CAT 2019 - INSTRUMENTATION

- 1. Pascal is the unit for
 - (A) weight
 - (B) pressure
 - (C) conductivity
 - (D) frequency

2. Which one of the following is necessary to observe interference !!

- (A) Two sources of light of same freque, cy
- Two sources of light with diffe ent frequencies **(B)**
- Two sources of light with same manual definite phase relationship (C)
- Two sources of light with different wavelen, the (D)

3. A superconducting material in the super continuing state is

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- (A) paramagnetic
- (B) diamognetic
- (C) ferromagnetic
- (D) No 'e of 'he above
- 4. Josephson effect is as peiated with
 - COMMON ADMISS (A) tunne in of single electron
 - (B) turneling or electron pairs
 - (C) norma current
 - (D) N \neg ne of the above
- 5. Double refraction is exhibited by
 - (A) Water
 - (B) NaCl
 - (C) Calcite
 - (D) Oxygen



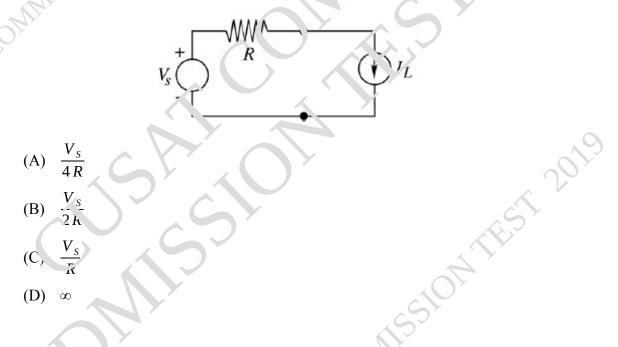
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6. The following symbol refers to



- (A) FET
- (B) n-channel MOSFET
- (C) p-channel MOSFET
- (D) None of the above
- 7. In the circuit shown below, V_s is a constant voltage spund and I_L is a constant, current load. The value of I_L that maximizes the power absorbed by the constant current load is



- 8. For a pa. allel *RLC* circuit, which one of the following statements is **NOT CORRECT**?
 - (A) in the bandwidth of the circuit decreases if R is increased.
 - (B) The bandwidth of the circuit remains same if L is increased.
 - (C) At resonance, input impedance is a real quantity.

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(D) At resonance, the magnitude of input impedance attains its minimum values.



- 9. The gain magnitude of 10 kHz, 60 dB/decade high-pass Butterworth filter for the 1 kHz signal would be
 - (A) -20 dB
 - (B) -40 dB
 - (C) 60 dB
 - (D) -80 dB
- 10. Filter that eliminates a narrow band of frequencies is referred as
 - (A) low pass filter
 - (B) high pass filter
 - (C) band pass filter
 - (D) notch filter

11 The wavelength of Helium-Neon Lase. bear.1 is

- (A) 632.8 nm
- (B) 452 nm
- (C) 589.00 nm
- (D) 380.00 nm

12. Ejection of electron in the innerness which leads to the emission of

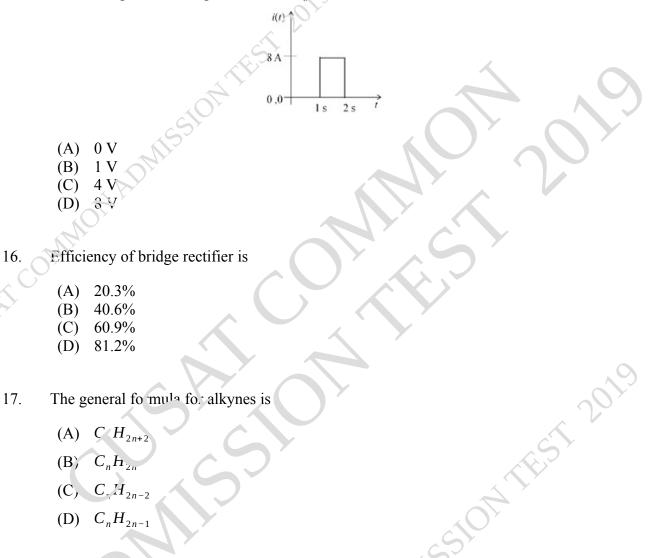
- (A) UV radiction
- (E) IR radiation
- (C) X-ray
- (D) Visible ra intion.
- 13. One electron volt is equivalent to
 - (A) 1.c x 10^{-10} joule (B) 1.6×10^{-13} joule (C) 1.6 x 10^{-16} joule
 - (D) 1.6×10^{-19} joule
 - (D) 1.0 x 10 Joule
- 14. Ratio of equivalent capacitance of three capacitors of capacitance 8 μ F, 12 μ F and 24 μ F connected in series to that of capacitors connected in parallel is
 - (A) 11:1
 - (B) 1:11
 - (C) 1:1
 - (D) 3:1



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15. A current i(t) shown in the figure below is passed through a 1 F capacitor that had zero initial charge. The voltage across the capacitor for t > 2s is



Which f the following contributes to the broadening of laser emission bandwidth? 18.

