#### CY:CHEMISTRY

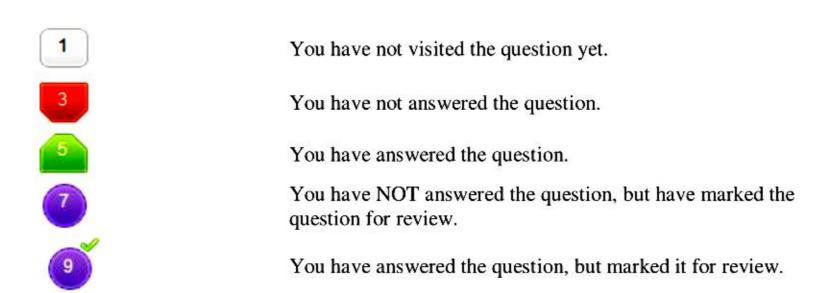
Duration: Three Hours Maximum Marks:100

Please read the following instructions carefully:

#### **General Instructions:**

1. Total duration of examination is 180 minutes (3 hours).

- The clock will be set at the server. The countdown timer in the top right corner of screen will display
  the remaining time available for you to complete the examination. When the timerreaches zero, the
  examinationwill end by itself. You will not be required to end or submit your examination.
- 3. The Question Palettedisplayed on the right side of screen will show the status of each question using one of the following symbols:



The Marked for Review status for a question simply indicates that you would like to look at that question again. If a question is answered and Marked for Review, your answer for that question will be considered in the evaluation.

#### **Navigating to a Question**

- 4. To answer a question, do the following:
  - a. Click on the question number in the Question Palette to go to that question directly.
  - b. Select an answer for a multiple choice type question. Use the virtual numeric keypad to enter a number as answer for a numerical type question.
  - Click on Save and Nexttosave your answer for the current question and then go to the next question.
  - d. Click on Mark for Review and Nextto save your answer for the currentquestion, mark it for review, and then go to the next question.
  - e. Caution: Note that your answer for the current question will not be saved, if you navigate to another question directly by clicking on its question number.
- You can view all the questions by clicking on the Question Paper button. Note that the options for multiple choice type questions will not be shown.

### **Answering a Question**

- 6. Procedure for answering a multiple choice type question:
  - a. To select your answer, click on the button of one of the options
  - To deselect your chosen answer, click on the button of the chosen option again or click on the Clear Response button
  - c. To change your chosen answer, click on the button of another option
  - d. To save your answer, you MUST click on the Save and Nextbutton

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e. To mark the question for review, click on the Mark for Review and Nextbutton. If an answer is selected for a question that is Marked for Review, that answer will be considered in the evaluation.

- 7. Procedure for answering a numerical answer type question:
  - a. To enter a number as your answer, use the virtual numerical keypad
  - b. A fraction (eg.,-0.3 or -.3) can be entered as an answer with or without '0' before the decimal point
  - c. To clear your answer, click on the Clear Response button
  - d. To save your answer, you MUST click on the Save and Nextbutton
  - e. To mark the question for review, click on the Mark for Review and Nextbutton. If an answer is entered for a question that is Marked for Review, that answer will be considered in the evaluation.
- 8. To change your answer to a question that has already been answered, first select that question for answering and then follow the procedure for answering that type of question.
- Note that ONLY Questions for which answers are saved or marked for review after answering will be considered for evaluation.

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### Paper specific instructions:

 There are a total of 65 questions carrying 100 marks. Questions are of multiple choice type or numerical answer type. A multiple choice type question will have four choices for the answer with only one correct choice. For numerical answer type questions, the answer is a number and no choices will be given. A number as the answer should be entered using the virtual keyboard on the monitor.

