M.Voc. TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT CONSULTING

(Final)

Direction (Qn. Nos. 1 – 8): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

In India, innovation is emerging as one of the most important rubrics in the discourse on how to bring about greater and more consistent economic and social development. One observes steadily growing investments in R&D across the country, the setting up of National and State innovation bodies, as well as the introduction of government sponsored innovation funds. There have also been several conferences and debates on innovation and how to best promote and accomplish it in India and a number of articles on the subject, written for newspapers and magazines, as well as more informal platforms like online forums and blogs.

Academic engagement and Indian authorship on the subject have also exploded in the last five years. Despite widespread agreement on the importance of innovation in India, there are wide gulfs between different conceptions of innovation and the path India should take towards securing benefits through investments in innovation.

Many Indian conversations around innovation begin by talking about jugaad, that uniquely Indian approach to a temporary fix when something complex, like an automobile or a steam engine stops working. However many observers have pointed out that while the jugaad is certainly innovative, it is a response to the lack of an innovation culture- more a survival or a coping mechanism at a time of need than a systematic methodology to effectively address, a wide ranging, complex set of problems.

Another specifically Indian approach to innovation that has entered into wide currency of late is the so called "frugal innovation" deemed by many to be the most appropriate for the Indian context. In its mid-term assessment of the 11th Five year plan, the Planning Commission stressed the need for innovation in India in order to "accelerate its growth and to make growth more inclusive as well as environmentally sustainable."The document went on to say that "India needs more of frugal innovation that produces more frugal cost products and services that are affordable by people at low levels of incomes without compromising the safety efficiency and utility of the products. The country also needs processes of innovation that are frugal in the resources required to produce the innovations. The products and processes must also have frugal impact on the earth's resources."

Two people formulated a similar theory called the More- from - Less -for - More (MLM Theory of innovation) which allows for more production using fewer resources but benefits more people. Under this rubric come products that are more affordable versions of existing technologies. While both frugal innovation and the MLM theory are certainly valuable in terms of bringing affordable products to a greater number of people, and may even be considered a necessary first step on what India's innovation can accomplish, they barely graze the surface of what innovation can accomplish.. that is- innovation is capable of bringing about complete paradigm - shifts and redefining the way we perceive and interact with the world.



Take the cell phone, for example: it revolutionized communication in a previously inconceivable way, provided consumers with a product of unprecedented value and created an entirely new market. The cell phone was the result of years of directed intentional innovation efforts and large investments, and would not have been created if the people responsible simply set out to make the existing telephone cheaper and more accessible to all.

While jugaad and frugal innovation may be indicative of the Indian potential for innovativeness, this otential is not utilized or given opportunity to flourish due to lack of an enabling culture.

India's many diverse and complex needs can be met only through systematic innovation, and major shifts have to first take place in our educational institutions, government policies and commercial firms in order for such innovation enabling culture to come about.

The one thing that India's innovation terrorists have not said is that the absence of a culture of innovationist is intrinsically linked to many of the most intractable problems facing India as a nation. These include poor delivery of government services, inadequate systems of personal identification and absence of widely available financial services for the rural poor, health and sanitation failures. This list can go on. Cumulatively, the inability of India as a nation, society and economy to adequately provide for its own population no longer reflects a failure of implementation, but rather a failure of innovation, for there are no immediately available shelf solutions that would make it possible for these grand challenges facing India to be redressed. Rather we need to look at these intractable problems from the more sophisticated and empowering lens of innovation, for them to begin to be solved.

- 1. Which of the following depict the growing importance of innovation in India?
 - (i) Increased investment in research
 - (ii) Initiation of government backed funds for innovation
 - (iii) Increase in the number of conferences arranged and articles written on innovation
 - (A) Only (i)

(B) (i) and (ii)

(C) (ii) and (iii)

- (D) All of the above
- 2. Which of the following best describes the MLM theory of innovation?
 - (A) Maximise output by using least number of resources and benefitting a small number of people
 - (B) Benefit most number of people through least usage of resources and maximum output
 - (C) Maximise resource utilization and cost thereby benefit maximum number of people.
 - (D) Benefit most number of people through maximum usage of resources and minimizing cost



