# National Testing Agency

Question Paper Name :B TECH 24th Feb 2021 Shift 2Subject Name :B TECHCreation Date :2021-02-25 09:54:33Duration :180Number of Questions :90Total Marks :300Display Marks:Yes

# **B TECH**

**Group Number:** Group Id: 708191175 **Group Maximum Duration:** 0 **Group Minimum Duration:** 180 **Show Attended Group?:** No **Edit Attended Group?:** No **Break time:** 0 **Group Marks:** 300 Is this Group for Examiner?: No

# **Physics Section A**

Section Id :708191628Section Number :1Section type :OnlineMandatory or Optional :MandatoryNumber of Questions :20Number of Questions to be attempted :20



Section Marks: 80

Mark As Answered Required?:

Sub-Section Number:

1

**Sub-Section Id:** 708191908

**Question Shuffling Allowed:** Yes

Question Number: 1 Question Id: 70819116324 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No

**Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1** 

The period of oscillation of a simple pendulum is  $T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{L}{g}}$ . Measured value of 'L' is 1.0 m

from meter scale having a minimum division of 1 mm and time of one complete oscillation is  $1.95 \, s$  measured from stopwatch of  $0.01 \, s$  resolution. The percentage error in the determination of 'g' will be :

#### **Options:**

70819154121. 1.33 %

70819154122. 1.03%

70819154123. 1.13%

70819154124. 1.30%

Question Number: 2 Question Id: 70819116325 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1

A particle is projected with velocity  $v_0$  along x-axis. A damping force is acting on the particle which is proportional to the square of the distance from the origin i.e.  $ma = -\alpha x^2$ . The distance at which the particle stops :

#### **Options:**



$$\left(\frac{2v_0^2}{3\alpha}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$
70819154125.

$$\left(\frac{3v_0^2}{2\alpha}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

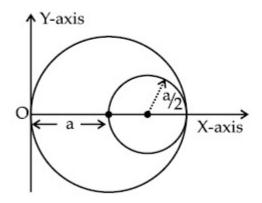
$$\left(\frac{3v_0^2}{2\alpha}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\left(\frac{2v_0}{3\alpha}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

Question Number: 3 Question Id: 70819116326 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1



A circular hole of radius  $\left(\frac{a}{2}\right)$  is cut out of a circular disc of radius 'a' as shown in figure. The centroid of the remaining circular portion with respect to point 'O' will be:



# **Options:**

 $\frac{1}{6}\epsilon$  70819154129.

 $\frac{5}{6}$  8 70819154130.

 $\frac{2}{3}$  8 70819154131.

 $\frac{10}{11}$ a 70819154132.

Question Number: 4 Question Id: 70819116327 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mai



A body weighs 49 N on a spring balance at the north pole. What will be its weight recorded on the same weighing machine, if it is shifted to the equator?

[Use 
$$g = \frac{GM}{R^2} = 9.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$
 and radius of earth,  $R = 6400 \text{ km}$ .]

# **Options:**

70819154133. 49.17 N

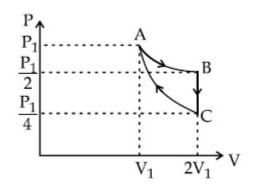
70819154134. 49 N

70819154135. 48.83 N

70819154136. <sup>49.83</sup> N

Question Number: 5 Question Id: 70819116328 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1

If one mole of an ideal gas at  $(P_1, V_1)$  is allowed to expand reversibly and isothermally (A to B) its pressure is reduced to one-half of the original pressure (see figure). This is followed by a constant volume cooling till its pressure is reduced to one-fourth of the initial value (B  $\rightarrow$  C). Then it is restored to its initial state by a reversible adiabatic compression (C to A). The net workdone by the gas is equal to:





#### **Options:**

RT 
$$\left( \ln 2 - \frac{1}{2(\gamma - 1)} \right)$$

$$-\frac{RT}{2(\gamma-1)}$$

70819154139. RT ln 2

70819154140.

