CBSE Class 12 History Compartment Answer Key 2021 (September 14, Set 1 - 61/1/1)

Secondary School Examination (September-2021)

HISTORY (087)

Marking Scheme 61/1/1

QNO.	EXPECTED ANSWERS/VALUE POINTS	PAGE	MA
		NO.	RKS
1.	Canals / Wells/ Rivers/Artificial Water Reservoirs		
		Pg-3,4	1
2		Dg 12	1
Ζ.	(D) Asoka	Pg-13	1
3.	Endogamy refers to marriage within a unit or tribe or caste but Exogamy is	Pg-57	1
	marriage outside the unit.		

4.	(C) Guptas	Pg-61	1
	India's larg		
5.	Mahayana and Hinayana are the sects of Buddhism	Pg-56	1
6.	Sanchi Stupa	Pg-83	1
	For visually impaired-	Pg-96	1
	Kusinagara		
7.	(D) Hazara Ram Temple	Pg-183	1

8.	Saguna bhakti is the worship of specific deities with attributes such as	Pg-143	1
	Vishnu,Shiva etc.		
	Nirguna bhakti based on worship of an abstract form of god without		
	attributes.		

3



9.	Two brothers- Harihara and Bukka	Pg-171	1
10.	(A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reason(R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).	PG-233	1
11.	(B) Akbar Nama Abu'l-Fazl	Pg-231	1

17.i (D)-On the death of Pandu , as the royal princes were young.17.ii (C)- They expressed their preference for Pandavas to be the rulers.17.iii(A)-The Pandavas were more capable and virtuous than the Kauravas.17.iv (A)Patrimony was not unique to ruling families.(Any three to be evaluated)18.Colin Mackenzie18.i (D)- He resigned from his job before super-annuation.				
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		18.i (D)- He resigned from his job before super-annuation.		+1=
18.11 (D)-He embarked on collecting local histories.				3
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18.iii(A)-Colin Mackenzie brought the ruins of Hampi to light

18.iv (A)/ C –Memories of the priests of Virupaksha temple./ Information from the customs and laws of tribal people.

4

(Any three to be evaluated)



19.	Ordinary life in extraordinary times	Pg-290	1+1
	19.i (C)- All the routine activities were broken down.		+1=
	19.ii (C) - If some vegetables were available, they were stale and rotten.		3
	19.iii(D)- Water-carriers had stopped filling water.		

		19.iv (A)- Fear of the spread of epidemic.		
		(Any three to be evaluated)		
	20.	Features of Harappan Drainage system	Pg-6	3
		i. Every house was connected to the street drains	S.	
		ii. Streets with drains were laid out first then houses were built.	rm	
		iii. Domestic waste water had to flow into the street drains.		
		iv. Drains were laid along the walls		
		v. Main channels were made of bricks and mortar		
		vi. Waste water flowed out to the street and to main drains.		
		vii. Limestone was used for the covers		
		viii. Any other relevant point.		
		(Any three points to be explained)		
	1	Chabiahan 'a maasian fan brilding aatirities	Da 226	2
	21.	Shahjahan's passion for building activities	Pg-236	3
		i. Shahjahan had enough money to indulge in building activities.		
		 It was a part of monarchical culture as a tangible sign of dynastic power 		
1			1	

- iii. Imperial capital as Shahjahanbad(Delhi) with specific features likeRed Fort, Jama Masjid ,Chandni Chowk and homes of nobility.
- iv. TajMahal at Agra was another fine example
- v. Any other relevant point.

(Any three points to be explained)

5



22.	Opposition to the monopoly of East India Company	Pg-264	3
	i. The activities of East India Company were closely monitored.		
	ii. Many private traders in England wanted share in Indian trade.		
	iii. Information about East India Company's misrule and		

maladministration was debated in Britain.

- iv. Incidents of greed and corruption of company officials were publicized.
- Many political groups questioned the conquest of Bengal because its benefits were going to company and not to nation.
- vi. Any other relevant point.

