Test Booklet Code

HAKAN

No.:

 $\mathbf{E4}$

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
 For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is E4. Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

| Name of the Car | ndidate (in Capitals) : | | - |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Roll Number | ; in figures | | - |
| | ; in words | | |
| Centre of Exam | ination (in Capitals) : | | |
| Candidate's Signature : | | Invigilator's Signature : | ÷ |
| Facsimile signa | ture stamp of | | |
| Centre Superint | endent: | | |



- 1. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (1) $Cr^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $Fe^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.
 - (2) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
 - (3) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
 - (4) The oxidation states of chromium in ${\rm CrO}_4^{2-}$ and ${\rm Cr}_2{\rm O}_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
- 2. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $\mathbf{Sucrose} + \mathbf{H}_2\mathbf{O} \mathop{\Longrightarrow}\limits_{} \mathbf{Glucose} + \mathbf{Fructose}$

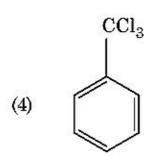
If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- $(4) \qquad -8.314\,J\,mol^{-1}K^{-1}\!\times\!300\,K\!\times\!\ln(4\!\times\!10^{13})$

3. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH_3 & CHO \\ \hline \\ Cl_2/h\nu \\ \hline \end{array} X \xrightarrow{H_2O} \\ \hline \\ 373 \text{ K} \end{array}$$

(2)
$$CH_2Cl$$



4. Identify the incorrect match.

Name

IUPAC Official Name

- (a) Unnilunium
- (i) Mendelevium
- (b) Unniltrium
- (ii) Lawrencium
- (c) Unnilhexium
- (iii) Seaborgium
- (d) Unununnium
- (iv) Darmstadtium
- (1) (a), (i)
- (2) (b), (ii)
- (3) (c), (iii)
- (4) (d), (iv)

- 5. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?
 - (1) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
 - (2) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
 - (3) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
- 6. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - (1) n-Hexane
 - (2) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 - (3) n-Heptane
 - (4) n-Butane
- 7. Paper chromatography is an example of:
 - (1) Adsorption chromatography
 - (2) Partition chromatography
 - (3) Thin layer chromatography
 - (4) Column chromatography
- 8. Identify the correct statement from the following:
 - (1) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
 - (2) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO₂.
 - (3) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
 - (4) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
- 9. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
 - (1) $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (2) $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
 - (3) $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (4) $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
- 10. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu²⁺ (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - (1) CuSO₄
 - (2) $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
 - (3) $Cu(OH)_2$
 - (4) CuCO₃·Cu(OH)₂

- 11. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - (1) Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (2) Only NaCl

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- (3) Only MgCl₂
- (4) NaCl, MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
- 12. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of ${\rm Cr}^{2+}$ ion is :
 - (1) 3.87 BM
 - (2) 4.90 BM
 - (3) 5.92 BM
 - (4) 2.84 BM
- 13. Match the following and identify the **correct** option.
 - (a) $CO(g) + H_2(g)$
- (i) $Mg(HCO_3)_2 + Ca(HCO_3)_2$
- (b) Temporary hardness of water
- (ii) An electron deficient hydride
- (c) B₂H₆
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- (d) H_2O_2
- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (2) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (4) (i) (ii) (ii) (iv)
- 14. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the correct option is :
 - (1) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_r H < 0 \text{ and } \Delta_r S > 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
- 15. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol⁻¹): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 9 bar
- (2) 12 bar
- (3) 15 bar
- (4) 18 bar

- 16. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
 - (1) Hydrogen gas
 - (2) Oxygen gas
 - (3) H₂S gas
 - (4) SO_2 gas
- 17. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - (1) -I effect of $-CH_3$ groups
 - (2) + R effect of CH_3 groups
 - (3) -R effect of $-CH_3$ groups
 - (4) Hyperconjugation
- 18. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Iron
 - (2) Copper
 - (3) Calcium
 - (4) Potassium
- 19. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten $CaCl_2$ (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is:
 - (1) 1
 - (2) 2
 - (3) 3
 - (4) 4
- 20. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
 - (1) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
 - (2) α-D-Glucose + β-D-Glucose
 - (3) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
 - (4) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
- 21. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
 - (1) 100 s
 - (2) 200 s
 - (3) 500 s
 - (4) 1000 s

22. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

(1)
$$OH$$
 $+ CH_3I$

(2)
$$+ CH_3OH$$

(3) OH
$$+ C_2H_5I$$

(4)
$$+ C_2H_5OH$$

- 23. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
 - (1) Aldol condensation
 - (2) Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (3) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (4) Cross Aldol condensation
- 24. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
 - (1) Serine
 - (2) Alanine
 - (3) Tyrosine
 - (4) Lysine

- 25. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - (a) β-Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1) (a), (b), (c)
 - (2) (a), (c), (d)
 - (3) (b), (c), (d)
 - (4) (a), (b), (d)
- 26. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
 - (1) activation energy
 - (2) heat of reaction
 - (3) threshold energy
 - (4) collision frequency
- 27. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71}{
 m Lu}$, respectively, are :
 - (1) 71, 104 and 71
 - (2) 104, 71 and 71
 - (3) 71, 71 and 104
 - (4) 175, 104 and 71
- 28. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

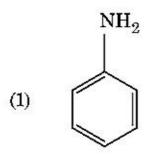
$$\operatorname{CH}_4(\mathsf{g}) + 4\operatorname{Cl}_2(\mathsf{g}) \longrightarrow \operatorname{CCl}_4(\mathsf{l}) + 4\operatorname{HCl}(\mathsf{g})$$

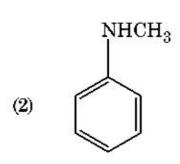
- (1) +4 to +4
- (2) 0 to + 4
- (3) -4 to +4
- (4) 0 to -4
- 29. Match the following:

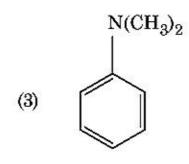
| | Oxide | | Nature | | |
|-----|-------------------------|---------|---------------------------|--|--|
| (a) | CO | (i) | Basic | | |
| (b) | BaO | (ii) | Neutral | | |
| (c) | ${ m Al_2O_3}$ | (iii) | Acidic | | |
| (d) | Cl_2O_7 | (iv) | Amphoteric | | |
| Whi | ch of the folk | owing i | s correct option ? | | |
| | | | / ms | | |

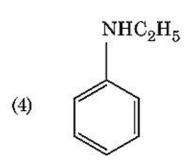
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (2) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

30. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?









- 31. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
 - (1) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (2) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
 - (3) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (4) q > 0, $\Delta T > 0$ and w > 0
- 32. Identify a molecule which does not exist.
 - (1) He₂
 - (2) Li₂
 - (3) C_2
 - (4) O₂



- 33. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
 - (1) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
 - (2) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
 - (3) polybutadiene
 - (4) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
- **34.** An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

(1)
$$CH = CH - CH_3$$

(2)
$$CH_2-CH_2-CH_3$$

(3)
$$CH_2 - CH = CH_2$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & CH_2CH_2CH_3 \\ \hline \end{array} \tag{4}$$

- 35. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - (1) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (3) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene

- 36. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is 5.12 K kg mol $^{-1}$. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
 - (1) 0.20 K
 - (2) 0.80 K
 - $(3) 0.40 \, \mathrm{K}$
 - (4) 0.60 K
- 37. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
 - (1) Ethanol + Acetone
 - (2) Benzene + Toluene
 - (3) Acetone + Chloroform
 - (4) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
- 38. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
 - (1) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
 - (2) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
 - (3) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g)$ [Atomic mass of O = 16]
 - (4) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
- 39. Identify the correct statements from the following:
 - (a) CO₂(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
 - (1) (a), (b) and (c) only
 - (2) (a) and (c) only
 - (3) (b) and (c) only
 - (4) (c) and (d) only
- **40.** Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1) Viscosity
 - (2) Solubility
 - (3) Stability of the colloidal particles
 - (4) Size of the colloidal particles

- 41. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (2) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (3) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (4) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- 42. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
 - (1) Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - (2) Sodium stearate
 - (3) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
 - (4) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
- 43. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:
 - (1) Isopropyl alcohol
 - (2) Sec. butyl alcohol
 - (3) Tert. butyl alcohol
 - (4) Isobutyl alcohol
- 44. Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)₂ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)₂ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - (1) $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (2) $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (3) $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (4) $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
- **45.** Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage?
 - (1) H_2SO_3 , sulphurous acid
 - (2) H₂SO₄, sulphuric acid
 - (3) H₂S₂O₈, peroxodisulphuric acid
 - (4) H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid

- 46. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by:
 - (1) Ctenophora
 - (2) Platyhelminthes
 - (3) Aschelminthes
 - (4) Annelida
- 47. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy?
 - (1) Gibberellic acid
 - (2) Abscisic acid
 - (3) Phenolic acid
 - (4) Para-ascorbic acid
- 48. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| | Column - I | | Column - II |
|-----|-----------------------|-------|--|
| (a) | Placenta | (i) | Androgens |
| (b) | Zona pellucida | (ii) | Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG) |
| (c) | Bulbo-urethral glands | (iii) | Layer of the ovum |
| (d) | d) Leydig cells | | Lubrication of the Penis |
| | (a) (b) (c) | (d) | |

| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (2) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (3) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |

- 49. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
 - (1) ZIFT and IUT
 - (2) GIFT and ZIFT
 - (3) ICSI and ZIFT
 - (4) GIFT and ICSI
- 50. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
 - (1) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 800°C
 - (2) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_4 and water vapor at $800^{\circ}C$
 - (3) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C
 - (4) CH₃, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C

51. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| | Colu | ımn - | I | | Column - II |
|-----|-------|--------|------------|-------|---------------------------------------|
| (a) | Orga | n of C | orti | (i) | Connects middle ear and pharynx |
| (b) | Coch | lea | | (ii) | Coiled part of the labyrinth |
| (c) | Eust | achiar | ı tube | (iii) | Attached to the oval window |
| (d) | Stap | es | | (iv) | Located on the basilar membrane |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | |
| (2) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) | |
| (3) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | |
| (4) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | |

52. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.

| | Colu | ımn - | Column - II | | |
|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------|----------------------|
| (a) | Typh | noid | | (i) | Wuchereria |
| (b) | Pneu | Pneumonia | | | Plasmodium |
| (c) | Filariasis | | | (iii) | Salmonella |
| (d) | Mala | ıria | | (iv) | ${\it Hae mophilus}$ |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | |
| (3) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) | |
| (4) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | |
| | | | | | |

- 53. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:
 - (1) Selectable marker
 - (2) Ori site
 - (3) Palindromic sequence
 - (4) Recognition site
- **54.** Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :
 - (1) lining of intestine
 - ducts of salivary glands
 - (3) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
 - (4) eustachian tube

- 55. The ovary is half inferior in:
 - (1) Brinjal
 - (2) Mustard
 - (3) Sunflower
 - (4) Plum
- **56.** In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :
 - (1) PS-II to Cytb₆f complex
 - (2) Cytb₆f complex to PS-I
 - (3) PS-I to NADP+
 - (4) PS-I to ATP synthase
- 57. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (1) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
 - (2) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
 - (3) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
 - (4) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
- 58. Match the trophic levels with their correct species examples in grassland ecosystem.
 - (a) Fourth trophic level
- (i) Crow
- (b) Second trophic level
- (ii) Vulture
- (c) First trophic level
- (iii) Rabbit
- (d) Third trophic level
- (iv) Grass

Select the correct option:

| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (4) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |

- 59. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
 - (1) Cytokinin
 - (2) Gibberellin
 - (3) Ethylene
 - (4) Abscisic acid



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- 60. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because:
 - the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
 - (2) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
 - (3) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
 - (4) the head holds a 1/3rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
- 61. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
 - (1) DNA ligase
 - (2) DNA helicase
 - (3) DNA polymerase
 - (4) RNA polymerase
- **62.** Ray florets have:
 - (1) Inferior ovary
 - (2) Superior ovary
 - (3) Hypogynous ovary
 - (4) Half inferior ovary
- 63. Which of the following is correct about viroids?
 - (1) They have RNA with protein coat.
 - (2) They have free RNA without protein coat.
 - (3) They have DNA with protein coat.
 - (4) They have free DNA without protein coat.
- **64.** Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect**?
 - (1) They are not bound by any membrane.
 - (2) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
 - (3) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
 - (4) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.

- Select the correct statement.
 - Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
 - (2) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
 - (3) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
 - (4) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
- 66. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:
 - (1) Insect pests
 - (2) Fungal diseases
 - (3) Plant nematodes
 - (4) Insect predators
- 67. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| | Colu | ımn - | I | | Column - II |
|-----|-----------------|------------|------------|---|---|
| (a) | Eosii | nophils | 3 | (i) | Immune response |
| (b) | Baso | phils | | (ii) | Phagocytosis |
| (c) | Neutrophils | | | (iii) | Release histaminase, destructive enzymes |
| (d) | (d) Lymphocytes | | (iv) | Release granules containing histamine | |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | |
| (2) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | |
| (3) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | |
| (4) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) | |

- **68.** The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
 - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- (1) Monocotyledonous stem
- (2) Monocotyledonous root
- (3) Dicotyledonous stem
- (4) Dicotyledonous root



| | 1 | 0 |
|------------|---|-----------|
| Fli of: | ppers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples | 1 |
| (1) | Adaptive radiation | |
| (2) | Convergent evolution | |
| (3) | Industrial melanism | |
| (4) | Natural selection | |
| | e specific palindromic sequence which is ognized by EcoRI is: | |
| (1) | 5' - GAATTC - 3' | |
| | 3' - CTTAAG - 5' | |
| (2) | 5' - GGAACC - 3' | |
| | 3' - CCTTGG - 5' | - -1 |
| (3) | 5' - CTTAAG - 3' | |
| | 3' - GAATTC - 5' | |
| (4) | 5' - GGATCC - 3' | |
| | 3' - CCTAGG - 5' | |
| Th | e QRS complex in a standard ECG represents: | :0 |
| (1) | Repolarisation of auricles | |
| (2) | Depolarisation of auricles | |
| (3) | Depolarisation of ventricles | |
| (4) | Repolarisation of ventricles | |
| | cording to Robert May, the global species ersity is about: | |
| (1) | 1.5 million | |
| (2) | 20 million | |
| (3) | 50 million | |
| (4) | 7 million | |
| veg | me dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter getative inactive stage. This is called quiescent ge (G_0) . This process occurs at the end of: | 10 |
| (1) | M phase | |
| (2) | G_1 phase | |
| (3) | Sphase | |
| (4) | G ₂ phase | |

74. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Gregarious, polyphagous (i) Asterias (a) pest Adult with radial Scorpion (b) symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry Book lungs Ctenoplana(c) Bioluminescence (iv) Locusta(d) (d) (a) (b) (c) (i) (iii) (ii)(1) (iv) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii) (3) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)(4) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv)

- 75. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:
 - (1) Transpiration
 - (2) Root pressure
 - (3) Imbibition
 - (4) Plasmolysis
- 76. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| | Colu | ımı - | I | | Column - II |
|-----|----------------|------------|------|-------|---|
| (a) | Floa | ting Ri | bs | (i) | Located between second and seventh ribs |
| (b) | Acro | mion | | (ii) | Head of the Humerus |
| (c) | Scapula | | | (iii) | Clavicle |
| (d) | Glenoid cavity | | | (iv) | Do not connect with the sternum |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) | |
| (2) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | |
| (3) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | |
| (4) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | |

- 77. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
 - (1) Ammonia alone
 - (2) Nitrate alone
 - (3) Ammonia and oxygen
 - (4) Ammonia and hydrogen



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- 78. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are:
 - (1) Fibrous roots
 - (2) Primary roots
 - (3) Prop roots
 - (4) Lateral roots
- 79. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?
 - (1) Primary sludge
 - (2) Floating debris
 - (3) Effluents of primary treatment
 - (4) Activated sludge
- 80. Which of the following statements is not correct?
 - In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
 - (2) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
 - (3) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
 - (4) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
- 81. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
 - (1) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O_2 .
 - (2) Partial pressure of CO₂ can interfere with O₂ binding with haemoglobin.
 - (3) Higher H⁺ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) Low pCO₂ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
- 82. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity?
 - (1) Western Ghats of India
 - (2) Madagascar
 - (3) Himalayas
 - (4) Amazon forests

- 83. Match the following with respect to meiosis:
 - (a) Zygotene (i) Terminalization
 - (b) Pachytene (ii) Chiasmata
 - (c) Diplotene (iii) Crossing over
 - (d) Diakinesis (iv) Synapsis

Select the correct option from the following:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (3) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)
- (4) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- 84. The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:
 - (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
 - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
 - (c) Seed inside the fruit
 - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
 - (1) (a) only
 - (2) (a), (b) and (c)
 - (3) (c) and (d)
 - (4) (a) and (d)
- 85. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
 - (1) High concentration of Estrogen
 - (2) High concentration of Progesterone
 - (3) Low concentration of LH
 - (4) Low concentration of FSH
- **86.** Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
 - (1) Tyrosine
 - (2) Glutamic Acid
 - (3) Lysine
 - (4) Valine



