Mae. Food S. Tech.

14P/280/6

Question	Rooklet	No
Question	DOORICE	110

8)		To b	e filled	up by th	e cano	didate by	blue/b	plack ball-point pen)
Roll No.					200 83			
Roll No. (Write the	digits in	words)				************		•••••
Serial No.	of OMR	Answe	r Sheet		••••			
Day and I	Date							(Signature of Invigilator)

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(Use only blue/black ball-point pen in the space above and on both sides of the Answer Sheet)

- 1. Within 10 minutes of the issue of the Question Booklet, check the Question Booklet to ensure that it contains all the pages in correct sequence and that no page/question is missing. In case of faulty Question Booklet bring it to the notice of the Superintendent/Invigilators immediately to obtain a fresh Question Booklet.
- 2. Do not bring any loose paper, written or blank, inside the Examination Hall except the Admit Card without its envelope.
- 3. A separate Answer Sheet is given. It should not be folded or mutilated. A second Answer Sheet shall not be provided. Only the Answer Sheet will be evaluated.
- 4. Write your Roll Number and Serial Number of the Answer Sheet by pen in the space provided above.
- 5. On the front page of the Answer Sheet, write by pen your Roll Number in the space provided at the top, and by darkening the circles at the bottom. Also, wherever applicable, write the Question Booklet Number and the Set Number in appropriate places.
- 6. No overwriting is allowed in the entries of Roll No., Question Booklet No. and Set No. (if any) on OMR sheet and also Roll No. and OMR Sheet No. on the Question Booklet.
- 7. Any change in the aforesaid entries is to be verified by the invigilator, otherwise it will be taken as unfair means.
- 8. Each question in this Booklet is followed by four alternative answers. For each question, you are to record the correct option on the Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle in the corresponding row of the Answer Sheet, by ball-point pen as mentioned in the guidelines given on the first page of the Answer Sheet.
- 9. For each question, darken only one circle on the Answer Sheet. If you darken more than one c role or darken a circle partially, the answer will be treated as incorrect.
- 10. Note that the answer once filled in ink cannot be changed. If you do not wish to attempt a question, leave all the circles in the corresponding row blank (such question will be awarded zero mark).
- 11. For rough work, use the inner back page of the title cover and the blank page at the end of this Booklet.
- 12. Deposit only the OMR Answer Sheet at the end of the Test.
- 13. You are not permitted to leave the Examination Hall until the end of the Test.
- 14. If a candidate attempts to use any form of unfair means, he/she shall be liable to such punishment as the University may determine and impose on him/her.

| उपर्युक्त निर्देश हिन्दी में अन्तिम आबरण-पृष्ठ पर दिये गए हैं|

R. 114 | 33 13 1/200/7 [No. of Printed Pages: 18+2





No. of Questions/प्रश्नों की संख्या : 120

Time/सम्ब : 2 Hours/मन्दे

Full Marks/quits: 360

Hote/WZ: (1) Attempt as many questions as you can. Each question carries 3 marks. One mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. Zero mark will be awarded for each unattempted question.

अधिकाधिक प्रश्नों को इस करने का प्रयत्न करें। प्रश्निक अस्त 3 अंक का है। प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए एक अंक काटा काएगा। प्रत्येक अनुत्तरित प्रश्न का प्रत्येक शृन्य होगा।

(2) If more than one alternative answers seem to be approximate to the correct answer, choose the closest one.

बदि एकाधिक वैकल्पिक उत्तर सही उत्तर के निकट प्रतीत हों, तो निकटतम सही उत्तर दें।

1. IARI is located at

(1) izatnagar

(2) Karnal

(3) Delhi

(4) Hyderabad

2. World Food Day is celebrated on

(1) March 13

(2) May 30

(3) October 16

(4) November 3

3. First Agricultural University established in India is located at

12 Management

(2) Agra

(3) Coimbettre

of the same of

(100)

