Sample Paper

Time : 90 Minutes

General Instructions

- 1. The question paper contains three parts A, B and C.
- 2. Section A consists of 20 quesions of 1 mark each. Any 16 quesitons are to be attempted.
- 3. Section B consists of 20 quersions of 1 mark each. Any 16 quesions are to be attempted.
- 4. Section C consists of 10 quesions based two Case Studies. Attempt any 8 questions.
- 5. There is no negative marking.

SECTION-A

Section A consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each. Any 16 quesions are to be attempted.

- The distance between which of the following two points is 2 units? 1. (a) (-2, -3) and (-2, -4)(b) (0, 4) and (0, 6) (c) (7, 2) and (6, 2)(d) (4, -3) and (2, 3)2. Which of the following is/are a polynomial?
- 1

(a)
$$x^2 + \frac{1}{x}$$
 (b) $2x^2 - 3\sqrt{x} + 1$ (c) $x^3 - 3x + 1$ (d) $2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5x$

In Fig. $DE \parallel BC$. If AD = x, DB = x - 2, AE = x + 2 and EC = x - 1, find the value of x. 3.



(d) 2

4. Two dice are rolled, then probability of getting a total of 9 is

(b) 7

- $\frac{9}{10}$ $\frac{8}{9}$ (a) $\frac{1}{3}$ (b) $\frac{1}{9}$ (c) (d)
- 5. Which of the following statement(s) is/are always true?
 - (a) The sum of two distinct irrational numbers is rational.
 - (b) The rationalising factor of a number is unique.
 - (c) Every irrational number is a surd.
 - (d) None of these

(a) 4



Max Marks: 40

I. If x - y = xy = 1 - x - y, then x + y is $\frac{5}{3}$ 6. II. The system of equations 3x + 2y = a and 5x + by = 4 has infinitely many solutions for x and y, then a = 4, b = 3III. If $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 2$ and $ax - by = a^2 - b^2$, then x = a, y = bWhich is true? (a) I only (b) II only (c) III only (d) None of these. If 13 tan θ = 12, then find the value of $\frac{2\sin\theta\cos\theta}{\cos^2\theta - \sin^2\theta}$ 7. (b) $\frac{1}{25}$ $\frac{12}{31}$ (a) $\frac{25}{312}$ (c) 8. From a bag containing 100 tickets numbered 1, 2, 3,, 100 one ticket is drawn. If the number on this ticket is x, then the probability that $x + \frac{1}{x} > 2$ is (a) 0 (b) 0.99 (c) 1 (d) None of these 9. A right triangle has hypotenuse of length p cm and one side of length q cm. If p - q = 1, find the length of the third side of the triangle. (a) $\sqrt{2q+1}$ cm (c) $\sqrt{2q} + 1$ cm (d) $\sqrt{2q} + q^2 cm$ (b) $\sqrt{2(q+1)}$ cm Suppose we have two circles of radius 2 each in the plane such that the distance between their centers is $2\sqrt{3}$. The area of 10. the region common to both circles lies between (d) 0.8 and 0.9 (a) 0.5 and 0.6 (b) 0.65 and 0.7 (c) 0.7 and 0.75 11. Which of the following statement(s) is/are not correct? (a) $\frac{7^3}{5^4}$ is a non-terminating repeating decimal. (b) If $a = 2 + \sqrt{3}$ and $b = \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}$, then a + b is irrational. (c) If 19 divides a^3 , then 19 divides a, where a is a positive integer. (d) Product of L.C.M. and H.C.F. of 25 and 625 is 15625. 12. Which of the following given options is/are correct? (a) Degree of a zero polynomial is '0'. Degree of a zero polynomial is not defined. (b) (c) Degree of a constant polynomial is not defined. A polynomial of degree *n* must have *n* zeroes. (d) **13.** If $\cot \theta = \left(\frac{15}{8}\right)$, then evaluate $\frac{(2+2\sin\theta)(1-\sin\theta)}{(1+\cos\theta)(2-2\cos\theta)}$ (b) $\frac{225}{64}$ 156 (a) 1 (c) (d) -1 A coin is tossed. Then the probability of getting either head or tail is 14. (a) 1 (b) (c) (d) 2 Which of the following is / are not correct? 15. Three points will form : (a) an equilateral triangle, if all the three sides are equal. (b) an isosceles triangle, if any two sides are equal.

- (c) a collinear or a line, if sum of two sides is equal to third side.
- (d) a rhombus, if all the four sides are equal.

SP-50

Sample Paper-7

16. A circle is inscribed in a right angled triangle of perimeter 7π . Then the ratio of numerical values of circumference of the circle to the area of the right angled triangle is

(a)
$$4:7$$
 (b) $3:7$ (c) $2:7$ (d) $1:7$

17. In the given figure, S and T trisect the side QR of a right triangle PQR. Then which of the following is correct?



(c) a square, if all the four sides and diagonals are equal.

(d) a right angle triangle, if sum of squares of any two sides is equal to square of third largest side.

