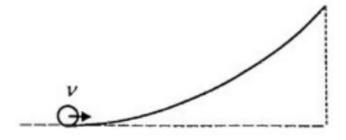
JEE-2007 Paper 2

1.	 In the experiment to determine the speed of sound using a resonance column, (A) prongs of the tuning fork are kept in a vertical plane (B) prongs of the tuning fork are kept in a horizontal plane (C) in one of the two resonances observed, the length of the resonating air column is close to the wavelength of sound in air (D) in one of the two resonances observed, the length of the resonating air column is close to half of the wavelength of sound in air
Answ	ver (A) (B) (C) (D)
2.	A student performs an experiment to determine the Young's modulus of a wire exactly 2 m long, by Searle's method. In a particular reading, the student measure the extension in the length of the wire to be 0.8 mm with an uncertainty ± 0.05 mm at a load of exactly 1.0 kg. The student also measures the diameter of the wire to be 0.4 mm with an uncertainty of ± 0.01 mm. Take $g = 9.8$ m/s² (exact). The Young's modulus obtained from the reading is (A) $(2.0\pm0.3)\times10^{11}$ N/m² (B) $(2.0\pm0.2)\times10^{11}$ N/m² (C) $(2.0\pm0.1)\times10^{11}$ N/m² (D) $(2.0\pm0.05)\times10^{11}$ N/m²
Answ	ver (A) (B) (C) (D)
	OR
	$ \bigcirc \qquad \bigcirc \qquad \bigcirc \qquad \bigcirc \qquad \bigcirc \\ (A) \qquad (B) \qquad (C) \qquad (D) $
3.	A particle moves in the X-Y plane under the influence of a force such that its lines momentum is $\vec{p}(t) = A \left[\hat{i} \cos(kt) - \hat{j} \sin(kt) \right]$, where A and k are constants. The angle between the force and the momentum is (A) 0° (B) 30° (C) 45° (D) 90°

Answer (A) (B) (C) (D)



4. A small object of uniform density rolls up a curved surface with an initial velocity ν . It reaches up to a maximum height of $\frac{3\nu^2}{4g}$ with respect to the initial position. The object is



(A) ring

- (B) solid sphere
- (C) hollow sphere

Answer

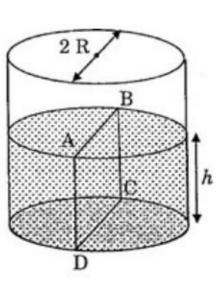








- (B)
- (D)
- 5. Water is filled up to a height h in a beaker of radius R as shown in the figure. The density of water is ρ , the surface tension of water is T and the atmospheric pressure is P_0 . Consider a vertical section ABCD of the water column through a diameter of the beaker. The force on water on one side of this section by water on the other side of this section has magnitude



(A) $\left| 2P_0 R h + \pi R^2 \rho g h - 2RT \right|$ (B) $\left| 2P_0 R h + R \rho g h^2 - 2RT \right|$

(B)
$$2P_0Rh + R\rho gh^2 - 2RT$$

(C) $\left| P_0 \pi R^2 + R \rho g h^2 - 2RT \right|$ (D) $\left| P_0 \pi R^2 + R \rho g h^2 + 2RT \right|$

(D)
$$P_0 \pi R^2 + R \rho g h^2 + 2RT$$

Answer







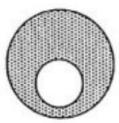


(B)

(C)

(D)

 A spherical portion has been removed from a solid sphere having a charge distributed uniformly in its volume as shown in the figure. The electric field inside the emptied space is



- (A) zero everywhere
- (B) non-zero and uniform

(C) non-uniform

(D) zero only at its center

Answer







- (A)
- (B)
- (C)
- (D)
- 7. Positive and negative point charges of equal magnitude are kept at $\left(0,0,\frac{a}{2}\right)$ and $\left(0,0,\frac{-a}{2}\right)$, respectively. The work done by the electric field when another positive point charge is moved from (-a,0,0) to (0,a,0) is
 - (A) positive
 - (B) negative
 - (C) zero
 - (D) depends on the path connecting the initial and final positions