- (A) Coppler shift of moving atoms and molecules
- (B) Amplification within the laser medium
- (C) Coherence of the laser light
- (D) Optical pumping of the laser transition
- When a JFET is cut-off, the depletion layers are 19.
 - (A) far apart

16.

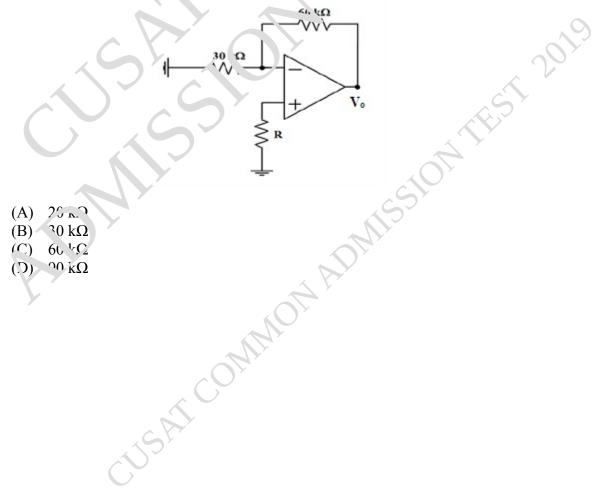
- (B) close together
- touching (C)
- conducting (D)



- 20. In bipolar transistors, dc current gain is
 - (A) $\frac{I_C}{I_E}$ (B) $\frac{I_C}{I_B}$ (C) $\frac{I_E}{I_B}$ (D) $\frac{I_E}{I_C}$

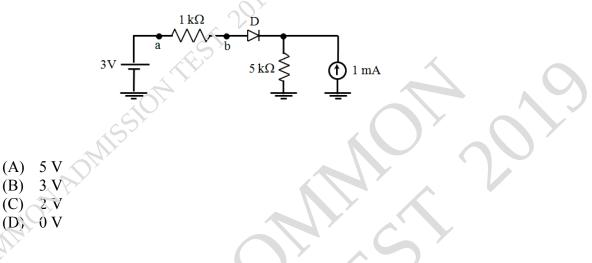
21

In the circuit given below, each input u minal of the u_{λ} and draws a bias current of 10 nA. The effect due to these input bias currents in the unput voltage V₀ will be zero, if the value of R chosen is





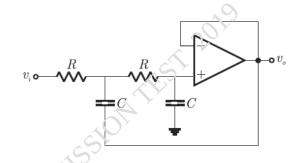
Assuming the diode 'D' used in the circuit below is ideal, the voltage drop V_{ab} across the 22. $1k\Omega$ resistor is



- Norton's theorem states that a complex network come ter to a load can be replaced with 23 equivalent impedance
 - in series with a cran nt source (A)
 - in parallel with a voltage source (B)
 - in series with a vultage source (C)
 - (D) in parallar with a current source
- 24. The para reter that indicates how fast the output of an **op** amp can vary for the input variations is
 - clew rate (A)
 - USAL COMMON ADMISSI **(B)** unity gain bindwidth
 - open open sain (C)
 - offert voltage (D)



25. The circuit in the figure is a



- (A) low-pass filter
- (B) high-pass filter
- (C) band-pass filter
- (D) band reject filter

6. Each valence electron in an intrinsic semiconductor establishes a

- (A) covalent bond
- (B) free electron
- (C) hole
- (D) recombination
- 27. Consider the following statement: S1 and S2.
 - S1. The & of the birola transistor reduces if the base width is increased,
 - S2. The 36 of the ``ipol. * transistor increases if the doping concentration in the base is increase i.

Which rema.'s) the following is **CORRECT**?

- (A) S1 is FALSE and S2 is TRUE
- (B) Poin S1 and S2 are TRUE
- (C) Both S1 and S2 are FALSE
- (D) S1 is TRUE and S2 is FALSE



28. Consider the following statements for metal oxide semiconductor field effect transistor (MOSFET). Which of the statements are **CRUE**?