L



4.	Khaira disease of	paddy occurs due	to defic	ciency of	
	(1) phosphorus	(2) boron	(3)	zinc	(4) nitrogen
5.	Which of the follo	wing requires man	timum i	rrigation?	
	(1) Soyabean	(2) Maize	(3)	Paddy	(4) Lentil
6.	Malting of barley	s done to activate	:		
*	(1) catalase		(2)	pectinase	
	(3) amylascs		(4)	polyphenol oxi	dase
7.	The two main ingr	edients used for o	curing of	meat are	
¥	(1) phosphate and	nitrite	(2)	sodium chlorid	e and nitrite
## ##	(3) iso-ascorbic ac	id and nitrite	(4)	sugar and nitr	ite
8.	Which of the follow	ving is a dough co	onditione	17	
6	(1) Sodium nitrite		(2)	Sodium sulphit	:e
	(3) SSL		(4)	Calcium acetate	e
9.	The radiation dose	required for comm	nercial s	terilization of n	neat is
n	PARTY SERVICES OF	(2) 10-20 KGy	9	11 4 70 A*	(4) 30-40 KGy
10.	Hemagglutinins are	found in	•	" 7	
	(1) linseed	(2) soyabean	(3) 1	ootato	(4) groundnut
(159)		i x	2	5)	



11.	The moisture content in butter should	not be more than
	(1) 4% (2) 8%	(3) 12% (4) 16%
12.	HTST method of pasteurization involve	es a treatment of
	(1) 161 °F for 15 sec	(2) 145 °F for 30 min
	(3) 161 °F for 45 sec	(4) 165 °F for 10 sec
13.	Lactore is made up of	
	(1) galactose and glucose	(2) galactose and fructose
	(3) glucose and fructose	(4) glucose and maltose
14.	The typical flavour of butter obtained	from riperied cream is mainly due to
	(1) acetic acid (2) lactic acid	(3) propionic acid (4) diacetyl
15.	Pastcurization of milk is based on des	truction of following pathogen
	(1) E. coli	(2) Mycobacterium tuberculosis
•	(3) Coxiella: burnetti	(4) Clostridium botulinum
16.	Which of the following has maximum	specific gravity?
	(1) Water (2) Fat	(3) Protein (4) Lactose
17.	According to PFA rules, toned milk sh	ould have a minimum of
	(1) 3.0% fat and 8.0% SNF	(2) 3.0% fat and 8.5% SNF
	(3) 3.5% fat and 8.5% BNP	(4) 3.5% fat (4.0) (4.0)

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18.	According to BIS, ice cream must he	ave the following minimum percentage of
	(1) 8% (2) 10%	(3) 12% (4) 14%
19.	Sweet curdling of milk is due to pro	duction of the enzyme
	(1) lipase (2) rennin	(3) lactase (4) protease
20.	Following method is used for determ	ination of fat in milk
	(1) Soxhlet method	(2) Weende method
	(3) Kjeldahl method	(4) Gerber method
21.	Which test is conducted to determin	e the efficiency of milk sterilization?
	(1) Turbidity test	(2) Alcohol precipitation test
	(3) Phosphatase test	(4) COB test
22.	Following is a broad spectrum presen	rvative
	(1) Calcium sorbate	(2) Calcium propionate
	(3) Sodium benzoate	(4) Potassium metabisulfite
23.	Which of the following denotes accur drying?	mulation of solutes on surface of foods during
	(1) Scalding (2) Thickening	(3) Wilting. (4) Case hardening
24.	Microbial cells are most resistant to	heat in
	(1) lag phase (2) log phase	(3) decline phase (4) stationary phase
(159)		4