- 87. Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
 - (1) Ileum opens into small intestine.
 - (2) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
 - (3) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
 - (4) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
- 88. The process of growth is maximum during:
 - (1) Log phase
 - (2) Lag phase
 - (3) Senescence
 - (4) Dormancy
- 89. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at:
 - (1) Hilum
 - (2) Micropyle
 - (3) Nucellus
 - (4) Chalaza
- **90.** Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :
 - (1) Pachytene
 - (2) Zygotene
 - (3) Diplotene
 - (4) Leptotene
- 91. Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.
 - (a) Contraction of diaphragm
 - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
 - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
 - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
 - (1) (a) and (b)
 - (2) (c) and (d)
 - (3) (a), (b) and (d)
 - (4) only (d)
- 92. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
 - (1) Haemoglobin
 - (2) Collagen
 - (3) Lectin
 - (4) Insulin

- 93. Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
 - (1) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
 - (2) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
 - (3) They are useful in genetic engineering.
 - (4) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
- 94. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
 - (1) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
 - (2) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
 - (3) High reflection of light from snow
 - (4) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
- 95. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) only (a)
 - (2) (a) and (c)
 - (3) (b), (c) and (d)
 - (4) only (d)
- **96.** In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :
 - (1) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
 - (2) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
 - (3) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
 - (4) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation



| | | | | | | | : | 13 | | |
|-----|------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|--|---------------|----------------------|------|---------|-----------------------------------|
| 97. | Mat | ch the | followi | ing: | | | | 100. | Cho | ose the co |
| | (a) | Inhil activ | | f cataly | ytic . | (i) | Ricin | 8 | (1) | Ligases |
| | (b) | | | otide be | onds | (ii) | Malonate | | | |
| | (c) | | wall m | ateria | | (iii) | Chitin | | (2) | Polyme |
| | (d) | (5) | | metab | olite | (iv) | Collagen | | | 2507 #2 |
| | | | | | State of the State of | | following: | | (3) | Nuclea |
| | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | | 3853 | | | |
| | (1) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | | | | (4) | Exonuc |
| | (2) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) | | | | | |
| | (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | | | | | |
| 98. | (4) Mat | (ii) | (iii) | (i) wing (| (iv) | ng an | d select the | 101. | | ch of the f |
| 00. | | rect op | | 11 | 0014111 | | a 501000 0110 | | | |
| | | 60017-1916 | ımn - | I | | Colu | ımn - II | | (1) | More unders |
| | (a) | | otton | | (i) | | therapy | | | |
| | 167 31 | | | | 130 | | | | (2) | Reabso |
| | (b) | | osine | | (ii) | Сещ | ılar defence | | | tubules |
| | | | ninase iency | | | | | | (3) | Atrial vasoco |
| | (c) | RNA | i | | (iii) | Dete infec | ction of HIV tion | | (4) | Decrea |
| | (d) | PCR | | | (iv) | Baci | llus | 102. | Byv | vhich me |
| | (2 | | | | () | | ingiensis | 102. | 10.50 | p formed |
| | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | ****** | | | ram | - |
| | (1) | | | | (iii) | | | | (1) | Outer |
| | (2) | (iv) (iii) | (i) (ii) | (ii) (i) | (iv) | | | | 1200 | |
| | (3) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | | | | (2) | Mutati |
| | (4) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | | | | (3) | $\operatorname{Cross} \mathrm{b}$ |
| | | | | | 63 - 63 | | | | (4) | Inbreed |
| 99. | Mat | ch the o | organi | sm wit | h its u | se in bi | iotechnology. | | | |
| | (a) | Baci thur | llus ingien | sis | (i) | Clon | ing vector | 103. | | tify the so |
| | (b) | Ther | mus | | (ii) | Cons | struction of | | (1) | Chitin, |
| | | aquo | iticus | | | first | rDNA | | (FOXTO) | |
| | | | | | | mole | cule | | (2) | Glycer |
| | (c) | Agro | bacter | ium | (iii) | DNA | polymerase | | (3) | Cellulo |
| | 33 39 | tume | efacien | 8 | 20 (2) | | | | (4) | Inulin, |
| | (d) | Saln | nonella | Z. | (iv) | Crvi | proteins | | | |
| | 28 29 | typh | imurii | ım | 10 6 | 55.00 | | 104. | | ch of the llation? |
| | pere | | | | | n the K | ollowing: | | | Because to the control of |
| | (1) | (a) (ii) | (b) | (c) | (d) | | | | (1) | Sex rat |
| | (2) | (iv) | (iv) (iii) | (iii) (i) | (i) (ii) | | | | (2) | Natalit |
| | (3) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | | | | (3) | Mortal |
| | (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | | | | (4) | Species |

- correct pair from the following: Join the two DNA molecules Break the DNA into erases fragments Separate the two strands ises of DNA cleases -Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
- following would help in prevention of
 - water reabsorption due to secretion of ADH
 - orption of Na^+ and water from renal s due to aldosterone
 - natriuretic factor causes nstriction
 - ase in secretion of renin by JG cells
- thod was a new breed 'Hisardale' of by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino
 - ossing
 - ional breeding
 - preeding
 - ding
- ubstances having glycosidic bond and respectively in their structure:
 - cholesterol
 - ol, trypsin
 - ose, lecithin
 - insulin
- following is not an attribute of a
 - tio
 - ty
 - lity
 - (4) Species interaction



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- 105. The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is:
 - (1) Trophozoites
 - (2) Sporozoites
 - (3) Female gametocytes
 - (4) Male gametocytes
- 106. Identify the wrong statement with reference to the gene T that controls ABO blood groups.
 - (1) The gene (I) has three alleles.
 - (2) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
 - (3) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.
 - (4) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
- 107. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
 - (1) Laminaria and Sargassum
 - (2) Gelidium and Gracilaria
 - (3) Anabaena and Volvox
 - (4) Chlorella and Spirulina
- 108. Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
 - (1) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
 - (2) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - (3) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
 - (4) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
- 109. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| Colu | ımn - | I | | Column - II |
|-------|--|---|--|--|
| Clos | tridiur | n | (i) | Cyclosporin-A |
| buty | licum | | | |
| Trick | hodern | na | (ii) | Butyric Acid |
| polys | sporun | n | | |
| Mon | ascus | | (iii) | Citric Acid |
| purp | ureus | | | |
| Aspe | rgillus | niger | (iv) | Blood cholesterol |
| | | | | lowering agent |
| (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | |
| (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | |
| (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | |
| (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | |
| | Clos buty Trici polys Mon purp Aspe (a) (ii) (ii) (i) | Clostridium butylicum Trichoderm polysporum Monascus purpureus Aspergillus (a) (b) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i) (i) (ii) | Clostridium butylicum Trichoderma polysporum Monascus purpureus Aspergillus niger (a) (b) (c) (iii) (iv) (ii) (ii) (i) (iv) (i) (ii) (iv) | butylicum Trichoderma (ii) polysporum Monascus (iii) purpureus Aspergillus niger (iv) (a) (b) (c) (d) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii) |

- 110. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
 - (1) Prior to ovulation
 - (2) At the time of copulation
 - (3) After zygote formation
 - (4) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
- 111. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits?
 - (1) 4
 - (2) 2
 - (3) 14
 - (4) 8
- 112. Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata?
 - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
 - (1) (d) and (c)
 - $(2) \qquad (c) \text{ and } (a)$
 - (3) (a) and (b)
 - (4) (b) and (c)
- 113. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by:
 - (1) Mendel
 - (2) Sutton
 - (3) Boveri
 - (4) Morgan
- 114. The first phase of translation is:
 - (1) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
 - (2) Recognition of DNA molecule
 - (3) Aminoacylation of tRNA
 - (4) Recognition of an anti-codon



15 E4

Uremia and Renal Calculi

Ketonuria and Glycosuria

Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia

(2)

(3)

(4)

| | 1 | | | | | • | | | | | | | |
|------|---|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------|--|--|---|--|-----------------|--------------------|---|
| 115. | Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants: | | | | | 119. | The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is : | | | | | | |
| | (a) Iron (i) | | Photolysis of water | | | (1) | l) Zero | | | | | | |
| | (b) | (b) Zinc (ii) | | Pollen germination | | | (2) | One | One | | | | |
| | (c) | (c) Boron (iii) | | Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis | | | (3) | Two | | | | | |
| | (d) | (d) Manganese (iv) | | IAA biosynthesis | | | (4) | Three | | | | | |
| | Select the correct option: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | | 120. | Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells? | | | | | |
| | (1) | (1) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii) | | | 3670.455 1670 1670 1670 1670 1670 1670 1670 1670 | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | | | (1) | Endoplasmic reticulum | | | | |
| | (3) | (3) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i) | | | (2) | Perox | Peroxisomes | | | | | | |
| | (4) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | | | (3) | Golgi bodies | | | | |
| 116. | | Match the following columns and select the | | | | | | (4) | (4) Polysomes | | | | |
| | correct option. | | | | | C-l II | 121. | Strobili or cones are found in: | | | | | |
| | 0.000 | Column - I | | | | Column - II | | (1) | Salvinia | | | | |
| | (a) | | 6 - 15 pairs of gill slits | | (i) Trygon | | | (2) | Pteris | | | | |
| | caudal fin | | | al | (ii) | Cyclostomes | | (3) | Marchantia | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | (4) Equisetum | | | | | |
| | (c) | Air Bladder | | | (iii) | Chondrichthyes | ondrichthyes 122. | | | Match the following columns and select the | | | |
| | (d) Poison sting | | (iv) Osteichthyes | | 345 3 (C.S.) | correct option. | | | | | | | |
| | | (a) (b) (c) (1) (ii) (iii) (iv) (2) (iii) (iv) (i) (3) (iv) (ii) (iii) | | (d) | | | | Column - I | | | | Column - II | |
| | | | | (i) (ii) | | | (a) | Pituitary gland (i) | | (i) | Grave's disease | | |
| | (3) | | | (i) | | | (b) Thyroid gland | | (ii) | Diabetes mellitus | | | |
| | (4) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | | | (c) | Adrenal gland | | (iii) | Diabetes insipidus | |
| 117. | Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified | | | | | | | (d) | Pancreas | | (iv) | Addison's disease | |
| | from: | | | | | | | \$, 2 | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| | (1) | Squamous epithelial cells | | | | | | (1) | | | 1948 1948 | | |
| | (2) | Columnar epithelial cells | | | | | | (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | |
| | (3) | Chondrocytes | | | | | | (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | |
| | (4) Compound epithelial cells | | | | | | | (3) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) | |
| 118. | If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a | | | | | | | (4) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | |
| | DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is | | | | | | | | Presence of which of the following of urine are indicative of Diabetes Mell | | | | 그리아 이 내 있는데 그리아 있는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하 |
| | approximately: | | | | | | (1) Uremia and Ketonuria | | | | | | |

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

 $2.0\,\mathrm{meters}$

2.5 meters

 $2.2\,\mathrm{meters}$

 $2.7 \, \mathrm{meters}$



- 124. Select the correct match.
 - (1) Haemophilia Ylinked
 - (2) Phenylketonuria Autosomal dominant trait
 - (3) Sickle cell anaemia Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11
 - (4) Thalassemia Xlinked
- 125. Floridean starch has structure similar to:
 - (1) Starch and cellulose
 - (2) Amylopectin and glycogen
 - (3) Mannitol and algin
 - (4) Laminarin and cellulose
- 126. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is correct?
 - (1) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
 - (2) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
 - (3) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
 - (4) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
- 127. Which of the following statements is **correct**?
 - (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
 - (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
 - (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
 - (4) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
- 128. Identify the correct statement with regard to G₁ phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
 - (1) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
 - Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
 - (3) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
 - (4) Nuclear Division takes place.

- 129. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :
 - (1) protein into polypeptides
 - (2) trypsinogen into trypsin
 - (3) caseinogen into casein
 - (4) pepsinogen into pepsin
- 130. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of:
 - (1) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
 - (2) Emission of ozone depleting substances
 - (3) Release of Green House gases
 - (4) Disposal of e-wastes
- 131. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by:
 - (1) insects or wind
 - (2) water currents only
 - (3) wind and water
 - (4) insects and water
- Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
 - (2) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
 - (3) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
 - (4) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
- 133. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
 - (1) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
 - (2) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
 - (3) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
 - (4) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
- 134. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
 - (1) Nutritive value
 - (2) Growth response
 - (3) Defence action
 - (4) Effect on reproduction



- 135. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
 - (1) Karl Ernst von Baer
 - (2) Alfred Wallace
 - (3) Charles Darwin
 - (4) Oparin
- 136. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
 - (1) forward bias only
 - (2) reverse bias only
 - (3) both forward bias and reverse bias
 - (4) increase in forward current
- 137. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) doubled
 - (2) four times
 - (3) one-fourth
 - (4) zero
- 138. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:
 - (1) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (4) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
- 139. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly:
 - (1) 6
 - (2) 0.6
 - (3) 0.06
 - (4) 0.006

- 140. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
 - (1) π rad
 - (2) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (3) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (4) zero
- 141. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g=10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 360 m
 - (2) 340 m
 - (3) 320 m
 - (4) 300 m
- 142. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10^{-9} C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) 50 V
- (2) 200 V
- (3) 400 V
- (4) zero
- 143. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m⁻¹. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

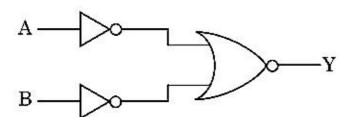
$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{Tm} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (3) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- 144. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) isothermal
 - (2) adiabatic
 - (3) isochoric
 - (4) isobaric

145. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10⁻⁷ C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^5 \,\text{N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- (4) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- 146. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, n\pi d}$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, \operatorname{n} \pi \mathrm{d}^2}$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
- 147. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- (1) A B Y 0 0 0 0 0 1 0
 - 1 0 0
- 1 1 1
- (2) A B Y 0 0
 - 0 1 1
 - 1 0 1
 - 1 1 1
- (3) A B Y 0 0 1
 - 0 1 1
 - 1 0 1
 - 1 1 0
- (4) A B Y 0 0 1
 - $\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
 - 1 1 0

- 148. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
 - (1) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 149. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
 - (1) $10 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (2) $12 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $24 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $48 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
- 150. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
 - (1) $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
 - (2) $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
 - (3) µ.A
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{\mu A}{2}$
- 151. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
 - (1) metals
 - (2) insulators only
 - (3) semiconductors only
 - (4) insulators and semiconductors
- 152. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}U$ is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}Kr$, three neutrons and:
 - (1) $^{144}_{56}$ Ba
 - (2) ${}^{91}_{40}$ Zr
 - (3) $^{101}_{36}$ Kr
 - (4) $^{103}_{36}$ Kr

- 153. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
 - (1) 2.5 g
 - (2) 5.0 g
 - (3) 10.0 g
 - (4) 20.0 g
- 154. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m³, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) zero
 - (2) 0.5 N/C
 - (3) 1 N/C
 - (4) 5 N/C
- 155. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
- (3) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- 156. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
 - (1) $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (2) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (3) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (4) 6.00×10^{-7} rad
- 157. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is:
 - (1) 10 V
 - (2) $10^2 \,\mathrm{V}$
 - (3) $10^3 \, \text{V}$
 - (4) $10^4 \, \text{V}$
- 158. Dimensions of stress are:
 - $(1) \qquad [MLT^{-2}]$
 - (2) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
 - (3) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
 - (4) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$

159. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μF . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μF . The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{C}^2 \,\mathrm{N}^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$
- (2) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- 160. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c=speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1) c:1
 - (2) 1:1
 - (3) 1:c
 - (4) $1:c^2$
- 161. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
 - Hydrogen atom
 - (2) Singly ionised helium atom (He+)
 - (3) Deuteron atom
 - (4) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne⁺)
- 162. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is: $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

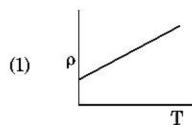
- (1) 0.5 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.2 kg/m^3
- (3) 0.1 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.02 kg/m^3
- **163.** For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct**?
 - Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
 - (2) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
 - (3) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
 - (4) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.

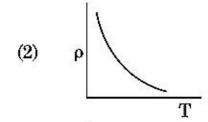


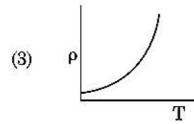
- The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be:
 - $0^{\circ} \le i_b \le 30^{\circ}$

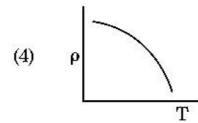
 - $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$ $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
 - $i_b = 90^{\circ}$
- The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is: (kB is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute temperature)
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{1}{2} \ k_B T$

 - $\frac{3}{2} k_B T$ $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$ (3)
- Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m - 0.0099 m?
 - 9.9801 m (1)
 - (2) $9.98 \, \text{m}$
 - (3)9.980 m
 - (4)9.9 m
- 167. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.
 - The pitch of the screw gauge is:
 - (1) $0.01 \, \mathrm{mm}$
 - (2) $0.25 \, \mathrm{mm}$
 - (3)0.5 mm
 - (4)1.0 mm
- Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?