3. Which	n of the following is p	ossibly the most	appropriate title for	the passage?
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- (A) India and the Elixir called Innovation
- (B) World wide developments in Innovation
- (C) Innovation around the world vis-a vis India and other neighbouring countries
- (D) Innovation at its Best
- 4. What type of message is the author employing in the entire passage?
 - (A) Pessimistic

(B) Sarcastic

(C) Informative

(D) Urgent

- 5. Why, according to the author is India unable to adequately provide for its people?
 - (A) Failure to implement schemes and initiatives meant for the Indian populace.
 - (B) Absence of regulatory authorities to oversee the implementation process.
 - (C) Lack of governmental schemes and initiatives to redress the challenges faced by India.
 - (D) Failure to innovate in order to find solutions.
- 6. Why, according to some people is 'jugaad' not the answer to India's problems?
 - (A) Many a time this methodology backfires leading to further complications
 - (B) 'Jugaad', provides only cheap solutions to all problems
 - (C) It is reactive and not a proactive and organized method of finding solutions to problems.
 - (D) It can provide solutions to only simple solutions and not to complex ones.
- 7. Which one of the following is/are true about the cell phone?
 - (i) The innovation of the cell phone required investment of huge capital
 - (ii) The cell phone, when invented was meant to be affordable to all
 - (iii)The cell phone was made available to the public in a very short time from its ideation
 - (A) only (i)

(B) only (i) and (ii)

(C) only (ii) and (iii)

(D) All of the above

- 8. What does the author mean by 'frugal impact on the earth's resources' as given in the passage?
 - (A) The damage to the environment should be assessable.
 - (B) Minimum usage of the earth's natural resources.
 - (C) Minimum impact on the environment in terms of pollution.
 - (D) The impact on the environment should be such that it is reversible.



Direction (Qn. Nos. 9 – 20): Choose the word which is most similar in meaning to the words given in capital letters.

9.	DEPLORE						
	` ′	lose heart . regret	` /	entreat malign			
10.	MOTIV	ATION					
		inducement ambition		emotion incitement			
11.	RESID	UE					
		nothing remainder	` /	recede little			
12.	PERPE	TUAL					
		perfect never ending	` /	confused seasonal			
13.	ASSEN	T					
	` ′	climb answer	(B) (D)	confirm agree			
14.	DEFIA	NCE					
	` ′	insult degradation	(B) (D)	denial resistance			
15.	EMAN	CIPATE					
	` ′	liberate acquit	(B) (D)	release unchain			
16.	RESTIV	VЕ					
	(A) (C)	resting restless	(B) (D)	restful arresting			
17.	STRAI	Γ					
	(A) (C)	not crooked channel of water	(B) (D)	a narrow street straightforward			



18.	JOCUN	ND		
	(A) (C)	flimsy cheerful	(B) (D)	cruel laughable
19.	BOUR	GEOIS		
	(A) (C)	animated lively	(B) (D)	aristocratic
20.	COMP	ENDIUM		
	(A) (C)	collection reference	(B) (D)	summary index
		n (Qn. Nos. 21 – 27): Choo of the idiom/phrase given below.	se the	e alternative which best expresses the
21.	To have	e an axe to grind		
	(A) (C)	to criticize someone to work for both sides	(B) (D)	to fail to arouse interest to have a selfish end to serve
22.	A horne	et's nest		
	(A) (C)	A comfortable position Among thorns	(B) (D)	An unpleasant situation A dilemma
23.	To roll	out the red carpet		
	(A) (C)	to buy a gift to decorate the room	(B) (D)	to give a warning signal to give a grand welcome
24.	To put	his foot down		
	(A) (C)	concede resign	(B) (D)	not to yield withdraw
25.	An app	ole of discord		
	(A) (C)	sour apple The cause of a contention	(B) (D)	a quarrel a fight for an apple
26.	At the	eleventh hour		
	(A) (C)	arrive late the last possible time	(B) (D)	at the last hour at eleven o' clock