P. As channel length reduces, OFF state current increases,

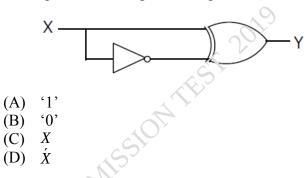
- Q. As channel length reduces, output resistance increases
- R. As channel length reduces, threshold voltage remains constant
- S. As channel length reduces, ON current increases
- (A) P and Q
- P and S (B)
- (C) O and R
- (D) R and S

A differential amplifier has a commor moo, gain of 0.02. I. Las 200 mV signals applied 29. to each of the inputs. The amplitude of the output sign 1 is

- 0 V (A)
- 8 mV (B)
- 4 mV(C)
- (D) None of the above
- 30. The term critical ang e describes
 - (A) the point at which light is refracted
 - (P) the point at whi :h light becomes invisible
 - the point at y hich light has gone from the refractive mode to the reflective mode (C,
 - (D) the point (which light has crossed the boundary layers from one index to another
- USAL COMMON ADM 31. How many enjconductor layers are in SCR?
 - (A) two
 - (B)three
 - (C) four
 - (D) six



32. The output Y of the logic circuit given below is



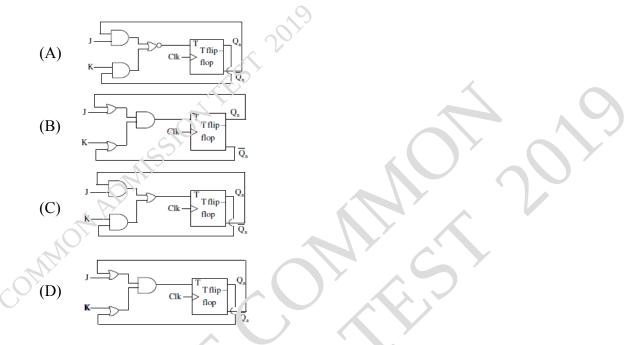
- Which one of the following is invalid state in an 8-4-?-1 Jinary coded decime: counter? 33.
 - 1001 (A)
 - 1000 **(B)**
 - 0011 (C)
 - (D) 1100

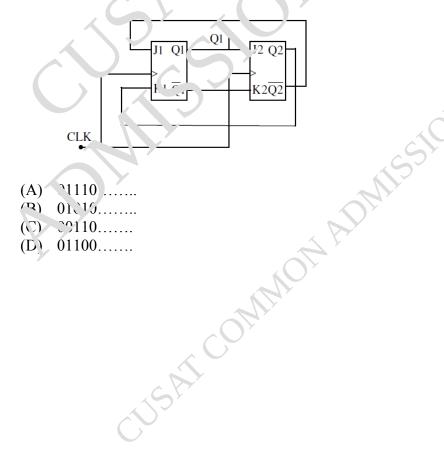
Which of the following t_{y_1} es of ADC requires S/H? 34.

- Successive approvimation type (A)
- Integration type (B)
- Flash (C)
- (D) Sigma Delta
- The range of signed desimal numbers that can be represented by 6-bits i's complement 35. numeris USAIL COMMON ADMISSI
 - -31+++31 (A) - 63 to +02 **(B)** (C) -64 i + i3- 32 tc +31 (D)



36. A JK flip-flop can be implemented by T flip-flop. Identify the correct implementation.





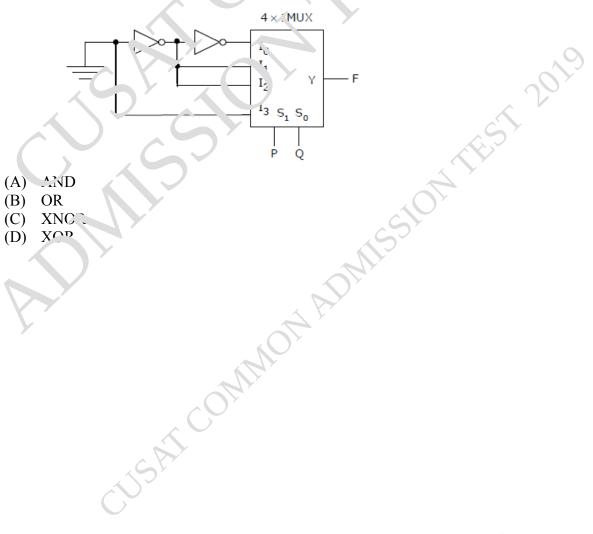


- 38. Decimal 43 in Hexadecimal and BCD number systems is respectively
 - (A) B2, 0100 011
 - (B) 2B, 0100 0011
 - (C) 2B, 0011 0100
 - (D) B2, 0100 0100
- 39. The 16-bit 2's complement form of an integer is 1111 1111 111 0101. Its decimal representation is
 - $\begin{array}{ll} (A) & 10 \\ (B) & -11 \\ (C) & -10 \\ (D) & -7 \end{array}$

40

Which one of the logic gate function with P and Q inputs is implemented by the circuit

shown below?





41. In a Wheatstone bridge, each arm has a resistance R. One of the arms has a resistive sensor whose nominal resistance is also R and it changes to $R + {}^{\circ}R$ on environmental condition where ${}^{\circ}R << R$. The bridge is excited by a dc voltage E_i . What is the output voltage on account of unbalance?

