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UGC NET Exam

Electronic Science

Simplifying **Government Exams**



PAPER-II

	NIC SCIENCE
Signature and Name of Invigilator	
1. (Signature)	
(Name)	(To be filled by the Candidate)
2. (Signature)	
(Name)	(In figures as per admission card)
(Frame)	Roll No
D 8 8 1 2	(In words)
Time : 1 1/4 hours]	[Maximum Marks : 100
Number of Pages in this Booklet: 8	Number of Questions in this Booklet : 50
Instructions for the Candidates	परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश
1. Write your roll number in the space provided on the top	of 1. पहले पृष्ठ के ऊपर नियत स्थान पर अपना रोल नम्बर लिखिए ।
this page. 2. This paper consists of fifty multiple-choice type	2. इस प्रश्न-पत्र में पचास बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न हैं । of 3. परीक्षा प्रारम्भ होने पर, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका आपको दे दी जायेगी । पहले
questions.	पाँच मिनट आपको प्रश्न-पस्तिका खोलने तथा उसकी निम्नलिखित
3. At the commencement of examination, the question book	
will be given to you. In the first 5 minutes, you are request	ted (i) प्रश्न-पुस्तिका खोलने के लिए उसके कवर पेज पर लगी कागज
to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as below	w: बिना स्टीकर-सील की फाड़ लें । ख़ली हुई या बिना स्टीकर-सील की
(i) To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off to	ne पुस्तिका स्वीकार न करें ।
paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal and do not accept	ू । (II) कवर पृष्ठ पर छप निदशानुसार प्रश्न-पुरस्तका के पृष्ठ तथा
open booklet.	। प्रश्ना का संख्या का अच्छा तरह चक कर लें कि य पुर
(ii) Tally the number of pages and number of question	
in the booklet with the information printed on t	
cover page. Faulty booklets due to pages/question	
missing or duplicate or not in serial order or a other discrepancy should be got replaced immediat	
by a correct booklet from the invigilator within t	
period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither t	
Question Booklet will be replaced nor any ext	
time will be given.	पर अंकित कर दें ।
(iii) After this verification is over, the OMR Sheet Numb	4. X(44) X(1) 4) ((1) (4) (1) (4) (4), (b), (c) ((4) (b) (4)
should be entered on this Test Booklet. 4. Each item has four alternative responses marked (A), (I	R) गये हैं । आपको सही उत्तर के वृत्त को पेन से भरकर काला करना है
(C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated belo	ow जसा कि नाच दिखाया गया है
on the correct response against each item.	उदाहरण :(A) (B) (D)
Example: (A) (B) (D)	जबिक (C) सही उत्तर है ।
where (C) is the correct response.	 प्रश्नों के उत्तर केवल प्रश्न पत्र I के अन्दर दिये गये OMR पत्रक पर ही अंकित करने हैं । यदि आप OMR पत्रक पर दिये गये वृत्त के अलावा
Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the ON Sheet given inside the Paper I Booklet only. If you ma	
at any place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it w	
not be evaluated.	6. अन्दर दिये गये निर्देशों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें ।
6. Read instructions given inside carefully.	7. कच्चा काम (Rough Work) इस पुस्तिका के अन्तिम पृष्ट पर करें।
7. Rough Work is to be done in the end of this booklet.	8. यदि आए OMR पत्रक पर नियत स्थान के अलावा अपना नाम, रोल्
8. If you write your Name, Roll Number, Phone Number	
put any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except for a space allotted for the relevant entries, which may discle	
your identity, or use abusive language or employ any oth	
unfair means, you will render yourself liable	
disqualification.	निर्मायक प्रदोहरा को लौटाना आवश्यक है और एमीया समाप्ति के बाद
9. You have to return the test question booklet and Origin	^{nai} । उसे आहे माश गरीथा शतन से बाहर न लेकर जारें । टालांकि आग
OMR Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examinati compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside to	.OII । प्राप्ति प्राप्ति पर OMD प्रस्क की टाक्सेक्ट पदि आपने पाण के जा
Examination Hall. You are, however, allowed to car	rrv सकते हैं ।
duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on conclusion of examination	$_{ m on.}$ $\mid 10$. केवल नीले/काले बाल प्वाईट पेन का ही इस्तेमाल करे \mid
10. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.	11. किसी भी प्रकार का संगणक (कैलकुलेटर) या लाग टेबल आदि का
11. Use of any calculator or log table etc., is prohibited.	प्रयोग वर्जित है।
12. There is no negative marks for incorrect answers.	12. गलत उत्तरों के लिए कोई अंक काटे नहीं जाएँगे ।

