Math Level 2 SAT Practice Test 15





What is the volume of the solid created by rotating rectangle *ABCD* in Figure 4 around the *y*-axis?

A. 219.91

B. 245

- C. 549.78
- D. 769.69
- E. 816.24

27. If
$$f(x, y) = \frac{x^2 - 2xy + y^2}{x^2 - y^2}$$
, then $f(-x, -y) =$
A. 1
B. $\frac{1}{x + y}$
C. $\frac{-x + y}{x + y}$
 $\frac{-x + y}{x - y}$

D.
$$x - y$$

 $\frac{x-y}{x+y}$

28. In order to disprove the hypothesis, "No number divisible by 5 is less than 5," it would be necessary to

A. prove the statement false for all numbers divisible by 5

B. demonstrate that numbers greater than 5 are often divisible by 5

C. indicate that infinitely many numbers greater than 5 are divisible by 5

D. supply one case in which a number divisible by 5 is less than 5

E. show that a statement true of numbers greater than 5 is also true of numbers less than 5

29. A parallelogram has vertices at (0, 0), (5, 0), and (2, 3). What are the coordinates of the fourth vertex?

A. (3, -2)

B. (5, 3)

C. (7, 3)

D. (10, 5)

E. It cannot be determined from the information given.

30. The expression $\frac{x^2 + 3x - 4}{2x^2 + 10x + 8}$ is undefined for what values of x? A. $x = \{-1, -4\}$ B. *x* = {-1} C. $x = \{0\}$ D. $x = \{1, -4\}$ E. $x = \{0, 1, 4\}$ **31.** For which of the following functions is f(x) > 0 for all real values of x? 1. $f(x) = x^2 + 1$ II. $f(x) = 1 - \sin x$ III. $f(x) = \pi (\pi^{x-1})$

A. I only

B. II only

C. I and III only

D. II and III only

E. I, II, and III





The graph of y = f(x) is shown in Figure 5. Which of the following could be the graph of y = -f(-x)?





33. A wire is stretched from the top of a two-foot-tall anchor to the top of a 50-foot-tall antenna. If the wire $\frac{2}{5}$

is straight and has a slope of $\overline{5}$, then what is the length of the wire in feet?

A. 89.18

B. 120

C. 123.26

- D. 129.24
- E. 134.63

3π

34. If $2 > \theta 2\pi$ and sec $\theta = 4$, then tan $\theta =$

- A. -3.93
- B. -3.87
- C. 0.26
- D. 3.87

E. 3.93

35. Circle *O* is centered at (-3, 1) and has a radius of 4. Circle *P* is centered at (4, -4) and has a radius of *n*. If circle *O* is externally tangent to circle *P*, then what is the value of *n* ?

A. 4

B. 4.37

C. 4.6

- D. 5.28
- E. 6.25

36. In triangle *ABC*, $\frac{\sin A}{\sin B} = \frac{7}{10}$ and $\frac{\sin B}{\sin C} = \frac{5}{2}$. If angles *A*, *B*, and *C* are opposite sides *a*, *b*, and *c*, respectively, and the triangle has a perimeter of 16, then what is the length of a?

- A. 2.7
- B. 4.7

C. 5.3

D. 8

E. 14

37.

x	h(x)
-1	0
0	3
1	0
2	3

The table of values above shows selected coordinate pairs on the graph of h(x). Which of the following could be h(x)?

A. x(x + 1)(x - 1)

B. $(x + 1)^2(x - 1)$

C. $(x - 1)(x + 2)^2$

D. $(x - 1)^2(x + 3)$

E. (x - 1)(x + 1)(2x - 3)

38. *a* + *b* + 2*c* = 7

a - 2b = 8

3b + 2c = n

For what values of *n* does the system of equations above have no real solutions?

A. *n* ≠ -1

- B. *n* ≤ 0
- C. *n* ≥ 1
- D. *n* > 7
- E. *n* = -15





Figure 6

Note: Figure not drawn to scale.

In Figure 6, what is the value of θ in degrees?