(Any three points to be explained)

23. Nehru's arguments for strong Central Authority in India:

i. He pleaded for strong Central authority.

ii. According to him only strong Centre could ensure peace in the country.

iii. Centre could only coordinate on vital matters of common concern.

iv. Centre could speak effectively for whole country in the international sphere.

v. Centre could stop the communal effects.

vi. Only centre could sort out partition related issues.

vii. He supported Ambedkar, Balakrishna Sharma and other leaders for

strong and united centre.

vii. Any other relevant point.

(Any three points to be explained)

6

*These answers are meant to be used by evaluators



Pg-423

3

24.	Growth of Puranic Hinduism:	Pg-104	8
	i. Vaishnavism and Shaivism were traditions of Hinduism.		
	ii. Emphasis was given on the worship of chosen deity.		
	iii. Vaisavnasim developed around various avatars of Vishnu.		
	iv. The bond between devotee and the God was visualized as one of		

love and devotion

v. Various avatars were popular in different parts of the country. vi. Some of these forms and deities were represented in sculptures.

vii. Shiva was symbolized with' linga' and in human forms too.

viii. Representations were depicted with attributes through symbols such as ornaments, head dresses etc

ix. Much of these attributes are contained in Puranas.

x. Stories about gods and goddesses were circulated Review Platform

xi. Many stories were compiled by the Brahmanas .

xii. It was the part of Vedic learning.

xiii. Puranas evolved through interaction among people.

xiv. Vasudev Krishna was an important deity.

viii. Any other relevant point.

(To be evaluated as a whole)

OR

Teaching of Buddha:

The world is transient and constantly changing. 1.

ii. It is soulless and nothing is permanent.

iii. Sorrow is intrusive to human existence.

iv. The social world is the creation of humans rather than divine origin.

8

Pg-91-

94

- v. Kings and Gahapatis should be humane and ethical.
- vi. Buddha emphasized individual agency and righteous action.

7

vii. Righteousness is the way to escape from the cycle of birth and rebirth

(Nibbana).



viii. Importance to right conduct and values rather than birth

ix. Emphasis on fellow feeling

x. Compassion for weak were given importance

xi. Four noble truths

xii. Middle path

	xiii. Any other relevant point.		
	(To be evaluated as a whole)		
25.	Sufis and the state	Pg-159	8
	i. Sufis maintained distance from worldly power but not in absolute		
	means.	EO	
	ii. The Sufis accepted unsolicited grants and donations from the political	*	
	elites.	rm	
	iii. The Sultans set up the charitable trusts as endowments for hospices.		
	iv. Kings granted tax free lands.		

v. Sufis used donation on immediate requirements and ritual necessities.

vi. People from all walks of life were attracted towards Sufis.

vii. The Chishtis accepted donations in cash as well in kind.

viii. The kings also wished to get their support.

ix. The kings required that their acts should be legitimized by the Sufis.

- x. It was believed that auliya could intercede with god to improve the material and spiritual conditions.
- xi. The kings wanted their tombs to be near the Sufis shrines.

xii. There were instances of conflict between the Sultan and the Sufis.