25.	β-gl	ucans are found	in	8				
	(1)	wheat	(2)	rice	(3)	barley	(4)	soyabean
					- 69	2 12 2		£
26.	Ho	ps are used as a	108	arce of the follow	ving	in beer manufac	cture	
	(1)	Amylases	(2)	Tannins	(3)	Proteases	(4)	Carbohydrates
27.	Ten	apering of soft wi	ıcat	is done to following	ng le	vel prior to millir	ıg in	a roller flour mill
		12-13%		14-15%		16-17%		18-19%
,		·				GF.		340 ₀ •
28 :	Wh	ich of the follow	ing	is not an artifici	al s	weetener?		
	(1)	Saccharin			(2)	Calcium cyclan	ate	
	(3)	Sorbitol			(4)	Auramine		
	***		·	in winh in amadhio		·.		
29.	WD	ach of the lonow	100 100	is rich in methic		· ·		
	(1)	Groundaut	(2)	Cottonseed	(3)	Sesame	(4)	Soyabean
30.	Wh	sich of the follow	ing	fraction of prote	ins i	is maximum in :	mille	d rice?
	•	Albumin		Globulin		Glutelin	(4)	
20		ja ja						5
31.	Paj	pain is used in a	mea	t as a			n)	
	(1)	flavour enhanc	er.	€ .	(2)	tenderlaar	£.	
90	(3)	colouring agen	t	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(4)	preservations.		



32.	W	nich of the follow	ing i	s a non-climac	teric	food?		
	(1)	Mango-	(2)	Banana	(3)	Tomato	(4)	Pineapple
33.	W	nich of the follow	ing i	s an antioxidar	ıt?			
	(1)	Sodium propior	nate.		(2)	Calcium sulpha	ate	
	(3)	Propyl gallate			(4)	Potassium nitra	ate	
34.	Mc	t-myoglobin imp	arts i	following colour	to r	neat	*	
	(1)	Brown	(2)	Bright red	(3)	Greenish tinge	(4)	Purple
35.	Th	e temperature ra	nge i	for Ultra High	l'emp	erature (UHT) si	terili	zation of milk is
	(1)	90-100 °C	(2)	100-115 °C	(3)	135-150 °C	(4)	180-210 °C
36.	BC	D stands for						
	(1)	Biological Oxyg	en D	epletion	(2)	Biological Oxyg	en D	emand
a	(3)	Biochemical Ox	ygen	Demand	(4)	British Oxygen	Dep	letion
37.	Pro	ocess time is inde	epeno	tent of can size	in	⊗ *		
	(1)	in-bottle pasteu	ırizati	ion .	(2)	canning		
	(3)	bottling		5	(4)	aseptic canning		
38.	Wh	ich of the follow	ing i	a flavour enh	ance	r?		
	(1)	Potassium brom	nate		(2)	Monosodium gl	utam	ate
	(3)	Glycerol mono	stear	ate	(4)	Sodium alginate	8	**
(159)				6				

6



39 .	A thermocouple used in temperature re	gulators is made of two metals having different
	(1) coefficient of thermal expansion	(2) densities
	(3) weight	(4) malleability
40.	The chief muscle pigment is a protein	n called
***	(1) globulin (2) myoglobin	(3) elastin (4) collagen
41.	Microbial rennet is mainly prepared i	from .
29	(1) Aspergillus fumigates	(2) Bacillus subtilis
	(3) B. stearothermophilus	(4) Aspergillus niger
42.	BHA is added into food products as	
	(1) antibacterial agent	(2) antioxidant
	(3) antifoaming agent	(4) anticaking agent
43.	Presser burn, a defect which occurs	generally in frozen foods is due to
	(1) osmosis	(2) rebydration
٠	(3) thermal conductivity	(4) dehydration
44.	Refrigerant changes from vapour to	liquid state in the following
•3	(1) Compressor (2) Evaporator	(3) Condenser (4) Metering device
45.	For complete conduction of glucose, re	espiratory quotient is
6. 1007	(1) 0-7 (2) 1-0	(3) 1.3
(159)	•1 •	7



		•
46	. Which of the following amino acids is	deficient in pulses?
	(1) Lysine (2) Methionine	(3) Tryptophan (4) Threonine
47	Sulphur resistant cans are used for c	canning of
	(1) peas (2) lettuce	(3) apples (4) tomatoes
48.	. Loss factor term is associated with th	e following
	(1) Irradiation	(2) Microwave heating
	(3) Ohmic heating	(4) Thermal processing
49.	The micro-organisms associated with	pickling of vegetables are
5	(1) Acetobactor aceti	(2) Lactic acid bacteria
•	(3) Saccharomyces cereviseae	(4) Staphylococcus aureus
50.	Which of the following enzymes should homogenization of milk?	i be inactivated prior to or immediately after
	(1) Lipase (2) β-galactosidase	(3) Invertase (4) Protease
- 51.	Which of the following organisms is us	ed in tempeh production?
	(1) Aspergillus niger	(2) Neurospora sitophila
	(3) Rhizopus oligosporus	(4) Aspergillus oryzae
52.	Erucic acid is found in	•
	(1) linseed oil (2) cottonseed oil	(3) soyabean oil (4) mustard oil
(159)		



