Series HFG1E/4

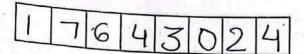


A GOOD CONTRACTOR CONT

SET-3 प्रश्न-पत्र कोड 58/4/3

रोल नं. Roll No.

(B)(B)(B)(B)(B)



परीक्षार्थी प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवश्य लिखें।

Q.P. Code

Candidates must write the Q.P. Code on the title page of the answer-book.

अर्थशास्त्र **ECONOMICS**

निर्धारित समय: 3 घण्टे

Time allowed: 3 hours

अधिकतम अंक : 80

Maximum Marks: 80

कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 27 हैं।

- प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए प्रश्न-पत्र कोड़ को परीक्षार्थी उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें।
- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 34 प्रश्न हैं।
- कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, उत्तर-पुस्तिका में प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें।
- इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है । प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वाह्न में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा । 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक छात्र केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे।
 - Please check that this question paper contains 27 printed pages.
 - Q.P. Code given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
 - Please check that this question paper contains 34 questions.
 - Please write down the serial number of the question in the answer-book before attempting it.
 - 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

P.T.O.

General	Instructions .

Read the following instructions carefully and strictly follow them:

- (i) This question paper contains 34 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) This question paper contains two Sections:

 $oldsymbol{Section}$ A – Macro Economics

Section B - Indian Economic Development

- (iii) This paper contains 20 Multiple Choice Questions Type questions of 1 mark each.
- (iv) This paper contains 4 Short Answer Questions Type-I questions of 3 marks each to be answered in 60 to 80 words.
- (v) This paper contains 6 Short Answer Questions Type-II questions of 4 marks each to be answered in 80 to 100 words.
- (vi) This paper contains 4 Long Answer Questions Type questions of 6 marks each to be answered in 100 to 150 words.
- (vii) Attempt all parts of a question together.

SECTION A

Macro Economics

1.	trans	ndian company receives a loan from a company located abroad. This saction would be recorded on the side of unt in India's Balance of Payment.
		(Choose the correct alternative to fill up the blanks)
30 11 12	(a)	Credit, Current
	(b)	Debit, Current
	(c)	Credit, Capital
	(d)	Debit, Capital

۵.	Statements carefully:	
	Investment is defined as addition to the physical capital	
	Statement 2: At equilibrium level of income, ex-post investments and	
į.	ex-post savings are always equal.	
	In light of the given statements, choose the correct alternative from the following:	1
	(a) Statement 1 is true and Statement 2 is false.	
	(b) Statement 1 is false and Statement 2 is true.	
	(c) Both Statements 1 and 2 are true.	
	(d) Both Statements 1 and 2 are false.	
3.	The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) government securities in a	
	bid to the stock of money in the economy.	
•	(Choose the correct alternative to fill up the blanks)	1
1534	(a) sells, decrease	
	(b) purchases, decrease	
	(c) sells, increase	ΡŢ
	(d) purchases, not change	
4.	Read the following statements: Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the correct alternative given below.	1
DA KI	Assertion (A): Rich people have lower Marginal Propensity to Consume	
*	(MPC) as compared to poor people.	
100	Reason (R): Consumption curve makes an intercept on the y-axis at a point above the origin.	
5	Alternatives:	h
	(a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).	
2	(b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).	
	(c) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.	e N
	(d) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.	
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- 5. Read the following statements: Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the correct alternative given below.
 - Assertion (A): Excess demand does not lead to any increase in the level of real output.
 - Reason (R): Excess demand creates a gap between actual demand and desired demand corresponding to full employment level.

Alternatives:

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).
- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is **not** the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.
- 6. Read the following statements carefully:
 - Statement 1: Balance of Payment account is always balanced in accounting sense.
 - Statement 2: Autonomous transactions, restore balance in Balance of Payment account.

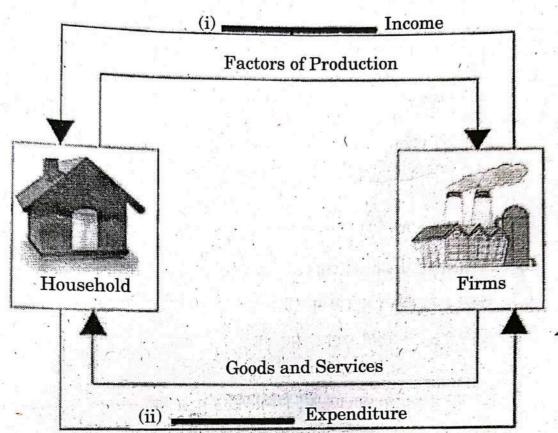
In light of the given statements, choose the correct alternative from the following:

- (a) Statement 1 is true and Statement 2 is false.
- (b) Statement 1 is false and Statement 2 is true.
- (c) Both Statements 1 and 2 are true.
- (d) Both Statements 1 and 2 are false.