Answei



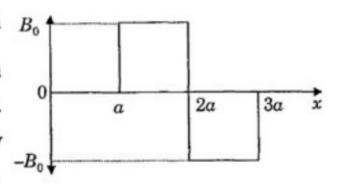


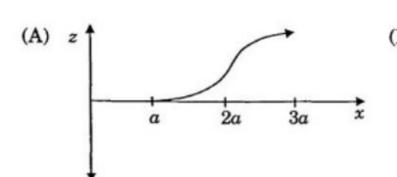


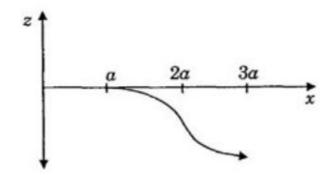


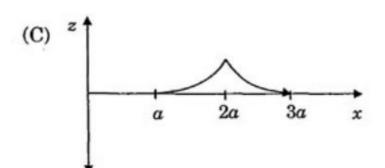
- (A)
- (B)
- (
- (D)

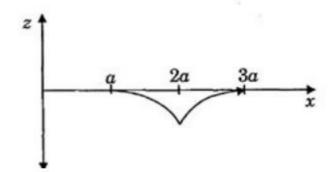
A magnetic field $\vec{B} = B_0 \vec{j}$ exists in the region B_0 8. a < x < 2a and $\vec{B} = -B_0\hat{j}$, in the region 2a < x < 3a, where B_0 is a positive constant. A positive point charge moving with a velocity $\overrightarrow{v} = v_0 \, \hat{i}$, where v_0 is a positive constant, enters the magnetic field at x = a. The trajectory of the charge in this region can be like,











Answer



(B)



9. Electrons with de-Broglie wavelength λ fall on the target in an X-ray tube. The cut-off wavelength of the emitted X-rays is

(D)

(A) $\lambda_0 = \frac{2 mc \lambda^2}{h}$

(B) $\lambda_0 = \frac{2h}{mc}$

- (C) $\lambda_0 = \frac{2m^2c^2\lambda^3}{h^2}$
- (D) $\lambda_0 = \lambda$







- (A)
- (B)

STATEMENT-1

If there is no external torque on a body about its center of mass, then the velocity of the center of mass remains constant.

because

STATEMENT-2

The linear momentum of an isolated system remains constant.

- (A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False
- (D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True

Answer (A) (B) (C) (D)

11. STATEMENT-1

A cloth covers a table. Some dishes are kept on it. The cloth can be pulled out without dislodging the dishes from the table.

because

STATEMENT-2

For every action there is an equal and opposite reaction.

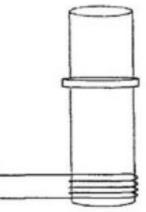
- (A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False
- (D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True

Answer	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	\bigcirc
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)



12. STATEMENT-1

A vertical iron rod has a coil of wire wound over it at the bottom end. An alternating current flows in the coil. The rod goes through a conducting ring as shown in the figure. The ring can float at a certain height above the coil.



because

STATEMENT-2

In the above situation, a current is induced in the ring which interacts with the horizontal component of the magnetic field to produce an average force in the upward direction.

- (A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False
- (D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True

Answer (A) (B) (C) (D)

STATEMENT-1

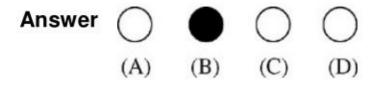
The total translational kinetic energy of all the molecules of a given mass of an ideal gas is 1.5 times the product of its pressure and its volume.

because

STATEMENT-2

The molecules of a gas collide with each other and the velocities of the molecules change due to the collision.

