## JEE MAIN 2024 JANUARY ATTEMPT <br> PAPER-1 (B.Tech / B.E.) <br> 

Duration : 3 Hours
Maximum Marks : 300

## SUBJECT - CHEMISTRY

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## CHEMISTRY

1. For $I^{\text {st }}$ order reaction, time required for $99.9 \%$ completion is :
(1) $2 t_{1 / 2}$
(2) $4 t_{1 / 2}$
(3) $5 \mathrm{t}_{1 / 2}$
(4) $10 \mathrm{t}_{1 / 2}$

Ans. (4)
Sol. $\quad \frac{\mathrm{t}_{99.9 \%}}{\mathrm{t}_{1 / 2}}=\frac{\frac{1}{\mathrm{k}} \ln \left(\frac{100}{100-99.9}\right)}{\frac{1}{\mathrm{k}} \ln 2}=\frac{\ln \left(10^{3}\right)}{\ln 2}=\frac{3}{0.3}=10$
$\mathrm{t}_{99.9 \%}=10 \mathrm{t}_{1 / 2}$
2. Number of non polar molecules among following are :

HF, $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CO}_{2}, \mathrm{NH}_{3}, \mathrm{SO}_{2}, \mathrm{H}_{2}, \mathrm{CH}_{4}, \mathrm{BF}_{3}$
Ans. (4)
Sol. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}, \mathrm{H}_{2}, \mathrm{CH}_{4}, \mathrm{BF}_{3}$
3. 3 M NaOH solution is to be prepared using 84 g NaOH , then the volume of solution in litre is
$\qquad$ $\times 10^{-1}$
Ans. (7)
Sol. $3=\frac{84 / 40}{\mathrm{~V}_{\text {sol (L) }}}$
$\therefore \mathrm{V}_{\text {solution }}=0.7 \mathrm{~L}$
4. Select incorrect match :
(1) Haber process : Fe
(2) Polythene : Ziegler-Natta catalyst $\left[\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{6}+\mathrm{TiCl}_{4}\right]$
(3) Wacker's process : $\quad \mathrm{PtCl}_{2}$
(4) Photography : AgBr

Ans. (3)
Sol. Wacker's process : $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}$
5. 1 mole PbS is oxidised by x mole $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ liberating y mole $\mathrm{O}_{2}$.

Determine ( $\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{y}$ ).
Ans. (8)
Sol. $\mathrm{PbS}+4 \mathrm{O}_{3} \longrightarrow \mathrm{PbSO}_{4}+4 \mathrm{O}_{2}$
$x=4 ; y=4$
6. Spin only magnetic moment of $\left[\mathrm{Pt}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Cl}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right)\right] \mathrm{Cl}$ is :

Ans. (0)
Sol. $\quad \mathrm{Pt}^{+2}: 5 \mathrm{~d}^{8} \Rightarrow \mathrm{dsp}^{2} \&$ unpaired $\mathrm{e}^{-}=0 \Rightarrow$ Magnetic moment $=0$
7. $\mathbf{S - 1}$ : Formation of $\mathrm{Ce}^{4+}$ is favoured by inert gas configuration.

S-2: $\mathrm{Ce}^{4+}$ acts as strong oxidising agent \& converts to $\mathrm{Ce}^{3+}$.
Ans. Both S-1 \& S-2 are correct.
8. Which of the following can't act as oxidising agent ?
(1) $\mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-}$
(2) $\mathrm{N}^{3-}$
(3) $\mathrm{BrO}_{3}^{-}$
(4) $\mathrm{SO}_{4}{ }^{2-}$

Ans. (2)
Sol. In $\mathrm{N}^{-3}$, nitrogen is present in minimum O.N. \& hence it cannot act as oxidising agent.
9. The quantity which changes with temperature is:
(1) Molarity
(2) Molality
(3) Mole fraction
(4) Mass \%

Ans. (1)
Sol. Quantities involving volume are temperature dependent.
10. Reduction potential of hydrogen electrode at $\mathrm{pH}=3$ is $\qquad$

$$
\left(\frac{2.303 \mathrm{RT}}{\mathrm{~F}}=0.059\right)
$$

Ans. ( $\mathbf{- 0 . 1 7 7}$ volt)
Sol. $\quad \mathrm{H}^{+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{e}^{-} \longrightarrow \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { R.P. }=-\frac{0.059}{1} \log \left(\frac{1}{\mathrm{H}^{+}}\right) & =-0.059 \log \left(10^{+3}\right) \\
& =-0.059 \times 3=-0.177 \text { volt }
\end{aligned}
$$

Unleashing Potential
11. Identify the species in which central atom is in $\mathrm{d}^{2} \mathrm{sp}^{3}$ hybridisation :
(1) $\mathrm{SF}_{6}$
(2) $\mathrm{BrF}_{5}$
(3) $\left[\mathrm{PtCl}_{4}\right]^{2-}$
(4) $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}$

Ans. (4)
Sol. $\mathrm{SF}_{6}$
$\mathrm{BrF}_{5}$
$: \quad \mathrm{sp}^{3} \mathrm{~d}^{2}$
$\left[\mathrm{PtCl}_{4}\right]^{2-}$
$\mathrm{sp}^{3} \mathrm{~d}^{2}$
$\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+} \quad: \quad \mathrm{d}^{2} \mathrm{sp}^{3}$
12. $\Delta \mathrm{H}^{\circ}=+77.2 \mathrm{~kJ}, \Delta \mathrm{~S}^{\circ}=122 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{mol}-\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{T}=300 \mathrm{~K}, \log \mathrm{~K}=$ ?

