000	977	25
000	14.	76

- Casualization of workforce would result in: (1) Decrease in the vulnerability of the workforce.
 - (2) Increase in the vulnerability of the workforce.
 - (3) Increase in the number of regular workers.
 - Income and employment stablility.
- Choose the correct chronological sequence in ascending order (earliest to latest): 2.
 - (A) Establishment of NABARD
 - (B) FRBMA (Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management Act)
 - (C) Third Five Year Plan
 - (D) Nationalization of RBI
 - (1) (A), (B), (C), (D)
 - (3) (D), (A), (B), (C)

- (2) (A), (C), (B), (D)
- (4) (D), (C), (A), (B)
- **(B)**
- Under flexible exchange rate, when the price of domestic currency in terms of foreign currency in terms of the currency in terms 3. is called
 - (1) Depreciation of domestic currency
 - (2) Appreciation of domestic currency (3) Devaluation of domestic currency
 - Revaluation of domestic currency

Match List-I with List-II: 4.

List-I	List-II
(A) Pegged exchange rate system	(I) Setting up of IMF and World Bank
(B) Managed floating	(II) Fixed exchange rate system
(C) Bretton Woods Conference	(III) Dirty floating
(D) Third element in BOP	(IV) Error and Omission Account

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A) (II), (B) (I), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- (A) (II), (B) (III), (C) (I), (D) (IV)
- (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (III)
- (4) (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)

3	na	E/C	
O	UЭ	E/C	

(3)

5.	implies that resource ex	traction not above the rate of regeneration of resources and the				
	wastes generated are within the assimi	lating concity of the environment.				
	(1) Absorptive capacity	(2) Carrying capacity				
	(3) Subsistence capacity	(4) Exhaustive capacity				
6.	Government of India enacted the Righ	at to Editation Act in 2009 to make free education a Fundamental				
	Right of all children in the age group of	years.				
	(1) 4 – 10	(2) 6 – 12				
	(3) 6-14	(4) 8 – 15				
7.	Following are the sources of electricity	generation in India. Arrange them in correct sequence on the basis				
	of total power generation capacity (high	of total power generation capacity (higher to lower):				
	(A) Nuclear	(a)				
	(B) Thermal					
	(C) New and renewable energy	(a)				
	(D) Hydro	€				
	Choose the correct answer from the options given below:					
	(1) (A), (B), (C), (D)	(2) (A), (C), (B), (D)				
	(3) (B), (C), (D), (A)	(4) (B), (D), (C), (A)				
8.	Arrange the following items in correct sec	quence:				
	(A) Competition Act					
	(B) FEMA					
	(C) FERA	(e)				
	(D) MRTP					
	Choose the correct answer from the options given below:					
	(1) (A), (B), (C), (D)	(2) (A), (C), (B) (D)				
	(3) (D), (C), (B), (A)	(4) (C), (B), (D), (A)				
	The Great Leap Forward (GLF) campaign	was initiated in				
	(1) 1948	(2) 1938				
	(3) 1958	(4) 1942				



Match List-I with List-II:

List-I	List-IB
(A) Great Leap Forward	(I) Protecting the future generation
(B) Mao Zedong	(II) Aimed at industralising the country on a massive scale
(C) Brundtland Commission	(III) Introduced the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution
(D) Our Common Future	(IV) Semine Report that explained sustainable development as
	meeting the basic needs of all for a better life

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- (2) (A) (II), (B) (III), (C) (I), (D) (IV)
- (3) (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (III)
- (4) (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)

11.	Second phase of Green Revolution is termed from:
	(1) mid 1960s to mid 1970s

- (2) mid 1970s to mid 1980s
- (3) mid 1950s to mid 1960s
- (4) mid 1980s to mid 1990s





- During 1980s, the growth rate in Pakistan improved account of which of the following reasons? 12.
 - (1) Institutionalised process of technical change
 - (2) A good harvest
 - (3) Sustainable export of manufactured goods
 - (4) High amount of foreign direct investment inflow
 - When there is unexpected rise in the sales 13. (1) Aggregate demand would decline.
 - (2) There will be unplanned accumulation of inventories.
 - There will be unplanned decumulation of inventories.
 - (4) Normal profit would be lower.