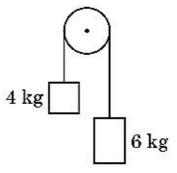






- 169. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{i}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\stackrel{\wedge}{k}$ m.
 - (1)

 - (4)
- 170. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - zero
 - 0.5 (2)
 - 1.0
 - -1.0
- Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:



- (3)
- g/10 (4)
- The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii \mathbf{r}_1 and \mathbf{r}_2 $(\mathbf{r}_1\!=\!1.5~\mathbf{r}_2)$ through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - (1)

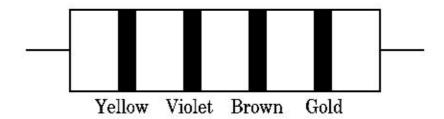
 - (4)

- 173. A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:
 - (1) 1.7 A
 - (2) 2.05 A
 - (3) 2.5 A
 - (4) 25.1 A
- 174. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 48 N
 - (2) 32 N
 - (3) 30 N
 - (4) 24 N
- 175. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

- (1) 33 cm
- (2) 50 cm
- (3) 67 cm
- (4) 80 cm
- 176. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
 - (1) double
 - (2) half
 - (3) four times
 - (4) one-fourth
- 177. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:
 - (1) 2.25×10^{15}
 - (2) 2.5×10^6
 - (3) 2.5×10^{-6}
 - (4) 2.25×10^{-15}

178. The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1) $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (2) $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- (3) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (4) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- 179. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{MgL_1}{AL}$
 - (2) $\frac{\text{Mg}(\text{L}_1 \text{L})}{\text{AL}}$
 - (3) $\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_1}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{A(L}_{1} \text{L})}$
- 180. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - (1) 523 Hz
 - (2) 524 Hz
 - $(3) \qquad 536\,\mathrm{Hz}$
 - (4) 537 Hz

- o 0 o -

Space For Rough Work





Space For Rough Work



Test Booklet Code

HAKAN

No.:

 $\mathbf{F4}$

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

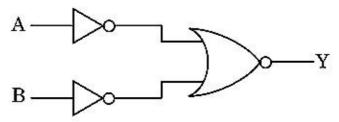
- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
 For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **F4.** Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

| Name of the Car | ndidate (in Capitals) : | | - |
|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Roll Number | ; in figures | | - |
| | ; in words | | |
| Centre of Exam | ination (in Capitals) : | | |
| Candidate's Sig | nature : | Invigilator's Signature : | ÷ |
| Facsimile signa | ture stamp of | | |
| Centre Superint | endent: | | |



- The quantities of heat required to raise the 1. temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 $(r_1 = 1.5 r_2)$ through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - (1)
 - (2)
 - (3)
 - (4)
- Find the torque about the origin when a force of 2. $3\hat{j}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k}$ m .
 - $-6\hat{i}$ N m (1)
 - $6\hat{k}$ N m (2)
 - 6î Nm (3)
 - $6\hat{j}$ N m (4)
- 3. For transistor action, which of the following statements is correct?
 - Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
 - (2)The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
 - Base, emitter and collector regions should (3)have same doping concentrations.
 - Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
- A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - $320 \, \mathrm{m}$ (1)
 - (2) $300 \, \mathrm{m}$
 - (3)360 m
 - 340 m (4)
- The Brewsters angle \boldsymbol{i}_b for an interface should be : 5.
 - $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$ (1)
 - $i_b=90^\circ$
 - $0^{\circ} \le i_b \le 30^{\circ}$ (3)
 - $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$ (4)

For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



Y (1) В 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1

1

- 1 1 0
- Y \mathbf{B} (2)0 0 1 0 0 1 0
- 1 0 Y В (3) A
 - 0 0 0 0 1
 - 1 0 1 1 1
- (4)В Y
 - 0 0 0
 - 1 0 1
 - 1 1 1
- 7. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
 - semiconductors only
 - insulators and semiconductors
 - metals
 - insulators only
- 8. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
 - (1) both forward bias and reverse bias
 - (2) increase in forward current
 - forward bias only (3)
 - (4) reverse bias only
- Dimensions of stress are:
 - $[ML^0T^{-2}]$ (1)
 - $[\mathbf{M}\mathbf{L}^{-1}\mathbf{T}^{-2}]$
 - $[MLT^{-2}]$
 - $[ML^2T^{-2}]$ (4)

- 10. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
 - (1) 9.980 m
 - (2) 9.9 m
 - (3) 9.9801 m
 - (4) 9.98 m
- 11. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - (1) 536 Hz
 - (2) 537 Hz
 - (3) 523 Hz
 - (4) 524 Hz
- 12. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
 - (1) μA
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{\mu A}{2}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{A}{2\mu}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{2A}{11}$
- 13. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μ F. With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μ F. The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- 14. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

- (1) 67 cm
- (2) 80 cm
- (3) 33 cm
- (4) 50 cm

15. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) 0.5 mm
- (2) 1.0 mm
- (3) 0.01 mm
- (4) 0.25 mm
- 16. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
 - (1) four times
 - (2) one-fourth
 - (3) double
 - (4) half
- 17. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m $^{-1}$. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (3) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{Tm} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- 18. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c=speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1) 1:c
 - (2) $1:c^2$
 - (3) c:1
 - (4) 1:1
- 19. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
 - (1) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (2) zero
 - (3) π rad
 - (4) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rad

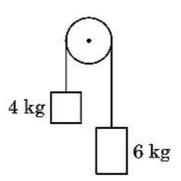


- 20. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L₁ when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_1}$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{MgL}{A(L_1 L)}$
 - (3) $\frac{\text{MgL}_1}{\text{AL}}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{\rm Mg(L_1-L)}{\rm AL}$
- 21. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
 - (1) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, \operatorname{n} \pi \mathrm{d}^2}$
- 22. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
 - (1) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 23. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is:
 - $(1) 10^3 \, \mathrm{V}$
 - (2) $10^4 \, \mathrm{V}$
 - (3) 10 V
 - (4) $10^2 \, \text{V}$
- 24. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10⁻⁹ C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) 400 V
- (2) zero
- (3) 50 V
- (4) 200 V

- 25. A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:
 - (1) 2.5 A
 - (2) 25.1 A
 - (3) 1.7 A
 - (4) 2.05 A
- 26. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : $(k_B \text{ is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute temperature})$
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{5}{2} \, \, \mathbf{k_B T}$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{7}{2} \, k_B T$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{3}{2} \, k_{\rm B} T$
- 27. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:

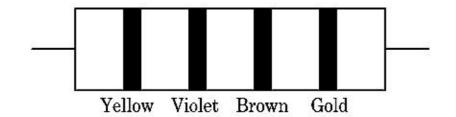


- (1) g/5
- (2) g/10
- (3) g
- (4) g/2
- 28. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
 - (1) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
 - (2) $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (3) $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
 - (4) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$

29. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27° C.

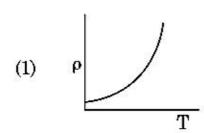
Its density is: $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

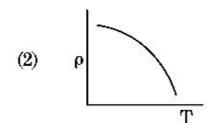
- (1) 0.1 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.02 kg/m^3
- (3) 0.5 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.2 kg/m^3
- 30. The color code of a resistance is given below:

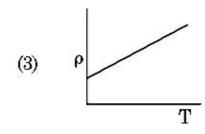


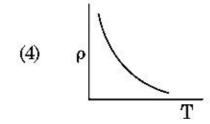
The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (2) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (3) $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (4) $47 \text{ k}\Omega$, 10%
- 31. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?









- 32. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) isochoric
 - (2) isobaric
 - (3) isothermal
 - (4) adiabatic
- 33. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}$ U is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}$ Kr, three neutrons and:
 - (1) $^{101}_{36}$ Kr
 - (2) $^{103}_{36}$ Kr
 - (3) 144₅₆Ba
 - (4) $^{91}_{40}$ Zr
- 34. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:
 - (1) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (4) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
- 35. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:
 - (1) 2.5×10^{-6}
 - (2) 2.25×10^{-15}
 - (3) 2.25×10^{15}
 - (4) 2.5×10^6
- 36. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
 - (1) $24 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (2) $48 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $10 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (4) $12 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$

- 37. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
 - (1) Deuteron atom
 - (2) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne+)
 - (3) Hydrogen atom
 - (4) Singly ionised helium atom (He⁺)
- 38. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10^{-7} C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^6 \,\text{N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^7 \,\text{N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (4) $1.28 \times 10^5 \,\text{N/C}$
- 39. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly:
 - (1) 0.06
 - (2) 0.006
 - (3) 6
 - (4) 0.6
- 40. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m³, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) 1 N/C
 - (2) 5 N/C
 - (3) zero
 - (4) 0.5 N/C
- 41. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (3) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$

- 42. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) one-fourth
 - (2) zero
 - (3) doubled
 - (4) four times
- 43. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
 - (1) 10.0 g
 - (2) 20.0 g
 - (3) 2.5 g
 - (4) 5.0 g
- 44. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 30 N
 - (2) 24 N
 - (3) 48 N
 - (4) 32 N
- 45. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) 1.0
 - (2) -1.0
 - (3) zero
 - (4) 0.5
- 46. The ovary is half inferior in:
 - (1) Sunflower
 - (2) Plum
 - (3) Brinjal
 - (4) Mustard



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- 47. Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
 - (1) They are useful in genetic engineering.
 - (2) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
 - (3) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
 - (4) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
- 48. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
 - (1) Higher H⁺ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (2) Low pCO₂ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (3) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O_2 .
 - (4) Partial pressure of CO₂ can interfere with O₂ binding with haemoglobin.
- 49. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
 - (1) wind and water
 - (2) insects and water
 - (3) insects or wind
 - (4) water currents only
- 50. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10⁹ bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
 - (1) 2.2 meters
 - (2) 2.7 meters
 - (3) 2.0 meters
 - (4) 2.5 meters
- 51. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during:
 - (1) Diplotene
 - (2) Leptotene
 - (3) Pachytene
 - (4) Zygotene

- 52. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants:
 - (a) Iron
- (i) Photolysis of water
- (b) Zinc
- (ii) Pollen germination
- (c) Boron
- Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis
- (d) Manganese (iv) IAA biosynthesis

(d)

Select the correct option:

- (a) (b) (c)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (2) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- **53.** The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at:
 - (1) Nucellus
 - (2) Chalaza
 - (3) Hilum
 - (4) Micropyle
- 54. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct**?
 - Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
 - (2) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
 - (3) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
 - (4) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
- **55.** Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) (b), (c) and (d)
 - (2) only (d)
 - (3) only (a)
 - (4) (a) and (c)



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- 56. Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
 - (1) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
 - (2) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
 - (3) Ileum opens into small intestine.
 - (4) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
- 57. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
 - (1) Ammonia and oxygen
 - (2) Ammonia and hydrogen
 - (3) Ammonia alone
 - (4) Nitrate alone
- **58.** The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
 - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- (1) Dicotyledonous stem
- (2) Dicotyledonous root
- (3) Monocotyledonous stem
- (4) Monocotyledonous root
- 59. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :
 - (1) Aschelminthes
 - (2) Annelida
 - (3) Ctenophora
 - (4) Platyhelminthes
- 60. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
 - (1) Chondrocytes
 - (2) Compound epithelial cells
 - (3) Squamous epithelial cells
 - (4) Columnar epithelial cells

- **61.** Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
 - (1) Mortality
 - (2) Species interaction
 - (3) Sex ratio
 - (4) Natality
- **62.** Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
 - (1) Charles Darwin
 - (2) Oparin
 - (3) Karl Ernst von Baer
 - (4) Alfred Wallace
- **63.** Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
 - (1) Lectin
 - (2) Insulin
 - (3) Haemoglobin
 - (4) Collagen
- 64. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| COLI | ect op | mon. | | | | | |
|------|--------|---------|-------|-------|---|--|--|
| | Colu | ımn - | I | | Column - II | | |
| (a) | Eosii | nophils | 3 | (i) | Immune response | | |
| (b) | Baso | phils | | (ii) | Phagocytosis | | |
| (c) | Neut | trophil | s | (iii) | Release histaminase, destructive enzymes | | |
| (d) | Lym | phocyt | es | (iv) | Release granules containing histamine | | |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | | | |
| (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | | | |
| (2) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) | | | |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | | | |
| (4) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | | | |

- 65. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
 - (1) Low concentration of LH
 - (2) Low concentration of FSH
 - (3) High concentration of Estrogen
 - (4) High concentration of Progesterone



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66. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:

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- (1) Palindromic sequence
- (2) Recognition site
- (3) Selectable marker
- (4) Ori site
- 67. The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:
 - (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
 - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
 - (c) Seed inside the fruit
 - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
 - (1) (c) and (d)
 - (2) (a) and (d)
 - (3) (a) only
 - (4) (a), (b) and (c)
- 68. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - II Column - II

- (a) Clostridium (i) Cyclosporin-A butylicum
- (b) Trichoderma (ii) Butyric Acid polysporum
- (c) Monascus (iii) Citric Acid purpureus
- (d) Aspergillus niger (iv) Blood cholesterol lowering agent
 - (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)
- (2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (4) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- 69. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are:
 - (1) Prop roots
 - (2) Lateral roots
 - (3) Fibrous roots
 - (4) Primary roots

- 70. Identify the wrong statement with reference to the gene T that controls ABO blood groups.
 - (1) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.
 - (2) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
 - (3) The gene (I) has three alleles.
 - (4) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
- 71. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?
 - (1) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
 - (2) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
 - (3) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
 - (4) Reabsorption of Na⁺ and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
- 72. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of:
 - (1) Release of Green House gases
 - (2) Disposal of e-wastes
 - (3) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
 - (4) Emission of ozone depleting substances
- 73. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
 - (1) After zygote formation
 - (2) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
 - (3) Prior to ovulation
 - (4) At the time of copulation
- 74. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
 - (1) Cross breeding
 - (2) Inbreeding
 - (3) Out crossing
 - (4) Mutational breeding

- 75. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because:
 - the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
 - (2) the head holds a 1/3rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
 - (3) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
 - (4) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
- 76. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
 - (2) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
 - (3) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
 - (4) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
- 77. Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
 - (2) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
 - (3) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
 - (4) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
- Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
 - Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
 - (2) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
 - (3) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
 - (4) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".

79. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Bt cotton Gene therapy (i) (a) Cellular defence Adenosine (ii) (b) deaminase deficiency Detection of HIV (c) RNAi (iii) infection PCR Bacillus(d) (iv) thuringiensis (b) (c) (d) (a) (1) (ii) (iii)(i) (iv) (2)(i) (ii)(iii) (iv) (3)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii)(4) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)

- 80. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
 - (2) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
 - (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
 - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
- 81. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about:
 - (1) 50 million
 - (2) 7 million
 - (3) 1.5 million
 - (4) 20 million
- 82. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
 - (1) Defence action
 - (2) Effect on reproduction
 - (3) Nutritive value
 - (4) Growth response



 $\mathbf{F4}$

| | | | | | 1 | .1 | | | | | |
|--|-------|----------------------------|---------------|---------|-----------------------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Wh alga | | the fol | llowin | g pair | s is of unicellular | 88. | | | | | |
| (1) | Anai | baena : | and V_0 | lvox | | | | | | | |
| (2) | Chlo | rella a | nd <i>Spi</i> | rulina | | | | | | | |
| (3) | Lam | inaria | and S | argass | um | | | | | | |
| (4) | Gelic | dium a | nd Gro | acilari | a | | | | | | |
| The | enzym | e ente | rokina | se help | os in conversion of : | | | | | | |
| (1) | case | inogen | into ca | asein | | | | | | | |
| (2) | peps | inogen | into p | epsin | | | | | | | |
| (3) | prote | ein into | polyp | eptides | 3 | | | | | | |
| (4) | tryps | trypsinogen into trypsin | | | | | | | | | |
| Match the following columns and select the correct option. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Colu | ımn - | I | | Column - II | | | | | | |
| (a) | | 6 - 15 pairs of gill slits | | | Trygon | | | | | | |
| (b) | | Heterocercal caudal fin | | | Cyclostomes | | | | | | |
| (c) | Air E | Air Bladder | | | Chondrichthyes | 89. | | | | | |
| (d) | Poise | Poison sting | | | Osteichthyes | | | | | | |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | | | | | | | |
| (1) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | | | | | | | |
| (2) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | | | | | | | |
| (3) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | | | | | | | |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | | 8 | | | | | |
| The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (1) | Imbi | Imbibition | | | | | | | | | |
| (2) | Plas | Plasmolysis | | | | | | | | | |
| (3) | Tran | Transpiration | | | | | | | | | |
| (4) | Root | pressu | are | | | | | | | | |
| Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment? | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (1) | Efflu | ients o | fprima | ary tre | atment | | | | | | |
| (2) | Activ | rated s | ludge | | | | | | | | |
| | | | (100) | | | 1 | | | | | |

Primary sludge

Floating debris

(3)

(4)

| • | Match the following columns and select the correct option. | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---------|------------|-------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | Colu | mn - l | Ī | | Column - II | | | | |
| | (a) | Float | ing Ril | bs | (i) | Located between second and seventh ribs | | | | |
| | (b) | Acror | nion | | (ii) | Head of the Humerus | | | | |
| | (c) | Scapu | ıla | | (iii) | Clavicle | | | | |
| | (d) | Gleno | oid cav | ity | (iv) | Do not connect with the sternum | | | | |
| | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | | | | | |
| | (1) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | | | | | |
| | (2) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | | | | | |
| | (3) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) | | | | | |
| | (4) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | | | | | |
| | Selec | ${ m t}{ m the}{ m c}$ | orrec | t state: | ment. | | | | | |
| | (1) |) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes. | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) | Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia. | | | | | | | | |
| | (3) | Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis. | | | | | | | | |
| | (4) | Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia. | | | | | | | | |
| | Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus? | | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) |) Ketonuria and Glycosuria | | | | | | | | |

