Sample Paper



Time: 90 Minutes Max. Marks: 40

General Instructions

- 1. The Question Paper contains four sections.
- 2. Section A has 24 questions. Attempt any 20 questions.
- 3. Section B has 22 questions. Attempt any 18 questions.
- 4. Section C has 12 questions (Case-based). Attempt any 5 questions.
- 5. Section D contains 2 Map-based questions. Attempt both the questions.
- 5. All questions carry equal marks.
- 6. There is no negative marking.

SECTION-A 1. Which of the following statues is given in the first print of the world map given by Frédéric Sorrieu? (a) Statue of Liberty (b) Statue of Unity Statue of Peace Statue of Marianne 2. Which of the following is not a part of the Ottoman Empire? (a) Bulgaria Romania Armenia Georgia (d) 3. Who said the given statement? The zollverein aims to bind the Germans economically into a nation. (a) Friedrich List Thomas Hobbes Denis Diderot Karl Marx (b) (c) (d) Which of the following is not considered traditional institutions of state and society by conservatives? (a) Social hierarchies (b) Church **Property** Borders (c) 5. Which of the following was not part of the Vienna settlement? (a) Prussia Austria (c) Ireland (d) Britain Which of the following was deposed during the French Revolution? (a) Bourbon dynasty Ottoman Empire Bosonid dynasty (b) (c) Carolingian dynasty 7. How many states were involved in the German confederation? (d) Which of the following was the nature of conservative regimes set up in 1815? 8. Monarchy (a) Autocratic (b) Democratic Communist (d) 9. Which of the following types of the crop is rubber? (a) Tropical Temperate Equatorial Sub-tropical 10. Which of the following is not a major fibre crop grown in India? (a) Cotton (b) Jute (c) Pea Hemp (d) Which of the following leaves is used to obtain natural silk by silkworms? (a) Mulberry Neem Guava Blueberry (b) 12. Which of the following is not an example of community-owned resources? (a) Burial grounds Grazing grounds (c) Village ponds (d) Own pasture land 13. Which of the following is the member of the secret society of the Carbonari? Michel Foucault (a) Giuseppe Mazzini Voltaire (c) Claude Levi (d) **14.** Which of the following is not an example of a renewable resource? (a) Wildlife Solar energy Water Fossil fuels

15.	Which of the follow	ing states was not the success	of the Green Revolution	?				
	(a) Punjab	(b) Haryana	(c) Western Uttar	Pradesh (d)	Gujarat			
16.	Which of the followi	ng is a staple food for the maj	ority of the people in Indi	a?				
	(a) Wheat	(b) Rice	(c) Pulses	(d)	Bajra			
17.	7. In between the rabi and the Kharif seasons, there is a short season during the summer months known as the							
	(a) Zaid	(b) Winter	(c) Season	(d)	Spring			
18.	In 2005, some new la	aws were made in	giving more powers	to its president.				
	(a) France	(b) Russia	(c) Poland	(d)	USA			
19.	Which of the follows	ing is divided as continuous o	r flow resources?					
	(a) Renewable reso	ources	(b) Non-renewab	le resources				
	(c) Individual resou	urces	(d) Potential reso	ources				
20.	When two or more p	arties form an alliance to con	test elections, they form a	·	government.			
	(a) Feudal	(b) Coalition	(c) Democratic	(d)	Modern			
21. In sector, more than half of the workers are working.								
	(a) Primary	(b) Secondary	(c) Tertiary	(d)	Service			
22.	On the basis of per ca	apita income, how many level	s are there of countries in	the world?				
	(a) One	(b) Two	(c) Three	(d)	Four			
23.	Which of the followi	ng states has the highest infar	nt mortality rate?					
	(a) Haryana	(b) Bihar	(c) Kerala	(d)	Punjab			
24.	Which of the followi	ng is the literacy rate of males	of the rural population in	Uttar Pradesh?				
	(a) 76	(b) 90	(c) 85	(d)	82			
			SECTION B					

25.



Which of the following is shown in the given image?

