1-----

W.						
Ma	arks: 150					
	OTE:		Time: 2:30 hours			
197	wrong answer will result in deduction of 1/4 marks. There will be negative marking. Every					
(ii) 	V-12 UAVA					
	[ENGLISH/GK/MENTAL APTITUDE]	F	Fill in the blanks with suitable preposition			
	Fill in the blanks with suitable tense from the alternatives in the following questions:	fı	rom the alternatives in the following uestions:			
	1. This work ought to have long ago. (A) done (B) had done (C) been done (D) being done	d () ()	looked this word in the ictionary, but I still don't understand it. A) from B) over C) on O) up			
	2. Usually ! parties but l this one very much. (A) enjoy/am not enjoying (B) am enjoying/ haven't enjoyed (C) enjoy/ don't enjoy (D) enjoyed/ haven't enjoyed	6. N si (A (E	Ty house is the end of the treet the right. A) at - on B) at - in C) in - on O) in - at			
iii	3. When he heard the accusations against him, the man that he himself was the actual victim of the crime. (A) alleged (B) was alleged (C) has alleged (D) will be alleged	7. Ti (A (E (C	ave you read the articleGoogle. A) from - on B) to - on C) in - on O) on -on			
	 4. They didn't take my remarks seriously. In fact	ti (/ (E	good judge never gropes ne conclusion. A) to B) for C) with O) on			



In each of the following questions, a sentence has been given in Active (or Passive) Voice. Out of the four alternatives suggested select the one which best expresses the same sentence in Passive (or Active) Voice:

- 9. The residents celebrated the Independence Day.
 - (A) The Independence Day is celebrated by the residents.
 - (B) The Independence Day was celebrated by the residents.
 - (C) The Independence Day has been celebrated by the residents.
 - (D) Celebration of Independence Day was done by the residents.
- 10. His behaviour surprised me.
 - (A) I was surprised for his behaviour.
 - (B) I was surprised at his behaviour.
 - (C) I was surprised with his behaviour.
 - (D) I was surprised on his behaviour.
- 11. It is time to learn English.
 - (A) It is time to be learnt English.
 - (B) It is time for English to be learnt.
 - (C) It is time for English to learnt.
 - (D) It is time to be learn English.
- 12. She bought a pearl necklace.
 - (A) A pearl necklace was bought by her.
 - (B) A pearl necklace had been bought by her.
 - (C) A pearl necklace had been bought for her by him.
 - (D) A pearl necklace was bought for her.
- 13. Which state government has launched 'Operation Durga' to ensure women safety?
 - (A) Punjab
 - (B) · Uttar Pradesh
 - (C) Madhya Pradesh
 - (D) Haryana
- 14. Karang, which has become india's first cashless island, is located in which state?
 - (A) Gujarat
 - (B) Manipur
 - (C) : Kerala
 - (D) Mizoram

- 15. For which of the following disciplines is Nobel Prize awarded?
 - (A) Physics and Chemistry
 - (B) Physiology and Medicine
 - (C) Literature, Peace and Economics
 - (D) All of the above
- 16. How many fundamental rights are recognized in the constitutions of India?
 - (A) 5
 - (B) 6
 - (C) 7
 - (D) 8
- 17. Pointing to a photograph, a man said, "I have no brother or sister but that man's father is my father's son." Whose photograph was it?
 - (A) His own
 - (B) His nephew's
 - (C) His father s
 - (D) His son's
- If DISTURB is coded as DTWVUKF, SAMIR will be coded as
 - (A) TKOCU
 - (B) UCOKT
 - (C) KLMNO
 - (D) KPCTU
- 19. Find out the alternative which will replace the question mark.
 - Race : Fatigue : : Fast : ?
 - (A) Food
 - (B) Laziness
 - (C) Hunger
 - (D) Race
- 20. If you unscramble the letters YKANE, you will get the name of a
 - (A) Mountain Pass
 - (B) Warrior
 - (C) Flower
 - (D) Country

[MATHEMATICS]