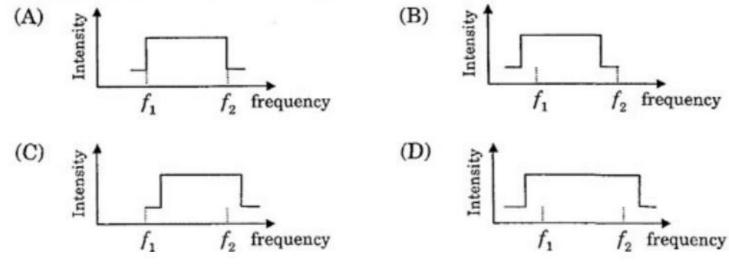
- (A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False
- (D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True

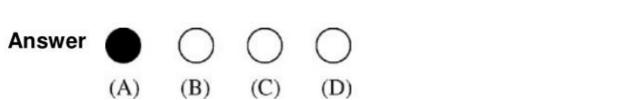




14.	The speed of sound of the whistle is								
	(A)	340 r	n/s for	passen	gers in	A and 31	0 m/s fo	r passeng	gers in B
	(B)	360 r	n/s for	passen	gers in	A and 31	0 m/s fo	r passen	gers in B
	(C)	310 m/s for passengers in A and 360 m/s for passengers in					gers in B		
	(D) 340 m/s for passengers in both the trains								
Ansv	wer	_	(B)	_	(D)				

15. The distribution of the sound intensity of the whistle as observed by the passengers in train A is best represented by





(B) 330 Hz

16. The spread of frequency as observed by the passengers in train B is

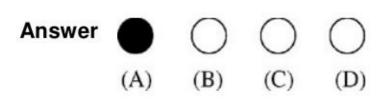
- Answer (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 17. Light travels as a

(A) 310 Hz

- (A) parallel beam in each medium
- (B) convergent beam in each medium
- (C) divergent beam in each medium
- (D) divergent beam in one medium and convergent beam in the other medium

(C) 350 Hz

(D) 290 Hz





18.	The phases of the light wave at c , d , e and f are ϕ_c , ϕ_d , ϕ_e and ϕ_f respectively	7.
	t is given that $\phi_c \neq \phi_f$.	

- (A) ϕ_c cannot be equal to ϕ_d (B) ϕ_d can be equal to ϕ_e
- (C) $(\phi_d \phi_f)$ is equal to $(\phi_c \phi_e)$ (D) $(\phi_d \phi_c)$ is not equal to $(\phi_f \phi_e)$

Answer







- (A)
- (B)
- (C)

(D)

19. Speed of light is

- (A) the same in medium-1 and medium-2
- (B) larger in medium-1 than in medium-2
- (C) larger in medium-2 than in medium-1
- (D) different at b and d

Answer







(C)



- (A)
- (B)
- (D)

20.Column I describes some situations in which a small object moves. Column II describes some characteristics of these motions. Match the situations in Column I with the characteristics in Column II and indicate your answer by darkening appropriate bubbles in the 4×4 matrix given in the ORS.

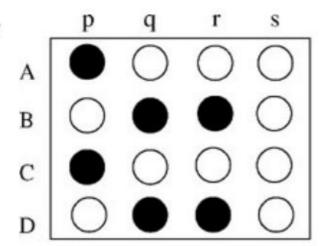
Column I

- (A) The object moves on the x-axis under a (p) The object executes a conservative force in such a way that its "speed" and "position" satisfy $v = c_1 \sqrt{c_2 - x^2}$, where c_1 and c_2 are positive constants.
- (B) The object moves on the x-axis in such a way (q) The that its velocity and its displacement from the origin satisfy v = -kx, where k is a positive constant.
- (C) The object is attached to one end of a mass-less spring of a given spring constant. The other end of the spring is attached to the ceiling of an elevator. Initially everything is at rest. The elevator starts going upwards with a constant acceleration a. The motion of the object is observed from the elevator during the period it maintains acceleration.
- (D) The object is projected from the earth's surface vertically upwards with a speed $2\sqrt{GM_e/R_e}$, where, M_e is the mass of the earth and R_e is the radius of the earth. Neglect forces from objects other than the earth.

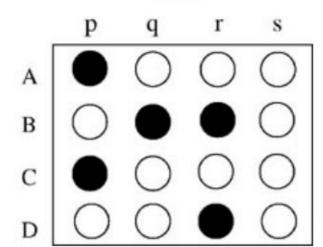
Column II

- simple harmonic motion.
- object does not change its direction.
- (r) The kinetic energy of the object keeps on decreasing.
- (s) The object can change its direction only once.