- 2. Questions Q.1 Q.25 carry 1mark each. Questions Q.26 Q.55 carry 2marks each. The 2marks questions include two pairs of common data questions and two pairs of linked answer questions. The answer to the second question of the linked answer questions depends on the answer to the first question of the pair. If the first question in the linked pair is wrongly answered or is not attempted, then the answer to the second question in the pair will not be evaluated.
- Questions Q.56 Q.65 belong to General Aptitude (GA) section and carry a total of 15 marks.
   Questions Q.56 Q.60 carry 1mark each, and questions Q.61 Q.65 carry 2marks each.
- 4. Questions not attempted will result in zero mark. Wrong answers for multiple choice type questions will result in **NEGATIVE** marks. For all 1 mark questions, ½ mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. For all 2 marks questions, ½ mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. However, in the case of the linked answer question pair, there will be negative marks only for wrong answer to the first question and no negative marks for wrong answer to the second question. There is no negative marking for questions of numerical answer type.
- 5. Calculator is allowed. Charts, graph sheets or tables are **NOT** allowed in the examination hall.
- Do the rough work in the Scribble Pad provided.

#### USEFUL DATA - CY CHEMISTRY

### COMMON DATA

Planck constant :  $6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$ Avogadro number :  $6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{mol}^{-1}$ Speed of light :  $3 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ 

Gas constant :  $8.314 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{mol}^{-1}$ 

:  $0.08314 \text{ L bar } \text{K}^{-1} \text{mol}^{-1}$ 

 $\hspace{3.1cm} : \hspace{3.1cm} 2 \hspace{1mm} cal \hspace{1mm} K^{-1} mol^{-1} \\$  Boltzmann constant :  $1.38 \times 10^{-23} \hspace{1mm} J \hspace{1mm} K^{-1}$ 

Faraday constant : 96500 Cmol<sup>-1</sup>

 $\pi$  : 3.14

Trouton's rule :  $\Delta S_{vap} = 87 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{mol}^{-1}$ 

Atomic Numbers:

20 Ca V 23 Cr 24 Mn 25 Fe 26 42 Mo Xe 54 86 Rn

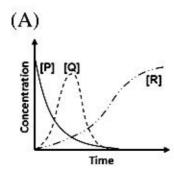
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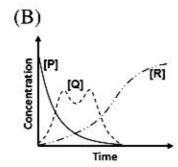


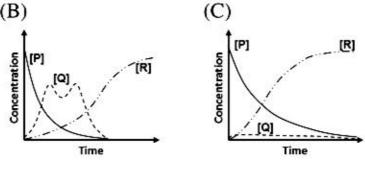
# Q. 1 - Q. 25carry one mark each.

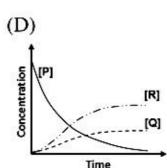
- The point group symmetry of  $CH_2=C=CH_2$  is Q.1
  - (A)  $D_{2h}$
- (C)  $C_{2v}$
- (D)  $D_{2d}$
- Two trial wave functions  $\phi_1 = c_1 x(a-x)$  and  $\phi_2 = c_1 x(a-x) + c_2 x^2(a-x)^2$  give ground state Q.2 energies E<sub>1</sub> and E<sub>2</sub>, respectively, for themicroscopic particle in a 1-D boxby using the variation method. If the exact ground state energy is  $E_0$ , the correct relationship between  $E_0$ ,  $E_1$  and  $E_2$  is
  - (A)  $E_0 = E_1 = E_2$
- (B)  $E_0 \le E_1 \le E_2$  (C)  $E_0 \le E_2 \le E_1$  (D)  $E_0 \ge E_2 = E_1$
- The ground state energies of H atom and H2 molecule are -13.6 eV and -31.7 eV, respectively. The Q.3 dissociation energy of H2 is \_\_\_\_\_ eV.
- A 2 L vessel containing 2 g of H<sub>2</sub>gas at 27 °C is connected to a 2 L vessel containing 176 g of CO<sub>2</sub> Q.4 gas at 27 °C. Assuming ideal behavior of H<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub>, the partial pressure of H<sub>2</sub> at equilibrium is bar.
- Consider the reaction  $2C(s) + O_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2CO(g)$  at equilibrium. Q.5 The equilibrium can be shifted towards the forward direction by
  - increasing the amount of carbon in the system. (A)
  - decreasing the volume of the system. (B)
  - (C) decreasing the pressure of the system.
  - increasing the temperature of the system. (D)
- A sparingly soluble electrolyte  $M_2X$  ionizes as  $M_2X \rightleftharpoons 2M^+ + X^{2-}$ Q.6 The solubility product  $(K_{sp})$ , molal solubility (S) and mean molal activity coefficient  $(\gamma_{\pm})$  are related