- 21. $\frac{2}{25}$ can be expressed as:
 - (A) 0.08
 - (B) 8
 - (C) 0.8
 - (D) None of these



- $0.\overline{37}$ in the form of $\frac{p}{a}$ is:

 - (D) $\frac{38}{99}$
- $\sqrt{1.96}$ is a/an 23.
 - (A) Rational number
 - (B) Irrational number
 - (C) Natural number
 - (D) Integer
 - The graph of n equation, y = -3 is a line 24.
 - (A) Parallel to x-axis
 - (B) Parallel to y-axis
 - (C) Passing though origin
 - (D) None of these
 - The graphs of 2x-3y = 1 and 3x-4y =25. 1 has:
 - (A) Unique solution
 - (B) No solution
 - (C) Infinite solution
 - (D) None of these
 - The system of equations, 2x 3y 8 =0 and 5x - 8y + 11 = 0 is: 26.
 - (A) Consistent
 - (B) Inconsistent
 - (C) Dependent
 - (D) No solution
 - The solution of the equation in 27. relation, 1x - 5i = 10 is:
 - (A) -15, 5
 - (B) 15,5
 - (C) -15, -5
 - (D) 15,-5
 - The sum of two numbers is 80. If the larger number exceeds four times the 28. smaller one by 5, then the smaller number is:
 - (A) 5
 - (B) 15
 - (C) 20
 - (D) 25

- The graph of linear equation is always:
 - (A) Parabola
 - (B) Circle
 - (C) St. line
 - (D) None of these
- 30. If $(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}) = 102$, the value of $\left(x-\frac{1}{x}\right)$ is:
 - (A) 8
 - (B) 10
 - (C) 12
 - (D) 13
- If a + b + c = 0, then $(a^3 + b^3 + c^3)$, is equal to:
 - (A) 0
 - (B) abc
 - (C) 3abc
 - (D) (ab + bc + ca)
- $x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x + k$, is divisible by (x+2), then the value of k 32. 15:

 - (A) 6(B) -7
 - (C) 8
 - (D) 10
- 33. The H.C.F. of $2(x^2 y^2)$ and $5(x^3-y^3)$ is:
 - (A) $2(x^2-y^2)$

 - (B) (x-y)
 - (C) (x+y)
 - (D) $10(x+y)(x-y)(x^2+xy+y^2)$
- The area of a square is $(49x^2 + 28x +$ 4, its side is:
 - (A) (7x+3)
 - (B) (7x-2)
 - (C) (7x + 2)
 - (D) (5x+7)
- L.C.M. of $4x^2y$, $6xy^2$, $8x^2y^2$ is: 35.
 - (A) Axy
 - (B) 12xy
 - (C) $8x^2y^2$
 - (D) $24x^2y^2$

- The value of $\left(1 + \frac{1}{x+1}\right) \times \left(1 + \frac{1}{x+2}\right) \times$ $\left(1+\frac{1}{x+3}\right)\times\left(1+\frac{1}{x+4}\right)$ is:
 - (A) $1 + \frac{1}{x+5}$

 - (C) $\frac{x+1}{x+5}$
- 37. If $x = \frac{a}{a+b}$ and $= \frac{b}{a-b}$, then $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y}$ is equal to:

 - $(D) \frac{a^2-b^2}{ab}$
- 38. The product polynomials $(x^2 + x + 1)$ and (x - 1) is:
 - (A) $x^3 1$
 - (B) $x^3 + 1$
 - (C) $x^3 2$
 - (D) $2x^3 + 1$
- If cost of 5 mangoes and 4 oranges is equal to the cost of 3 mangoes and 7 oranges. Then the ratio between the rate of mangoes and oranges is:
 - (A) 4:3
 - (B) 1:3
 - (C) 3:2
 - (D) 5:2
- The sum of the roots of the equation $(x^2-6x+2)=0$ is:
 - (A) 6
 - (B) 2
 - (C) 2
 - (D) 6

- If α, β are the roots of the equation $x^2-5x+6=0,$ the of $\alpha^2 - \beta^2$ 15:
 - (A) ±4
 - (B) ±5

