



16. Greeks studied psychology as a branch of _____
A) Theology
B) Philosophy
C) Biology
D) Religion
17. Psychology is not limited to the observation of one's own _____
A) Behavior
B) Scientific process
C) Mental process
D) Environmental Process
18. Psychology is the science studying the experience and behavior of _____
A) Mankind
B) Organism
C) Animals
D) Plants
19. The primary task of the teacher is to _____
A) teach the prescribed curriculum
B) stimulate and guide students learning
C) ensure that all students belong to socially acceptable peer groups
D) promote habits of conformity to adult demands and expectations
20. The problem child is generally one who has _____
A) An unsolved problem
B) A poor heredity
C) A poor home environment
D) A younger brother or sister
21. Application of principles of sociology to education is known as _____
A) Sociology of Education
B) Educational Sociology
C) Social Foundation of Education
D) Social Science of Education
22. Which of the following does not influences the process of education ?
A) The culture of the society and its social institutions
B) Social class structures
C) The upper middle class of the society
D) Political organization of the society



23. Value conflicts in the mind of school children are often created by
- A) Maladjusted teachers
 - B) Unruly students
 - C) Conflicting value system of the home and the school
 - D) Conflicting laws of the country
24. Which among the following is not a constraint on social change in India ?
- A) Education
 - B) Caste
 - C) Class
 - D) Religion
25. Under which Article of the Constitution, the Indian states are given right to promote the educational interest of the Scheduled castes and Scheduled tribes and other backward classes of India?
- A) Article 46
 - B) Article 17
 - C) Article 14
 - D) Article 16
26. Education is considered sub-system of the society because
- A) It has its own complex structure
 - B) It has its well-defined objectives and functions
 - C) Achievement of society goals depends on effective functioning of education and effective functioning of education is dependent on society's health
 - D) It is an essential service that society has to provide to the people
27. What do you understand by social mobility ?
- A) Movement of individuals and groups from one country to another
 - B) Movement from one place to another place
 - C) Movement from one caste to another caste
 - D) Movement from one class to another class
28. Which is the most favorable for education ?
- A) Social stratification
 - B) Social mobility
 - C) Social class
 - D) Caste
29. Which of the following is not an important consideration in the planning of the development of education in India ?
- A) Equity
 - B) Quality
 - C) Relevance
 - D) Religion