Question Number: 6 Question Id: 70819116329 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1

On the basis of kinetic theory of gases, the gas exerts pressure because its molecules :

# **Options:**

70819154141. continuously lose their energy till it reaches wall.

70819154142. continuously stick to the walls of container.

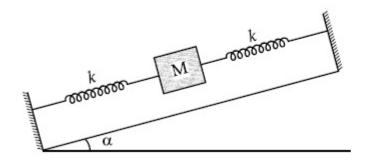
70819154143. are attracted by the walls of container.

70819154144. suffer change in momentum when impinge on the walls of container.

Question Number: 7 Question Id: 70819116330 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mal Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1



In the given figure, a body of mass M is held between two massless springs, on a smooth inclined plane. The free ends of the springs are attached to firm supports. If each spring has spring constant k, the frequency of oscillation of given body is:



**Options:** 

$$\frac{1}{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{k}{\text{Mg sin}\alpha}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{2k}{\text{Mg sin}\alpha}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{2k}{M}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{k}{2M}}$$

Question Number: 8 Question Id: 70819116331 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mai



When a particle executes SHM, the nature of graphical representation of velocity as a function of displacement is:

# **Options:**

70819154149. circular

70819154150. elliptical

70819154151. parabolic

70819154152. straight line

Question Number: 9 Question Id: 70819116332 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No

**Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1** 

Which of the following equations represents a travelling wave?

#### **Options:**

70819154153.  $y = Ae^x \cos(\omega t - \theta)$ 

70819154154.  $y = Ae^{-x^2} (\nu t + \theta)$ 

70819154155.  $y = A\sin(15x - 2t)$ 

70819154156.  $y = A \sin x \cos \omega t$ 

Question Number: 10 Question Id: 70819116333 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Ma



Two electrons each are fixed at a distance '2d'. A third charge proton placed at the midpoint is displaced slightly by a distance x (x << d) perpendicular to the line joining the two fixed charges. Proton will execute simple harmonic motion having angular frequency : (m =mass of charged particle)

# **Options:**

$$70819154157. \left(\frac{q^2}{2\pi\epsilon_0 \, md^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\left(\frac{2q^2}{\pi \varepsilon_0 \, md^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

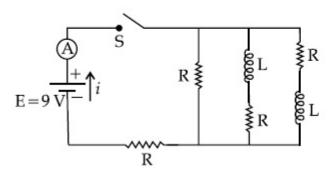
$$\frac{\left(\frac{\pi \, \varepsilon_0 \, md^3}{2q^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2q^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{2\pi\varepsilon_0 \, md^3}{q^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Question Number: 11 Question Id: 70819116334 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No



Figure shows a circuit that contains four identical resistors with resistance  $R=2.0~\Omega$ , two identical inductors with inductance L=2.0~mH and an ideal battery with emf E=9~V. The current 'i' just after the switch 'S' is closed will be:



#### **Options:**

70819154161. 2.25 A

70819154162. 3.0 A

70819154163. 3.37 A

70819154164. <sup>9</sup> A

Question Number: 12 Question Id: 70819116335 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1

A soft ferromagnetic material is placed in an external magnetic field. The magnetic domains:

#### **Options:**

70819154165. increase in size but no change in orientation.

70819154166. decrease in size and changes orientation.



70819154167. may increase or decrease in size and change its orientation.

70819154168. have no relation with external magnetic field.

Question Number: 13 Question Id: 70819116336 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No

**Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1** 

Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

List - II

- (a) Source of microwave frequency (i) Radioactive decay of nucleus
- (b) Source of infrared frequency (ii) Magnetron
- (c) Source of Gamma Rays (iii) Inner shell electrons
- (d) Source of X-rays (iv) Vibration of atoms and molecules
  - (v) LASER
  - (vi) RC circuit

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

**Options:** 

Question Number: 14 Question Id: 70819116337 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Ma

**Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1** 

If the source of light used in a Young's double slit experiment is changed from red to violet:



#### **Options:**

70819154173. the fringes will become brighter.

