Masters in Corporate commpution

Set No. 1

Ouestion Booklet No.

16P/296/29

(To be	filled up by the c	andidate by blu	e/black ball	-point pen)	1
Roll No.					
Roll No. (Write th				501)	
Serial No. of OMI	R Answer Sheet	10-10			
Day and Date		(801))	(Signatu	re of Invigilator)

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(Use only blue/black ball-point pen in the space above and on both sides of the Answer Sheet)

- 1. Within 10 minutes of the issue of the Question Booklet, check the Question Booklet to ensure that it contains all the pages in correct sequence and that no page/question is missing. In case of faulty Question Booklet bring it to the notice of the Superintendent/Invigilators immediately to obtain a fresh Question Booklet.
- 2. Do not bring any loose paper, written or blank, inside the Examination Hall except the Admit Card without its envelope.
- 3. A separate Answer Sheet is given. It should not be folded or mutilated. A second Answer Sheet shall not be provided. Only the Answer Sheet will be evaluated.
- 4. Write your Roll Number and Serial Number of the Answer Sheet by pen in the space provided above.
- 5. On the front page of the Answer Sheet, write by pen your Roll Number in the space provided at the top and by darkening the circles at the bottom. Also, wherever applicable, write the Question Booklet Number and the Set Number in appropriate places.
- 6. No overwriting is allowed in the entries of Roll No., Question Booklet no. and Set no. (if any) on OMR sheet and Roll No. and OMR sheet no. on the Question Booklet.
- 7. Any change in the aforesaid entries is to be verified by the invigilator, otherwise it will be taken as unfairmeans.
- 8. Each question in this Booklet is followed by four alternative answers. For each question, you are to record the correct option on the Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle in the corresponding row of the Answer Sheet, by pen as mentioned in the guidelines given on the first page of the Answer Sheet.
- 9. For each question, darken only one circle on the Answer Sheet. If you darken more than one circle or darken a circle partially, the answer will be treated as incorrect.
- 10. Note that the answer once filled in ink cannot be changed. If you do not wish to attempt a question, leave all the circles in the corresponding row blank (such question will be awarded
- 11. For rough work, use the inner back page of the title cover and the blank page at the end of this
- 12. Deposit only OMR Answer Sheet at the end of the Test.
- 13. You are not permitted to leave the Examination Hall until the end of the Test.
- 14. If a candidate attempts to use any form of unfair means, he/she shall be liable to such punishment as

Total No. of Printed Pages: 40

[उपर्युक्त निर्देश हिन्दी में अन्तिम आवरण पृष्ठ पर दिये गए हैं।]



ROUGH WORK एफ़ कार्य



No. of Questions: 150

Tin	ıe : 2	$2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours		Full Marks: 450
Not	e :(1) Attempt as many questions	as yo	u can. Each question carries 3
		(Three) marks. One mark w	ill be	deducted for each incorrect
		answer. Zero mark will b	e aw	arded for each unattempted
		question.		
	(2) If more than one alternative	answ	ers seem to be approximate to
		the correct answer, choose t	he cl	osest one.
01	m)	D	17.	
01.			tacke	ed by three masked gunmen is
	Jan	uary 2015 is :		
	(1)	La Caricature	(2)	Charlie Hebdo
	(3)	Le Charivari	(4)	The Clinic

02.			for 20	015 BAFTA Awards under non-
	Eng	lish best film category?		
	(1)	The Lunchbox	(2)	Being Cyrus
	(3)	English, August	(4)	Finding fanny
				e e
03.	Whi	ch of the following banks was	form	erly known as UTI Bank?
	(1)	ICICI Bank	(2)	Ing-Vysya Bank
	(3)	Corporation Bank	(4)	Axis Bank

04.	Wh	o was recently elected the Pre	siden	it of Sri Lanka ?
	(1)	Mahindra Rajapaksa		
	(2)	Mithiripala Sirisena		
	(3)	Ratnasiri Wickremanayake	181	
	(4)	Chandrika Bandaranaike Ku	ımara	atunga
05.	Wh	ich Cricketer died after being	stuck	by a ball on the neck?
	(1)	Philip Hughes	(2)	Doug Walters
	(3)	Chris Rogers	(4)	Ed Cowan
06.	'Sal	nitya Akademi' is located at :		
	(1)	Mumbai	(2)	Chennai
	(3)	Kolkata	(4)	New Delhi
07.	Who	among the following was not	selec	cted to propagate the 'Swachh
		rat Abhiyan' by Prime Ministe		
	(1)	Anil Ambani	(2)	Madhuri Dikhshit
	(3)	Shashi Tharoor	(4)	Baba Ramdev
08.	The	group currently considered as	the	major emerging economies is
	(1)	SAARC	(2)	ASEAN
	(3)	BRICS	(4)	NATO
09.	The	only bank in India to offer bar	nking	g facilities to beggars is:
	(1)	SBI	(2)	ICICI
	(3)	Bank of India	(4)	HCBL Co-operative Bank



10.	The	person who stepped dow	n a	s the Chairperson of the
	'Inte	rgovernmental Panel on Clima	ate C	hange' is :
	(1)	Al Gore	(2)	RK Pachauri
	(3)	Ismail EI Gizouli	(4)	Achim Steiner
11.	Whi	ch of the following is not writt	en by	Munshi Premchand?
	(1)	Godaan	(2)	Karmabhoomi
	(3)	Gaban	(4)	Agnirekha
12.	Mad	lhav Gadgil has received Tyler	Prize	for his work on :
	(1)	Economics	(2)	Environment
	(3)	Human Rights	(4)	Philosophy
13.				Chairperson of the 'Central
		*	ng a	controversy over the film 'The
	Mes	senger of God ?		
	(1)	Pahalaj Nihlani	(2)	Rajyvardhan Rathore
	(3)	Leela Samson	(4)	Arundhati Nag
	m1			
14.			the	fastest century is One-day
	Inte	rnational cricket is :		
	(1)	AB De Villiers	(2)	Faf du Plessis
	(3)	Hashim Amla	(4)	David Miller