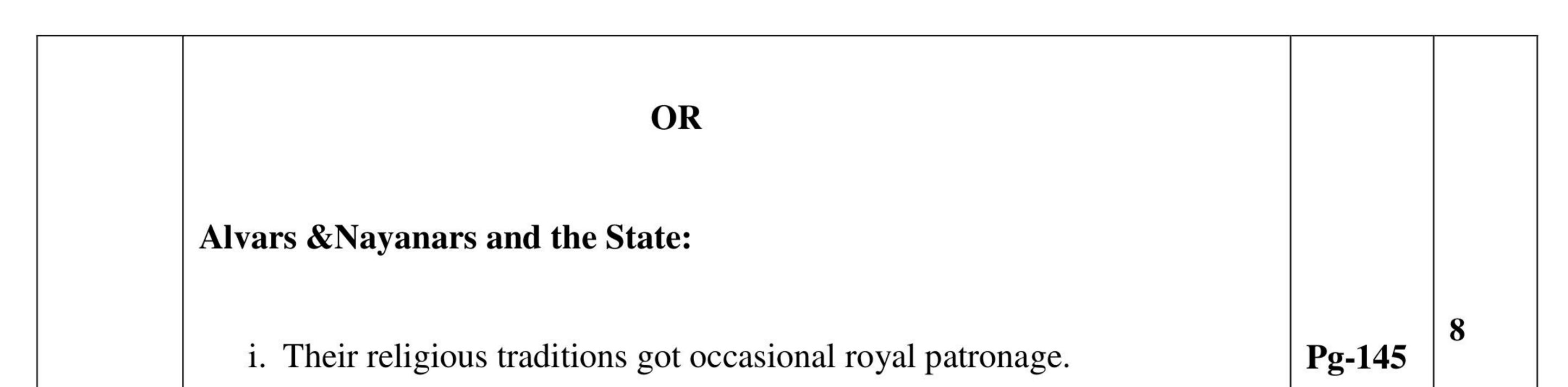
8

xiii. The Sufis were addressed with high –sounding titles.

xiv. Any other relevant point.

(To be evaluated as a whole)





- ii. Chola rulers supported Brahaminical and bhakti traditions.
- iii. Kings provided land grants to them.
- iv. Kings constructed temples for Vishnu and Shiva.
- v. Magnificent Shiva temples were constructed under the patronage of Chola rulers.
- vi. Bronze sculptures of Shiva were also produced.
- vii. Both Nayanars and Alvars were revered by Vellala peasants.
- viii. Rulers tried to win their support.
- ix. Chola rulers claimed divine status by building splendid temples.
- x. The kings also introduced the singing of Tamil-Shiva hymns under

	royal patronage. xi. Festivals were also arranged. xii. Any other relevant point. (To be evaluated as a whole)		
26.	Annexation of Awadh	Pg-	8
		296-	
	 Dalhousie's annexation created dissatisfaction among all annexed principalities. 	299	
	ii. Nawab was dethroned on the plea of misgoverning but he was popular and widely loved ruler.		

- iii. There was widespread sense of grief.
- iv. Emotional upheaval was aggravated by material losses.

9

- v. Dissolution of the court and its culture.
- vi. Officials and performers lost their livelihood.

*These answers are meant to be used by evaluators



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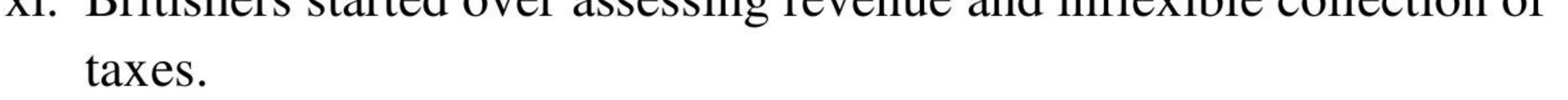
vii. With this taluqdars were also disposed.

viii. British were unwilling to tolerate taluqdars power.

ix. There was breakdown of entire social order.

Grievance of peasants and village society towards British Х. annexation.

xi. Britishers started over assessing revenue and inflexible collection of



xii. Injustices were carried out towards military also.

xiii. Any other relevant point.

(To be evaluated as a whole)

OR

Relationship of the Sepoys with the British officers during 1850s

- There was mistrust among Sepoys
- Majority of Sepoys were recruited from the villages. 11.