(c)11

During festive season, the currency deposit ratio 14.

(1) decreases

increases

(3) has no impact on it

(4) first decreases then increases



- European Monetary Union was created in 15.
 - 1996 (1)

(2) 1994

1999 (3)

- (4) 2002
- Identify the correct statement in the context of circular Flow of Income in a two sector economy: 16.

 - Household invests while firm saves. Firms produce goods and services.
 - Household supplies factor services to Government.
- Identify the correct set of statements.
 - (A) Ex Ante Saving represents what is actually planned to save.
 - (B) Ex Post Saving represents what is actually planned to save.
 - (C) Ex Post Saving depicts what has actually happened.
 - (D) Ex Ante Post Saving represents what is actually saved.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(1) (A) and (D) only

(2) (A) and (C) only

(3) (B) and (D) only

(4) (C) and (D) only

Match List-I with List-II:

	List-I (Elements)		List-II (Features)
(A)	Annual Financial Statement	(I)	Create liabilities or reduce financial assets
(B)	Capital Receipts	(II)	Trade surplus
	Capital Payment	(III)	Main budget document
(D)	Export > Import	(IVA)	Create financial assets or reduce liabilities

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- (2) (A) (III), (B) (I), (C) (IV), (D) (II)
- (3) (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (III)
- (4) (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)

309 E/C (6)

Read the following passage and answer the next five questions:

In our quest to increase agricultural production during the set five decades or so, we almost totally neglected the In our quest to increase agricultural production dating use of compost and completely switched over to chemical ertilizers. The result is that large tracts of productive use of compost and completely switched over to chemical ertilizers. The result is that large tracts of productive use of compost and completely switched over to encluding ground water system have suffered due to chemical land have been adversely affected, water bodies including ground water system have suffered due to chemical land have been adversely attected, water bottles to chemical contamination and demand for irrigation has been going up year after year. Farmers, in large numbers all over the country, have again started using compost made from organic wastes of different types. In certain parts of country, have again started using compositions and parts of the country, cattle are maintained only because they produce dung which is an important fertilizer and soil

Earthworms can convert organic matter into compost faster than the normal composting process. This process is now being widely used. Indirectly, the civic authorities are benefitted too as they have to dispose reduced

19,	Hov	v is civic authority and
	(1)	v is civic authority getting benefitted due to biocomposting?
	(2)	They have to dispose increased quantity of was the

- (2) They don't have to dispose any waste.
- (3) Because civic authority has no role in waste magagement.
- They have to dispose reduced quantity of waste.
- Choose the correct statement concerned with the passage : 20.
 - (1) Earthworm takes equal time to convert organic matter into compost with respect to normal
 - (2) Earthworm takes more time to convert organic matter into compost with respect to normal composting
 - (3) Earthworm takes less time to convert organic matter into compost with respect to normal composing
 - (4) Comparison between earthworm based composing and normal composting cannot be made.
- Water bodies including ground water system have suffered due to : 21.

 - (2) Chemical contamination and increased demand or irrigation

 - Increased fertility of land

- In certain parts of the country, cattle are maintained only because they 22.

 - (2) Produce dung which is an important fertilizer and soil conditioner
 - (4) Are a symbol of traditional ethics and values
- What should be the suitable title for the above passage? 23. (1) Biocomposting
 - (2) Biopest Control (3) Traditional Knowledge and Practice
 - (6) (4) Uses of Chemical Fertilizers

Read the following passage and answer the next five questions.

India had an independent economy before the advent of the British rule. Though agriculture was the main source of livelihood for most people, yet, the country's economy was characterised by various kinds of manufacturing activities. India was particularly well known for its handicraft industries in the fields of cotton and silk textiles, metal and precious stone works etc. These products enjoyed a worldwide market based on the reputation of the fine quality of material used and the high standards of craftsmanship seen in all imports from India. The economic policies pursued by the colonial government in India were concerned more with the protection and promotion of the economic interests of their home country than with the development of the Indian economy. Such policies brought about a fundamental change in the structure of the Indian economy — transforming the country into a supplier of raw materials and consumer of finished industrial products from Britain. Obviously, the colonial government never made any sincere attempt to estimate India's national and per capita income. Some individual attempts which were made to measure such incomes yielded conflicting and inconsistent results. Among the notable estimators — Dadabhai Naoroji, William Digby, Findlay Shirras, V.K.R.V. Rao and R.C. Desai it was Rao, whose estimates during the colonial period were considered very significant. However, most studies did find that the country's growth of aggregate real output during the first half of the twentieth century Was less than two per cent coupled with a meagre half per cent growth in per capita output per year.