27.	Much a	do about nothing		
	(B) (C)	talk about nothing a Play by Shaw to make a fuss over a sma to make a noise	ıll matter	
		on (Qn. Nos. 28 – 33): g to the capitalized word.	Select the	word that is most closely opposite in
28.	GRAN	DIOSE		
	(A) (C)	modest brilliant	(B) (D)	egoistic pretentious
29.	ABSTI	NENCE		
	` '	indulgence devotion	(B) (D)	self-denial afraid
30.	DISCO	RDANT		
	(A) (C)	harsh harmonious	(B) (D)	
31.	DISSE	MINATED		
	` '	network acquaint	(B) (D)	interact concentrated
32.	AMBIV	/ALENT		
	` '	submissive misleading	\ /	decisive suspect
33.	SEGRE	EGATE		
	(A) (C)	abolish compile	(B) (D)	confuse darken
		on (Qn. Nos. 34 – 38) : s misspelt.	In the follow	ving group of words, choose the word
34.				
	(A) (C)	neighbour necessary	(B) (D)	nektar nemesis



35.	(A) commend(C) assend	(B) amend(D) comprehend
36.	(A) agnostic(C) sceptic	(B) assetic(D) prolific
37.	(A) measurement(C) contraversial	(B) concerned(D) contemporary
38.	(A) delirious(C) hefty	(B) delusive(D) heinous

Direction (Qn. Nos. 39 – 46) : Study the 10 statements given below and answer the questions.

- i. Six businessmen from six different nations are staying in different rooms in succession in the same row in a hotel.
- ii. Each of them owns a different number of cars and has donated to different number of institutions during the last year.
- iii. The businessman in Room no. 102 owns twice as many as the number of cars owned by the businessmen who has donated to 8 institutions in the last year.
- iv. The businessman from Uruguay and the businessman in Room no. 106 together own 40 cars in total.
- v. The businessman from Argentina owns 8 cars less than the businessman from England but donated to 10 more institutions in the last year.
- vi. Four times the number of cars owned by the businessman in Room no. 104 is lesser than the number of institutions to which he has donated in the last year.
- vii. The businessman in Room No. 103 owns 12 cars and donated to 8 institutions in the last year.
- viii. The businessman who owns 16 cars donated to 24 institutions in the last year.
- ix. The businessman in Room no. 105 owns 8 cars and donated to 2 institutions less than those donated by the businessman from Canada in the last year.
- x. The Brazilian businessman is staying two rooms ahead of the English businessman who is staying two rooms ahead of the Canadian businessman.
- 39. In which room is Brazilian businessman staying?

(A)	Room no. 102	(B)	Room no. 10)3
(C)	Room no. 104	(D)	Room no. 10)5

- 40. What is the number of institutions to which the Argentinean businessman donated in the last year?
 - (A) 8 (C) 18 (B) 3 (D) 24



41.	The businessman of which country is staying in Room no. 106?					
	(A)	Argentina	(B)	Canada		
		Uruguay	(D)			
	(-)		(-)			
42.	The bu	sinessman of which country has o	donated	d to 24 institutions in the last year?		
	(A)	Argentina	(B)	Uruguay		
	(C)	Canada	(D)	Germany		
43.	The bu	sinessman of which country owns	s the hi	ighest number of cars?		
	(A)	Argentina	(B)	Uruguay		
	(C)	Germany	(D)	Brazil		
44.	How m	nany cars are owned by the Englis	h busi	nessman?		
	(A)	8	(B)	12		
	(C)		(D)			
45.	How m	nany institutions did the businessr	nan in	Room 102 donate to?		
	(A)	8	(B)	18		
	(A) (C)		(B) (D)			
46.	(C) For how	24	(D) ty, nun	Cannot be determined nber of cars and number of institutions		
46.	For hor donated	w many rooms can the nationalid to by the businessmen be accurate	(D) ty, numately do	Cannot be determined nber of cars and number of institutions etermined?		
46.	For hor donated	24 w many rooms can the nationality	(D) ty, nun	Cannot be determined nber of cars and number of institutions etermined?		
46.	(C) For how donated (A) (C) Directi were continue dance, various i.	w many rooms can the nationalist to by the businessmen be accurated. One Three ion (Qn. Nos. 47 – 53): During onducted. The Youth Festival wated till 26 th April. In the span of mono act, street play, kathakalist other cultural programs. The following one competition was held in	ty, numerately dot (B) (D) and the as inauted as inaute	Cannot be determined there of cars and number of institutions etermined? Two Four State Youth Festival, six competitions agurated on 19 th April, Wednesday and s, six competitions namely debate, folk group song were organised along with a information are available		
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48.	Mono A	Act follows which competition?		
	(A) (C)	Kathakali Street Play	(B) (D)	Debate Group Song
49.	The Yo	uth Festival started with which c	ompeti	ition?
	(A) (C)	Group Song Kathakali	()	Mono Act Debate
50.	How m	any days gap is there between K	athakal	i and Group Song competitions?
	(A) (C)	One Four	(B) (D)	Two Five
51.	Which	pair of competitions are held on	Wedne	sday?
	(A) (C)		(B) (D)	Kathakali and Folk Dance Group song and Folk dance
52.	Which	competitions are held on three co	onsecut	tive days?
	(A) (B) (C) (D)	Kathakali, Debate and Mono A Mono act, debate and Folk dar Group song, Kathakali and Str Street play, Group song and Fo	nce eet pla	2
53.	Which	competition is held exactly 4 day	s after	Mono Act?
	(A) (C)	Group Song Kathakali	(B) (D)	Folk Dance Debate



