

## UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA

### Notification No. CSR/ 107 /18

It is notified for information of all concerned that the Syndicate in its meeting held on 06.12.2018 (vide Item No.16) approved the revised syllabi of

- M.Sc. in Computer and Information Science under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS), and,
- b. B.Tech. in Computer Science and Engineering ,

under this University as laid down in the accompanying pamphlet. The above shall be effective from the academic session 2018-2019.

SENATE HOUSE KOLKATA-700073 The 13<sup>th</sup> December, 2018

(Dr. Soumitra Sarkar) Registrar (Officiating)

### UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA Faculty of Engineering & Technology

### Syllabus for 4-year B. Tech. course Semester VII & VIII Curriculum for B Tech Computer Science and Engineering (4 years)

PaperCourse TitleL+T+PCreditFull MarksPre-requisCSML301Discrete Mathematics3+1+04100CSCL302Data Structure3+1+04100CS 106CSCL303Digital Logic3+1+04100CSCL304Microprocessor and microcontroller3+0+03100CSHL305Environment and society2+0+02100CSCP306Data Structure Lab0+0+32100CSCP307Digital logic and Microprocessor Lab0+2+34100
CSML301         Discrete Mathematics         3+1+0         4         100         CS           CSCL302         Data Structure         3+1+0         4         100         CS 106           CSCL303         Digital Logic         3+1+0         4         100         CS 106           CSCL304         Microprocessor and microcontroller         3+0+0         3         100         CS           CSHL305         Environment and society         2+0+0         2         100         CS           CSCP306         Data Structure Lab         0+0+3         2         100         CS           CSCP307         Digital logic and Microprocessor Lab         0+2+3         4         100         CS
CSCL302         Data Structure         3+1+0         4         100         CS 106           CSCL303         Digital Logic         3+1+0         4         100         -         CS 106           CSCL304         Microprocessor and microcontroller         3+0+0         3         100         -         -         CS           CSHL305         Environment and society         2+0+0         2         100         - </td
CSCL303         Digital Logic         3+1+0         4         100           CSCL304         Microprocessor and microcontroller         3+0+0         3         100           CSHL305         Environment and society         2+0+0         2         100           CSCP306         Data Structure Lab         0+0+3         2         100           CSCP307         Digital logic and Microprocessor Lab         0+2+3         4         100
CSCL304Microprocessor and microcontroller3+0+03100CSHL305Environment and society2+0+02100CSCP306Data Structure Lab0+0+32100CSCP307Digital logic and Microprocessor Lab0+2+34100
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CSCP306Data Structure Lab0+0+32100CSCP307Digital logic and Microprocessor Lab0+2+34100
CSCP307 Digital logic and Microprocessor Lab 0+2+3 4 100
CSCP308 Computer Programming Lab-I (C & Python) 0+0+3 2 100
Total Hours 14+5+9 25 800
B. Tech. Semester-IV
Paper Course Title L+T+P Credit Full Marks Pre-requisi
CSML401 Probability and Stochastic Process 3+1+0 4 100
CSCL402 Computer Organization 3+0+0 3 100 CSCL 303
CSCL403 Design & Analysis of Algorithms 3+1+0 4 100 CSML301 CSCL 302
CSCI 404 Operating Systems 3+1+0 4 100 CSCL 402
CSHI 405 Social issues and Professional Practice 2+0+0 2 100
CSCP406 Computer Organization Lab 0+0+3 2 100
CSCP407 Operating Systems Lab 0+0+3 2 100
CSCP408 Computer Programming Lab-II (OOP) 0+2+3 4 100
Total Hours         14+5+9         25         800
B. Tech. Semester-V
Paper Course Title L+T+P Credit Full Marks Pre-requisi
CSCL501 Computer Networks 3+1+0 4 100
CSC502 Database Management System 3+1+0 4 100
CSCL503 Software Engineering 3+1+0 4 100
CSCL504 Computer Architecture 3+0+0 3 100 CSCL 402
CSCL505 Optimization Techniques 3+1+0 4 100 MA204, CSML 401
CSCP506 Computer Networks Lab 0+0+3 2 100
CSCP507 DBMS Lab 0+0+3 2 100
CSCP508 Software Engineering Lab 0+0+3 2 100
Total Hours 15+4+9 25 800
B. Tech. Semester-VI
Paper Course Title L+T+P Credit Full Marks Pre-requisit
CSCL601 Formal Languages and Automata theory 3+1+0 4 100
CSCL602         Computer Graphics         3+1+0         4         100         MA 204
CSCL603 Distributed system 3+0+0 3 100
CSCL604 Internet Technology 3+0+0 3 100
CSHL605 Innovation and Entrepreneurship development 2+2+0 4 100
CSCP606 Computer Graphics Lab 0+0+6 4 100
CSCP607 Internet Technology Lab 0+0+3 2 100
CSCP608 Mini Programming Project(Lab) 0+0+3 2 100
Total 14+4+12 26 800
B. Tech. Semester-VII
CSEL7X1 Elective I 3+0+0 3 100

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CSEL7X2	Elective II	3+0+0	3	100
CSEL7X3	Elective III	3+0+0	3	100
CSCP704	Term Paper	0+0+6	4	100
CSCP705	Project	0+0+6	4	100
CSEP7X6	Elective I (LAB)	0+0+3	2	100
CSEP7X7	Elective II (LAB)	0+0+3	2	100
CSEP7X8	Elective III(LAB)	0+0+3	2	100
	Total	9+0+21	23	800
B. Tech. Sei	mester-VIII	1.		
Paper	Course Title	L+T+P	Credit	Full Marks
CSL8X1	Elective IV	3+1+0	4	100
CSL8X2	Elective V	3+1+0	4	100
CSL8X3	Elective VI	3+1+0	4	100
CSP804	Project	0+0+18	12	400
CSP805	General Viva		2	100
	Total	9+3+18	26	800

### List of Electives for Semester VII and VIII

Course Code	Courses
	Elective-I
CSEL711	Internet of Things
CSEL712	Compiler Design
CSEL713	VLSI Technology
	Elective-II
CSEL 721	Algorithmic Graph Theory
CSEL 722	Linear and Abstract Algebra
CSEL 723	Modeling and Simulation
	Elective-III
CSEL 731	Principles of Artificial Intelligence
CSEL 732	Introduction to Data Mining
CSEL 733	Introduction to Computational Biology
	Elective-IV
CSEL 841	Cloud Computing
CSEL 842	Information Retrieval
CSEL 843	Wireless Sensor Network
CSEL 851	Digital signal Processing
CSEL 851	Parallel Algorithms
CSEL 852	Information Security
CSEL 855	
	Elective-VI
CSEL 861	Introduction Machine Learning
CSEL 862	Image Processing
CSEL 863	Introduction to Data Science

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Paper No CSEL711	Full Marks: 100	
Paper Name - INTERNET		
Module	Topics	Hours
Module-1: Fundamental of IoT-	Fundamental of IoT- Evolution of Internet of Things-Enabling Technologies-IoT Architectures: oneM2M, IoT World forum (IoTWF) and Alternative IoT models- Simplified IoT Architecture and Core IoT Functional Stack-Fog, Edge and Cloud in IoT- Functional blocks of an IoT ecosystem-Sensors, Actuators, Smart Objects and Connecting Smart Objects	8
Module-2: IoT Protocols- IoT Access Technologies	IoT Protocols- IoT Access Technologies: Physical and MAC layers, topology and Security of IEEE 802.15.4, 802.15.4g, 802.15.4e, 1901.2a, 802.11ah and LoRaWAN- Network Layer: IP versions, Constrained Nodes and Constrained Networks-Optimizing IP for IoT: From 6LoWPAN to 6Lo, routing over Low Power and Lossy Networks- application Transport Methods: Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition – Application Layer Protocols: CoAP and MQTT.	8
Module-3: Design and Development-	Design and Development- Design Methodology- Embedded computing logic-Microcontroller, System on Chips- IoT system building blocks- Arduino- Board details, IDE programming – Raspberry Pi- Interfaces and Raspberry Pi with Python Programming.	8
Module-4: Data analytics and Supporting Services	Data analytics and Supporting Services- Structured Vs Unstructured Data and Data in Motion Vs Data in Rest-Role of Machine Learning-No SQL Databases- Hadoop Ecosystem- Apache Kafka, Apache Spark- Edge Streaming Analytics and Network Analytics – Xively Cloud for IoT, Python Web Application Framework – Django –AWS for IoT – System Management with NETCONF-YANG.	8
Module-5: Case Studies/ Industrial Applications	Cisco IoT system – IBM Watson IoT platform- Manufacturing Converged Plantwide Ethernet Model (CPwE) – Power Utility Industry- Grid Blocks Reference Model – Smart and Connected Cities: Layered architecture, Smart Lighting, Smart Parking Architecture and Smart Traffic Control.	8

#### Text Books:

David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Rob Barton and Jerome Henry, "IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols and Use Cases for Internet of Things", Cisco Press 2017

#### **References:**

- Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Internet of Things- A Hands-on Approach", Universities Press, 2015 1.
- Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi, "The Internet of things- Key applications and Protocols", Wiley, 2012 2. (for unit 2)
- Jan Ho "iller, Vlasios Tsiatsis, Catherine Mulligan, Stamatis, Karnouskos, Stefan Avesand, David Boyle, "From Machine-to-3. Machine to the Internet of Things- Introduction to a New Age of Intelligence", Elsevier, 2014.
- 4.
- Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Michahelles, Florian (Eds), "Architecting the Internet of things", Springer, 2011. Michael Margolis, Arduino Cookbook, "Recipies to Begin, Expand and Enhance Your Projects", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Media, 5. 2011.
  - https://www.arduino.cc/

https://www.ibm.com/smarterplanet/us/en/?ca=v smarterplanet..

Paper Code – CSEL712		Full Marks 100
Paper Name – Compiler Design (Ele	ective-I)	
Module	Topics	Lecture Hours
	Introduction, Analysis-synthesis model, Phases of the compiler.	2
Module-1: Introduction to Compiling	Lexical Analysis: Role of lexical analyser, Tokens, Patterns, Lexemes, Input buffering, Specifications of a token, Recognition of tokens, Finite automata, regular expression to an NFA conversion, From a regular expression to NFA, From a regular expression to DFA, Design of a lexical analyser generator (Lex).	5
Module-2:	The role of a parser, Context free grammars, Writing a grammar, Top down Parsing, Non-recursive Predictive parsing (LL), Bottom up parsing, Handles, Viable prefixes, Operator precedence parsing, LR parsers (SLR, LALR), Parser generators (YACC). Error Recovery strategies for different parsing techniques.	8
Syntax Analysis	Syntax directed translation: Syntax directed definitions, Construction of syntax trees, Bottom-up evaluation of S attributed definitions, L-attributed definitions, and Bottom-up evaluation of inherited attributes.	5
	Type checking: Type systems, Specification of a simple type checker, Equivalence of type expressions, Type conversions	3
Module-3: Type checking	Run time environments: Source language issues (Activation trees, Control stack, scope of declaration, Binding of names), Storage organization (Subdivision of run-time memory, Activation records), Storage allocation strategies, Parameter passing (call by value, call by reference, copy restore, call by name), Symbol tables, dynamic storage allocation techniques.	4
Module-4: Intermediate code generation	Intermediate code generation: Intermediate languages, Graphical representation, Three-address code, Implementation of three address statements (Quadruples, Triples, Indirect - triples).	4
Module-5: Run Time Environment and Code Generation	Storage Organization, Stack allocation Space, Access to Non local Data on the Stack, Heep Management- Issues in the design of code generator, a simple code generator, Register allocation & assignment.	4
Module-6: Code optimization	Code optimization: Introduction, Basic blocks & flow graphs, Transformation of basic blocks, Dag representation of basic blocks, the principle sources of optimization, Loops in flow graph, Peephole optimization.	5

Text Books:

1. Alfred V. Aho, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools, Addison-Wesley.

- 2. Michael L. Scott, Programming Language Pragmatics, Elsevier.
- 3. Andrew W. Appel, Modern Compiler Implementation in C/Java, Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Keith D. Cooper and Linda Torczon, Engineering a Compiler, Elsevier.
- 5. Allen I. Holob, Compiler Design in C, Prentice-Hall.
- 6. Steven S. Muchnik, Advanced Compiler Design and Implementation, Elsevier.
- 7. Randy Allen and Ken Kennedy, Optimizing Compilers for Modern Architectures, Elsevier.

