

GMAT Verbal Questions Test 35

Q1. Studies have shown that a large percentage of car accidents are caused by aggressive driving. To help reduce the number of accidents and to promote traffic safety in general, insurance companies have begun to issue discounts to drivers who take defensive driving courses. Research shows that people who practice defensive driving are considerably less likely to get into a car accident. Therefore, the insurance company's plan should help reduce the number of accidents.

Assuming the statements above are true, which of the following can be inferred from them?

- A. The majority of accidents are caused by drivers who possess insurance.
- B. People who manage to consistently avoid car accidents are likely practicing defensive driving.
- C. Young males and other demographics known for disproportionately being involved in car accidents are less likely to practice defensive driving than other demographics.
- D. An individual who does not practice defensive driving is always more likely to get into a car accident than an individual who does practice defensive driving.
- E. Discounts are the most effective way for insurance companies to promote defensive driving.

Q2. The cost of producing radios in Country Q is ten percent less than the cost of producing radios in Country Y.

Even after transportation fees and tariff charges are added, it is still cheaper for a company to import radios

from Country Q to Country Y than to produce radios in Country Y.

The statements above, if true, best support which of the following assertions?

- (A) Labor costs in Country Q are ten percent below those in Country Y.
- (B) Importing radios from Country Q to Country Y will eliminate ten percent of the manufacturing jobs in Country Y.
- (C) The tariff on a radio imported from Country Q to Country Y is less than ten percent of the cost of manufacturing the radio in Country Y.
- (D) The fee for transporting a radio from Country Q to Country Y is more than ten percent of the cost of manufacturing the radio in Country Q.
- (E) It takes ten percent less time to manufacture a radio in Country Q than it does in Country Y.

Q3. The Baldrick Manufacturing Company has for several years followed a policy aimed at decreasing operating costs and improving the efficiency of its distribution system.

- A) aimed at decreasing operating costs and improving
- B) aimed at the decreasing of operating costs and to improve

- C) aiming at the decreasing of operating costs and improving
- D) the aim of which is the decreasing of operating costs and improving
- E) with the aim to decrease operating costs and to improve

Q4. The Federalist papers, a strong defense of the United States Constitution and important as a body of work in political science as well, represents the handiwork of three different authors.

- A) and important as a body of work in political science as well, represents
- B) as well as an important body of work in political science, represent
- C) and also a body of work of importance in political science is representing
- D) an important body of work in political science and has been representative of
- E) and as political science an important body of work too, represent

Q5. Time and again it has been shown that students who attend colleges with low faculty/student ratios get the most well-rounded education. As a result, when my children are ready to attend college, I'll be sure they attend a school with a very small student population.

Which of the following, if true, identifies the greatest flaw in the reasoning above?

- A. A low faculty/student ratio is the effect of a well-rounded education, not its source.
- B. Intelligence should be considered the result of childhood environment, not advanced education.
- C. A very small student population does not by itself, ensure a low faculty/student ratio.
- D. Parental desires and preferences rarely determine a child's choice of a college or university.
- E. Students must take advantage of the low faculty/student ratio by intentionally choosing small classes.

Q6. While larger banks can afford to maintain their own data-processing operations, many smaller regional and community banks are finding that the cost associated with upgrading data-processing equipment and with the development and maintenance of new products and technical staff are prohibitive.

- (A) cost associated with
- (B) costs associated with
- (C) costs arising from
- (D) cost of
- (E) costs of