Direction (Qn. Nos. 54 - 58): Some information is provided in the paragraph below. Answer the questions based on this information.

Paul is in charge of seating the speakers at a table. In addition to the moderator, there will be a pilot, an attorney, a writer and an exporter. The speakers are G, H, J, K and L.

•	CC1 1 .	, ., .	.1 111		a , a
1	The moderator	milet eit in	the middle	ceat 1e	Seat no 4
1.	The moderator	must sit m	uic illiadic s	scat. 1.c.	Scat IIO. 3

- ii. The attorney cannot sit next to the explorer
- iii. L is the pilot
- iv. The writer and attorney sit on either side of the moderator.
- v. H who is not the moderator, sits between J and K.
- vi. The moderator does not sit next to J or L
- vii. G who is the attorney, sits in Seat no. 4

54.	Who	is	the	Mo	dera	tor?

(A) H (C) J (B) K

(D) G

55. Where does J sit?

(A) Seat 1

(B) Seat 2

(C) Seat 3

(D) Seat 4

56. Who sits in seat 5?

(A) K

(B) L

(C) H

(D) G

57. Who is the writer?

(A) G

(B) K

(C) J

(D) H

58. Who sits adjacent to the pilot?

(A) G

(B) H

(C) J

(D) K



Direction (Qn. Nos. 59 – 64): Answer the questions based on the table below.

Table: Production of major metals and minerals (Million Tonnes)

Year	Aluminium	Coal	Copper	Gold	Iron Ore
2005	69	91	71	15	100
2006	75	88	75	18	120
2007	81	97	79	21	102
2008	98	107	88	25	131
2009	93	110	92	24	143
2010	99	116	97	20	154
2011	105	122	103	25	163

	2006	75	88	75		18	120	
	2007	81	97	79		21	102	1
	2008	98	107	88		25	131	1
	2009	93	110	92		24	143	1
	2010	99	116	97		20	154	1
	2011	105	122	103		25	163	
59.	Which 1 2011?	mineral/metal v	vitnessed the l	highest gr	rowth	rate in produ	ction from 20	105 to
	(A)	Iron Ore		(B)	Aluı	minium		
	(C)	Gold		(D)	Cop	per		
60.	Which y	year witnessed als?	the highest al	osolute in		•	duction of min	nerals
	` /	2006		(B)	2008			
	(C)	2010		(D)	201	1		
61.	Highest	growth rate in	production is r	ecorded i	n			
		Iron ore in 200 Aluminium in		(B) (D)		d in 2011 d in 2006		
62.		al average grownext 4 years, wh						
	` '	125 million to 155 million to		(B) (D)		million tonnes		
63.		h year is the poon the highest?	*	opper pro	ducti	on in the total	mineral and	metal
	(A) (C)	2010 2009		(B) (D)	2008 2007			
64.	Which r 2010?	mineral/metal w	vitnessed the m	ninimum	growt	th rate in produ	action from 20)06 tc

(A) Aluminium (B) Coal (C) Copper (D) Gold



Direction (Qn. Nos. 65 - 69): Study the following table and answer the following questions.