(A)
$$\left(\frac{\frac{\Delta R}{R}}{2 + \frac{\Delta R}{R}}\right) E_i$$

(B) $\left(\frac{\frac{\Delta R}{R}}{4 + \frac{\Delta R}{R}}\right) E_i$
(C) $\left(\frac{2\frac{\Delta R}{R}}{4 + \frac{\Delta R}{R}}\right) E_i$
(D) $\left(\frac{\frac{\Delta R}{R}}{4 + 2\frac{\Delta R}{R}}\right) E_i$

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 42.
 Ma ch the Following:

 P. Radiation Pyrometer
 W. Angular velocity measurement

 Q. Dall tube
 X. Vacuum pressure measurement

R. Piranⁱ Suge Y. Flow measurement

S. Gyrc cope Z. Temperature measurement

(A) $\Gamma \otimes Z$, Q 66, W, R 🗞 X, S 🗞 Y S & W (B) P ∞ Z, Q ∞ Y, R 🗞 X, P ∞ W, Q 🗞 X, R ∞ Y, S 🗞 Z (C)(D) P 🗞 Z, Q 🗞 X, R 🗞 W, 5 @ Y

- 43. In infrared spectroscopy, which one of the following frequency ranges is known as finger print region?
 - (A) $4000 2000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$
 - (B) $2000 1450 \text{ cm}^{-1}$
 - (C) $1450 500 \text{ cm}^{-1}$



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- 44. In strain measurement, dummy strain gauges are used in bridge circuits for the purpose of
 - (A) calibration
 - (B) increasing sensitivity
 - (C) temperature compensation
 - (D) improving linearity

45. Which one of the following is used for signal conditioning of a piezoelectric type transducer?

- (A) An instrumentation amplifier
- (B) A trans-conductance amplifier
- (C) A charge amplifier
- (D) A logarithmic amplifier
- 46

An ac voltmeter is connected at the output of a LVDC and the LVDT is supplied with a sinusoidal voltage of amplitude 5 V and frequency 1 kHz For a displacement of 1 mm from the null position, the voltmeter shows a reading of 2 V. What would be the reading of the voltmeter, if the displacement is 1 hrm in the opposite direction from the null position?

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- (A) -2V
- (B) -0.2 V
- (C) 0.2 V
- (D) 2 V

47. Liquid flow rate is me, sured using

- (A) Pirain 5. 193
- (B) Pyre neur
- (C) Orifice plate
- (D) Burrdon tube

48. Poynting vector provides

- (A) direction of polarization
- (B) rate of energy flow
- (C) intensity of electric field
- (D) intensity of magnetic field



- 49. Which of the following diodes is used in switching circuits in microwave range?
 - (A) PIN diode
 - (B) Tunnel diode
 - (C) Varactor diode
 - (D) Gunn diode
- 50. Which one of the following instruments is more powerful to stu 'v the surface details of a specimen?
 - (A) Phase contrast microscope
 - (B) Scaming Electron Microscope (SEM)
 - (C) Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM)
 - (D) Light microscope

If L, D, ρ and R are respectively the le. oth, diameter, esistivity and resistance of the strain gauge, the gauge factor of the strain gauge i define 1 as

- (A) $\frac{\Delta L/L}{\Delta R/R}$ (B) $\frac{\Delta R/R}{\Delta R/R}$
- (B) $\frac{\Delta K/K}{\Delta L/L}$

(C)
$$\frac{\Delta R/R}{\Delta D/L}$$

(D) $\frac{\Delta \Gamma/R}{\Delta \rho/P}$

- 52. A resistance potentiome er is a
 - (A) first order instrument
 - (B) zero o dei instrument
 - (C) scrond order instrument
 - (b) None of the above
- 53. Which of the following gauges measures absolute pressure in the range 10 to 10^{-6} torr?
 - (A) Pirani gauge
 - (B) Penning gauge
 - (C) Hot-cathode ionization gauge
 - (D) McLeod gauge



20

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- 54. Superposition theorem is not applicable for
 - (A) current calculations
 - (B) voltage calculations
 - (C) power calculations
 - (D) reactance calculations
- 55. Consider the following statements S1 and S2:
 - S1 : At the resonant frequency the impedance of a s ries RLC circuit is zero

S2 : In a parallel GLC circuit, increasing the conductance G results in increase in

its Q factor.

Which one of the following is CORRECT.