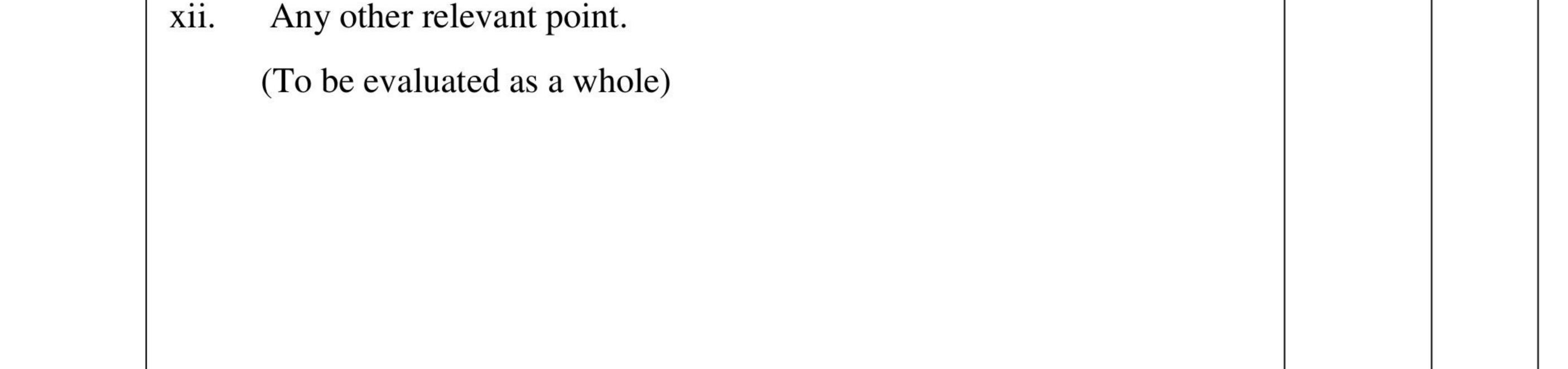
Pg-

299-

300

Revie

- iii. Grievances of peasants were carried over sepoy lines.
- White officers showed their superiority. 1V.
- Sepoys had complaints of low salaries and the difficulty of getting V. leaves.
- Greased cartridges created suspicion amongst sepoys. vi.
- vii. Most of the Sepoys were from Awadh.
- viii. Dethroning ruler of Awadh was not liked by sepoys and ruler folk.
 - ix. Misbehaviour and racial abuse by the White officers.
 - Sepoys defied the superior officers. Х.
 - xi. Thus there was collective rebellion.



10



27.	Source Based Questions	Pg-41	2+2+
			1=5
	Prabhavati Gupta and the village of Danguna		
	(27.1) What did Prabhavati state in her inscription? (2)		
	i.She commanded the householders/ peasants and brahmanas to obey the commands of Acharya.		

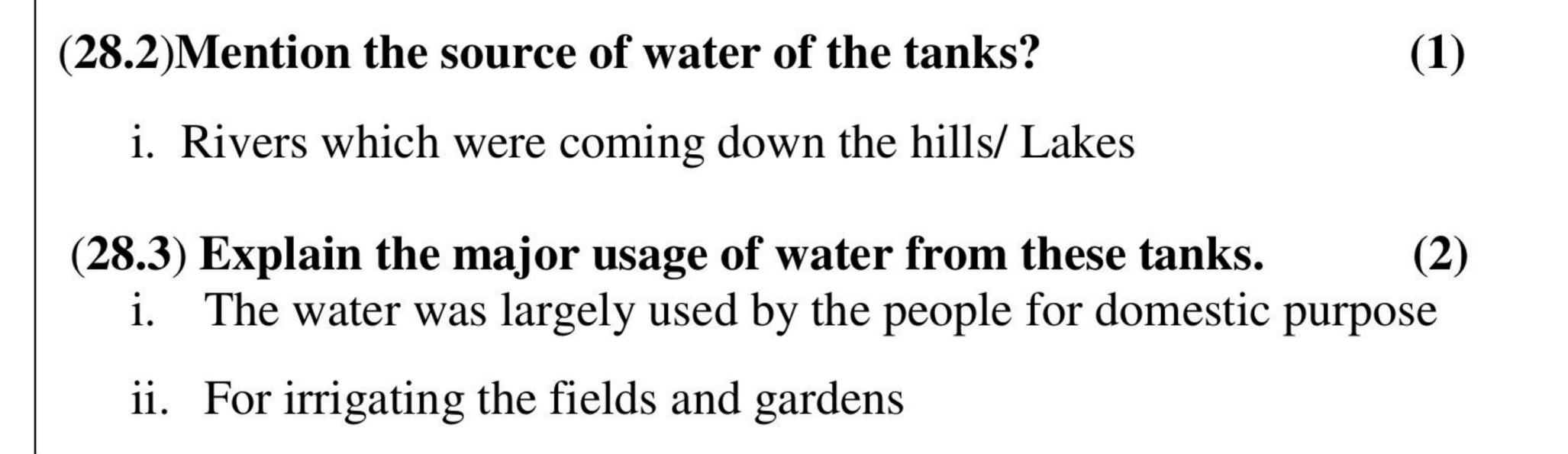
ii. She warned soldiers and policemen not to enter the village.

