
 - (1) Exonucleases Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
 - (2) Ligases Join the two DNA molecules
 - (3) Polymerases Break the DNA into fragments
 - (4) Nucleases Separate the two strands of DNA
- 135. The first phase of translation is:
 - (1) Recognition of an anti-codon
 - (2) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
 - (3) Recognition of DNA molecule
 - (4) Aminoacylation of tRNA
- 136. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

$Sucrose + H_2O \rightleftharpoons Glucose + Fructose$

If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of Δ_rG^\ominus at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- 137. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - (a) β-Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1) (a), (b), (d)
 - (2) (a), (b), (c)
 - (3) (a), (c), (d)
 - (4) (b), (c), (d)



- 138. Identify the correct statement from the following:
 - Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
 - (2) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
 - (3) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO₂.
 - (4) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
- 139. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten $CaCl_2$ (Atomic mass of Ca=40 g mol⁻¹) is:
 - (1) 4
 - (2) 1
 - (3) 2
 - (4) 3
- 140. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr²⁺ ion is:
 - (1) 2.84 BM
 - (2) 3.87 BM
 - (3) 4.90 BM
 - $(4) 5.92 \, \mathrm{BM}$
- 141. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
 - (1) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
 - (2) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
 - (3) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose
 - (4) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
- 142. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - (1) NaCl, MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (2) Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (3) Only NaCl
 - (4) Only MgCl₂
- 143. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage?
 - (1) $H_2S_2O_7$, pyrosulphuric acid
 - (2) H₂SO₃, sulphurous acid
 - (3) H₂SO₄, sulphuric acid
 - (4) $H_2S_2O_8$, peroxodisulphuric acid

- 144. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
 - (1) q > 0, $\Delta T > 0$ and w > 0
 - (2) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (3) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
 - (4) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
- 145. Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)₂ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)₂ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - (1) $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (2) $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (3) $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (4) $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
- 146. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in:
 - (1) collision frequency
 - (2) activation energy
 - (3) heat of reaction
 - (4) threshold energy
- 147. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu²⁺ (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - (1) $CuCO_3 \cdot Cu(OH)_2$
 - (2) $CuSO_4$
 - (3) $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
 - (4) Cu(OH)₂
- 148. Match the following and identify the correct option.
 - (a) $CO(g) + H_2(g)$
- (i) $Mg(HCO_3)_2 + Ca(HCO_3)_2$
- (b) Temporary hardness of water
- (ii) An electron deficient hydride
- (c) B_2H_6
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- (d) H_2O_2
- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (2) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (3) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)

- 149. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
 - (1) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
 - (2) Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - (3) Sodium stearate
 - (4) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
- 150. Match the following:

	Oxide		Nature
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	${\rm Al_2O_3}$	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	Cl_2O_7	(iv)	Amphoteric

Which of the following is correct option?

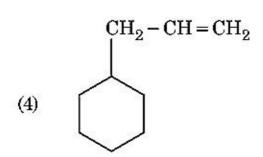
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- $(2) \qquad (i) \qquad (ii) \qquad (iii) \qquad (iv)$
- (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (4) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- 151. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
 - (1) Lysine
 - (2) Serine
 - (3) Alanine
 - (4) Tyrosine
- 152. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{\ 71} Lu$, respectively, are :
 - (1) 175, 104 and 71
 - (2) 71, 104 and 71
 - (3) 104, 71 and 71
 - (4) 71, 71 and 104

153. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{(1)} \end{array}$$

(2)
$$CH = CH - CH_3$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \operatorname{CH_2-CH_2-CH_3} \\ \end{array}$$



154. Identify the incorrect match.

	Name	IUPAC Official Name	
(a)	Unnilunium	(i)	Mendelevium
(b)	Unniltrium	(ii)	Lawrencium
(c)	Unnilhexium	(iii)	Seaborgium
(d)	Unununnium	(iv)	Darmstadtium
(1)	(d), (iv)		
(2)	(a), (i)		
(3)	(b), (ii)		
(4)	(c), (iii)		
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- 155. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Potassium
 - (2) Iron
 - (3) Copper
 - (4) Calcium