Answer



OK





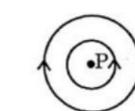
21. Two wires each carrying a steady current I are shown in four configurations in Column I. Some of the resulting effects are described in Column II. Match the statements in Column I with the statements in Column II and indicate your answer by darkening appropriate bubbles in the 4×4 matrix given in the ORS.

Column I

- (A) Point P is situated --midway between the --wires.
- (B) Point P is situated at the mid-point of the line joining the centers of the circular wires, which have same radii.
- (C) Point P is situated at the mid-point of the line joining the centers of the circular wires, which have same radii.
- (D) Point P is situated at the common center of the wires.

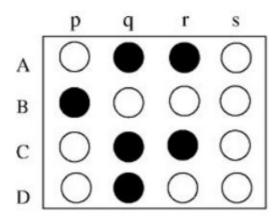
Column II

- at P due to the currents in the wires are in the same direction.
- (q) The magnetic fields (B) at P due to the currents in the wires are in opposite directions.
- (r) There is no magnetic field at P.

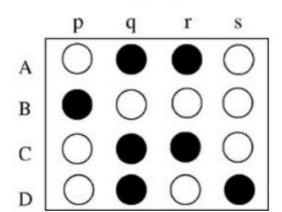


(s) The wires repel each other.

Answer



<u>OR</u>

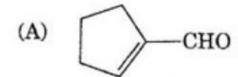




	func	tioning of th	ese dev	evices and Colvices depend. and indicate you in the ORS.	Match the	devices in	Column I wi	ith the
		Column I				Colu	mn II	
	(A)	Bimetallic st	rip		(p)	Radiation fi	rom a hot body	,
	(B)	Steam engin	e		(q)	Energy con	version	
	(C)	Incandescen	t lamp		(r)	Melting		
	(D)	Electric fuse			(s)	Thermal ex	pansion of soli	ids
Answ	er	A - 's, q'	OR 's	' alone				
		B - 'q'						
		C - 'p, q'	OR 'p	' alone				
		D – 'q, r'	OR 'r	' alone				
23.	solu req		diphen	ylamine as i chromate is				d Mohr's salt of Mohr's salt
Answ	er	(A) (B)	(C	(D)				
24.				etal carbonyls [Fe(CO) ₅]	90.00)6]-
Answ	er	(A) (B)	(C)	(D)				
25.	in e trea crys	excess KI to atment with stalline preci	give a a solu pitate. '	when treated colourless solution of coba The metal ion Hg ²⁺	lution. Mon lt(II) thiod is	reover, the s cyanate give	solution of m	etal ion on
Answ	er	(A) (B)		(D)				

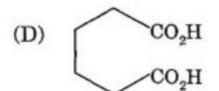


26. Cyclohexene on ozonolysis followed by reaction with zinc dust and water gives compound E. Compound E on further treatment with aqueous KOH yields compound F. Compound F is







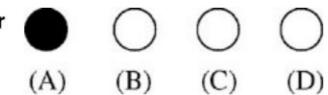


Answer

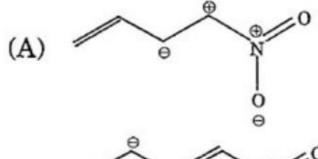


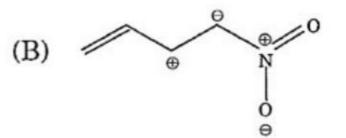
- (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 27. The number of stereoisomers obtained by bromination of trans-2-butene is
 - (A) 1
- (B) 2
- (C) 3.
- (D) 4

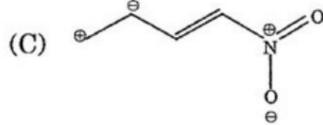
Answer

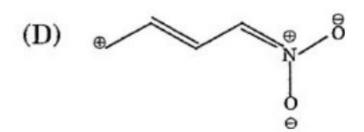


28. Among the following, the least stable resonance structure is

















29.	A positron is emitted from $^{23}_{11}$ Na.	The ratio of the atomic mass and atomic number of
	the resulting nuclide is	

