

National Testing Agency

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Linguistics

Group Number : 1
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PART A

Section Id : 12820617
Section Number : 1
Section type : Online
Mandatory or Optional: Mandatory
Number of Questions: 57
Number of Questions to be attempted: 57
Section Marks: 100
Display Number Panel: Yes
Group All Questions: No

Sub-Section Number: 1
Sub-Section Id: 12820622
Question Shuffling Allowed : Yes

Question Number : 1 Question Id : 128206471 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The OMR sheet used for competitive examinations stands for:

- a. Optical Magnetic Reader
- b. Optical Mark Reader
- c. Optical Memory Reader
- d. Optical Monitor Reader

Options :

1282061853. A

1282061854. B

1282061855. C

1282061856. D

Question Number : 2 Question Id : 128206472 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The emblem of the Government of India is a reproduction of the Ashoka's Pillar at Sarnath. It shows:

- a. Three standing lions at a base having a Dharma Chakra in the Centre, a bull on the right and a horse to the left
- b. Two lions standing at a base having a Dharma Chakra in the Centre, a cow on the right and a mule to the left
- c. Four standing lions at a base having a Manusmriti in the Centre, a lotus on the right and a peacock to the left
- d. Three standing lions on the right, a bull at a base having a Dharma Chakra in the Centre and an elephant to the left.

Options :

1282061857. A

1282061858. B

1282061859. C

1282061860. D

Question Number : 3 Question Id : 128206473 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The National flag of India consists of three horizontal bands- saffron, white and dark green with Ashoka wheel. According to _____, the saffron colour represents the spirit of renunciation, the white stands for truth and peace, and green signifies growth.

- a. Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
- b. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru
- c. M. K. Gandhi
- d. Dr. S. Radhakrishnan

Options :

- 1282061861. A
- 1282061862. B
- 1282061863. C
- 1282061864. D

Question Number : 4 Question Id : 128206474 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Who can amend the constitution of India?

- a. President
- b. Council of Ministers
- c. Prime minister and his close associates
- d. Parliament

Options :

- 1282061865. A
- 1282061866. B
- 1282061867. C
- 1282061868. D

Question Number : 5 Question Id : 128206475 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Who developed the ability to speak?

- a. Aryans
- b. Parrots
- c. Neanderthal
- d. Cro-Magnon

Options :

- 1282061869. A
- 1282061870. B
- 1282061871. C

Sub-Section Number: 2
Sub-Section Id: 12820623
Question Shuffling Allowed : Yes

Question Id : 128206476 Question Type : COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling Allowed : Yes Group Comprehension Questions : No

Question Numbers : (6 to 9)

Question Label : Comprehension

India is not, as you imagine, a distant, strange, or at the very outset, a curious country. India for the future belongs to Europe, it has its place in the Indo-European World, it has its place in our own history, the history of the human mind.

You know how some of the best talents and noblest genius of our age has been devoted to the study of the development of the outward or material world, the growth of the earth, the first appearance of the living cells, their combination and differentiation leading up to the beginning of organic life, and its steady progress from the lowest to the highest stages. Is there not inward intellectual world also which has to be studied in its historical development, from the first appearance of predicative and demonstrative roots, their combination and differentiation, leading up to the beginning of rational thought in its steady progress from the lowest to the highest stages? And in that study of the history of the human mind, in that study of ourselves, of our true selves, India occupies a place second to no other country. Whatever sphere of the human mind you may select for your special study, whether it be language, or religion, or mythology, or philosophy, whether it be laws or customs, primitive art or primitive science, everywhere you have to go to India, whether you like it or not, because some of the most valuable and most instructive materials in the history of man are treasured up in India.

Sub questions

Question Number : 6 Question Id : 128206477 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

In what field of human endeavour has India surpassed the rest mankind?

- a. in industrialization
- b. in materialism
- c. in caste system
- d. in study of the history of the human mind

Options :

1282061873. A

1282061874. B

1282061875. C

1282061876. D

Question Number : 7 Question Id : 128206478 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

What position does India occupy in the study mentioned above?

- a. No place at all
- b. First place
- c. Second place
- d. Third place

Options :

1282061877. A

1282061878. B

1282061879. C

1282061880. D

Question Number : 8 Question Id : 128206479 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The historical development of intellectual world leads up to:

- a. Deflation
- b. spiritual illumination
- c. the beginning of rational thoughts
- d. the beginning of mob justice and public lynching

Options :

1282061881. A

1282061882. B

1282061883. C

1282061884. D

Question Number : 9 Question Id : 128206480 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

In the word 'growth', '-th' is a ___ forming element.