Expenditures of a Company (in Lakhs Rupees) per annum over the years

		Item of	expenditure	;	
Year	Salary	Fuel & Transport	Bonus	Interest on Loans	Taxes
1998	288	98	3.00	23.4	83
1999	342	112	2.52	32.5	108
2000	324	101	3.84	41.6	74
2001	336	133	3.68	36.4	88
2002	420	142	3.96	49.4	98

65.	What is the average amount of interest per year which the company had to pay during
	this period?

- (A) Rs. 32.43 lakhs
- (B) Rs. 33.72 lakhs
- (C) Rs. 34.18 lakhs
- (D) Rs 36.66 lakhs

66.	The	total	amount	of	bonus	paid	by	the	company	during	the	given	period	is
	appr	oxima	tely what	pe	rcent of	the to	tal a	ımou	nt of salary	paid du	ıring	this pe	eriod?	

(A) 0.1%

(B) 0.5%

(C) 1%

(D) 1.25%

67.	Total expenditure on all these items in 1998 was approximately what percent of the	he
	total expenditure in 2002?	

(A) 62%

(B) 66%

(C) 69%

(D) 71%

68. The total expenditure of the company over these items during the year 2000 is?

- (A) Rs. 544.44 lakhs
- (B) Rs. 501.11 lakhs
- (C) Rs. 446.46 lakhs
- (D) Rs. 478.87 lakhs

69. The ratio between the total expenditure on Taxes for all the years and the total expenditure on Fuel and Transport for all the years respectively is approximately?

(A) 4:7

(B) 10:13

(C) 15:18

(D) 5:8



Direction (Qn. Nos. 70 – 75): Study the following table and answer the following questions.

A school has four sections A, B, C, D of Class IX students.

The results of half yearly and annual examinations are shown in the table given below.

Result	No of Students				
Result	A	В	C	D	
Students failed in both Exams	28	23	17	27	
Students failed in half-yearly but passed in Annual Exams	14	12	8	13	
Students passed in half-yearly but failed in Annual Exams	6	17	9	15	
Students passed in both Exams	64	55	46	76	

70.	If the number of students passing an examination be considered a criteria for
	comparison of difficulty level of two examinations, which of the following statements
	is true in this context?

comparison of difficulty	level of t	wo examinations	s, which of u	ie ionowing sta	uemems
is true in this context?					

(A)	Half yearly examinations were more difficult.
(B)	Annual examinations were more difficult.
(C)	Both the examinations had almost the same difficulty level.
(D)	The two examinations cannot be compared for difficulty level.

71.	How many students are there in Class IX in the school?
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

(A)	336	(B) 189
(C)	335	(D) 430

72. Which section has the maximum pass percentage in at least one of the two examinations?

(A)	A Section	(B)	B Section
(C)	C Section	(D)	D Section

73. Which section has the maximum success rate in annual examination?

(A)	A Section	(B)	B Section
(C)	C Section	(D)	D Section

74. Which section has the minimum failure rate in half yearly examination?

(A)	A section	(B)	B section
(C)	C section	(D)	D section

75. What percentage of class IX students passed in both examinations?

(A)	53%	(B)	56%
(C)	58%	(D)	60%



The total number of integer pairs (x,y) satisfying the equation x-y=xy is

76.

	(A) (C)	0 2	(B) (D)	1 5	
77.	The equ	uation $7^{x-1} + 11^{x-1} = 170$ has			
	(A) (C)	no solution two solutions	(B) (D)	one solution three solutions	
78.		125 m long passes a man, running is going, in 10 seconds. The spec		5 km/hr in the same direction in which the train is	
	(A) (C)	45 km/hr 54 km/hr	(B) (D)		
79.	elevatio	on of the top of the lighthouse i	s obs	o sides of a lighthouse. The angle of erved from the ships are 30° and 45° the distance between the two ships is:	
	(A) (C)	173 m 273 m	(B) (D)		
80.		gle of elevation of the sun, when ght of the tree, is:	the lo	ength of the shadow of a tree $\sqrt{3}$ times	
	(A) (C)	30° 60°	(B) (D)	45° 90°	
81.	at the s	imple interest rate of 14% p.a. and interest earned in 2 years be R	111%	vided in two different schemes A and B p.a. respectively. If the total amount of 08, what was the amount invested in	
	(A) (C)	Rs. 6400 Rs. 7200	(B) (D)	Rs. 6500 Rs. 7500	
82.		buys an old scooter for Rs. 4700 oter for Rs. 5800, his gain percent		pends Rs. 800 on its repairs. If he sells	
	(A) (C)	(32/7)% 10%	(B) (D)	(60/11)% 12%	
83.	In a certain store, the profit is 320% of the cost. If the cost increases by 25% but the selling price remains constant, approximately what percentage of the selling price is the profit?				
	(A) (C)	30% 100%	(B) (D)	70% 250%	