(A) 22/10

(B) 22/11

(C) 23/10

(D) 23/12

Answer



- (A)
- (B)
- (C) (D)

- (A) $\Delta G = 0$, $\Delta S = +ve$
- (B) $\Delta G = 0$, $\Delta S = -ve$
- (C) $\Delta G = +ve$, $\Delta S = 0$
- (D) $\Delta G = -ve$, $\Delta S = +ve$

Answer



- \bigcirc
- \bigcirc

(D)

- (A)
- (B)
- (C)
- 31. Consider a reaction aG + bH → Products. When concentration of both the reactants G and H is doubled, the rate increases by eight times. However, when concentration of G is doubled keeping the concentration of H fixed, the rate is doubled. The overall order of the reaction is
 - (A) 0
- (B) 1
- (C) 2
- (D) 3

Answer









(B)







32.	STATEMENT-1: Alkali metals dissolve in liquid ammonia to give blue solutions.
	because
	STATEMENT-2: Alkali metals in liquid ammonia give solvated species of the type $[M(NH_3)_n]^+$ (M = alkali metals).
	(A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1
	(B) Statement-1 is True; Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1
	(C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False
	(D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True
Answ	ver (A) (B) (C) (D)
33.	STATEMENT-1: Glucose gives a reddish-brown precipitate with Fehling's solution. because
	STATEMENT-2: Reaction of glucose with Fehling's solution gives CuO and gluconic acid.
	(A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1
	(B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1
	(C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False
	(D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True
Answ	ver (A) (B) (C) (D)



34.	STATEMENT-1: Molecules that are not superimposable on their mirror images are chiral.				
	because				
	STATEMENT-2: All chiral molecules have chiral centres.				
	(A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1				
	(B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1				
	(C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False				
	(D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True				
Answ	ver (A) (B) (C) (D)				
35.	STATEMENT-1: Band gap in germanium is small.				
	because				
	STATEMENT-2: The energy spread of each germanium atomic energy level is infinitesimally small.				
	(A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1				
	(B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1				
	(C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False				
	(D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True				
Answ	ver (A) (B) (C) (D)				



 36. Among the following, identify the correct statement. (A) Chloride ion is oxidised by O₂ (B) Fe²⁺ is oxidised by iodine (C) Iodide ion is oxidised by chlorine (D) Mn²⁺ is oxidised by chlorine
Answer (A) (B) (C) (D)
 While Fe³⁺ is stable, Mn³⁺ is not stable in acid solution because (A) O₂ oxidises Mn²⁺ to Mn³⁺ (B) O₂ oxidises both Mn²⁺ to Mn³⁺ and Fe²⁺ to Fe³⁺ (C) Fe³⁺ oxidises H₂O to O₂ (D) Mn³⁺ oxidises H₂O to O₂
Answer (A) (B) (C) (D)
 Sodium fusion extract, obtained from aniline, on treatment with iron(II) sulphate and H₂SO₄ in presence of air gives a Prussian blue precipitate. The blue colour is due to the formation of (A) Fe₄[Fe(CN)₆]₃ (B) Fe₃[Fe(CN)₆]₂ (C) Fe₄[Fe(CN)₆]₂ (D) Fe₃[Fe(CN)₆]₃
Answer (A) (B) (C) (D)
39. Which one of the following reagents is used in the above reaction? (A) aq. NaOH + CH_3Cl (B) aq. NaOH + CH_2Cl_2 (C) aq. NaOH + $CHCl_3$ (D) aq. NaOH + CCl_4
Answer (A) (B) (C) (D)



- 10. The electrophile in this reaction is
 - (A) :CHCl

(A)

(B) +CHCl₂

(D)

- (C) :CCl₂
- (D) ·CCl₃

Answer

- \mathcal{C}
- (B) (C)
- 41. The structure of the intermediate I is

(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

Answer





 \bigcirc

 \bigcirc

- (A)
- (B)
- (C)
- (D)



42. Match the reactions in Column I with nature of the reactions/type of the products in Column II. Indicate your answer by darkening the appropriate bubbles of the 4×4 matrix given in the ORS.