- (A)  $K_{SP} = S^2 \gamma_{\pm}^2$  (B)  $K_{SP} = S^3 \gamma_{\pm}^3$  (C)  $K_{SP} = 4S^3 \gamma_{\pm}^2$  (D)  $K_{SP} = 4S^3 \gamma_{\pm}^3$
- Q.7 For the first order consecutive reaction  $P \rightarrow Q \rightarrow R$ , under steady state approximation to [Q], the variations of [P], [Q] and [R] with timeare best represented by









- At 273 K and 10 bar, the Langmuir adsorption of a gas on a solid surface gave the fraction of Q.8 surface coverage as 0.01. The Langmuir adsorption isotherm constant is \_\_\_\_\_ (Give the answer to the third decimal place)
- Q.9 Conversion of boron trifluoride to tetrafluoroborate accompanies
  - (A) increase in symmetry and bond elongation
  - increase in symmetry and bond contraction (B)
  - (C) decrease in symmetry and bond contraction
  - decrease in symmetry and bond elongation (D)

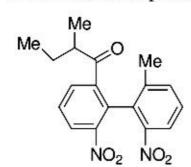
Q.10 The correct statement with respect to the bonding of the ligands, Me<sub>3</sub>N and Me<sub>3</sub>P with the metal ions Be2+ and Pd2+ is,

- (A) the ligands bind equally strong with both the metal ions as they are dicationic
- the ligands bind equally strong with both the metal ions as both the ligands are pyramidal (B)
- (C)
- the binding is stronger for Me<sub>3</sub>N with Be<sup>2+</sup> and Me<sub>3</sub>P with Pd<sup>2+</sup> the binding is stronger for Me<sub>3</sub>N with Pd<sup>2+</sup> and Me<sub>3</sub>P with Be<sup>2+</sup> (D)
- Q.11 A crystal has the lattice parameters  $a \neq b \neq c$  and  $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^{\circ}$ . The crystal system is
  - (A) tetragonal
- (B) monoclinic
- (C) cubic
- (D) orthorhombic
- The by-product formed in the characteristic reaction of (CO)<sub>5</sub>Cr=C(OMe)(Me) with MeNH<sub>2</sub> is Q.12
  - CO (A)
- (B) MeOH
- (C) MeCHO
- (D) MeCONH<sub>2</sub>
- The catalyst and co-catalyst used in the Wacker process, respectively, are Q.13
  - (A) PdCl<sub>2</sub>and Cu

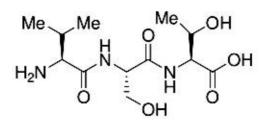
CuCl<sub>2</sub>and [PdCl<sub>4</sub>]<sup>2-</sup> (B)

Pdand CuCl (C)

- [PdCl<sub>4</sub>]<sup>2-</sup>and CuCl<sub>2</sub> (D)
- Q.14 Oxymyoglobin  $Mb(O_2)$  and oxyhemoglobin $Hb(O_2)_4$ , respectively, are
  - (A) paramagnetic and paramagnetic
- diamagnetic and diamagnetic (B)
- (C) paramagnetic anddiamagnetic
- (D) diamagnetic and paramagnetic
- Q.15 Hapticity of cycloheptatrienein Mo(C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>8</sub>)(CO)<sub>3</sub>is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- The number of oxygen molecule(s) that a molecule of hemerythrin can transport is \_\_\_\_\_\_. Q.16
- Q.17 The maximum number of stereoisomers possible for the compound given below is \_\_\_\_\_.