- (a) Massacre at Chios (b) Massacre at Prussia (c) Massacre at Ireland (d) Massacre at Austria **26.** Which of the following increased the mobility after the formation of the customs union in Prussia? (a) Freedom of markets Increase in tariff (c) Creation of railway network Building of roads (d) 27. An Elle of textile material bought in Frankfurt would get you 54.7 cm of cloth, in Mainz 55.1 cm, in Nuremberg 65.6 cm, in Freiburg 53.5 cm. Such conditions were viewed as obstacles to economic exchange and growth by the new classes. (a) Middle (b) Upper (c) Commercial (d) Lower 28. Following the defeat of Napoleon in 1815, European governments were driven by a spirit of (a) Socialism (b) Conservatism Secularism (d) Imperialism
- **29.** Which of the following is not an outcome of modernization brought by Napoleon?
 - (a) Strong traditional institutions

(b) A modern army

(c) Efficient bureaucracy

(d) Abolition of secularism

Sample Paper-9 SP-67 **30.** Which of the following ideologies emphasise traditions? (a) Conservatism (b) Imperialism (c) Colonialism (d) Democracy 31. Assertion (A): The kingdom of the Netherlands, which included Belgium, was set up in the north and Genoa was added to Piedmont in the south. Reason (R): A series of states were set up on the boundaries of France to prevent French expansion in future. (a) Both, A and R, are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (b) Both, A and R, are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. (c) If A is true but R is false. (d) If A is false but R is true. **32.** Which of the following is not an objective of secret societies? (a) To train revolutionaries To spread their ideas (c) To make them fight for liberty and freedom (d) To favour monarchical forms **33. Assertion (A):** Giuseppe Mazzini was sent into exile in 1831. **Reason (R):** He attempted a revolution in Liguria. (a) Both, A and R, are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (b) Both, A and R, are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. (c) If A is true but R is false. (d) If A is false but R is true. **34.** Which of the following was threatened by the French domination according to the Grimm brothers? (c) French culture (a) Russian culture (b) German culture (d) Italian culture **35.** Which of the following is correct about the non-renewable resources? (i) These occur over a very long geological time. (ii) Some of the resources like metals are recyclable. (iii) Some of the resources like fossil fuels cannot be recycled and get exhausted with their use. (b) (i) and (ii) (ii) and (iii) (i), (ii) and (iii) **36.** Which of the following is not an aim of Agenda 21? (a) Combat environmental damage Combat poverty (b) (c) Prevent disease through global co-operation Compulsory primary education **37.** Which of the following is not correct about resources? (i) The availability of resources is not a necessary condition for the development of any region. (ii) Mere availability of resources in the absence of corresponding changes in technology and institutions may hinder development. (iii) There are some regions that have a poor resource base but they are economically developed. (b) (i) and (ii) (c) (ii) and (iii) (d) (i), (ii) and (iii) **38.** Which of the following is not the correct land utilisation? (a) Forests Permanent pastures and grazing land (c) Fallow land Bad land **39.** • In this type of farming, a single crop is grown in a large area. It has an interface of agriculture and industry. It covers large tracts of land, using capital intensive inputs, with the help of migrant labourers. Which type of farming is it? (a) Intensive subsistence farming Plantation (c) Commercial agriculture (d) Dry farming

40. Assertion (A): The system of different organs of government is called as horizontal distribution of power. **Reason (R):** It allows different organs of government placed at the same level to exercise different powers.

(a) Both, A and R, are true and R is the correct explanation of A.(b) Both, A and R, are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

(c) If A is true but R is false.(d) If A is false but R is true.