- a. Noun
- b. Adjective
- c. Verb
- d. adverb

Options :

1282061885. A

1282061886. B

1282061887. C

1282061888. D

Sub-Section Number:	3
Sub-Section Id:	12820624
Question Shuffling Allowed :	Yes

Question Number : 10 Question Id : 128206481 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Some English words have equal number of spellings and sounds, e.g. *bed* and *bat*, while others have different numbers of spellings and sounds, e.g. *back* and *debt*. Look at the following words and specify which words have different numbers of letters and sounds?

- a. wet
- b. attend
- c. dog
- d. prolific

Options :

1282061889. A

1282061890. B

1282061891. C

1282061892. D

Question Number : 11 Question Id : 128206482 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Choose the correct statement from the followings:

- a. Sign language is not a natural language as it cannot be acquired but only learned.
- b. Deaf children are not born with the biologically equipped language faculty.
- c. LAD stands for 'Language Acquisition Device'
- d. French is an Indo-Aryan language

Options :

1282061893. A

1282061894. B

1282061895. C

1282061896. D

Question Number : 12 Question Id : 128206483 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The chief architect of the Indian Constitution is:

- a. Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
- b. Lala Lajpat Roy
- c. M. K. Gandhi
- d. Manu

Options :

1282061897. A

1282061898. B

1282061899. C

1282061900. D

Question Number : 13 Question Id : 128206484 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

----- is/are the language(s) of law and administration in India.

- a. English and Sanskrit
- b. Sanskrit and Pali
- c. Hindi and Persian
- d. English and Hindi

Options :

1282061901. A

1282061902. B

1282061903. C

1282061904. D

Question Number : 14 Question Id : 128206485 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The largest number of speakers of languages in India today are from the group:

- a. Indo Aryan
- b. Dravidian
- c. Tibeto-Burman
- d. Austro-Asiatic

Options :

1282061905. A

1282061906. B

1282061907. C

1282061908. D

Question Number : 15 Question Id : 128206486 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

The Eighth Schedule of the Constitution of India now mentions ----- scheduled languages.

- a. 14 (fourteen)
- b. 22 (twenty-two)
- c. 28 (twenty-eight)
- d. 25 (twenty-five)

Options :

1282061909. A

1282061910. B

1282061911. C

1282061912. D

Question Number : 16 Question Id : 128206487 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

In the English words *sinless*, *homeless*, *-less* is:

- a. a prefix
- b. a suffix
- c. a word within a word
- d. same in meaning as the independent word *less*

Options :

1282061913. A

1282061914. B
1282061915. C
1282061916. D

**Question Number : 17 Question Id : 128206488 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0**

‘Reflexives’ and ‘reciprocals’ are terms used for:

- a. nouns
- b. pronouns
- c. adjectives
- d. verbs

Options :

1282061917. A
1282061918. B
1282061919. C
1282061920. D

**Question Number : 18 Question Id : 128206489 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0**

One of the following is odd in the list:

Assamese, Punjabi, Lahndi, Spiti

- a. Assamese
- b. Punjabi
- c. Lahndi
- d. Spiti

Options :

1282061921. A
1282061922. B
1282061923. C
1282061924. D

**Question Number : 19 Question Id : 128206490 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0**

Scripts of majority of Indian languages are derived from:

- a. Roman,
- b. Brahmi
- c. Sanskrit
- d. Devanagari

Options :

- 1282061925. A
- 1282061926. B
- 1282061927. C
- 1282061928. D

Question Number : 20 Question Id : 128206491 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0

Which of the varieties is the standard form of a language?

- a. Written
- b. Spoken by the elite
- c. Spoken by the masses
- d. None of the above

Options :

- 1282061929. A
- 1282061930. B
- 1282061931. C
- 1282061932. D

Sub-Section Number: 4
Sub-Section Id: 12820625
Question Shuffling Allowed : Yes

Question Number : 21 Question Id : 128206492 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

The word 'grammar' is used for:

- a. The book containing the rules of language
- b. The rules of a language
- c. the knowledge of a language
- d. All of the above

Options :

- 1282061933. A
- 1282061934. B
- 1282061935. C
- 1282061936. D

Question Number : 22 Question Id : 128206493 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

Acoustic phonetics is a branch of phonetics in which we study:

- a. physical properties of speech sounds
- b. production of speech sounds
- c. arbitrariness of human language
- d. sound symbolism and onomatopoeia.