iii. Any other relevant point. (Any two)

(27.2)What were the exemptions conferred to the agrahara by Prabhavati Gupta? (2)

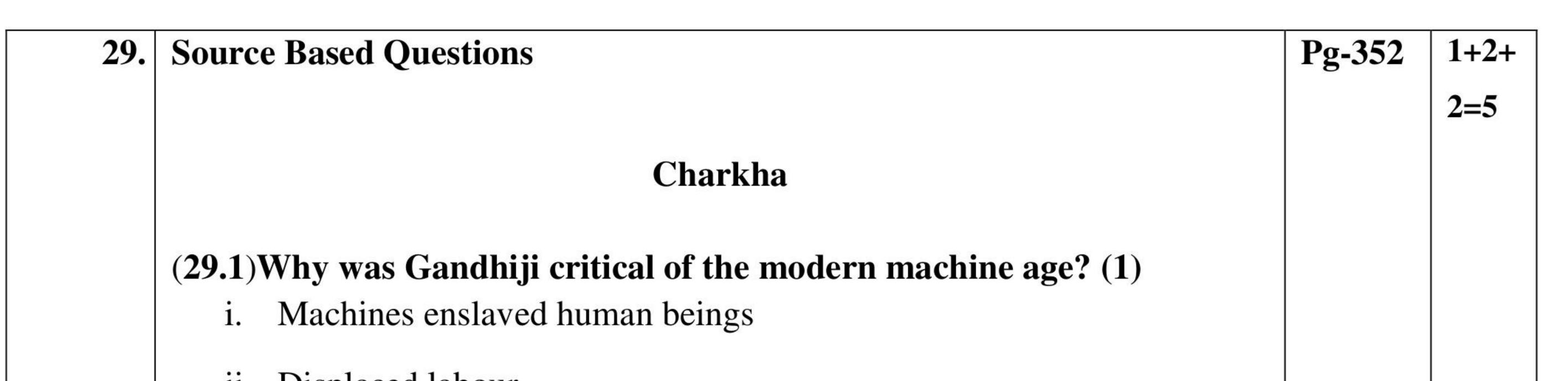
- Village was exempted from providing grass, hides as seats, charcoal, 1. flowers and milk, digging salt etc.
- ii. Exempt from purchasing fermenting liquors and digging salt Review Platform
- iii. Exempt from right to mines and khadira trees.
- iv. Exempt from major and minor taxes (Any two)

	 (27.3) What were the different things produced in the village of Danguna? Salt , khadira trees, grass , milk and flowers etc. (1) 			
28.	Source Based Questions	Pg-177	2+1+	
			2=5	
	How tanks were built			
	(28.1)Why were the tanks constructed at the mouth of two hills? (2)			
	i. This is because the water which comes from either side should be collected in the tank.			
	ii. In protection from overflowing river			



11





ii. Displaced labour.

iii. It concentrated wealth in the hands of few.(Any One)

(29.2) "The wheel is itself an exquisite piece of machinery." Examine this statement of Gandhiji. (2)

It supplements the poor man's income 1.

ii. It helps the poorest to work from their own cottages.

(29.3) Explain the significance of the Charkha.

- Charkha is a simple machine 1.
- t Review Platform It runs without power, with local raw material 11.

iii. To supplement income.

	iv. It helps in self reliance (Any Two) 5t Stude	
30.	KINDLY SEE FILLED ATTACHED MAP.	3+2=
	For Visually Impaired.	5
	For Visually Impaired:	
	30a (.i.) Centres of the Revolt of 1857(Any Three)	
	Delhi ,Jhansii, Meerut ,Lucknow, Kanpur, Azangarh ,Calcutta , Banaras,Gwalior, Jabbalpur, Agra etc.	
	OR	
	(ii) Towns under British control during 1857 : (Any three)	
	Punjab, Sind, Bombay, Madras, Masauliputam, Berar, Bengal, Bihar,	