15.	. The film that won the award for 'Best Picture' at Oscars in 2015 is:			
	(1)	Birdman	(2)	Selma
	(3)	The Theory of Everything	(4)	Boyhood
16.	Biop	oic Movie 'The Theory of Every	thing	g' which was released in India
	on	16 January 2015 is based on t	he li	fe of which iconic physicist?
	(I)	Albert Einstein	(2)	C.V. Raman
	(3)	Enrico Fermi	(4)	Stephen Hawking
17.	Who	is the first Indian Captain to	regis	ter 100 ODI wins?
	(1)	Saurav Ganguly	(2)	Mahendra Singh Dhoni
	(3)	Kapil Dev	(4)	Sunil Gavaskar
18	The	author of the controversial bo	ok 'T	he Accidental Prime Minister
	is:	author of the controversial be	OK I	ne necidentai i iniio ministor
	15 .			
	(1)	Vijaya Baru	(2)	Sanchita Baru
	(3)	Sanjaya Baru	(4)	Joydeep Baru
19.	Who	among the following has w	on th	ne prestigious DSC Prize for
	Lite	rature, one of South Asia's top	liter	ary awards?
	(1)	Jhumpa Lahiri	(2)	Aravind Adiga
	(3)	Amitav Ghosh	(4)	Kiran Desai



	jointly on which of the following?			
	(1) Energy security and clean energy			
	(2)	Greenhouse gases emission		*
	(3)	Trade relation		
	(4)	Space operation		
	Dire	ections : (Question No. 21 to 2	25)(Choose the right answer:
21.	Who	o said "Swaraj is my birth righ	t and	I must have it"?
	(1)	Pt. Madan Mohan Malviya	(2)	Balgangadhar Tilak
	(3)	Subhash Chandra Bose	(4)	Jawahar Lal Nehru
22.	Who	said,"Education is an Ornar	nent	in Prosperity and a refuge in
	adve	ersity" ?		
	(1)	Dalai Lama	(2)	S. Radhakrishnan
	(3)	J.F. Kennedy	(4)	Aristotle
23.		said, "To Utter pleasant word	ls wi	thout practicing them is like a
	(1)	Gautam Buddha	(2)	Mahavir
	(3)	Mahatma Gandhi	(4)	Albert Eintein
				12/1

20. The PACE is the flagship program between the U.S. and India to work



24.	Wh	o said," We are all borne with	divin	e fire. We have to add wings to
		fire and glow the world with		
	(1)	Martin Fisher	2)	Abdul Kalam
	(3)	Willam Shakespeare	(4)	Henry Ford
25.	Who	said, " An once of performan	ce is	worth pounds of Promises" ?
	(1)	Malwest	(2)	leo Tolstoy
	(3)	Triedic Nietzche	(4)	William M. Thackeray
	Dire	ections: (Question No. 26 to	30)	relate to eminent books and
		authors. Pick out the	corre	ect name:
26.	Who	wrote "Alice in Wonderland"	?	
	(1)	Earnest Hemingway	(2)	R.L. Stevenson
	(3)	Levis Carrol	(4)	George Orwell
27.	Who	wrote - "Mudra Rakshasa" ?		*
	(1)	Kalidas	(2)	Vishakha Dutta
	(3)	Bankim Chandra Chatterjee	(4)	Bana Bhatt
28.	Who	wrote collins "India wins free	dom"	?
	(1)	Dr. Rejendra Prasad	(2)	Durgadas
	(3)	Larry Collins	(4)	Abul Kalam Azad
			147	



				8	
29.	Who	wrote- "Wealth of Nat	ions" ?		
	(1)	H.G. Wells	(2)	Adam Smith	
	(3)	James Jeam	(4)	John Ruskin	
20	XX71	t. "Dl	2		
30.	wno	wrote, "Paradvg Losa"	,		
	(1)	John Milton	(2)	Alexander Pope	
	(3)	Leo Tolstoy	(4)	Jane Austin	
	Dire	ections : (Question No.	. 31 to 35) I	Pick out the right a	nswer:
21	1171-	(T) D	. 15		
31.	WITE	en were The Fundamen	tal Duties inc	corporated in the co	nstitution ?
	(1)	1975 (2) 19	76 (3)	1977 (4)	1979
32	The	directive Principles of	atata poliau	ara directly concer	mad with
02.		750 750 100 100		_	
	(1)	Fundamental Rights	(2)	Fundamental Du	ties
	(3)	Gandhian Principles	(4)	Preamble	
22	To	whom one The Minister		"11 0	
33.	10 V	whom are The Minister	s individuall	y responsible?	
	(1)	The President	(2)	The Prime Ministe	er
	(3)	The Lok Sabha	(4)	The people	
34	Who	are not The members o	f the elector o	colloge of	_
04.	WIIC	are not The members o	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	collage electing the	President:
	(1)	Elected members of R			
	(2)	Elected members of S	tate Assemb	olies	
	(3)	Elected members of L	ok Sabha		
	(4)	Members of Assemblie	es of Union	Territories	