P.T.O.

7. (A) Choose the correct alternative to fill in the blanks (i) and (ii) in the figure.



Alternatives:

- (a) National, Production
- (b) Factor, Production
- (c) Factor, Consumption
- (d) National, Consumption

OF

(B) Operating Surplus does not include ___

(Choose the correct alternative to fill up the blank)

(a) Interest

(b) Rent

(c) Profit

(d) | Compensation of employees

8. Demand Deposits include _____.
(Choose the correct alternative to fill up the blank)

Currency and coins held with the public

- (a) Currency and coms ned with the Government
 (b) Other deposits with the Government
- (c) Savings Account Deposits and Fixed Deposits
- (d) Current Account Deposits and Fixed Deposits



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9.	(A)	If t	he Margii	nal Proper	nsity to S	Save ((MPS) is	0·5, wh	at will be t	he 1
		(a)	1	stment mu	ıltiplier?	((Choose th	ie correc	t alternativ	e) 1
		(c)	1.6			(b)	2			
	7			07		(d)	1.45			
	(B)	An	inoros	OR						
	I Pro	inve	stments i	in Nation ncreased uld be	nal Incom by ₹ 1,2	me o 00 cr	ore. The	y ₹ 3,0 value	000 crore, of investme	as nt
					he correc	t alte	rnative	to fill up	the blank)	1
		(a)	2			(b)		, vii		
		(c)	4			(d)	5			
10.	(A)	Rea	d the follo	wing stat	ements c	arefu	llv ·			
		Stat	ement 1 :	Depreci rise in e	ation of	dome	estic cur	rency n	nay lead to	a
		Stat	ement 2 :	Due to	the depr	eciati pov	on of In ver of	dian Na US Dol	ational Rupe lar (\$) ma	ee ay
		In 1 from	ight of tl the follo	ne given wing:	statemen	its, cl	hoose th	e corre	t alternativ	ve 1
		(a)	Statem	ent 1 is tr	ue and S	taten	ent 2 is	false.		
		(b)	Statem	ent 1 is fa	lse and S	Stater	nent 2 is	true.		
		(c) ·	Both St	tatements	1 and 2	are tr	ue.			
	1 1 7 7	(d)	Both St	atements	1 and 2 a	are fa	lse.			
	1	28	OR							19 18-3
	(B)			ch one of yment (Bo		lowin	ig is ar	intang	gible item	in <i>1</i>
		(a)	Export	of food gra	ains					
		(b)	Imports	of crude	oil					
	a 10	(c)	Export	of Informa	ation Tec	hnolo	gy (IT) s	ervices	to U.S.A.	
		(d)	HUSENS TO	of coal by						
11.	in a p	ose the partice 100 c	e Gross I ılar year crore. The icome wa	omestic I was ₹ 1,	Product (500 crore Net India	GDP) e. Net	at marl t Factor axes wa	ket price Income s ₹ 180	of a count from Abroa crore and the depreciation	ad ne
£		- econ	11 HO H		$\langle 11 \rangle$	>			W	
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12.	(a)	"The central bank needs to intervene under the managed floating system."
		Do you agree with the given statement? Support your answer with valid reasons.
	(b)	OR Differentiate between Surplus in Balance of Trade and Current Account Surplus.
13.	Calc	an economy, an increase in investment leads to doubling of the onal income." culate the Marginal Propensity to Consume (MPC) for the given aomy.
14.	Read	d the following text carefully:
	"Afte	er setting up a working group to study the possibility of a Central k Digital Currency (CBDC) in India in 2020, the RBI revealed a ept note on digital rupee (e-Rupee) on 7 th October, 2022."
	"The	e e-Rupee will provide an additional option to the currency available as of money. It is substantially not different from bank notes, but g digital it is likely to be easier, faster and cheaper."
	RBI cent	said that it broadly defines CBDC as the legal tender issued by a ral bank in a digital form. It is akin to paper currency in a different
		the basis of the above text and common understanding, answer the wing questions:
le d	(a)	Identify and discuss the function of central bank indicated in the above text.
3.40	(b)	State any two advantages of digital rupee. 3+1=4
15.		uss briefly, how the government can control the situation of deflation
		g the following:
	(a)	Taxation Policy
	(b)	Government Expenditure Policy
16.	Stat	e the meaning of:
	(a)	Problem of Double Counting
	(b)	Operating Surplus
	(c)	Compensation of Employees
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17.	(a)	(i) "Government provides essential items like food grains almost free to the families below poverty line."	ja,
	4.2.	Identify and explain the objective of the government budget indicated.	1
		(ii) Define the following:	?
		(1) Revenue deficit	
		(2) Primary deficit	
		OR	
	(b)	reasons:	6
	de.	(i) High tax on higher income groups aims to achieve the 'reallocation of resources' objective of the Government.	
		(ii) Borrowings are a revenue receipt of the government.	
		(iii) Fiscal deficit always leads to inflation.	9
		SECTION B	
		Indian Economic Development	
10	Undo	r the British Rule, commercialisation of agriculture resulted in	
18.	chiftin	or of agricultural production from crops tocrops.	
	SHITCH	(Choose the correct alternative to fill up the blanks)	1
	(a)	Cash, Food (b) Cotton, Jute	
	(c)	Food, Cash (d) Jute, Food	
19.	(0)	markets were organised to protect the farmers from	
10.	malpr	enctions in mandis.	
	шагра	(Choose the correct alternative to fill up the blank)	1
	(a)	Regulated (b) Periodic	56
	(c)	Daily (d) Weekly	
20.		Comping Canacity implies that	1
	(A)	(i) Resource extraction should remain below the rate of regeneration.	
Ty.		and a systemation should remain above the rate of	
		regeneration.	
		(iii) Generation of waste should remain within the absorption	
		(iv) Generation of waste should be more than the absorption capacity of the environment. (Choose the correct alternative)	
	~	Alternatives:	
		(a) (i) and (iv) (b) (i) and (iii)	
		(a) (i) and (iv) (d) (ii) and (iv)	
		OR	
8/4/	2).