The correct sequence of the amino acids present in the tripeptide given below is Q.18

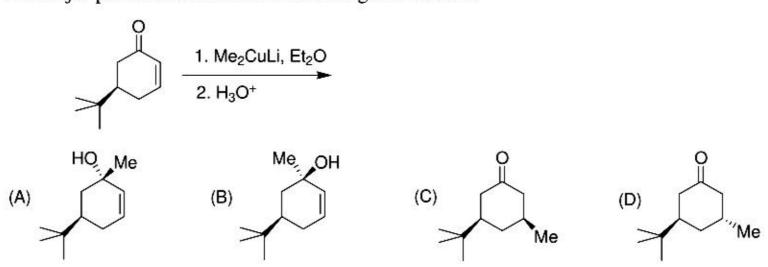


- (A) Val-Ser-Thr
- (B) Val-Thr-Ser
- (C) Leu-Ser-Thr
- Leu-Thr-Ser (D)
- Among the compounds given in the options A-D, the one that can be used as a formyl anion Q.19 equivalent (in the presence of a strong base) is
  - ethylene (A)
- (B) nitroethane
- 1,3-dithiane (C)
- (D)
- 1,4-dithiane

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Q.20 The major product formed in the reaction given below is



Q.21 The major product formed in the reaction given below is

Q.22 The pericyclic reaction given below is an example of

$$\Delta$$

(A) [1,3]-sigmatropic shift

(A)

- (B) [1,5]-sigmatropic shift
- (C) [3,5]-sigmatropic shift
- (D) [3,3]-sigmatropic shift

Q.23 The major product formed in the reaction of quinoline with potassium amide (KNH<sub>2</sub>) in liquid ammonia is

$$(A) \qquad (B) \qquad (C) \qquad (D) \qquad (D)$$

- Q.24 The number of signals that appear in the proton decoupled  $^{13}$ C NMR spectrum of benzonitrile ( $C_7H_5N$ ) is \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.25 Among the compounds given in the options A-D, the one that exhibits a sharp band at around 3300 cm<sup>-1</sup> in the IR spectrum is
  - (A) 1,2-butadiene
- (B) 1,3-butadiene
- (C) 1-butyne
- (D) 2-butyne

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## Q. 26 to Q. 55 carry two marks each.

Q.26 In the metathesis reaction given below, 4.32 g of the compound **X** was treated with 822 mg of the catalyst **Y** to yield 2.63 g of the product **Z**. The mol% of the catalyst **Y** used in this reaction is \_\_\_\_. [Atomic weights of Ru = 101; P = 31; Cl = 35.5].

Q.27 An organic compound Q exhibited the following spectral data:

IR: 1760 cm<sup>-1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>H NMR: δ (ppm): 7.2 (1H, d, J = 16.0 Hz), 5.1 (1 H, m), 2.1 (3 H, s), 1.8 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR: δ (ppm): 170 (carbonyl carbon).

Compound Q is

Q.28 The major product formed in the Beckmann rearrangement of the compound given below is

Q.29 The major product formed in the reaction given below is

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OMe

MeO

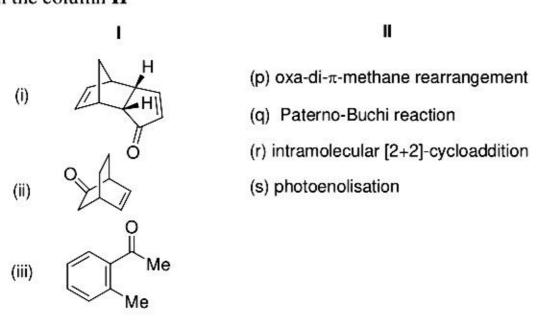


Q.30 The major product formed in the reaction given below is

$$NH_2$$
 NaNO<sub>2</sub>, aq. HCl  $O-5$  °C (B)  $NO_2$  (C)  $NO_2$  (D)  $OH$ 

Q.31 The major product(s) formed in the reaction sequence given below is(are)

Q.32 Match the compounds in the column I with the photochemical reactions that they can undergo given in the column II