	(2)	He does not need to be		
	(3)	He would then hold an office	of p	rofit under The Government
	(4)	His position will be lowered		
36.		ch among the following coun Id Cup 2019 ? Bangladesh	tries	is the venue for ICC Cricke England
	(3)	South Africa	(4)	Pakistan
37.		among the following have we respectively at Australia Ope		
	(1)	Maria Sharapova and Andy M	lurra	ıy
	(2)	Serena Williams and Novak D	joko	vic
	(3)	Maria Sharapova and Novak I	Djoko	ovic
	(4)	Serena Williams and Andy M	urra	y
38.		a recently carried out its first confoliowing missiles?	anis	ter-based trial of which among
	(1)	Agni II	(2)	Agni II Prime
		Agni III	(4)	Agni V
		10		

35. The President of India is not a member of Parliament because:

(1) He has to see that He remains impartial



39.	Whi	ch among the following temples	of In	dia is known as Black Pagoda
	(1)	Sun Temple, Konark		
	(2)	Brihadeeswara Temple, Tanje	ore	
	(3) Lord Jagannath Temple, Puri			
	(4)	Meenakshi Temple, Madurai		
40.	Wha	at is the name of tropical cyclor	ne tha	at hit Australia on 20 February
	201	5 ?		*
	(1)	Marcia	(2)	Sam
	(3)	Garcia	(4)	Yeppoon
41.	Who	was appointed as the Chairm	an o	f the ISRO's Space Application
	000	tre on 20 February 2015?		•
	(1)	AS Kiran Kumar	(2)	Tapan Misra
	(3)	KS Radhakrishnan	(4)	Rahul Kaiche
42.	'Wor	rld Environment Day' is celebr	ated	on:
	(1)	June 6	(2)	July 5
	(3)	June 5	(4)	July 6
43.	Who	among the following is the Cl	EO of	f Twitter ?
	(1)	Big Stone	(2)	Dick Costolo
	(3)	Jack Dorsey	(4)	Noah Glass
		11		P.T.O.



44.	Whi	ich amongst the following progr	amm	e has been launched by Union
	Gov	ernment for direct communication	ation	with citizens?
	(1)	Google Charcha	(2)	Twitter Charcha
	(3)	Twitter Samvad	(4)	Google Samvad
4.5	3371.	-1. Cl. 1	500	
+5.		ich film bagged the prestigious		a National Film Award for the
		t entertainment film category		., ., .,
	(1)	Microson Southern	(2)	Happy New Year
	(3)	Haider	(4)	Mary Kom
46.	The	first Prime Minister of Singapo	ore w	ho passed away recently was
	(1)	Lee Kuan Yew	(2)	Ki Luan Yew
	(3)	Yi Lian Kew		Kee Yuan Lew
				*
47.	Who	has been awarded the prest	igiou	is Dada Saheb Phalke Award
	201	4 ?		
	(1)	Amitabh Bachchan	(2)	Dilip Kumar
	(3)	Shashi Kapoor	(4)	Dharmendra
48.	Mis	sion Indradhanush of Union G	over	nment is related to:
	(1)	Tourism Development		
	(2)	Immunization of children a	gains	st seven vaccine preventable
		diseases		
	(3)	Skill Development		
	(4)	Agricultural Production		
	, ,			



49.	Wh	o has been made the brand a	mbas	sador for Union Government's
	can	npaign against Hepatitis B?		
	(1)	Anupam Kher	(2)	Shahrukh Khan
	(3)	Priyanka Chopra	(4)	Amitabh Bachchan
50.	His	toric Statue of Mahatma Ga	ndhi	has been unveiled at which
	cou	ntry 's Parliament Square ?		
	(1)	Britain	(2)	USA
	(3)	France	(4)	Japan
	Dire	ections: (Question No. 51 to	55)(Choose the correct answer.
-1	0			
51.	Gar	nga beyond Farakka, when it e	enters	Bangladesh is known as:
	(1)	Padma	(2)	Brahmputra
	(3)	Meghna	(4)	Swarn Ganga
52.	Whi	ch is the most fertile soil type	s in I	ndia ?
	(1)	Black Soils	(2)	Red Soils
	(3)	Laterite soils	(4)	Alluvial Soils
53.	Whi	ch is the highest		
	** ***	ch is the highest mountain pe	ak ir	India?
	(1)	Nanga Parbat	2)	Kanchanjunga
	(3)	Nanda Devi	(4)	Mount Everest
				¥

54.	Bhakra Nangal dam Hirakund dam and Maithou dam are connected with:						
	(1)	Bias, Soan, Damodar	(2)	Satluj , Mahnadi, Damodar			
	(3)	Bias, Mahanadi, Krishna	(4)	Ravi, Godavari, Son			
55.	And	laman and Nicobar Islands are	situ	ated is:			
	(1)	Arabian Sea	(2)	Indian Ocean			
	(3)	Pacific Ocean	(4)	Bay of Bengal			
	Dire	ections : (Question No. 56 to	50) (Choose the correct answer.			
56.	Whi	ich of the following gas do not	form	part of the atmosphere?			
	(1)	Oxygen	(2)	Carbon dioxide			
	(3)	Chlorine	(4)	Nitrogen			
57.	The	solar system was discovered b	y:				
	(1)	Aryabhatta	(2)	Copernicus			
	(3)	Kepler	(4)	Galileo			
58.	The	instrument for measuring the	altit	ude of the sun is called :			
	(1)	Sextant	(2)	Spherometer			
	(3)	Spectrometer	(4)	Solar-instrument			



		of light.							
	(2)	The plant o	The plant cells become elongated and large in darkness						
	(3)	The plant a	lso k	eeps sleepii	ng at	night			
	(4)	None of the	ese						
60.	Wa	rm air will ho	ld mo	ore water va	pour	than cold air	because :		
	(1)	was the second							
	(2)	it has more	water	r vapour in	it				
	(3)	Its molecule	es are	close toget	ther				
	(4)	its molecule	its molecules are moving faster						
	Directions: (Question No. 61 to 65) Complete the series.						series.		
61.	AB I	DE GH JK ?							
	(1)	DF	(2)	MN	(3)	LM	(4) NO		
62.	BG,	GC, HN, N?							
	(1)	Н	(2)	F	(3)	G	(4) I		
63.	2, 1,	4, 3, 2, 6, ?							
	(1)	5	(2)	12	(3)	4	(4) 7		
				15			P.T.O		

