

CUET Political Science Solution 2023

June 23 Shift 3

Ques 971. How many percent of the eligible voters of the first general election held from October 1951 to February 1952, were literate ?

- (1) 100%
- (2) 15%
- (3) 25%
- (4) 50%

Solu. Approximately 15% of the eligible voters in the first general election held from October 1951 to February 1952 were literate. Therefore, the correct option is (2) 15%.

Ques 972. Who among the following was the Minister for Health in independent India's first ministry?

- (1) Sarojini Naidu
- (2) Vijaylaxmi Pandit
- (3) Rajkumari Amrit Kaur
- (4) Aruna Asaf Ali

Solu. Out of the listed options, the Minister for Health in independent India's first ministry was:

3. Rajkumari Amrit Kaur

Here's why:

- Rajkumari Amrit Kaur was a prominent Indian activist and politician who played a key role in the Indian independence movement.
- After India gained independence, she was appointed as the Health Minister in the first cabinet of Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru, formed in 1947.
- She held the position for ten years and is credited with making significant contributions to India's public health system.

Ques 973. Which of the following statement correct with reference to independent India:

- (A) All the princely states agreed to join the Indian Union willingly**
- (B) The internal boundaries of the country needed to be diawn afresh**
- (C) The famous speech 'tryst with destiny was given by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the Deputy Prime Minister of India**
- (D) Freedom came with partition, which resulted in large scale violence and displacement**

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (C) And (D) Only**
- (2) (D) And (A) Only**
- (3) (B) And (D) Only**
- (4) (B), (D) And (A) Only**

Solu. The correct answer is: (3) (B) And (D) Only

Here's a breakdown of why each statement is correct or incorrect:

- (A) All the princely states agreed to join the Indian Union willingly: This is incorrect. The integration of princely states into the Indian Union was a complex process that involved negotiations, military action in some cases, and persuasion by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the Deputy Prime Minister. Not all states agreed willingly.
- (B) The internal boundaries of the country needed to be redrawn afresh: This is correct. Due to partition along religious lines, the internal boundaries of the country needed to be redrawn to accommodate the new borders of India and Pakistan. This resulted in a large-scale population transfer.
- (C) The famous speech 'tryst with destiny' was given by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the Deputy Prime Minister of India: This is incorrect. The famous speech "tryst with destiny" was delivered by Jawaharlal Nehru, the first Prime Minister of India, on the eve of Indian independence on August 15, 1947.
- (D) Freedom came with partition, which resulted in large scale violence and displacement: This is correct. Partition of India along

religious lines led to widespread violence, massacres, and displacement of millions of people across the newly drawn borders. Therefore, only statements (B) and (D) are accurate with reference to independent India.

Ques 974. Match List I with List - II.

List - I

List - II

(A) Two-nation theory

(I) Frontier Gandhi

(B) Tryst with destiny

(II) Editor Nagmani magazine

(C) Abdul Gaffar Khan

(III) Muslim league

(D) Amrita Pritam

(IV) Jawaharlal Nehru

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(1) (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)

(2) (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)

(3) (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)

(4) (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)

Solu. The correct matching between List I and List II is:

(A) Two-nation theory - (III) Muslim League

(B) Tryst with destiny - (IV) Jawaharlal Nehru

(C) Abdul Gaffar Khan - (I) Frontier Gandhi

(D) Amrita Pritam - (II) Editor Nagmani magazine

So, the correct answer is:

(3) (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)

Ques 976. Identify the incorrect statement with reference to planning commission:

(A) The President is the Chairperson of the Planning Commission

(B) The Planning commission was set up in March 1950

(C) The concept of five year plan was adopted from USA

(D) A section of big industrialist get together in 1944 and drafted a joint proposal called 'Bombay Plan'

(E) The draft of the first five year plan was released in December 1951

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A) And (C) Only
- (2) (C) And (B) Only
- (3) (D) And (A) Only
- (4) (E) And (B) Only

Solu. The incorrect statement with reference to the Planning Commission is:

(E) The draft of the first five-year plan was released in December 1951. The correct information is that the first Five-Year Plan in India was launched in 1951, but the draft of the plan was actually presented in 1950, not 1951. So, the incorrect statement is option (4) (E) And (B) Only.