- (A) (i)-(q); (ii)-(s); (iii)-(p) (B) (i)-(r); (ii)-(p); (iii)-(s)
- (C) (i)-(p); (ii)-(r); (iii)-(q) (D) (i)-(r); (ii)-(q); (iii)-(s)
- Q.33  $e^{-2x^2}$  is an eigen function of the operator  $\left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} 16x^2\right)$ . The corresponding eigen value is
  - (A) +4 (B) -4 (C) +2 (D) -2
- Q.34 The infrared spectrum of HCl gas shows an absorption band centered at 2885 cm<sup>-1</sup>. The zero point energy of HCl molecule under harmonic oscillator approximation is
  - (A)  $2.8665 \times 10^{-22} \text{ J}$  (B)  $2.8665 \times 10^{-20} \text{ J}$
  - (C)  $5.7330 \times 10^{-22} \text{ J}$  (D)  $5.7330 \times 10^{-20} \text{ J}$

For the reaction  $X_2O_4(l) \longrightarrow 2XO_2(g)$  at 298 K, Q.35 given the values,  $\Delta U = 9 \text{ kJ}$  and  $\Delta S = 84 \text{ J K}^{-1}$ ,  $\Delta G$  is

- -11.08 kJ(A)
- +11.08 kJ(B)
- (C) -13.55 kJ
- +13.55kJ(D)

The change in enthalpy when 3 mol of liquid benzene transforms to the vapor state at its boiling Q.36 temperature (80 °C) and at 1 bar pressure is \_\_\_\_\_

The moment of inertia of a homonuclear diatomic molecule is  $7.5 \times 10^{-45}$  kg m<sup>2</sup>. Its rotational Q.37 partition function at 500 K is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

For a reaction of the type  $X \stackrel{k_1}{\longleftarrow} Y$ , the correct rate expression is  $([X]_0 \text{ and } [X] \text{ correspond to the concentrations of } X \text{ at time } t=0 \text{ and } t=t, \text{ respectively})$ 

(A) 
$$-\frac{d[X]}{dt} = k_1[X]_0 - (k_1 + k_2)[X]$$
 (B)  $-\frac{d[X]}{dt} = (k_1 + k_2)[X] - k_2[X]_0$ 

(A) 
$$-\frac{d[X]}{dt} = k_1 [X]_0 - (k_1 + k_2) [X]$$
 (B) 
$$-\frac{d[X]}{dt} = (k_1 + k_2) [X] - k_2 [X]_0$$
 (C) 
$$-\frac{d[X]}{dt} = (k_1 + k_2) [X]_0 - k_1 [X]$$
 (D) 
$$-\frac{d[X]}{dt} = (k_1 - k_2) [X] - k_1 [X]_0$$

The temperature dependence of partition functions are as follows: Q.39

$$q_{translation} \propto T^{\frac{3}{2}}$$
  $q_{vibration} \propto T^{0}$ 

$$q_{\it rotation} \propto T$$
 (linear molecule)  $q_{\it rotation} \propto T^{\frac{3}{2}}$  (non-linear molecule)

According to the conventional transition state theory (CTST), the temperature dependence of the Arrhenius pre-exponential factor for a reaction of the type given below is

- $T^{-1}$ (A) (B) (C)
- Decarbonylation reaction of [cis-(CH<sub>3</sub>CO)Mn(<sup>13</sup>CO)(CO)<sub>4</sub>] yields **X,Y** and **Z**, where Q.40

 $X = [(CH_3)Mn(CO)_5]; Y = [cis-(CH_3)Mn(^{13}CO)(CO)_4]; Z = [trans-(CH_3)Mn(^{13}CO)(CO)_4]$ 

The molar ratio of the products (X : Y : Z) in this reaction is

- (A) 1:1:1
- 1:2:1 (B)
- (C) 1:1:2
- 2:1:1 (D)

 $T^2$ 

(D)

- According to polyhedral electron count rule, the structure of Rh<sub>6</sub>(CO)<sub>16</sub>is Q.41
  - (A) closo
- (B) nido
- (C) arachno
- (D) hypho