- 90.
 - Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia (2)
 - Uremia and Ketonuria (3)
 - Uremia and Renal Calculi (4)
- Which of the following is correct about viroids? 91.
 - (1) They have DNA with protein coat.
 - They have free DNA without protein coat. (2)
 - (3) They have RNA with protein coat.
 - They have free RNA without protein coat. (4)

F4 12 Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples 92. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did 96. Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except of: in one character with contrasting traits? Industrial melanism (1) (1)14 (2) Natural selection (2)8 (3)Adaptive radiation (3)4 Convergent evolution (4) (4)2 Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits 93. The number of substrate level phosphorylations 97. highest species diversity? in one turn of citric acid cycle is: Himalayas (1) (1) Two (2)Amazon forests (2)Three (3)Western Ghats of India (3)Zero Madagascar (4)(4)One Match the following columns and select the 94. correct option. 98. Which of the following statements is not correct? Column - I Column - II The functional insulin has A and B chains (1) Placenta Androgens (a) (i) linked together by hydrogen bonds. Zona pellucida Human Chorionic (b) (ii) Genetically engineered insulin is produced (2)Gonadotropin in E-Coli. (hCG) In man insulin is synthesised as a (3) proinsulin. **Bulbo-urethral** Layer of the ovum (c) (iii) glands The proinsulin has an extra peptide called (4) C-peptide. Leydig cells Lubrication of the (d) (iv) Penis Match the following columns and select the (a) (b) (c) (d) correct option. (iii) (1)(ii) (iv) (i) Column - II Column - I (2)(ii) (iii) (i) (iv) Connects middle Organ of Corti (i) (a) (3)(ii) (iv) (iii)(i) ear and pharynx (iii) (4)(i) (iv) (ii)(b) (ii) Cochlea Coiled part of the $Match the {\it trophic levels with their {\it correct species}}$ 95. labyrinth examples in grassland ecosystem. Fourth trophic level Eustachian tube (iii) Attached to the (a) (i) Crow (c) oval window Second trophic level (b) Vulture (ii) (d) Stapes Located on the (iv) First trophic level (iii) Rabbit (c) basilar Third trophic level (d) (iv) Grass membrane Select the correct option: (d) (c) (b) (a) (b) (a) (c) (d) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (1) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii) (1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(ii)

(iii)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

(i)

(iv)

(i)

(iv)

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(ii)

(iii)

(i)

(iii)

(iv)

(ii)

(iv)

(i)

(iv)



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- 100. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0) . This process occurs at the end of:
 - (1) Sphase
 - (2) G_2 phase
 - (3) M phase
 - (4) G₁ phase
- 101. The process of growth is maximum during:
 - (1) Senescence
 - (2) Dormancy
 - (3) Log phase
 - (4) Lag phase
- 102. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents:
 - (1) Depolarisation of ventricles
 - (2) Repolarisation of ventricles
 - (3) Repolarisation of auricles
 - (4) Depolarisation of auricles
- 103. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt) is resistant to:
 - (1) Plant nematodes
 - (2) Insect predators
 - (3) Insect pests
 - (4) Fungal diseases
- 104. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
 - (1) ICSI and ZIFT
 - (2) GIFT and ICSI
 - (3) ZIFT and IUT
 - (4) GIFT and ZIFT
- 105. Floridean starch has structure similar to:
 - (1) Mannitol and algin
 - (2) Laminarin and cellulose
 - (3) Starch and cellulose
 - (4) Amylopectin and glycogen

- 106. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
 - (1) Ethylene
 - (2) Abscisic acid
 - (3) Cytokinin
 - (4) Gibberellin
- 107. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - II Column - II

- (a) Gregarious, polyphagous (i) Asterias pest
- (b) Adult with radial (ii) Scorpion symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry
- (c) Book lungs
- (iii) Ctenoplana
- (d) Bioluminescence
- (iv) Locusta
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv) (2) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv)
- (2) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv)
- (3) (i) (ii) (ii) (iv)
- (4) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- 108. Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata?
 - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla: Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
 - (1) (a) and (b)
 - (2) (b) and (c)
 - (3) (d) and (c)
 - (4) (c) and (a)
- 109. The first phase of translation is:
 - (1) Aminoacylation of tRNA
 - (2) Recognition of an anti-codon
 - (3) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
 - (4) Recognition of DNA molecule



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|----|--|--|--|--|----|
| | | | | | |

- Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
 - (1)Lysine
 - Valine (2)
 - (3)Tyrosine
 - Glutamic Acid (4)
- The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is:
 - (1)Female gametocytes
 - (2)Male gametocytes
 - (3)Trophozoites
 - Sporozoites (4)
- Identify the correct statement with regard to G₁ phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
 - Cell is metabolically active, grows but does (1)not replicate its DNA.
 - Nuclear Division takes place. (2)
 - DNA synthesis or replication takes place. (3)
 - Reorganisation of all cell components takes (4)place.
- 113. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from:
 - PS-I to NADP+ (1)
 - PS-I to ATP synthase (2)
 - PS-II to Cyth₆f complex (3)
 - Cytb₆f complex to PS-I (4)
- The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
 - 1 molecule of 6-C compound (1)
 - 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule (2)of 2-C compound
 - 2 molecules of 3-C compound (3)
 - 1 molecule of 3-C compound (4)
- Which is the important site of formation of 115. glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?
 - Golgi bodies (1)
 - Polysomes (2)
 - Endoplasmic reticulum (3)
 - Peroxisomes (4)

- 116. Match the following:
 - Inhibitor of catalytic
 - Ricin (i)
 - activity
 - Possess peptide bonds (b)
- Malonate (ii)
- Cell wall material in (c) fungi
- Chitin (iii)
- Secondary metabolite

(iv)

Collagen

- Choose the **correct** option from the following:
 - (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii)(iv) (i) (ii)
- (2)(ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
- (3)(ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (4) (iii)(i) (iv) (ii)
- 117. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure:
 - (1) Cellulose, lecithin
 - (2) Inulin, insulin
 - (3)Chitin, cholesterol
 - (4)Glycerol, trypsin
- Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by:
 - Boveri (1)
 - Morgan (2)
 - Mendel (3)
 - Sutton (4)
- The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:
 - 5' CTTAAG 3' (1)
 - 3' GAATTC 5'
 - 5' GGATCC 3' (2)
 - 3' CCTAGG 5'
 - 5' GAATTC 3' (3)
 - 3' CTTAAG 5'
 - 5' GGAACC 3' (4)
 - 3' CCTTGG 5'
- 120. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
 - DNA polymerase (1)
 - (2)RNA polymerase
 - (3) DNA ligase
 - DNA helicase (4)



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- 121. Select the correct match.
 - (1) Sickle cell anaemia Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11
 - (2) Thalassemia Xlinked
 - (3) Haemophilia Ylinked
 - (4) Phenylketonuria Autosomal dominant trait
- 122. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
 - (1) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at $600^{\circ}C$
 - (2) CH₃, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C
 - (3) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 800°C
 - (4) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_4 and water vapor at $800^{\circ}C$
- 123. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| | 0.1 | | T | | C l II |
|-----|-------|------------|------|-------|--------------------|
| | Con | ımn - | 1 | | Column - II |
| (a) | Pitui | itary g | land | (i) | Grave's disease |
| (b) | Thyr | oid gla | ınd | (ii) | Diabetes mellitus |
| (c) | Adre | nal gla | ınd | (iii) | Diabetes insipidus |
| (d) | Pano | reas | | (iv) | Addison's disease |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) | |
| (2) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | |
| (3) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | |

- 124. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in:
 - (1) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
 - (2) eustachian tube
 - (3) lining of intestine
 - (4) ducts of salivary glands
- 125. Strobili or cones are found in:
 - (1) Marchantia
 - (2) Equisetum
 - (3) Salvinia
 - (4) Pteris

- 126. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
 - (1) High reflection of light from snow
 - (2) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
 - (3) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
 - (4) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
- 127. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the correct option.

| | Colu | ımn - | I | | Column - II |
|-----|-------|--------|-------|-------|----------------------|
| (a) | Typh | noid | | (i) | Wuchereria |
| (b) | Pneu | ımonia | ì | (ii) | Plasmodium |
| (c) | Filar | riasis | | (iii) | Salmonella |
| (d) | Mala | ıria | | (iv) | ${\it Hae mophilus}$ |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) | |
| (2) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | |
| (3) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | |
| | | | | | |

- 128. Choose the correct pair from the following:
 - (1) Nucleases Separate the two strands of DNA
 - (2) Exonucleases Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
 - (3) Ligases Join the two DNA molecules
 - (4) Polymerases Break the DNA into fragments
- 129. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is incorrect?
 - (1) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
 - (2) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
 - (3) They are not bound by any membrane.
 - (4) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.



- 130. Select the correct events that occur during inspiration.
 - Contraction of diaphragm (a)
 - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
 - Pulmonary volume decreases (c)
 - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
 - (a), (b) and (d) (1)
 - (2)only (d)
 - (a) and (b) (3)
 - (4)(c) and (d)
- Ray florets have: 131.
 - (1)Hypogynous ovary
 - (2)Half inferior ovary
 - (3)Inferior ovary
 - (4)Superior ovary
- Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.
 - Bacillus (a) thuringiensis
- (i) Cloning vector
- (b) Thermus aquaticus
- Construction of (ii) first rDNA molecule
- Agrobacterium (c) tumefaciens
- (iii) DNA polymerase
- Salmonella(d)
- Cry proteins (iv)

Select the correct option from the following:

(d)

(ii)

- (a)
 - (b) (c)
- (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (2)(iii) (iv)
- (i)
- (3)(ii) (iv) (iii)(i)

typhimurium

(4)(iv)

(1)

- (iii)
- (i) (ii)
- Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy?
 - Phenolic acid (1)
 - Para-ascorbic acid (2)
 - Gibberellic acid (3)
 - Abscisic acid (4)

- Match the following with respect to meiosis: 134.
 - Zygotene (a)
- Terminalization
- (b) Pachytene
- (ii) Chiasmata

(c)

(1)

- Crossing over (iii)
- (d) Diakinesis

Diplotene

(iv) Synapsis

(iii)

- Select the **correct** option from the following:
 - (a) (b) (c) (d)
 - (i) (ii) (iv) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (2)(i) (3) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (i) (ii) (4) (iii)(iv)
- In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of:
 - Acetocarmine in UV radiation (1)
 - (2) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
 - (3) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
 - Ethidium bromide in UV radiation (4)
- Which of the following is a natural polymer? 136.
 - (1) polybutadiene
 - poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile) (2)
 - (3) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
 - poly (Butadiene-styrene) (4)
- On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
 - H₂S gas (1)
 - SO_2 gas (2)
 - (3)Hydrogen gas
 - (4)Oxygen gas
- 138. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:
 - $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \,\mathrm{pm}$

 - (3) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$ (4) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$



- 139. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
 - (1) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (2) $q > 0, \Delta T > 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
 - (3) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (4) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
- 140. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - (1) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (3) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- 141. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol⁻¹): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 15 bar
- (2) 18 bar
- (3) 9 bar
- (4) 12 bar
- 142. Identify the correct statements from the following:
 - (a) CO₂(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
 - (1) (b) and (c) only
 - (2) (c) and (d) only
 - (3) (a), (b) and (c) only
 - (4) (a) and (c) only

143. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

(1) OH
$$+ C_2H_5I$$

(2)
$$+C_2H_5OH$$

(4)
$$+ CH_3OH$$

- 144. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
 - (1) Acetone + Chloroform
 - (2) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
 - (3) Ethanol + Acetone
 - (4) Benzene + Toluene
- 145. Which of the following is the correct order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
 - (1) $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (2) $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
 - (3) $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (4) $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
- 146. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
 - (1) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O = 16]$
 - (2) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
 - (3) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
 - (4) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]

- 147. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - n-Heptane (1)
 - (2)n-Butane
 - n-Hexane (3)
 - (4)2,3-Dimethylbutane
- Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon 148. monoxide?
 - (1)The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
 - It is produced due to incomplete combustion. (2)
 - It forms carboxyhaemoglobin. (3)
 - (4)It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
- 149. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the correct option is:
 - $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$ (1)
 - $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$ (3)
 - $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$ (4)
- **150**. Match the following and identify the **correct** option.
 - $CO(g) + H_2(g)$ (i) (a)
- $Mg(HCO_3)_2 +$ Ca(HCO₃)₂
 - (b) Temporary hardness of water
- An electron (ii) deficient hydride
- B_2H_6 (c)
- (iii)Synthesis gas
- H_2O_2 (d)
- Non-planar (iv) structure

(d)

- (a) (b) (c)
- (i) (1)(iii) (iv) (ii)
- (i) (2)(ii) (iii)(iv)
- (3)(iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (i) (iv) (4)(iii) (ii)
- 151. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu²⁺ (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - Cu(OH)₂ (1)
 - CuCO₃·Cu(OH)₂ (2)
 - $CuSO_4$ (3)
 - $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$ (4)

152. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

Sucrose + $H_2O \rightleftharpoons$ Glucose + Fructose

If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^{\ominus}$ at the same temperature will be:

- $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$ (1)
- $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$ (2)
- $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$ (3)
- $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$ (4)
- The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr2+ 153. ion is:
 - $5.92\,\mathrm{BM}$ (1)
 - (2)2.84 BM
 - (3) $3.87\,\mathrm{BM}$
 - (4) $4.90\,\mathrm{BM}$
- 154. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1)Stability of the colloidal particles
 - (2)Size of the colloidal particles
 - (3)Viscosity
 - Solubility (4)
- Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
 - (1) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
 - Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate (2)
 - (3)Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - (4)Sodium stearate
- Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)₂ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)₂ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$ (1)
 - $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
 - $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$ (4)



157. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH_3 & CHO \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ Cl_2/h\nu \\ \hline \\ X \xrightarrow{373~\textrm{K}} \end{array}$$

$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{CHCl}_2 \\ \\ \end{array}$$

- 158. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Calcium
 - (2) Potassium
 - (3) Iron
 - (4) Copper
- 159. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
 - (1) threshold energy
 - (2) collision frequency
 - (3) activation energy
 - (4) heat of reaction

- 160. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
 - (1) 500 s
 - (2) 1000 s
 - (3) 100 s
 - (4) 200 s
- 161. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten $CaCl_2$ (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is:
 - (1) 3
 - (2) 4
 - (3) 1
 - (4) 2
- 162. Identify the correct statement from the following:
 - (1) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
 - (2) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
 - (3) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
 - (4) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of ${\rm CO}_2$.
- 163. Identify a molecule which does not exist.
 - $(1) \quad \ \, C_2$
 - (2) O₂
 - (3) He₂
 - (4) Li₂
- **164.** A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - $(1) \qquad -R\,effect\,of-CH_{3}\,groups$
 - (2) Hyperconjugation
 - (3) $-I ext{ effect of } -CH_3 ext{ groups}$
 - (4) + R effect of CH_3 groups
- 165. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - (1) Only MgCl₂
 - (2) NaCl, MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (3) Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (4) Only NaCl



166. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?

(1)
$$N(CH_3)_2$$

167. Identify the incorrect match.

IUPAC Official Name Name Unnilunium Mendelevium (i) Lawrencium Unniltrium Unnilhexium (c) (iii) Seaborgium Darmstadtium Unununnium (d) (iv) (c), (iii) (1) (2)(d), (iv)

(4) (b), (ii)

Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium

chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:

- (1) Tert. butyl alcohol
- (2) Isobutyl alcohol

(a), (i)

(3)

- (3) Isopropyl alcohol
- (4) Sec. butyl alcohol

169. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:

- (1) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
- (2) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
- (3) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
- (4) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose

170. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

(1)
$$CH_2 - CH = CH_2$$

(3)
$$CH = CH - CH_3$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & CH_2-CH_2-CH_3 \\ \hline \end{array} \tag{4}$$

- 171. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
 - (2) The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
 - (3) $\operatorname{Cr}^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $\operatorname{Fe}^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.
 - (4) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.