70819154174. consecutive fringe lines will come closer.

70819154175. the intensity of minima will increase.

70819154176. the central bright fringe will become a dark fringe.

Question Number: 15 Question Id: 70819116338 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1

An X-ray tube is operated at 1.24 million volt. The shortest wavelength of the produced photon will be :

# **Options:**

70819154177. <sup>10-1</sup> nm

70819154178. 10<sup>-2</sup> nm

70819154179. 10<sup>-3</sup> nm

70819154180. 10<sup>-4</sup> nm

Question Number: 16 Question Id: 70819116339 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1

The de Broglie wavelength of a proton and  $\alpha$ -particle are equal. The ratio of their velocities is :

## **Options:**



Question Number: 17 Question Id: 70819116340 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1

According to Bohr atom model, in which of the following transitions will the frequency be maximum?

# **Options:**

70819154185. 
$$n=2$$
 to  $n=1$ 

70819154186. 
$$n=3$$
 to  $n=2$ 

70819154187. 
$$n=4$$
 to  $n=3$ 

70819154188. 
$$n=5$$
 to  $n=4$ 

Question Number: 18 Question Id: 70819116341 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1

Zener breakdown occurs in a p-n junction having p and n both :

#### **Options:**

70819154189. lightly doped and have narrow depletion layer.



70819154190. lightly doped and have wide depletion layer.

70819154191. heavily doped and have narrow depletion layer.

70819154192. heavily doped and have wide depletion layer.

Question Number: 19 Question Id: 70819116342 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Mandatory: No

**Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 1** 

Given below are two statements:

Statement I: PN junction diodes can be used to function as transistor, simply by

connecting two diodes, back to back, which acts as the base terminal.

Statement II: In the study of transistor, the amplification factor  $\beta$  indicates ratio of the

collector current to the base current.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below.

**Options:** 

70819154193. Both Statement I and Statement II are true

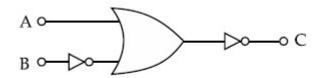
70819154194. Both Statement I and Statement II are false

70819154195. Statement I is true but Statement II is false

70819154196. Statement I is false but Statement II is true

Question Number: 20 Question Id: 70819116343 Question Type: MCQ Option Shuffling: Yes Is Question Ma





The logic circuit shown above is equivalent to:

# **Options:**

# **Physics Section B**

Section Id:	708191629
Section Number :	2
Section type:	Online
Mandatory or Optional:	Mandatory
Number of Questions:	10
Number of Questions to be attempted:	5
Section Marks:	20
Mark As Answered Required?:	Yes



<b>Sub-Section Number:</b>	1
Sub-Section Id:	708191909
<b>Question Shuffling Allowed:</b>	Yes
Question Number: 21 Question Id: 70819116344 Question Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 0	on Type : SA
Two solids A and B of mass 1 kg and 2 kg resp	pectively are moving with equal linear
momentum. The ratio of their kinetic energies (K.	$(K.E.)_{A} : (K.E.)_{B}$ will be $\frac{A}{1}$ , so the value of
A will be	
Response Type: Numeric	
<b>Evaluation Required For SA:</b> Yes	
<b>Show Word Count:</b> Yes	
Answers Type: Range	
Text Areas: PlainText	
Possible Answers:	
5 to 5.001	
Question Number: 22 Question Id: 70819116345 Question Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 0	on Type : SA
A uniform metallic wire is elongated by 0.04 m elongation, if its length and diameter is doubled	
cm.	
Response Type: Numeric	
<b>Evaluation Required For SA:</b> Yes	
Show Word Count: Yes	
Answers Type: Range	
Text Areas: PlainText	
Possible Answers :	
5 to 5.001	



Question Number: 23 Question Id: 70819116346 Question Type: SA

**Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 0** 

A uniform thin bar of mass 6 kg and length 2.4 meter is bent to make an equilateral hexagon. The moment of inertia about an axis passing through the centre of mass and perpendicular to the plane of hexagon is  $\_\_\_$ × $10^{-1}$  kg m<sup>2</sup>.