84.	A vend 20%?	or bought toffees at 6 for a rupee	. How	many for a rupee must he sell to gain
	(A)	3	(B)	4
	(C)		(D)	
85.				of them secured 9 marks more than the
	other an are:	nd his marks was 56% of the sum	of the	eir marks. The marks obtained by them
	(A)	39, 30	(B)	41, 32
	(C)	42, 33	(D)	43, 34
86.	If $A = x$	x% of y and B = $y%$ of x, then whi	ch of	the following is true?
	(B)	A is smaller than B. A is greater than B		
	` /	A=B. If x is smaller than y, then A is g	reater	than Relse Ris greater than A
	(D)	If x is smaller than y, then A is g	reater	than B, cisc B is greater than A
87.				y 2.5 kg when a new person comes in ght be the weight of the new person?
	(A)	76 kg	(B)	76.5 kg
	(C)	80 kg	(D)	85 kg
88.	_	triangle with sides 3 cm, 4 cm ar he volume of the cone so formed in		m is rotated the side of 3 cm to form a
	(A)	12π cm3	(B)	15 π cm3
	(C)		(D)	
89.	The lar	gest 4 digit number exactly divisib	ole by	88 is
	(A)	9944	(B)	9768
	(C)	9988	(D)	
90.		st number, which when divided der of 8 is	by 12	2, 15, 20 and 54 leaves in each case a
	(A)	504	(B)	536
	(C)	544	(D)	548
91.	-	ce of 10 chairs is equal to that of r is Rs. 4000. The total price of 12		les. The price of 15 chairs and 2 tables is and 3 tables is
	(A)	Rs. 3500	(B)	Rs. 3750
	(C)	Rs. 3840	(D)	Rs. 3900
	` /		` /	



92.	Running at the same constant rate, 6 identical machines can produce a total of 270 bottles per minute. At this rate, how many bottles could 10 such machines produce in 4 minutes?				
	(A) (C)	648 2700		(B) (D)	1800 10800
93.	Which	of the following statements is	not co	orrec	rt?
	` ′	$ log_{10} 10 = 1 log_{10} 1 = 0 $	\ /		$g(2+3) = \log (2 \times 3)$ $g(1+2+3) = \log 1 + \log 2 + \log 3$
94.	takes 4	<u> </u>	istanc	ce ru	ntes to cover a certain distance, while it nning downstream. What is the ratio water current respectively?
	` ′	2:1 8:3		` /	3 : 2 Cannot be determined
95.	Find th	e odd man out : 331, 482, 551	, 263,	383,	, 362, 284
	(A) (C)	263 331		(B) (D)	383 551
96.		ce are thrown simultaneously product is even?	. Wha	at is	the probability of getting two numbers
	` ′	1/2 3/8		(B) (D)	3/4 5/16
97.		B take part in 100 m race. A min by 8 seconds. The speed of		ıt 5 k	mph. A gives B a start of 8 m and still
		5.15 kmph 4.25 kmph		` /	4.14 kmph 4.4 kmph
98.	of the r				are water and 5 parts syrup. How much with water so that the mixture may be
	(A) (C)	1/3 1/5		(B) (D)	1/4 1/7
99.	and 10 A, B a	minutes respectively. When t	the tar	nk is ons F	mpty to full in 30 minutes, 20 minutes, empty, all the three pipes are opened. P,Q and R respectively. What is the tank after 3 minutes?
	(A) (C)	5/11 7/11		(B) (D)	6/11 8/11