Column I

(A)
$$O_2^- \to O_2 + O_2^{2-}$$

(p) redox reaction

(B)
$$CrO_4^{2-} + H^+ \rightarrow$$

(q) one of the products has trigonal planar structure

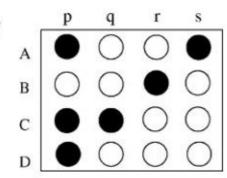
(C)
$$MnO_4^- + NO_2^- + H^+ \rightarrow$$

(r) dimeric bridged tetrahedral metal ion

(D)
$$NO_3^- + H_2SO_4 + Fe^{2+} \rightarrow$$

(s) disproportionation

Answer



43. Match the compounds/ions in Column I with their properties/reactions in Column II. Indicate your answer by darkening the appropriate bubbles of the 4×4 matrix given in the ORS.

Column I

Column II

(A) C_6H_5CHO

(p) gives precipitate with2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine

(B) $CH_3C \equiv CH$

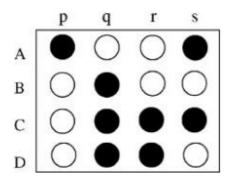
(q) gives precipitate with AgNO3

(C) CN

(r) is a nucleophile

(D) I-

(s) is involved in cyanohydrin formation





44. Match the crystal system/unit cells mentioned in Column I with their characteristic features mentioned in Column II. Indicate your answer by darkening the appropriate bubbles of the 4×4 matrix given in the ORS.

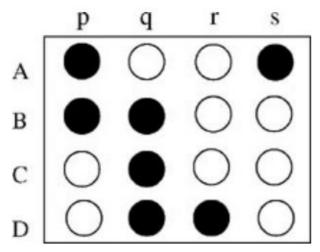
Column I

- (A) simple cubic and face-centred cubic
- cubic and rhombohedral
- (C) cubic and tetragonal
- (D) hexagonal and monoclinic

Column II

- have these cell parameters a=b=c and $\alpha=\beta=\gamma$
- are two crystal systems
- have only two crystallographic angles of 90°
- (s) belong to same crystal system

Answer



- Let O(0,0), P(3,4), Q(6,0) be the vertices of the triangle OPQ. The point R inside 45. the triangle OPQ is such that the triangles OPR, PQR, OQR are of equal area. The coordinates of R are
 - (A) $\left(\frac{4}{3}, 3\right)$

(D)







- (B) (C)

- 46. If |z| = 1 and $z \neq \pm 1$, then all the values of $\frac{z}{1-z^2}$ lie on
 - (A) a line not passing through the origin
 - (B) $|z| = \sqrt{2}$
 - (C) the x-axis
 - (D) the y-axis

Answer













(D)

- 47. Let E^c denote the complement of an event E. Let E, F, G be pairwise independent events with P(G) > 0 and $P(E \cap F \cap G) = 0$. Then $P(E^c \cap F^c \mid G)$ equals
 - (A) $P(E^c) + P(F^c)$

(B) $P(E^c) - P(F^c)$

(C) $P(E^c)-P(F)$

(D) $P(E) - P(F^c)$

Answer







(A)

- (B)
- (C)
- (D)

- 48. $\frac{d^2x}{dy^2}$ equals
 - (A) $\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^{-1}$

(B) $-\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^{-1} \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^{-3}$

(C) $\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^{-2}$

(D) $-\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^{-3}$





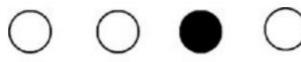




- (A)
- (B)
- (C)
- (D)

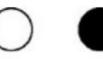
- 49. The differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sqrt{1-y^2}}{y}$ determines a family of circles with
 - (A) variable radii and a fixed centre at (0, 1)
 - (B) variable radii and a fixed centre at (0, -1)
 - (C) fixed radius 1 and variable centres along the x-axis
 - (D) fixed radius 1 and variable centres along the y-axis