**Response Type:** Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA: Yes

Show Word Count: Yes Answers Type: Range Text Areas: PlainText Possible Answers:

5 to 5.001

Question Number: 24 Question Id: 70819116347 Question Type: SA

**Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 0** 

The root mean square speed of molecules of a given mass of a gas at  $27^{\circ}$ C and 1 atmosphere pressure is  $200 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ . The root mean square speed of molecules of the gas at  $127^{\circ}$ C and

2 atmosphere pressure is  $\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}$  ms<sup>-1</sup>. The value of x will be \_\_\_\_\_.

**Response Type:** Numeric

**Evaluation Required For SA:** Yes

Show Word Count: Yes Answers Type: Range Text Areas: PlainText Possible Answers:

5 to 5.001

Question Number: 25 Question Id: 70819116348 Question Type: SA



Two cars are approaching each other at an equal speed of 7.2 km/hr. When they see each other, both blow horns having frequency of 676 Hz. The beat frequency heard by each driver will be \_\_\_\_\_ Hz. [Velocity of sound in air is 340 m/s.]

**Response Type:** Numeric

**Evaluation Required For SA:** Yes

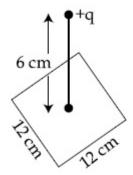
Show Word Count: Yes Answers Type: Range Text Areas: PlainText Possible Answers:

5 to 5.001

Question Number: 26 Question Id: 70819116349 Question Type: SA

**Correct Marks : 4 Wrong Marks : 0** 

A point charge of  $+12 \,\mu\text{C}$  is at a distance 6 cm vertically above the centre of a square of side 12 cm as shown in figure. The magnitude of the electric flux through the square will be  $-------\times 10^3 \, \text{Nm}^2/\text{C}$ .



**Response Type:** Numeric

**Evaluation Required For SA:** Yes

Show Word Count: Yes Answers Type: Range Text Areas: PlainText Possible Answers:

5 to 5.001



Question Number: 27 Question Id: 70819116350 Question Type: SA Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 0 A cylindrical wire of radius 0.5 mm and conductivity  $5 \times 10^7$  S/m is subjected to an electric field of 10 mV/m. The expected value of current in the wire will be  $x^3\pi$  mA. The value of x is . **Response Type:** Numeric **Evaluation Required For SA:** Yes **Show Word Count:** Yes **Answers Type:** Range Text Areas: PlainText **Possible Answers:** 5 to 5.001 Question Number: 28 Question Id: 70819116351 Question Type: SA Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 0 A series LCR circuit is designed to resonate at an angular frequency  $\omega_0 = 10^5$  rad/s. The circuit draws 16 W power from 120 V source at resonance. The value of resistance 'R' in the circuit is  $\Omega$ . **Response Type:** Numeric **Evaluation Required For SA:** Yes **Show Word Count:** Yes **Answers Type:** Range

5 to 5.001

Text Areas : PlainText Possible Answers :

Question Number: 29 Question Id: 70819116352 Question Type: SA



An electromagnetic wave of frequency 3 GHz enters a dielectric medium of relative electric permittivity 2.25 from vacuum. The wavelength of this wave in that medium will be  $\times 10^{-2}$  cm.

Response Type: Numeric

**Evaluation Required For SA:** Yes

Show Word Count: Yes Answers Type: Range Text Areas: PlainText Possible Answers:

5 to 5.001

Question Number: 30 Question Id: 70819116353 Question Type: SA

Correct Marks: 4 Wrong Marks: 0

A signal of 0.1 kW is transmitted in a cable. The attenuation of cable is -5 dB per km and cable length is 20 km. The power received at receiver is  $10^{-x}$  W. The value of x is \_\_\_\_\_.

[Gain in dB=10 
$$\log_{10} \left( \frac{P_o}{P_i} \right)$$
]

**Response Type:** Numeric

**Evaluation Required For SA:** Yes

Show Word Count: Yes Answers Type: Range Text Areas: PlainText Possible Answers:

5 to 5.001