Ans. (-7.07)
Sol. $\quad \Delta \mathrm{G}^{\circ}=-2.303 \mathrm{RTlogk}$
$77.2-\frac{300 \times 122}{1000}=\frac{-2.303 \times 8.314 \times 300 \log \mathrm{~K}}{1000}$
$\therefore \log \mathrm{K}=-7.07$
13. In group 16

Statement-I : Oxygen shows only -2 oxidation state.
Statement-II : On moving top to bottom, stability of +4 oxidation state decreases, whereas that of
+6 oxidation state increases.
(1) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct.
(2) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect.
(3) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect.
(4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct.

Ans. (2)
Sol. Statement-I : Since electronegativity of oxygen is very high, it shows only negative oxidation state as -2 except in the case of $\mathrm{OF}_{2}$ where its oxidation state is +2 .

Statement-II : The stability of +6 oxidation state decreases down the group and stability of +4 oxidation state increases (inert pair effect).

Unleashing Potential
14. How many of following has/have noble gas configuration?

$$
\mathrm{Sr}^{2+}, \mathrm{Cs}^{+}, \mathrm{Yb}^{+2}, \mathrm{La}^{2+}
$$

Ans. (2)
Sol. $\quad\left(\mathrm{Sr}^{2+}, \mathrm{Cs}^{+}\right)$
15. Which of the following has $d^{10}$ configuration ?
(1) $\mathrm{Cr}, \mathrm{Cd}, \mathrm{Cu}, \mathrm{Ag}$
(2) $\mathrm{Cd}, \mathrm{Cr}, \mathrm{Ag}, \mathrm{Zn}$
(3) $\mathrm{Ag}, \mathrm{Cr}, \mathrm{Cu}, \mathrm{Zn}$
(4) $\mathrm{Cu}, \mathrm{Cd}, \mathrm{Zn}, \mathrm{Ag}$

Ans. (4)
Sol. $\quad \mathrm{Cr}:[\mathrm{Ar}] 3 \mathrm{~d}^{5} 4 \mathrm{~s}^{1}$
$\mathrm{Cu}:[\mathrm{Ar}] 3 \mathrm{~d}^{10} 4 \mathrm{~s}^{1}$
$\mathrm{Ag}:[\mathrm{Kr}] 4 \mathrm{~d}^{10} 5 \mathrm{~s}^{1}$
$\mathrm{Zn}:[\mathrm{Ar}] 3 \mathrm{~d}^{10} 4 \mathrm{~s}^{2}$
$\mathrm{Cd}:[\mathrm{Kr}] 4 \mathrm{~d}^{10} 5 \mathrm{~s}^{2}$
16. Which of the following is used to identify the phenolic group test?
(1) Carbylamine test
(2) Lucas test
(3) Tollen's test
(4) Phthalein dye test

Ans. (4)
17.

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Ans. (2)
18. Match the column
(P)
 $\xrightarrow[\text { (ii) } \mathrm{H}^{+}]{\text {(i) } \mathrm{CHCl}_{3} / \mathrm{NaOH}}$
(1)

(Q)

(2)

(R)

(3)

(S)

(4)


Ans. (P) - (2) ; (Q) - (1) ; (R) - (4) ; (S) - (3)
19. When egg is boiled then which of the following structure of protein remains intact?
(1) Quaternary structure
(2) Primary structure
(3) Secondary structure
(4) Tertiary structure

Ans. (2)
20. Which of the following compound will not give $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{N}} 1$ reaction?
(1) $\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}$
(2) $\mathrm{Ph}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{Cl}$
(3) ${ }_{\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{C}}^{\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{C}}>\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{Cl}$
(4) $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{Cl}$

Ans. (4)
21. The second homologue of monocarboxylic acid is
(1) HCOOH
(2) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$
(3) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}$
(4) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{COOH}$

Ans. (2)
22.

(1) $\mathrm{Ph}-\stackrel{{ }_{\mathrm{C}}^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{OH}}{ }$
(2) $\mathrm{Ph}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{OH}$
(3) $\mathrm{Ph}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
(4) $\mathrm{Ph}-\underset{\mathrm{O}}{\mathrm{O}} \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$

Ans. (1)
23. When 9.3 gm of aniline in reacted with acetic anhydride then mass of acetanilide formed is [X] gm. Report your answer as 10X.

Sol.


Mole of Aniline $=\frac{9.3}{93}=0.1$
Mole of acetanilide $=0.1$
Mass of acetanilide $=0.1 \times 135=13.5 \mathrm{gm}$

$$
10 \mathrm{x}=13.5 \times 10=135 \mathrm{gm}
$$

24. The correct stability order of following resonating structures is
(I) $\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{O}$
(II) $\stackrel{\oplus}{\mathrm{C}}$

(III)

(1) II $>$ III $>$ I
(2) I $>$ II $>$ III
(3) I $>$ III $>$ II
(4) III $>$ II $>$ I

Ans. (2)

UnIeashing Potential
25. Steam volatile and water immiscible substances are separated by
(1) Steam distillation
(2) Fractional distillation under reduced pressure
(3) Fractional distillation
(4) Distillation.

Ans. (1)
26. How many of the following compounds contain chiral centre ?
(I)

(II)

(III)

(IV)

(V)

(VI)


Ans. 4 (I, III, IV, V)
27. The bond line representation of following compound is $\mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{OH})(\mathrm{CN})_{2}$
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Ans. (3)


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