- An old machine is bought for Rs. 1400 42. and is sold at a loss of 15%. Selling Price of machine will be:
 - (A) Rs. 1610
 - (B) Rs. 1190
 - (C) Rs. 1090
 - (D) Rs. 1210
- A shopkeeper marked dinner set for R. 1000. He sold it at Rs. 900. Discount %
 - is:
 - (A) 20%
 - (8) 15%
 - 10% (C)
 - (D) 12%
- The time in which a certain amount is doubled at the rate of 10% 5.1. is:
 - 🧩 (A) 5 years
 - (8) 10 years
 - (C) 15 years
 - (D) 20 years.
- The 3rd term of an A.P. is ~40 and 13th term is 0. Find the 20th term
 - (A) 18
 - (B) 28
 - (C) 38
 - (D) 48
- Which term of A.P.: 21, 42, 63, 84, ... is 46. 420
 - (A) 20th
 - (B) 30th
 - (C) 40th
 - (D) 15th
- Find the sum of $(1)^2 + (2)^2 + (3)^2 +$ ··· to nth term
 - (A) $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$
 - (B) $\frac{n}{2}\left(\frac{n}{2}+1\right)$
 - $\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$
 - (D) None of these
- An equilateral triangle ABC has end coordinates as A(3,0), B(-9,5), the side BC is:

 - (A) 19
 - (B) 8 (C) 13



one end of a line is (3,4) find the other end if its mid point is (4,5)

- (A) (5, 6)
- (B) (-6, 5)
- (C) (-5, -6)
- (D) (4,5)
- 50. What is the perimeter of the triangle made by (3, 1), (7, 4) and (11, 1)?
 - (A) 10
 - (B) 18
 - (C) 12
 - (D) 13
- 51. The value of cos 60° cos 30° sin 60° sin 30°
 - (A) 1
 - (B) 0
 - (C) 1/2
 - (D) -1/2
 - 52. The value of $\frac{\sin A}{1+\cos A} + \frac{\sin A}{1-\cos A}$ is:
 - (A) sin A
 - (B) $2-2\cos A$
 - (c) $2/\sin A$
 - (D) cosec A
 - 53. $\frac{\sin 80^{\circ}}{\cos 10^{\circ}}$ is equal to:
 - (A) 0
 - (B) 1
 - (C) 8
 - (D) None of these
 - 54. If $\sin A = x$, then $\sin 2A$ is equal to:
 - (A) 2x
 - (B) $2x\sqrt{1-x^2}$
 - (C) $x\sqrt{1-x^2}$
 - (D) $x\sqrt{1+x^2}$
 - 55. The value of $(1 \cos^2 \theta) \csc^2 \theta$ is:
 - (A) 0
 - (B) $sec^2\theta sin^{-2}\theta$
 - (C) 1
 - (D) $sec^2\theta cosec^2\theta$
 - 56. The value of sin 75° + sin 15' is equal to:
 - (A) √3

- (B) $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$
- (C) ∞
- (D) ~√3
- 57. One side of rectangular field is 4 meters and its diagonal is 5 meters. The area of the field is:
 - (A) $12m^2$
 - (B) $15m^2$
 - (C) $20m^2$
 - (D) $4\sqrt{5}m^2$
- 58. A hall 40 meters long, 15 meters broad is to be paved with stones, each measuring 6 dm by 5 dm. The number of stones required is:
 - (A) 1000
 - (B) 2000
 - (C) 3000
 - (D) None of these
- 59. If the ratio of the area of two squares is 9:1, the ratio of their perimeters is:
 - (A) 9:1
 - (8) 3:1
 - (C) 3:4
 - (D) 1:3
- 60. The diagonals of a rhombus are 24 cm and 10 cm. Its perimeter will be:
 - (A) 68 cm
 - (B) 60 cm
 - (C) 52 cm
 - (D) 50 cm
- 61. In 2 hrs, minute hand of clock will rotate through an angle of:
 - (A) 60°
 - (B) 360°
 - (C) 720°
 - (D) 180°
- 62. The radius of a sphere is doubled then its surface area is increased to:
 - (A) Double
 - (B) 3 times
 - (C) 4 times
 - (D) 8 times