SP-68 Social Science **41.** Which of the following is not the correct statement? There are many countries where there are no provincial or state governments. (ii) In those countries like ours, where there are different levels of government, the constitution lays down the powers of different levels of government. (iii) This system was favoured in Sri Lanka. (ii) and (iii) (a) (i) (b) (ii) (iii) What is the full form of MGNREGA? (a) Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (b) Mahatma Gandhi National Rate of Employment Guarantee Act (c) Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Grade Act (d) Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Exclusive Guarantee Act **43.** Which of the following statements is/are not correct about resources? (i) They are the gift of nature. (ii) They are a function of human activities. (iii) They transform material available in our environment into resources and use them. (a) (i) (b) (ii) (iii) (d) (i) and (ii) 44. Which of the following is not an element of the processof transforming things available in our environment? Physical environment Technology (c) Institutions (d) Social sanction 45. at birth denotes, as the name suggests, the average expected length of life of a person at the time of birth. (a) Life mortality (b) Life longevity Life quality (d) Life Expectancy **46.** Which of the following issues was a controversial one within the liberal movement? (a) Political rights to women Right to education (c) Right to freedom (d) Right to privacy SECTION-C **PASSAGE-1** Indian coffee is known in the world for its good quality. The Arabica variety initially brought from Yemen is produced in the country. This variety is in great demand all over the world. Initially, its cultivation was introduced on the Baba Budan Hills and even today its cultivation is confined to the Nilgiri in Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu. In 2017, India was the second-largest producer of fruits and vegetables in the world after China. India is a producer of tropical as well as temperate fruits. Mangoes of Maharashtra, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal, oranges of Nagpur and Cherrapunjee (Meghalaya), bananas of Kerala, Mizoram, Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu, lichi and guava of Uttar Pradesh and Bihar, pineapples of Meghalaya, grapes of Andhra Pradesh, Telangana and Maharashtra, apples, pears, apricots and walnuts of Jammu and Kashmir and Himachal Pradesh are in great demand the world over. India is an important producer of a pea, cauliflower, onion, cabbage, tomato, brinjal and potato. **47.** Which of the following is famous for its quality? (a) Indian coffee Pulses Rice (b) Indian tea (c) (d) **48.** From which of the following countries was the Arabica coffee brought at the beginning? (a) Saudi Arabia (b) Yemen China Nepal **49.** In which of the following countries is the cultivation of coffee confined in the country? (a) Kerala Karnataka Tamil Nadu Andhra Pradesh (b) (c) (d) **50.** Which of the following was at the second position in the production of fruits and vegetables? (a) China (b) India Russia (d) Sri Lanka **51.** Match the following: (Fruit) (Place)

1.

2.

Mangoes

Apricots

(a) 1-(iii), 2-(i), 3-(ii)

Lichi

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

Uttar Pradesh

Maharashtra

1-(iii), 2-(ii), 3-(i)

1-(i), 2-(iii), 3-(ii)

(d) 1-(ii), 2-(i), 3-(iii)

Himachal Pradesh

Sample Paper-9 SP-69

	52.	Which of the	following is 1	not majorly r	produced in	India?
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(a) Pea

Onion (b)

(c) Cabbage (d) Carrot

PASSAGE-2

Globalisation is not a new phenomenon. It was there at the time of colonisation. In the nineteenth-century when European traders came to India, at that time too, Indian spices were exported to different countries of the world and farmers of south India were encouraged to grow these crops. Till today it is one of the important items of export from India.

During the British period, cotton belts of India attracted the British and ultimately cotton was exported to Britain as a raw material for their textile industries. The cotton textile industry in Manchester and Liverpool flourished due to the availability of good quality cotton from India. You have read about the Champaran movement which started in 1917 in Bihar. This was started because farmers of that region were forced to grow indigo on their land. After all, it was necessary for the textile industries which were located in Britain. They were unable to grow foodgrains to sustain their families.

During which period was there colonialism?

Eighteenth-century (b) Nineteenth-century

Twentieth-century

Twenty-first century

54. In the major spice production was there in the nineteenth century. (a) North India

(b) South India Eastern part

(d) Western part

Which of the following was the reason farmers were forced to grow indigo rather than food crops? 55.

(a) For the textile industries

Location of textile industries in Britain

(c) Scarcity of seeds

(d) All of the above

56. When did the Champaran movement take place?

(a) 1916

(b) 1917

1918 (c)

1919 (d)

57. In Britain, the cotton textile industry was at the top in

(a) Manchester

England (b)

Bristol (c)

Canterbury (d)

58. Which of the following was exported to Britain?

(a) Cotton

Rice

(c) Jute

Wheat (d)

SECTION-D

Map-based Questions



SP-70	0	Social Science
59.	Which of the following crop has the highest production in the state which is marked A on the given n	nap?