- 156. Paper chromatography is an example of:
 - (1) Column chromatography
 - (2) Adsorption chromatography
 - (3) Partition chromatography
 - (4) Thin layer chromatography
- 157. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
 - (1) SO_2 gas
 - (2) Hydrogen gas
 - (3) Oxygen gas
 - (4) H_2S gas
- 158. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - (1) n-Butane
 - (2) n-Hexane
 - (3) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 - (4) n-Heptane
- 159. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?

(1)
$$CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$$

- (2) $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
- (3) $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
- (4) $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
- 160. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the correct option is:
 - (1) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
- 161. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
 - (1) 1000 s
 - (2) 100 s
 - (3) 200 s
 - (4) 500 s
- 162. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
 - (1) Cross Aldol condensation
 - (2) Aldol condensation
 - (3) Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (4) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction

163. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:

(1)
$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

(2)
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

(3)
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

(4)
$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

164. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3} & \text{CHO} \\
\text{Cl}_{2}/\text{h}\nu \times \frac{\text{H}_{2}\text{O}}{373 \text{ K}}
\end{array}$$



- 165. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is $5.12~K~kg~mol^{-1}$. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078~m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
 - (1) 0.60 K
 - (2) 0.20 K
 - (3) 0.80 K
 - (4) 0.40 K
- 166. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (1) The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
 - (2) $\operatorname{Cr}^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $\operatorname{Fe}^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.
 - (3) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
 - (4) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
- 167. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1) Size of the colloidal particles
 - (2) Viscosity
 - (3) Solubility
 - (4) Stability of the colloidal particles
- Identify a molecule which does not exist.
 - (1) O_2
 - (2) He₂
 - (3) Li₂
 - (4) C_{5}
- 169. Identify the correct statements from the following:
 - (a) CO₂(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C₆₀ contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
 - (1) (c) and (d) only
 - (2) (a), (b) and (c) only
 - (3) (a) and (c) only
 - (4) (b) and (c) only

170. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol⁻¹): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 18 bar
- (2) 9 bar
- (3) 12 bar
- (4) 15 bar
- 171. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:
 - (1) Isobutyl alcohol
 - (2) Isopropyl alcohol
 - (3) Sec. butyl alcohol
 - (4) Tert. butyl alcohol
- 172. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

(1)
$$+C_2H_5OH$$

(2)
$$OH$$
 $+ CH_3I$

(3)
$$+ CH_3OH$$

(4)
$$\bigcirc + C_2H_5I$$



173. Which of the following is a natural polymer?

- (1) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
- (2) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
- (3) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
- (4) polybutadiene

174. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?

- (1) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
- (2) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
- (3) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
- (4) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.

175. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?

- (1) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
- (2) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
- (3) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
- (4) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O = 16]$

176. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?

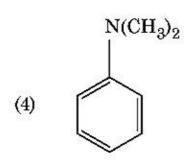
- (1) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- (2) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- (3) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- (4) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene

177. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?

- (1) Hyperconjugation
- (2) -I effect of $-CH_3$ groups
- (3) + Reffect of CH₃ groups
- (4) Reffect of CH₃ groups

178. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?

$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{NHC}_2\text{H}_5 \\ \\ \end{array}$$



179. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:

- (1) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
- (2) Ethanol+Acetone
- (3) Benzene + Toluene
- (4) Acetone + Chloroform

180. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

 $\operatorname{CH}_4(\mathsf{g}) + 4\operatorname{Cl}_2(\mathsf{g}) \to \operatorname{CCl}_4(\mathsf{l}) + 4\operatorname{HCl}(\mathsf{g})$

- (1) 0 to -4
- (2) +4 to +4
- (3) 0 to +4
- (4) -4 to +4

-000-

Space For Rough Work

22





Space For Rough Work

24