- 172. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
 - (1) Tyrosine
 - (2) Lysine
 - (3) Serine
 - (4) Alanine
- 173. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage?
 - (1) $H_2S_2O_8$, peroxodisulphuric acid
 - (2) $H_2S_2O_7$, pyrosulphuric acid
 - (3) H₂SO₃, sulphurous acid
 - (4) H₂SO₄, sulphuric acid
- 174. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - (a) β-Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1) (b), (c), (d)
 - (2) (a), (b), (d)
 - (3) (a), (b), (c)
 - (4) (a), (c), (d)
- 175. Match the following:

| | Oxide | | Nature |
|-----|-------------------------|----------|-------------------|
| (a) | CO | (i) | Basic |
| (b) | BaO | (ii) | Neutral |
| (c) | ${ m Al_2O_3}$ | (iii) | Acidic |
| (d) | Cl_2O_7 | (iv) | Amphoteric |
| Whi | ch of the fol | lowing i | s correct option? |

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- $(2) \qquad (iv) \qquad (iii) \qquad (ii) \qquad (i)$
- (3) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (4) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- 176. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is $5.12~K~kg~mol^{-1}$. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078~m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
 - (1) 0.40 K
 - (2) 0.60 K
 - (3) 0.20 K
 - (4) 0.80 K

- 177. Paper chromatography is an example of:
 - (1) Thin layer chromatography
 - (2) Column chromatography
 - (3) Adsorption chromatography
 - (4) Partition chromatography
- 178. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

$$\operatorname{CH}_4(\mathbf{g}) + 4\operatorname{Cl}_2(\mathbf{g}) \to \operatorname{CCl}_4(\mathbf{l}) + 4\operatorname{HCl}(\mathbf{g})$$

- (1) -4 to +4
- (2) 0 to -4
- (3) +4 to +4
- (4) 0 to +4
- 179. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
 - (1) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (2) Cross Aldol condensation
 - (3) Aldol condensation
 - (4) Cannizzaro's reaction
- 180. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71}$ Lu, respectively, are:
 - (1) 71, 71 and 104
 - (2) 175, 104 and 71
 - (3) 71, 104 and 71
 - (4) 104, 71 and 71

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Space For Rough Work





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Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
 For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **G4**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

| Name of the Car | ndidate (in Capitals) : | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Roll Number | ; in figures | | |
| | | | |
| Centre of Exam | ination (in Capitals) : | | |
| Candidate's Sig | nature : | Invigilator's Signature : | |
| Facsimile signa | ture stamp of | | |
| Centre Superint | endent: | | |



- 1. Strobili or cones are found in:
 - (1) Pteris
 - (2) Marchantia
 - (3) Equisetum
 - (4) Salvinia
- 2. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents:
 - (1) Depolarisation of auricles
 - (2) Depolarisation of ventricles
 - (3) Repolarisation of ventricles
 - (4) Repolarisation of auricles
- 3. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - II Column - II

- (a) Placenta
- (i) Androgens
- (b) Zona pellucida
- (ii) Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG)
- (c) Bulbo-urethral glands
- (iii) Layer of the ovum
- (d) Leydig cells
- (iv) Lubrication of the Penis
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)
- (2) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
- (3) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- 4. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
 - (1) GIFT and ZIFT
 - (2) ICSI and ZIFT
 - (3) GIFT and ICSI
 - (4) ZIFT and IUT
- 5. Select the correct match.
 - (1) Phenylketonuria Autosomal dominant trait
 - (2) Sickle cell anaemia Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11
 - (3) Thalassemia Xlinked
 - (4) Haemophilia Ylinked

- 6. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during:
 - (1) Zygotene

2

- (2) Diplotene
- (3) Leptotene
- (4) Pachytene
- 7. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
 - (1) Natality
 - (2) Mortality
 - (3) Species interaction
 - (4) Sex ratio
- 8. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
 - (1) High concentration of Progesterone
 - (2) Low concentration of LH
 - (3) Low concentration of FSH
 - (4) High concentration of Estrogen
- 9. Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
 - (1) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
 - (2) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
 - (3) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
 - (4) Ileum opens into small intestine.
- 10. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
 - (2) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
 - (3) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
 - (4) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
- 11. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
 - (1) Columnar epithelial cells
 - (2) Chondrocytes
 - (3) Compound epithelial cells
 - (4) Squamous epithelial cells



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- 12. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
 - (1) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
 - (2) High reflection of light from snow
 - (3) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
 - (4) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
- 13. The process of growth is maximum during:
 - (1) Lag phase
 - (2) Senescence
 - (3) Dormancy
 - (4) Log phase
- 14. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
 - (1) CH₃, H₂, NH₄ and water vapor at 800°C
 - (2) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C
 - (3) CH₃, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C
 - (4) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 800°C
- 15. The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is:
 - (1) Sporozoites
 - (2) Female gametocytes
 - (3) Male gametocytes
 - (4) Trophozoites
- 16. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
 - (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
 - (3) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
 - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.

- 17. Choose the **correct** pair from the following:
 - (1) Polymerases Break the DNA into
 - (2) Nucleases Separate the two strands
 - of DNA

fragments

(3) Exonucleases - Make cuts at specific

positions within DNA

(4) Ligases - Join the two DNA

molecules

- 18. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because:
 - (1) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
 - (2) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
 - (3) the head holds a 1/3rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
 - (4) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
- 19. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0) . This process occurs at the end of:
 - (1) G₁ phase
 - (2) Sphase
 - G_2 phase
 - (4) M phase
- 20. The ovary is half inferior in:
 - (1) Mustard
 - (2) Sunflower
 - (3) Plum
 - (4) Brinjal
- 21. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:
 - (1) Ori site
 - (2) Palindromic sequence
 - (3) Recognition site
 - (4) Selectable marker



| ~ . | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------------------|---|-------------------|---|
| G4 22. | Inw | ator ha | raginth | and u | otor li | ly, pollination takes | 4 26. | The | first phase of translation is : |
| 44. | place | 200 | acmin | and w | aver II | ly, pointiation takes | 20. | (1) | Recognition of DNA molecule |
| | (1) | wate | er curre | ents or | nly | | | (2) | Aminoacylation of tRNA |
| | (2) | wind | l and w | ater | | | | | 1.00 1989 - 400 M. 186 186 |
| | (3) | insec | cts and | water | : | | | (3) | Recognition of an anti-codon |
| | (4) | insec | cts or w | vind | | | | (4) | Binding of mRNA to ribosome |
| 23. | Mate (a) | Baci | | sm wit | h its u | se in biotechnology. | 27. | | otic division of the secondary oocyte is pleted: |
| | (4) | | ingien: | sis | (4) | Castaing (Court | | (1) | At the time of copulation |
| | (b) | Ther | 9 35 4 | | (ii) | Construction of | | (2) | After zygote formation |
| | (-/ | | ıticus | | (-) | first rDNA molecule | | (3) | At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum |
| | (c) | 10000000 | bacter efacien | | (iii) | DNA polymerase | | (4) | Prior to ovulation |
| | (d) | Saln | nonella | ı | (iv) | Cry proteins | 28. | | el electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments be visualized with the help of : |
| | Color | - 10 To The Colored | imuriu | | L | the following. | | (1) | Ethidium bromide in UV radiation |
| | serec | (a) | (b) | и орыс (c) | (d) | 1 the following : | | (2) | Acetocarmine in UV radiation |
| | (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | | | (3) | Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation |
| | (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | | | (4) | Acetocarmine in bright blue light |
| | (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | | 200000000000000000000000000000000000000 | | |
| | (4) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | | 29. | | tify the correct statement with regard to hase (Gap 1) of interphase. |
| 24. | | | enzyme g trans | | | tes opening of DNA | 3 | (1) | Reorganisation of all cell components takes place. |
| | (1) | DNA | helica | ıse | | | | (2) | Cell is metabolically active, grows but does |
| | (2) | DNA | polyn | ierase | | | | | not replicate its DNA. |
| | (3) | RNA | polym | ierase | | | | (3) | Nuclear Division takes place. |
| | (4) | DNA | ligase | 9 | | | | (4) | DNA synthesis or replication takes place. |
| 25. | | | | | | with the causative ect option. | 30. | 36 7 0 | florets have : |
| | | Colu | ımn - | I | | Column - II | | (1) | Superior ovary |
| | (a) | Typh | noid | | (i) | Wuchereria | | (2) | Hypogynous ovary |
| | (b) | | ımonia | i | (ii) | Plasmodium | | (3) | Half inferior ovary |
| | (c) | | riasis | | (iii) | Salmonella | | (4) | Inferior ovary |
| | | | | | | 020 | 31. | Bilos | tovally symmetrical and accolemate animals |
| | (d) | Mala | | (c) | (iv) (d) | Haemophilus | 01. | | terally symmetrical and acoelomate animals exemplified by : |
| | (1) | (a) (iii) | (b) (iv) | (i) | (ii) | | | (1) | Platyhelminthes |
| | (2) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) | | | (2) | Aschelminthes |
| | (3) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | | | (3) | Annelida |
| | (4) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | | | (4) | Ctenophora |



- **32.** Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :
 - (1) Glycerol, trypsin
 - (2) Cellulose, lecithin
 - (3) Inulin, insulin
 - (4) Chitin, cholesterol
- 33. Select the correct events that occur during inspiration.
 - (a) Contraction of diaphragm
 - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
 - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
 - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
 - (1) (c) and (d)
 - (2) (a), (b) and (d)
 - (3) only (d)
 - (4) (a) and (b)
- 34. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
 - (1) Gelidium and Gracilaria
 - (2) Anabaena and Volvox
 - (3) Chlorella and Spirulina
 - (4) Laminaria and Sargassum
- 35. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| | Colu | ımn - | I | | Column - II |
|-----|------|------------|------|-------|------------------|
| (a) | Eosi | nophil | 3 | (i) | Immune response |
| (b) | Baso | phils | | (ii) | Phagocytosis |
| (c) | Neut | trophil | s | (iii) | Release |
| | | | | | histaminase, |
| | | | | | destructive |
| | | | | | enzymes |
| (d) | Lym | phocyt | tes | (iv) | Release granules |
| | | | | | containing |
| | | | | | histamine |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | |
| (2) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | |

36. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of :

(iii)

(ii)

(iv)

(i)

(1) Convergent evolution

(i)

(iv)

(ii)

(iii)

- (2) Industrial melanism
- (3) Natural selection

(3)

(4) Adaptive radiation

- 37. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in:
 - (1) ducts of salivary glands
 - (2) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
 - (3) eustachian tube
 - (4) lining of intestine
- 38. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| | Colu | ımn - | I | | Column - II |
|-----|------------------|-----------------|------------|-------|----------------|
| (a) | 6 - 18 gill s | 5 pairs lits | of | (i) | Trygon |
| (b) | | rocerc | al | (ii) | Cyclostomes |
| (c) | Air E | Bladder | r | (iii) | Chondrichthyes |
| (d) | Poise | on stin | g | (iv) | Osteichthyes |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | |
| (2) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | |
| (3) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | |
| (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | |
| | | | | | |

- 39. The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:
 - (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
 - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
 - (c) Seed inside the fruit
 - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
 - (1) (a), (b) and (c)
 - (2) (c) and (d)
 - $(3) \qquad (a) \text{ and } (d)$
 - (4) (a) only
- 40. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of:
 - (1) Emission of ozone depleting substances
 - (2) Release of Green House gases
 - (3) Disposal of e-wastes
 - (4) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
- 41. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
 - (1) Collagen
 - (2) Lectin
 - (3) Insulin
 - (4) Haemoglobin

- 42. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:
 - (1) 5' GGAACC 3'
 - 3' CCTTGG 5'
 - (2) 5' CTTAAG 3'
 - 3' GAATTC 5'
 - (3) 5' GGATCC 3'
 - 3' CCTAGG 5'
 - (4) 5' GAATTC 3'
 - 3' CTTAAG 5'
- 43. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
 - (1) 2.5 meters
 - (2) 2.2 meters
 - (3) 2.7 meters
 - (4) 2.0 meters
- 44. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
 - (1) Nitrate alone
 - (2) Ammonia and oxygen
 - (3) Ammonia and hydrogen
 - (4) Ammonia alone
- 45. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) (a) and (c)
 - (2) (b), (c) and (d)
 - (3) only (d)
 - (4) only (a)
- 46. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity?
 - (1) Madagascar
 - (2) Himalayas
 - (3) Amazon forests
 - (4) Western Ghats of India

- 47. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?
 - (1) Peroxisomes
 - (2) Golgi bodies
 - (3) Polysomes
 - (4) Endoplasmic reticulum
- 48. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits?
 - (1) 2
 - (2) 14
 - (3) 8
 - (4) 4
- 49. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| | Colu | ımn - | I | | Column - II |
|------------|-------|------------|------------|-------|---|
| (a) | Floa | ting Ri | bs | (i) | Located between second and seventh ribs |
| (b) | Acro | mion | | (ii) | Head of the Humerus |
| (c) | Scap | ula | | (iii) | Clavicle |
| (d) | Glen | oid cav | vity | (iv) | Do not connect with the sternum |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | |
| (3) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | |
| (4) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) | |

- **50.** Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
 - (2) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
 - (3) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
 - (4) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
- 51. Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
 - (1) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
 - (2) They are useful in genetic engineering.
 - (3) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
 - (4) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.



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52. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - II Column - I Cyclosporin-A Clostridium (i) (a) butylicum (b) Trichoderma Butyric Acid (ii) polysporumCitric Acid (c) Monascus (iii) purpureus Blood cholesterol (d) Aspergillus niger (iv) lowering agent (a) (b) (c) (d) (1)(ii) (i) (iv) (iii) (2)(i) (ii)(iv) (iii) (3)(iv) (iii) (ii) (i) (4)(iii)(iv) (ii) (i)

- 53. Match the following with respect to meiosis:
 - (a) Zygotene (i) Terminalization
 - (b) Pachytene (ii) Chiasmata
 - (c) Diplotene (iii) Crossing over
 - (d) Diakinesis (iv) Synapsis

Select the correct option from the following:

(a) (b) (d) (c) (iv) (iii) (ii)(i) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i) (n) (iv)(m)(ii) (iii) (iv) (i)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

- Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
 - (1) Partial pressure of CO₂ can interfere with O₂ binding with haemoglobin.
 - (2) Higher H⁺ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (3) Low pCO₂ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O_2 .

55. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?

- (1) Reabsorption of Na + and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
- (2) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
- (3) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
- (4) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
- **56.** Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect**?
 - These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
 - (2) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
 - (3) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
 - (4) They are not bound by any membrane.
- 57. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:
 - (1) Fungal diseases
 - (2) Plant nematodes
 - (3) Insect predators
 - (4) Insect pests
- 58. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
 - (1) Mutational breeding
 - (2) Cross breeding
 - (3) Inbreeding
 - (4) Out crossing
- **59.** Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata?
 - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
 - (1) (c) and (a)
 - (2) (a) and (b)
 - (3) (b) and (c)
 - (4) (d) and (c)



- 64. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy?
 - (1) Abscisic acid
 - (2) Phenolic acid
 - (3) Para-ascorbic acid
 - (4) Gibberellic acid
- 65. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct**?
 - (1) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
 - (2) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
 - (3) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
 - (4) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
- 66. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of:
 - trypsinogen into trypsin
 - (2) caseinogen into casein
 - pepsinogen into pepsin
 - (4) protein into polypeptides
- 67. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| COIL | СССОР | 11011. | | | |
|------|-------|---------------------------|------------|-------|----------------------------|
| | Colu | ımn - | I | | Column - II |
| (a) | Bt co | tton | | (i) | Gene therapy |
| (b) | dean | nosine ninase iency | | (ii) | Cellular defence |
| (c) | RNA | i | | (iii) | Detection of HIV infection |
| (d) | PCR | | | (iv) | Bacillus thuringiensis |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | |
| (2) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | |
| (3) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | |
| (4) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | |



| | (1) | Gluta | amic A | cid | | | |
|-----|-------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---|---------|-----|
| | (2) | Lysin | ie | | | | |
| | (3) | Valin | e | | | | |
| | (4) | Tyros | sine | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 69. | | | ollowin inction | 4 7 48, 46 mm, | erning essential elements lants : | | |
| | (a) | Iron | | (i) | Photolysis of water | | |
| | (b) | Zinc | | (ii) | Pollen germination | | |
| | (c) | Boron | ı | (iii) | Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis | | |
| | (d) | Mang | ganese | (iv) | IAA biosynthesis | | |
| | Selec | t the $oldsymbol{c}$ | orrec | t optio | n: | 73. | |
| | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | | |
| | (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | | |
| | (2) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | | |
| | (3) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | 74. | 19 |
| | (4) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 70. | | | | | e following conditions in habetes Mellitus ? | | |
| | (1) | Uren | nia and | l Rena | l Calculi | 75. | 100 |
| | (2) | Keto | nuria a | ınd Gly | ycosuria | | |
| | (3) | Rena | l calcu | li and | Hyperglycaemia | | |
| | (4) | Uren | nia and | l Ketoi | nuria | 3000000 | |
| | | | | | | 76. | |
| 71. | Whic | h of th | e follo | wing is | s correct about viroids? | | |
| | (1) | They | have f | ree R1 | NA without protein coat. | | |
| | (2) | They | have I | DNA w | vith protein coat. | | |
| | (3) | They | have | free D | NA without protein coat. | | |

They have RNA with protein coat.

(4)

Identify the basic amino acid from the following.

68.

| | Colu | ımn - | I | Column - II | |
|-----|-------|-----------------|------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| (a) | Orga | n of C | orti | (i) | Connects middle ear and pharynx |
| (b) | Coch | lea | | (ii) | Coiled part of the labyrinth |
| (c) | Eust | Eustachian tube | | | Attached to the oval window |
| (d) | Stap | es | | (iv) | Located on the basilar membrane |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) | |
| (2) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | |
| (3) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | |
| (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | |

- 73. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
 - (1) Growth response
 - (2) Defence action
 - (3) Effect on reproduction
 - (4) Nutritive value
- 74. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about:
 - (1) 20 million
 - (2) 50 million
 - (3) 7 million
 - (4) 1.5 million
- 75. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at:
 - (1) Micropyle
 - (2) Nucellus
 - (3) Chalaza
 - (4) Hilum
- 76. Which of the following statements is not correct?
 - (1) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
 - (2) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
 - (3) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
 - (4) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.