Passer Code – CSEL713		
Paper Name: vLSI Technology (Elective-1)		
Module-1: Overview of VLSI Technology:	Overview of VLSI Technology: Hierarchical Design of VLSI, Behavioural Description, RTL, Logic Circuit, Gate Circuits, Device, Process, Circuit Topology, Wafer Preparation.	5
Module-2: Integrated Circuit Manufacturing	Integrated Circuit Manufacturing: Layout Design Rules, Circuit Characterization and Performance Estimation, Delay Estimation, Transistor Sizing, Power Disruption, Interconnect, Design Margin, Reliability, Scaling.	5
Module-3: Type checking	<b>nMOS and CMOS Technology:</b> IC Design Techniques, MOS Transistors, CMOS Processing Technology, Design of nMOS and CMOS Inverter, NAND, and NOR Gates, Stick Diagrams, Colour and Monochrome Codes in Stick Diagrams and Mask Layouts, Pull-up to Pull-down Ratio for nMOS Inverter, Correspondence of Design Parameters with Specifications, Mask Layout Designs for nMOS and CMOS NAND and NOR Gates.	7
Module-4: Design Methodologies:	<b>Design Methodologies:</b> Custom and Semi-Custom Designs, Standard Cell, Gate Array, FPGA, PLDs.	4
Module-5: CAD VLSI Tools	<b>CAD VLSI Tools:</b> Simulators for Logic, Timing, Circuit, Device and Process Optimization, Layout Design, Assignment, Partitioning, Floor-Planning, Placement, Routing, Compaction, and Verification Algorithms.	8
Module-6: Hardware Description Languages for VLSI design	Hardware Description Languages for VLSI design: VHDL and Verilog, Programming and Subsystem Design Concepts, Design of Multiplexer, Parity Generator, Adder, Subtractor, Multiplier, ALU, Datapaths and Control Unit Design.	4
Module-7: Trends and Issues in High Performance VLSI Design	Trends and Issues in High Performance VLSI Design: Interconnect as Key Limiting Factor, Wire Modeling, Clock Distribution of High Speed System, Power Distribution, Crosstalk and Power Distribution Noise, High Speed Circuit Design Techniques, Low Power Design Issues, High Density and High Speed Memory Design, ASIC Design.	7

Books: Text

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Principles of CMOS VLSI Design. N. Weste and K. Eshraghian. Addison Wesley; 2nd edition (December 20, 2000). 1.

Basic VLSI Design. D. A. Pucknell and K. Eshraghian. Pearson College Div., Subsequent edition (January 1, 1995). An Introduction to VLSI Physical Design. M. Sarrafzadeh and C. K. Wong. McGraw-Hill College (February 21, 1996). Algorithms for VLSI Physical Design Automation. N. A. Sherwani. Springer; 3rd edition (November 30, 1998). 2.

3.

4.

Multi-Layer Channel Routing: Complexity and Algorithms. R. K. Pal. Narosa, 1st edition (28 September 2000). 5.

6

Pager Code - CSEL722			
Paper Name: Linear and Abstract Algebra (Elective-II)			
Module	Topics	Hours	
Module-1: Introducing graphs and Algorithmic complexity	<b>Introducing graphs and Algorithmic complexity:</b> P, NP, NP-Completeness and NP-Hardness, Approximation algorithms.	6	
Module-2: Spanning trees and Connected components	Spanning trees and Connected components: Algorithms for minimum spanning tree and minimum spanning forest. Strongly connected and Biconnected components.	6	
Module-3: Planar graphs and Graph isomorphism	<b>Planar graphs and Graph isomorphism:</b> Importance of the problem, Planarity testing algorithm, Isomorphism complete problems, Polynomial time algorithm for planar graph problems, Group theoretic method.	6	
Module-4: Network and Flows	Network and Flows: Basic concepts, Max-flow-min-cut theorem, Ford and Fulkerson augmenting path method, Integral flow theorem, Maximum capacity augmentation, Edmond-Karp method, Preflow-push method (Goldberg and Tarjan) and its analysis, Better time bounds for simple networks. Minimum cost flow: Minimum cost augmentation and its analysis.	6	
Module-5: Matching	<b>Matching:</b> Basic concepts, Bipartite matching for unweighted and weighted graphs, Edmond's blossom shrinking algorithm and its analysis.	6	
Module-6: Graph Coloring	Vertex colouring, Edge colouring, NP-completeness proof, Countability and chromatic polynomials, Greedy colouring algorithms.	4	
Module-7: Notion of Perfect graphs	Notion of Perfect graphs: Definition and concept of perfect graphs, Perfect graph Algorithms, Algorithms for graph theoretic invariants for chordal graphs, interval graphs, and comparability graphs.	6	

Text Books:

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms. Cormen, Thomas H., Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, and Clifford Stein. The MIT Press, 3rd edition (July 31, 2009).
- 2. Graph Theory with Applications. J. A. Bondy and U. S. R. Murthy. Elsevier Science Ltd/North-Holland (June 1, 1976).
- 3. Graph Algorithms. S. Even. Computer Science Press; 1st edition (June 1, 1979).
- 4. Data Structures and Algorithms 2: Graph Algorithms and NP-Completeness. K. Mehlhorn. Springer, Softcover reprint of the original 1st edition: 1984 edition (December 25, 2011).
- 5. Computers and Intractability: A Guide to the Theory of NP-Completeness. M. R. Garey and D. S. Johnson. W. H. Freeman; 1st edition (January 15, 1979).
- 6. Algorithmic Graph Theory and Perfect Graphs. M. C. Golumbic. North Holland; 2nd edition (February 18, 2004).
- 7. Algorithmic Graph Theory. J. A. McHugh. Prentice Hall (August 1, 1989).
- 8. Introduction to Algorithms: A Creative Approach. U. Manber. Addison-Wesley; 1st edition (January 11, 1989)
- 9. Combinatorial Optimization: Algorithms and Complexity. C. H. Papadimitriou and K. Steiglitz. Dover Publications; Unabridged edition (January 29, 1998).
- 10. Pearls in Graph Theory: A Comprehensive Introduction. N. Hartsfield and G. Ringel. Dover Publications (December 29, 2003).

Paper Code – CS Paper Name – M	Full Marks 100	
Module	Topics	Lecture Hours
Module-1: Introduction	Concept of model and model building, model classification and representation, Use of simulation as a tool, steps in simulation study.	6
Module-2: Continuous-time and Discrete-time systems	Laplace transform, transfer functions, state-space models, order of systems, z-transform, feedback systems, stability, observability, and controllability. Statistical Models in Simulation: Common discrete and continuous distributions, Poisson process, and empirical distributions.	6
Module-3: Random Numbers:	Properties of random numbers, generation of pseudo random numbers, techniques of random number generation, tests for randomness, random variate generation using inverse transformation, direct transformation, convolution method, acceptance-rejection.	6
Module-4: Design and Analysis of simulation experiments	Data collection, identifying distributions with data, parameter estimation, goodness of fit tests, selecting input models without data, multivariate an time series input models, verification and validation of models, static and dynamic simulation output analysis, steady-state simulation, terminating simulation, confidence interval estimation, Output analysis for steady state simulation, variance reduction techniques.	8
Module-5: Queuing Models	Characteristics of queuing systems, notation, transient and steady- state behavior, performance, network of queues.	8
Module-6: Large Scale systems	Model reduction, hierarchical control, decentralized control, structural properties of large scale systems.	6

4. A.F. Seila, V. Ceric and P. Tadikamalla, Applied Simulation Modeling (International Student Edition), Thomson Learning, 2004.

5. Jerry Banks, Handbook of Simulation: Principles, Methodology, Advances, Applications, and Practice, Wiley Inter Science, 1998.

6. J. Banks, J.S. Carson, B.L. Nelson, Discrete Event System Simulation (4th Ed.), Prentice-Hall of India, 2004.

7. N.A. Kheir, Systems Modeling and Computer Simulation, Marcel Dekker, 1988.

8. B.P. Zeigler, T.G. Kim, and H. Praehofer, Theory of Modeling and Simulation (2nd Ed.), Academic Press, 2000

Paper Code – CSEL731			
Paper Name: Principle of Artificial Intelligence (Elective-III)			
Module	Topics	Hours	
Module-1: Introduction	Introduction [2L]: Overview of Artificial intelligence- Problems of AI, AI technique, Tic - Tac - Toe problem	4	
Module-2: Intelligent Agents	<b>Intelligent Agents</b> [2L]: Agents & environment, nature of environment, structure of agents, goal based agents, utility based agents, learning agents.	2	
Module-3: Problem Solving	<b>Problem Solving</b> [2L]: Problems, Problem Space & search: Defining the problem as state space search, production system, problem characteristics, issues in the design of search programs.	2	
Module-4: Search techniques	<b>Search techniques</b> [5L]: Solving problems by searching :problem solving agents, searching for solutions; uniform search strategies: breadth first search, depth first search, depth limited search, bidirectional search, comparing uniform search strategies.	3	
Module-5: Heuristic search strategies	Heuristic search strategies [5L]: Greedy best-first search, A* search, memory bounded heuristic search: local search algorithms & optimization problems: Hill climbing search, simulated annealing search, local beam search, genetic algorithms; constraint satisfaction problems, local search for constraint satisfaction problems.	- 5	
Module-:6 Adversarial search	Adversarial search [3L]: Games, optimal decisions & strategies in games, the minimax search procedure, alpha-beta pruning, additional refinements, iterative deepening.	3	
Module-7 Knowledge & reasoning	Knowledge & reasoning [3L]: Knowledge representation issues, representation & mapping, approaches to knowledge representation, issues in knowledge representation	3	
Module-8: Predicate logic	<b>Predicate logic [3L]:</b> Representing simple fact in logic, representing instant & ISA relationship, computable functions & predicates, resolution, natural deduction	3	
Module-9: Representing knowledge using rules	<b>Representing knowledge using rules</b> [3L]: Procedural verses declarative knowledge, logic programming, forward verses backward reasoning, matching, control knowledge.	3	
Module-10: Probabilistic reasoning	<b>Probabilistic reasoning</b> [4L]: Representing knowledge in an uncertain domain, the semantics of Bayesian networks, Dempster-Shafer theory, Fuzzy sets & fuzzy logics.	4	
Module-11: Soft Computing Approaches & learning	Soft Computing Approaches & learning [8L]: Overview, Rough set, Forms of learning, inductive learning, learning decision trees, explanation based learning, learning using relevance, information, neural net learning & genetic learning.	- 8	
Module-12: Expert Systems	<b>Expert Systems [2L]:</b> Representing and using domain knowledge, expert system shells, knowledge acquisition.	2	