	100		arean enter - 4 € anamentarian et entre a € e
63.	Length of longest rod that can be placed in a room of dimensions $6m \times 6m \times 3m$ is: (A) 36m (B) 12m (C) 9m (D) 15m	70.	Centroid of a triangle is the point of intersection of its
64.	The number of small cubes with edge of 10 cm that can be accommodated in a cubical box of 1m edge is: (A) 10 (B) 100 (C) 1000 (D) 10000	71.	1 km/h =m/s (A) 5/18 (B) 18/5 (C) 50/3 (D) 3/50
65.	The radii of the cylinders are in the ratio 2:3 and their heights are in the ratio 5:3. The ratio of their volumes is: (A) 27:20 (B) 20:27 (C) 4:9 (D) 9:4	72.	When a body moves in a straight line then its displacement coincides with (A) Distance (B) force (C) Acceleration is zero (D) Both (A) and (B)
66.	The mean of the terms 3, 13, 23, 8, 18, 28, x, is 18, the value of x is: (A) 30 (B) 32 (C) 33 (D) 34	73.	Give the aquation of motion connecting u, v, a and s where the symbols have their usual meaning (A) V = u + at (B) S = ut + ½ at ² (C) v ² - u ² = 2aS (D) a = (v-u)/t
67.	A candidate secured 44 marks in English, 40 marks in Physics, 50 marks in Chemistry, 70 marks in Mathematics, 60 marks in Hindi. If the weightage of respective subjects is 3, 2, 1, 2, 2, the mean of marks obtained is: (A) 52.2 (B) 54.2 (C) 56.2 (D) 58.2	74.	A body moving along a straight line at 40 m/s undergoes an acceleration of 4 m/s ² . After 10 seconds its speed will be (A) 20 m/s (B) 28 m/s (C) 16 m/s (D) 80 m/s
68.	Mean of first 5 observations is 7 and the mean of first 6 observations is also 7 then the 6 th observation is: (A) 6 (B) 7 (C) 75 (D) 12	76.	always changes (A) Its velocity (B) Its acceleration (C) Its position vector (D) Its momentum When velocity time graph is a straight line parallel to time axis then
69.	Histogram is: (A) One dimensioned (B) Two dimensioned (C) Three dimensioned		(A) Acceleration is constant (B) Acceleration is variable (C) Acceleration is zero (D) Velocity is zero



- Inertia of an object is quantitative measure of its
- (A) Volume
- (B) Density
- (C) Mass

1017

- (D) Temperature
- 78. The Universal law of gravitation must apply to?
 - (A) Any pair of bodies
 - (B) The earth and the moon
 - (C) The earth and the apple
 - (D) The planets around the Sun
- 79. 'g' decreases with?
 - (A) Amplitude
 - (B) Weight
 - (C) Horizontal displacement
 - (D) Altitude
- 80. Newton-meter is the SI unit of
 - (A) Acceleration
 - (B) Work
 - (C) Power
 - (D) Force
- 81. Two bodies of masses m₁ and m₂ have equal kinetic energies. If p₁ and p₂ are their respective momentum, then ratio p₁:p₂ is:
 - (A) m₁:m₂
 - (B) m₂:m₁
 - (C) Vm1: Vm2
 - (D) m₁²: m₂²
- 82. A 1 kg block is lifted vertically 1m by a boy. The work done by the boy is:
 - (A) 1J
 - (B) 9.8J
 - (C) 01
 - (D) 0.1J
- 83. Direction of propagation of waves is parallel to the direction of vibration in
 - (A) Transverse waves
 - (B) Longitudinal waves
 - (C) Both transverse and longitudinal waves
 - (D) None of waves
- 84. Motion that is repeated at regular intervals is termed as
 - (A) Vibration
 - (B) Oscillation

