

SECTION 1 (Maximum Marks: 12)

- This section contains **FOUR (04)** questions.
- Each question has **FOUR** options (A), (B), (C) and (D). **ONLY ONE** of these four options is the correct answer.
- For each question, choose the option corresponding to the correct answer.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:

Full Marks : +3 If **ONLY** the correct option is chosen;

Zero Marks : 0 If none of the options is chosen (i.e. the question is unanswered);

Negative Marks : -1 In all other cases.

A dimensionless quantity is constructed in terms of electronic charge e , permittivity of free space ϵ_0 , Planck's constant h , and speed of light c . If the dimensionless quantity is written as $e^\alpha \epsilon_0^\beta h^\gamma c^\delta$ and n is a non-zero integer, then $(\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta)$ is given by

(A) $(2n, -n, -n, -n)$

(C) $(n, -n, -n, -2n)$

(B) $(n, -n, -2n, -n)$

(D) $(2n, -n, -2n, -2n)$

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An infinitely long wire, located on the z -axis, carries a current I along the $+z$ -direction and produces the magnetic field \vec{B} . The magnitude of the line integral $\int \vec{B} \cdot \vec{dl}$ along a straight line from the point $(-\sqrt{3}a, a, 0)$ to $(a, a, 0)$ is given by

[μ_0 is the magnetic permeability of free space.]

(A) $7\mu_0 I/24$

(B) $7\mu_0 I/12$

(C) $\mu_0 I/8$

(D) $\mu_0 I/6$

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Two beads, each with charge q and mass m , are on a horizontal, frictionless, non-conducting, circular hoop of radius R . One of the beads is glued to the hoop at some point, while the other one performs small oscillations about its equilibrium position along the hoop. The square of the angular frequency of the small oscillations is given by

[ϵ_0 is the permittivity of free space.]

- (A) $q^2 / (4\pi\epsilon_0 R^3 m)$ (B) $q^2 / (32\pi\epsilon_0 R^3 m)$ (C) $q^2 / (8\pi\epsilon_0 R^3 m)$ (D) $q^2 / (16\pi\epsilon_0 R^3 m)$

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A block of mass 5 kg moves along the x -direction subject to the force $F = (-20x + 10)$ N, with the value of x in metre. At time $t = 0$ s, it is at rest at position $x = 1$ m. The position and momentum of the block at $t = (\pi/4)$ s are

(A) -0.5 m, 5 kg m/s

(C) 0.5 m, -5 kg m/s

(B) 0.5 m, 0 kg m/s

(D) -1 m, 5 kg m/s

SECTION 2 (Maximum Marks: 12)

- This section contains **THREE (03)** questions.
- Each question has **FOUR** options (A), (B), (C) and (D). **ONE OR MORE THAN ONE** of these four option(s) is(are) correct answer(s).

A particle of mass m is moving in a circular orbit under the influence of the central force $F(r) = -kr$, corresponding to the potential energy $V(r) = kr^2/2$, where k is a positive force constant and r is the radial distance from the origin. According to the Bohr's quantization rule, the angular momentum of the particle is given by $L = n\hbar$, where $\hbar = h/(2\pi)$, h is the Planck's constant, and n a positive integer. If v and E are the speed and total energy of the particle, respectively, then which of the following expression(s) is(are) correct?

$$(A) r^2 = n\hbar \sqrt{\frac{1}{mk}}$$

$$(C) \frac{L}{mr^2} = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$$

$$(B) v^2 = n\hbar \sqrt{\frac{k}{m^3}}$$

$$(D) E = \frac{n\hbar}{2} \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$$

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- Each question has **FOUR** options (A), (B), (C) and (D). **ONE OR MORE THAN ONE** of these four option(s) is(are) correct answer(s).

Two uniform strings of mass per unit length μ and 4μ , and length L and $2L$, respectively, are joined at point O, and tied at two fixed ends P and Q, as shown in the figure. The strings are under a uniform tension T . If we define the frequency $\nu_0 = \frac{1}{2L} \sqrt{\frac{T}{\mu}}$, which of the following statement(s) is(are) correct?