53.	Thiobarbituric Acid Test is used to dete	ermine
×	(1) hydrolytic rancidity.	(2) oxidative rancidity
	(3) proteolysis	(4) -SH groups
54.	The principal site of water absorption i	n case of globular protein is
	(1) hydroxyl group	(2) peptide bond
	(3) carboxylic group	(4) amino group
55.	Multiple effect evaporator is used to	
*	(1) save energy	(2) concentrate heat sensitive materials
	(3) concentrate any food	(4) increase steam economy
56.	Which of the following exhibits maximum	ım sweetness?
	(1) Maltose (2) Sucrose	(3) Fructose (4) Glucose
57.	Fraction of wheat protein soluble in 70	% alcohol is called
	(1) gluten (2) globulin	(3) glutenin (4) gliadin
56.	Winterization step is associated with th	e following
	(1) Vegetable oils	(2) Animal protein
	(3) Winter vegetables	(4) Freeze drying
59.	Who is known as father of canning?	•
-	(1): Louis Speters	(2) N. W. Decrosier
	(3) Hichidas Appert	(4) Peter Desput
(159)	. 9	

		97 4 937						
60.	A	basis box of tin	plate	has an area of	•	15-31 16-43		
	(1)	11360 sq inch			(2)	21360 sq inch		
	(3)	31360 sq inch			(4)	41360 sq inch		85
61.	A	solution having 2	25%	sodium chloride	will	correspond to		
a .	(1)	70° Salometer	(2)	80° Salometer	(3)	90° Salometer	(4)	100° Salomete
62.	WI	hich of the follow	ring	is not a natural	colo	our?		
.	. (1)	Lycopene	(2)	Lutein ·	(3)	Xanthophyll	(4)	Erythrosine
63.	Sa	uerkraut is man	ufac	tured from		99:		3
	(1)	cauliflower	(2)	cucumber	(3)	cabbage	(4)	grapes
64.	Sy	neresis of fruit j	elly (occurs due to		额		
0. 5 0	(1)	insufficient pec	tin		(2)	insufficient su	gar	
	(3)	hydrolysis of st	ugar		(4)	use of immatu	re fr	uit .
65.	Re	d colour of apple	es is	due to	12	•		
	(1)	Anthocyanins	(2)	Lycopene	(3)	Carotenes	(4)	Xanthophylls
66.	Wh	at is a mono-me	eric 1	unit of pectin?				
	(1)	Glucose			(2)	Galactose		
	(3)	Mannose			(4)	Galacturonic a	cid	
(159)			•	••				N .
,,				10		12 <u>.</u>		



67.	Which one of the following is a substrate for polyphenol oxidase?									
	(1) Guiacol	(2)	(2) Tartaric acid							
	(3) Chlorogenic acid	đ	(4)	Ferulic acid						
68.	Minimum content o	f juice in squash is								
	(1) 10 percent	(2) 25 percent .	(3)	40 percent	(4)	65 percent				
69.	Rice bran is a good	source of the follow	ving			¥1				
	(1) Vitamin A	(2) Vitamin B ₂	(3)	Vitamin D	(4)	Vitamin B ₁₂				
70.	The pH of medium	acid foods is in the	ran	ge of						
	(1) above 5·3	(2) 4.5-5.3	(3)	3.7-4.5	(4)	below 3.7				
71.	Clostridium botulinu	m does not grow in	food	s having pH belo	w	**				
3.5	(1) 4.6	(2) 5.0	(3)	5-6	(4)	6.0				
72.	Which of the follow	ing is an index orga	nien	n for sanitary qu	ality	y of a food?				
H	(1) Lactic acid bac	teria .	(2)	Shigella						
	(3) Salmonella		(4)	Coliforms						
73.	Time in minutes at pepulation is known	NOTE: 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10		equired to destro	y 90	% of organisms in a				