59.	Whi	ich of the following cr	op ha	s the highest production	in th	e state which is marked A	on the	given map?
	(a)	Sugarcane	(b)	Coffee	(c)	Jute	(d)	Barley
60.	Whi	ich of the following st	ates h	as the largest production	n of p	ulses marked B on the giv	en maj	?
	(a)	Madhya Pradesh	(b)	Uttar Pradesh	(c)	Rajasthan	(d)	Maharashtra
Note	: The	e following question a	re for	the Visually Impaired Ca	andida	ates in lieu of questions 59	and 60	
59.	The	major production of	coffee	in India takes place in t	he sta	te of		
	(a)	Karnataka	(b)	Bihar	(c)	Uttar Pradesh	(d)	Assam
60.	In w	which of the following	states	does the major product	ion of	jute take place?		
	(a)	West Bengal	(b)	Uttar Pradesh	(c)	Karnataka	(d)	Uttarakhand
	(e)	Assam						

OMR ANSWER SHEET

Sample Paper No – 9

- **★** Use Blue / Black Ball pen only.
- **★** Please do not make any atray marks on the answer sheet.
- * Rough work must not be done on the answer sheet.
- **★** Darken one circle deeply for each question in the OMR Answer sheet, as faintly darkend / half darkened circle might by rejected.

Start time : End time Time taken											
1. Name (in Block Letters)											
2. Date of Exam											
Candidate	a's Signa	J L J			\neg						
5. Candidate	3. Candidate's Signature SECTION-A										
1. a	(b)	C	d	9. a	b	©	d	17. a	(b)	<u>C</u>	d
2. a	b	C	\bigcirc	10. a	b	C	d	18. a	(b)	(c)	<u>d</u>
3. a	b	© ©	\bigcirc	11. a	b	C	$\overline{\mathbf{d}}$	19. a	(b)	C	<u>d</u>
4. (a)	b	©	$\overline{\mathbf{d}}$	12. a	b	©	d d	20. a	(b)	(c)	<u>d</u>
5. a	(b)	©	$\overline{\mathbf{d}}$	13. a	(b)	©	(d)	21. a	(b)	©	<u>d</u>
6. a 7. a	(b)	© ©	\bigcirc	14. a	(b)	© ©	(d) (d)	22. a 23. a	(b)	© ©	(d) (d)
8. a	b	0	<u>d</u>	15. a 16. a	b	0	d	24. (a)	b	0	<u>d</u>
	SECTION-B										
25. a	b	©	d	33. a	b	C	d	41. a	(b)	0	d
26. a	b	(c)	d	34. a	b	©	\bigcirc	42. a	b	©	<u>d</u>
27. a	(b)	©	\bigcirc	35. a	b	©	$\frac{d}{d}$	43. a	b	©	<u>d</u>
28. a 29. a	(b)	0	(d) (d)	36. a 37. a	(b)	©		44. a a 45. a	(b)	0	(d) (d)
29. a 30. a	b	0	d	37. a 38. a	(b) (b)	© ©	(d)	45. a a 46. a	(b)	0	(d)
31.	b	\odot	$\overline{\mathbb{d}}$	39. a	b	<u>©</u>	$\overline{\mathbf{d}}$				
32. a	(b)	\odot	$\stackrel{\smile}{\mathbb{Q}}$	40. a	(b)	©	$\stackrel{\smile}{\mathbb{Q}}$				
SECTION-C											
47 a	b	©	<u>d</u>	51 (a)	(b)	©	\bigcirc	55. (a)	(b)	© ©	d
48. a	(b)	©	d	52. a	(b)	©	<u>d</u>	56. a	(b)		<u>d</u>
49. a 50. a	(b)	© ©	(d)	53. a 54. a	(b)	© ©	<u>d</u>	57. a 58. a	(b)	0	(d)
SECTION-D											
59. (a) (b) (c) (d) (60. (a) (b) (c) (d)											
				Correct	<u></u>	I	correct	_	Marks		
No. of Qns. Attempted				Confect		1110	JOHECL		IVIAIKS		

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