KCET 2024 Biology Question Paper Code B2

Which among the following is used to treat 1. 6. Emphysema? (A) Human Hormone - α – Antitrypsin (B) Human α – Interferon (C) Human protein - α – Antitrypsin (D) Human α – Lactalbumin Ans. C Ans. B 2. Homeostasis is a condition where the 7. organisms (A) Maintain a constant internal environment in everchanging external environment (B) do not maintain a constant internal environment (C) Change their internal environment (D) 35% according to their external environment Ans. C (D) Change their internal environment when the external environment is constant 8. Ans. A 3. Which of the following is **not** a parasitic adaptation? (A) Loss of unnecessary sense organs (B) Absence of adhesive organs or suckers (C) Loss of digestive system Ans. D (D) High reproductive capacity Ans. B 9. DNA polymerase of Thermus aquaticus is 4. (A) Thermolabile (B) Thermophobic (C) Exonuclease (D) Thermostable Ans. D If a recombinant DNA bearing gene for 5. resistance to Ampicillin transferred into E.coli cells, host cells become transformed into Ans. B Ampicillin resistant cells. What happens when these E.coli are grown on medium containing 10. Ampicillin? (A) Non-transformants will grow and transformants will die

> Non-transformants (B) will die and transformant will grow

> (C) Both non-transformants and transformant will die

> (D) Both non-transformant and transformant will grow

Ans. B

- Which of the following based upon the principle of antigen-antibody interaction? (A) PCR (B) ELISA
 - (C) rDNA technology
 - (D) Gel Electrophoresis
- A strict protection of biodiversity hotspots could reduce the ongoing mass extinction by almost
 - (A) 20%
 - (B) 25%
 - (C) 30%
- Identify the *incorrect* match respect to recently extinct animals and their place extinction according to IUCN Red list
 - (A) Dodo-Mauritius
 - (B) Quagga Africa
 - (C) Thylacine Australia
 - (D) Steller's Sea Cow North America
- According to the hypothesis proposed by environmental biologists, a relatively constant environment in tropics promotes

(A) Niche specialization and lesser species diversity

(B) Niche specialization and greater species diversity

(C) Niche diversity and lesser species specialization

(D) Niche diversity and greater species specialization

- In the prevention of air pollution, the role of scrubber is to remove
 - (A) Particular SO₂
 - (B) Liquid SO₂
 - (C) Gaseous SO₂
 - (D) Liquid SO3



11. Match List-I with List-II and choose the correct answer.

List-I			List-II		
1)	Nitrogen	rich	p) Ozone depletion		
fertilizers					
2) Carbon dioxide		de	q) Eutrophication		
3) Carbon monoxide		oxide	r) Greenhouse effect		
4) CFC's			s) Air pollutant		
(A) 1-p, 2-q, 3-r, 4-s					
(B) 1-q, 2-r, 3-s, 4-p					
(C) 1-r, 2-s, 3-p, 4-q					
(D) 1-s, 2-p, 3-q, 4-r					

Ans. B

- Following representations P, Q and R denote few steps of Griffith Experiment. Identify the correct one(s)
 P. R strain → Inject into mice → Mice die
 - Q. S strain (Heat killed) \rightarrow Injected into mice \rightarrow Mice die
 - R. R strain \rightarrow Inject into mice \rightarrow Mice live
 - (A) P only
 - (B) R only
 - (C) P and R
 - (D) Q and R
- Ans. B
- 13. In tRNA the region that binds with mRNA is(A) Anticodon loop of tRNA
 - (B) Amino acid acceptor end tRNA
 - (C) Amino acyl synthetase loop of tRNA
 - (D) Ribosomal binding loop of tRNA
- Ans. A
- 14. The mRNA has Untranslated Regions (UTRs)
 - (A) At 3'-end beyond Terminator codon
 - (B) At 5'-end before AUG

(C) At both 3'-end and 5'-end beyond Terminator codon and before AUG respectively(D) AUG and Terminator codon flanks the UTR

Ans. C

- 15. In Structural gene, the template DNA strand has nucleotide sequences
 3'- ATGCATGCATGCATGC 5'.
 Find the correct and complimentary nucleotide
 - sequence on coding strand.
 - (A) 5' ATGCATGCATGCATGC 3'
 - (B) 3'- GCATGCATGCATGCAT 5'
 - (C) 5'- TACGTACGTACGTACG 3'
 (D) 3'- TACGTACGTACGTACG 5'

Ans. C

- 16. Read the following statements
 Statement I : All vertebrates develop a row of vestigial gill slits during embryonic stage.
 Statement II : Embryos always pass through the adult stages of other animals.
 Which of the following options is correct with reference to these statements.?