22. Two dice are rolled simultaneously. Find the probability that they show different faces.

(a)
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 (b) $\frac{1}{6}$ (c) $\frac{1}{3}$ (d) $\frac{5}{6}$

sp.51

23. In the given figure PA, QB and RC, each are perpendicular to AC.



SP-52

Sample Paper-7

34.	The zeroes of the quadratic polynomial $x^2 + 99x + 127$ are										
	(a) both positive	(b)	both negative								
	(c) one positive and one negative		both equal								
35.	Which of the following points will be collinear with the points $(-3, 4)$ and $(2, -5)$?										
	(a) $(0,0)$ (b) $(7,-14)$	(c)	(0, -1)	(d) (3, 1)							
36.	Given that $\sin \theta = \frac{a}{b}$, then $\cos \theta$ is equal to										
	(a) $\frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 - a^2}}$ (b) $\frac{b}{a}$	(c)	$\frac{\sqrt{b^2 - a^2}}{b}$	(d) $\frac{a}{\sqrt{b^2 - a^2}}$							
37.	Which of the following statement(s) is/are not correct?										
	(a) Every integer is a rational number.										
	(b) The sum of a rational number and an irrational number is an irrational number.										
	(c) Every real number is rational.										
	(d) Every point on a number line is associated with a real number.										
38.	A die is thrown once then,										
	(a) the probability of getting an odd number is $\frac{2}{3}$	(b)	the probability of getting multiple of 3 is $1/3$								
	(c) the probability of getting a prime number is 2/3	(d)	the probability of getting number greater than 5 is $1/3$								
39.	Two triangles are similar if										
	(a) their corresponding angles are equal.	(b)	their corresponding sid	es are equal.							
	(c) both are right triangle.	(d)	None of the above								
40.	A circle drawn with origin as the centre passes through $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$	$(\frac{3}{4}, 0).$	The point which does no	ot lie in the interior of the circle is							
	(a) $\left(\frac{-3}{4}, 1\right)$ (b) $\left(2, \frac{7}{3}\right)$	(c)	$\left(3,\frac{-1}{2}\right)$	(d) $\left(-6,\frac{5}{2}\right)$							
	SECTION-C										

Case Study Based Questions:

Section C consists of 10 quesions of 1 mark each. Any 8 quesions are to be attempted.

Q 41. - Q 45 are based on case study-I

Case Study-I

Nazima is fly fishing in a stream. The tip of her fishing rod is 1.8 m above the surface of the water and the fly at the end of the string rests on the water 3.6 m away and 2.4 m from a point directly under the tip of the rod. Assuming that her string (from the tip of her rod to the fly) is taut shown in figure.



SP-53

SP-54

Answer the following questions.

41.	How much string does she have out?								
	(a) 1 m	(b)	2 m	(c)	3 m	(d)	4 m		
42.	Find the length of CD.								
	(a) 1 m	(b)	1.2 m	(c)	1.5 m	(d)	2 m		
43.	Find the length of her fishing rod.								
	(a) 1.5 m	(b)	1.2 m	(c)	1 m	(d)	0.8 m		
44.	Both triangles are similar by similarity criterion is:								
	(a) AAA	(b)	SSS	(c)	ASA	(d)	SAS		
45.	If she pulls in the string at the rate of 5 cm per second, then time taken to pulls all string.								
	(a) 1 min.	(b)	30 sec.	(c)	30 min.	(d)	40 sec.		

Q 46 - Q 50 are based on case study-II

Case Study-II

A compound angle is that which is made of up of algebraic sum of two or more angles.

sin(A + B) = sin A cos B + cos A sin B

 $\tan(A+B) = \frac{\tan A + \tan B}{1 - \tan A \tan B}, \ \tan(A-B) = \frac{\tan A - \tan B}{1 + \tan A \cdot \tan B}$ $\cos(A+B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$ $\cos(A-B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B$

46. The value of $\sin 75^\circ$ is

(a)
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$
 (b) $\frac{3+\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}}$ (c) 0 (d) $\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{2\sqrt{2}}$

47. The value of $\tan 15^\circ$ is

(a)
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}-1}$$
 (b) $\frac{2-\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}}$ (c) $\frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{\sqrt{3}+1}$ (d) $2+\sqrt{3}$

48. The value of $\tan 75^\circ$ is

(a)
$$\frac{2}{2-\sqrt{3}}$$
 (b) $\frac{1}{1-\sqrt{3}}$ (c) 0 (d) $\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}-1}$

49. The value of $\cos 15^\circ$ is

(a)
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$
 (b) $\frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2\sqrt{2}}$ (c) $\frac{\sqrt{3}+2}{\sqrt{2}}$ (d) $\frac{\sqrt{3}-2}{\sqrt{2}}$

50. The value of $\cos 75^\circ$ is

(a)
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$
 (b) $\frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2\sqrt{2}}$ (c) $\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}-1}$ (d) $\frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{\sqrt{3}+1}$