- (A) S1 is FALSE and S2 is TRUE
- (B) Both S1 and S2 are TRUE
- (C) S1 is TRUE and S2 is FA LSE
- (D) Both S1 and S2 are FALS.
- 56. What is the equivalent resistance between points A and B in the network shown below?
 - A (A) (2/3): (B) 1.5 x (C) 2.5 k (D) 2k (D) 2k



57. If the following program is executed in an 8085 microprocessor, at the end of the program the register A contains

Address	Instruction
2000н	XRA A
2001H	MVI B,04H
2003H	MVI A, O3H
2005н	RAR
2006н	DCR E
2007H	JNZ 2005
200AH	FLT
(A) 2011)'
(A) 30H	
(B) 60H	
(C) 06H	
(D) 03H	

03H 11

58

In which 'T' state, the 8085 mic oprocessor sends addres, to memory or I/O and activate 'ALE' signal?

- (A) T1
- (B) T2
- (C) T3
- T4 (D)

Consider the following 8085 interrupts. 59.

> (1) . RAP (2) INTR '3) RST 5 (4) RST 7.5 (5) RST 0 USAI COMMON ADMISSI

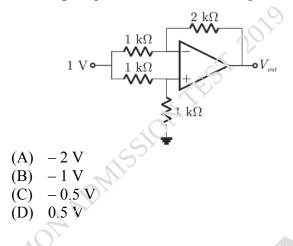
Software interrupt. in the above are

- (A) 1 and 3 only
- (B) 2 and only
- (C) 3 nd 5 only
- (b, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5

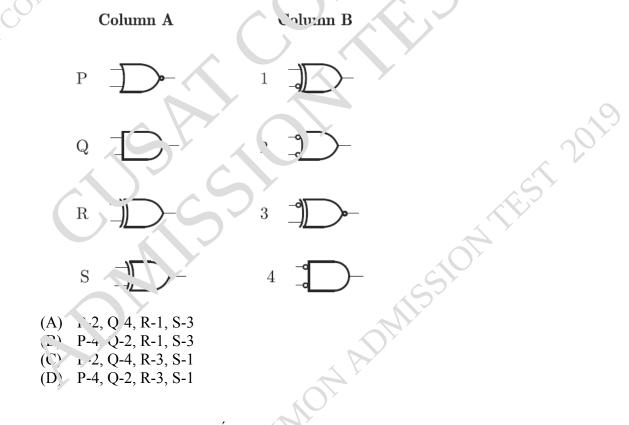


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60. For the **op** amp circuit shown in the figure, V_0 is



61. Match the logic gates in column A with us it equivalents in column B.



62. The Boolean expression $(\dot{A}+\dot{B}+\dot{C})$ is equal to

- (A) (A.B.C)
- (B) (A+B+C)
- (C) $(\dot{A}+\dot{B}+\dot{C})$
- (D) $(A+\dot{B}+C)$



63. Which one of the following statements is **CORRECT**?

- (A) BJT and MOSFET are current controlled devices
- (B) BJT is voltage controlled and MOSFET is current controlled devices
- (C) BJT and MOSFET are voltage controlled devices
- (D) BJT is current controlled and MOSFET is voltage controlled devices
- 64. Which of the following motors uses brushes?
 - (A) ac induction motor
 - (B) dc motor
 - (C) stepper motor
 - (D) servomotor

65. Identify the sensor used in angular displaced ends.

- (A) RTD
- (B) LVDT
- (C) Piezoelectric sense s
- (D) Potentiometer
- 66. Which one of the following codes is normally used in a digital linear displacement transducer?
 - (A) Bin. v c . de
 - (E) Binary coded decimal
 - (C) Gray code
 - (D) ASCII cour
- 67. The Fourier random $x(t) = e^{-at}u(-t)$, when u(t) is unit step function,
 - (A) ex_{1} , to for any real value of 'a'
 - (B) Uses not exist for any real value of 'a'
 - (C) exists if any real value of 'a' is strictly negative
 - (D) exists if the real value of 'a' is strictly positive

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- 68. For a vector \vec{E} , which one of the following statements is **NOT TRUE**?
 - (A) $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} = 0$, \vec{E} is called solenoidal
 - (B) $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E} = 0$, \vec{E} is called conservative
 - (C) $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E} = 0$, \vec{E} is called irrotational
 - (D) $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} = 0$, \vec{E} is called irretational

69. Find out the wrong term in the number series given below.

3, 10, 27, 4, 16, 64, 5, 25, 125,

- (A) 3_×
- (B) 4
- (C) 10
- (D) 27

Two pipes A and B can fill a tar k in 6 hours and 4 hours respectively. If they are opened on alternate hours and if pipe A is spend first, in how many hours, the tank shall be full?