- (C) Ventilation
- (D) Periodic motion
- 85. If we increase wavelength, then frequency would
 - (A) Increase
 - (B) Decrease
 - (C) Remains same
 - (D) May increase or decrease
- 86. Ups and downs in transverse waves are termed as
 - (A) Compressions and rarefactions
 - (B) Crests and rarefactions
 - (C) Compressions and troughs
 - (D) Crests and troughs
- 87. Time taken to produce one complete wave is known as period 'T' of wave, 'T' is equal to
 - (A) Frequency of wave, f
 - (B) Wavelength of wave, λ
 - (C) 1/(Wavelength of wave, λ)
 - (D) 1/(Frequency of wave, f)
- 88. Electromagnetic waves are different from sound waves in that
 - (A) They need medium and are longitudinal
 - (B) They need no medium and are transverse
 - (C) They need medium and are transverse
 - (D) They need no medium and are longitudinal
- 89. Light travels fastest through which of the following materials?
 - (A) Diamond
 - (B) Water
 - (C) Glass
 - (D) Air
- The human eye forms the image of an object at its
 - (A) Cornea
 - (B) Retina
 - (C) Iris
 - (D) Pupil



_

- 91. Which of following are primary colours from painting perspective?
 - (A) Red, Blue, Yellow
 - (B) Red, Green, Violet
 - (C) Yellow, Green, Blue
 - (D) Red, Green, Blue
- 92. A person cannot see objects clearly beyond 50cm. The power of lens to correct the vision is
 - (A) + SD
 - (B) -0.5D
 - (C) 2D
 - (D) + 2D
- 93. Heat is measured in
 - (A) Joule
 - (B) Calorie
 - (C) Both a) and b)
 - (D) Joule/second
- 94. 1Calorie=?
 - (A) 1.2 joule
 - (B) 3.2 joule
 - (C) 4.2 joule
 - (D) None of these
- 95. The amount of heat required to raise the temperature of 1kg of substance by 1°C is called as:
 - (A) Work capacity
 - (B) Specific heat capacity
 - (C) Energy capacity
 - (D) Heat capacity
- 96. The process of transfer of heat in solids is called as:
 - (A) Conduction
 - (B) Convection
 - (C) Radiation
 - (D) All of these
- 97. If a current i flows steadily through a resistor 'R' for a time 't' with an applied voltage V, then total heat energy supplied to the resistor is given by?
 - (A) · V/It
 - (B) IR²t²
 - (C) I2Rt
 - (D) V2It

- 98. The terminal potential difference of a battery is equal to its e.m.f. when its internal resistance is?
 - (A) Very low
 - (B) Zero
 - (C) Very high
 - (D) None of these
- 99. The resistance of the wire varies inversely as:
 - (A) Area of cross section
 - (B) Resistivity
 - (C) Length
 - (D) Temperature
- 100. A series circuit consists of three resistors with values of 140, 250 and 220 ohms. The total resistance is
 - (A) 330 ohm
 - (B) 610 ohm
 - (C) 720 ohm
 - (D) None of these
- 101. Kilowatt-hour is the unit of
 - (A) Power
 - (B) Potential difference
 - (C) Force
 - (D) Electrical Energy
- 102. A current of 3A flows through a conductor whose ends are at a potential difference of 6V. The resistance of the conductor is
 - (A) 1 ohm
 - (B) 0.5 ohm
 - (C) 2 ohm
 - (D) 12 ohm
- 103. If there are three resistances each of 2 ohm and generate the effective resistance of 3 ohm. How will be the connection of these three resistances in the circuit?
 - (A) A parallel combination of two resistances and one in series
 - (B) A series combination of two resistances and one in parallel
 - (C) Three in series
 - (D) Three in parallel
- 104. If there are two bulbs of 150W and 60W so which has more resistance?
 - (A) 150W
 - (B) 60W
 - (C) Both bulb have same resistance
 - (D) None of these