- Before the British rule, India was well known which manufacturing industries' products?
 - (1) Cotton and Silk or Khadi textiles
 - (2) Cotton and Engineering products
 - (3) Cotton and Silk textiles, metal and precions stones, etc
 - (4) Engineering goods and precious metals

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

(8)

69

(8)	
at kind of interests was the colonial government concerned with in the economic poustries?	licy for in
To promote the handicraft industries of India	111(
Promote and protect small scale industries of India	
Protect and promote the economic interests of India	
Provide protection and promotion of the economic interests of their home con-	ountry
the economists who estimated India's National In-	
Dadabhai Naoroji, William Digby, Bernier, V.K.R.V. Page 178	
John Middle DigDV Hindley, Cl.	
Dadabhai Naoroji, Jagdish Bhagwati, V.K.R.V. Rao and R.C. Desai	
Dadabhai Naoroji, Findlay Shrirras and VKRV P	
The country's growth of aggregate real output was less than two percent coupled with and a half percent growth in per capita output per year. The country's growth of aggregate real output was less than two percent coupled with meagre half percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half pertent growth of aggregate real output per year. The country's growth of aggregate real output was less than two and a half pertent percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half pertent percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half pertent percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half pertent percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half pertent percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half pertent percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half pertent percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half pertent percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half pertent percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half pertent percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half pertent percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half pertent percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half pertent percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half pertent percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half percent growth percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half percent growth percent growth percent growth in per capita output was less than two and a half percent growth percent growt	th a meagre th a meagre
(1) Indian production of the following state	,
(2) Indian products were of inferior quality and cheap in the worldwide market markets also.	s' products?
of craftsmanship.	
(4) Indian products' raw material for primary goods was imported from the other country.	he high stand
- uic Other countr	ics and it
SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK	
	at kind of interests was the colonial government concerned with in the economic positives? To promote the handicraft industries of India Promote and protect small scale industries of India Promote and protect small scale industries of Indian industry along with their home country Provide protection and promotion of the economic interests of their home country Provide protection and promotion of the economic interests of their home country Provide protection and promotion of the economic interests of their home country Provide protection and promotion of the economic interests of their home country Provide protection and promotion of the economic interests of their home country Dadabhai Naoroji, William Digby, Bernier, V.K.R.V. Rao and R.C. Desai Dadabhai Naoroji, William Digby, Findlay Shirras, V.K.R.V. Rao and R.C. Desai Dadabhai Naoroji, Jagdish Bhagwati, V.K.R.V. Rao and R.C. Desai Dadabhai Naoroji, Findlay Shrirras and V.K.R.V. Rao What was the country's growth of aggregate real output during the first half of the 20 th Country percent growth in per capita output per year. The country's growth of aggregate real output was less than two percent coupled in the country's growth of aggregate real output was less than two and a half pertent growth in per capita output per year. The country's growth of aggregate real output was less than two percent coupled in meagre half percent growth in per capita output per year. According to the passage, which of the following statement was true about Indian industries and percent growth in per capita output per year. According to the passage, which of the following statement was true about Indian industries. Country's growth of inferior quality and cheap in the worldwide market. Country in percent growth in percent government and competed with the colonial government and competed with of craftsmanship.