- (A) 4
- (B) 5
- (C) $4\frac{1}{2}$
- (D) $5\frac{1}{2}$
- 71. Impulse is c mul to charge of
 - (A) velocity
 - (B) acceleration
 - (C) momentum
 - (D) enproy
- 72. If A = B, C, and D are vectors such that, $C = A \times B$, and $D = B \times A$, then the angle between the vectors C and D is

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- (A) 0°
- (B) 90°
- (C) 180°
- (D) 270°



- 73. A box X contains 2 white and 4 black balls. Another box Y contains 5 white and 7 black balls. A ball is transferred from the box X to the box Y. Then the ball is drawn from the box Y. The probability that it is white is
 - (A) 16/39
 - (B) 14/39
 - (C) 12/39
 - (D) 9/39

74. Which of the following 'for' loop is not correct?

```
(A) for(; x < 10 ;)
(B) for(; ; ;)
(C) for(; ;)
(J) for (x=0 ; x != 123;)</pre>
```

Consider the following 'C' Programme #include<stdio.h>

#include<conio.h>
main()
{

```
float a = 1.2345;
printf("%x", a);
```

}

What is the output of the above 'C' programme?

- (A) 0.2345
- (B) 1.2345
- (C) 1
- (D) 0

76. The refix tera' refers to which one of the following power of 10?

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- (A 10¹²
- (B) 10^9
- (C) 10^6
- (D) 10^3



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- 77. The amount of heat required to raise the temperature of a unit mass of a substance by 1°K is
 - specific heat (A)
 - (B) thermal capacity
 - calories (C)
 - (D) latent heat

A body is executing a simple harmonic motion. If a' is the amplitude, then its potential 78. energy is maximum when the displacement is

(A) +a/2 $\exists a \text{ or } -a$ **(B)** (C) -a/2(D) zero

Which of the following method: is suitable for fle 7 detection?

- Photography (A)
- Radio frequency (B)
- (C) Laser
- Ultrasonic (D)

In signal flow graphs, node which h. 3 only outgoing branches is called 80.

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- input node (A)
- (B) output node
- mixed nocc (C)
- (D) general note

 $\frac{1}{(s+a)}$ is Inverse L'olace transform of 81.

- (A) e^{-at}
- (B) e^{+at}
- (C)
- $1 e^{-at}$ (D) $1 + e^{-at}$



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n'

82. The Dirac delta function $\delta(t)$ is defined as

(A)
$$\delta(t) = \begin{cases} 1 t = 0 \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(B) $\delta(t) = \begin{cases} \infty t = 0 \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$
(C) $\delta(t) = \begin{cases} 1 t = 0 \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases} \land \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t) dt = 1$
(D) $\delta(t) = \begin{cases} \infty t = 0 \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases} \land \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t) dt = 1$

- 83. The process by which the glucose is partially broken down in the obsence of oxygen is called
 - (A) aerobic respiration
 - (B) anaerobic respiration
 - (C) oxygen release
 - (D) reduction
- 84. The following symbol real rs to

- (A) TRIAC
 (B) 5CR
 (C) JTT
- (2) Div 2e
- 85. Instrument which measures force and velocity of wind and its direction is
 - (A) Anemometer
 - (B) Barometer
 - (C) Barograph
 - (D) Bolometer



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- The device used to determine the density and coefficient of expansion of liquids is 86.
 - Polymeter (A)
 - Photometer **(B)**
 - Pykometer (C)
 - (D) Periscope

87. The working of a refrigerator is based on the principle of

- Mechanics (A)
- Thermodynamics **(B)**
- Biomechanics (C)
- (D) Fluid dynamics

With the increase of pressure, the boiling point of the substance 88.

- increases (A)
- decreases **(B)**
- (C) remains the same
- becomes zero (D)
- Loudness of sc und depends upon 89.
 - friquency of the sourid (A)
 - (B) way elength of the source
 - amplitude of the sound (C)
 - pitch of the shund (D.

ADMISS 90. Method to development purity of a metal is based on

- Soyle law (A)
- Parcel's law (B)
- Archimedes principle (C)>
- Newton's law (L)

The image formed on the retina of the eye is 91.

- (A) real and inverted
- (B) real and erect
- virtual and erect (C)
- virtual and inverted (D)



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92. A small piece of non-magnetised_ near a powerful magnet.

____ material gets repelled when it is brought

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- (A) paramagnetic
- (B) diamagnetic
- (C) ferrimagnetic
- (D) ferromagnetic

93. Longitudinal waves do not exhibit

- (A) polarisation
- (B) reflection
- (C) refraction
- (D) diffraction

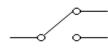
The phenomenon of splitting white lig. t into several colours is called

- (A) refractive index
- (B) dispersion
- (C) scattering
- (D) refraction
- 95. One nautical mile is equivalent to
 - (A) 1.45 x 1000 m
 - (E) 1.852 x 100 m
 - (C) 1.852 x 1000 n
 - (D) 1.44 x 100 m
- 96. The dimensional formula of work done is
 - $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{(A)} & \textbf{M} & \textbf{U}^{1} & \textbf{T}^{-1} \\ \textbf{(B)} & \textbf{M}^{1} & \textbf{L}^{2} & \textbf{T}^{-1} \\ \textbf{(C)} & \textbf{M}^{1} & \textbf{L}^{-1} & \textbf{T}^{-2} \\ \textbf{(D)} & \textbf{M}^{1} & \textbf{L}^{2} & \textbf{T}^{-2} \end{array}$
- 97. Which of the following is not a conservative force?
 - (A) Electrostatic force
 - (B) Magnetic force
 - (C) Force in an elastic spring
 - (D) Frictional force



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98. What type of switch is this?