59. A plant grown in darkness usually becomes taller because :

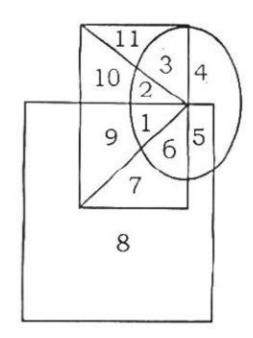
(1) The process of the growth of plants is stimulated in the absence



- 64. ?, 6, 30, 120, 360, 720
 - (1) 0
- (2) 1
- (3) 2
- (4) 3

- **65**. 0, 5, 2, ?, 8, 12, 48
 - (1) 2
- (2) 48
- (3) 3.5
- (4) 4.5

Directions: (Question No. 66 to 73) are based on the figure given below:



Rectangle

- Males

Circle

- Urban

Square

- Educated

Triangle

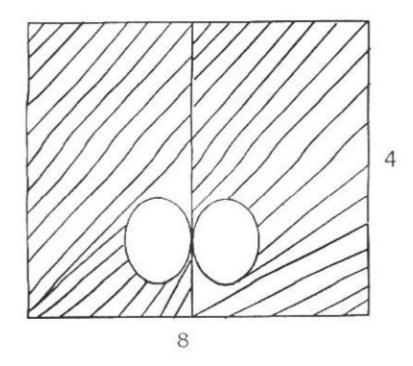
- Civil servants
- 66. Urban educated, non-civil servants, male are represented by:
 - (1) 2
- (2) 6
- (3) 4
- (4) 8
- 67. Rural, educated, non-civil servants, females are represented by :
 - (1) 3
- (2) 9
- (3) 5
- (4) 11



68	Dur	al .	non-civil	ceruo	ate	educate	d m	ales	are repre	cente	ed by :
00.			HOH-CIVII			cuucaic	(3)		are repre		-
	(1)	0		(2)	0		(3)	1		(4)	1
69.	Urb	an,	educated	i, mal	e, civ	vil serva	ints a	are r	epresente	d by	:
	(1)	3		(2)	2		(3)	1		(4)	8
70	D	-1 -	4	C1		.,					
70.			aucatea,			vii serva			represente		
	(1)	1		(2)	9		(3)	8		(4)	10
71.	Urb	an,	educated	l, fema	ale, o	civil ser	vants	s are	represen	ited b	v:
	(1)								- opioooi.	(4)	
				0.180		*	, ,			()	
72.	Non	-civ	il servan	ts, no	n-ed	ucated,	urba	an m	iales are i	epres	sented by:
	(1)	1		(2)	4	9)	(3)	2		(4)	5
73	Hrb	an	unaduoo	tod fo			,		and the state of t	16 m	
10.	(1)	2	uneduca	(2)	ınaı	e, non-			ints are r	121112	ented by :
	(1)	4	171	(2)	4		(3)	3		(4)	11
									*		
	Dire	cti	ons : Que	estion	No	. 74 to	78 :	Cho	ose the co	rrect	answer:
74.	Whi	ch i	number is	s on tl	ne fa	ce oppo	osite	to 3	?		
						1					
	1	\	3	1 2		(4)					
	15	7	6 -	1 4	1	1 5	7				
	6		931	سل				15			
	(1)	1		(2)	4		(3)	2		(4)	5
							3			(7)	J

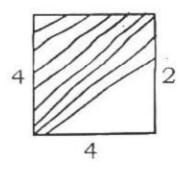


75. What is the area of the shaded portion in the following figure?



- (1) $32-16\pi$
- (2) $32-12\pi$
- (3) $32-8\pi$
- (4) $16-4\pi$

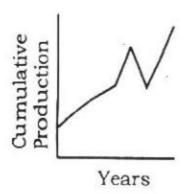
76. In the given figure what is the percentage of the shaded area to the total area?



- (1) 60%
- (2) 75%
- (3) $66\frac{2}{3}\%$
- (4) 25%

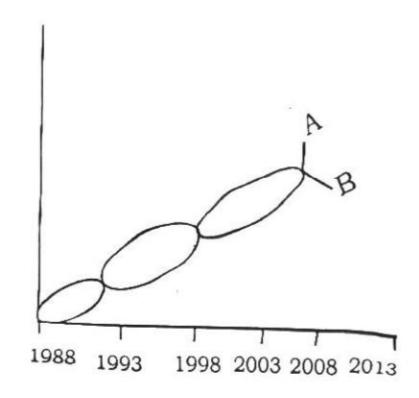
18

77. The graph below purports to represent the cumulative production of a factory over a select period of time. What is the anomaly in the graph?