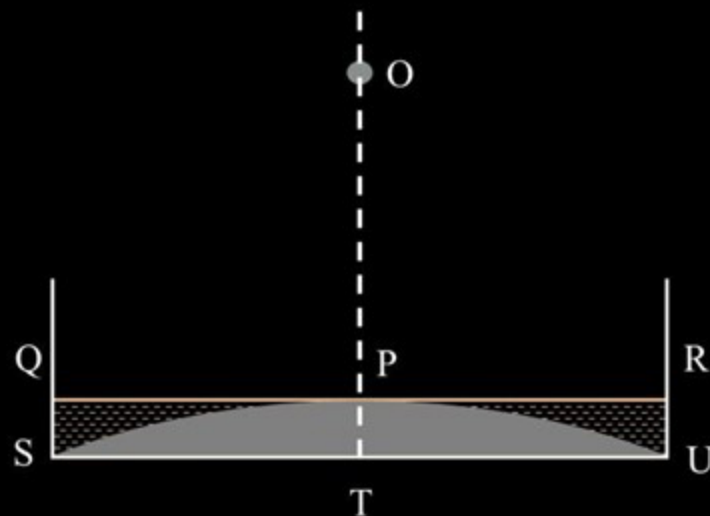
- (A) With a node at O, the minimum frequency of vibration of the composite string is ν_0 .
- (B) With an antinode at O, the minimum frequency of vibration of the composite string is $2\nu_0$.
- (C) When the composite string vibrates at the minimum frequency with a node at O, it has 6 nodes, including the end nodes.
- (D) No vibrational mode with an antinode at O is possible for the composite string.

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A glass beaker has a solid, plano-convex base of refractive index 1.60, as shown in the figure. The radius of curvature of the convex surface (SPU) is 9 cm, while the planar surface (STU) acts as a mirror. This beaker is filled with a liquid of refractive index n up to the level QPR. If the image of a point object O at a height of h (OT in the figure) is formed onto itself, then, which of the following option(s) is(are) correct?

- (A) For $n = 1.42$, $h = 50$ cm.
- (B) For $n = 1.35$, $h = 36$ cm.
- (C) For $n = 1.45$, $h = 65$ cm.
- (D) For $n = 1.48$, $h = 85$ cm.



SECTION 3 (Maximum Marks: 24)

- This section contains **SIX (06)** questions.
- The answer to each question is a **NON-NEGATIVE INTEGER**.

The specific heat capacity of a substance is temperature dependent and is given by the formula $C = kT$, where k is a constant of suitable dimensions in SI units, and T is the absolute temperature. If the heat required to raise the temperature of 1 kg of the substance from -73°C to 27°C is nk , the value of n is _____.

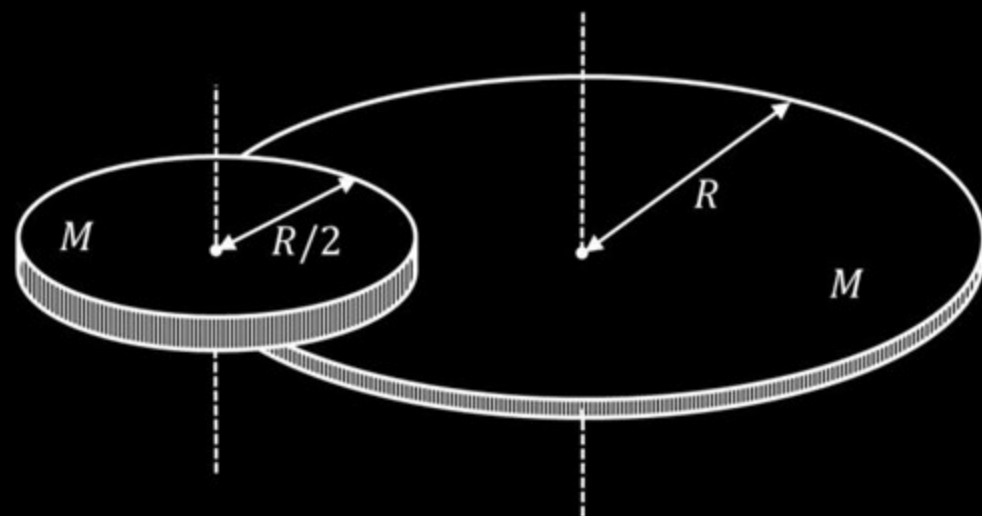
[Given: $0\text{ K} = -273^\circ\text{C}$.]

Ans. 25000

SECTION 3 (Maximum Marks: 24)

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- The answer to each question is a **NON-NEGATIVE INTEGER**.