	SET-1/SET-1A/2017
105. Which one of the following is a bad	200
conductor of electricity	(C) Zero
(A) Gold	(D) Ten
(B) Silver	112. The number of atoms present in 20g of
(C) Copper	Neon gas Is
(D) Plastic	(A) 6.023x10 ²³
10 TO	(B) 1.205x10 ²⁴
106. Why are copper wires used as	(C) 6.023x10 ²²
connecting wires?	(D) 3.01x10 ²²
(A) Low resistivity	(0) 5.01x10
(B) Low conductivity	113. Which of the following is a physical
(C) High resistivity	change
(D) High conductivity	(A) Burning of wood
	(8) Evolution of gas by putting salt in
107. The magnetic field inside a long	coca cola drink
straight solenold-carrying current	(C) Burning of a piece of paper
(A) is zero	(D) Rusting of Iron
(B) decreases as we move towards its	114. Zinc reacts with sulpuric acid to form zinc sulphate and hydrogen gas. For
end	this reaction, what is correct?
(C) increases as we move towards its	(A) zinc is reduced
end (D) is the same at all points	(B) zinc is neutralized
(D) is the same at all points	(C) zinc is oxidized
108. The magnetic field produced at the	(D) H ₂ SO ₄ is oxidized
center of a circular wire is proportional	
to and inversely proportional	115. What are the values of x, y, z in the
to	following equation?
(A) radius of loop, current	x KClO ₃ → y KCl + z O ₂
(B) current, radius of loop	(A) 2,2,3
(C) length of wire, current	(8) 3,2,3
(D) weight of wire, current	(C) 2,3,2
100 Which device is used to convert	(D) 1,2,3
109, Willest desires in machanical	- 127 - 128
electric energy into mechanical energy?	116. The common feature in the elements
(A) Electric generator	of same group is
(B) Solenoid	(A) Atomic number (B) Number of electronic shells
(C) Electric motor	(C) Atomic size
(D) Electric iron	(D) Number of valence electrons
110. Which of the following devices works	(b) (talliber of relevant areas
on the principle of electromagnetic	117. Lanthanide series has the elements
induction?	(A) F, Cl, Br
(A) Ammeter	(B) La, Ce, Pr
(B) Voltmeter	(C) Ac, Th, Pa
(C) Galvanometer	(D) H, Li, Na
(D) Electric Generator	
	118. The alkali metal which is liquid at 15°
[CHEMISTRY]	is .
	(A) K
111. The number of valence electrons in the	(B) Cs
atom having Z value 10 are	(C) Na



(A) Eight (8) Two

(D) Ba

SET-1/SET-1A/2017

- 119. The liquid in which another substance is dissolved is called
 - (A) Solvent
 - (B) solute
 - (C) Solution
 - (D) Colloid
- 120. The method by which sea water is purified is called
 - (A) Calcination
 - (B) Desalination
 - (C) Sterilization
 - (D) Chlorination
- 121. The pH of pure water is
 - (A) 0
 - (B) 7
 - (C) 14
 - (D) None of these
- 122. The IUPAC name of ethylene is
 - (A) Ethane
 - (B) Ethene
 - (C) Ethyne
 - (D) Ether
- 123. The property of an atom to form a bond with itself is called
 - (A) Allotropy
 - (B) Catenation
 - (C) Homologous
 - (D) Isomerism
- 124. Nylon is a
 - (A) Polyamide
 - (B) Polyaldehyde
 - (C) Polyalcohol
 - (D) Polymer of Ethylene
- 125. Graphite is used as a lubricant because of its following characteristics
 - (A) Crystalline
 - (B) Insolubility in organic solvents
 - (C) Soft and greasy
 - (D) Thermal conductivity
- 126. Ethyl alcohal reacts with acetic acid in the presence of conc. Sulphuric acid to form
 - (A) Ethanoic acid
 - (B) Ether
 - (C) Ethyl ethanoate
 - (D) Formic acid