Text Books:

1. Artificial Intelligence, Ritch & Knight, TMH

2. Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach, Stuart Russel Peter Norvig Pearson

3. Introduction to Artificial Intelligence & Expert Systems, Patterson, PHI

4. Poole, Computational Intelligence, OUP

5. Logic & Prolog Programming, Saroj Kaushik, New Age International

6. Expert Systems, Giarranto, VIKAS

7. Artificial Intelligence, Russel, Pearson

Paper Name: Introduction to Data Mining (Election 11)		
Module Topics		Hours
Module-1: Introduction	Motivation, Definition, Data Mining Functionalities: Summarization, Association, Classification, Clustering, Outlier Analysis, Challenges in DM like Scalability, Missing data handling etc, DM in KDD process	4
Module-2: Introduction to Data warehousing	Introduction, DW architecture, Dimensional Modelling, OLAP operations, ROLAP: Snowflake & Star Schema, Data Pre-processing like Aggregation, Sampling, Dimensionality Reduction etc.	6
Module-3: Association Rules	Concepts and Definitions like Support, Frequent Set etc, Association Rule, Support-Confidence Measure, Discovering Association rules, Apriori Algorithm, FP tree Growth Algorithm, Interestingness measure for evaluation of rules,	6
Module-4: Classification	Classification problem, Classification techniques through supervised learning, <b>Decision tree</b> : Concept, Tree Construction (Top-down approach), Best Split & Entropy, Decision Tree extension, Pruning, <b>Bayes Classifier</b> : Class conditional probability, Posterior Probability, Multivariate Bayes, Naïve Bayesian Classification, Conditional independence, <b>Support Vector</b> <b>Machine</b> : Linear Discriminant, Hyperplane, Support vector, <b>K nearest</b> <b>neighbour Classifier</b>	14
Module-5: Cluster analysis and deviation detection	<b>Clustering :</b> Cluster Analysis Problem, Partitioning, Classical approach: K- means & K-medoids, Density based methods: DBSCAN, Hierarchical Clustering approach: Agglomerative clustering, Outlier analysis	6
Module-:6 Applicatons	Applications of Data Mining: Discussion on use cases like Financial data Analysis, Biological data Analysis etc.	4

D. J. Hand, H. Mannila and P. Smyth: Principles of Data Mining, MIT Press
 M. Berry and G. Linoff: Mastering Data Mining, John Wiley & Sons

Paper Code – CSEL733			
Paper Name: Introduction to Computational Biology (Elective-III)			
Module	Topics	Hours	
Module-1: Introduction to Molecular Biology	Introduction to Molecular Biology Concepts of Cell, tissue, types of cell, components of cell, organelle. Functions of different organelles. Concepts of DNA: Basic Structure of DNA; Double Helix structure; Watson and crick model. Exons and Introns and Gene Concept. Concepts of RNA : Basic structure, Difference between RNA and DNA. Types of RNA. Concept of Protein: Basic components and structure. Introduction to Central Dogma: Transcription and Translation, Introduction to Metabolic Pathways.	7	
Module-2: Sequence & Expression Databases	Sequence & Expression Databases Introduction to Bioinformatics. Recent challenges in Bioinformatics. Protein Sequence Databases, DNA sequence databases. sequence database search programs like BLAST and FASTA. NCBI different modules: GenBank; GEO, OMIM, Taxonomy browser, PubMed, EMBL, OMICS data.	7	
Module-3: DNA sequence analysis	DNA sequence analysis DNA Mapping and Assembly: Size of Human DNA, Copying DNA: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR), Hybridization and Microarrays, Cutting DNA into Fragments, Sequencing Short DNA Molecules, Mapping Long DNA Molecules. DeBruijn Graph. Sequence Alignment: Introduction, local and global alignment, pair wise and multiple alignment, Dynamic Programming Concept. Alignment algorithms: Needleman and Wunsch algorithm, Smith-Waterman.	9	
Module-4: Probabilistic models used in Computational Biology	Probabilistic models used in Computational Biology Probabilistic Models; Hidden Markov Model: Concepts, Architecture, Transition matrix, estimation matrix. Application of HMM in Bioinformatics : Gene finding, profile searches, multiple sequence alignment and regulatory site identification. Feature Selection: ID3, CART, Naïve Bayesian Classifier, Bayesian networks Model: Architecture, Principle ,Application in Bioinformatics.	8	
Module-5: Biological Data Classification and Clustering	Biological Data Classification and Clustering Assigning protein function and predicting splice sites: Decision Tree Gene Expression Clustering. K Means, Fuzzy C-means Algorithm, Artificial Neural Network: Back propagation, Auto encoder, Recurrent Neural Network, Boltzmann Machine, RBM, Convolution Neural Network	9	
Text Books:			

1-

1. Alberts et.al. Molecular Biology of the Cell

2. Vavid W. Mount: Bioinformatics:Sequenc and Genome analysis

3. Arther M. Lesk: Introduction to Bioinformatics, Oxford

4. Rastogi et.al.: Bioinformatics-Methods and applications-genomics, Proteomics and Drug Discovery, Prentice Hall.

Dan Gasfield: Algorithms on Strings, Trees and Sequences, Computer Science and Computational Biology, Cambridge University 5. Press

6. M. S. Waterman: Introduction to Computational Biology: Maps, Sequences and Genomes, 1995.

Gibas, Jambeck: Developing Bio-informatics Computer Skills, SPD 7.

Paper Code – CSEL841		
Paper Name: Cloud Computing (Elective-IV)		
Module	Topics	Hours
Module-1: Introduction to Cloud Computing	Introduction to Cloud Computing [5L]: Cloud computing at a glance – The vision of cloud computing, Definition of cloud computing, The cloud computing reference model, Characteristics and benefits of cloud computing. Evolution of cloud computing – parallel computing, distributed computing, cluster computing, grid computing, virtualization, Web 2.0, Client/Server computing, P2P computing, service-oriented computing and utility-oriented computing. Business driver for adopting cloud computing. Cloud Service Models – IaaS, PaaS, SaaS, XaaS. Cloud Deployment Models – Private, Public, Hybrid, Community, Cloud Federation.	5
Module-2: Virtualization Technologies	Virtualization Technologies [10L]: Introduction to virtualization. Characteristics of virtualized environment – Security, Managed execution, Portability. Types of Virtualization – Bare Metal and Hosted. Hardware level virtualization – Machine(x86) reference model, Hypervisor, Hardware assisted virtualization, Full virtualization, Paravirtualization. Operating system level virtualization. Other types of virtualization – storage virtualization, Network virtualization, Desktop virtualization. VM Migration techniques. Pros and cons of virtualization. Case studies – Xen, VMware and Microsoft Hyper-V.	10
Module-3: Cloud Services and Platforms	Cloud Services and Platforms [10L]: Compute service – Amazon EC2, Google Compute Engine, Windows Azure VM. Storage Services – Amazon S3, Google Cloud Storage, Windows Azure Storage. Database Services – Amazon RDS, Amazon SimpleDB and DynamoDB, Google Coud SQL, Google Cloud Datastore, Windows Azure SQL Database and Table Service. Application Services – Amazon SQS, Amazon SNS, Email service. Content Delivery Services – Amazon CludFrnt, Windows Azure Content Delivery Network. Analytics Services – Amazon EMR, Google BigQuery, Windows Azure HDInsight. Deployment and Management Services – Amazon Elastic Beanstalk, Amazon CloudFormation. Open Source Cloud Platform – CloudStack, Eucalyptus, OpenStack.	10
Module-4: Management of Cloud Resources	Management of Cloud Resources [15L]: Lifecycle management of cloud applications. Monitoring cloud resources – Zabix, Amazon CloudWatch. Feedback control based on dynamic thresholds, Bag-of-Task (BoT) scheduling problems, VM Placement problems, Resource bundling, combinatorial auctions, fair queuing, borrowed virtual time, Cloud scheduling subject to deadlines, Cost and Energy efficient Scheduling algorithms, Scheduling in Federated environment. Identity and Access management for Cloud Resources – Amazon Identity and Access Management Services, Windows Azure Active Directory.	15

Text Books:

1. Mastering Cloud Computing - Foundations and Applications Programming by Christian Vecchiola, Rajkumar Buyya, and S. Thamarai Selvi, Elsevier, 2013

2. Cloud Computing - A Hands-on Approach by Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madasetti, Universities Press, 2014

**Reference Books:** 

1. Cloud Computing Bible by Barrie Sosinsky, Wiley-India, 2010

2. Cloud Computing: Principles and Paradigms by Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg, Andrzej M. Goscinski, Wile, 2014

3. Cloud Computing: Principles, Systems and Applications, Editors: Nikos Antonopoulos, Lee Gillam, Springer, 2012

 Cloud Security: A Comprehensive Guide to Secure Cloud Computing by Ronald L. Krutz, Russell Dean Vines, Wiley-India, 2010

Payer No CSEI	L842	Full			
Paper Name- INFORMATION RETRIEVAL (Elective-IV)					
Module	Topics	Hours			
Module-1: Introduction to Information Retrieval	The nature of unstructured and semi-structured text. Inverted index and Boolean queries.	2			
Module-2: Text Indexing, Storage and Compression	Text encoding: tokenization, stemming, stop words, phrases, index optimization. Index compression: lexicon compression and postings, lists compression. Gap encoding, gamma codes, Zipf's Law. Index construction. Postings size estimation, merge sort, dynamic indexing, positional indexes, n-gram indexes, real-world issues.	6			
Module-: Retrieval Models	Boolean, vector space, TFIDF, Okapi, probabilistic, language modeling, latent semantic indexing. Vector space scoring. The cosine measure. Efficiency considerations. Document length normalization. Relevance feedback and query expansion. Rocchio.	6			
Module-4: Performance Evaluation	Evaluating search engines. User happiness, precision, recall, F-measure. Creating test collections: kappa measure, interjudge agreement.	4			
Modulle-5: Text Categorization and Filtering	Introduction to text classification. Naive Bayes models. Spam filtering. Vector space classification using hyperplanes; centroids; k Nearest Neighbors. Support vector machine classifiers. Kernel functions. Boosting.	6			
Module-6: Text Clustering	Clustering versus classification. Partitioning methods. k-means clustering. Mixture of Gaussians model. Hierarchical agglomerative clustering. Clustering terms using documents.	6			
Module-7: Advanced Topics	Summarization, Topic detection and tracking, Personalization, Question answering, Cross language information retrieval.	6			
Module-8 Web Information Retrieval	Hypertext, web crawling, search engines, ranking, link analysis, PageRank, HITS, XML and Semantic web.	4			
<ol> <li>Text Books:</li> <li>Manning, Ragl</li> <li>Baeza-Yates and</li> <li>Soumen Chara</li> </ol>	navan and Schutze, Introduction to Information Retrieval, Cambridge University Press. nd Ribeiro-Neto, Modern Information Retrieval, Addison-Wesley. barti, Mining the Web, Morgan-Kaufmann.				