	¥1	
74.	Following is a Class I preservative	
	(1) Sodium chloride	(2) Potassium meta bisulphate
	(3) Sodium meta bisulphate	(4) Sodium benzoate
75.	The approximate lower limit of water	activity for growth of moulds is
9	(1) 0.60 (2) 0.80	(3) 0.88 (4) 0.94
76.	The minimum concentration of tomato	solids in tomato paste is
	(1) 12 percent (2) 25 percent	(3) 40 percent (4) 50 percent
77.	Jel meter is used for assessment of	
	(1) viscosity of pectin extract	(2) activity of jelly
	(3) colour of fruit juice	(4) TSS of jelly
78.	In jam, the total soluble solids should	not be less than
	(1) 68·5 percent (2) 72·5 percent	(3) 76.5 percent (4) 80.5 percent
79.	Water absorption of wheat flour is me	asured by
1	(1) Viscograph (2) Extesograph	(3) Mixograph (4) Farinograph
80.	Pasta products are usually made from	the following type of wheat
	(1) soft wheat (2) hard wheat	(3) red wheat (4) durum wheat
81.	Which of the following is a branched	oolysaccharide present in most cereals?
	(1) Amylase (2) Amylopectin	(3) Cellulose (4) Glycogen
(159)	12	2



82.	The ratio of glutenin and gliad	in in good quali	ity wheat prot	ein is
	(1) 1:1 (2) 2:1	(3) ·1:	2	(4) 1:3
83:	Which of the following is not a	unit of roller f	lour mill?	
	(1) Break roll system	(2) Re	eduction roll	system
	(3) Cone polisher	(4) Po	ırifier	
84.	Wheat kernel has bran conten	t of		•
	(1) 9-11 percent (2) 13-17	percent (3) 18	3-21 percent	(4) 22-25 percent
86.	For avoiding development of co	acks paddy sho	uld be harves	sted at
	(i) 10-12% moisture	(2) 12	2-14% moistu	re
iz.	(3) 20-22% moisture	(4) 30	0-32% moistu	re
86.	Which of the following is a ch	emical leavening	agent?	•
*	(1) Ammonium bicarbonate	(2) A	cid calcium p	hosphate
	(3). Sodium citrate	(4) Q	MS	
87.	Which of the following causes	ropiness in brea	nd?	
	(1) Bacillus cereus	(2) B	acillus subtilis	
	(3) Bacillus ceagulans	(4) B	acillus circula	ns
96,	Normally the % extraction rate			
w #	(2) 60-62	(3) 70	0-72	
1 59)		13	100 . 0. ²⁰	

(159)



	*				
89.	Baking of double t	oread is done at	6.57		
	(1) 130-150 °F	(2) 230-250 °F	(3) 330-350 *1	F (4) 430-450 °F	
90.	Following solvent i	s used for extracti	on of oil from oils	eeds .	
	(1) Ethyl alcohol	(2) Hexane	(3) Acetone	(4) Benzene	
91.	Calcium propionate	e is a			
	(1) mould inhibito	r *	(2) emulsifier		
	(3) leavening agen	t	(4) bleaching	agent	
92.	Gossypol is found	in	10	į.	
	(1) sesame	(2) mustard	(3) groundnut	(4) cottoneced	
93.	Following is a crys	tal clear product			
E .	(I) Crush	(2) Cordial	(3) Jelly	(4) Nectar	
94.	It is not utilized by	yeasts	¥II	16	
	(1) sucrose	(2) lactose	(3) glucose	(4) fructose	
95.	Which of the follow temperature?	ving value is adde	ed to convert temp	erature in °C into absolut	c
	(1) 273-15	(2) 373-15	(3) 300-15	(4) 325-15	
96.	If the pressure is red	luced below atmosp	heric pressure, the	boiling point of milk will be	
	(1) greater than 10		(2) less than 1		
	(3) 100 °C		(4) 101 °C		
(159)		1	4	20	