The increasing order of melting points of the halides NaCl, CuClandNaF is

CuCl<NaCl<NaF (A)

NaF<NaCl<CuCl (B)

(C) NaF<CuCl<NaCl (D) CuCl<NaF<NaCl

The correct electronic configuration and spin only magnetic moment of Gd3+ (at.no. 64) are

- [Xe]4f<sup>7</sup> and 7.9 BM (A)
- [Xe]4f<sup>7</sup> and 8.9 BM (B)
- [Xe]4f<sup>6</sup>5d<sup>1</sup> and 7.9 BM (C)
- [Rn]5f<sup>7</sup> and 7.9 BM (D)

Among the following octahedral complexes, the one that has the highest enthalpy of hydration is Q.44

- (A)  $[Ca(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$
- $(B)[Mn(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$
- (C)  $[V(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$
- (D)  $[Cr(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$



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Q.45		al crystallizes in to atom contact				a lattice param	eter of 4.	20 Å. The shortest	
	(A)	4.20 Å	(B)	2.97 Å	(C)	2.42 Å	(D)	2.10 Å	
Q.46		ographic method two ions (Cu <sup>2+</sup>					<sup>2+</sup> and Cd	<sup>2+</sup> in a given mixture	
	(A) (B) (C) (D)	half-wave pot migration cur decompositio diffusion curr	rents n potent	ials					
Q.47	The gr	round state term	of [Ni()	$(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$ is					
	(A)	$^{3}T_{1g}$	(B)	$^{3}T_{2g}$	(C)	$^{3}A_{2g}$	(D)	$^{4}T_{1g}$	
Commo	on Data	Questions							
Comn	on Dat	ta for Question	s 48 and	1 49:					
		Dimethylforman ts <sup>1</sup> H NMR spec	11.75				or the met	hyl protons	
Q.48	Match colum	the patterns of an II.	the NM	R signals given	in colum	n <b>I</b> with temper	ratures gi	ven in the	
				I			II		
	(i) Ty	wo singlets,for t	hree pro	tons each, at δ	2.87 and	2.97 ppm	(x) 25	°C	
	(ii) O	ne sharp single	t for six	protons at $\delta$ 2.9	2 ppm		(y) 120	0 °C	
	(iii) (	One broad signa	l for six	protons			(z) 150	) °C	
	(A)	(i)-(x); (ii)-(y	); (iii)-(z	)	(B)	(i)-(x); (ii)-(z	); (iii)-(y	)	
	(C)	(i)-(z); (ii)-(x)	); (iii)-(y	)	(D)	(i)-(z); (ii)-(y	); (iii)-(x	)	
Q.49		Based on the above data, the calculated difference in the frequencies of the two methylsinglets, if the spectrum is recorded on a 300 MHzspectrometer, is Hz.						methylsinglets, if	
Comn	on Dat	ta for Question	s 50 and	1 51:					
		ng a mixture of $ct(\mathbf{X})$ , along with				300000000	rate gives	s one liquid	
Q.50	Comp	ound X is							
	(A)	NH <sub>4</sub> [BH <sub>4</sub> ]			(B)	[(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> BH <sub>2</sub> ]	[BH <sub>4</sub> ]		
	(C)	$N_3B_3H_6$			(D)	$N_3B_3H_{12}$			
Q.51	Comp	ound X is an ex	ample o	f					
	(A)	ionic liquid			(B)	saturated hete	erocycle		
	(C)	molecular cag	ge		(D)	unsaturated h	neterocyc	le	

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## Linked Answer Questions 52 and 53:

Q.52 The major product X formed in the reaction given below is

ЮH

Q.53 Oxidation of the product X, obtained in the above reaction, with active manganese dioxide, followed by acidic hydrolysis gives

### Statement for Linked Answer Questions 54 and 55:

The standard half-cell reduction potential of  $Fe^{3+}(aq) | Fe$  is -0.036 V and that of  $OH^{-}(aq) | Fe(OH)_{3}(s) | Fe$  is -0.786 V.

