

# CHEMISTRY





66. Which one of the following shows functional isomerism ?
- 1)  $CH_2Cl_2$
  - 2)  $C_2H_5OH$
  - 3)  $C_3H_6$
  - 4)  $C_2H_4$
67. In the ionic equation -  $BiO_3^- + 6H^+ + Xe^- \longrightarrow Bi^{3+} + 3H_2O$ , the values of  $X$  is -
- 1) 3
  - 2) 4
  - 3) 2
  - 4) 6
68. Molarity of a given orthophosphoric acid solution is 3M. It's normality is -
- 1) 1 N
  - 2) 3 N
  - 3) 0.3 N
  - 4) 9 N
69. Acidified sodium fusion extract on addition of ferric chloride solution gives blood red colouration which confirms the presence of -
- 1) S
  - 2) N
  - 3) N and S
  - 4) S and Cl
70. A body of mass 10 mg is moving with a velocity of  $100 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ . The wavelength of de-Broglie wave associated with it would be -
- (Note :  $h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$ )
- 1)  $6.63 \times 10^{-37} \text{ m}$
  - 2)  $6.63 \times 10^{-31} \text{ m}$
  - 3)  $6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ m}$
  - 4)  $6.63 \times 10^{-35} \text{ m}$

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71.  $Mg^{2+}$  is isoelectronic with

- |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1) $Ca^{2+}$ | 2) $Na^+$    |
| 3) $Zn^{2+}$ | 4) $Cu^{2+}$ |

72. Gram molecular volume of oxygen at STP is –

- |                        |                        |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1) $11200\text{ cm}^3$ | 2) $22400\text{ cm}^3$ |
| 3) $5600\text{ cm}^3$  | 4) $3200\text{ cm}^3$  |

73. Presence of halogen in organic compounds can be detected using –

- |                     |                  |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 1) Beilstein's test | 2) kjeldahl test |
| 3) Duma's test      | 4) Leibig's test |

74. The electronic configuration of  $Cr^{3+}$  is

- |                    |                    |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1) $[Ar]3d^5 4s^1$ | 2) $[Ar]3d^2 4s^1$ |
| 3) $[Ar]3d^3 4s^0$ | 4) $[Ar]3d^4 4s^2$ |

75. The mass of a metal, with equivalent mass 31.75, which would combine with 8 g of oxygen is

- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| 1) 31.75 | 2) 3.175 |
| 3) 8     | 4) 1     |

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76. Benzene reacts with chlorine in sunlight to give a final product –
- 1)  $C_6H_5Cl$
  - 2)  $C_6Cl_6$
  - 3)  $C_6H_6Cl_6$
  - 4)  $CCL_4$
77. In the periodic table metals usually used as catalysts belong to
- 1) s - block
  - 2) p - block
  - 3) d - block
  - 4) f - block
78. Dalton's law of partial pressures is applicable to which one of the following systems ?
- 1)  $CO + H_2$
  - 2)  $H_2 + Cl_2$
  - 3)  $NO + O_2$
  - 4)  $NH_3 + HCl$
79. The general formula of a cycloalkane is
- 1)  $C_nH_{2n+2}$
  - 2)  $C_nH_{2n-2}$
  - 3)  $C_nH_{2n}$
  - 4)  $C_nH_n$
80. In acetylene molecule, between the carbon atoms there are –
- 1) three sigma bonds
  - 2) two sigma and one pi bonds
  - 3) one sigma and two pi bonds
  - 4) three pi bonds

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81. Denatured alcohol is
- 1) Rectified spirit
  - 2) Undistilled ethanol
  - 3) Rectified spirit + methanol + naphtha
  - 4) Ethanol + methanol
82. During the formation of a chemical bond
- 1) energy decreases
  - 2) energy increases
  - 3) energy of the system does not change
  - 4) electron-electron repulsion becomes more than the nucleus-electron attraction
83. One mole of oxygen at 273 k and one mole of sulphur dioxide at 546 k are taken in two separate containers, then,
- 1) kinetic energy of  $O_2 >$  kinetic energy of  $SO_2$ .
  - 2) kinetic energy of  $O_2 <$  kinetic energy of  $SO_2$ .
  - 3) kinetic energy of both are equal.
  - 4) None of these
84. +I effect is shown by
- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| 1) $-NO_2$ | 2) $-Cl$   |
| 3) $-Br$   | 4) $-CH_3$ |
85. Formation of coloured solution is possible when metal ion in the compound contains
- |                           |                       |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1) paired electrons       | 2) unpaired electrons |
| 3) lone pair of electrons | 4) none of these      |