97.	The	perfect gas low	state	s that					
	(1)	PT = NvR	(2)	PR = TNv	(3)	PV = NRT	(4)	PN = vRT	
98.	Wha	it is Gluten?		•3		ACCESS AND LOS		e	
	(1).	Carbohydrate			(2)	Protein,			
	(3)	Vitamin			(4)	Minture of co	rbohy	irate and protein	1
90.	The	unit of therma	l can	ductivity is			•		
99	1001	W/w-K	121	W/m²-K	(3)	W/m ² -K-h	(4)	W-m/K	
	Bet		\- ,		¥ 000 ¥ 000	•	3083 30		
100.	The	Parrall index i	e usc	d to determin	e the	degree of		er v	
	(1)	centrifugation			(2)	homogenizat	ion		
	(3)	sterilisation			(4)	irradiation		t.	
	(-)			•					
101.	The	second stage i	n two	stage homog	cnizat	ion is used to	•	•	
en.	(1)	reduce the size	of fi	at globules fur	rther				
	(2)	increase the si	ze of	fat globules		*			
	(3)	(3) increase the size of clusters of fat globules							
	(4)	uniformly disp	crec :	the fat globule	:8				
102.	For	good quality id	e cre	am, the overr	un et	-5.6 °C show	ild be		
		50%		100%		150%		75%	
	(-/		1-1	10 CBCT 47 CBC	3. 18		10 23 Tai - 1	Barrier Barrier	
103.	مر	(Più maintaire cas	dont (on dry besis is	equal	to a maintaining		4	
2 9 53	(1)	28%	(2)	50%	(3)	75%	TODAY		9
(1 50)					15				



104.	Cyclone separator is used to separate the materials by the application of				
	(1) centripetal force	(2) gravitational force			
	(3) magnetic force	(4) centrifugal force			
105.	Recommended moisture content (wet	basis) of paddy for safe storage is			
	(1) less than 5% (2) 6-8%	(3) 12-13% (4) 18-20%			
106.	Steam economy of single effect evapor	ator without vapour compression is			
	(1) less than one (2) equal to one	(3) equal to two (4) equal to three			
107.	In constant rare drying period, the a temperature of drying air?	surface of the food material equals to which			
	(1) Dry bulb temperature				
	(2) Wet bulb temperature	•			
	(3) Dew-point temperature				
	(4) Lower temperature than wet bulb	temperature			
	45 €A				
108.	Triple point of water occurs at				
	(1) 30 °F and 2.7 mm Hg	(2) 30 °F and 3.7 mm Hg			
	(3) 32 °F and 4·7 mm Hg	(4) 32 °F and 5.7 mm Hg			
109.	Which of the following is the major co	mponent of glass?			
	(1) Calcium oxide	(2) Potassium oxide			
	(3) Sodium oxide	(4) Silica oxide			
(159)	16	5			



110. A ton of refrigeration is equal to (1) 100000 BTU (2) 188000 BTU (3) 200000 BTU (4) 288000 BTU 111. For strongly corrosive foods, following type of steel plate is recommended for care (1) Type L (2) Type MS (3) Type MR (4) Type MC 112. Non-enzymatic browning reaction occurs between (1) sugars and ascorbic acid (2) amino acids and sugars (3) amino acids and ascorbic acid (4) polyphenels and oxygen 113. What concentration of benzoates is generally used in preservation of tomato proc (1) 0·1% (2) 0·3% (3) 0·5% (4) 0·7% 114. Homogenized milk must have 90% of fat globules of size smaller than (1) 1 μ (2) 2 μ (3) 3 μ (4) 4 μ 115. Under the most ideal conditions a bacterium may reproduce itself as often (1) every 20 to 30 seconds (2) every 20 to 30 minutes (3) every 40 to 50 seconds (4) every 40 to 50 minutes 116. Best set jelly is obtained at a pH of (1) 3·0 (2) 6·0 (3) 7·0 (4) 8·0 117. Which is the most essential constituent in jelly formation? (8) Starch (2) Callulose (3) Pectin (4) Flaticity (4) Parallel (4) Parall	
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118. FPO stands for

