

2015

Booklet No.

TEST CODE: SOA
Forenoon

Questions: 40

Time: 2 hours

- On the answer booklet write your Name, Registration number, Test Centre, Test Code and the Number of this Booklet in the appropriate places on the Answer-sheet.
- This test has 40 questions. **ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS.** All questions carry equal (2.5) marks.
- For each of the forty questions, there are four suggested answers. Only one of the suggested answers is correct. You will have to identify the correct answer to get full credit for that question. Indicate the choice of the correct answer by darkening the appropriate oval completely on the answer sheet.
- You will get:
 - 2.5 marks for each correct answer,
 - 0 marks for each incorrectly answered question.

1. *NRLM stands for*
 - (A) National Rural Land Management
 - (B) National Rural Livelihoods Mission
 - (C) National Rural Livelihood Management
 - (D) None of the above

2. *Which among the following is not a scheme under the National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP)*
 - (A) Indira Gandhi National Old Age Pension Scheme (IGNOAPS)
 - (B) Annapurna
 - (C) Indira Gandhi National Disability Pension Scheme
 - (D) Indira Awaas Yojana (IAY)

3. *Which of the following is Andre Beteille's book*
 - (A) Poverty and Famines
 - (B) The Idea of Natural Inequality and other Essays
 - (C) India: Development and Participation
 - (D) Inequality reexamined

4. *The objective of PURA Scheme is*
 - (A) Both provision of livelihood opportunities and urban amenities in rural areas
 - (B) Only urban amenities in rural areas
 - (C) Only livelihood opportunities in rural areas
 - (D) None of the above

5. *Integrated Watershed Management Programme (IWMP) was launched in*
- (A) 2005-06
 - (B) 2006-07
 - (C) 2009-10
 - (D) 2012-13
6. *The correct statement w.r.t. Joint Liability Group (JLG) is*
- (A) Financing small, marginal, tenant and oral lessee farmers
 - (B) To provide food security to large section of agricultural communities
 - (C) To provide best price support to the agricultural producers through cooperative set up
 - (D) All the above
7. *Which of the following is a largest tribal group in India*
- (A) Santhal
 - (B) Kondh
 - (C) Bhumij
 - (D) Bhil
8. *Which is not a characteristic of social system*
- (A) It involves a process of interaction of between two or more actors
 - (B) The situation toward which the actors are oriented includes other actors

- (C) Concerted action in which the concert is a function of collective goal orientation or common values and of a consensus of normative and cognitive expectations
- (D) Developing self-interest among individuals within a social system

9. *Who among the following is a well-known proponent of evolutionism*

- (A) Levi-Strauss
- (B) Radcliffe Brown
- (C) E.B. Tylor
- (D) None of the above

10. *Which of the following is a form of ascribed status*

- (A) Caste
- (B) Occupation
- (C) Education
- (D) Wealth

11. *Twice-born ('dvja') is defined in the context of*

- (A) Economic class
- (B) Clan
- (C) Caste
- (D) None of the following

12. *Nature Man Spirit complex was evolved by*

- (A) D.N. Majumdar
- (B) L.P. Vidyarthi
- (C) S.C. Dube

(D) M.N. Srinivas

13. Which among the following does not best fit into pluralism

- (A) Cultural relativism
- (B) Multiculturalism
- (C) Ethnocentrism
- (D) None of the above

14. Who said pluralism is a theory that centers on the idea of power is distributed

- (A) Karl Marx
- (B) Max Weber
- (C) R.K. Merton
- (D) Talcott Parson

15. 'Jhum' is a practice of

- (A) Shifting cultivation
- (B) Settled cultivation
- (C) Sedentary cultivation
- (D) None of the above

16. The concept of 'dominant caste' was given by

- (A) L.P. Vidyarthi
- (B) D.N. Majumdar
- (C) M.N. Srinivas
- (D) N.K. Bose

17. Which of the following points best defines
Sanskritization

- (A) A form of social change to achieve economic status
- (B) To adopt higher position in the society
- (C) A form of social change to achieve political status
- (D) A form of socio or cultural change to seek upward mobility in caste hierarchy