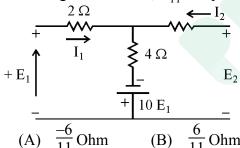
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P.T.O.

ELECTRONIC SCIENCE Paper – II

Note: This paper contains fifty (50) objective type questions, each question carrying two (2) marks. Attempt all the questions.

- 1. For a JFET $I_{DSS} = 8$ mA and peak voltage Vp = -8V, what will be the drain current for gate to source voltage of -2V?
 - (A) 4.5 mA
- (B) 8 mA
- 16 mA (C)
- (D) 12 mA
- 2. The leakage current in silicon p-n junction at room temperature is of the order of
 - (A) mA
- (B) μA
- (C) μμΑ
- (D) Amp
- 3. A tree in a network has a
 - (A) closed path
 - (B) no closed path
 - (C) no nodes
 - no branches (D)
- In the given network, Z_{11} is equal to 4.

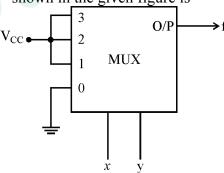


- (A) $\frac{-6}{11}$ Ohm
- (C) $\frac{4}{11}$ Ohm
- (D) $\frac{2}{11}$ Ohm
- 5. Which is a three-terminal negative voltage regulator IC?
 - (A) 78 XX
- (B) IC 723
- (C) LM 317
- (D) 79 XX
- 6. Three identical stages have overall upper 3 dB frequency of 2 KHz and lower 3 dB frequency of 20 Hz. What is the value of f_H of each stage?
 - (A) 13 KHz
- (B) 26 KHz
- 39 KHz (C)
- 52 KHz (D)

7. A combinational circuit has inputs A, B and C and its K-map is as shown, the output of the circuit will be

$\backslash A$	B	0.1	4.4	1.0
$C \setminus$	00	01	11	10
0	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	1	0

- (A) $(\overline{A}B + A\overline{B})C$
- $(\overline{AB} + AB) \overline{C}$
- (C) $\bar{A} \bar{B} \bar{C}$
- (D) $A \oplus B \oplus C$
- 8. The output f of the 4-to-1 Mux shown in the given figure is



- $\overline{xy} + x$
- (B) x + y
- (C) $\overline{x} + \overline{y}$
- (D) $x\overline{y}$
- 9. Microprocessor 8086 allows floating point arithmetic calculations in
 - Maximum mode (A)
 - Minimum mode (B)
 - Both maximum and minimum (C) modes
 - Neither in maximum nor in (D) minimum mode
- **10.** Which of the following chip is used 8085 microprocessor 3-chip configuration?
 - (A) IC 8255
- (B) IC 8155
- IC 8251
- (D) IC 8257

- **11.** C Language is a
 - (A) High level language
 - (B) Low level language
 - (C) Machine level language
 - (D) Middle level language
- **12.** In a 'C' language expression, if the following expressions appear, which will be evaluated first?
 - (A) x + y
- (B) $x \cdot y$
- (C) (x+y)
- (D) x/y
- 13. If $\overline{E} = 2 \text{ v/m}$ of a wave in free space, the value of magnetic field (H) is
 - $(A) \quad \frac{1}{60\pi} \, A/m$
- (B) 60 m A/m
- (C) 120 m A/m
- (D) $240 \,\pi \,A/m$
- 14. The radiation resistance of a Hertizian dipole antenna of length $\frac{\lambda}{60}$ is
 - (A) 0.493 Ohm
- (B) 0.22 Ohm
- (C) 2.2 Ohm
- (D) 22 Ohm
- 15. A 20 kW carrier is sinusoidally modulated by two carriers corresponding to modulation index of 30% and 40% respectively. The total radiated power is
 - (A) 25 kW
- (B) 22.5 kW
- (C) 45.0 kW
- (D) 35.0 kW
- **16.** ASCII code has 128 characters, which are binary coded. If a computer generates 10⁶ characters per second, then minimum band width required to transmit this signal will be
 - (A) 1.4 mbps
- (B) 14 mbps
- (C) 7 mbps
- (D) 0.7 mbps
- 17. When the current through SCR is greater than holding current, then the voltage across the SCR is
 - (A) 1.4 V
 - (B) 0 V
 - (C) Supply voltage
 - (D) Half the load voltage