Options :

- 1282061937. A
- 1282061938. B
- 1282061939. C
- 1282061940. D

Question Number : 23 Question Id : 128206494 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

Dative case marker is used:

- a. for the noun heading an indirect object or recipient NP
- b. for the noun heading a direct object
- c. for the noun heading a agent or agent like function
- d. for the nouns bearing a possessive relation

Options :

- 1282061941. A
- 1282061942. B
- 1282061943. C
- 1282061944. D

Question Number : 24 Question Id : 128206495 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

Aimu is a language isolate because:

- a. it is not known to be related to any other living language
- b. it is created on purpose to keep tribal communities in isolation
- c. it is the language of the masters and its subjects cannot learn it
- d. it has many isolating characteristics as for example only free morphemes exist in this language

Options :

- 1282061945. A
- 1282061946. B
- 1282061947. C
- 1282061948. D

Question Number : 25 Question Id : 128206496 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

Vocal folds are:

- a. the speech organs above the larynx i.e. the oral cavity, the pharynx, and the nasal cavity
- b. a set of muscles that line the inner wall of the larynx and flare outward forming paired folds
- c. the area of the brain involved in the interpretation and production of sounds
- d. are the narrow area at the front of the *uvula*

Options :

- 1282061949. A
- 1282061950. B
- 1282061951. C
- 1282061952. D

Question Number : 26 Question Id : 128206497 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

Which are the stop sounds of English?

- a. s, z, f
- b. p, t, k
- c. hiss, stop, halt
- d. y, w, l, r

Options :

- 1282061953. A

1282061954. B
1282061955. C
1282061956. D

**Question Number : 27 Question Id : 128206498 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0**

The hypothesis that ‘the particular language people speak has a shaping influence on the way in which they think and perceive the world’ is proposed by:

- a. Edward Sapir and R Robins
- b. Noam Chomsky and Steven Pinker
- c. Rene Descartes
- d. Edward Sapir and Benjamin Lee Whorf

Options :

1282061957. A
1282061958. B
1282061959. C
1282061960. D

**Question Number : 28 Question Id : 128206499 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0**

Schwa [ə] is:

- a. a back, high, rounded vowel
- b. a mid, central, unrounded vowel
- c. first cry of a baby
- d. a lax, open-mid, rounded vowel

Options :

1282061961. A
1282061962. B
1282061963. C
1282061964. D

**Question Number : 29 Question Id : 128206500 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0**

Register is:

- a. a speech variety used in a specific social situation
- b. a person who looks after administrative functioning of a university
- c. a catalogue of slanting and dotted lines
- d. a process of registration at the time of marriage

Options :

- 1282061965. A
- 1282061966. B
- 1282061967. C
- 1282061968. D

**Question Number : 30 Question Id : 128206501 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical**

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

Pinyin refers to:

- a. a lingua franca with highly simplified grammatical structure
- b. a language used for international communication
- c. a system of writing Mandarin with a modified Latin alphabet
- d. a situation in which everybody maintains pin drop silence in the class

Options :

- 1282061969. A
- 1282061970. B
- 1282061971. C
- 1282061972. D

**Question Number : 31 Question Id : 128206502 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical**

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

A phenomenon in which a word has two or more meanings that are at least vaguely related to each other, is called:

- a. vague principles and parameters
- b. hyperbole
- c. synonymy
- d. polysemy

Options :

- 1282061973. A
- 1282061974. B
- 1282061975. C
- 1282061976. D

Question Number : 32 Question Id : 128206503 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

In the English word 'Spring':

- a. s, p are onsets
- b. n, g are onsets
- c. s, p, r are onsets
- d. i, n, g are onsets

Options :

1282061977. A

1282061978. B

1282061979. C

1282061980. D

Question Number : 33 Question Id : 128206504 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

An affix that occurs both sides of a morpheme is called:

- a. simulfix
- b. infix
- c. circumfix
- d. cranberry morpheme

Options :

1282061981. A

1282061982. B

1282061983. C

1282061984. D

Question Number : 34 Question Id : 128206505 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

----- linguistics deals with study of language at a given point of time.