- (A) Push button
- (B) SPST
- (C) DPDT
- (D) SPDT

99. The ripple factor of full wave rectifier is

- (A) 0.482
- (B) 1.482
- (C) 1.21
- (D) 0.21

100. Zener diode is operated in

- (A) forward region
- (B) reverse region
- (C) breakdown region
- (D) cut-off egion

101. The sequel ce of colour band for '7K resistor with 5% tolerance should be

- (A, yel'ow, viole: venow and silver
- (B) yellow, yc 'low, range and silver
- (C) yellow, orange orange and gold
- (D) yellow vint, orange and silver

102. Transisto. Sused in digital circuits usually operate in the

- (A) active region
- (B) breakdown region
- (C) saturation and cut-off region
- (D) linear region



103. In a C-E configuration, an emitter resistor is used for

- (A) stabilization
- (B) AC signal bypass
- (C) collector bias
- (D) higher gain

104. The collector current for a C-E configuration with a beta of 100 and a base current of $30 \ \mu\text{A}$ is

- (A) 30µA
- (B) 3mA
- (C) 0.3A
- (D) 3 µA

105. When $V_{GS} = 0$ V, a JFET is

- (A) saturated
- (B) cut off
- (C) open switch
- (D) zero bias

106. Which among the following is net an advantage of RC coupled amplifiers?

- (A) Hig. fidulity
- (E) No core distortion
- (C) No impedance matching
- (D) Wide frequency response
- 107. Identify the "ue statement
 - (A) CU amplifier has a large current gain
 - (3) ^{CE} amplifier has a large current gain
 - (C) CB amplifier has low voltage gain
 - (D) CC amplifier has low current gain
- 108. Hartley oscillator is commonly used in
 - (A) radio receivers
 - (B) radio transmitters
 - (C) TV receivers
 - (D) TV transmitters



- 109. A Wien bridge oscillator uses
 - (A) only positive feedback
 - (B) only negative feedback
 - (C) both positive and negative feedback
 - (D) zero feedback

110. The crystal oscillator frequency is very stable due to

- (A) rigidity of the crystal
- (B) vibrations of the crystal
- (C) low Q of the crystal
- (D) $\operatorname{high} Q$ of the crystal
- 111. In Colpitt's oscillator, feedback is obtained
 - (A) by magnetic induction
 - (B) by a tickler coil
 - (C) from the centre of olit capacitors
 - (D) from the resistor
- 112. Input impedance of an emitter follower is
 - (A) ZF CO
 - (B) !ow
 - (C) high
 - (D, very low

113. The point of the resection of DC and AC load lines is called

- (A) ratural on point
- (B) cu of point
- (C) retating point
- (L) bypass point
- 114. The normal way to turn on a Diac is by
 - (A) gate current
 - (B) gate voltage
 - (C) break over voltage
 - (D) forward current



in the

- The technique used to determine the stability of **op**-amp is 115.
 - (A) frequency response plot
 - (B) transient response plot
 - (C) bode plot
 - (D) polar plot
- 116. For a PLL IC 565 with timing resistor and timing capacitor σ_1 about 15 k Ω and 0.02, the value of output frequency (f_0) is
 - (A) 433.33 Hz
 - (B) 833.33 Hz
 - (C) 1000 Hz
 - (D) 2500 Hz

The number of resistors needed for decoming 3 bit we obtain DAC is 117.

- (A) one
- **(B)** two
- (C) three
- (D) four

118. Choose the v-ctor quantity

- (A) Reil 'ive permeab^{;1}ity
- (E) Magnetic field interaity
- (C) Flux density
- (D) Magnetic trential
- The ratio of intensity of magnetisation to the magnetisation force is 119.
 - (A) relative permeability
 - (B) magnetic field intensity USALCOMM
 - flux density (C)
 - (D) susceptibility



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- 120. A conductor of length L and current I is placed parallel to a magneticfield. The force experienced by the conductor is
 - (A) BIL
 - (B) 2BIL
 - (C) 3BIL
 - (D) 0

121. The Coulomb law is an implication of

- (A) Ampere law
- (B) Gauss law
- (C) Biot Savart law
- (D) Lenz law

122. Odd parity of word can be tested by

- (A) OR gate
- (B) AND gate
- (C) NAND gate
- (D) XOR gate
- 123. The code where all successive numbers differ from their preceding number by single bit is
 - (A) Binary code
 - (B) BCD code
 - (C) Excess 3 cute
 - (D) Gray rode