- 77. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
 - (1) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - (2) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
 - (3) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
 - (4) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
- 78. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are:
 - (1) Primary roots
 - (2) Proproots
 - (3) Lateral roots
 - (4) Fibrous roots
- 79. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is:
 - (1) One
 - (2) Two
 - (3) Three
 - (4) Zero
- 80. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by:
 - (1) Sutton
 - (2) Boveri
 - (3) Morgan
 - (4) Mendel
- 81. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:
 - (1) Root pressure
 - (2) Imbibition
 - (3) Plasmolysis
 - (4) Transpiration

- 82. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
 - (1) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
 - (2) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
 - (3) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
 - (4) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
- 83. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.
 - (1) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
 - (2) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.
 - (3) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
 - (4) The gene (I) has three alleles.
- 84. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?
 - (1) Floating debris
 - (2) Effluents of primary treatment
 - (3) Activated sludge
 - (4) Primary sludge
- 85. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
 - (1) Alfred Wallace
 - (2) Charles Darwin
 - (3) Oparin
 - (4) Karl Ernst von Baer
- 86. Floridean starch has structure similar to:
 - (1) Amylopectin and glycogen
 - (2) Mannitol and algin
 - (3) Laminarin and cellulose
 - (4) Starch and cellulose



- 87. Match the following:
 - (a) Inhibitor of catalytic activity
- (i) Ricin
- (b) Possess peptide bonds
- (ii) Malonate
- (c) Cell wall material in fungi
- (iii) Chitin
- (d) Secondary metabolite
- (iv) Collagen

Choose the correct option from the following:

- (a)
- **(b)**
- (c) (d)
- (1) (iii)
- (i)
- (iv) (ii)
- (2) (iii)
- (iv)
- (i) (ii)
- (3) (ii)
- (iii)
- (i) (iv)

(i)

(ii)

- (4) (ii)
- (iv) (iii)
- 88. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I

Column - II

- (a) Pituitary gland (i)
- Grave's disease
- (b) Thyroid gland
- Diabetes mellitus
- (c) Adrenal gland
- (iii) Diabetes insipidus
- (d) Pancreas
- (iv) Addison's disease
- (a) (b)
 - (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii)
- (ii)
- (i) (iv)

(iii)

(ii)

- (2) (iii)
- (i)
- (iv) (ii)
- (3) (ii) (i)
- (iv)
- (4) (iv) (iii)
- (i)
- 89. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
 - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- (1) Monocotyledonous root
- (2) Dicotyledonous stem
- (3) Dicotyledonous root
- (4) Monocotyledonous stem

- 90. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from:
 - (1) Cytb₆f complex to PS-I
 - (2) PS-I to NADP+
 - (3) PS-I to ATP synthase
 - (4) PS-II to Cytb₆f complex
- 91. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
 - (1) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (2) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
 - (3) $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (4) $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
- 92. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}$ U is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}$ Kr, three neutrons and:
 - (1) $^{91}_{40}$ Zr
 - (2) $^{101}_{36}$ Kr
 - (3) $^{103}_{36}$ Kr
 - (4) 144₅₆Ba
- 93. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10⁻⁹ C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) 200 V
- (2) 400 V
- (3) zero
- (4) 50 V
- 94. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
 - (1) $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
 - (2) µ.A
 - (3) $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
 - (4) $\frac{A}{2\mu}$



- 95. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 32 N
 - (2) 30 N
 - (3) 24 N
 - (4) 48 N
- 96. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
 - (1) Singly ionised helium atom (He+)
 - (2) Deuteron atom
 - (3) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne+)
 - (4) Hydrogen atom
- 97. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
 - (1) 5.0 g
 - (2) 10.0 g
 - (3) 20.0 g
 - (4) 2.5 g
- 98. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) 0.25 mm
- (2) 0.5 mm
- (3) 1.0 mm
- (4) 0.01 mm
- 99. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m⁻¹. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{Tm} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (2) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}\,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (3) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \,\mathrm{T}\,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (4) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$

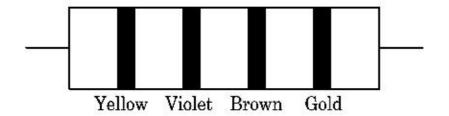
- 100. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
 - (1) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (2) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (3) zero
 - (4) π rad
- 101. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
 - (1) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 102. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:
 - (1) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (4) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
- 103. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is: (k_B is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute temperature)
 - (1) $\frac{3}{2} k_B$
 - (2) $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{7}{2} \; k_B T$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{1}{2} \, k_B T$
- 104. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c = speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1) 1:1
 - (2) 1:c
 - (3) $1:c^2$
 - (4) c:1



- 105. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g=10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 340 m
 - (2) 320 m
 - (3) 300 m
 - (4) 360 m
- 106. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (3) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- 107. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
 - (1) 9.98 m
 - (2) 9.980 m
 - (3) 9.9 m
 - (4) 9.9801 m
- 108. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) four times
 - (2) one-fourth
 - (3) zero
 - (4) doubled
- 109. The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1) $47 \text{ k}\Omega$, 10%
- (2) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (3) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (4) 470 kΩ, 5%

110. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of :

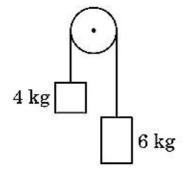
- (1) 50 cm
- (2) 67 cm
- (3) 80 cm
- (4) 33 cm
- 111. For transistor action, which of the following statements is correct?
 - Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
 - (2) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
 - (3) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
 - (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
- 112. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, \operatorname{n} \pi \mathrm{d}^2}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$
- 113. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is : $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

- (1) 0.2 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.1 kg/m^3
- (3) 0.02 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.5 kg/m^3
- 114. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:
 - (1) 2.5×10^6
 - (2) 2.5×10^{-6}
 - (3) 2.25×10^{-15}
 - (4) 2.25×10^{15}



- 115. Dimensions of stress are:
 - (1) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
 - (2) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
 - (3) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
 - $(4) \qquad [MLT^{-2}]$
- 116. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{Mg(L_1-L)}{AL}$
 - (2) $\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_1}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{MgL}{A(L_1-L)}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{MgL_1}{AL}$
- 117. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - (1) 524 Hz
 - (2) 536 Hz
 - (3) 537 Hz
 - (4) 523 Hz
- 118. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:

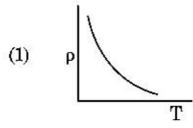


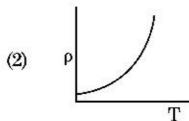
- (1) g/2
- (2) g/5
- (3) g/10
- (4) g

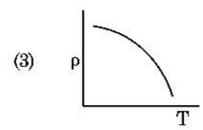
119. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μF . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μF . The permittivity of the medium is:

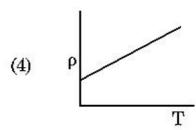
 $(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$

- (1) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \,\mathrm{C}^2 \,\mathrm{N}^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$
- (2) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{C}^2 \,\mathrm{N}^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$
- 120. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
 - (1) half
 - (2) four times
 - (3) one-fourth
 - (4) double
- 121. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
 - (1) $12 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (2) $24 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (3) $48 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (4) $10 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
- 122. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?











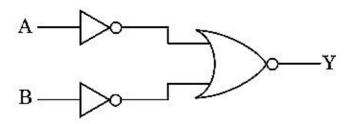
- 123. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5$ r_2) through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - (1) $\frac{9}{4}$
 - (2) $\frac{3}{2}$
 - (3) $\frac{5}{3}$
 - (4) $\frac{27}{8}$
- 124. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3 \, \hat{j} \, \, \text{N}$ acts on a particle whose position vector is $2 \, \hat{k} \, \, \text{m}$.
 - (1) $6\hat{j}$ N m
 - (2) $-6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (3) $6\hat{k}$ N m
 - (4) $6\hat{i}$ N m
- 125. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m³, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) 0.5 N/C
 - (2) 1 N/C
 - (3) 5 N/C
 - (4) zero
- 126. The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be:
 - (1) $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
 - (2) $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
 - (3) $i_b = 90^{\circ}$
 - (4) $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
- 127. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
 - (1) reverse bias only
 - (2) both forward bias and reverse bias
 - (3) increase in forward current
 - (4) forward bias only

128. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10⁻⁷ C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- (4) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- 129. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly:
 - (1) 0.6
 - (2) 0.06
 - (3) 0.006
 - (4) 6
- 130. A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :
 - (1) $2.05 \,\mathrm{A}$
 - (2) 2.5 A
 - (3) 25.1 A
 - (4) 1.7 A
- 131. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227 × 10⁻² nm, the potential difference is:
 - (1) $10^2 \, \text{V}$
 - (2) 10³ V
 - (3) $10^4 \, \text{V}$
 - (4) 10 V
- 132. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) adiabatic
 - (2) isochoric
 - (3) isobaric
 - (4) isothermal

133. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- (1) A B Y 0 0 0
 - $\begin{array}{ccccc} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{array}$
 - 1 0 1 1 1 1
- (2) A B Y
 - $\begin{matrix}0&0&1\\0&1&1\end{matrix}$
 - 0 1 1
 - 1 0 1
- 1 1 0
- (3) A B Y 0 0 1
 - 0 1 0
 - 1 0 0
 - 1 1 0
- (4) A B Y
 - 0 0 0
 - 0 0 0
 - 1 0 0
 - 1 1 1
- 134. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
 - (1) insulators only
 - (2) semiconductors only
 - (3) insulators and semiconductors
 - (4) metals
- 135. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) 0.5
 - (2) 1.0
 - (3) -1.0
 - (4) zero

136. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $Sucrose + H_2O \rightleftharpoons Glucose + Fructose$

If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^\Theta$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- 137. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
 - (1) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
 - (2) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g)$ [Atomic mass of O = 16]
 - (3) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
 - (4) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
- 138. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?
 - (1) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
 - (2) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (3) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
 - (4) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
- 139. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of ${\rm Cr}^{2+}$ ion is :
 - (1) 4.90 BM
 - (2) 5.92 BM
 - (3) 2.84 BM
 - (4) 3.87 BM
- 140. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
 - (1) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
 - (2) polybutadiene
 - (3) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
 - (4) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
- 141. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
 - (1) Alanine
 - (2) Tyrosine
 - (3) Lysine
 - (4) Serine



142. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol $^{-1}$): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 12 bar
- (2) 15 bar
- (3) 18 bar
- (4) 9 bar
- 143. Paper chromatography is an example of:
 - (1) Partition chromatography
 - (2) Thin layer chromatography
 - (3) Column chromatography
 - (4) Adsorption chromatography
- 144. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the correct option is:
 - (1) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
- 145. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu²⁺ (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - (1) $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
 - (2) Cu(OH)₂
 - (3) CuCO₃·Cu(OH)₂
 - (4) CuSO₄
- 146. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
 - (1) Oxygen gas
 - (2) H_2S gas
 - (3) SO_2 gas
 - (4) Hydrogen gas

- 147. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:
 - (1) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (2) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (3) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- 148. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in:
 - (1) heat of reaction
 - (2) threshold energy
 - (3) collision frequency
 - (4) activation energy
- 149. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - (1) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 - (2) n-Heptane
 - (3) n-Butane
 - (4) n-Hexane
- 150. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (1) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
 - (2) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
 - (3) The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
 - (4) $\operatorname{Cr}^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $\operatorname{Fe}^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.
- 151. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
 - (1) Sodium stearate
 - (2) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
 - (3) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
 - (4) Sodium lauryl sulphate

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- **152.** A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - (1) + Reffect of CH₃ groups
 - (2) Reffect of CH₃ groups
 - (3) Hyperconjugation
 - (4) I effect of CH₃ groups
- 153. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
 - (1) $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
 - (2) $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (3) $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
 - (4) $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
- 154. Identify the correct statement from the following:
 - Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO₂.
 - (2) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
 - (3) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
 - (4) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
- 155. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - (1) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (3) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- 156. Match the following and identify the correct option.
 - (a) $CO(g) + H_2(g)$ (i) $Mg(HCO_3)_2 + Ca(HCO_3)_2$
 - $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{(b)} & \text{Temporary} & \text{(ii)} & \text{An electron} \\ & \text{hardness of} & \text{deficient hydride} \\ & \text{water} & \\ \text{(c)} & \text{B}_2\text{H}_6 & \text{(iii)} & \text{Synthesis gas} \\ \end{array}$

(iv)

Non-planar

structure

(a) (b) (c) (d)

 H_2O_2

(d)

- (1) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- (2) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (3) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)

- 157. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71}$ Lu, respectively, are:
 - (1) 104, 71 and 71
 - (2) 71, 71 and 104
 - (3) 175, 104 and 71
 - (4) 71, 104 and 71
- 158. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten $CaCl_2$ (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is:
 - $(1) \qquad 2$
 - (2) 3
 - (3) 4
 - (4) 1
- **159.** Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - (a) β-Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1) (a), (c), (d)
 - (2) (b), (c), (d)
 - (3) (a), (b), (d)
 - (4) (a), (b), (c)
- 160. Identify the correct statements from the following:
 - (a) CO₂(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
 - (1) (a) and (c) only
 - (2) (b) and (c) only
 - (3) (c) and (d) only
 - (4) (a), (b) and (c) only
- 161. Identify the incorrect match.

Name **IUPAC Official Name** Unnilunium Mendelevium (i) (a) Unniltrium (b) (ii)Lawrencium (iii) Seaborgium Unnilhexium (c) Unununnium Darmstadtium (d) (iv) (1) (b), (ii) (c), (iii) (2)(3)(d), (iv) (a), (i) (4)



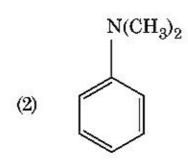
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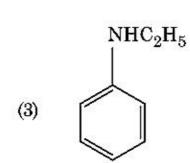
- 162. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is $5.12 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
 - (1) 0.80 K
 - (2) 0.40 K
 - (3) 0.60 K
 - (4) 0.20 K
- 163. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

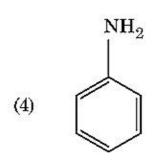
$$CH_4(g) + 4Cl_2(g) \rightarrow CCl_4(l) + 4HCl(g)$$

- (1) 0 to + 4
- (2) -4 to +4
- (3) 0 to -4
- (4) + 4 to + 4
- 164. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
 - (1) 200 s
 - (2) 500 s
 - (3) 1000 s
 - (4) 100 s
- 165. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
 - (1) Benzene + Toluene
 - (2) Acetone + Chloroform
 - (3) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
 - (4) Ethanol + Acetone
- 166. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O-linkage?
 - (1) H_2SO_4 , sulphuric acid
 - H₂S₂O₈, peroxodisulphuric acid
 - (3) H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid
 - (4) H₂SO₃, sulphurous acid
- 167. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1) Solubility
 - (2) Stability of the colloidal particles
 - (3) Size of the colloidal particles
 - (4) Viscosity
- 168. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
 - (1) α-D-Glucose + β-D-Glucose
 - (2) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
 - (3) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
 - (4) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose

- 169. Find out the solubility of $Ni(OH)_2$ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of $Ni(OH)_2$ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - (1) $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (2) $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (3) $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (4) $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
- 170. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
 - (1) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
 - (2) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (3) q > 0, $\Delta T > 0$ and w > 0
 - (4) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
- 171. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?









172. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3} & \text{CHO} \\
\hline
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CHO} \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CHO} \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CHO} \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CHO} \\
\end{array}$$

$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH_2Cl} \\ \end{array}$$

$$(2) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{CHCl}_2 \\ \end{array}$$

- 173. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
 - (1) Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (2) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (3) Cross Aldol condensation
 - (4) Aldol condensation
- 174. Identify a molecule which does not exist.
 - (1) Li₂
 - (2) C₂
 - (3) O₂
 - (4) He₂

175. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \operatorname{CH_2-CH_2-CH_3} \\ \end{array} \tag{1}$$

(2)
$$CH_2 - CH = CH_2$$

(4)
$$CH = CH - CH_3$$

- 176. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Copper
 - (2) Calcium
 - (3) Potassium
 - (4) Iron



177. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{OH} \\ \hline \\ + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{I} \end{array}$$

(3)
$$+ C_2H_5OH$$

(4)
$$OH$$
 $+ CH_3I$

178. Match the following:

| | Oxide | | Nature |
|-----|----------------|-------|------------|
| (a) | CO | (i) | Basic |
| (b) | BaO | (ii) | Neutral |
| (c) | $\rm Al_2O_3$ | (iii) | Acidic |
| (d) | ${ m Cl_2O_7}$ | (iv) | Amphoteric |

Which of the following is correct option?

(a) **(b)** (c) (d) (1) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii) (iv) (2)(iii) (i) (ii) (3) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (4) (ii)

- 179. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - Only NaCl
 - $\operatorname{Only}\operatorname{MgCl}_2$
 - ${\rm NaCl, MgCl_2\, and\, CaCl_2}$ (3)
 - Both $MgCl_2$ and $CaCl_2$ (4)
- Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:
 - Sec. butyl alcohol (1)
 - Tert. butyl alcohol (2)
 - Isobutyl alcohol (3)
 - Isopropyl alcohol (4)

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Space For Rough Work







Test Booklet Code

HAKAN

No.:

H4

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

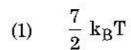
Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
 For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is H4. Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

| Name of the Car | ndidate (in Capitals) : | | - |
|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Roll Number | ; in figures | | - |
| | ; in words | | |
| Centre of Exam | ination (in Capitals) : | | |
| Candidate's Sig | nature : | Invigilator's Signature : | |
| Facsimile signa | ture stamp of | | |
| Centre Superint | endent: | | |



1. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas $is: (k_B \ is \ Boltzmann \ constant \ and \ T, \ absolute \\ temperature)$

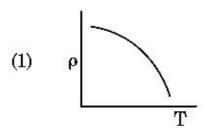


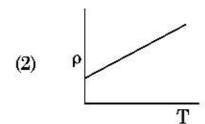
$$(2) \qquad \frac{1}{2} k_{\rm B} T$$

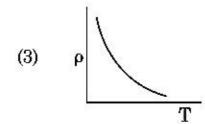
(3)
$$\frac{3}{2}$$
 k_BT

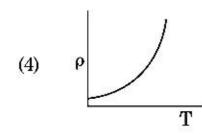
$$(4) \qquad \frac{5}{2} \, k_B T$$

Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?









3. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?

- (1) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne+)
- (2) Hydrogen atom
- (3) Singly ionised helium atom (He+)
- (4) Deuteron atom

4. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5$ r_2) through 1 K are in the ratio:

(1)
$$\frac{5}{3}$$

(2)
$$\frac{27}{8}$$

(3)
$$\frac{9}{4}$$

(4)
$$\frac{3}{2}$$

5. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:

6. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

$$(3)$$
 50 cm

7. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m $^{-1}$. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

$$(\mu_0\!=\!4\pi\!\times\!10^{-7}\,T\;m\;A^{-1})$$

(1)
$$2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$$

(2)
$$2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$$

(3)
$$8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}\,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$$

(4)
$$2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T} \;\mathrm{m} \;\mathrm{A}^{-1}$$

8. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}$ U is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}$ Kr, three neutrons and:

(1)
$$^{103}_{36}$$
K:

(2)
$$^{144}_{56}$$
Ba

(3)
$$^{91}_{40}$$
Zr

(4)
$$^{101}_{36}$$
Kr

9. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is: $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

- (1) 0.02 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.5 kg/m^3
- (3) 0.2 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.1 kg/m^3
- 10. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 24 N
 - (2) 48 N
 - (3) 32 N
 - (4) 30 N
- 11. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is:
 - $(1) 10^4 V$
 - (2) 10 V
 - (3) $10^2 \,\mathrm{V}$
 - $(4) 10^3 \, \mathrm{V}$
- 12. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10⁻⁹ C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) zero
- (2) 50 V
- (3) 200 V
- (4) 400 V
- 13. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 300 m
 - (2) 360 m
 - (3) 340 m
 - (4) 320 m

- 14. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:
 - (1) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (4) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
- 15. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
 - (1) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, n\pi d^2}$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
- 16. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10⁻⁷ C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
- (4) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- 17. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c = speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1) $1:c^2$
 - (2) c:1
 - (3) 1:1
 - (4) 1:c
- 18. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
 - (1) one-fourth
 - (2) double
 - (3) half
 - (4) four times



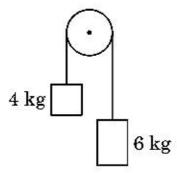
- 19. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - (1) 537 Hz
 - (2) 523 Hz
 - (3) 524 Hz
 - (4) 536 Hz
- 20. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
 - (1) increase in forward current
 - (2) forward bias only
 - (3) reverse bias only
 - (4) both forward bias and reverse bias
- 21. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{A(L}_1 \text{L)}}$
 - (2) $\frac{\text{MgL}_1}{\text{AL}}$
 - (3) $\frac{Mg(L_1 L_2)}{AL}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_1}$
- 22. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly:
 - (1) 0.006
 - (2) 6
 - (3) 0.6
 - (4) 0.06
- 23. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) zero
 - (2) doubled
 - (3) four times
 - (4) one-fourth

- 24. Dimensions of stress are:
 - (1) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
 - (2) $[MLT^{-2}]$
 - (3) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
 - (4) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
- 25. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:
 - (1) 2.25×10^{-15}
 - (2) 2.25×10^{15}
 - (3) 2.5×10^6
 - (4) 2.5×10^{-6}
- 26. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

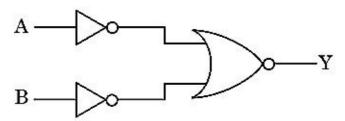
- (1) 1.0 mm
- (2) 0.01 mm
- (3) 0.25 mm
- (4) 0.5 mm
- A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
 - (1) $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
 - (2) $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
 - (3) $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
 - (4) μA
- 28. A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:
 - (1) 25.1 A
 - (2) 1.7 A
 - (3) 2.05 A
 - (4) 2.5 A

- 29. For transistor action, which of the following statements is correct?
 - (1) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
 - (2) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
 - (3) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
 - (4) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
- 30. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
 - (1) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 31. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
 - (1) 9.9 m
 - (2) 9.9801 m
 - (3) 9.98 m
 - (4) 9.980 m
- 32. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:



- (1) g/10
- (2) g
- (3) g/2
- (4) g/5
- 33. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) isobaric
 - (2) isothermal
 - (3) adiabatic
 - (4) isochoric

34. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:

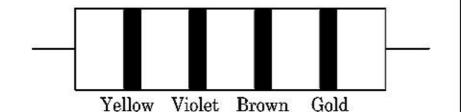


- (1) A B Y
 0 0 1
 0 1 0
 - 1 0 0
- 1 1 0 (2) A B Y
- 0 0 0 0 1 0
- (3) A B Y
- 0 0 0
 - 0 1 1
- (4) A B Y
 - 0 0 1
 - 0 1 1
- 35. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
 - (1) $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
 - (2) $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (3) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (4) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
- 36. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μF . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μF . The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$

37. The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (2) $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (3) $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- (4) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- 38. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m³, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) 5 N/C
 - (2) zero
 - (3) 0.5 N/C
 - (4) 1 N/C
- 39. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
 - (1) insulators and semiconductors
 - (2) metals
 - (3) insulators only
 - (4) semiconductors only
- 40. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
 - (1) $48 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
 - (2) $10 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $12 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (4) $24 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
- 41. The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be:
 - (1) $i_b = 90^{\circ}$
 - (2) $0^{\circ} \le i_b \le 30^{\circ}$
 - (3) $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
 - (4) $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$

- 6
 - 42. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0\!=\!4\pi\!\times\!10^{-7}\,T\,m\,A^{-1})$$

- (1) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (3) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- 43. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) -1.0
 - (2) zero
 - (3) 0.5
 - (4) 1.0
- 44. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
 - (1) zero
 - (2) π rad
 - (3) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rac
 - (4) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
- 45. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{j}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k}$ m.
 - (1) $6\hat{k} N m$
 - (2) $6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (3) $6\hat{j}$ N m
 - (4) $-6\hat{i}$ N m
- 46. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - (1) n-Butane
 - (2) n-Hexane
 - (3) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 - (4) n-Heptane

47. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

$$\operatorname{CH}_4(\mathsf{g}) + 4\operatorname{Cl}_2(\mathsf{g}) \to \operatorname{CCl}_4(\mathsf{l}) + 4\operatorname{HCl}(\mathsf{g})$$

- (1) 0 to -4
- (2) + 4 to + 4
- (3) 0 to +4
- (4) -4 to +4
- 48. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & CH_2CH_2CH_3 \\ \hline \end{array} \hspace{1cm} (1) \hspace{1cm} \end{array}$$

(2)
$$CH = CH - CH_3$$

(3)
$$CH_2-CH_2-CH_3$$

$$CH_2-CH=CH_2$$
(4)

- 49. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu²⁺ (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - (1) CuCO₃·Cu(OH)₂
 - (2) $CuSO_4$
 - (3) $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
 - (4) $Cu(OH)_2$

50. Identify the incorrect match.

Name

IUPAC Official Name

- (a) Unnilunium
- (i) Mendelevium
- (b) Unniltrium
- (ii) Lawrencium
- (c) Unnilhexium
- (iii) Seaborgium
- (d) Unununnium
- (iv) Darmstadtium
- (1) (d), (iv)
- (2) (a), (i)
- (3) (b), (ii)
- (4) (c), (iii)
- 51. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - (a) β-Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1) (a), (b), (d)
 - (2) (a), (b), (c)
 - (3) (a), (c), (d)
 - (4) (b), (c), (d)
- **52.** Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
 - (1) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
 - (2) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
 - (3) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
 - (4) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(\text{g}) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O = 16]$
- 53. Identify the correct statement from the following:
 - (1) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
 - (2) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
 - (3) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO₂.
 - (4) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
- 54. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - (1) Hyperconjugation
 - (2) -I effect of -CH₃ groups
 - (3) $+R ext{ effect of } -CH_3 ext{ groups}$
 - (4) -R effect of $-CH_3$ groups



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55. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

(1)
$$+ C_2H_5OH$$

(2)
$$CH_3I$$

(3)
$$+ CH_3OH$$

$$(4) \qquad \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline \\ & \\ & \\ \hline \end{array} + C_2 H_5 I$$

56. A mixture of N₂ and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N₂ and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N₂ is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol⁻¹): N=14, Ar=40]

- (1) 18 bar
- (2) 9 bar
- (3) 12 bar
- (4) 15 bar
- 57. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - (1) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (3) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \textbf{Oxide} & \textbf{Nature} \\ & \textbf{(a)} & \textbf{CO} & \textbf{(i)} & \textbf{Basic} \\ & \textbf{(b)} & \textbf{BaO} & \textbf{(ii)} & \textbf{Neutral} \\ & \textbf{(c)} & \textbf{Al}_2\textbf{O}_3 & \textbf{(iii)} & \textbf{Acidic} \\ & \textbf{(d)} & \textbf{Cl}_2\textbf{O}_7 & \textbf{(iv)} & \textbf{Amphoteric} \\ \end{array}$

Which of the following is correct option?

(a) **(b)** (d) (c) (i) (iii)(ii) (1)(iv) (2)(ii) (iii)(iv) (3) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (iii) (iv) (ii)

- 59. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
 - (1) 1000 s
 - (2) 100 s
 - (3) 200 s
 - (4) 500 s
- 60. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?

(1)
$$NHC_2H_5$$



- 61. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1) Size of the colloidal particles
 - (2) Viscosity
 - (3) Solubility
 - (4) Stability of the colloidal particles
- 62. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in:
 - (1) collision frequency
 - (2) activation energy
 - (3) heat of reaction
 - (4) threshold energy
- 63. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Potassium
 - (2) Iron
 - (3) Copper
 - (4) Calcium
- 64. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
 - (1) SO_2 gas
 - (2) Hydrogen gas
 - (3) Oxygen gas
 - (4) H_2S gas
- 65. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
 - (1) Lysine
 - (2) Serine
 - (3) Alanine
 - (4) Tyrosine
- 66. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
 - (1) Cross Aldol condensation
 - (2) Aldol condensation
 - (3) Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (4) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction

- 67. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr^{2+} ion is:
 - (1) 2.84 BM

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- (2) 3.87 BM
- (3) 4.90 BM
- $(4) 5.92 \, \mathrm{BM}$
- 68. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

$$Sucrose + H_2O \rightleftharpoons Glucose + Fructose$$

If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at $300\,K$, the value of $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- 69. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
 - (1) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
 - (2) Ethanol + Acetone
 - (3) Benzene + Toluene
 - (4) Acetone + Chloroform
- 70. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
 - (1) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
 - (2) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
 - (3) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose
 - (4) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
- 71. Paper chromatography is an example of:
 - (1) Column chromatography
 - (2) Adsorption chromatography
 - (3) Partition chromatography
 - (4) Thin layer chromatography

72. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?

(1)
$$CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$$

(2)
$$SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$$

(3)
$$SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$$

(4)
$$F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$$

73. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:

(1)
$$q > 0$$
, $\Delta T > 0$ and $w > 0$

(2)
$$q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$$

(3)
$$q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$$

(4)
$$q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$$

74. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the **correct** option is :

(1)
$$\Delta_r H < 0$$
 and $\Delta_r S < 0$

(2)
$$\Delta_r H > 0$$
 and $\Delta_r S > 0$

(3)
$$\Delta_r H > 0$$
 and $\Delta_r S < 0$

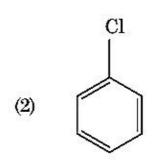
(4)
$$\Delta_r H < 0 \text{ and } \Delta_r S > 0$$

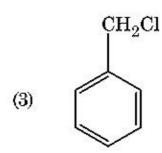
75. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:

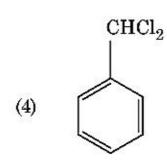
- (2) Isopropyl alcohol
- (3) Sec. butyl alcohol
- (4) Tert. butyl alcohol

76. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH_3 & CHO \\ \hline \\ Cl_2/h\nu \\ \hline \\ X \\ \hline \\ 373 \text{ K} \end{array}$$







- 77. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten $CaCl_2$ (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is:
 - (1) 4
 - (2) 1
 - (3) 2
 - (4) 3
- 78. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
 - (1) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
 - (2) Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - (3) Sodium stearate
 - (4) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide



- 79. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
 - (1) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
 - (2) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
 - (3) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
 - (4) polybutadiene
- 80. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage?
 - (1) H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid
 - (2) H₂SO₃, sulphurous acid
 - (3) H₂SO₄, sulphuric acid
 - (4) $H_2S_2O_8$, peroxodisulphuric acid
- 81. Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)₂ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)₂ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - (1) $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (2) $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (3) $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (4) $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
- 82. Identify a molecule which does not exist.
 - (1) O_2
 - (2) He₂
 - (3) Li₂
 - (4) C_2
- 83. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is $5.12 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
 - (1) 0.60 K
 - (2) 0.20 K
 - (3) 0.80 K
 - (4) 0.40 K
- 84. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - (1) NaCl, MgCl2 and CaCl2
 - (2) Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (3) Only NaCl
 - (4) Only MgCl₂

- 85. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71}$ Lu, respectively, are:
 - (1) 175, 104 and 71
 - (2) 71, 104 and 71
 - (3) 104, 71 and 71
 - (4) 71, 71 and 104
- **86.** Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?
 - (1) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
 - (2) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
 - (3) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
 - (4) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
- 87. Match the following and identify the correct option.
 - (a) $CO(g) + H_2(g)$
- (i) $Mg(HCO_3)_2 + Ca(HCO_3)_2$
- (b) Temporary hardness of water
- (ii) An electron deficient hydride
- (c) B₂H₆
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- (d) H_2O_2
- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (2) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (3) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- 88. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (1) The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
 - (2) $Cr^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $Fe^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.
 - (3) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
 - (4) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.



- 89. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (2) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (4) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- 90. Identify the correct statements from the following:
 - (a) CO₂(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
 - (1) (c) and (d) only
 - (2) (a), (b) and (c) only
 - (3) (a) and (c) only
 - (4) (b) and (c) only
- 91. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants:
 - (a) Iron
- (i) Photolysis of water
- (b) Zinc
- (ii) Pollen germination
- (c) Boron
- (iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis
- (d) Manganese (iv) IAA biosynthesis

Select the correct option:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (2) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (3) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (4) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)

- **92.** Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
 - (1) Species interaction
 - (2) Sex ratio
 - (3) Natality
 - (4) Mortality
- **93.** Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?
 - (1) Activated sludge
 - (2) Primary sludge
 - (3) Floating debris
 - (4) Effluents of primary treatment
- 94. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are:
 - (1) Lateral roots
 - (2) Fibrous roots
 - (3) Primary roots
 - (4) Prop roots
- 95. Floridean starch has structure similar to:
 - (1) Laminarin and cellulose
 - (2) Starch and cellulose
 - (3) Amylopectin and glycogen
 - (4) Mannitol and algin
- **96.** Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :
 - (1) Leptotene
 - (2) Pachytene
 - (3) Zygotene
 - (4) Diplotene
- Identify the correct statement with reference to human digestive system.
 - (1) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
 - (2) Ileum opens into small intestine.
 - (3) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
 - (4) Ileum is a highly coiled part.