(A) 564 (B) 645 (C) 735 (D) 756 101. In how many different ways can the letters of the word 'LEADING' be arranged in such a way that the vowels always come together? (A) 360 (B) 480 (C) 720 (D) 5040 102. An error 2% in excess is made while measuring the side of a square. The percentage of error in the calculated area of the square is (A) 2% (B) 2.02% (C) 4% (D) 4.04% 103. The angle between the minute hand and the hour hand of a clock when the time is 8.30, is (A) 80° (B) 75° (C) 60° (D) 105 104. A can do a work in 15 days and B in 20 days. If they work on it together for 4 days then the fraction of the work that is left is (A) 1/4 (B) 1/10 (C) 7/15 (D) 8/15 105. A, B and C can do a piece of work in 20, 30 and 60 days respectively. In how many days can A do the work if he is assisted by B and C on every third day? (A) 12 days (B) 15 days (C) 16 days (D) 18 days 106. Father is aged three times more than his son Ronit. After 8 years, he would be two and a half times of Ronit's age. After further 8 years, how many times would he be o Ronit's age? (A) 2 times (B) 2.5 times (C) 2.75 times (D) 3 times 107. The sum of ages of 5 children born at the intervals of 3 years each is 50 years. What is the age of the youngest child? (A) 4 years (B) 7 years (C) 10 years (D) None of the above	100.	committee so that at least 3 men are there on the committee. In how many ways can it be done?		
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the age of the youngest child? (A) 4 years (B) 7 years		* /	* /	
	107.		orn at the intervals of 3 years each is 50 years. What is	
		•	, , , -	



108.	A train can travel 50% faster than a car. Both start from point A at the same time and reach point B 75 kms away from A at the same time. On the way, however, the train lost about 12.5 minutes while stopping at the stations. The speed of the car is			
	(A) (C)	100 kmph 120 kmph	(B) (D)	•
109.	car. It t		is do	120 km is done by train and the rest by ne by train and the rest by car. The ratio
		2:3 3:4	(B) (D)	3:2 4:3
110.		ference between simple and consum of money for 2 years at 4% p	-	nd interests compounded annually on a num is Re. 1. The sum (in Rs.) is
	(A) (C)		(B) (D)	
111.	In a sh ground	-	olume	e of water that falls on 1.5 hectares of
	` ′	75 cu. m 7500 cu. m	(B) (D)	750 cu. m 75000 cu. m
112.		itions of its digits is 36. What is		d the number obtained by interchanging ifference between the two digits of that
	(A) (C)		(B) (D)	4 Cannot be determined
113.	-	oduct of two numbers is 120 and the numbers is	he sui	m of their squares is 289. The difference
	(A) (C)		(B) (D)	
114.	The rat	ional number for recurring decima	al 0.12	25125 is
	(A) (C)	1.25/9 125/999	(B) (D)	12.5/99 None of the above
115.		mp, there is a meal for 120 men o ow many men will be catered to v		children. If 150 children have taken the emaining meal?
	(A) (C)	20 40	(B) (D)	30 50



116.	If log($\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) + \log\left(\frac{b}{a}\right) = \log(a+b)$, then		
		a+b=1 $a=b$	(B) (D)	$a-b=1$ $a^2-b^2=1$
117.		keeper expects a gain of 22.5% o, what was his profit?	n his	cost price. If in a week, his sale was of
	` ′	Rs. 18.20 Rs. 72	` /	Rs. 70 Rs. 88.25
118.	_	oup of 6 boys and 4 girls, four at ways can they be selected such		dren are to be selected. In how many least one boy should be there?
	(A) (C)	159 205	(B) (D)	194 209
119.		any 3-digit numbers can be form sible by 5 and none of the digits is		om the digits 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 and 9, which ated?
	(A) (C)		(B) (D)	
120.	agreed Rs. 10,	that A would invest Rs. 6500 for 000 for 3 months. A wants to be 5% of the profits. The profit earn	6 mc	mselves in a business venture. It was onths, B, Rs. 8400 for 5 months and C, working member for which, he was to as Rs. 7400. Calculate the share of B in
	` ′	Rs. 1900 Rs. 2800	(B) (D)	Rs. 2660 Rs. 2840
121.	What is	the version number of the latest A	Andro	id "Nougat"?
	(A) (C)	5.0 7.0	(B) (D)	6.0 8.0
122.	How m	•	SLV-(C37, making a record for India in space
	(A) (C)	101 103	(B) (D)	102 104
123.	Which	of these is not an OS regarding IC	Т?	
	(A) (C)	Zephyr Brillo	(B) (D)	RIOT Windows vista



