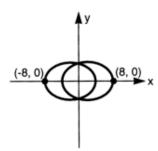
Math Level 2 SAT Practice Test 19

- **24.** A student's final grade in a certain course is the average of his scores on ten tests graded on a scale of 0 to 100, inclusive. For the first six tests, the student's scores averaged 83. If *x* is the student's final grade for the course, then which of the following is true?
 - (A) $8.3 \le x \le 83.0$
 - **(B)** $49.8 \le x \le 83.0$
 - (C) $49.8 \le x \le 89.8$
 - **(D)** $54.7 \le x \le 89.8$
 - **(E)** $83.0 \le x \le 89.8$
- **25.** Which of the following represents the multiplicative inverse of the complex number 2-i?
 - (A) 2 + i
 - **(B)** i-2
 - (C) $\frac{2+i}{3}$
 - **(D)** $\frac{2-i}{3}$
 - **(E)** $\frac{2+i}{5}$
- **26.** $\log_3 \sqrt{3} =$
 - **(A)** −1
 - **(B)** $\frac{1}{3}$
 - (C) $\frac{1}{2}$
 - **(D)** $\frac{2}{3}$
 - (E) 2
- **27.** If $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x^3 2}$, what is $f^{-1}(2.5)$?
 - (A) 0.4
 - (B) 0.9
 - (C) 1.3
 - **(D)** 1.7
 - (E) 2.3

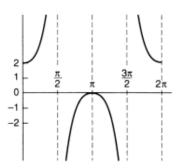
- **28.** If $0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$, then which of the following must be true?
 - I. $\sin x < \cos x$
 - II. $\tan x < \cot x$
 - III. $\sec x < \cos x$
 - (A) I only
 - (B) II only
 - (C) III only
 - (D) I, II, and III
 - (E) None



- **29.** In the above figure, if Arcsin s = 2 Arcsin d, then x = 0
 - (A) 15°
 - (B) 30°
 - (C) 45°
 - (**D**) 60°
 - (E) 75°
- **30.** If, for all n, $2^n + 2^n + 2^n + 2^n = x(2^{n+1})$, then x =
 - (A) 2
 - (B) 4
 - (C) 2 n
 - (D) 2 2n
 - (E) 2 n+1
- **31.** If $i^x = 1$, then x could equal
 - (A) 13
 - (B) 14
 - (C) 15
 - **(D)** 16
 - (E) 17



- 32. The formula for the area enclosed by an ellipse is $A = \pi ab$, where a and b are one-half the lengths of the major and minor axes, respectively. In the figure above, the equation of the circle is $x^2 + y^2 = 12$, then what is the area enclosed by the ellipse?
 - (A) 62
 - (B) 87
 - (C) 103
 - **(D)** 117
 - (E) 131



- 33. The above figure is a possible graph for which of the following equations?
 - (A) $y = 2 \sin x$
 - **(B)** $y = \sin x + 2$
 - (C) $y = \csc x + 1$
 - **(D)** $y = \csc x 1$
 - (E) $y = \sec x + 1$

- **34.** What is $\lim_{x\to 1} \frac{x^2-1}{x-1}$?
 - (A) -1
 - (B) 0
 - (C) 1
 - (D) 2
 - (E) The limit does not exist.
- 35. If $0 \le x \le \pi$ and $\cos x = -1$, then $\cos \frac{x}{2} =$
 - **(A)** $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 - (B) $-\frac{1}{2}$ (C) 0

 - **(D)** $\frac{1}{2}$
 - **(E)** $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- 36. Which of the following defines the range of the function $f(x) = \frac{1-x}{x}$?
 - (A) All real numbers
 - (B) All real numbers except −1
 - (C) All real numbers except 0
 - (D) All real numbers except 1
 - (E) All real numbers greater than −1