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86. Which of the following is an intensive property ?
- 1) temperature
  - 2) surface tension
  - 3) viscosity
  - 4) all of these
87. Hofmann's bromamide reaction is to convert
- 1) amine to amide
  - 2) amide to amine
  - 3) alcohol to acid
  - 4) acid to alcohol
88. IUPAC name of  $Na_3[Co(NO_2)_6]$  is
- 1) sodium cobaltinitrite
  - 2) sodium hexanitrito cobaltate (III)
  - 3) sodium hexanitro cobalt (III)
  - 4) sodium hexanitrito cobaltate (II)
89. Thermodynamic standard conditions of temperature and pressure are
- 1)  $0^\circ C$  and 1 atm
  - 2) 273 k and 101.3 k Pa
  - 3) 298 k and 1 atm
  - 4)  $0^\circ C$  and 101.3 k Pa
90. How many chiral carbon atoms are present in 2, 3, 4 - trichloropentane ?
- 1) 3
  - 2) 2
  - 3) 1
  - 4) 4

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91. The number of unidentate ligands in the complex ion is called
- 1) EAN
  - 2) Coordination number
  - 3) primary valency
  - 4) oxidation number
92.  $2SO_{2(g)} + O_{2(g)} \xrightleftharpoons{V_2O_5}$  is an example for
- 1) irreversible reaction
  - 2) heterogenous catalysis
  - 3) homogenous catalysis
  - 4) neutralisation reaction
93. The amino acid which is not optically active is
- 1) glycine
  - 2) alanine
  - 3) serine
  - 4) lactic acid
94. For a stable molecule the value of bond order must be
- 1) negative
  - 2) positive
  - 3) zero
  - 4) there is no relationship between stability and bond order.
95. Which one of the following is a second order reaction ?
- 1)  $CH_3COOCH_3 + NaOH \longrightarrow CH_3COONa + H_2O$
  - 2)  $H_2 + Cl_2 \xrightarrow{\text{sunlight}} 2HCl$
  - 3)  $NH_4NO_3 \longrightarrow N_2 + 3H_2O$
  - 4)  $H_2 + Br_2 \longrightarrow 2HBr$

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96. According to Bayer's strain theory which is highly stable ?
- 1) cyclohexane
  - 2) cycloheptane
  - 3) cyclopentane
  - 4) cyclobutane
97. The number of antibonding electron pairs in  $O_2^{2-}$  molecular ion on the basis of molecular orbital theory is
- [Note - Atomic number of O is 18]
- 1) 2
  - 2) 3
  - 3) 4
  - 4) 5
98. Hydroxyl ion concentration of 1M  $HCl$  is
- 1)  $1 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$
  - 2)  $1 \times 10^{-1} \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$
  - 3)  $1 \times 10^{-13} \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$
  - 4)  $1 \times 10^1 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$
99. Geometrical isomerism is shown by
- 1)  $-C-C-$
  - 2)  $-C \equiv C-$
  - 3)  $\begin{array}{c} \diagup \\ C=C \\ \diagdown \end{array}$
  - 4) None of these
100. The oxidation state of iron in  $K_4[Fe(CN)_6]$  is
- 1) 2
  - 2) 3
  - 3) 4
  - 4) 1

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101. In which of the following process, a maximum increase in entropy is observed ?

- 1) dissolution of salt in water      2) condensation of water  
3) sublimation of naphthalene      4) melting of ice

102. Decomposition of benzene diazonium chloride by using  $Cu_2Cl_2/HCl$  to form chlorobenzene is

- 1) Cannizarro's reaction      2) Kolbe's reaction  
3) Sandmeyer's reaction      4) Raschig's reaction

103. Which complex can not ionise in solution ?

- 1)  $[Pt(NH_3)_6]Cl_4$       2)  $K_2[PtF_6]$   
3)  $K_4[Fe(CN)_6]$       4)  $[CoCl_3(NH_3)_3]$

104. Considering the reaction  $C(s) + O_2(g) \rightarrow CO_2(g) + 393.5 \text{ kJ}$  the signs of  $\Delta H$ ,  $\Delta S$  and  $\Delta G$  respectively are

- 1)  $-, +, -$       2)  $-, -, -$   
3)  $-, +, +$       4)  $+, -, -$

105. The product formed when hydroxylamine condenses with a carbonyl compound is called

- 1) hydrazone      2) hydrazine  
3) oxime      4) hydrazide

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106. Which of the following forms a colourless solution in aqueous medium?