- The quantity of products is not indicated
- The curve is not smooth
- The negative slope is not possible There is no anomaly

78. In the following diagram curve A represents the variation in population, curve B represents the Capital income:



The most trying period for the economy was:

1988-1993

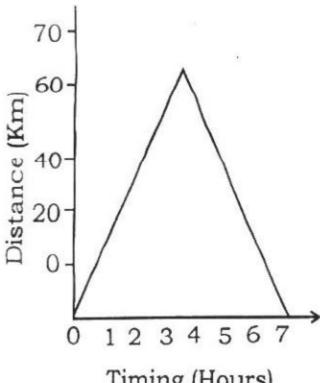
1993-2008

(3)2003-2008

No Period



Direction: Question Nos. 79 to 85 are based on the following graph that gives the Journey in a motor boat both up and down stream (equal distances)



Timing (Hours)

79. What is the speed up stream?

10 km/hr (1)

15 km/hr (2)

20 km/hr (3)

8 km/hr (4)

80. What is the speed down stream?

15 km/hr (1)

20 km/hr (2)

18 km/hr (3)

60 km/hr (4)

81. What is the speed of the boat in still water?

(1) 25 km/hr

(2) $22\frac{1}{2}$ km/hr

(3) $17\frac{1}{2} \text{ km/hr}$

(4) $10\frac{1}{2}$ km/hr

- 82. What is the speed of the stream?
 - (1) 5 km/hr

(2) 4 km/hr

- (3) $3\frac{1}{2}$ km/hr
- (4) $2\frac{1}{2} \text{ km/hr}$
- 83. What time the boat will take to travel 35 km in still water?
 - (1) 2 hrs

- (3) $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs
- (2) 1 hr (4) $2\frac{1}{2}$ hrs
- 84. What is the total distance covered?
 - (1) 30 km
- (2) 60 km
- (3) 90 km
- (4) 120 km
- 85. What is the average speed for the Journey?
 - (1) 17 km/hr

18 km/hr

19 km /hr (3)

(4) None of the above

Directions: (Questions No. 86 to 90) Choose the correct answer.

86. A began a business with Rs. 4,500 and was later joined by B with Rs 5400. If profits at the end of the year are divided in the ratio of 2:1 find after how much time B joined.

21

5 months (1)

(2)7 months

(3)3 months

5 months (4)



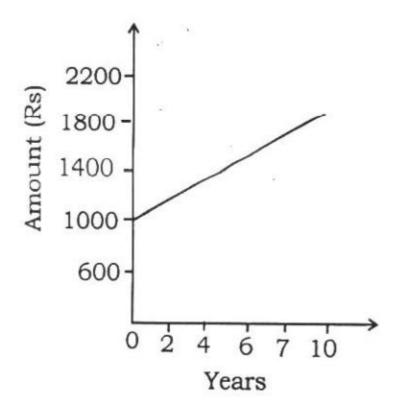
- 87. The population if a town increases annually by 10%. If There are 10,000 peoples now, after three years it will become :
 - (1) 13,000
- (2) 13,310
- (3) 15,000 (4) 12,100
- 88. If A sells a horse for Rs. 620 and a cow for Rs 260, he gains 10% of the cost of both but if he sells horse for Rs. 630 and cow for its cost, he loses 10%. The cost of the cow is:
 - (1) Rs. 630 (2) Rs. 260 (3) Rs. 70 (4) Rs. 90

- 89. A man buys a table worth Rs. 200 on the condition that he would pay Rs. 50 cash and four monthly instalments of Rs. 4 each. Find the rate of interest he pays.

- (1) $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ (2) $16\frac{2}{3}\%$ (3) $6\frac{1}{4}\%$ (4) $9\frac{1}{4}\%$
- 90. What annual payment will discharge a debt of Rs 660 due 5 years hence, money being worth 5% p.a?
 - (1) Rs. 90
- Rs. 100 (2)
- (3) Rs. 120
- (4) Rs. 110



Directions: (Questions No. 91 to 95) are based on the following graph, which gives the amount at sample interest on a certain sum of money:



- 91. What is the sum borrowed?
 - (1) RS 600
- (2)Rs. 800
- Rs. 1000
- Rs. 200

- 92. What is the rate of interest?
 - (1) 5%
- 10%

- 93. What will be the amount at the end of 7 years?

- (1) Rs. 1200 (2) Rs. 1300 (3) Rs. 1400 (4) Rs. 1500



- 94. What will be the interest for 6 yeras?
 - (1) Rs. 200
- (2) Rs. 400
- (3) Rs. 600
- (4) Rs. 800
- 95. In what time the sum will amount to Rs. 2000?
 - (1) 8 years

(2) 10 years

(3) 12 years

(4) 13 years

Directions: (Question No. **96** to **100**) The passage given below is followed by some questions. Provide the correct answers from the given response.

The religious view holds that the world is charged with mystery that is has an ultimate meaning that we can rise from the universe of finitude and imperfection to union with ultimate reality, the transcendent ground of all existents. The view is suspicious of science not because of its critical power but because it ties the mind to the natural world. Science purports to give us a disinterested knowledge of the phenomena of nature and this knowledge leads to technological developments

96. Religion:

- aims at exploring mystery
- (2) accepts that there is mystery in the world
- (3) holds that the world is attacked by mystery
- (4) holds that there is no mystery in the world



97.	The	Universe is:							
	(1)	Limited and less than perfect							
	(2)	Unlimited and imperfect	Unlimited and imperfect						
	(3)	Beautiful and imperfect							
	(4)	Exact and imperfect							
98.	The	basis of all existence is:							
	(1)	Science	(2)	Religion					
	(3)	Reality	(4)	Spiritual reality					
99.	Reli	gious view is suspicious of sci	ience	because:					
	(1)	it deals with physical power							
	(2).	it processes critical power							
	(3)	it does not process critical po	ower						
	(4)	it directs our mental powers to the study of natural world							
100.	"Dis	interested' means :		(q)					
	(1)	Without interest	(2)	With interest					
	(3)	Without prejutice	(4)	Without deep interest					





Note: Four alternatives are given as possible answers to each question. Give the correct choice as an answer.

Directions: (Question No . **101-110**): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow by choosing the most appropriate option from the four alternatives.