- (1) Food Products Organization
- (2) Fruit Products Order
- (3) Food Products Order
- (4) Fruit Panel Organization

119. Beany flavour in soyabean is associated with

- (1) lipoxygenase oxidase
- (2) polyphenol

(3) protease

(4) pectin methyl esterase

120. Cereals are generally deficient in

- (1) lysine
- (2) methionine
- (3) isoleucine
- (4) tryptophan



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अभ्यर्थियों के लिए निर्देश

(इस पुस्तिका के प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर तथा उत्तर-पत्र के दोनों पृष्ठों पर केवल नीली या काली बाल-प्वाइंट पेन से ही लिखें)

- 1. प्रश्न पुस्तिका मिलने के 10 मिनट के अन्दर ही देखा लें कि प्रश्नपत्र में सभी पृष्ठ मौजूद हैं और कोई प्रश्न छूटा नहीं है। पुस्तिका दोषयुक्त पाये जाने पर इसकी सूचना तत्काल कक्ष-निरीक्षक को देकर सम्पूर्ण प्रश्नपत्र की दूसरी पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।
- 2. परीक्षा भवन में लिफाफा रहित प्रवेश-पत्र के अतिरिक्त, लिखा या सादा कोई भी खुला कागज साथ में न लायें।
- 3. उत्तर-पत्र अलग से दिया गया है। इसे न तो मोड़ें और न ही विकृत करें। दूसरा उत्तर-पत्र नहीं दिया जायेगा, केवल उत्तर-पत्र का ही मृल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
- 4. अपना *अनुक्रमांक तथा उत्तर-पत्र का क्रमांक प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर पेन* से निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें।
- 5. उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर पेन से अपना अनुक्रमांक निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें तथा नीचे दिये वृत्तों को गाढ़ा कर दें। जहाँ-जहाँ आवश्यक हो वहाँ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका का क्रमांक तथा सेट का नम्बर उचित स्थानों पर लिखें।
- 6. ओ० एम० आर० पत्र पर अनुक्रमांक संख्या, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका संख्या व सेट संख्या (यदि कोई हो) तथा प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर अनुक्रमांक सं० और ओ० एम० आर० पत्र सं० की प्रविष्टियों में उपिरलेखन की अनुमित नहीं है।
- 7. उपर्युक्त प्रविष्टियों में कोई भी परिवर्तन कक्ष निरीक्षक द्वारा प्रमाणित होना चाहिये अन्यथा यह एक अनुचित साधन का प्रयोग माना जायेगा।
- 8. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के वैकल्पिक उत्तर के लिये आपको उत्तर-पत्र की सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये वृत्त को उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर दिये गये निर्देशों के अनुसार पेन से गाढ़ा करना है।
- 9. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के उत्तर के लिये केवल एक ही वृत्त को गाढ़ा करें। एक से अधिक वृत्तों को गाढ़ा करने पर अथवा एक वृत्त को अपूर्ण भरने पर वह उत्तर गलत माना जायेगा।
- 10. ध्यान दें कि एक बार स्याही द्वारा अंकित उत्तर बदला नहीं जा सकता है। यदि आप किसी प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं देना चाहते हैं, तो सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये सभी वृत्तों को खाली छोड़ दें। ऐसे प्रश्नों पर शून्य अंक दिये जायेंगे।
- 11. रफ़ कार्य के लिये प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के मुखपृष्ठ के अन्दर वाले पृष्ठ तथा अंतिम पृष्ठ का प्रयोग करें।
- 12. परीक्षा के उपरान्त केवल ओ०एम०आर० उतर-एत्र परीक्षा भवन में जमा कर दें।
- 13. परीक्षा समाप्त होने से पहले परीक्षा भवन से बाहर जाने की अनुमति नहीं होगी।
- 14. यदि कोई अभ्यर्थी परीक्षा में अनुचित साधनों का प्रयोग करता है, तो वह विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा निर्धारित दंड का/की, भागी होगा/होगी।