A disc of mass M and radius R is free to rotate about its vertical axis as shown in the figure. A battery operated motor of negligible mass is fixed to this disc at a point on its circumference. Another disc of the same mass M and radius $R/2$ is fixed to the motor's thin shaft. Initially, both the discs are at rest. The motor is switched on so that the smaller disc rotates at a uniform angular speed ω . If the angular speed at which the large disc rotates is ω/n , then the value of n is _____.



Ans. 12

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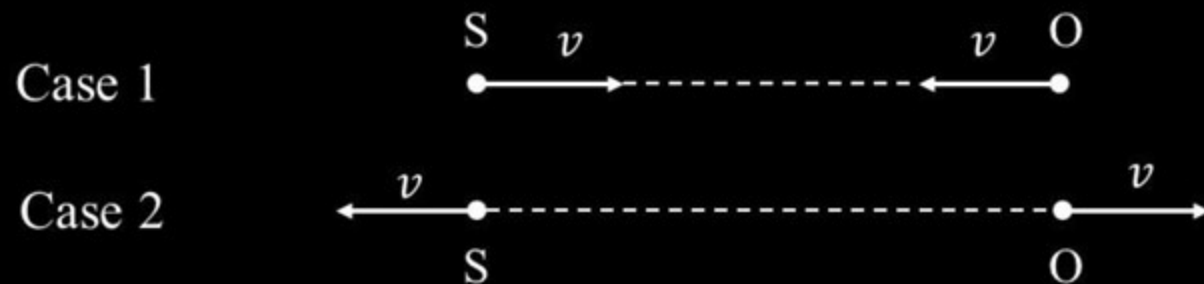
A point source S emits unpolarized light uniformly in all directions. At two points A and B, the ratio $r = I_A/I_B$ of the intensities of light is 2. If a set of two polaroids having 45° angle between their pass-axes is placed just before point B, then the new value of r will be _____.

Ans. 8

SECTION 3 (Maximum Marks: 24)

- This section contains **SIX (06)** questions.
- The answer to each question is a **NON-NEGATIVE INTEGER**.

A source (S) of sound has frequency 240 Hz. When the observer (O) and the source move towards each other at a speed v with respect to the ground (as shown in Case 1 in the figure), the observer measures the frequency of the sound to be 288 Hz. However, when the observer and the source move away from each other at the same speed v with respect to the ground (as shown in Case 2 in the figure), the observer measures the frequency of sound to be n Hz. The value of n is _____.

**Ans. 200**

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- The answer to each question is a **NON-NEGATIVE INTEGER**.

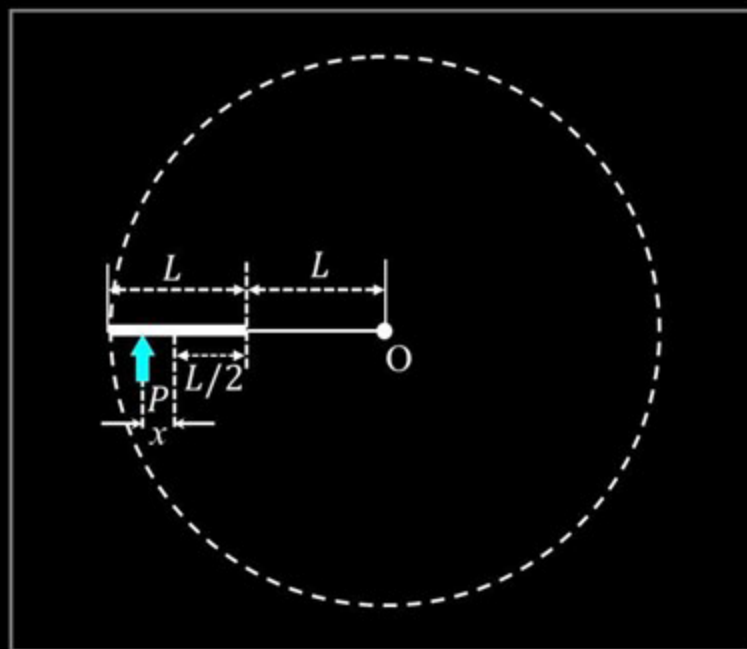
Two large, identical water tanks, 1 and 2, kept on the top of a building of height H , are filled with water up to height h in each tank. Both the tanks contain an identical hole of small radius on their sides, close to their bottom. A pipe of the same internal radius as that of the hole is connected to tank 2, and the pipe ends at the ground level. When the water flows from the tanks 1 and 2 through the holes, the times taken to empty the tanks are t_1 and t_2 , respectively. If $H = \left(\frac{16}{9}\right)h$, then the ratio t_1/t_2 is _____.