Answer



- (A)
- (B)
- (C) (D)
- 50. Let $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$ be unit vectors such that $\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c} = \vec{0}$. Which one of the following is correct?
 - (A) $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \vec{b} \times \vec{c} = \vec{c} \times \vec{a} = \vec{0}$
 - (B) $\overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{b} = \overrightarrow{b} \times \overrightarrow{c} = \overrightarrow{c} \times \overrightarrow{a} \neq \overrightarrow{0}$
 - (C) $\overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{b} = \overrightarrow{b} \times \overrightarrow{c} = \overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{c} \neq 0$
 - (D) $\vec{a} \times \vec{b}$, $\vec{b} \times \vec{c}$, $\vec{c} \times \vec{a}$ are mutually perpendicular

Answer







- (A)
- (B)
- (C)
- (D)
- 51. Let ABCD be a quadrilateral with area 18, with side AB parallel to the side CD and $AB = 2 \ CD$. Let AD be perpendicular to AB and CD. If a circle is drawn inside the quadrilateral ABCD touching all the sides, then its radius is
 - (A) 3
- (B) 2
- (C) $\frac{3}{2}$
- (D) 1







- (A)
- (B)
- C
- (D)



Let $f(x) = \frac{x}{(1+x^n)^{1/n}}$ for $n \ge 2$ and $g(x) = \underbrace{(f \circ f \circ \cdots \circ f)}_{f \text{ occurs } n \text{ times}} (x)$. Then $\int x^{n-2}g(x) dx$

equals

- (A) $\frac{1}{n(n-1)} (1+nx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}} + K$ (B) $\frac{1}{n-1} (1+nx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}} + K$
- (C) $\frac{1}{n(n+1)} (1+nx^n)^{1+\frac{1}{n}} + K$ (D) $\frac{1}{n+1} (1+nx^n)^{1+\frac{1}{n}} + K$

Answer







- (A)
- (B)
- (D)
- The letters of the word COCHIN are permuted and all the permutations are arranged in an alphabetical order as in an English dictionary. The number of words that appear before the word COCHIN is
 - (A) 360
- (B) 192
- (C) 96
- (D) 48







- (B) (A)
 - (C)
- (D)
- Consider the planes 3x 6y 2z = 15 and 2x + y 2z = 5. 54.

STATEMENT-1: The parametric equations of the line of intersection of the given planes are x = 3 + 14t, y = 1 + 2t, z = 15t.

because

- STATEMENT-2: The vector $14\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 15\hat{k}$ is parallel to the line of intersection of given planes.
- (A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1
- Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False
- (D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True









- (B)



STATEMENT-1: The curve $y = \frac{-x^2}{2} + x + 1$ is symmetric with respect to the line 55. x=1.

because

STATEMENT-2: A parabola is symmetric about its axis.

- (A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False
- (D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True

Answer









- (B)
- (C)
- (D)
- Let $f(x) = 2 + \cos x$ for all real x. 56.

STATEMENT-1: For each real t, there exists a point c in $[t, t+\pi]$ such that f'(c)=0.

because

STATEMENT-2: $f(t) = f(t + 2\pi)$ for each real t.

- (A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False
- (D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True

















57. Lines $L_1: y-x=0$ and $L_2: 2x+y=0$ intersect the line $L_3: y+2=0$ at P and Q, respectively. The bisector of the acute angle between L_1 and L_2 intersects L_3 at R.

STATEMENT-1: The ratio PR: RQ equals $2\sqrt{2}: \sqrt{5}$.

because

STATEMENT-2: In any triangle, bisector of an angle divides the triangle into two similar triangles.

- (A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False
- (D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True

Answer O

- (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 58. Which one of the following statements is correct?
 - (A) $G_1 > G_2 > G_3 > \cdots$
 - (B) $G_1 < G_2 < G_3 < \cdots$
 - (C) $G_1 = G_2 = G_3 = \cdots$
 - (D) $G_1 < G_3 < G_5 < \cdots$ and $G_2 > G_4 > G_6 > \cdots$

Answer (A) (B) (C) (D)

- 59. Which one of the following statements is correct?
 - (A) $A_1 > A_2 > A_3 > \cdots$
 - (B) $A_1 < A_2 < A_3 < \cdots$
 - (C) $A_1 > A_3 > A_5 > \cdots$ and $A_2 < A_4 < A_6 < \cdots$
 - (D) $A_1 < A_3 < A_5 < \cdots$ and $A_2 > A_4 > A_6 > \cdots$