The work which Gandhiji had taken up was not only regarding the achievement of political freedom but also the establishment of a new social order based ontruth and non-violence, unity and peace, equality and universal brotherhood and maximum freedom for all. This unfinished prst of his experiment was perhaps even more difficult to achieve than the achievement of political freedom. In the political struggle the fight was against a foreign power and all one could do was either join it or wish it success and give it his/her moral support. In establishing a social order on this pattern, there was a strong possibility of a conflict arising between diverse groups and classes our own people. Experience shows that more values his possessions even more than his life because in the former he sees the means for perpetuation and survival of his descendants even after his body is reduced to ashes. A new order cannot be established without radically changing the mind and attitude of men towards property and at some stage of the other, the 'haves' have to yield place to the 'have-nots'. We have seen in our time attempts to achieve a kind of egalitarian society and the picture of it after it was achieved. But this was done by and large through the use of physical force.

In the ultimate analysis it is difficult, if no impossible to say that the instinct to possess has been rooted out or that it will not reappear in an even worse form under a different guise. It may even be that like a gas kept confined within containers under great pressure, or water held back by a big dam, once the barrier breaks, the reaction will one day sweep back with a violence equal in extent and intensity to what was used to establish and maintain the outward egalitarian form. This enforced egalitarianism contains in its bosom the seed of its own destruction.



The root cause of class conflict is possessiveness or the acquisitive instinct. So long as the ideal that is to be achieved is one of securing the maximum material satisfaction, possessiveness is neither suppressed nor eliminated but grows on what it feeds. Nor does if cease to be possessiveness, whether it is confined to only a few or is shared by many.

If egalitarianism is to enduse, it has to be based on the possession of the maximum material goods by a few or by all but on voluntary, enlightened renunciation of those goods which cannot be shared by others or can be enjoyed only at the expense of others. This calls for sustitution of material values by purely spiritual ones the paradise of material satisfaction, which is equated with progress these days neither spells peace nor progress. Mahatama Gandhi has shown us how the acquisitive instinct inherent in man can be transmuted by the adoption of the ideal of trusteeship by those who 'have' for the benefit of all those who 'have not' so that instead of leading to exploitation and conflict it would become a means and incentive for the amelioration and progress of society respectively.

101. According to the passage egalitarianism will not survive if :

- (1) It is based on voluntary renunciation.
- (2) It is achieved by resorting to physical force.
- (3) Underprivileged people are not involved in its establishment.
- (4) People's outlook towards it is not radically changed.



- 102. Why does man value his possessions more than his life?
 - (1) He has inherent desire to share his possession with others.
 - (2) He is endowed with the possessive instinct.
 - (3) Only his possession helps him to earn love and respect from his descendents.
 - (4) Through his possessions he can preserve his name after his death.
- 103. What was the unfinished part of Gandhi's experiment?
 - (1) Educating people to avoid class conflict.
 - (2) Achieving total political freedom for the country.
 - (3) Establishment of an egalitarian society.
 - (4) Radically changing the mind and attitude of men towards truth and non-violence.
- 104. Which of the following statements is not 'true' in the context of the passage?
 - (1) True egalitarianism can be achieved by giving up one's possessions under compulsion.
 - (2) Man values his life more than his possessions.
 - (3) Possessive instinct is a natural desire of human beings.
 - (4) In the political struggle, the fight was against alien rule.
- 105. According to the passage, true egalitarianism will last only if :
 - (1) It is thrust upon people.
 - (2) It is based on truth and non-violence.
 - (3) People inculcate spiritual values.
 - (4) 'Haves' and 'have nots' live together peacefully.



106. According to the passage people ultimately overturn a social order :

- Which is based on coercion and oppression
- (2) Which does not satisfy their basic need
- (3) Which is based upon conciliation and rapprochement.
- (4) Which is not congenital to the spiritual values of the people.

107. The root cause of class conflict is:

- The paradies of material satisfaction.
- (2) Dominant interest acquisitive instinct in man.
- (3) Exploitation of the 'have nots' by the 'haves'.
- (4) A social order where the unprivileged are not a part of the. establishment.
- 108. Which of the following statements is not true in the context of the passage?
 - A new order can be established by radically changing the outlook of people towards it.
 - (2) Adoption of the ideal of trusteeship can minimize possessive instinct.
 - (3) Enforced egalitarianism can be the cause of its own destruction
 - (4) Ideal of new order is to secure maximum material satisfaction.



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109. Which of the fallowing conclusions can be deducted from the passage?

- A social order based on truth and non-violence alone can help the achievement of political freedom.
- (2) After establishing the social order of Gandhi's pattern, the possibility of a conflict between different classes of society will hardly exist.
- (3) It is difficult to change the mind and attitude of men towards `property.
- (4) Material satisfaction can be enjoyed only at the expense of others.

110. What does the "adoption of the ideal of trusteeship "mean?

- (1) Equating peace and progress with material satisfaction.
- (2) Adoption of the ideal by the haves for the benefit of 'have-nots'.
- (3) Renunciation of the possessive instincts by the privileged class
- (4) Substitution of spiritual values by material ones by those who live in the paradise of material satisfaction.

Directions: (Question No. 111 to 118) Choose the word nearest in meaning to the underlined part in the sentences given below.