- **18.** Dispersion shifted wave length is
 - (A) 800 nm
- (B) 1550 nm
- (C) 1310 nm
- (D) 1200 nm
- **19.** The most suitable instrument for the measurement of voltage is
 - (A) DVM
 - (B) Analog voltmeter
 - (C) CRO
 - (D) DMM
- **20.** The characteristic polynomial of a system is

$$q(s) = 2s^5 + s^4 + 4s^3 + 2s^2 + 2s + 1$$

The system is

- (A) Stable
- (B) Marginally stable
- (C) Unstable
- (D) Oscillatory

Directions:

Q. No(s) 21 to 30: The following items consist of two statements, one labelled the "Assertion (A)" and the other labelled the "Reason (R)". You are to examine these two statements carefully and decide if the Assertion and the Reason (R) (A) individually true and if so, whether the Reason is a correct explanation of the Assertion. Select your answers to these items using the codes given mark your below and answer accordingly.

Codes:

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not correct explanation of (A).
- (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
- **21. Assertion (A) :** Tunnel diode provides oscillations in the microwave region.
 - **Reason (R)**: The equivalent RC model of tunnel diode gives frequency in the microwave region.

- **22. Assertion (A):** The roots of the denominator of a network function decide its stability.
 - **Reason (R)**: The poles on real axis determine the damping factor of the system.
- **23. Assertion (A):** The fast changing inputs do not depend upon slew rate property of an OPAMP.
 - **Reason (R)**: Schmitt trigger does not work on the slew rate property of an OPAMP.
- **24. Assertion (A) :** A parallel comparator ADC requires in built no. of comparators = $2^{N} 1$.
 - **Reason (R)**: The speed of parallel comparator is limited by the speed of comparator.
- **25. Assertion (A) :** Microcontrollers are preferred in Real time applications.
 - **Reason (R)**: The on chip I/O integration has no bearing on the speed of microcontroller.
- **26. Assertion (A) :** In 'FORTRAN' pointers are provided.
 - **Reason (R)**: Pointers help to work with actual physical addresses.
- **27. Assertion (A):** Divergence theorem is applicable for both static and time varying fields.
 - **Reason (R)**: It is used to find enclosed charge from the knowledge of either \overline{D} or \overline{E} .

- **28. Assertion (A):** The back e.m.f. of a d.c. motor depends upon series winding and armature resistance.
 - **Reason (R)**: When there is no load, the back emf is minimum.
- **29. Assertion (A) :** By using wavelength division, multiplexing the capacity of an optical fibre can be enhanced.
 - **Reason (R)**: The separation between two adjacent channels in WDM is of the order of 50 nm.
- **30. Assertion (A):** The sign of all terms in the first row of Routh's array are checked, for stability considerations.
 - **Reason (R)**: The number of sign changes equals the no. of roots on the right hand side of s-plane.
- **31.** Consider the following four transistors:
 - 1. CE mode 2. CC mode
 - 3. MOSFET 4. FET

The correct order in which, the input impedance increases is

- (A) 1, 2, 4, 3
- (B) 1, 2, 3, 4
- (C) 1, 3, 2, 4
- (D) 4, 3, 2, 1
- **32.** The correct order in which the power dissipation in transistor in power amplifiers decreases:
 - 1. Class A 2
- 2. Class C
 - 3. Class B
- 4. Class AB