- a. Synchronic
- b. Diachronic
- c. Historical
- d. All the above

Options :

1282061985. A

1282061986. B

1282061987. C

1282061988. D

Question Number : 35 Question Id : 128206506 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

In Linguistics, Conversion is:

- a. a propaganda to bring back people in their early stage through religious rituals
- b. called 'zero-derivation' without the use of affixation by simply assigning an already existing word to a new syntactic category and meaning
- c. a political gimmick
- d. None of the above

Options :

1282061989. A

1282061990. B

1282061991. C

1282061992. D

Question Number : 36 Question Id : 128206507 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

'*Demonetization*' in English is a:

- a. morphologically complex word
- b. compound word
- c. scary word
- d. reduplicated word

Options :

1282061993. A

1282061994. B

1282061995. C

1282061996. D

Question Number : 37 Question Id : 128206508 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

Sanskrit is:

- a. a dead language
- b. mother of all languages
- c. an Indo-Aryan language
- d. language of gods and goddesses

Options :

1282061997. A

1282061998. B

1282061999. C

1282062000. D

Question Number : 38 Question Id : 128206509 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

A sign has two parts:

- a. signifier and signified
- b. symbols and tokens
- c. signifier and significance
- d. signal and symptoms

Options :

1282062001. A

1282062002. B

1282062003. C

1282062004. D

Question Number : 39 Question Id : 128206510 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

Look at the following English sentences and choose the right answer;

- (i) The terrorist assassinated the dog.
- (ii) The toothbrush is pregnant.

- a. The sentences are lexically ambiguous
- b. The sentences are syntactically ill-formed
- c. The sentences are semantically ill-formed
- d. None of the above

Options :

1282062005. A

1282062006. B

1282062007. C

1282062008. D

Question Number : 40 Question Id : 128206511 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

How many sounds are there in the English word 'Chalks'?

- a. 4 (four)
- b. 5 (five)
- c. 6 (six)
- d. None of the above

Options :

1282062009. A

1282062010. B

1282062011. C

1282062012. D

Question Number : 41 Question Id : 128206512 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

The English word 'brother' has two plural forms, *brothers* and the archaic *brethren*. Why these words have different meanings in English?

- a. English is a funny language
- b. English dominates all other languages of the world
- c. This is in accordance with the tendency in natural languages that difference in form implies a difference in meaning
- d. Brother becomes brothers and brethren in different historical period of time because the Church wanted to use the term 'brethren' for brotherhood

Options :

1282062013. A

1282062014. B

1282062015. C

1282062016. D

Question Number : 42 Question Id : 128206513 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

In the following past tense forms of English verbs, the past tense suffix has different phonetic shapes:

kept, walked, kissed, hugged, lived, added, fitted, coded, painted, played.

Which are the phonetic forms of the past tense suffix?

- a. [ed, t, 0]
- b. [d, t, id]
- c. [pt, d, ed, id]
- d. [ed, d]

Options :

- 1282062017. A
- 1282062018. B
- 1282062019. C
- 1282062020. D

Question Number : 43 Question Id : 128206514 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

The term 'morphology' is generally attributed to _____, who coined it early in the nineteenth century, but in a biological context.

- a. August Schleicher
- b. Ferdinand de Saussure
- c. Sir William Jones
- d. J. W. V. Goethe

Options :

- 1282062021. A
- 1282062022. B
- 1282062023. C
- 1282062024. D

Question Number : 44 Question Id : 128206515 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

In English, Determiners and Demonstratives are:

- a. Bound stems
- b. function words
- c. Derived forms
- d. major lexical category

Options :

1282062025. A

1282062026. B

1282062027. C

1282062028. D

Question Number : 45 Question Id : 128206516 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

‘Epenthesis’ is the linguistic term:

- a. for the addition of vowels in between two free morphemes
- b. for the addition of a segment or segments
- c. for the insertion of tonal element
- d. for the addition of ‘thesis’ after ‘epenth’

Options :

1282062029. A

1282062030. B

1282062031. C

1282062032. D

Question Number : 46 Question Id : 128206517 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

In Hebrew, Arabic, and other Semitic languages, roots generally consist of three consonants: CCC. To form words, vowels are superimposed on this template. This type of morphology is called:

- a. Affinal morphology
- b. Realization morphology
- c. Non-Concatenative morphology
- d. Word and Construction Morphology

Options :

1282062033. A

1282062034. B
1282062035. C
1282062036. D

Question Number : 47 Question Id : 128206518 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

The 'ergative case' in Hindi/Urdu:

- a. is confined to subjects and must appear on subjects of transitive verbs in the perfect
- b. is confined to subjects and must appear on intransitive verbs in the past perfect
- c. is confined to direct object
- d. is a special relation which increases the argument structure of the verb

Options :

1282062037. A
1282062038. B
1282062039. C
1282062040. D

Question Number : 48 Question Id : 128206519 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

Some well-known examples of the contracted forms of the English auxiliary verb BE (*'m, 's, and 're*), as in *I'm a good boy, he's is a nice person etc.* are