- Q.54 For the determination of solubility product  $(K_{SP})$  of  $Fe(OH)_3$ , the appropriate cell representation and its *emf* are, respectively,
  - (A)  $\langle Fe|Fe(OH)_3(s)|OH^-(aq)Fe^{3+}(aq)|Fe\rangle$ , -0.750V
  - (B)  $\langle Fe|Fe^{3+}(aq)OH^{-}(aq)|Fe(OH)_{3}(s)|Fe\rangle$ , -0.750V
  - (C)  $\langle Fe | Fe (OH)_3(s) | OH^-(aq)Fe^{3+}(aq) | Fe \rangle$ , +0.750 V
  - (D)  $\langle Fe | Fe^{3+}(aq)OH^{-}(aq) | Fe(OH)_{3}(s) | Fe \rangle$ , -0.822 V
- Q.55 The value of  $\log_e(K_{SP})$  for  $Fe(OH)_3$  at 298 K is
  - (A) -38.2
- (B) +87.6
- (C) -96.0
- (D) -87.6

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# General Aptitude (GA) Questions

## Q. 56 - Q. 60 carry one mark each.

Q.56 If  $3 \le X \le 5$  and  $8 \le Y \le 11$  then which of the following options is TRUE?

$$(A)\frac{3}{5} \le \frac{X}{Y} \le \frac{8}{5}$$

$$(B)\frac{3}{11} \le \frac{X}{Y} \le \frac{5}{8}$$

$$(C)\frac{3}{11} \le \frac{X}{Y} \le \frac{8}{5}$$

$$(D)\frac{3}{5} \le \frac{X}{Y} \le \frac{8}{11}$$

Q.57 The Headmaster \_\_\_\_\_\_ to speak to you.

Which of the following options is incorrect to complete the above sentence?

- (A) is wanting
- (B) wants
- (C) want
- (D) was wanting

Q.58 Mahatama Gandhi was known for his humility as

- (A) he played an important role in humiliating exit of British from India.
- (B) he worked for humanitarian causes.
- (C) he displayed modesty in his interactions.
- (D) he was a fine human being.

Q.59 All engineering students should learn mechanics, mathematics and how to do computation.

II III I'

Which of the above underlined parts of the sentence is not appropriate?

- (A) I
- (B) II
- (C) III
- (D) IV

Q.60 Select the pair that best expresses a relationship similar to that expressed in the pair: water: pipe::

(A) cart: road

(B) electricity: wire

(C) sea: beach

(D) music: instrument

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### Q. 61 to Q. 65 carry two marks each.

Q.61 Velocity of an object fired directly in upward direction is given by V = 80 - 32 t, where t (time) is in seconds. When will the velocity be between 32 m/sec and 64 m/sec?

(A)(1, 3/2)

(B)(1/2,1)

(C) (1/2, 3/2)

(D)(1,3)

Q.62 In a factory, two machines M1 and M2 manufacture 60% and 40% of the autocomponents respectively. Out of the total production, 2% of M1 and 3% of M2 are found to be defective. If a randomly drawn autocomponent from the combined lot is found defective, what is the probability that it was manufactured by M2?

(A) 0.35

(B) 0.45

(C) 0.5

(D) 0.4

Q.63 Following table gives data on tourists from different countries visiting India in the year 2011.

Country	Number of Tourists
USA	2000
England	3500
Germany	1200
Italy	1100
Japan	2400
Australia	2300
France	1000

Which two countries contributed to the one third of the total number of tourists who visited India in 2011?

- (A) USA and Japan
- (B) USA and Australia
- (C) England and France
- (D) Japan and Australia

Q.64 If |-2X + 9| = 3 then the possible value of  $|-X| - X^2$  would be:

(A) 30

(B) -30

(C) -42

(D) 42

Q.65 All professors are researchers Some scientists are professors

Which of the given conclusions is logically valid and is inferred from the above arguments:

- (A) All scientists are researchers
- (B) All professors are scientists
- (C) Some researchers are scientists
- (D) No conclusion follows

# **END OF THE QUESTION PAPER**

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