 (A) Statement I is correct, Statement II is incorrect.
 (B) Statement I is incorrect, Statement II is correct.
 (C) Both Statements I and II are correct.
 (D) Both Statements I and II are incorrect.

 17. Which of the following exhibits haplodiplontic
- 17. Which of the following exhibits haplodiplontic lifecycle ?
 - (A) Fucus
 - (B) Chlamydomonas
 - (C) Gelidium
 - (D) Ectocarpus
- Ans. D
- 18. Identify, the phylum which shows the following characteristics:

1. Animals are exclusively marine, radially symmetrical and diploblastic.

2. Body bears eight external rows of ciliated comb plates which help in locomotion.

3. Digestion is both extracellular and intracellular.

- 4. Reproduction only by sexual modes.
- (A) Coelenterate
- (B) Mollusca
- (C) Arthropoda
- (D) Ctenophora

Ans. D

- 19. When a flower has both stamens and carpels it is described as
 - (A) Asexual
 - (B) Unisexual
 - (C) Bisexual
 - (D) Dioecious

- 20. Ciliated epithelial cells are present in
 - (A) Kidneys
 - (B) Intestines
 - (C) Blood Vessels
 - (D) Bronchioles
- Ans. D



21. Which of the following statements is correct with reference to vacuoles? (A) It is membrane bound and contains storage proteins and lipids. (B) It is membrane bound and contains water and excretory substances. (C) It lacks membrane and contains air. (D) It lacks membrane and contains water and excretory substances Ans. B 22. Exoskeleton of Arthropods is made up of unique complex polysaccharide known as (A) Hyaluronic Acid (B) Chitin (C) Waxes (D) Cellulose Ans. B 23. The enzyme Recombinase is required at which stage of Meiosis I? (A) Pachytene (B) Zygotene. (C) Diplotene (D) Diakinesis Ans. A 24. The water potential of pure water is (A) One (B) Mote than one (C) Zero (D) less than zero Ans. C Match the pigments given in List I with their 25. colour in chromatogram given in List II.

List I	List II		
(Pigments)	(Colour in		
	chromatogram)		
1. Chlorophyll 'b'	p. Yellow orange		
2. Carotenoids	q. Orange red		
3. Chlorophyll 'a'	r. Yellow		
4. Xanthophylls	s. Blue green		
	t. Yellow green		

Choose the correct option from the following :

- (A) 1-s, 2-t, 3-r, 4-q
- (B) 1-p, 2-q, 3-r, 4-t
- (C) 1-t, 2-p, 3-s, 4-r
- (D) 1-t, 2-p, 3-r, 4-s

Ans. B

- 26. Which is the intermediate compound that links the end product of Glycolysis with TCA Cycle? (A) Acetyl CoA (B) Pyruvic Acid (C) OAA (D) Citric Acid Ans. A 27. Auxins : Apical dominance : : Gibberellins : (A) Adventitious shoot formation (B) Accelerates abscission (C) Closure of stomata (D) Bolting Ans. D 28. The term Uremia refers to (A) Accumulation of Urea in blood. (B) Presence of Glucose in the urine. (C) Accumulation of Uric acid in blood. (D) Accumulation of Uric acid in kidneys. Ans. A 29. The typical 'lub-dub' sounds heard during heartbeat are produced due to (A) Closure of semilunar valves (B) Closure of bicuspid and tricuspid valves (C) Closure of bicuspid and tricuspid valves followed by semilunar valves (D) Opening of bicuspid and tricuspid valves
 - followed by semilunar valves
 - Ans. C
 - 30. The functional unit of contraction is a