- a. proclitics
- b. enclitics
- c. genitive
- d. bound morphemes

Options :

1282062041. A
1282062042. B
1282062043. C
1282062044. D

Question Number : 49 Question Id : 128206520 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical
Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

If two or more than two morphs belong to the same morpheme, then

- a. they must be identical in form
- b. they must occur in the contrastive distribution
- c. they must be identical in grammatical meaning
- d. they violate assimilation rules

Options :

- 1282062045. A
- 1282062046. B
- 1282062047. C
- 1282062048. D

Question Number : 50 Question Id : 128206521 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

The English words PIN, LASER, LOL are examples of

- a. Reduplication
- b. Acronym
- c. Derivation
- d. Blending

Options :

- 1282062049. A
- 1282062050. B
- 1282062051. C
- 1282062052. D

Question Number : 51 Question Id : 128206522 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

The English words *Shoemaker*, *Couch potato*, *Pickpocket* are examples of

- a. compounding
- b. Reduplication
- c. Back-formation
- d. Inflection

Options :

- 1282062053. A
- 1282062054. B
- 1282062055. C
- 1282062056. D

Question Number : 52 Question Id : 128206523 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

One of the following is odd in the list:

Hunters, students, deactivated, activation

- a. Hunters
- b. Students
- c. Deactivated
- d. Activation

Options :

1282062057. A

1282062058. B

1282062059. C

1282062060. D

Question Number : 53 Question Id : 128206524 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

The English words *Prof, doc, phone* are examples of

- a. conversion
- b. clipping
- c. clefting
- d. pattern congruity

Options :

1282062061. A

1282062062. B

1282062063. C

1282062064. D

Question Number : 54 Question Id : 128206525 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

The English words *Emoticon, brunch, staycation* are examples of

- a. Eponyms
- b. Zero-derivation
- c. Blending
- d. clipping

Options :

1282062065. A

1282062066. B
1282062067. C
1282062068. D

Question Number : 55 Question Id : 128206526 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

Expressives are

- a. deep emotional outburst towards a known person
- b. complex syntactic structures always have ambiguous interpretations
- c. reduplicated structures where iterated syllables are generally onomatopoeic in nature and derives its status of a word/lexeme only after it is duplicated as the non-reduplicated syllable does not exist as a word
- d. A sequence of at least two verbs V1 and V2 where the first is the main or predicating verb and the second member, although, homophonous with an independent verb in the language, does not appear in its primary lexical meaning;

Options :

1282062069. A
1282062070. B
1282062071. C
1282062072. D

Question Number : 56 Question Id : 128206527 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

‘The acquisition of language is doubtless the greatest intellectual feat any one of us is ever required to perform’ is a statement made by

- a. Ferdinand de Saussure
- b. Charles F. Hockett
- c. Zellig S. Harris
- d. Leonard Bloomfield

Options :

1282062073. A
1282062074. B
1282062075. C
1282062076. D

Question Number : 57 Question Id : 128206528 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

In which stage a child utters a single form which functions as a word, phrase or sentence?

- a. Telegraphic stage
- b. Babbling stage
- c. Cooining/going stage
- d. Holophrastic stage.

Options :

1282062077. A

1282062078. B

1282062079. C

1282062080. D

Question Number : 58 Question Id : 128206529 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

The following statements, (i) *don't use double negatives* (ii) *don't end a sentence with a preposition* are examples of

- a. Descriptive Grammar
- b. Generative Grammar
- c. Prescriptive Grammar
- d. Construction Grammar

Options :

1282062081. A

1282062082. B

1282062083. C

1282062084. D

Question Number : 59 Question Id : 128206530 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

Arbitrariness means

- a. There is a natural or inherent connection between the linguistic forms and its meaning.
- b. There is an onomatopoeic relationship between the forms and its meaning
- c. There is no logical or inherent connection between the form and its meaning
- d. There is a concrete and close resemblance or similarity between form and meaning.

Options :

1282062085. A

1282062086. B

1282062087. C

1282062088. D

**Question Number : 60 Question Id : 128206531 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : No Display Question Number : Yes
Single Line Question Option : No Option Orientation : Vertical**

Correct Marks : 2 Wrong Marks : 0

“When we study human language, we are approaching what some might call ‘human essence’, the distinctive qualities of mind that are so far as we know unique to man”. The statement is made by—

- a. Ronald Langacker
- b. Bernard Comrie
- c. Peter Austin
- d. Noam Chomsky

Options :

1282062089. A

1282062090. B

1282062091. C

1282062092. D