PTE Reading Practice Test 29

Question 2 : Re-Order Paragraphs

The text boxes in the left panel have been placed in a random order. Restore the original order by marking it in the correct order.

Item 1:

- A. But what Darwin rightly recognized is that—panda fans avert your eyes worm conservation is much more important once we factor in their provision of what we now call "ecosystem services", which are crucial to human survival.
- B. Not all wildlife is created equal in our eyes.
- C. Take the earthworm, which doesn't have the widespread appeal of larger, more charismatic animals such as gorillas, tigers or pandas.
- D. Worms are never going to get a strong "cute response" and they won't ever be the face of a conservation campaign.

Item 2:

- Later on, someone invented a new wagon.
- B. With industrial development, steel railway was invented in the year" which then replaced wood railway.
- C. The railway can save time and money.
- D. The railway is a good invention, but there is only a wooden railway in the beginning.

Item 3:

- A. For example...
- B. Students may not know how to achieve high marks in exams.
- C. Actually, you don't have to write down everything you know.
- D. And then you will have an idea of what you should write.
- E. Before writing, you should figure out what the question is after, and what is not relevant,

Question 3: Reading - Fill In The Blanks

In the text below some words are missing. Pick words from the box below to the appropriate place in the text.

Item 1:

Team Lab's digital mural at the entrance to Tokyo's Skytree, one of the world's monsters, the skyscrapers are 40 meters long and immensely detailed. But massive this form								
of digital art becomes — and it's a form subject to rampant inflation — Inoko's theories about								
sees are based on more modest and often pre-digital sources. An early devotee of comic books and cartoons (no surprises there), then computer games, he recognized when he started to look								
								at traditional Japanese art that all those forms had something: something about the way they captured space. In his discipline of physics, Inoko had been taught that
photographic lenses, the conventions of western art, were the logical way								
of transforming three dimensions into two, conveying the real world onto a flat surface.								
			c", as he said in an interview					
last year with j-collabo.org, that is "uniquely Japanese".								
but	however	along with	in common					
Item 2:								
Life expectancy	at birth is one of the mo	st widely used and internat	tionally recognized indicators					
			its quality, and provides a					
_			ndicator describing how long					
Australians live t	•	s into account quality of life	e would be a ently no such measure exists					
and this is why li	_		•					
and this is why life expectancy at birth is used as the Main Progress Indicator here. During the decade 1999 to 2009, life expectancy at birth improved for both sexes. A girl born in 2009 could								
expect to reach 8	33.9 years of age, while	a boy could expect to live	to 79.3 years					
•	_	sed slightly more than girls						
•		-	tancy decrease by one year					
•	-	-	ccurred over most of the 20th le population though, being					
•		itory, and for Aboriginal an						
peoples.		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
desirab	le over	than	gap					
Item 3:								
Since nutrition scientists are constantly making new discoveries, we need to revise our								
as a		_	vever, nutrition is an art as we to develop a healthy eating					
		references, beliefs and c						
nutritional needs according to their genes and life stage. As we discover more about how our								

genes and our environment, it's becoming increasingly difficult to provide a single set of dietary recommendations that will be for everyone.							
ı	recommendations	interact	science	suitable			
Item 4	4:						
It would be reassuring to think that the electorate chooses who to vote for based on the candidates' track records and future policy promises, many of us are swayed simply by the way that politicians look. Consider a 2009 study that asked Swiss students to look at multiple pairs of unfamiliar French political candidates and in each case to select the one who looked most competent. Most of the time, the candidate selected by students looking the most competent was also the one who'd had real life electoral success, the implication being that voters too had been swayed by the candidates' appearance (there's little evidence that appearance and competence actually). Unsurprisingly, being attractive also helps win votes, especially in war time (in peacetime, looking trustworthy is more of an advantage). Other research has shown that we're more likely to vote for male and female candidates with deeper voices.							
	In truth	as	cc	orrelate			