

## ANSWERS

- |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1.1. (b)  | 1.2. (b)  | 1.3. (a)  | 1.4. (b)  | 1.5. (b)  | 1.6. (d)  | 1.7. (c)  | 1.8. (d)  | 1.9. (d)  | 1.10. (c) |
| 1.11. (d) | 1.12. (d) | 1.13. (d) | 1.14. (a) | 1.15. (d) | 1.16. (b) | 1.17. (a) | 1.18. (c) | 1.19. (c) |           |
| 2.1. (a)  | 2.2. (a)  | 2.3. (d)  | 2.4. (a)  | 2.5. (c)  | 2.6. (c)  | 2.7. (c)  | 2.8. (d)  | 2.9. (d)  | 2.10. (c) |
| 2.11. (b) | 2.12. (c) | 2.13. (d) | 2.14. (a) | 2.15. (a) | 2.16. (b) | 2.17. (b) | 2.18. (d) | 2.19. (a) | 2.20. (a) |
| 2.21. (*) | 2.22. (d) | 2.23. (b) | 2.24. (c) |           |           |           |           |           |           |

## EXPLANATIONS

1.2 
$$\lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \int_1^a x^{-4} dn = \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \left[ -\frac{1}{3} [x^{-3}]_1^a \right]$$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} -\frac{1}{3} [a^{-3} - 1]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{3} [0 - 1] = \frac{1}{3}$$

1.3 
$$f(x) = 1; -\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$$
  

$$= 0; \text{ in other region}$$

$$\therefore \frac{a_0}{2} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} 1 dx = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} 1 \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2}$$

$b_n = 0$  [since  $f(x)$  is even function]

Hence series is,  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} \cos nx$

1.5  $E.I = M L^4 T^2 \times L^4 = M L^3 T^2$

In real beam	In conjugate beam
Fix-end	Freind
Internal hinge	Roller
Roller/Support	Internal hinge
Hinge	Hinge

1.8 The frame is statically determinate.  
 Taking moment about C, we have

$$R_A \times L + P \frac{1}{2} - P \frac{L}{2} = 0$$

or  $\Rightarrow R_A = 0$

1.12 Here  $e = 0.5$

$$\therefore n = \frac{e}{1+e} = \frac{0.5}{1.5} = 33\%$$

1.13  $\gamma_{d1} = 17 \text{ KN/m}^3 \quad V_1 = ?$   
 $\gamma_{d2} = 16 \text{ KN/m}^3 \quad V_2 = 100 \text{ m}^3$

$$\therefore \gamma_{s1} = \frac{W_s}{V_s} = \frac{W_s}{V_1} \times \gamma_{d1};$$

and  $\gamma_{s2} = \frac{W_s}{V_2} \times \gamma_{d2}$

since  $\gamma$  is constant for a given soil, therefore

$$\frac{\gamma_{d1}}{\gamma_{d2}} = \frac{V_1}{V_2}$$

or  $V_1 = \frac{17}{16} \times 100 = 106 \text{ m}^3$

1.16 Here  $D = 1428 \text{ hect/cum}; \quad B = 120 \text{ days}$

$$\therefore \Delta = \frac{8.64B}{D} = \frac{8.64 \times 120}{1428} = 0.73 \text{ m}$$

1.17 For irrotational flow,

vorticity,  $\xi = \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = 0$