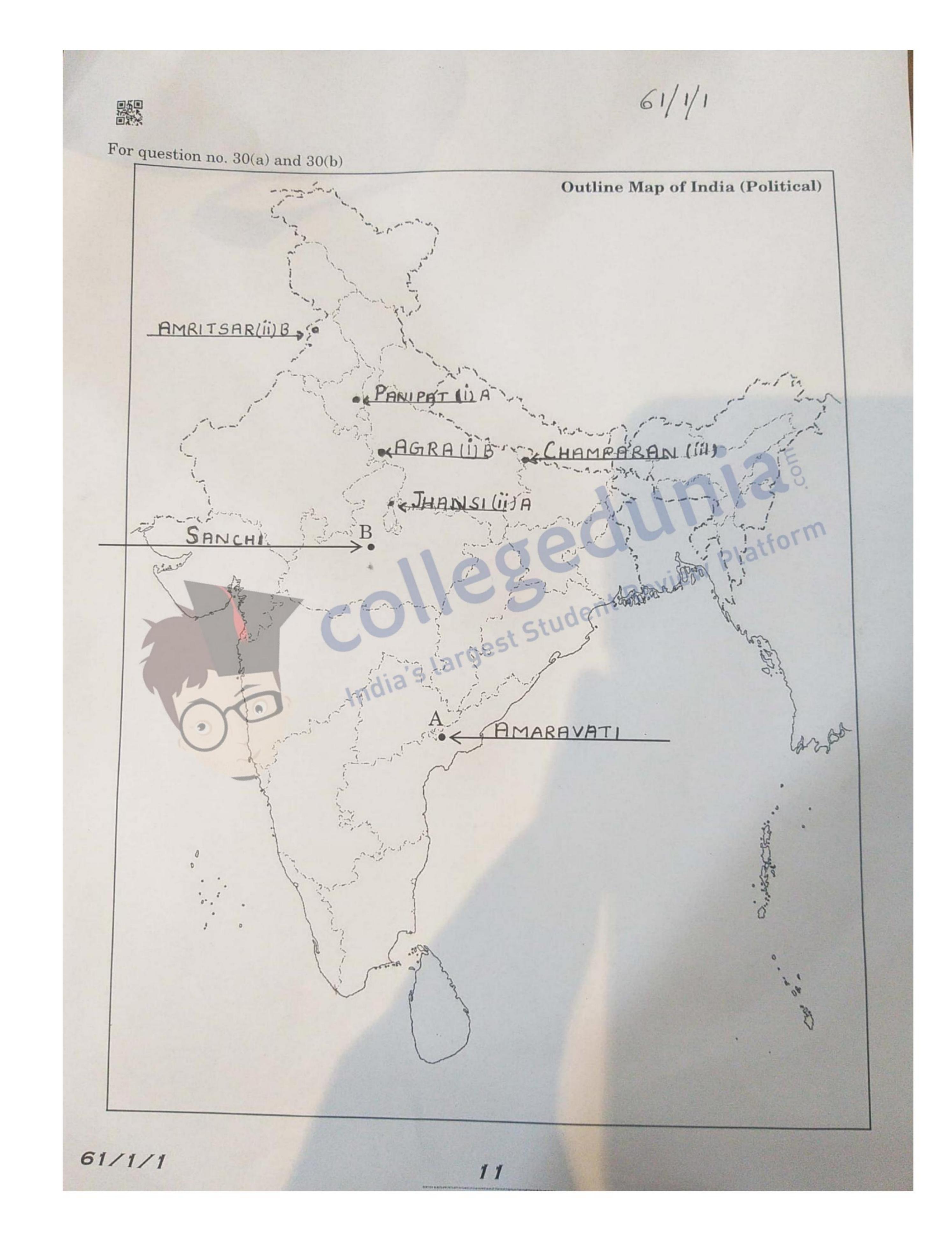
Awadh, Surat, Calcutta etc.

30b. Mature Harappan sites: : (Any Two)

Harappa, Banawali, Kalibangan, Rakhigarhi, Balakot, Dholavira, Nageshwar, Lothal, Mohanjodaro, Chauhandoro etc

12





13