collegedunia

	(9)				
(9) is a market where economic agents can freely exchange their endowments with each other.					
eket where economic agent					
is a market					
anomy	anomy				
(1) Market economy (2) Centrally planned economy (3) Aggregate demand based econom (4) Aggregate supply based econom	my 📵				
	y 🕲 .				
(3) Aggregate supply based co	ents 200 aumption of one additional unit				
(2) Centrally P (3) Aggregate demand based econom (4) Aggregate supply based econom (4) Aggregate supply based econom	atements? e in Total Utility due to consumption of one additional unit e in Total Utility due to consumption of one additional unit ect each other.				
which of the following is the change	e in Total				
30. Willow Utility 18 day	dhor anetant.				
commodity.	ect each other.				
(A) Marginal Courses intersection (B) Two Indifference Curves intersection becomes Zero	at a level when Total Utility remains constant. Substitution does not affect Indifference Curve.				
(C) Marginal Utility becomes 2	Substitution does not describe a sight				
i achille Itali	-446 110111 -				
(D) Diminishing (E) Indifference Curve slopes down Choose the correct answer from the Court of	ontions given below:				
Choose the correct answer from the					
(A) (B) and (E) only	(3)				
(1) (A), (C) and (E) only	a				
(2) (A), (C) and (D) only	a				
(3) (A), (D) and (E) only	€9				
(4) (B), (D) and (E) only					
11	<u> </u>				
31. Match List-I with List-II:	List-II				
List-I	(Implication)				
(Characteristic)	(Implication) (I) Plans of all the consumers and firms in the market I can increase in income				
(A) Equilibrium	and decreases WIIII all III				
(B) Excess supply	1 is greater than market uch				
(C) Inferior good	(III) Supply is greater (IV) Imposition of upper limit by government				
(D) Price ceiling	(IV) Imposition of upper interest				
Choose the correct answer from the options given below:					
(1) (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)					
(V) (V) (V) (V) (V) (V)					
(3) (A) (7) (7) (7) (M)					
(1) (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I)					
TAGE FOR BOUGH WORK					

309 F	(10)
32.	When Elasticity of Demand Curve is 1 at every point on the Demand Curve, this curve is known as: (1) Perfectly inelastic demand curve (2) Perfectly elastic demand curve (3) Rectangular Hyperbola (4) Greater than unitary demand curve According to the Theory of Consumer Behaviour, Inequality p ₁ x ₁ + p ₂ x ₂ ≤ M is called the Consumer
34.	(1) Budget (3) Budget Constraint (4) Budget Set (A) Adam Smith is termed as Forty and Shirt Shir
35.	(C) Four Sector Model = C + I + G + (X - M) (3) (D) Store of value is primary function of money (Choose the correct answer from the options given below: (1) (A), (B) and (D) only (3) (A), (B), (C) and (D)

- eneral theory of Employment, Interest and Money by Keynes. o latest):
 - (B) Mahalanobis was made a fellow of Britain's Royal Society.

 - (C) An Inquiry into the Nature and Cause of the Wealth of Nations by Adam Smith. (D) The Economic Consequences of the Peace by Keynes.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(1) (C), (D), (A), (B)

- (2) (A), (B), (C), (D)

(3) (A), (C), (B), (D)

- (4) (D), (A), (C), (B)
- If there is no government and no foreign trade, then: 36.
 - (1) G = T = M = X > 1

- (2) G = T = M = X = 1

(3) G = T = M = X = 0

(4) G = T = M = X < 1

309	The value of Nominal GDP is \$ 1100 and the value (1) 0.9	of R	Ceal GDP is \$ 1000
37.	The value	(2)	1.1 Find the val.
<i>J</i> .	(1) 0.9	(4)	0.8
	(3) 1	(A)	"Vilalor.
	Identify the correct statements:	@	
38.	(A) Stocks are defined over a period of time.	0	
	plans are defined over a period of time.	49	
	defined at a particular point of time	\triangleleft	
	cooks are defined at a particular point of time	(-3)	
	out at factor costs + Indirect Taxes - Subside	-	GVA at made
		•	
	Choose the correct answer from the options given b	elow	
	(1) (A), (C) and (E) only	(2)	(B), (C) and (D) only
	(3) (B), (D) and (E) only	(4)	(C), (D) and (E) only
).	If the supply of final goods is assumed to be infinit	el <u>x</u> ,e	lastic at constant price over a short period of time
	Aggregate output is determined solely by the val		
	Principle.	(3)	
	(1) Aggregate supply	(2)	Aggregate demand
	(3) Effective demand	(4)	Perfectly inelastic demand
0.	Nominal Interest Rate =		
	(l) Real Interest Rate × Inflation Rate	1	
	(2) Real Interest Rate – Inflation rate	**	
	(3) Real Interest Rate / Inflation rate		
	(A) D 1-		onge on
1.	Value of MPS (Marginal Propensity to Save) is inc Multiplier?	crease	ed from 0.4 to 0.5. What would be the impute
	(1)	(2)	
	(2)	(B)	
	size of the multiplier would remain same.	1	formation
	(4)	(C)	niormation.
\	(4) The size of the multiplier would be decreased.	#	