124.	Which	company is responsible	for introdu	icing	g self-driving bicycle?	
	(A) (C)	Yahoo Google		(B) (D)		
125.	Which	product is not develope	d by Apple	Corp	rporation?	
	(A) (C)	iMac IMAX		(B) (D)		
126.	How m	any computer language	s are in use	?		
	(A) (C)	5000 50		(B) (D)		
127.		technology enables ineously?	the analy	ysis	of data from multiple database	S
	(A) (C)	CDMA HDMI		(B) (D)		
128.	What is	s name of the latest rele	ased versio	n of 1	mac OS?	
	(A) (C)	Sierra El Capitan		(B) (D)		
129.	Which	of the following is not	a VR heads	et?		
	(A) (C)	Oculus Rift HTC Vive		(B) (D)	•	
130.	Out of	the following, which is	the phone l	by go	oogle?	
	(A) (C)	Pixel Gionee		(B) (D)) LYF) Spice	
131.	What is	s Apache Hadoop used	for?			
	(A) (C)	Gaming Software Testing		(B) (D)		
132.	Which	of the following is used	l to connect	t all c	computer systems within a building?	
	(A) (C)	Internet Intranet		(B) (D)		



133.	What is	s full form of Li-Fi?		
	` ′	Linear-Fidelity Light-Fidelity	` /	Little-Fidelity Line-Fidelity
134.	Which	of the following companies is asse	ociate	d with the concept of electric cars?
	` ′	Maruti Hyundai	(B) (D)	Tesla Nissan
135.	What is	s the name of Personal assistant de	evelop	ed by Microsoft?
	(A) (C)	Alex Cortana	(B) (D)	Mike Mary
136.	'High p	performance delivered' is the punc	h line	of which company?
		Crompton Greaves CEAT	` /	MRF Accenture
137.	What p	roducts does Pepperfry.com sell o	nline)
	(A) (C)	Furniture Food discovery	(B) (D)	Movie tickets Grocery
138.	Which	brand sued makers of Jolly LLB 2	for p	rojecting their brand in poor light?
	` ′	Zandu Balm Coca Cola	(B) (D)	Bata Hero motorcycle
139.		w US Secretary of State in the True CEO of the Fortune 500 compa	-	dministration is REX W. TILLERSON med
	(A) (C)	Shell Bank of America	(B) (D)	Cardinal Healthcare Exxon Mobil
140.	•	the branding expert who is cred brande". He passed away recently.		vith the tagline "Sunday hoya Monday
	(A) (C)	Prasoon Joshi Anand Halve	(B) (D)	R Balakrishnan AlyquePadamsee
141.		the current chairperson of India ., which owns the Times of India	-	gest media group, Bennett Coleman &
	(A) (C)	SulajjaFirodiaMotwani Rekha Menon	(B) (D)	Indu Jain Ekta Kapoor



142.				order, immigration from 7 countries to ountries did Late Steve Job's father hail
	(A) (C)	Jordan Syria	(B) (D)	Libya Iran
143.	Which	company is the name 'Travis Kala	nick'	associated with?
	` ′	Ola cabs Oyo	(B) (D)	Uber Paytm
144.	This ico	onic brand has been sold to French	com	pany Peugeot SA in 2017. Which brand
	(A) (C)	Ambassador Contessa	(B) (D)	Mini Beetle
145.	Which origin?	of the following American comp	anies	is NOT headed by a person of Indian
	` ′	Microsoft Adobe	(B) (D)	MasterCard Yahoo
146.	India's	GDP growth rate is around		
	(A) (C)	4% 9%	(B) (D)	5% 7%
147.	India's	most valuable company in 2016 b	ased (on market capitalization is
	(A) (C)	Infosys TCS	(B) (D)	HDFC Bank Reliance Industries
148.	Which	of the following companies DO N	OT ha	ave a presence in babycare business?
	(A) (C)	HUL Jyothi Laboratories	(B) (D)	Himalaya Dabur
149.	The con	mpany famous for popularising the	e trend	d of aerial ads using blimps
	(A) (C)	Michellin Anheuser –Busch	(B) (D)	Goodyear Google
150.	Which	company is Project Loon associate	ed wit	h?
	(A) (C)	Cartoon Network CNN	(B) (D)	Google BBC