The correct order is

- (A) 1, 3, 2 and 4
- (B) 1, 3, 4 and 2
- (C) 1, 2, 3, 4
- (D) 4, 3, 2, 1

33.	The	following	are the	interrup	ots of	
	8085	microproc	essor :			
	1.	INTR	2.	TRAI)	
	3.	RST 7.5	4.	RST:	5.5	
	The	correct o	rder in	which	these	
	interrupts will be executed, if arrive					
	simu	ltaneously	:			

- (A) 1, 2, 3, 4 (B) 2, 3, 1, 4 (C) 2, 3, 4, 1 (D) 4, 1, 2, 3
- (C) 2, 3, 4, 1 (D) 4, 1, 2, 3
- **34.** The following are the oscillators:
 - 1. Crystal
 - 2. Weinbridge
 - 3. Colpitt's
 - 4. Tunnel diode oscillator

The correct sequence of decreasing order of the frequency of oscillation will be:

- (A) 4, 1, 3, 2
- (B) 4, 1, 2, 3
- (C) 4, 3, 2, 1
- (D) 4, 2, 3, 1
- **35.** Following are the controllers :
 - 1. On-off
 - 2. PID
 - 3. PI

The correct order of the decrease in error output is

- (A) 1, 2, 3
- (B) 1, 3, 2
- (C) 3, 2, 1
- (D) 3, 1, 2

Directions: Q. Nos. 36 to 45:

In the following questions, match List – I and List – II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

36.		List – I	List – II			
	a.	P-N junction	i.	base	width	
		diode		modula	ation	
	b.	BJT	ii.	AGC		
	c.	FET	iii.	−2 mV	/°C	

d. MOSFET iv. low power consumption

ii

iv

Codes:

(D)

iii

	a	b	c	d
(A)	i	ii	iii	iv
(B)	ii	i	iii	iv
(C)	iv	i	ii	iii

i

- 37. List I List II
 - a. Stability i. transient analysis
 - b. Y-parameters ii. discrete time domain analysis
 - c. Laplace iii. hybrid transform π model
 - d. Z-transform iv. location of poles

Codes:

- d a b c ii (A) iv iii i (B) iii ii i iv iii i ii (C) iv
- (D) i ii iii iv

38. List – I List – II

- a. Stability factor i. Large bandwidth
- b. Loop gain ≥ 1 ii. Voltage divider bias
- c. Lock range iii. Oscillators
- d. Negative iv. PLL feedback

Codes:

- a b c d
 (A) ii iv iii i
 (B) ii iii iv i
- (C) iii iv ii i
- (D) i ii iii iv

39. List – I List – II

- a. Combinational i. Sequential logic circuits
- b. Counters ii. ROM c LIFO iii DVM
- d. State diagram iv. Shift register

ii

i

Codes:

(D)