5. Southen Charabarti, Minning the web, Morgan-Ka

Refernces:

1. Survey by Ed Greengrass available in the Internet.

Paper Name: Wireless Sensor Netv	vork (Elective-IV)	Full Marks: 100
Module	Topics	Hours
Module-1: Introduction	<b>Introduction:</b> commercially available sensor nodes - Imote, IRIS, Mica Mote, EYES nodes, BTnodes, TelosB, Sunspot, node – architecture, sensing and communication range, design issues, energy consumption, clustering of sensors, applications, sensor deployment, scheduling and coverage issues	8
Module-2: Medium Access Control Protocols	Medium Access Control Protocols: Fundamentals of MAC protocols - Low duty cycle protocols and wakeup concepts - Contention-based protocols - Schedule-based protocols - SMAC - BMAC - Traffic-adaptive medium access protocol (TRAMA) - The IEEE 802.15.4 MAC protocol	10
Module-3: Routing And Data Gathering Protocols	<b>Routing And Data Gathering Protocols:</b> Routing Challenges and Design Issues in Wireless Sensor Networks, Flooding and gossiping – Data centric Routing – SPIN – Directed Diffusion – Energy aware routing - Gradient-based routing - Rumour Routing – COUGAR – ACQUIRE – Hierarchical Routing - LEACH, PEGASIS – Location Based Routing – GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR – Real Time routing Protocols – TEEN, APTEEN, SPEED, RAP - Data aggregation - data aggregation operations - Aggregate Queries in Sensor Networks - Aggregation Techniques – TAG, Tiny DB, Energy efficient routing	15
Module-4: Embedded Operating Systems	Embedded Operating Systems: Operating Systems for Wireless Sensor Networks – Introduction - Operating System Design Issues - Examples of Operating Systems – TinyOS – Mate – MagnetOS – MANTIS - OSPM - EYES OS – SenOS – EMERALDS – PicOS – Introduction to Tiny OS – NesC – Interfaces and Modules- Configurations and Wiring - Generic Components -Programming in Tiny OS using NesC, Emulator TOSSIM	7

1.Kazem Sohraby, Daniel Minoli and Taieb Znati, "Wireless Sensor Networks Technology, Protocols, and Applications", John Wiley & Sons, 2007.

2.Holger Karl and Andreas Willig, "Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks", John Wiley & Sons, Ltd, 2005.

3.K. Akkaya and M. Younis, "A survey of routing protocols in wireless sensor networks", Elsevier Ad Hoc Network Journal, Vol. 3, no. 3, pp. 325--349

4. Philip Levis, "TinyOS Programming"

5. Holger Karl & Andreas Willig, " Protocols And Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks", John Wiley, 2005.

6. Feng Zhao & Leonidas J. Guibas, "Wireless Sensor Networks- An Information Processing Approach", Elsevier, 2007.

7. Kazem Sohraby, Daniel Minoli, & Taieb Znati, "Wireless Sensor Networks - Technology, Protocols, And Applications", John Wiley, 2007.

8. Anna Hac, "Wireless Sensor Network Designs", John Wiley, 2003.

Paper Code – CSEL	851		
Paper Name: Digital Signal Processing (Elective-V)			
Module	Topics	Hours	
Module-1: Introduction	Signals: Analog & Digital Signals, Classification and Characterization, Typical Signal Processing Applications. Why DSP.	2	
Module-2: Discrete Time Signals (in Time domain & Transform Domain):	Discrete Time Signals and System, Sequence and its representation, Sampling Process, Random Signals, Correlation of Signals, Analysis & Modeling of Random Signals Fourier Transform, Transfer Function, Discrete Fourier, Transform & Discrete Time Fourier Transform and their relationship, Z- Transform. Inverse Z- Transform and its Applications, Discrete Cosine Transform, Frequency Response. Simple Digital and Analog Filters, Complementary Transform Functions.	8	
Module-3: Digital Signal Processing and Continuous Time Signals:	Sampling of Continuous signals. Sampling Theorem, Power Spectral Density, Design and Analysis of Analog High pass and Band pass Filters, A/D, D/A Circuits.	6	
Module-4: Sample/ Hold Circuits Digital Filter Structure and Design:	Block Diagram Representation, Equivalent Structure, Realization of Basic Structures, Computational Complexity	6	
Module-5: Different Filter Design :	IR Filter, Truncation, Windowing, FIR Filter Impulse invariance. Bilinear Transformation	8	
Moddulee-6: DSP Algorithms and Application:	Basic Concepts and issues. Structure Simulation, Number Representation, Arithmetic Operations. Overflow, Function Approximation, Engineering Applications Speech, Music, RADR, Two Dimensional Digital signal Processing in Picture Processing and Pattern Recognition.	10	
<ol> <li>Text Book:</li> <li>Quinn, M. J. (2004). Para</li> <li>Grama, A., Gupta, A., Wesley.</li> <li>Pacheco, P. (1996). Para</li> <li>Chandra, R., Dagum Programming in OpenMI</li> <li>Culler, D., Singh, J.P., Kaufmann.</li> <li>Tanenbaum A (2001)</li> </ol>	rallel Programming in C with MPI and OpenMP. – New York, NY: McGraw-Hill. , Kumar V. (2003, 2nd edn.). Introduction to Parallel Computing. – Harlow, Er llel Programming with MPI Morgan Kaufmann. , L., Kohr, D., Maydan, D., McDonald, J., and Melon, F P. Morgan Kaufmann Publishers. , Gupta, A. (1998) Parallel Computer Architecture: A Hardware/Software App Modern Operating System 2nd edn. – Prentice Hall	ngland: Addison- <b>R.</b> (2000). Parallel proach Morgan	

Paper Code – CSEL	.852				
Paper Name: Parallel Algorithms (Elective-V)					
Module	Topics	Hours			
Module-1: Introduction to Parallel Programming	Needs for parallel computations. Challenges of parallel programming	2			
Module-2: Overview of Parallel System Architectures	Overview of some parallel systems. Multiprocessors and multicomputers. Network topologies. Computer system classification. Clusters	4			
Module-3: Modeling and Analysis of Parallel Computations	Efficiency characteristics of parallel computation: speedup, efficiency, scalability. Modeling the computations in the form of the "operation-operand" graph. Model analysis: determining the parallel method execution time, estimating the maximum possible parallelization, computational load balancing. The Amdahl's and Gustavson-Barsis's laws. Aggregating the computation model.	4			
Module-4: Communication Complexity Analysis of Parallel Algorithms	Network topology characteristics. Routing algorithms and data communication methods. Main communication operations. Logical (virtual) representation of network topology. Estimating the data communication time for clusters.	4			
Module-5: Parallel Programming with MPI	Overview of the MPI standard. Point-to-point communication operations. Synchronous and asynchronous modes of data transmission. Collective operations. Derived data types. Process management. Logical topologies. Case studies: matrix computations; solving partial differential equations.	6			
Module-6: Parallel Programming with OpenMP	Overview of the OpenMP standard. Parallel regions. Computational load distributing among the threads. Shared and private data. Synchronization. OpenMP environment. Comparative consideration of various approaches to parallel programming for distributed and shared memory systems.	4			
Module-7: Principles of Parallel Algorithm Design	Parallel program modeling. Development stages: computation partitioning, analyzing the information dependencies, scaling and distributing computations among the processors. Case study: solving the gravitational problem of <i>N</i> bodies	4			
Moddulee-8: Parallel algorithms for solving time consuming problems	Matrix computa Matrix-vector multiplication Matrix multiplication Solving the linear equation systems Sorting Solving the partial differential equations	8			
Module-9: Modeling the parallel program executing	Representation of the parallel program as a system of processes carried out in parallel. Mutual exclusion in using the shared resources. Semaphores and monitors. Modeling the program state in the form of the "process-resource" graph. Model analysis: the detection and exclusion of deadlocks. Petri networks. Case studies: the "producer-consumer" problem, the "dining philosophers" problem etc.	4			

#### 16

- Quinn, M. J. (2004). Parallel Programming in C with MPI and OpenMP. New York, NY: McGraw-Hill. 1.
- Grama, A., Gupta, A., Kumar V. (2003, 2nd edn.). Introduction to Parallel Computing. Harlow, England: Addison-2. Wesley.
- 3. Pacheco, P. (1996). Parallel Programming with MPI. - Morgan Kaufmann.
- 4. Chandra, R., Dagum, L., Kohr, D., Maydan, D., McDonald, R. (2000). Parallel J., and Melon, Programming in OpenMP. Morgan Kaufmann Publishers.
- 5. Culler, D., Singh, J.P., Gupta, A. (1998) Parallel Computer Architecture: A Hardware/Software Approach. - Morgan Kaufmann.
- 6. Tanenbaum, A. (2001). Modern Operating System. 2nd edn. - Prentice Hall

Paper Code – CSEL853 Paper Name: Information Security (Elective-V)			
Module	Topics	Hours	
Module-1: Cryptography Basics	<b>Cryptography basics:</b> Possible attacks, Cipher text generation, Block & Stream Cipher, Stream Cipher generation, Algorithmic Mode, Secret Key & Public Key Encryption, Secret Key Encryption: Algorithms DES, AES with necessary Mathematical Basis, Public Key Encryption: RSA, El-gamal, Eliptic Curve algorithms with necessary mathematical analysis, Digital Signature creation techniques, Message Integrity through Hash function, Authentication techniques.	25	
Module-2: Network Security	Network Security: Security layers in Network Protocol Stack, IP Sec, Secure Socket Layer, Security protocols used in Application layer like PGP, SHTTP etc., Network Defence tools – Firewalls, Intrusion Detection, Filtering, Security in Mobile Platforms: Threats in mobile applications, analyzer for mobile apps to discover security vulnerabilities.	15	

Cryptography and Network Security, Special Indian Edition, B.A. Forouzan, TMH publishing Company Limited
 Cryptography and Network Security, Atul Kahate, Tata McGraw Hill Publication
 Applied Cryptography: Protocols, Algorithms, and Source Code in C, 2nd Edition, Bruce Schneier, Willy Publication