The process responsible for facilitating loss of water 98. in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is: Plasmolysis (1)Transpiration (2)(3)Root pressure (4)Imbibition 99. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at: (1) Chalaza (2)Hilum Micropyle (3)Nucellus (4) 100. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits? (1)8 4 (2)2 (3)(4)14 101. Which of the following statements are true for the phylum-Chordata? In Urochordata notochord extends from (a) head to tail and it is present throughout their life. In Vertebrata notochord is present during (b) the embryonic period only. Central nervous system is dorsal and (c) hollow. Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla: Hemichordata, Tunicata Cephalochordata. (b) and (c) (1)(d) and (c) (2)(c) and (a) (3)(a) and (b) (4)The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are: (1) Ammonia and hydrogen (2)Ammonia alone

Nitrate alone

Ammonia and oxygen

(3)

(4)

- The number of substrate level phosphorylations 103. in one turn of citric acid cycle is: Three (1)(2)Zero (3) One (4) Two Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity? Amazon forests (1) Western Ghats of India (3) Madagascar Himalayas (4) The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is: 5' - GGATCC - 3' (1) 3' - CCTAGG - 5' 5' - GAATTC - 3' (2)3' - CTTAAG - 5' 5' - GGAACC - 3' (3) 3' - CCTTGG - 5' 5' - CTTAAG - 3' (4) 3' - GAATTC - 5'
- 106. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| | Colu | ımn - | I | Column - II | |
|-----|-------|---------|------------|-------------|---|
| (a) | Floa | ting Ri | bs | (i) | Located between second and seventh ribs |
| (b) | Acro | mion | | (ii) | Head of the Humerus |
| (c) | Scap | ula | | (iii) | Clavicle |
| (d) | Glen | oid cav | rity | (iv) | Do not connect with the sternum |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | |
| (2) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) | |
| (3) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | |



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107. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Eosinophils (i) Immune response (a) Basophils Phagocytosis (b) (ii) Neutrophils Release (c) (iii) histaminase, destructive enzymes Lymphocytes Release granules (d) (iv) containing histamine (b) (d) (a) (c) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (1)(i) (2)(iii) (iv) (ii) (3)(ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (i) (iii) (4)(ii) (iv)

108. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| | Colu | ımn - | I | Column - II | |
|-----|--|---|--|--|---|
| (a) | Bt co | otton | | (i) | Gene therapy |
| (b) | Ader | osine | | (ii) | Cellular defence |
| | dean | ninase | | | |
| | defic | iency | | | |
| (c) | RNA | i | | (iii) | Detection of HIV |
| | | | | | infection |
| (d) | PCR | | | (iv) | Bacillus |
| | | | | | thuring iens is |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | |
| (2) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | |
| (3) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | |
| (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | |
| | (b) (c) (d) (1) (2) (3) | (a) Bt co (b) Ader dean defic (c) RNA (d) PCR (a) (1) (i) (2) (iv) (3) (iii) | (a) Bt cotton (b) Adenosine deaminase deficiency (c) RNAi (d) PCR (a) (b) (1) (i) (ii) (2) (iv) (i) (3) (iii) (ii) | (b) Adenosine deaminase deficiency (c) RNAi (d) PCR (a) (b) (c) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (2) (iv) (i) (ii) (3) (iii) (ii) (i) | (a) Bt cotton (i) (b) Adenosine (ii) deaminase deficiency (c) RNAi (iii) (d) PCR (iv) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (2) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii) (3) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv) |

- 109. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure:
 - (1) Inulin, insulin
 - (2) Chitin, cholesterol
 - (3) Glycerol, trypsin
 - (4) Cellulose, lecithin
- Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
 - (2) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
 - (3) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
 - (4) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria

- 111. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
 - (1) RNA polymerase
 - (2) DNA ligase
 - (3) DNA helicase
 - (4) DNA polymerase
- 112. Which of the following is correct about viroids?
 - (1) They have free DNA without protein coat.
 - (2) They have RNA with protein coat.
 - (3) They have free RNA without protein coat.
 - (4) They have DNA with protein coat.
- 113. Match the following:
 - (a) Inhibitor of catalytic (i) Ricin activity
 - (b) Possess peptide bonds (ii) Malonate
 - (c) Cell wall material in fungi
- (iii) Chitin
- (d) Secondary metabolite (iv) Collagen

Choose the correct option from the following:

(b) (d) (a) (c) (1) (ii) (iii)(i) (iv) (2)(ii) (i) (iv) (iii) (3) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)

(iv)

114. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?

(i)

(ii)

(1) GIFT and ICSI

(iii)

(4)

- (2) ZIFT and IUT
- (3) GIFT and ZIFT
- (4) ICSI and ZIFT
- 115. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0) . This process occurs at the end of:
 - (1) G_2 phase
 - (2) M phase
 - (3) G₁ phase
 - (4) Sphase



| | | | | | | 1 | .5 | | | | | | | H |
|------|----------------|---|-------------------|-------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|--|-------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| 116. | | | | | | | 120. | Match the following columns and correct option. | | | | | d select th | |
| | (a) | | llus ingien | gi g | (i) | Cloning vector | | | Colu | ımn - | I | | Co | olumn - II |
| | (b) | Thei | rmus | 500 | (ii) | Construction of | | (a) | Greg pest | garious | s, polyp | hagou | s (i) | Asterias |
| | | aquo | aticus | | | first rDNA molecule | | (b) | symi | Adult with radial symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry | | (ii) | Scorpion | |
| | (c) | 700 - | bacter efacien | | (iii) | DNA polymerase | | (c) | | lungs | 10350 | inic or j | (iii) | Ctenoplan |
| | Z1V | | 1.5.1 | | <i>c</i> × | Q | | (d) | Biolu | ımines | scence | | (iv) | Locusta |
| | (d) | 27 20 | nonella imurii | | (IV) | (iv) Cry proteins | | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | | |
| | Solo | 9004 | | | on fron | the following: | | (1) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) | | |
| | Dete | Select the correct option from the following: | | | | | (2) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | | | |
| | 245 | (a) | (b) | (c) | (q) | | | (3) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | | |
| | (1) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | | | (4) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | | |
| | (2) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | | 121. | The | enzym | e ente | rokina | se help | s in c | onversion of |
| | (3) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | | | (1) | peps | inogen | into p | epsin | | |
| | (4) (iii) (ii) | (iv) | (i) | | | (2) | protein into polypeptides | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | (3) | tryps | sinoge | n into t | rypsin | Ì | |
| 117. | Stro | bili or | cones | are fou | ınd in : | | | (4) | casei | inogen | into ca | asein | | |
| | (1) | Equisetum | | | | | | Seco | ndarvi | metabo | olites s | uch as i | nicotir | ne, strychnin |
| | (2) | Salv | Salvinia | | | | | Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychning and caffeine are produced by plants for their: | | | | | | |
| | (3) | Pter | is | | | | | (1) | Effec | ct on re | produ | ction | | |
| | (4) | Mare | chanti | a | | | | (2) | Nutritive value | | | | | |
| | 33 E | | | | | | | (3) | Growth response | | | | | |
| 118. | | 전경하게 하시다 보다하면 | | | tateme rphase | ent with regard to | | (4) | Defe | nce act | tion | | | |
| | (1) | Nuc | lear Di | ivision | takes | place. | 123. | | Match the following diseases with the causa organism and select the correct option. | | | | | |
| | (2) | DNA | A synth | nesis or | r replic | ation takes place. | | | Colu | ımn - | I | | Col | umn - II |
| | (3) | Reor place | | ation of | fall cel | l components takes | 8 | (a) | Typhoid (i) Wuchereri | | | hereria | | |
| | (4) | | | | | | (b) | Pneu | Pneumonia (ii) Plasmodium | | modium | | | |
| | (*/ | | | | | | (c) | Filar | riasis | | (iii) | Saln | nonella | |
| 119. | The | first pl | hase o | f trans | lation | is: | | (d) | Mala | 0490940 | (a) | (iv) | Haei | mophilus |
| | (1) | Reco | gnitio | n of an | anti-co | odon | | (1) | (a) (iv) | (b) (i) | (c) (ii) | (d) (iii) | | |
| | (2) | Bind | ling of | mRNA | to rib | osome | | (2) | (i) | (i) (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | | |
| | (3) | | New York | | NA mol | | | (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | | |
| | (4) | | | | f tRNA | | | (4) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) | | |
| | 1 -1 | | | | | | 1 | 5000 | 550 365 | 23225 | 565 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 730 (6970) | | |



- 124. Ray florets have:
 - (1) Half inferior ovary
 - (2) Inferior ovary
 - (3) Superior ovary
 - (4) Hypogynous ovary
- 125. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents:
 - (1) Repolarisation of ventricles
 - (2) Repolarisation of auricles
 - (3) Depolarisation of auricles
 - (4) Depolarisation of ventricles
- 126. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
 - (1) Abscisic acid
 - (2) Cytokinin
 - (3) Gibberellin
 - (4) Ethylene
- 127. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) only (d)
 - (2) only (a)
 - (3) (a) and (c)
 - (4) (b), (c) and (d)
- 128. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
 - (1) Oparin
 - (2) Karl Ernst von Baer
 - (3) Alfred Wallace
 - (4) Charles Darwin

- 129. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
 - (1) Chlorella and Spirulina
 - (2) Laminaria and Sargassum
 - (3) Gelidium and Gracilaria
 - (4) Anabaena and Volvox
- 130. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is incorrect?
 - These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
 - (2) They are not bound by any membrane.
 - (3) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
 - (4) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
- **131.** Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?
 - (1) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
 - (2) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
 - (3) Reabsorption of Na⁺ and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
 - (4) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
- 132. Select the correct match.
 - (1) Thalassemia X linked
 - (2) Haemophilia Ylinked
 - (3) Phenylketonuria Autosomal dominant trait
 - (4) Sickle cell anaemia Autosomal

recessive trait, chromosome-11

- 133. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct**?
 - (1) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
 - (2) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
 - (3) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
 - (4) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.



- 134. Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
 - Low pCO₂ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (2) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O₂.
 - (3) Partial pressure of CO₂ can interfere with O₂ binding with haemoglobin.
 - (4) Higher H⁺ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
- **135.** The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is:
 - (1) Male gametocytes
 - (2) Trophozoites
 - (3) Sporozoites
 - (4) Female gametocytes
- 136. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?
 - (1) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
 - (2) Uremia and Ketonuria
 - (3) Uremia and Renal Calculi
 - (4) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
- 137. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from:
 - (1) PS-I to ATP synthase
 - (2) PS-II to Cytb₆f complex
 - (3) $Cytb_6f$ complex to PS-I
 - (4) PS-I to NADP+
- 138. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II 6 - 15 pairs of (a) (i) Trygon gill slits Heterocercal (b) (ii) Cyclostomes caudal fin Chondrichthyes (c) Air Bladder (iii) Poison sting Osteichthyes (d) (iv) **(b)** (a) (c) (d) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii) (1)(2)(ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (3)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii) (4)(ii) (iii) (i) (iv)

- 139. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of:
 - (1) Natural selection
 - (2) Adaptive radiation
 - (3) Convergent evolution
 - (4) Industrial melanism
- 140. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
 - (1) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
 - (2) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
 - (3) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
 - (4) High reflection of light from snow
- 141. The ovary is half inferior in:
 - (1) Plum
 - (2) Brinjal
 - (3) Mustard
 - (4) Sunflower
- 142. The process of growth is maximum during:
 - (1) Dormancy
 - (2) Log phase
 - (3) Lag phase
 - (4) Senescence
- 143. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy?
 - (1) Para-ascorbic acid
 - (2) Gibberellic acid
 - (3) Abscisic acid
 - (4) Phenolic acid
- 144. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
 - (1) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
 - (2) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
 - (3) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
 - (4) 1 molecule of 6-C compound



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145. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| | Colu | ımn - | I | Column - II | |
|-----|----------------------|------------------|---------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| (a) | | tridiur licum | n | (i) | Cyclosporin-A |
| (b) | | hodern sporun | \$39 | (ii) | Butyric Acid |
| (c) | 40010-000 | ascus ureus | | (iii) | Citric Acid |
| (d) | d) Aspergillus niger | | s niger | (iv) | Blood cholesterol lowering agent |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | |
| (3) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | |
| (4) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | |

- 146. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by:
 - (1) insects and water
 - (2) insects or wind
 - (3) water currents only
 - (4) wind and water
- 147. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about:
 - (1) 7 million
 - (2) 1.5 million
 - (3) 20 million
 - (4) 50 million
- 148. Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
 - (1) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
 - (2) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
 - (3) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
 - (4) They are useful in genetic engineering.
- 149. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of:
 - (1) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
 - (2) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
 - (3) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
 - (4) Acetocarmine in UV radiation

- 150. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
 - (1) Inbreeding
 - (2) Out crossing
 - (3) Mutational breeding
 - (4) Cross breeding
- 151. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :
 - (1) Annelida
 - (2) Ctenophora
 - (3) Platyhelminthes
 - (4) Aschelminthes
- 152. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
 - (1) 2.7 meters
 - (2) 2.0 meters
 - (3) 2.5 meters
 - (4) 2.2 meters
- 153. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by:
 - (1) Morgan
 - (2) Mendel
 - (3) Sutton
 - (4) Boveri
- 154. Choose the correct pair from the following:
 - (1) Exonucleases Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
 - (2) Ligases Join the two DNA molecules
 - (3) Polymerases Break the DNA into fragments
 - (4) Nucleases Separate the two strands of DNA



- 155. Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
 - Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
 - (2) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
 - (3) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - (4) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
- 156. Select the correct events that occur during inspiration.
 - (a) Contraction of diaphragm
 - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
 - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
 - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
 - (1) only (d)
 - (2) (a) and (b)
 - (3) (c) and (d)
 - (4) (a), (b) and (d)
- 157. Which of the following statements is not correct?
 - (1) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
 - (2) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
 - (3) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
 - (4) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
- 158. Match the trophic levels with their correct species examples in grassland ecosystem.
 - (a) Fourth trophic level
- i) Crow
- (b) Second trophic level
- (ii) Vulture
- (c) First trophic level
- (iii) Rabbit
- (d) Third trophic level (iv) Grass
- Select the correct option:

| (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|------------|-----|-----|
| | | | |

- (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (2) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (3) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

159. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I Column - II Grave's disease Pituitary gland (a) (i) Thyroid gland (b) (ii) Diabetes mellitus Adrenal gland (iii) Diabetes insipidus (c) Addison's disease (d) Pancreas (iv) (d) (a) (b) (c) (1) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii) (2)(iv) (iii)(i) (ii)

(iv)

(4) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)160. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because:

(i)

(3)

(iii)

(ii)

- (1) the head holds a 1/3rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
- (2) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
- (3) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
- (4) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
- 161. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| corr | ect op | tion. | | | |
|------|---------------|--------------|------------|-------------|--|
| | Colu | ımn - | I | Column - II | |
| (a) | Place | enta | | (i) | Androgens |
| (b) | Zona | pellud | rida | (ii) | Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG) |
| (c) | Bulb gland | o-uret ds | hral | (iii) | Layer of the ovum |
| (d) | Leyd | lig cell | s | (iv) | Lubrication of the Penis |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | |
| (2) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | |
| (3) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) | |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | |

- 162. Identify the wrong statement with reference to the gene T that controls ABO blood groups.
 - (1) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
 - (2) The gene (I) has three alleles.
 - (3) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
 - (4) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.



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- 163. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - (1) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
 - (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
 - (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
 - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
- 164. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?
 - (1) Polysomes
 - (2) Endoplasmic reticulum
 - (3) Peroxisomes
 - (4) Golgi bodies
- 165. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
 - (1) Insulin
 - (2) Haemoglobin
 - (3) Collagen
 - (4) Lectin
- 166. The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:
 - (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
 - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
 - (c) Seed inside the fruit
 - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
 - (1) (a) and (d)
 - (2) (a) only
 - (3) (a), (b) and (c)
 - (4) (c) and (d)
- 167. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
 - (1) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
 - (2) Prior to ovulation
 - (3) At the time of copulation
 - (4) After zygote formation

- 168. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
 - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- (1) Dicotyledonous root
- (2) Monocotyledonous stem
- (3) Monocotyledonous root
- (4) Dicotyledonous stem
- 169. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
 - (1) Compound epithelial cells
 - (2) Squamous epithelial cells
 - (3) Columnar epithelial cells
 - (4) Chondrocytes
- 170. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:
 - (1) Recognition site
 - (2) Selectable marker
 - (3) Ori site
 - (4) Palindromic sequence
- 171. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

| | Colu | ımn - | I | Column - II | |
|-----|-------|-----------------|------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| (a) | Orga | an of C | orti | (i) | Connects middle ear and pharynx |
| (b) | Coch | lea | | (ii) | Coiled part of the labyrinth |
| (c) | Eust | Eustachian tube | | | Attached to the oval window |
| (d) | Stap | es | | (iv) | Located on the basilar membrane |
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | |
| (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | |
| (2) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | |
| (3) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) | |
| (4) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | |



- 172. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
 - (1) Valine
 - (2) Tyrosine
 - (3) Glutamic Acid
 - (4) Lysine
- 173. Match the following with respect to meiosis:
 - (a) Zygotene
 - (i) Terminalization
 - (b) Pachytene
- (ii) Chiasmata
- (c) Diplotene
- (iii) Crossing over
- (d) Diakinesis
- (iv) Synapsis

Select the correct option from the following:

- (a) (b)
-)
- (c) (d)

(i)

(i)

- (1) (ii)
- (iv) (iii)

(ii)

- (2) (iii)
- (iv) (i)
 - (i) (ii)
- (3) (iv) (4) (i)
- (iii) (ii)
- (iv) (iii)
- From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
- (1) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at $600^{\circ}C$
- (2) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at $800^{\circ}C$
- (3) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_4 and water vapor at $800^{\circ}C$
- (4) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at $600^{\circ}C$
- 175. Select the correct statement.
 - (1) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
 - (2) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
 - (3) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
 - (4) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
- 176. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of:
 - (1) Disposal of e-wastes
 - (2) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
 - (3) Emission of ozone depleting substances
 - (4) Release of Green House gases

- 177. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in:
 - (1) eustachian tube
 - (2) lining of intestine
 - (3) ducts of salivary glands
 - (4) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
- 178. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt) is resistant to:
 - (1) Insect predators
 - (2) Insect pests
 - (3) Fungal diseases
 - (4) Plant nematodes
- 179. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
 - (1) Low concentration of FSH
 - (2) High concentration of Estrogen
 - (3) High concentration of Progesterone
 - (4) Low concentration of LH
- 180. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (1) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
 - (2) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
 - (3) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
 - (4) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.

- o 0 o -

Space For Rough Work

22





Space For Rough Work

24