	(B)		system restores, maint	tains and enhances the e	cological
		balar	nce. (Choose the correct altern	native to fill up the blank)	1
		(a)	Chemical farming	(b) Organic farmin	
		(c)	Conventional farming	(d) Multi-layered	farming
21.	(A)	Iden goal	atify, which of the following s s of economic planning in Ind	alternative is not associa lia.	ated with
		(a)	Ensuring equitable standar	d of living	
		(b)	Technological advancement		
		(c)	Increase in economic growtl		
	gw' =	(d)	Promoting imports of luxur		
			OR		
	(B)	In 1	951, agricultural contribution. (Choose the correct	on to India's National In alternative to fill up the	ncome was
		(a)	Highest among the three se	ectors	blank) 1
		(b)	Lowest among the three se	ctors	
		(c)	Lower than the industrial	sector	
		(d)	Lower than the service sec	tor	
22.	(A)	Eco and	nomic reforms were introd in the year in Pak	uced in the year	in India
	Y. N.			rect alternative to fill up	the blanks) 1
	44.	(a)	1978, 1988	(b) 1988, 1978	the blanks)
		(c)	. 1978, 1991	(d) 1991, 1988	2 10 1
2			OR		
	(B)	Pak	istan is ahead of India in th	ue case of	
12.			(Choose the con	rect alternative to fill up	the blank) 1
	7.4	(a)	HDI value		
	0. s 5	(p)	Per capita income		
		(c)	Access to sanitation facili	ties	10.1
	35 E	(d)			
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23.	Arrange the following events of China in chronological order and choose the correct alternative:	1
	(i) Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution	9
	(ii) Great Leap Forward Campaign	j 17.
	(iii) Introduction of Economic Reforms	
	(iv) First Five Year Plan	
	Alternatives:	
	(a) (ii), (iv), (iii), (i) (b) (iv), (ii), (i), (iii)	
	(c) (ii), (iv), (i), (iii) (d) (iv), (i), (ii), (iii)	
4.	Read the following statements carefully:	
	Statement 1: Economic growth means the increase in real national income of a country.	
	Statement 2: Human capital formation and Human development are one and the same concepts.	e X
	In light of the given statements, choose the correct alternative from the following:	1
	(a) Statement 1 is true and Statement 2 is false.	. 8 -,
	(b) Statement 1 is false and Statement 2 is true.	
	(c) Both Statements 1 and 2 are true.	
	(d) Both Statements 1 and 2 are false.	
5.	Read the following statements carefully:	
	Statement 1: 'Liberty indicators' measure the extent of constitutional protection given to the citizens.	
	Statement 2: India provides fair constitutional protection to its citizens.	4
	In light of the given statements, choose the correct alternative from the following:	1
	(a) Statement 1 is true and Statement 2 is false.	18.