Paper No CSEL86	1	E 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
Paper Name- Introduction to Machine Learning (Elective-VI)					
Module	Topics	Hours			
Module-1: Introductory Topics	A brief introduction to machine learning, Supervised Learning, Unsupervised Learning, Reinforcement Learning, Probability Basics, Linear Algebra, Statistical Decision Theory - Regression, Classification, Bias-Variance	2			
Module-2: Linear Regression and Feature Selection	Linear Regression, Multivariate Regression, Dimensionality Reduction-Subset Selection 1, Subset Selection 2, Shrinkage Methods, Principal Components Regression, Partial Least Squares	4			
Module-: Linear Classification	Linear Classification, Logistic Regression, Linear Discriminant Analysis, Weka Tutorial	3			
Module-4: Support Vector Machines and Artificial Neural Networks	Artificial Neural Network- Early Models, Backpropogation, Initialization, Training & Validation SVM- Perceptron Learning, SVM - Formulation, SVM - Interpretation & Analysis, SVMs for Linearly Non Separable Data SVM Kernels, SVM - Hinge Loss Formulation	5			
Modulle-5: Bayesian Learning and Decision Trees	Maximum Likelihood Estimate, Priors & MAP Estimate Bayesian Parameter Estimation Decision Tree- Introduction, Regression Trees, Stopping Criteria & Pruning, Loss Functions for Classification, Categorical Attributes, Multiway Splits, Missing Values, Imputation & Surrogate Splits, Instability, Smoothness & Repeated Subtrees	4			
Module-6: Evaluation Measures	Evaluation Measures, Bootstrapping & Cross Validation 2 Class Evaluation Measures, The ROC Curve, Minimum Description Length & Exploratory Analysis	4			
Module-7: Hypothesis Testing	Introduction to Hypothesis Testing, Basic Concepts, Sampling Distributions & the Z Test, Student's t-test, The Two Sample & Paired Sample t-tests, Confidence Intervals	4			
Module-8 Ensemble Methods	Bagging, Committee Machines & Stacking, Boosting, Gradient Boosting Random Forest	4			
Module-9: Clustering	Partitional Clustering, Hierarchical Clustering, Threshold Graphs The BIRCH Algorithm, The CURE Algorithm, Density Based Clustering Gaussian Mixture Models, Expectation Maximization, Expectation Maximization Continued, Spectral Clustering	3			
Module-10: Graphical Models	Naive Bayes, Bayesian Networks, Undirected Graphical Models - Introduction, Undirected Graphical Models - Potential Functions Hidden Markov Models, Variable Elimination, Belief Propagation	3			
Module-11: Learning Theory and Expectation Maximization	Learning Theory, Frequent Itemset Mining, The Apriori Property	2			
Module-12: Introduction to Reinforcement Learning	Introduction to Reinforcement Learning, RL Framework and TD Learning Solution Methods & Applications	2			
<b>Text Books:</b> 1. T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, .	J. Friedman. The Elements of Statistical Learning, 2e, 2008.	+			

2. Christopher Bishop.Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. 2e.

Paper Code – CSEL862		E 11 1 1 100	
Paper Name: Image Processing (Elective-VI)			
Module Topics			
Module-1: Introduction	Introduction [4L]: Background, Digital Image Representation, Fundamental steps in Image Processing, Elements of Digital Image Processing - Image Acquisition, Storage, Processing, Communication, Display.	4	
Module-2: Digital Image Formation	<b>Digital Image Formation [4L]:</b> A Simple Image Model, Geometric Model- Basic Transformation (Translation, Scaling, Rotation), Perspective Projection, Sampling & Quantization - Uniform & Non uniform.	4	
Module-3: Mathematical Preliminaries	Mathematical Preliminaries [9L]: Neighbour of pixels, Connectivity, Relations, Equivalence & Transitive Closure; Distance Measures, Arithmetic/Logic Operations, Fourier Transformation, Properties of The Two Dimensional Fourier Transform, Discrete Fourier Transform, Discrete Cosine & Sine Transform.	9	
Module-4: Image Enhancement	Image Enhancement [8L]: Spatial Domain Method, Frequency Domain Method, Contrast Enhancement -Linear & Nonlinear Stretching, Histogram Processing; Smoothing - Image Averaging, Mean Filter, Low-pass Filtering; Image Sharpening. High-pass Filtering, High-boost Filtering, Derivative Filtering, Homomorphic Filtering; Enhancement in the frequency domain - Low pass filtering, High pass filtering.	8	
Module-5: mage Restoration	Image Restoration [7L] :Degradation Model, Discrete Formulation, Algebraic Approach to Restoration - Unconstrained & Constrained; Constrained Least Square Restoration, Geometric Transformation - Spatial Transformation, Gray Level Interpolation	7	
Module-6: Image Segmentation	Image Segmentation [7L]: Point Detection, Line Detection, Edge detection, Combined detection, Edge Linking & Boundary Detection - Local Processing, Global Processing via The Hough Transform; Thresholding - Foundation, Simple Global Thresholding, Optimal Thresholding; Region Oriented Segmentation - Basic Formulation, Region Growing by Pixel Aggregation, Region Splitting & Merging	7	

Paper Code – CSEI	_863	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Paper Name: Introduction to Data Science (Elective-VI)					
Module	Topics	Hours			
	What is Data Science? ; Big Data and Data Science; Datafication; Current landscape of perspectives; - Skill sets needed	3			
Module-1: Introduction	Statistical Inference: Populations and samples; Statistical modeling, probability distributions; fitting a model; Introduction to R	3			
	Exploratory Data Analysis and the Data Science Process; Basic tools (plots, graphs and summary statistics) of EDA; - Philosophy of EDA; The Data Science Process; Case Studies	2			
Module-2: Three Basic Machine Learning Algorithms	Linear Regression; k-Nearest Neighbors (k-NN); k-means One More Machine Learning Algorithm and Usage in applications Motivating application: Filtering Spam Why Linear Regression and k-NN are poor choices for Filtering Spam Naive Bayes and why it works for Filtering Spam Data Wrangling: APIs and other tools for scrapping the Web	8			
<b>Module-3:</b> Recommendation Systems: Building a User-Facing Data Product	Feature Generation and Feature Selection (Extracting Meaning From Data) Motivating application: user (customer) retention Feature Generation (brainstorming, role of domain expertise, and place for imagination) Feature Selection algorithms Filters; Wrappers; Decision Trees; Random Forests Algorithmic ingredients of a Recommendation Engine Dimensionality Reduction Singular Value Decomposition Principal Component Analysis Exercise: build your own recommendation system	8			
Module-4: Mining Social-Network Graphs	Social networks as graphs Clustering of graphs Direct discovery of communities in graphs Partitioning of graphs Neighborhood properties in graphs	6			
Module-5: Data Visualization	Basic principles; ideas and tools for data visualization Examples of inspiring (industry) projects Exercise: create your own visualization of a complex dataset	6			
Module-6: Data Science and Ethical Issues	Discussions on privacy, security, ethics A look back at Data Science Next-generation data scientists	4			
<ol> <li>Cathy O'Neil and Rac O'Reilly. 2014.</li> <li>Additional references and bo</li> <li>Jure Leskovek, Anano Cambridge University</li> <li>Kevin P. Murphy. Ma</li> <li>Foster Provost and To Data Mining and Data</li> <li>Trevor Hastie, Robert Second Edition. ISBN</li> <li>Avrim Blum, John Ho</li> <li>Mohammed J. Zaki ar and Algorithms. Cam</li> </ol>	chel Schutt. Doing Data Science, Straight Talk From The Frontline. <b>boks :</b> d Rajaraman and Jefffey Ullman. Mining of Massive Datasets. v2.1, v Press. 2014. (free online) achine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective. ISBN 0262018020. 2013. om Fawcett. Data Science for Business: What You Need to Know about a-analytic Thinking. ISBN 1449361323. 2013. Tibshirani and Jerome Friedman. Elements of Statistical Learning, 10387952845. 2009. (free online) opcroft and Ravindran Kannan. Foundations of Data Science. adWagner Miera Jr. Data Mining and Analysis: Fundamental Concepts bridge University Press. 2014.				

# (Draft Copy) UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA

(Document no)



(Document no)

### Bachelor of Technology (B. Tech.) in Computer Science and Engineering Eighth Semester Examination, ....... (year)

(held in ...... (month and year of examination)) in Computer Science and Engineering.

<b>C N</b>						Marks	Paper Total		Crada	5	
Course No.	I	Details of Courses Credit Full Marks		Credit Full Marks	rks	Obtained	Full Marks	Marks Secured	Point	Letter Grade	
					Theore	etical					
xxxxxx	Xx	Xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx Mid Semester End Semester			30 70			100	***		
xxxxxx	XX	XXXXXXXXXXX Mid Semest End Semest	xxxxx er er		30 70			100	***		
xxxxxx	XXX	xxxxxxxxxxx Mid Semest End Semest	xxxxx er er		30 70			100	***		
xxxxxx	XXX	Mid Semest End Semest	xxxxx er er		30 70			100	***		
	Т	heoretical T	<b>Total</b>								
					Pract	ical					
xxxxxx	xxxxxx In Ass End	xxxxxxxxx iternal essment Semester		60 40	60 40			100	***		
		Practical To	otal		-						
		Tota	l Marks of E	ight Ser	nester						
% of Marks	Grade		Grade Point(P)	C	umulative Statem	ent	Semester	Total Marks	Grand Total	SGPA	Remarks
90-100	0		10	Cumu Marks	lative Total		8th	800	***		
80-89	A		9	Cumu Total	lative Grand		7th	800	***		
70-79	В		8	CGPA		_	6th	800	***		
60-69	С		7	Result			5th	800	***		
50-59	D		6	*VP D	ook Cradite in 7 <sup>th</sup> S	amastar	4th	800	***		
Below 50	F		0	*XS-Ba	ack Credits in prev	ious	3rd	800	***		
				Semest	er(s).	D	2nd	850	***		
				F-Not e	ligible for B. I ech	Degree	lst	850	***		
Candidates s than 66% in	ecuring 6 Cumulat	6% or more i ive Grand To	in Cumulative tal will be awa	Grand ' arded 'S	Fotal will be aw econd Class'.	arded 'F	ʻirst Class' an	d candidates s	ecuring 50% or	r more bu	t less
Grade 'F' also will earn the s A student who	o implies tudent the o fails to e	failure to earr correspondin earn the total of	the correspon g Grade Point credit of a sem	ding crea (P) & the ester in t	lit. Grades high Credit (C) assi he semester exar	er than ' igned to t nination	F' and Grade hat unit. will be allowe	points≥6 indica d to continue ir	te successful clo	earing of a	a unit that ded he/she

earns at least 15 credit in the semester examination.

### UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA Faculty of Engineering & Technology

# A. Regulation for 4-year 8-semester B. Tech. course

(with effect from the academic year 2017 - 2018)

1. The Faculty of Engineering and Technology, University of Calcutta shall provide instructions leading towards the 4-year, 8-semester B. Tech. degree in different **Engineering/ Technology** courses as mentioned below:

1. Chemical Engineering

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- 2. Chemical Technology
- 3. Computer Science and Engineering
- 4. Electrical Engineering
- 5. Electronics and Communication Engineering
- 6. Information Technology
- 7. Instrumentation Engineering
- 8. Jute and Fibre Technology
- 9. Optics and Optoelectronics Engineering
- 10. Polymer Science and Technology

Each of the courses is of four (4) years duration comprised of eight (8) Semesters, each Semester being of six (6) months' duration.

### 2. Eligibility for Admission

- (a) Category-1: For admission into the FIRST YEAR of 4-Year B.Tech. course in any stream, the candidates must have passed Class XII Examinations in the system of 10+2 under West Bengal Council of Higher Secondary Education or equivalent with Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics securing an average of at least 60% marks (or equivalent grade) in these subjects and cleared West Bengal JEE. The minimum requirement of marks will however not be applicable for admission to Jute and Fibre Technology only in session 2017-18. After the academic year 2017-18 the minimum criteria of admission will be same for all the engineering streams.
- (b) Category-2: For admission of the B.Sc. (Hons.) qualified students into the SECOND YEAR of all B.Tech. courses except the Jute and Fibre Technology course, the candidates must have passed B.Sc. Honours with the subjects specified for different courses as given below. The selection will be strictly based on merit as adopted and invoked time to time by University of Calcutta.