- |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1) $Ti^{3+}$ | 2) $Sc^{3+}$ |
| 3) $V^{3+}$  | 4) $Cr^{3+}$ |

107. When a sulphur sol is evaporated sulphur is obtained. On mixing with water sulphur sol is not formed. The sol is

- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1) hydrophilic | 2) hydrophobic |
| 3) reversible  | 4) lyophilic   |

108. An alkyl halide reacts with alcoholic ammonia in a sealed tube, the product formed will be

- |                     |                               |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1) a primary amine  | 2) a secondary amine          |
| 3) a tertiary amine | 4) a mixture of all the three |

109. When conc.  $H_2SO_4$  is heated with  $P_2O_5$ , the acid is converted into

- 1) sulphur
- 2) sulphur dioxide
- 3) sulphur trioxide
- 4) a mixture of sulphur dioxide and sulphur trioxide

110. Entropy of the universe is

- |                            |                            |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1) continuously increasing | 2) continuously decreasing |
| 3) zero                    | 4) constant                |

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(Space for Rough Work)

111. Which of the following salts on being dissolved in water gives  $\text{pH} > 7$  at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  ?

- |                           |                           |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1) $\text{NH}_4\text{CN}$ | 2) $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$ |
| 3) $\text{KNO}_3$         | 4) $\text{KCN}$           |

112. The reagent used in Clemmenson's reduction is

- |                                       |                                  |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1) alc. $\text{KOH}$                  | 2) aq. $\text{KOH}$              |
| 3) $\text{Zn-Hg}$ / con. $\text{HCl}$ | 4) Conc. $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ |

113. When  $\text{KBr}$  is dissolved in water,  $\text{K}^+$  ions are

- |               |             |
|---------------|-------------|
| 1) oxidised   | 2) reduced  |
| 3) hydrolysed | 4) hydrated |

114. The noble gas mixture is cooled in a coconut bulb at  $173\text{ K}$ . The gases that are not adsorbed are

- |                                |                                |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1) $\text{He}$ and $\text{Ne}$ | 2) $\text{Ar}$ and $\text{Kr}$ |
| 3) $\text{He}$ and $\text{Xe}$ | 4) $\text{Ne}$ and $\text{Xe}$ |

115. The volume of  $10\text{N}$  and  $4\text{N HCl}$  required to make 1 litre of  $7\text{N HCl}$  are

- 0.75 litre of  $10\text{N HCl}$  and 0.25 litre of  $4\text{N HCl}$
- 0.80 litre of  $10\text{N HCl}$  and 0.20 litre of  $4\text{N HCl}$
- 0.60 litre of  $10\text{N HCl}$  and 0.40 litre of  $4\text{N HCl}$
- 0.50 litre of  $10\text{N HCl}$  and 0.50 litre of  $4\text{N HCl}$

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116. A metal present in insulin is

- |           |              |
|-----------|--------------|
| 1) copper | 2) iron      |
| 3) zinc   | 4) aluminium |

117. Carbon forms two oxides which have different compositions. The equivalent mass of which remains constant ?

- |                              |                           |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1) carbon                    | 2) oxygen                 |
| 3) neither carbon nor oxygen | 4) both carbon and oxygen |

118. Maximum number of molecules of  $CH_3I$  that can react with a molecule of  $CH_3NH_2$  are

- |      |      |
|------|------|
| 1) 1 | 2) 2 |
| 3) 4 | 4) 3 |

119. Ellingham diagram represents a graph of

- |                      |                        |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| 1) $\Delta G$ Vs $T$ | 2) $\Delta G^0$ Vs $T$ |
| 3) $\Delta S$ Vs $P$ | 4) $\Delta G$ Vs $P$   |

120. Identify the ore not containing iron

- |                  |               |
|------------------|---------------|
| 1) chalcopyrites | 2) carnallite |
| 3) siderite      | 4) limonite   |

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