124. Fan-in rd Fr n-out are the characteristics of

- (Λ) i egisters
- (B) Logic families
- (C) Flip flop
- (D) Combinational circuits
- 125. The four input MUX would have
 - (A) 1 select line
 - (B) 2 select lines
 - (C) 3 select lines
 - (D) 4 select lines



- 126. Register, the digital device is a type of
 - (A) combinational circuit
 - (B) latches
 - (C) CPU
 - (D) sequential circuit

127. The Instructions used by 8085 microprocessor for data transfer in LO mapped I/O at

- (A) IN, OUT
- (B) STA add
- (C) IN, LDA add
- (D) LDAX

128. The non-maskable interrupt in 8085 microp. cessor is

- (A) RST 7.5
- (B) RST 6.5
- (C) TRAP
- (D) INTR

129. The addressing mode used in instruction NOV M, C is

- (A) d[;] cect
- (B) inc. ect
- (C) immediate
- (D, implicit

130. Which of the who wing memories needs to be refreshed frequently?

- (A) SRAM
- $(B) \quad D_{1}^{A}M$
- (C) ^ゅのM
- (L) EPROM
- 131. Following type of sensors are used to generate information in object grasping and obstacle avoidance.
 - (A) Hall effect sensor
 - (B) proximity sensor
 - (C) light sensor
 - (D) magnetic sensor



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- 132. Which of the following is an analog transducer?
 - (A) Encoders
 - (B) Strain gauge
 - (C) Digital tachometers
 - (D) Limit switches

133. The linear variable differential transformer transducer is

- (A) inductive transducer
- (B) capacitive transducer
- (C) non-inductive transducer
- (D) resistive transducer

134. In concave mirror, size of the image depend. upon

- (A) size of object
- (B) position of object
- (C) area covered by object
- (D) shape of object

135. The ratio of phase difference to the bath d fference between two light waves is

- (A) $2\tau/\lambda$
- (F) $2\pi\lambda$
- (C) $\lambda/2\pi$
- (D) $1/2.\pi$
- 136. The climeter of dark rings in Newton's rings is
 - (A) inversely proportional to the square root of odd numbers
 - (B) directly proportional to the square root of natural numbers
 - (C) directly proportional to the square root of odd numbers
 - (D) inversely proportional to the square root of natural numbers
- 137. Plane polarised light can be produced by
 - (A) simple reflection
 - (B) Nicol's prism



- (C) pile of plates
- (D) All of the above
- 138. Modulus of rigidity of ideal liquid is
 - (A) unity
 - (B) finite
 - (C) infinite
 - (D) zero
- 139. The property by which a body returns to its original Sne_{r} after removal of the force is called
 - (A) plasticity
 - (B) elasticity
 - (C) ductility
 - (D) malleability
- 140. Which of these is a non-hoo. ean material?
 - (A) Steel
 - (B) Alumin um
 - (C) Rubber
 - (D) C voper
- 141. If x = b + c, y = c a, z = a + b, then $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 2xy 2xz + 2yz$ is equal to
 - (A) a+b+c
 - (B) $4b^2$
 - (C) LDC
 - (D) $\cdot^{2}+b^{2}$

142. The matrix $B=A^T$, where A is

- (A) skew symmetric
- (B) symmetric about the secondary diagonal
- (C) always symmetric
- (D) another general matrix
- 143. If A and B are non-zero square matrices, then AB = 0 implies
 - (A) A and B are orthogonal



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- (B) A and B are singular
- (C) B is singular
- (D) A is singular

144. The function $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x + 25$ has

- (A) A maxima at x = 1 and a minima at x = 3
- (B) A maxima at x = 3 and a minima at x = 1
- (C) No maxima but a minima at x = 1
- (D) A maxima at x = 1, but no minima

145. The interval in which the Lagrange's theorem is a_k plicable for the function f(x) = 1/x is

- (A) [-3,3]
- (B) [-2,2]
- (C) [2,3]
- (D) [-1,1]

146. The mathematical perception of gradient is

- (A) slope
- (B) arc
- (C) chora
- (D) tragent
- 147. The 'ivergence of t'_{i} 'vector xi+yj+zk is
 - (A) 0
 - (B) 1
 - (C) ²
 - (D)

148. The cell in which electrical energy is converted to chemical energy is

- (A) galvanic cell
- (B) voltaic cell
- (C) electrolytic cell
- (D) electrochemical cell
- 149. Sea water can be converted into fresh water by
 - (A) osmosis



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- sedimentation **(B)**
- (C) diffusion
- reverse osmosis (D)

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Sky looks blue due to 150.

- (A) transmission(B) dispersion(C) reflection

- (D) scattering

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