**Chemical Engineering**: B.Sc. Honours in Chemistry **Chemical Technology**: B.Sc. Honoursin Chemistry

**Computer Science and Engineering**: B.Sc. Honours in Physics/ Computer Science/Mathematics/ Statistics

Electrical Engineering: B.Sc. Honours in Physics

**Electronics and Communication Engineering:** B.Sc. Honours in Physics/Electronics

Information Technology: B.Sc. Honours in Computer Science/Physics/Electronics Instrumentation Engineering: B.Sc. Honours in Physics

Optics & Optoelectronics Engineering: B.Sc. Honours in Physics/Electronics

Polymer Science and Technology: B.Sc. Honours in Chemistry

The 'Category-2' students (except Jute & Fiber Tech. course)' must have to attend and pass 'Workshop' and 'Engineering Drawing' subjects additionally arranged during THIRD to EIGHTH Semester curriculum (preferable to complete by THIRD/FOURTH semester). However, no credit points will be awarded and will not be included for SGPA calculation. In the main mark sheet, mention will be made (at the bottom) that he/she has qualified 'Workshop/Drawing' with grade ----. The course of study for students admitted in the 2<sup>nd</sup> year will be of 6 Semesters (starting from third Semester) in three academic years.

(c) Category-3: Jute and Fibre Technology: For admission into the SECOND YEAR of B.Tech. course in Jute and Fibre Technology, the candidates should qualify JELET for lateral entry, and should have any one of the following degrees:
 B.Sc. with Physics/Chemistry/Mathematics, B.Sc. in Textile and Clothing/ B.FAD OR Diploma in Mechanical Engineering/ Electrical Engineering/ Chemical Engineering/ Computer Engineering/Ceramic Engineering / Electronics/ Textile Technology/ Handloom Technology/ Apparel and Fashion Technology; Post B.Sc. 2-year PG Diploma in Jute Technology and Management.
 The course of study for students admitted in the 2<sup>nd</sup> year will be of 6 Semesters

(starting from third Semester) in three academic years.

(d) Any seat(s) remaining vacant at the end of Second Semester will be filled up by Category-2 candidates except for Jute and Fibre Technology (who might consider JELET qualified candidates) as per AICTE rules.

- 3. The award of the said B. Tech. Degrees will be conferred to students who are successful in all of the eight (8) / six (6) Semester examinations.
- 4. Attendance: A student must attend 75% of the theoretical and laboratory/ practical classes and successfully complete sessional assessment in order to appear at Semester examinations.

### 5 Credit based Evaluation

- (a) The credit based examination system will be followed for all Semester examinations. Each course shall have a certain number of credits assigned to it depending upon the academic load of the course assessed on the basis of *weekly contact hours* of lecture, tutorial and laboratory classes, assignments or field study and/or self study Generally, each course shall have an integer number of credits reflecting its weight. The number of credits of a course in a semester shall ordinarily be calculated as under
  - (i) Lecture (L)/Tutorial (T): One lecture hour per week shall normally be assigned one credit. One hour of tutorial per week shall be assigned one credit. For determining the credits of a theory course, lectures and tutorials shall be added.

(ii) Practical (P): Three laboratory hours per week shall be assigned two (2) credits. Courses other than Lectures/Tutorials shall be treated as practical courses. The course credits for each course shall be given as L-T-P. For example, 3-1-0 will mean that it is a lecture based course and has 3 lectures, 1 tutorial, and no practical assigned to it. Similarly, a course with 0-0-3 means that it is a practical course with 3 hours of practical work. Credits will be assigned to seminar, dissertation, project etc. under the practical component.

The 4-year course in any field of study will have subjects covering minimum of 190 credits. The Semester wise credit points in various Departments may vary except the first two Semesters which are common to all disciplines (each Semester having a total of 28 credit points).

All examinations of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> semester for theoretical papers will be on 100 marks while the laboratory/practical papers will carry 50 marks. Credit points of theoretical and practical papers including project work, design, General Viva Voce, plant training, seminar presentation etc. offered by various Departments will be given in Course Structures separately. There will be two components of examinations of theoretical papers i) Sessional assessment 30% i.e. 30 marks ii) End Semester examination 70% i.e. 70 marks

(b) The Sessional assessment components of theory papers are

Serial No	Type of evaluation	Marks
01	Sessional Assessments through Class Test/ Assignments	20
02	Active participation in routine classes	05
03	Overall conduct, attendance, manners, skills etc.	05

### (c) Evaluation in Laboratory/ practical papers (for 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester)

Seria No	l Type of evaluation	Marks
01	Report and results	20
02	Viva	20
03	Overall conduct, attendance, discipline, manners, skills etc.	10

### Eligibility of success/failure in a Semester Examination:

- (i) A student admitted in 1<sup>st</sup> semester of B.Tech. course will get total 6 consecutive academic years from his year of admission to pass in all the 8 semesters. A student admitted in 3<sup>rd</sup> semester of B.Tech. course will get total 5 consecutive academic years from his year of admission to pass in all the 6 semesters.
- (ii) A student has to secure at least 50% marks i.e. Grade-D in all subjects individually in order to *pass the examination*.
- (iii)If a student don't secure at least 50% marks or absent in the end semester examination of theory subject need to appear in that paper in the examination of next academic session(s). In the case of for theoretical paper the marks of Sessional assessment would be retained.

(iv)A student will be eligible to take admission to the next immediate higher semester if the number of non-appeared paper in Theoretical examination does not exceed two. A student must have to appear in all the papers of the practical examination of the semester concerned.

(v) A student can appear in current semester and along with that could appear supplementary examination of maximum of 2 previous semesters of the corresponding even or odd semester. (e.g. A students has failed in a paper in 1<sup>st</sup> semester will get 2 additional chances in 3<sup>rd</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> Semester).

(vi)**Special supplementary examinations** will be arranged only for *Semester* 7 and 8 just after the declaration of results of  $7^{th}$  and  $8^{th}$  Semester. Students who

could not secure 50% marks in Special supplementary examination will have to appear in next academic session. (Provided maximum 6 years span for 4 Year B.Tech. and 5 Years span for 3 Years B.Tech. kept intact).

(vii) **Eligibility for a Degree:** A student needs to pass in all the theoretical and practical papers to qualify for B.Tech. Degree.

'Category 1' student has to pass all the theoretical and practical papers of 8-Semesters in maximum of 6 year periods from admission to obtain B.Tech. degree in corresponding course.

'Category 2' student has to pass all the theoretical and practical papers of 6-Semesters starting from 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester in maximum of 5 year periods to obtain B.Tech. degree in corresponding course.

6. (a) On the basis of total marks (TA+CT+ESE) secured in each paper, Grade (G) and Grade Point (GP) shall be awarded to a student.

The equivalence between grades, grade points and the percentage marks is given by:

Percentage (%) of marks	Grade (G)	Grade Point (GP)
$\geq 90$	Ex	10
$\geq$ 80 and <90	А	9
$\geq$ 70 and <80	В	8
$\geq$ 60 and <70	С	7
$\geq$ 50 and <60	D	6
< 50	F	0

(b) Each paper shall carry **Credit** (**C**) according to the number of hours allotted per week and as indicated in the following table

Paper/subject	No. of hours/week	Credit (C) assigned
Theoretical	1	1
Tutorial	1	1*
Practical	1	(2/3)*

\*: For fractional credit, calculation is to be made by rounding off.

- (c) The course structure and the credits assigned to each semester of each course are provided by individual Departments.
- (d) The performance of a candidate in  $n^{th}$  Semester examination, who earns all the Credit of that semester, will be assessed by the 'Semester Grade Point Average' (SGPA), 'S<sub>n</sub>' to be computed as:

$$SGPA[S_n] = \frac{\sum_{k} [C_k GP_k]}{\sum_{k} C_k}$$

where 'k' denotes the number of papers in a particular semester and and  $\sum C_k$  denotes the total credits of a particular semester and GP<sub>k</sub> is the grade point of k<sup>th</sup> paper.

(e) On completion of the B.Tech. course, the overall performance of a candidate will be assessed by the 'Cumulative Grade Point Average' (CGPA) to be computed as:

$$CGPA = \frac{\sum_{n} [C_n S_n]}{\sum_{n} C_n}$$

where,  $C_n = \sum C_k$  and  $\sum C_n$  denotes total credits of all the semesters

- (f) Each theory and each practical paper will be assessed by internal examiner(s). Project, and General Viva Voce examinations will be assessed by a board consisting of at least two (2) internal examiners and at least one (1) external examiner
- 7. Candidates appearing in a semester examination shall join classes in the next semester immediately, wherever applicable, after completion of the examination.
- 8. At the end of each Semester examination, a Grade-Sheet showing the Semester performance (Semester Grade Sheet) indicated by SGPA will be issued to the students. However, SGPA will not be calculated for those candidates who fail to earn all the credits in that Semester.

The Semester Grade Sheet should have the following basic information: The merit list will be prepared on the basis of the total marks obtained.

9. (a) A consolidated Grade-Sheet, showing the overall performance in the B. Tech course indicated by CGPA, will be issued only to those successful students who have passed all the theoretical and practical papers of all of the 8 semesters (for Category -1 student) or 6 semesters (for Category -2 student).

The consolidated grade sheet shall consist of two components. The first component will have the information of the final Semester as follows:

Paper	Details of courses	Full Marks	Marks obtained	Credit obtained	Grade	Grade Point	SGPA	Remarks
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The second component will have a **summary** of all the semesters having the following basic information:

Semester	Total	Credit	SGPA	Full	Marks	Cumulative stateme	ent
	credit	obtained		marks	Obtained		T
						Total credit	
						CGPA	
						Full marks (Total)	
						Marks obtained	-
						Result	#

The hash (#) in the last row of last column will contain the information regarding the final achievement of the candidate in all the examinations. This box will contain only o ne (1) of the following three (3) information:  $1^{st}$  Class' /  $2^{nd}$  Class'.

(b) Candidates securing CGPA at least 7.5 in B. Tech. Examination shall be placed in the First Class and those securing 6.0 or more but less than 7.5 shall be placed in the 'Second Class'.

10. The Degree of "Bachelor of Engineering/Technology" under the seal of the University shall be awarded to a successful candidate mentioning the grade and class he/she has obtained. The format will be as follows

### UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA LOGO

### It is hereby certified that after satisfying all the

conditions prescribed by the University

-----(Name) Was on the ---th day of ----(month), -----(year) Duly admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of ------ Engineering/Technology In the ---- Class

> Vice Chancellor Senate House

### UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA Faculty of Engineering & Technology

# A. Regulation for 4-year 8-semester B. Tech. course (with effect from the academic year 2015 – 2016)

01 The Faculty of Engineering and Technology, University of Calcutta shall provide instructions leading towards the 4-year, 8-semester B. Tech. degree in different Engineering/Technology courses as mentioned below:

- 1. Chemical Engineering
- 2. Chemical Technology
- 3. Computer Science and Engineering
- 4. Electrical Engineering
- 5. Electronics and Communication Engineering
- 6. Information Technology
- 7. Instrumentation Engineering
- 8. Jute and Fibre Technology
- 9. Optics and Optoelectronics Engineering
- 10. Polymer Science and Technology

Each of the courses is of four (4) years duration comprised of eight (8) Semesters, each Semester being of six (6) months' duration.