111. Children are credulous by nature.

(1) Naughty

(2) Innocent

(3) Dreamy

(4) Willing to believe easily



112	112. He has implicated them in the conspiracy.						
	(1)	Influenced	(2)	Affected			
	(3)	Unvolved	(4)	Interested			
113	.To h	nis utter surprise, the venture	turn	ed out to be highly <u>lucrative</u> .			
	(1)	Satisfactory	(2)	Profitable			
	(3)	Challenging	(4)	Frustrating			
114	.I ha	te his <u>craven</u> behaviour.					
	(1)	Mean	(2)	Silly			
	(3)	Cowardly	(4)	Indecent			
115	. Mos	at of the politicians these day	/s ha	ve a large number of <u>toadies</u>			
	arou	and them.					
	(1)	Servants	(2)	Sycophants			
	(3)	Professional assistants	(4)	Followers			
116		r the declaration of Election r e of <u>euphoria</u> .	csult	s the party workers were in a			
	(1)	Utter depression	(2)	Great disorder			
	(3)	Pleasant excitement	(4)	Intense indignation			
117. The art film which I watched this evening has put me in a pensive mood.							
	(1)	Cheerful	(2)	Reflective			
	(3)	Confused	(4)	Depressed			



118	118. We agreed to have the Town Hall as the rendezvous for the scouttroops						
	(1)	Assembly	(2)	Camping ground			
	(3)	Picnic spot	(4)	Meeting place			
Directions: (Question No. 119 to 126) Choose the word opposite in meaning to the under lined part in the sentences given below.							
119	. His	critics found in his overt state	ment	ts some hidden designs.			
	(1)	Converse	(2)	Pervert			
	(3)	Covert	(4)	Contrived			
120	.Old	people are usually more cons	ervati	ive than young people.			
	(1)	Modern	(2)	Old fashioned			
	(3)	Dynamic	(4)	Liberal			
121.	You	r team is full of delinquent chi	ildrer	1:			
	(1)	Law-abiding	(2)	Uncivil			
	(3)	Quarrelsome	(4)	Jealous			
122.	.The	usual adulation of the officers	mus	st end.			
	(1)	Flattery	(2)	Condemnation			
	(3)	Praise	(4)	Back-biting			
123	123. In ancient days, a <u>fragile</u> glass Jar was considered to be more valuable then a human slave.						
	(1)	Heavy	(2)	Strong			
	(3)	Tall	(4)	Braoad			



12	124. The new officer is a brash young man.						
	(1)	Handsome	(2)	Arrogant			
	(3)	Kind	(4)	Polite			
	- ~						
12	5. Sile	ence in this place is mandate	ory.				
	(1)	Optional	(2)	Compulsory			
	(3)	Imperative	(4)	Irritiating			
120	5.The	ere is no <u>deart</u> h of dedicated	worke	rs in our party			
	(1)	Scarcity	(2)	Affluence			
	(3)	Prosperity		Abundance			
	Dir	ections : /Owestian N					
	<i>D</i> II	to replace the <u>unde</u>	to 130	Choose the appropriate option portion in the given sentences.			
127	7.Tax	es are high in this country	does't t	horr 2			
	(1)	don't; they?					
	(3)	aren't they?	(2)	doesn't if?			
		- J	(4)	do they ?			
128	. I <u>wa</u>	as telling a lie if I ever said th	at I lik	ted you.			
	(1)	have been telling	(2)	would have told			
	(3)	would have been telling		are telling			
129	Wit	h a thur I					
147	pad	n a thundering roar, the huge	rocket	soared up from the launching			
	(1)	flew up	Was in				
	(3)	took off	(2)	went upwards.			
			(4)	no improvement			
130	. I do	not know why he avoids to	speak t	to me			
	(1)	saying to me					
	(3)	to tell me		speaking to me			
			(4)	no improvement			



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Directions: (Question No. 131 to 135) Choose the correctly spelt word.

131. (1)	Sqw	alid	

(2) Squallid

(3) Squaleid

(4) Squalid

132.(1) Committee

(2) Commitee

(3) Comittee

(4) Commitie

133.(1) Grammer

(2) Grammar

(3) Grammur

(4) Gramar

134.(1) Mischeivous

(2) Mischievous

(3) Mischivous

(4) Mischivus

135.(1) Temprary

(2) Tempry

(3) Temporary

(4) Tempory

Directions: (Questions No. 136 to 140) Choose the correct meaning of the idiom underlined in the following sentences.

136. The poor women do manual labour even when they are in the family way.

(1) in a domestic manner

(2) unwell

(3) injured

(4) pregnant

137. He chose the path of religion of his own accord.

(1) forcibly

(2) helplessly

(3) half heartedly

(4) willingly



(2) to start a conversation

(4) to end the hostility

139. I have burnt my fingers in this speculative deal.							
(1) incur loss of property							
(2)	to get into unexpected troubles.						
(3)	to get confused	*					
(4)	to struggle	20 E					
140. He	has only some <u>hazy ideas</u> a	bout life.					
(1)	feminine ideas	(2) masculine					
(3)	hazardous	(4) confused					
Directions: (Question No. 141 to 145) The given sentence is divided into three parts numbered (1), (2) and (3). One of these parts may contain erroneous. Select the error our part. If you think there is no error in any part of the sentence, select the option No. (4) which indicates no error 141. He preferred/grey shirt/to white. No error.							
	(1) (2) (3)	(4)					
142. She has spent/most of her life/helping the poors. No error							
	(1) (2)	(3)					
	3	5 P.T.O.					