Ans. 3

SECTION 3 (Maximum Marks: 24)

- This section contains **SIX (06)** questions.
- The answer to each question is a **NON-NEGATIVE INTEGER**.

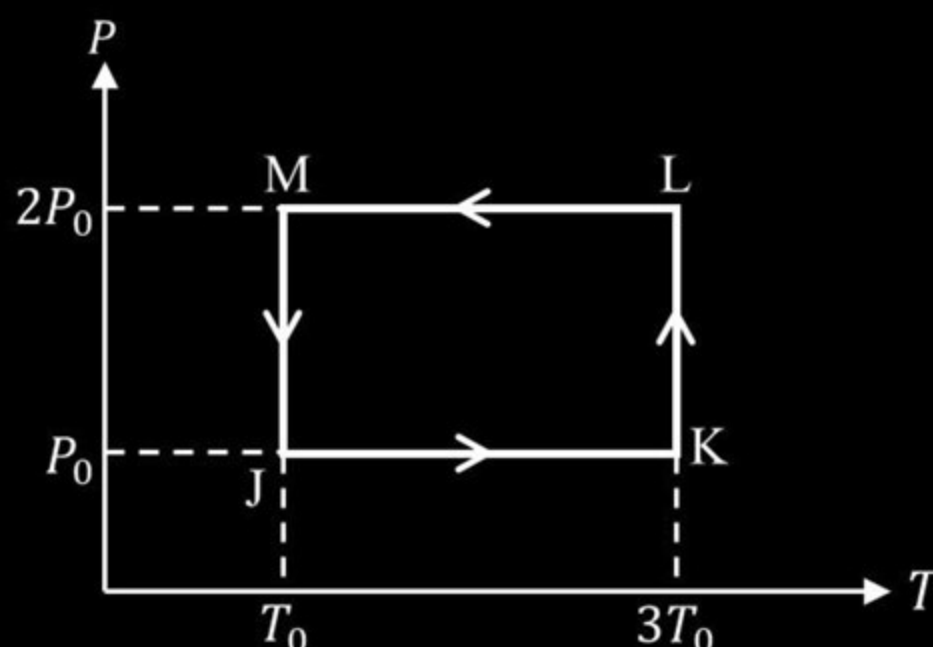
A thin uniform rod of length L and certain mass is kept on a frictionless horizontal table with a massless string of length L fixed to one end (top view is shown in the figure). The other end of the string is pivoted to a point O . If a horizontal impulse P is imparted to the rod at a distance $x = L/n$ from the mid-point of the rod (see figure), then the rod and string revolve together around the point O , with the rod remaining aligned with the string. In such a case, the value of n is _____.

**Ans. 18**

SECTION 4 (Maximum Marks: 12)

- This section contains **FOUR (04)** Matching List Sets.
- Each set has **ONE** Multiple Choice Question.

One mole of a monatomic ideal gas undergoes the cyclic process $J \rightarrow K \rightarrow L \rightarrow M \rightarrow J$, as shown in the P-T diagram.



Match the quantities mentioned in List-I with their values in List-II and choose the correct option.

[\mathcal{R} is the gas constant.]

List-I

- (P) Work done in the complete cyclic process
 (Q) Change in the internal energy of the gas in the process JK
 (R) Heat given to the gas in the process KL
 (S) Change in the internal energy of the gas in the process MJ

List-II

- (1) $\mathcal{R}T_0 - 4\mathcal{R}T_0 \ln 2$
 (2) 0
 (3) $3\mathcal{R}T_0$
 (4) $-2\mathcal{R}T_0 \ln 2$
 (5) $-3\mathcal{R}T_0 \ln 2$