Answer (A) (B) (C) (D)



- Which one of the following statements is correct? 60.
 - (A) $H_1 > H_2 > H_3 > \cdots$
 - (B) $H_1 < H_2 < H_3 < \cdots$
 - (C) $H_1 > H_3 > H_5 > \cdots$ and $H_2 < H_4 < H_6 < \cdots$
 - (D) $H_1 < H_3 < H_5 < \cdots$ and $H_2 > H_4 > H_6 > \cdots$

M₆₁₋₆₃: Paragraph for Question Nos. 61 to 63

If a continuous function f defined on the real line \mathbf{R} , assumes positive and negative values in R then the equation f(x) = 0 has a root in R. For example, if it is known that a continuous function f on \mathbf{R} is positive at some point and its minimum value is negative then the equation f(x) = 0 has a root in **R**.

Consider $f(x) = ke^x - x$ for all real x where k is a real constant.

Answer







- (B)

- The line y = x meets $y = ke^x$ for $k \le 0$ at 61.
 - (A) no point

(B) one point

(C) two points

(D) more than two points

Answer







- (A)
- (B)
- (C)
- (D)
- The positive value of k for which $ke^x x = 0$ has only one root is 62.
 - (A) $\frac{1}{e}$
- (C) e
- (D) log_e 2

Answer







- (B)

- For k > 0, the set of all values of k for which $ke^x x = 0$ has two distinct roots is
- (A) $\left(0, \frac{1}{e}\right)$ (B) $\left(\frac{1}{e}, 1\right)$ (C) $\left(\frac{1}{e}, \infty\right)$ (D) $\left(0, 1\right)$







- (A)
- (B)
- (C)
- (D)



64. Let
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 6x + 5}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$
.

Match the expressions/statements in Column I with expressions/statements in Column II and indicate your answer by darkening the appropriate bubbles in the 4×4 matrix given in the ORS.

Column I

Column II

(A) If -1 < x < 1, then f(x) satisfies

(p) 0 < f(x) < 1

(B) If 1 < x < 2, then f(x) satisfies

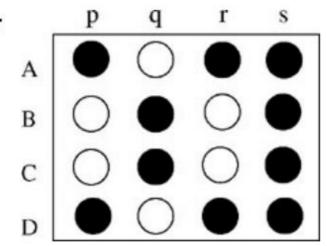
 $(q) \quad f(x) < 0$

(C) If 3 < x < 5, then f(x) satisfies

(r) f(x) > 0

(D) If x > 5, then f(x) satisfies

(s) f(x) < 1





$$\sin^{-1}(ax) + \cos^{-1}(y) + \cos^{-1}(bxy) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

Match the statements in Column I with statements in Column II and indicate your answer by darkening the appropriate bubbles in the 4×4 matrix given in the ORS.

Column I

- (A) If a = 1 and b = 0, then (x, y)
- (B) If a = 1 and b = 1, then (x, y)
- (C) If a = 1 and b = 2, then (x, y)
- (D) If a = 2 and b = 2, then (x, y)

Column II

- (p) lies on the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$
- (q) lies on $(x^2-1)(y^2-1)=0$
- (r) lies on y = x
- (s) lies on $(4x^2-1)(y^2-1)=0$

	p	q	r	S
A	•	0	0	0
В	\bigcirc	lacktriangle	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
С		\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
D	0	0	0	



66. Match the statements in Column I with the properties in Column II and indicate your answer by darkening the appropriate bubbles in the 4 × 4 matrix given in the ORS.

Column I

- (A) Two intersecting circles
- (B) Two mutually external circles
- (C) Two circles, one strictly inside the other
- (D) Two branches of a hyperbola

Column II

- (p) have a common tangent
- (q) have a common normal
- (r) do not have a common tangent
- (s) do not have a common normal

	р	q	r	S
Α			0	\bigcirc
В	•		\bigcirc	\bigcirc
С	0			\bigcirc
D	0			0