Ques 977. Tashkent is currently the capital of:

- (1) Kazakstan
- (2) Uzbekistan
- (3) Turkmenistan
- (4) Tajikstan

Solu. Tashkent is currently the capital of:

- (2) Uzbekistan

Ques 978. Directive Principles of State Policy is stated by article:

- (1) 15
- (2) 51
- (3) 53
- (4) 55

Solu. Directive Principles of State Policy are stated by Article 51 of the Indian Constitution.

So, the correct answer is: (2) 51

Ques 979. Who among the following resigned from the union Cabinet in 1956 taking the responsibility for the railway accident.

- (1) Jagjivan Ram
- (2) Lal Bahadur Shastri

(3) Indira Gandhi

(4) Ram Manohar Lohia

Solu. The individual who resigned from the Union Cabinet in 1956, taking responsibility for a railway accident, was Lal Bahadur Shastri.

So, the correct answer is:

(2) Lal Bahadur Shastri

Ques 980. Who among the following supported a 'Party of Socialism' as an attempt of merging all political parties.

(1) Sardar Patel

(2) Deendayal Upadhyaya

(3) Ram Manohar Lohia

(4) Jaya Prakash Narayan

Solu. The individual who supported the idea of a 'Party of Socialism' as an attempt to merge all political parties was Ram Manohar Lohia.

So, the correct answer is:

(3) Ram Manohar Lohia

Ques 981. Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): The Bangladesh crisis had put a heavy strain on India's economy. In the international market, oil prices increased manifold during this period. There was an all round increase in prices of commodities

Statement (II) Industrial growth was high and unemployment low. There was a sharp increase in agricultural productivity and an atmosphere of satisfaction with prevailing economic conditions in 1970s

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

(1) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct

(2) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect

(3) Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect

(4) Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct

Solu. The most appropriate answer based on the given statements would be:

(3) Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect.

Statement (I) describes the economic strain India faced during the Bangladesh crisis and the consequent increase in oil prices and commodity prices, which aligns with historical events.

Statement (II), on the other hand, describes a period of economic prosperity with high industrial growth, low unemployment, and increased agricultural productivity, which doesn't match the economic conditions during the 1970s, especially considering the context of the Bangladesh crisis.

Ques 982. Who among the following gave a call in 1974 for Total Revolution in the social, economic and political spheres in order to establish true democracy?

(1) Charu Majumdar

(2) George Fernandes

(3) Jay Prakash Narayan

(4) Moraraji Desai

Solu. The most appropriate answer based on the given statements would be:

(3) Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect.

Statement (I) describes the economic strain India faced during the Bangladesh crisis and the consequent increase in oil prices and commodity prices, which aligns with historical events.

Statement (II), on the other hand, describes a period of economic prosperity with high industrial growth, low unemployment, and increased agricultural productivity, which doesn't match the economic conditions during the 1970s, especially considering the context of the Bangladesh crisis.

Ques 983. The Akali Dal formed in 1920 as the political wing of the sikhs led the movement for the formation of which of the following?

- (1) Akali Suba**
- (2) Sikh Suba**
- (3) Punjabi Suba**
- (4) Shiromani Suba**

Solu. The Akali Dal, formed in 1920, led the movement for the formation of the Punjabi Suba.

So, the correct answer is:

- (3) Punjabi Suba**

Ques 984. Which of the following region serves as India's gateway to south East Asia and shares boundaries with China, Myanmar and Bangladesh ?

- (1) North India**
- (2) North East India**
- (3) South West India**
- (4) South India**

Solu. The region that serves as India's gateway to Southeast Asia and shares boundaries with China, Myanmar, and Bangladesh is:

- (2) North East India**

Ques 985. In his poem 'Pilgrims of darkness' the Marathi poet Namdeo Dhasal is referring to:

- (1) Medha Patekar**
- (2) Chaudhary Charan Singh**
- (3) Mahendra Singh Tikait**
- (4) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar**

Solu. In his poem "Pilgrims of darkness," the Marathi poet Namdeo Dhasal is referring to:

(4) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar

Ques 986. The National Front which formed Government in 1989 was supported by two diametrically opposite political groups:

- (1) BJP and Jan Sangh
- (2) BJP and the Left Front
- (3) Left Front and the Congress Party
- (4) Left Front and Jan Sangh

Solu. The National Front government formed in 1989 was supported by two diametrically opposite political groups:

- (2) BJP and the Left Front

Ques 987. The National Front which formed Government in 1989 was supported by two diametrically opposite political groups:

- (1) BJP and Jan Sangh
- (2) BJP and the Left Front
- (3) Left Front and the Congress Party
- (4) Left Front and Jan Sangh

Solu. The National Front government formed in 1989 was supported by two diametrically opposite political groups:

- (4) Left Front and Jan Sangh

Ques 988. The term 'Bahujan' refers to:

- (1) ST and SC
- (2) SC, OBC and ST
- (3) SC, ST, OBC and minorities
- (4) OBC and minorities

Solu. The term 'Bahujan' refers to:

- (3) SC, ST, OBC, and minorities

Ques 989. The term 'delimitation' refers to:

- (1) limiting the powers of the government**
- (2) limits powers to the public**
- (3) drawing the boundaries of the electoral constituencies**
- (4) drawing the electoral roll**

Solu. The term 'delimitation' refers to:

- (3) drawing the boundaries of the electoral constituencies**

Ques 990. Which schedule of the Indian Constitution allows different tribes complete autonomy of preserving their policies and customary laws?

- (1) First Schedule**
- (2) Fourth Schedule**
- (3) Sixth Schedule**
- (4) Ninth Schedule**

Solu. The schedule of the Indian Constitution that allows different tribes complete autonomy of preserving their policies and customary laws is:

- (3) Sixth Schedule**

Ques 992. Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): The cold war was an intense form of rivalry between great powers but both sides had the capacity to retaliate against any attack and cause so much of destruction that neither could afford to initiate war

Statement (II): The two superpowers and the countries in the rival block were expected to behave as rational and responsible actors

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct**
- (2) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect**
- (3) Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect**
- (4) Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct**

Solu. The most appropriate answer based on the given statements would be:

(1) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct.

Statement (I) accurately describes the nature of the Cold War, highlighting the mutual deterrence resulting from the possession of nuclear weapons by both superpowers.

Statement (II) reflects the expectation that both superpowers and their allies would act as rational actors in the context of the Cold War, which was a prevalent assumption in international relations theory during that time.

Ques 993. Arrange the following order in sequence the regime period of Soviet and Russia.

(A) Joseph Stalin

(B) Leonid Brezhnev

(C) Nikita Khrushchev

(D) Boris Yeltsin

(E) Mikhail Gorbachev

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

(1) (A), (B), (C), (D), (E)

(2) (B), (C), (D), (E), (A)

(3) (A), (C), (B), (E), (D)

(4) (E), (A), (C), (D), (B)

Solu. The correct sequence of the regime periods of Soviet and Russia leaders is:

(3) (A), (C), (B), (E), (D)

So, the correct answer is option (3).

Ques 994. Arrange the following in chronological order:

(A) Berlin blockade by soviet union

(B) Soviet intervention in Czechoslovakia

(C) Soviet intervention in Hungary

(D) Soviet intervention in Afghanistan

(E) Disintegration of the Soviet union

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A), (B), (D), (C), (E)
- (2) (A), (C), (B), (D), (E)
- (3) (C), (B), (D), (E), (A)
- (4) (D), (E), (A), (C), (B)

Solu. The correct chronological order of the events listed would be:

- (1) (A), (B), (D), (C), (E)

So, the correct answer is option (1).

Ques 995. Who won the US Presidential election in 1992 and in 1996:

- (1) William Jefferson (Bill) Clinton
- (2) George H.W. Bush
- (3) John F. Kennedy
- (4) Barack Obama

Solu. The winner of the US Presidential election in 1992 and in 1996 was:

- (1) William Jefferson (Bill) Clinton

Ques 996. Which one of the following statement related to Iraq invasion by US is incorrect?

- (1) The US lost over 3000 military personnel in the war
- (2) The UN had given consent to invade Iraq
- (3) More than forty other countries joined the US led 'coalition of willing'
- (4) The invasion was to prevent Iraq from developing weapons of mass destruction

Solu. The incorrect statement related to the Iraq invasion by the US is:

- (2) The UN had given consent to invade Iraq.

In fact, the invasion of Iraq by the US did not receive explicit authorization from the United Nations Security Council. The invasion was controversial and faced significant international opposition.