18. According to 2011 Census sex ratio (females per thousand males) in India

- (A) 933
- (B) 944
- (C) 900
- (D) 998

19. According to the Census 2011 about what percentage of population lives in rural areas?

- (A) 69%
- (B) 63%
- (C) 72%
- (D) 75%

20. NRHM stand for

- (A) National Rural Housing Mission
- (B) National Rural Health Mission
- (C) National Rural Health Management
- (D) None of the above

21. *PAHAL is a scheme under which Ministry of Government of India*
- (A) Ministry of Tribal Affairs
 - (B) Ministry of Rural Development
 - (C) Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas
 - (D) Ministry of Home Affairs
22. *'Aajeevika' is a scheme alternatively known as*
- (A) NRHM
 - (B) NRLM
 - (C) NULM
 - (D) MGNREGA
23. *Which of the following sector contributes highest to GDP as per latest economic survey*
- (A) Industry
 - (B) Service
 - (C) Agriculture
 - (D) None of the above
24. *IWMP is convergence of*
- (A) DDP and DPAP
 - (B) DPAP and IWDP
 - (C) IWDP and DDP
 - (D) DDP, DPAP and IWDP
25. *The percentage of tribal population to total population as per 2001 Census in India*
- (A) 8.2 per cent
 - (B) 9.5 per cent

- (C) 12.3 per cent
- (D) 6.0 per cent

26. *The state with highest proportion of Scheduled caste population as per 2001 Census in India*

- (A) Haryana
- (B) Punjab
- (C) Bihar
- (D) Odisha

27. *Which of the following tribes does not live in eastern India*

- (A) The Todas
- (B) The Kondhas
- (C) The Santhals
- (D) The Juangs

28. *In quantitative research 'Gender' is considered as*

- (A) Categorical or nominal variable
- (B) Ordinal variable
- (C) Both categorical and ordinal variable
- (D) None of the above

29. *In multiple regression analysis, autocorrelation refers to correlation between*

- (A) Independent variables
- (B) Errors in variables
- (C) Two data sets
- (D) None of the above

30. *The Gini Coefficient is a measure of*
- (A) Population growth
 - (B) Poverty
 - (C) Inequality
 - (D) None of the above
31. *In anthropology an Emic approach is best described as*
- (A) Outsiders view
 - (B) Insiders view
 - (C) Both Insiders and outsiders view
 - (D) None of the above
32. *The heights of 5 adolescent girls are 162 cm, 168cm, 160cm, 165 cm, and 158 cm respectively. What is the standard deviation?*
- (A) 3.97
 - (B) 4.52
 - (C) 4.21
 - (D) None of the above
33. *Which of the following is a type of non-probability sampling*
- (A) Simple random sampling
 - (B) Stratified random sampling
 - (C) Cluster sampling
 - (D) Quota Sampling

34. *Who among the following is widely acclaimed as father of white revolution in India*
- (A) M.S. Swaminathan
 - (B) Verghese Kurien
 - (C) K. Kasturirangan
 - (D) None of the above
35. *'Operation flood' is associated with*
- (A) National flood control programme
 - (B) Agricultural development programme
 - (C) Dairy development programme for India
 - (D) Fishery development programme in India
36. *Who is considered as "father of sociology"?*
- (A) Emile Durkheim
 - (B) Karl Marx
 - (C) Auguste Comte
 - (D) Max Weber
37. *Social Change in Modern India is written by*
- (A) M.N. Srinivas
 - (B) T.N. Madan
 - (C) Andre Beteille
 - (D) Dipankar Gupta
38. *Daniel Thorner has written which of the following books*
- (A) The Remembered Village
 - (B) Poverty and Famines
 - (C) Development as Freedom

(D) Agrarian Prospects in India

39. Which of the following states represent lowest irrigation coverage

- (A) West Bengal
- (B) Jharkhand
- (C) Odisha
- (D) Rajasthan

40. Panchayats (Extension to Scheduled Areas) Act, 1996 or PESA is implemented in which of the following areas

- (A) Fifth Scheduled Areas
- (B) Sixth Scheduled Areas
- (C) Both Fifth Scheduled Areas and Sixth Scheduled Areas
- (D) Neither Fifth nor Sixth Scheduled Areas