- 127. The IUPAC name of iso-butane is
 - (A) n-Butane
 - (B) Iso-butane
 - (C) 2-Methyl propane
 - (D) 1-Methyl propane
- 128. The compound added in washing powder for maintaining the whiteness of the clothes is
 - (A) Sodium carbonate
 - (B) Sodium silicate
 - (C) Sodium sulphate
 - (D) Sodium perborate
- 129. The variety of coal containing maximum percentage of carbon is
 - (A) Lignite
 - (B) Bituminous coal
 - (C) Anthracite Coal
 - (D) All Carbon fuels
- 130. The temperature at which a fuel catches fire is
 - (A) Thermal point
 - (B) Pour Point
 - (C) Ignition temperature
 - (D) Inversion temperature
- 131. The combustion products of any hydrcarbon fuels are
 - (A) Carbon monoxide and Carbon dioxide
 - (B) Carbondioxide and water
 - (C) Carbon and Steam
 - (D) Cellulose and carbon dioxide
- 132. The energy will be liberated if
 - (A) Reactants and products have same energy
 - (B) Products have high energy than reactants
 - (C) Reactants have high energy than products
 - (D) All
- 133. During electrolytic refining cathode is made of
 - (A) Thin strip of pure metal
 - (B) Thick strip of pure metal
 - (C) Thin strip of impure metal
 - (D) Thick strip of impure metal



gole of cryolite during electrolytic reduction of bauxite

- (A) Lowers the melting point of
- (B) Lowers the melting point of Bauxite
- (C) Increases the melting point of Bauxite
- (D) Increase the melting point of Aluminum

135. Which of the following is Common constituent of brass and bronze

- (A) Cu
- (B) Zn
- (C) Sn
- (D) C
- 136. Property due to which a substance absorbs moisture when exposed to air
 - (A) Dehydration
 - (B) Deliquescence
 - (C) Decantation
 - (D) Distillation
- 137. Elements involved in electrical conductivity in nerves
 - (A) C
 - (B) Na
 - (C) H
 - (D) Fe
- 138. Poisonous gas produced, when yellow Phosphorus reacts with hot and concentrated solution of NaOH, is
 - (A) NH₃
 - (B) CH₄
 - (C) PH₃
 - (D) CO₂
- 139. Element whose molecule exists in the form of 8 membered ring like structure
 - (A) P
 - (B) N
 - (C) C
 - (D) S
- 140. The non living components are called
 - (A) Biome
 - (B) Autotrophic
 - (C) Abiotic

- 141. The evaporation of water takes place from the leaves of the plants. The process is called
 - (A) Evaporation
 - (B) Transpiration
 - (C) Dehumidification
 - (D) Fumigation

142. For the food chain

Grass → Mice → Snakes → Peacocks

What will be the energy transferred to peacocks as food?

- (A) 90 J
- (B) 50 J
- (C) 10 J
- (D) 1J
- 143. The gas that resulted to Bhopal Gas tragedy
 - (A) Carbon dioxide
 - (B) Sulphur dioxide
 - (C) Ammonia
 - (D) Methyl Isocyanate
- 144. The units of noise is
 - (A) Photon
 - (B) RPM
 - (C) Decibel
 - (D) Joules
- 145. The gas available in the largest quantity by volume, in air is
 - (A) Oxygen
 - (B) Hydrogen
 - (C) Nitrogen
 - (D) Carbon dioxide
- 146. Main harmful effects of radiations is
 - (A) Malaria
 - (B) AIDS
 - (C) Cancer
 - (D) Tetanus
- 147. Carbon dioxide absorbs
 - (A) Infra red radiation
 - (B) Red Light
 - (C) (c)Ultra violet radiation
 - (D) All of these



- 148. The mass number of an element is equal to
 - (A) the number of neutrons present in its nucleus
 - (B) the number of protons present in its nucleus
 - (C) sum of number of protons and number of neutrons present in the nucleus
 - (D) sum of number of protons and number of electrons present in the element
- 149. The electrons in an atom revolve rapidly around the nucleus without loss of energy in fixed circular paths was suggested by
 - (A) J.J. Thomson
 - (B) Chadwick
 - (C) Roentgeri
 - (D) Bohr
- 150. Fuels formed by the decomposition of plants and animals under the earth are called
 - (A) liquid fuels
 - (B) solid fuels
 - (C) fossil fuels
 - (D) Natural fuels