iv

b d a c i (A) ii iii iv (B) ii iv iii i (C) i ii iii iv

iii

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40.		List – l	I	List – II		43.		Lis	t – I		List – II	
	a.	8085	i.	variable	port	100	a. ()PSK	• -		i. deviation	
				addressing	1		b. Hamming code			ii. I.F.		
	b.	8086	ii.	serial			c. Superhetrodyne				iii. Error	
				communicati	ion			I	•	, -	correction	l
	c.	8279	iii	. register bank	,		d. F	reque	ency		iv. 90°	
	d.	8051	iv.	2-key lockou	ıt		n	nodula	ation			
	Cod	les:					Code	es:				
		a	b	c d				a	b	c	d	
	(A)	i	ii	iii iv			(A)	iv	i	ii	iii	
	(B)	iii	ii	i iv			(B)	iv	ii	iii	i	
	(C)	ii	iv	i iii			(C)	ii	iii	iv	i	
	(D)	ii	i	iv iii			(D)	iv	iii	ii	i	
41.		List -	- I	List – II	[44.		Lis	st – I		List – II	
	a.	while ((1)	i. on-off con	ntrol		a. 1	relaxa	tion		i. PWM	
				implemen	ntation			oscilla	itor			
	b.	parant	hesis	ii. infinite			b. \$	S.M.P	.S.		ii. triac	
	c.	Switch	-case	iii. change of			_	popula			iii. UJT	
				precedenc	ce		inversion					
	d.	If-then	1	iv. multiple					ectiona	al	iv. Laser	
	C 1			processin	g			contro	ol			
	Cod		1	1			Code		1		1	
	(4)	a	b ii	c d			()	a 	b ·	c	d 	
	(A)	i 		iii iv ii i			(A)	iii 	i 	iv	ii ·	
	(B)	111 	1V 				(B)	iii	ii ·	i 	iv	
	(C)	ii ii	iii	iv i iii i			(C)	1V 	i	ii 	iii ·	
	(D)	11	1V	111 1			(D)	111	1	11	1V	
42.		List –	I	List – II		45.		List	- I		List – II	
	a	$\nabla \times \overline{\mathbf{H}}$	i.	continuity			a. S	Strain		i.	Pt-100	
	a.	V ^ 11		equation			1	neasu	remer	nt		
	b	$\nabla \times \overline{\mathbf{E}}$	ii.	current dens	ity			-	rature		. load cell	
			iii	i. Faraday's la	w of				remen			
	c. $\nabla \cdot \vec{D}$ induction			.,, 01		3			i. bio-medical signals			
	d. $\nabla \cdot \overline{J}$ iv. Gausses law			•					v. C.R.O.			
	Codes:				Codes:				. 0.10.			
	_0u	a	b	c d			South	a	b	c	d	
	(A)	i	ii	iii iv			(A)	i	ii	iv	iii	
	(B)	ii	iii	iv i			(B)	ii	i	iv	iii	
	(C)	ii	iii	i iv			(C)	iii	ii	i	iv	
	(D)	iv	i	ii iii			(D)	iii	iv	ii	i	
	. /	•				ı	\ /		•			

Read the passage below and answer the questions **46** to **50**, that follows based on your understanding of the passage:

Many instruments require dc power of their operation. This power is available from a portable cell, however, the power output is low besides other problems. AC power is continuously and easily available, so it is convenient to use it. However, ac power must be converted into dc power.

The devices such as half-wave, full wave and bridge rectifiers convert bi-directional voltage to uni-directional voltage. However, the output has large ripple contents. Filters are used to reduce the ripple significantly. Various filters circuits and L, C, LC and CLC. The power supply with rectifier and filter is still unregulated.

The output of such power supplies varies with variations in a.c. mains voltage, load current and temperature.

In order to maintain the output at constant level, voltage or current regulation is necessary. This is obtained by using series or shunt feedback. In addition to regulation, the power supply also requires protection e.g. overload, over current or short circuit protection. Pre- regulation is also carried out to improve the stability.

Regulators can be designed by using discrete components. However, IC regulators are also available. These regulators have facilities like:

- (i) voltage / current boosting
- (ii) thermal shut-down
- (iii) floating point to facilitate higher output voltage.
- (iv) switching regulator to reduce the power dissipation.

- **46.** The minimum supply voltage to operate IC 7815 is
 - (A) 15 V
 - (B) 17 V
 - (C) 25 V
 - (D) 40 V
- **47.** In low voltage, low current model, IC 723 gives output voltage in the range of
 - (A) 2 to 7 V
 - (B) 5 to 10 V
 - (C) 0 to 10 V
 - (D) 0 to 7 V
- **48.** For a d.c. output of 30 V, from a full wave rectifier, the PIV rating of the diode should be minimum
 - (A) 50 V
 - (B) 75 V
 - (C) 100 V
 - (D) 200 V
- **49.** The critical inductance in mains power supply ensures that the current through 'L' never becomes zero. For this, critical value of inductance is
 - (A) $\frac{R_L}{310}$
 - (B) $\frac{R_L}{450}$
 - (C) $\frac{R_L}{620}$
 - $(D) \quad \frac{R_L}{942}$
- **50.** In series pass voltage regulator using zener diode, the function of zener diode is a
 - (A) Voltage regulator
 - (B) Voltage comparator
 - (C) Breakdown diode
 - (D) Temperature compensator

Prepp

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