 (A) Portion of myofibril between two successive
 Z-lines"
 (B) Portion of myofibril between two successive
 M-lines
 (C) Centre of the H-zone
 - (D) Centre of the I-band

Ans. A



31. Match the parts of the brain given in List I with their functions given in List IL

	their functions given in List II.			
	List I	List II		
	(Parts of the brain)	(Functions)		
	1. Medulla oblongata	p. Body temperature		
	2. Hypothalamus	q. Olfaction		
	3. Cerebral cortex	r. Respiration		
	4. Limbic system	s. Motor function		
	Choose the correct optic	on from the following:		
	(A) 1-p, 2-r, 3-s, 4-q			
	(B) 1-q, 2-s, 3-r, 4-p			
	(C) 1-s, 2-p, 3-q, 4-r			
	(D) 1-r, 2-p, 3-s, 4-q			
Ans.	D			
32.	Hydra reproduces asexu (A) Zoospores (B) Conidia (C) Buds (D) Gemmule	ually by producing		
Ans.	С			
33. Ans.	When male and f morphologically distin known as (A) Homogametes (B) Heterogametes (C) Hermaphrodites (D) Sexual Dimorphism B			
34.	The role of Filiform apparatus in synergids is to			
	(A) Protect the egg appa	ratus		
	(B) Endosperm formation	on		
	(C) Guide the entry of p	ollen tube.		
	(D) Prevention of gamete	e entry		
Ans.	C			
35.	Transfer of pollen grains stigma of another flowe called (A) Xenogamy (B) Autogamy (C) Cleistogamy			
	(D) Geitonogamy			
Ans.	1)			

Ans. D

36. Match the content of List I with List II:

List I	List II
1. Polyembryony	p. Black pepper
2. Perisperm	q. Banana
3. False fruit	r. Lemon
4. Parthenocarpy	s. Apple

Choose the correct option from the following: (A) 1-r, 2-p, 3-s, 4-q (B) 1-p, 2-r, 3-s, 4-q (C) 1-q, 2-p, 3-s, 4-r (D) 1-r, 2-s, 3-p, 4-q Ans. A

- 37. Which of the following hormones is not secreted by human placenta? (A) Progestogen (B) HCG
 - (C) Estrogen
- (D) LH Ans. D
- 38. In human females, the endometrium of uterus consists of (A) Smooth muscle (B) Glandular layer
 - (C) Adipose layer
 - (D) Cartilaginous layer
- Ans. B
- 39. If two primary spermatocytes and two primary oocytes undergo meiosis simultaneously, what will be the ratio of spermatozoa and ova produced at the end of the gametogenesis? (A) 2:1
 - (B) 4:1
 - (C) 6:2
 - (D) 1:2

Ans. B

- 40. The Government of India legalised MTP with some strict regulations in the year (A) 1951
 - (B) 1961
 - (C) 1971
 - (D) 2001



41. The process in which a small part of the vas deferens is removed or tied up through a small incision, is called (A) MTP (B) Vasectomy (C) Tubectomy (D) GIFT Ans. B 42. Test cross in pea plant is (A) A cross between F_2 tall plant and recessive parent. (B) A cross between F_2 dwarf plant and recessive parent A cross between F_2 tall plant with (C) dominant parent. (D) A cross between two F_1 plants. Ans. A 43. The genotype ratio of incomplete dominance is (A) 3:1 (B) 1:2:1 (C) 1:1:2 (D) 9:3:3:1 Ans. B 44. Find the *incorrect* statement among the following: (A) In sex linked recessive traits the gene is transmitted from unaffected carrier female to some of male progeny. (B) Accumulation of phenylpyruvic acid in brain results in mental retardation (C) Individuals affected by Down's Syndrome will have congenital heart defect and are more intelligent. (D) Turner's Syndrome is caused due to the absence of one X- chromosome. Ans. C 45. In a dihybrid cross between a true breeding round yellow seeded and true breeding wrinkled green seeded pea plant, the ratio of segregation of round and wrinkled seed traits in F₂ is (A) 9:1 (B) 3:1 (C) 9:3