138. No one know what to say but at last I broke the ice.

to crack the ice

(3) to star quarreling

(1)



(1)

144. After do	144. After doing his matriculation/Rohan went for a world tour/ with his						
(1)		(2)				
bicycle.			No error .				
(3)	ε	H	(4)				
145. Umesh i	s working/ on the project/	since last	July. No error				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)				
Directions: (Question No. 146 to 150) In the following questions, the first and last parts of the sentence or passage are numbered as 1 & 2. The rest is split into four parts named P, Q R and S. These four parts in different combinations are given but they are not in their proper order. Find out which of the four combinations is correct.							
146. 1. The	problem of food is intimate						
(P)	wages eill seldom rise in p						
	the market is governed by						
(R)	(R) without enough food such people lack health, strength of						
(S)	efficiency if too many people demarrise and poor classes will		to go round prices will				

143. I ringed the bell /three times/ but no body came. No error

(3)

(4)

(2)



2.	They fall an easy pray to all sort of diseases.					
	(1) QSPR		(2)	PQRS		
	(3) RPSQ		(4)	SQRP		
147. 1.	On the basis	of exp	eriments with r	ats		
	(P) health exp	perts h	nere say that	¥:		
	(Q) rxercise m	ore ar	nd consume vita	amins		
	(R) they will li	ive up	to 100 years or	more		
	(S) if humans	eat le	SS			
2.	and be vigoro	us in	their eighties a	nd nineties.		
	(1) PQSR		(2)	PSQR		
	(3) PSRQ		(4)	SPQR		
148. 1.	People read as	nd rec	ite the Ramaya	naon		
	(P) which refe	ers to t	those high idea	ls of human conduct.		
	(Q) with great			•		
	(R) that aspec	t of its	greatness			
	(S) but they n	nostly	fail to apprecia	te		
2.	that this great	t epic j	places before us	S.		
	(1) RSPQ	(2)	SRQP			
	(3) QSRP	(4)	PRQS			
			37	•		



149.	1.	Ashoka v	vas	successful

- (P) by the cruelty and horrors of war
- (Q) but he was disgusted
- (R) in his military operations
- (S) and alone among conquerors
- 2. that he renounced it.
 - (1) RSQP

(2) SQPR

(3) QPRS

(4) PSQR

150.1. India's message has always been one of love and peace

- (P) our Buddha was the light of Asia
- (Q) it has been a source of light and wisdom to the rest of the world
- (R) ashoka moved by the horrors of Kalinga war adopted the message of non-violence
- (S) the greatest apostle of non-violence in recent years was Mahatma Gandhi
- he shook the foundation of the British rule in India through non-violence.
 - (1) PSQR
- (2) RPQS
- (3) SRQP

(4) QPRS



ROUGH WORK रफ़ कार्य

39

P.T.O.



अभ्यर्थियों के लिए निर्देश

(इस पुस्तिका के प्रथम आवरण पृष्ठ पर तथा उत्तर-पत्र के दोनों पृष्ठों पर केवल नीली-काली बाल-प्वाइंट पेन से ही लिखें)

- 1. प्रश्न पुस्तिका मिलने के 10 मिनट के अन्दर ही देख लें िक प्रश्नपत्र में सभी पृष्ठ मौजूद हैं और कोई प्रश्न छूटा नहीं है। पुस्तिका दोषयुक्त पाये जाने पर इसकी सूचना तत्काल कक्ष-निरीक्षक को देकर सम्पूर्ण प्रश्नपत्र की दूसरी पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।
- 2. परीक्षा भवन में *लिफाफा रहित प्रवेश-पत्र के अतिरिक्त*, लिखा या सादा कोई भी खुला कागज साथ में न लायें।
- उत्तर-पत्र अलग से दिया गया है। इसे न तो मोड़ें और न ही विकृत करें। दूसरा उत्तर-पत्र नहीं दिया जायेगा।
 केवल उत्तर-पत्र का ही मूल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
- 4. अपना अनुक्रमांक तथा उत्तर-पत्र का क्रमांक प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर पेन से निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें।
- उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर पेन से अपना अनुक्रमांक निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें तथा नीचे दिये वृत्तों को गाढ़ा कर दें। जहाँ-जहाँ आवश्यक हो वहाँ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका का क्रमांक तथा सेट का नम्बर उचित स्थानों पर लिखें।
- 6. ओ० एम० आर० पत्र पर अनुक्रमांक संख्या, प्रश्नपुस्तिका संख्या व सेट संख्या (यदि कोई हो) तथा प्रश्नपुस्तिका पर अनुक्रमांक और ओ० एम० आर० पत्र संख्या की प्रविष्टियों में उपरिलेखन की अनुमित नहीं है।
- उपर्युक्त प्रविष्टियों में कोई भी परिवर्तन कक्ष निरीक्षक द्वारा प्रमाणित होना चाहिये अन्यथा यह एक अनुचित साधन का प्रयोग माना जायेगा।
- 8. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के वैकल्पिक उत्तर के लिए आपको उत्तर-पत्र की सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये वृत्त को उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर दिये गये निर्देशों के अनुसार पेन से गाढ़ा करना है।
- प्रत्येक प्रश्न के उत्तर के लिए केवल एक ही वृत्त को गाढ़ा करें। एक से अधिक वृत्तों को गाढ़ा करने पर अथवा एक वृत्त को अपूर्ण भरने पर वह उत्तर गलत माना जायेगा।
- 10. ध्यान दें कि एक बार स्याही द्वारा अंकित उत्तर बदला नहीं जा सकता है। यदि आप किसी प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं देना चाहते हैं, तो संबंधित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये सभी वृत्तों को खाली छोड़ दें। ऐसे प्रश्नों पर शून्य अंक दिये जायेंगे।
- 11. रफ कार्य के लिए प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के मुखपृष्ठ के अंदर वाला पृष्ठ तथा उत्तर-पुस्तिका के अंतिम पृष्ठ का प्रयोग करें।
- 12. परीक्षा के उपरान्त केवल ओ एम आर उत्तर-पत्र परीक्षा भवन में जमा कर दें।
- 13. परीक्षा समाप्त होने से पहले परीक्षा भवन से बाहर जाने की अनुमित नहीं होगी।
- 14. यदि कोई अभ्यर्थी परीक्षा में अनुचित साधनों का प्रयोग करता है, तो वह विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा निर्धारित दंड का/की, भागी होगा/होगी।