Ques 997. "The circle of twelve gold stars on' 'The European Union Flag refers to:

- (1) Co-operation**
- (2) Solidarity and harmony**
- (3) Perfection**
- (4) Unity**

Solu. The circle of twelve gold stars on 'The European Union Flag refers to:

- (4) Unity**

Ques 998. ASEAN was established in 1967 by signing:

- (1) Schengen Agreement**
- (2) Treaty of Maastricht**
- (3) Bangkok Declaration**
- (4) Bandung Conference**

Solu. ASEAN was established in 1967 by signing:

- (3) Bangkok Declaration**

Ques 999. The Government of India and Bangladesh had differences over sharing of river water of :

- (1) Yamuna and Brahmaputra**
- (2) Ganga and Brahmaputra**
- (3) Ganga and Tungabhadra**
- (4) Ganga and Yamuna**

Solu. The Government of India and Bangladesh had differences over sharing the river water of:

- (4) Ganga and Yamuna**

Ques 1000. The first WSF meeting was organised in:

- (1) Mumbai, 2004**
- (2) China, 2001**
- (3) Brazil, 2001**
- (4) Britain 2004**

Solu. You are right! The first World Social Forum (WSF) meeting was organised in:

(3) Brazil, 2001

The inaugural meeting was held in Porto Alegre, Brazil in January 2001. It served as a counter-point to the World Economic Forum (WEF) happening in Davos, Switzerland at the same time. The WSF aimed to bring together social movements and civil society organizations to discuss and propose alternatives to neoliberal globalization and promote social justice.

Ques 1001. Expand LTTE:

- (1) Liberty Tigers of Tamil Eilam
- (2) Liberation Telugu of Tamil Eilam
- (3) Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eilam
- (4) Liberation Tigers of Telugu Eilam

Solu. The correct answer is:

(3) Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eilam

Ques 1002. In which year was the UNICEF established?

- (1) 1945
- (2) 1946
- (3) 1947
- (4) 1948

Solu. The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) was established in 1946. Originally called the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund, it was created to address the needs of children after World War II.

Ques 1003. Which one of the following is an incorrect option related to decisions making UN is more relevant in the changing scenario at its 60th anniversary in 2005.

- (1) Establishment of a Human Right Council
- (2) Agreements to achieve Millennium Development Goals
- (3) Creation of a Democracy fund

(4) An agreement to continue the Trusteeship council

Solu. The incorrect option related to decisions making the UN more relevant in 2005 is:

(4) An agreement to continue the Trusteeship Council

Here's why:

- The Trusteeship Council was established after World War II to oversee the administration of Trust Territories - colonies that were awaiting independence.
- By 1994, all the Trust Territories had achieved independence, rendering the Trusteeship Council's purpose obsolete.
- In 1994, the Security Council recommended the dissolution of the Trusteeship Council, which was formally done in 1994.

Therefore, during the UN's 60th anniversary in 2005, the focus was on reforming the organization for future challenges, not continuing a defunct body.

The other options were all part of the reforms undertaken in 2005:

- (1) Establishment of a Human Rights Council: This replaced the earlier Human Rights Commission.
- (2) Agreements to achieve Millennium Development Goals (MDGs): These were a set of ambitious development goals for the world to achieve by 2015.
- (3) Creation of a Democracy Fund: This aimed to support democratic institutions and processes around the world.

Ques 1005. Disarmament requires all the states to give up:

(1) Violence

(2) Arms Control

(3) Weapons

(4) Internal War

Solu. Disarmament refers to giving up weapons. So the answer is:

(3) Weapons

Ques 1008. During the colonial period India became an:

- (1) Exporter of finished goods**
- (2) Exporter of primary goods and raw materials and consumer of finished goods**
- (3) Exporter of finished goods and importer of primary goods and raw materials**
- (4) Importer of primary goods and raw materials**

Solu. During the colonial period, India's role in trade shifted to:

(2) Exporter of primary goods and raw materials and consumer of finished goods

Here's why:

- Colonial powers like Britain were interested in exploiting India's resources.
- Policies were implemented to encourage the production of raw materials like cotton, jute, and indigo.
- India's own manufacturing industries, particularly textiles, suffered due to competition from cheaper British machine-made goods.
- India became an importer of finished goods like textiles and machinery from Britain.