### 02 Eligibility for Admission

(a) Category-1: For admission into the FIRST YEAR of 4-Year B.Tech. course in any stream, the candidates must have passed Class XII Examinations in the system of 10+2 under West Bengal Council of Higher Secondary Education or equivalent with Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics securing an average of at least 60% marks (or equivalent grade) in these subjects and cleared West Bengal JEE. The minimum requirement of marks will however not be applicable for admission to Jute and Fibre Technology.

(b)	Category-2: For admission of the B.Sc. (Hons.) qualified students into the SECOND
	YEAR of all B.Tech. courses except the Jute and Fibre Technology course, the
	candidates must have passed B.Sc. Honours with the subjects specified for different
	courses as given below. The selection will be strictly based on merit as adopted and
	invoked time to time by University of Calcutta.
	Chemical Engineering: BSc Honours in Chemistry
	Chemical Technology: BSc Honours in Chemistry
	Computer Science and Engineering: BSc Honours in Physics/ Computer
	Science/Mathematics/ Statistics
	Electrical Engineering: BSc Honours in Physics
	Electronics and Communication Engineering: BSc Honours in Physics/Electronics
	Information Technology: BSc Honours in Computer Science/Physics/Electronics
	Instrumentation Engineering: BSc Honours in Physics
	Optics & Optoelectronics Engineering: B.Sc. Honours in Physics/Electronics
	Polymer Science and Technology: BSc Honours in Chemistry
	The 'Category-2' students (except Jute & Fiber Tech. course)' must have to attend and
	pass 'Workshop' and 'Engineering Drawing' subjects additionally arranged in the
	THIRD/FOURTH Semester curriculum. However, no credit points will be awarded
	and will not be included for SGPA calculation. In the main mark sheet, mention will
	be made (at the bottom) that he/she has qualified 'Workshop/Drawing' with grade
	The course of study for students admitted in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> year will be of 6 Semesters (starting from third Semester) in three academic years.
	<u>Special Note</u> : A certain percentage of seats in 4-year B.Tech. course will be set aside for entry of B.Sc. (Hons) qualified students in the second year. This percentage is 50% for the academic year 2015-16, and will be reduced in successive years as may be decided from time to time, but will never be below 20%. This provision, however, will not be applicable for admission to Jute and
	Fibre Technology.
(c)	Fibre Technology. Category-3: Jute and Fibre Technology: For admission into the SECOND YEAR of
(c)	Fibre Technology. Category-3: Jute and Fibre Technology: For admission into the SECOND YEAR of B.Tech. course in Jute and Fibre Technology, the candidates should qualify JELET for
(c)	Fibre Technology. Category-3: Jute and Fibre Technology: For admission into the SECOND YEAR of B.Tech. course in Jute and Fibre Technology, the candidates should qualify JELET for lateral entry, and should have any one of the following degrees:
(c)	<ul> <li>Fibre Technology.</li> <li>Category-3: Jute and Fibre Technology: For admission into the SECOND YEAR of B.Tech. course in Jute and Fibre Technology, the candidates should qualify JELET for lateral entry, and should have any one of the following degrees:</li> <li>BSc with Physics/Chemistry/Mathematics, BSc in Textile and Clothing/ B.FAD OR</li> </ul>
(c)	<ul> <li>Fibre Technology.</li> <li>Category-3: Jute and Fibre Technology: For admission into the SECOND YEAR of B.Tech. course in Jute and Fibre Technology, the candidates should qualify JELET for lateral entry, and should have any one of the following degrees:</li> <li>BSc with Physics/Chemistry/Mathematics, BSc in Textile and Clothing/ B.FAD OR Diploma in Mechanical Engineering/ Electrical Engineering/ Chemical Engineering/</li> </ul>
(c)	<ul> <li>Fibre Technology.</li> <li>Category-3: Jute and Fibre Technology: For admission into the SECOND YEAR of B.Tech. course in Jute and Fibre Technology, the candidates should qualify JELET for lateral entry, and should have any one of the following degrees:</li> <li>BSc with Physics/Chemistry/Mathematics, BSc in Textile and Clothing/ B.FAD OR Diploma in Mechanical Engineering/ Electrical Engineering/ Chemical Engineering/ Computer Engineering/Ceramic Engineering / Electronics/ Textile Technology/</li> </ul>

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		Diploma in Jute Technology and Management.
		The course of study for students admitted in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> year will be of 6 Semesters
		(starting from third Semester) in three academic years.
	(d)	Any seat(s) remaining vacant at the end of Second Semester will be filled up by
		Category-2 candidates except for Jute and Fibre Technology (who might consider
		JELET qualified candidates).
03	The	award of the said B. Tech. Degrees will be conferred to students who are successful in
	all o	f the eight (8) / six (6) Semester examinations.
04	Atte	ndance: A student must attend 75% of the theoretical and laboratory/ practical classes
	sepa	rately in order to appear at Semester examinations.
05	Cre	dit based Evaluation
	(a)	The credit based examination system will be followed for all Semester examinations.
		Each course shall have a certain number of credits assigned to it depending upon the
		academic load of the course assessed on the basis of weekly contact hours of lecture,
		tutorial and laboratory classes, assignments or field study and/or self study.
		Generally, each course shall have an integer number of credits reflecting its weight.
		The number of credits of a course in a semester shall ordinarily be calculated as under:
		(i) Lecture (L)/Tutorial (T): One lecture hour per week shall normally be assigned one
		credit. One hour of tutorial per week shall be assigned one credit. For determining the
		credits of a theory course, lectures and tutorials shall be added.
		(ii) Practical (P): Three laboratory hours per week shall be assigned two (2) credits.
		Courses other than Lectures/Tutorials shall be treated as practical courses.
		The course credits for each course shall be given as L-T-P. For example, 3-1-0 will
		mean that it is a lecture based course and has 3 lectures, 1 tutorial, and no practical
	8	assigned to it. Similarly, a course with 0-0-3 means that it is a practical course with 3
		hours of practical work. Credits will be assigned to seminar, dissertation, project etc.
		under the practical component.
		The 4-year course in any field of study will have subjects covering a total of 190
		credits. The Semester wise credit points in various Departments may vary except the
		first two Semesters which are common to all disciplines (each Semester having a total
		of 28 credit points).
		All examinations on theoretical papers will be on 100 marks while the
		laboratory/practical papers will carry 50 marks. Credit points of theoretical and
		practical papers including project work, design, General Viva Voce, plant training,
		seminar presentation etc. offered by various Departments will be given in Course

a	The Sessional assessment components of theory papers are						
(b)	The Session	True of evoluation	Marl				
	Serial No	Sessional Assessments through Class Test/ Assignments	20				
	01	Active perticipation in routine classes	05				
	02	Overall conduct, attendance, manners, skills etc.	05				
(c)	Evaluation	in Laboratory/ practical papers:					
.,	Serial No	Type of evaluation	Marl				
	01	Report and results	20				
	02	Viva	20				
	03	Overall conduct, attendance, discipline, manners, skills etc.	10				
	<ul> <li>(i) A student has to secure at least 50% marks i.e. Grade-D in all subjects individuall in order to <i>pass the examination</i>.</li> <li>(ii) If a student fails in some subjects having total credits more than 8, he/she will hav to repeat the whole Semester and will not be allowed to continue his studies to the new for example, and the student will exempted by face a year loss.</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>(i) A studer</li> <li>in order to p</li> <li>(ii) If a studer</li> <li>to repeat the</li> <li>Semester cl</li> </ul>	nt has to secure at least 50% marks i.e. Grade-D in all subjects in <i>bass the examination</i> . Ident fails in some subjects having total credits more than 8, he/slee whole Semester and will not be allowed to continue his studies asses. The student will eventually face a year loss.	individua he will ha s to the n				
	<ul> <li>(i) A studer</li> <li>in order to p</li> <li>(ii) If a studer</li> <li>to repeat the Semester cline</li> <li>(iii) If a studer</li> <li>(iii) If a</li></ul>	nt has to secure at least 50% marks i.e. Grade-D in all subjects in the examination. Ident fails in some subjects having total credits more than 8, he/slive whole Semester and will not be allowed to continue his studies asses. The student will eventually face a year loss. Ident fails in some subjects amounting 8 credits or less in a S of the credits, he/she will be allowed to continue to the next total of such backlog credits within the entire course performance of the second Semesters, one h = 20 credits; this may vary in other Semesters]	individua he will ha s to the n emester at Semes <i>iod of ei</i> as to earn				