A. 62

B. 65.38

- C. 65.91
- D. 68.49

E. 68.7

$$\begin{vmatrix} l & m & n \\ p & q & r \\ s & t & u \end{vmatrix} = A, \text{ then } \begin{vmatrix} 2l & 2m & 2n \\ 2p & 2q & 2r \\ 2s & 2t & 2u \end{vmatrix} = A. 2A$$
B. 4A

C. 6A

D. 8A

E. 18A

41. In the function $g(x) = A[\sin (Bx + C)] + D$, constants are represented by *A*, *B*, *C*, and *D*. If g(x) is to be altered in such a way that both its period and amplitude are increased, which of the following constants must be <u>increased</u>?

- A. A only
- B. B only
- C. C only
- D. A and B only

E. C and D only

42. All of the elements of list M and list N are arranged in exactly 20 pairs, such that every element from list M is paired with a distinct element from list N. If in each such pair, the element from list M is larger than the element from list N, then which of the following statements must be true?

A. The median of the elements in *M* is greater than the median of the elements in *N*.

B. Any element of *M* is greater than any element of *N*.

C. The mode of the elements in *M* is greater than the mode of the elements in *N*.

D. The range of the elements in *M* is greater than the range of the elements in *N*.

E. The standard deviation of the elements in M is greater than the standard deviation of the elements in N.

43. If 3, 5, 8.333, and 13.889 are the first four terms of a sequence, then which of the following could define that sequence?

A.
$$a_0 = 3$$
; $a_{n+1} = a_n + 2$
B. $a_0 = 3$; $a_{n+1} = 2a_n - 1$
C. $a_0 = 3$; $a_n = a_{n+1} + \frac{40}{9}$
D. $a_0 = 3$; $a_n = \frac{5}{3}a_{n-1}$
E. $a_0 = 3$; $a_n = \frac{7}{3}a_{n-1} - \frac{40}{9}a_{n-1}$

44. If $0 \le n \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ and $\cos(\cos n) = 0.8$, then $\tan n =$ A. 0.65 B. 0.75 C. 0.83 D. 1.19 E. 1.22

45. The height of a cylinder is equal to one-half of *n*, where *n* is equal to one-half of the cylinder's diameter. What is the surface area of this cylinder in terms of *n* ?

- $\frac{3\pi n^2}{2}$
- A. 2
- B. 2π*n*²
- C. 3π*n*²
- D. $2\pi n^2 + \frac{\pi n}{2}$
- E. 2π*n*² + π*n*

46. If $(\tan \theta - 1)^2 = 4$, then which of the following could be the value of θ in radian measure?

- A. -0.785
- B. 1.373
- C. 1.504
- D. 1.512
- E. 3

47. Which of the following expresses the range of values of y = g(x), if $g(x) = \frac{5}{x+4}$?

- A. $\{y: y \neq 0\}$
- B. {*y*: *y* ≠ 1.25}
- C. {*y*: *y* ≠ -4.00}
- D. $\{y: y > 0\}$
- E. $\{y: y \le -1 \text{ or } y \ge 1\}$

48. If $\csc \theta = \frac{1}{3t}$, then where defined, $\cos \theta =$

B.
$$\sqrt{1-3t^2}$$

C. $\sqrt{1-9t^2}$
D. $\frac{3t}{\sqrt{1-3t^2}}$
E. $\frac{3t}{\sqrt{1-9t^2}}$

xy + y

49. If f(x, y) = x + y, then which of the following statements must be true?

- I. If x = 0 and $y \neq 0$, then f(x, y) = 1.
- II. If x = 1, then f(x, x) = 1.
- III. f(x, y) = f(y, x)
- A. I only

B. II only

C. I and II only

D. I and III only

E. I, II, and III

50. A triangle is formed by the *x*-axis, the *y*-axis, and the line y = mx + b. If $m = -b^3$, then what is the volume of the cone generated by rotating this triangle around the *x*-axis?

<u>π</u> Α. 9	
π	
в. 3	
С. п	
D. 3π	
E. 9π	