Ques 1009. Where and in which year, at the WTO ministerial meeting there were widespread, protests alleging unfair trading practices by the economically powerful states

- (1) 1991, Hague**
- (2) 1997, Geneva**
- (3) 1999, Seattle**
- (4) 1996, Newyork**

Solu. The widespread protests alleging unfair trading practices by powerful states occurred at the WTO ministerial meeting in:

(3) 1999, Seattle

These protests, sometimes referred to as the "Battle of Seattle," marked a significant moment in the anti-globalization movement. Activists argued that

WTO policies favored developed nations and corporations at the expense of developing countries, workers, and the environment.

Ques 1010. In which year the Atlantic charter was signed by the US President 'Franklin D. Roosevelt' and UK prime minister Winston Churchill ?

- (1) August 1941**
- (2) January 1942**
- (3) December 1942**
- (4) April 1943**

Solu. The Atlantic Charter was signed by US President Franklin D. Roosevelt and UK Prime Minister Winston Churchill in:

- (1) August 1941**

Read the following passage carefully and answer the question that follow :

The Cold War threatened to divide the world into two alliances. Under these circumstances, many of the newly independent countries, after gaining their independence from the colonial powers such as Britain and France, were worried that they would lose their freedom as soon as they gained formal independence. Cracks and splits within the western and eastern alliances were quick to appear headed by the USA and the USSR respectively. Communist China quarreled with the USSR towards the late 1950s, and, in 1969, they fought a brief war over a territorial dispute.

Ques 1011. Which country had a brief war with the USSR for territory ?

- (1) China**
- (2) Japan**
- (3) USA**
- (4) North Korea**

Solu. The country that had a brief war with the USSR over territory was:

(1) China

Ques 1012. Which former superpower headed the eastern alliances ?

- (1) UK
- (2) Greece
- (3) USA
- (4) USSR

Solu. The former superpower that headed the eastern alliances was:

(4) USSR

Ques 1013. Which event of the world has threatened to divide the world into two alliances ?

- (1) Arenas
- (2) Cold War
- (3) Iraq invasion
- (4) Cuban Missile Crisis

Solu. The event that threatened to divide the world into two alliances was:

(2) Cold War

Ques 1014. Name the two countries that had ruled over the third world countries

- (1) Britain and France
- (2) Australia and Russia
- (3) Russia and the USA
- (4) Poland and Belgium

Solu. The two countries that had ruled over many third world countries were:

(1) Britain and France

Ques 1015. The Cold War threatened to divide the world in to ____ allinces

(1) 4

(2) 6

(3) 2

(4) 7

Solu. The Cold War threatened to divide the world into alliances:

(3) 2

Read the paragraph given below and answer, the following question :
As in the USSR, the planning commission of India opted for Five Year Plans (FYP). The idea is very simple the government of India prepares a document that has a plan for all its income and expenditure for the next five years. Accordingly the budget of the central and all the state governments is divided into two parts 'non-plan' budget that is spent on routine items on a yearly basis and 'plan' budget that is spent on a five year basis as per the priorities fixed by the plan. A five year plan has the advantage of permitting the government to focus on the larger picture and make long term intervention in the economy.

Ques 1016. The Planning Commission has been replaced by:

(1) NITI Aayog

(2) CVC

(3) CWC

(4) CIC

Solu. The Planning Commission has been replaced by (1) NITI Aayog.

Ques 1017. 'PLAN BUDGET' is spent on a:

(1) Yearly basis

(2) Five year basis

(3) Three year basis

(4) Two year basis

Solu. The "PLAN BUDGET" is spent on a (2) Five-year basis.

Ques 1018. The document of Five year plan is prepared by:

- (1) Parliament**
- (2) Rajya Sabha**
- (3) Government of India**
- (4) Lok Sabha**

Solu. The document of the Five-Year Plan is prepared by (3) the Government of India.

Ques 1019. 'Non-Plan' budget is the budget which is :

- (1) Planned but not spent**
- (2) Planned but should not be spent**
- (3) Spent on a yearly basis**
- (4) Spent only in the first year**

Solu. The 'Non-Plan' budget is the budget which is (3) spent on a yearly basis.

Ques 1020. The idea of Planning commission and five year plan was adopted from:

- (1) Japan**
- (2) USSR**
- (3) Germany**
- (4) France**

Solu. The idea of the Planning Commission and Five-Year Plans was adopted from (2) USSR.