(A) $P \rightarrow 1; Q \rightarrow 3; R \rightarrow 5; S \rightarrow 4$

(C) $P \rightarrow 4; Q \rightarrow 1; R \rightarrow 2; S \rightarrow 2$

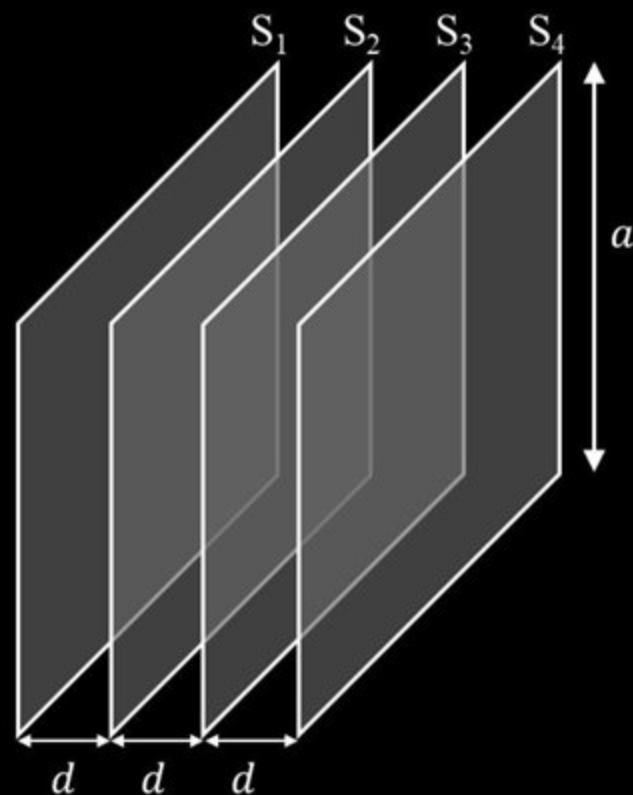
(B) $P \rightarrow 4; Q \rightarrow 3; R \rightarrow 5; S \rightarrow 2$

(D) $P \rightarrow 2; Q \rightarrow 5; R \rightarrow 3; S \rightarrow 4$

SECTION 4 (Maximum Marks: 12)

- This section contains **FOUR (04)** Matching List Sets.
- Each set has **ONE** Multiple Choice Question.

Four identical thin, square metal sheets, S_1 , S_2 , S_3 and S_4 , each of side a are kept parallel to each other with equal distance d ($\ll a$) between them, as shown in the figure. Let $C_0 = \epsilon_0 a^2 / d$, where ϵ_0 is the permittivity of free space.



Match the quantities mentioned in List-I with their values in List-II and choose the correct option.

List-I

- (P) The capacitance between S_1 and S_4 , with S_2 and S_3 not connected, is
- (Q) The capacitance between S_1 and S_4 , with S_2 shorted to S_3 , is
- (R) The capacitance between S_1 and S_3 , with S_2 shorted to S_4 , is
- (S) The capacitance between S_1 and S_2 , with S_3 shorted to S_1 , and S_2 shorted to S_4 , is

List-II

- (1) $3C_0$
- (2) $C_0/2$
- (3) $C_0/3$
- (4) $2C_0/3$
- (5) $2C_0$

(A) $P \rightarrow 3; Q \rightarrow 2; R \rightarrow 4; S \rightarrow 5$

(C) $P \rightarrow 3; Q \rightarrow 2; R \rightarrow 4; S \rightarrow 1$

(B) $P \rightarrow 2; Q \rightarrow 3; R \rightarrow 2; S \rightarrow 1$

(D) $P \rightarrow 3; Q \rightarrow 2; R \rightarrow 2; S \rightarrow 5$

SECTION 4 (Maximum Marks: 12)

- This section contains **FOUR (04)** Matching List Sets.
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A light ray is incident on the surface of a sphere of refractive index n at an angle of incidence θ_0 . The ray partially refracts into the sphere with angle of refraction ϕ_0 and then partly reflects from the back surface. The reflected ray then emerges out of the sphere after a partial refraction. The total angle of deviation of the emergent ray with respect to the incident ray is α . Match the quantities mentioned in List-I with their values in List-II and choose the correct option.

List-I

(P) If $n = 2$ and $\alpha = 180^\circ$, then all the possible values of θ_0 will be

(Q) If $n = \sqrt{3}$ and $\alpha = 180^\circ$, then all the possible values of θ_0 will be

(R) If $n = \sqrt{3}$ and $\alpha = 180^\circ$, then all the possible values of ϕ_0 will be

(S) If $n = \sqrt{2}$ and $\theta_0 = 45^\circ$, then all the possible values of α will be

List-II

(1) 30° and 0°

(2) 60° and 0°

(3) 45° and 0°

(4) 150°

(5) 0°

(A) P \rightarrow 5; Q \rightarrow 2; R \rightarrow 1; S \rightarrow 4

(C) P \rightarrow 3; Q \rightarrow 2; R \rightarrow 1; S \rightarrow 4

(B) P \rightarrow 5; Q \rightarrow 1; R \rightarrow 2; S \rightarrow 4

(D) P \rightarrow 3; Q \rightarrow 1; R \rightarrow 2; S \rightarrow 5