		in sports, cultural activities	s, NSS or	any other reas	on considered valid une	der
		exceptional circumstances m	av apply	for supplementar	v examinations to the V	ice
		exceptional circumstances in	ay apply		, will be considered by	tha
		Chancellor through Head of	the Depart	ment. These case	es will be considered by	line
		university authority and decis	ion will be	taken by the Sync	licate.	
		(vii) 'Category 1' students w	vill have to	utilize all the all	owed chances (to pass ba	ack
		papers) within six years (i.e	e. 12 conse	cutive Semesters)	) to acquire 190 credits in	n 8
		Semesters, Similarly, 'Catego	ory 2' stude	ents including late	ral entry students of Jute a	and
		Eihra Tashnalagy will have	to utilize s	all the allowed ch	ances (to pass back pape	ers)
		Flore Technology will have			a 124 anadita in 6 Samasta	arc
		within five years (i.e. 10 cons	secutive Se	mesters) to acquir	e 134 credits in o Semeste	
		(viii) Eligibility for a Degree	: The total	credits for all the	engineering courses are 1	190
		for a 4-year course. Thus, a	student ('C	Category 1') who	could earn 190 credits in	n 8-
		Semester course would be el	ligible for a	B.Tech. degree	in above mentioned cours	ses.
		'Category 2' candidates, how	vever will h	ave to earn a tota	I of 134 credits for the sa	ime
		D Task Decree in 6 (civ) Son	mostors stor	ting from THIRD	Semester	
		B. Tech. Degree in 6 (six) Sel	nesters star	ting nom mitte	Semester.	
		(ix) A student failing in any s	subject shou	Ild apply to the Se	cretary, UCSTA through	
		respective Head of the Depart	tment for a	ppearing at the su	pplementary examinations	5
		within 07 days of the publicat	tion of resu	lts		
		within 07 days of the publica	cion or resu			
				ECE) accuration	aach paper. Crade (C)	and
06	(a)	On the basis of total marks	(TA+CT+	ESE) secured in	each paper, Grade (G)	and
06	(a)	On the basis of total marks Grade Point (GP) shall be a	(TA+CT+ warded to a	ESE) secured in a student.	each paper, Grade (G)	and
06	(a)	On the basis of total marks Grade Point (GP) shall be a The equivalence between gra	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade	ESE) secured in student. points and the per	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by	and
06	(a)	On the basis of total marks Grade Point (GP) shall be a The equivalence between gra	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade	ESE) secured in student. points and the per	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by	and :
06	(a)	On the basis of total marks Grade Point (GP) shall be a The equivalence between gra Percentage (%) of	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f <b>marks</b>	ESE) secured in student. points and the per Grade (G)	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP)	and
06	(a)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be a The equivalence between gra Percentage (%) of $\geq 90$	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f <b>marks</b>	ESE) secured in student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10	and :
06	(a)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be a The equivalence between gra $\frac{\text{Percentage (\%) of}}{\geq 90}$ $89 - 80$	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f marks	ESE) secured in a student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex A	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10 9	and
06	(a)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be a The equivalence between gra $\frac{\text{Percentage (\%) of}}{\geq 90}$ $\frac{89 - 80}{79 - 70}$	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f marks	ESE) secured in a student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex A B	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10 9 8 7	and
06	(a)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be a The equivalence between gra $\frac{\text{Percentage (\%) of}}{\geq 90}$ $\frac{89 - 80}{79 - 70}$ $\frac{69 - 60}{50}$	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f marks	ESE) secured in a student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex A B C	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10 9 8 7	and
06	(a)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be a The equivalence between gra $ \begin{array}{r} Percentage (\%) \text{ of} \\ \ge 90 \\ \hline 89 - 80 \\ \hline 79 - 70 \\ \hline 69 - 60 \\ \hline 59 - 50 \\ \hline \end{array} $	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f marks	ESE) secured in a student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex A B C D E	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10 9 8 7 6 0	and
06	(a)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be a The equivalence between gra $ \frac{\text{Percentage (%) of}}{\geq 90} $ $ \frac{89 - 80}{79 - 70} $ $ \frac{69 - 60}{59 - 50} $ $ < 50 $	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f marks	ESE) secured in a student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex A B C D F	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10 9 8 7 6 0	and :
06	(a) (b)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be a The equivalence between gra $ \begin{array}{r} Percentage (\%) \text{ of} \\ \hline \ge 90 \\ \hline 89 - 80 \\ \hline 79 - 70 \\ \hline 69 - 60 \\ \hline 59 - 50 \\ \hline < 50 \\ \hline \end{array} $ Each paper shall carry <b>Cred</b>	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f marks it (C) acco	ESE) secured in a student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex A B C D F rding to the numb	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10 9 8 7 6 0 0 wer of hours allotted per w	and : veek
06	(a) (b)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be a The equivalence between gra $ \begin{array}{r} \hline Percentage (\%) \text{ of} \\ \geq 90 \\ \hline 89 - 80 \\ \hline 79 - 70 \\ \hline 69 - 60 \\ \hline 59 - 50 \\ \hline < 50 \\ \hline \end{array} $ Each paper shall carry <b>Cred</b> and as indicated in the follow	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f marks it (C) accoving table:	ESE) secured in a student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex A B C D F rding to the numb	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10 9 8 7 6 0 0 er of hours allotted per w	and : /eek
06	(a) (b)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be a The equivalence between gra $ \begin{array}{r} Percentage (\%) of \\ \ge 90 \\ 89 - 80 \\ 79 - 70 \\ 69 - 60 \\ 59 - 50 \\ < 50 \\ \end{array} $ Each paper shall carry <b>Cred</b> and as indicated in the follow Paper/subject	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f marks it (C) acco ving table:	ESE) secured in a student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex A B C D F rding to the numb	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10 9 8 7 6 0 0 ber of hours allotted per w Credit (C) assigned	and : /eek
06	(a) (b)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be a The equivalence between gra $ \begin{array}{r} \hline Percentage (\%) of \\ \ge 90 \\ \hline 89 - 80 \\ \hline 79 - 70 \\ \hline 69 - 60 \\ \hline 59 - 50 \\ \hline < 50 \\ \hline \end{array} $ Each paper shall carry <b>Cred</b> and as indicated in the follow $ \begin{array}{r} \hline Paper/subject \\ \hline Theoretical \\ \hline \end{array} $	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f marks it (C) acco ving table: No. c	ESE) secured in a student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex A B C D F rding to the numb of hours/week 1	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10 9 8 7 6 0 0 ber of hours allotted per w Credit (C) assigned 1	and : /eek
06	(a) (b)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be a The equivalence between gra $ \begin{array}{r} \hline Percentage (\%) of \\ \geq 90 \\ \hline 89 - 80 \\ \hline 79 - 70 \\ \hline 69 - 60 \\ \hline 59 - 50 \\ \hline < 50 \\ \hline \end{array} $ Each paper shall carry <b>Cred</b> and as indicated in the follow $ \begin{array}{r} \hline Paper/subject \\ \hline Theoretical \\ \hline Tutorial \\ \hline \end{array} $	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f marks it (C) acco ving table: No. c	ESE) secured in a student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex A B C D F rding to the numb of hours/week 1 1	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10 9 8 7 6 0 0 ber of hours allotted per w Credit (C) assigned 1 1 1*	and : /eek
06	(a) (b)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be an The equivalence between gra $ \begin{array}{r}          Percentage (%) of \\                                   $	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f marks it (C) acco ving table: No. c	ESE) secured in a student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex A B C D F rding to the numb of hours/week 1 1 1	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10 9 8 7 6 0 ber of hours allotted per w Credit (C) assigned 1 1 (2/3)*	and :
06	(a) (b)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be a The equivalence between gra $ \begin{array}{r} Percentage (\%) of \\ \ge 90 \\ 89 - 80 \\ 79 - 70 \\ 69 - 60 \\ 59 - 50 \\ < 50 \\ \hline \end{array} $ Each paper shall carry <b>Cred</b> and as indicated in the follow $ \begin{array}{r} Paper/subject \\ Theoretical \\ Tutorial \\ Practical \\ \end{array} $	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f marks it (C) acco ving table: No. c	ESE) secured in a student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex A B C D F rding to the numb of hours/week 1 1 1	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10 9 8 7 6 0 0 er of hours allotted per w Credit (C) assigned 1 1* $(2/3)^*$	and :
06	(a) (b)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be a The equivalence between gra $ \begin{array}{r} Percentage (\%) of \\ \ge 90 \\ 89 - 80 \\ 79 - 70 \\ 69 - 60 \\ 59 - 50 \\ < 50 \\ \hline \end{array} $ Each paper shall carry <b>Cred</b> and as indicated in the follow $ \begin{array}{r} Paper/subject \\ Theoretical \\ Tutorial \\ Practical \\ \hline \end{array} $ *: For fractional cred	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f marks it (C) acco ving table: No. c	ESE) secured in a student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex A B C D F rding to the numb of hours/week 1 1 1 1 0 n is to be made b	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10 9 8 7 6 0 0 er of hours allotted per w Credit (C) assigned 1 1* (2/3)*	and : /eek
06	(a) (b)	On the basis of total marks <b>Grade Point (GP)</b> shall be a The equivalence between gra $ \begin{array}{r} Percentage (\%) of \\ \ge 90 \\ 89 - 80 \\ 79 - 70 \\ 69 - 60 \\ 59 - 50 \\ < 50 \\ \hline \end{array} $ Each paper shall carry <b>Credi</b> and as indicated in the follow $ \begin{array}{r} Paper/subject \\ Theoretical \\ Tutorial \\ Practical \\ \hline \end{array} $ *: For fractional credit	(TA+CT+ warded to a des, grade f marks it (C) acco ving table: No. c	ESE) secured in a student. points and the per Grade (G) Ex A B C D F rding to the numb of hours/week 1 1 1 1 on is to be made b assigned to each	each paper, Grade (G) centage marks is given by Grade Point (GP) 10 9 8 7 6 0 0 wer of hours allotted per w Credit (C) assigned 1 1* $(2/3)^*$	and : /eek

	(d)	The performance of a candidate in $n^{th}$ Semester examination, who earns all the credits of that semester, will be assessed by the 'Semester Grade Point Average' (SGPA), 'S <sub>n</sub> ' to be computed as:
		$\sum [C_{k} GP_{k}]$
		$SGPA[S_{i}] = \frac{k}{k}$
		$\sum_{k} C_{k}$
		where 'k' denotes the number of papers in a particular semester
		and $\sum C_k$ denotes the total credits of a particular semester and GP <sub>k</sub> is the grade point
		$\frac{k}{k}$
		of k <sup>m</sup> paper.
	(e)	On completion of the B.Tech. course, the overall performance of a candidate will be assessed by the 'Cumulative Grade Point Average' (CGPA) to be computed as:
		$\sum [C_n S_n]$
		$CGPA = -\frac{n}{2}$
		$\sum C_n$
		n
		where, $C_n = \sum_k C_k$ and $\sum_k C_n$ denotes total credits of all the semesters i.e. 190
		credits for category-1 and 134 credits for category-2 and 3.
1	(f)	Each theory and each practical paper will be assessed by internal examiner(s). Design,
		Project, seminar and General Viva Voce examinations will be assessed by a board consisting of at least two (2) internal examiners and at least one (1) external examiner.
07	Can imm	didates appearing in a semester examination shall join classes in the next semester ediately, wherever applicable, after completion of the examination.
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
08	If a	candidate is unable to appear at any of the theory or practical examination(s), he/she
	Will	earn zero (0) credit in that paper(s).
09	The	CU syndicate shall publish a list of successful candidates of the B. Tech. examination
	for e	each of the Semester examinations.
10	At the	he end of each Semester examination, a Grade-Sneet showing the Semester performance
	will	not be calculated for those candidates who fail to earn all the credits in that Semester.
	The	Semester Grade Sheet should have the following basic information: The merit list will
	be p	repared on the basis of the total marks obtained.
11	(a)	A consolidated Grade-Sheet, showing the overall performance in the B. Tech course
		indicated by CGPA, will be issued only to those successful students who have earned
		190 creatis for Category-1 and 194 creatis for category-2 and 5 in the B. Teen.
		The consolidated grade sheet shall consist of two components. The first component
		will have the information of the final Semester as follows:
		Details of Full Marks Credit Grade Grade SGPA Remarks
		Paper courses Marks obtained obtained Point
		The second component will have a summary of all the semesters having the

		Semester	Total credit	Credit obtained	SGPA	Full marks	Marks obtained	Cumulative statem	ient	
								Total credit		
								CGPA		
								Full marks (Total)		
			_					Marks obtained		
				_				Result	#	
	(b)	Candidates s First Class a	ecuring and thos	CGPA at l e securing	least 7.5 6.0 or	in B. Te more bu	ch. Examir t less than	nation shall be placed 7.5 shall be placed	in in	
12		The Degree University sl	of "B hall be a	achelor o awarded to	of Engin	ssful can	<b>Fechnology</b> didate men	y" under the seal tioning the grade an	of d cl	
		he/she has obtained. The format will be as follows: UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA LOGO								
				UNI	VERSIT	Y OF C LOGO	ALCUTTA			
			, 1	UNI t is hereby conditio	VERSIT certified ons presc	Y OF C. LOGO that afteribed by	ALCUTTA er satisfyin the Univer	g all the rsity		
			, (	UNI t is hereby conditio Name) Wa Duly	VERSIT certified ons presc as on the y admitt	Y OF C LOGO that after cribed by eth dated to the	ALCUTTA er satisfyin, the Univer by of(m e Degree of	g all the rsity onth),(year) f		
			и ( Васи	UNI t is hereby conditio Name) Wa Duly helor of -	versit certified ons presc as on the y admitt  In th	Y OF C. LOGO that after that afte	ALCUTTA er satisfyin the Univer y of(m e Degree of neering/T lass	g all the rsity conth),(year) f echnology		
			1. ( Bac	UNI t is hereby conditio Name) Wa Duly helor of -	versitied ons presc as on the y admitt In th	Y OF C LOGO that after cribed by eth da ed to the Engin e C	ALCUTTA er satisfyin the Univer y of(m e Degree of neering/T lass	g all the rsity onth),(year) f echnology Vice Chancello	r	

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