(b)

(c)

(d)

Statement 1 is false and Statement 2 is true.

Both Statements 1 and 2 are true.

Both Statements 1 and 2 are false.

- 26. Read the following statements: Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the correct alternative given below.
 - Assertion (A): China adopted the 'Open Door Policy' as a major economic reform initiative.
 - Reason (R): It aimed at industrialising the country on a massive scale.

Alternatives:

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).
- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is **not** the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.
- 27. Read the following statements: Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the correct alternative given below.

Assertion (A): The nature of unemployment problem in India is multi-faceted.

Reason (R): Worker-Population ratio is an indicator used for analysing the employment situation in a country.

Alternatives:

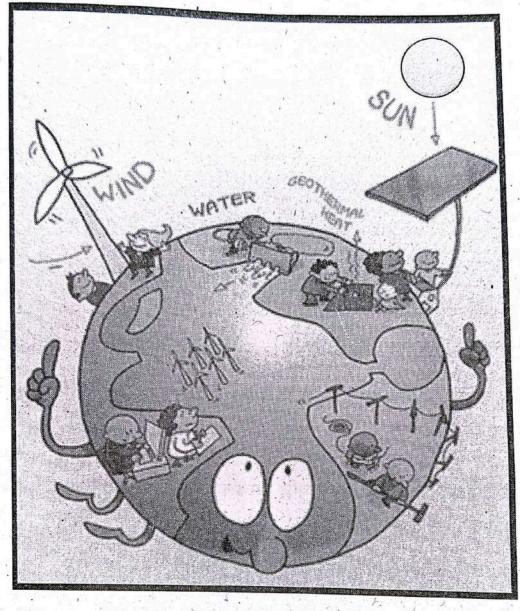
- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).
- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is **not** the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.

1



28. Interpret the given picture with reference to current environmental challenges.





Note: The following question is for the Visually Impaired Candidates only, in lieu of Q. No. 28:

Discuss any one current environmental challenge.

3

29. (a) Discuss any two problems being faced in the process of rural banking in India.

3

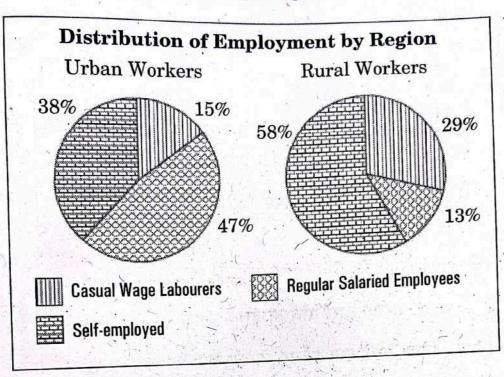
OR

Analyse and compare the nature of the workforce distribution in (b) India as depicted in the diagram given below:

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- "Human Capital benefits only the owner and not the society." Defend or 30. refute the given statement.
- From the data given below, compare and contrast India's and China's sectoral contribution towards GVA/GDP. 31.

Sectoral Contribution to GVA/GDP (in %) (2018 - 19)

Sector	India	China
griculture	16	7
	30	41
Industry	54	52
Services Total	100	100

Discuss any two liberalisation measures pertaining to the financial sector, introduced by the Government of India during the economic 32. reform process of 1991.

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- 33. (a) (i) Explain the need and types of land reforms implemented in the agriculture sector.
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(ii) Why was public sector given a leading role in industrial development during the planning period? Explain.

OR

- (b) (i) Explain the reasons why the industrial sector has performed poorly in the reform period.
 - (ii) Distinguish between the Bilateral and Multilateral trade. 2
- 34. Read the following text carefully:

Adoption of Village by Parliamentarians

In October, 2014, the Government of India introduced a new scheme called Saansad Adarsh Gram Yojana (SAGY). Under this scheme, Members of India's Parliament need to identify and develop one village from their constituencies. To begin with, MPs can develop one village as a model village by 2016, and two more by 2019, covering over 2,500 villages in India. According to the scheme, the village can have a population of 3,000-5,000 in the plains and 1,000-3,000 in the hills and should not be the MP's own or their spouse's village. MPs are expected to facilitate a village development plan, motivate villagers to take up activities and build infrastructure in the areas of health, nutrition and education.

On the basis of the given text and common understanding, answer the following questions:

- (a) State and discuss, any two objectives which the Government of India wanted to achieve through 'Saansad Adarsh Gram Yojana (SAGY)'.
- (b) State the yardsticks for selecting villages under the SAGY Scheme.

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