42.	aradox of first means.	
	(1) If all the people of the economy increase, the proportion of income they save, the total verification investment in the economy will not increase, it will either decline or remain unchanged.	alue of

(2) If all the people of the economy increase the proportion of income they spend, the total value of 67 ill either decline or remain unchanged.

	savings in the economy will not i	ncrease, it will either decline of remain anothinged.
	(3) If all the people of the econom	ny decrease the proportion of income they save, the total value increase, it will either decline or remain unchanged.
	(4) If all the people of the economy	increase the proportion of income they save, the total value of saving, it will either decline or remain unchanged.
	in the economy will not increase	, it will contain
43.	depicts what has a	ictually happened.
	(1) Ex-Ante	(2) Ex-Post
	(3) Constant	(4) Variable
44.	If the value of Investment Multiplier	r is 5 and the increased income is ₹ 800 crore in an economy, then f
	the value of change in the investmen	it in the economy.
	(1) ₹4000 crore	(2) ₹120 crore
	(3) ₹ 400 crore	(4) ₹ 160 crore★
45.	Which of the following statements a	are true?
	(A) Quantitative tools control the	extent of money supply by changing the CRR.
	There are two types of open m	arket operations – outright and upright.
	hank rate can dec	rease the money supply.
	(C) A fall in the bank the	s to reduction in quantity of reserves.
	(D) Selling of a bold by	s to reduction in quantity of reserves. y supply by changing the rate at which it gives loan to the commerce
	(E) The RBI can influence mean	
	banks. Choose the correct answer from the	ontions given below:
	Choose the correct answer from the	
	(C) and (D) one	(8)
	(1) (A), (C) and (D) only (2) (A), (B) and (D) only	#
	(2) (A), (B) and (E) only	<
	(2) (A), (B) and (E) only (3) (B), (D) and (E) only	
	(A) (D) and (L)	SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
	(4) (A), (E)	1900

-1C	with List-II	

List-I	List-II
Bank Rate	(I) Securities are pledged in order to repurchase
Marginal Standing Facility	(II) Minimum rate at which funds are provided for long term
Repo Rate	(III) Also known as Penal Interest Rate
Reverse Repo Rate	(IV) Central Bank borrows funds from commerical banks

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (I) (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (III), (D) (IV)
- (2) (A) (II), (B) (III), (C) (I), (D) (IV)
- (3) (A) (I), (B) (II), (C) (IV), (D) (III)
- (4) (A) (III), (B) (IV), (C) (I), (D) (II)
- Which of the following is not a function of Central Back?
 - (1) It controls the money supply in the economy through different rates.
 - (2) It acts as a banker to the government.
 - (3) It accepts deposits and give loans to people.
 - (4) It issues the currency of the country.
 - Article 112 deals with:
 - (1) Consolidated Fund of India
 - (3) Union Budget

- (8)
- 4

 - - - **Public Account**
 - (4) Contingency Fund
- All those elements which create liability and decrease the assets of government are known as :

 - (3) Revenue Receipts

- (2) Capital Payments
- (A) Revenue Payments
- Arrange the following elements in correct chronological sequence (earliest to latest): (A) Smithsonian Agreement
- (C) Establishment of WTO

- (B) Bretton Woods Conference Gold Standard
- Choose the correct answer from the options given below
- (1) (A), (B), (C), (D)

(D), (B), (A), (C)

(3) (D), (A), (B), (C)

(C), (B), (D), (A)