(D) 3:3

Ans. B

46. Stanley Miller simulated the conditions of pre

biotic earth using spark – discharge apparatus. Which organic compounds were observed by him on analysing the end product of his experiment?
(A) Pigments
(B) Fats
(C) Nitrogen bases
(D) Amino acids

Ans. D

- 47. Most ape like ancestral primate was
 (A) Dryopithecus
 (B) Ramapithecus
 (C) Australopithecus
 - (D) Neanderthal man

Ans. A

- 48. The principle of vaccination is based on which property of immune system?
 - (A) Memory
 - (B) Specificity
 - (C) Diversity
 - (D) Plasticity

Ans. A

- 49. Genome of HIV replicates in the macrophages with the help of an enzyme called
 - (A) DNA Polymerase
 - (B) RNA Polymerase
 - (C) Reverse Transcriptase
 - (D) DNA Ligase

Ans. C

50. Read the following statements:

Statement I: Morphine is obtained by acetylation of Heroin. **Statement II:** Cannabinoids are known for

their effect on cardiovascular system Which of the following options is correct with reference to these statements?

(A) Both Statements I and II are correct

(B) Statements I is correct and Statements II is incorrect

(C) Statements I is incorrect and Statements II is correct

(D) Both Statements I and II are incorrect



- 51. Mule is the result of
 - (A) Out-crossing
 - (B) Cross-breeding
 - (C) Interspecific hybridization
 - (D) Out-breeding
- Ans. C
- 52. Identify the bacterial disease among the following:
 - (A) Brown rust of wheat
 - (B) Tobacco mosaic disease
 - (C) Black rot of crucifers
 - (D) Late blight of potato
- Ans. C
- Match the nutrients given in List-I with the 53. source in List-II:

List-I	List-II	
1. Vitamin A	p. Bitter gourd	
2. Single cell protein	q. Beans	
3. Vitamin C	r. Carrots	
4. Protein	s. Spirulina spp	
Choose the correct option from the followin		

Choose the correct option from the following: (A) 1-p, 2-q, 3-r, 4-s (B) 1-r, 2-s, 3-p, 4-q

(C) 1-p, 2-r,	3-s, 4-q	(D) 1-q,	2-s,	3-р,	4

Ans. B

54. The chemical substances which are produced by some microbes which can kill or retard the growth of other microbes are known as (A) Statins (B) Streptokinases

- (D) Antibiotics
- (C) Cyclosporins

Ans. D

55. Select the correct statement from the following:

> (A) Methanobacterium is an aerobic bacteria found in the rumen of cattle.

> (B) Biogas is produced by the activity of aerobic bacteria

(C) Biogas in pure methane.

(D) Activated sludge in sediment tanks is a rich source of aerobic bacteria.

Ans. D

- 56. Which of these enzymes is required to cleave a plasmid?
 - (A) Ligase
 - (B) Endonuclease
 - (C) Exonuclease
 - (D) Polymerase

Ans. B

- 57. The natural reservoir of phosphorus is
 - (A) Rocks
 - (B) Soil solution
 - (C) Detritus (D) Atmosphere

Ans. A

58. The sequence of communities of primary succession in water is (A) Phytoplanktons \rightarrow Scrubs \rightarrow Free floating hydrophytes \rightarrow Rooted hydrophytes \rightarrow Grasses \rightarrow Trees. (B) Phytoplanktons Free floating \rightarrow hydrophytes \rightarrow Rooted hydrophytes \rightarrow Trees \rightarrow scrubs. (C) Free floating hydrophytes \rightarrow Scrubs \rightarrow Phytoplanktons \rightarrow Rooted hydrophytes \rightarrow Grasses \rightarrow Trees (D) Phytoplanktons \rightarrow Rooted hydrophytes \rightarrow Free floating hydrophytes \rightarrow Reed swamps \rightarrow Marsh meadows \rightarrow Scrubs \rightarrow Trees.

Ans. D

59. Match the type of adaptation given in List-I with their examples given in List-II. Select the option showing correct combination

	List-1		List-II
	(Types of		(Examples)
	adaptation)		
1.	Biochemical	p.	Desert lizards
	adaptation		
2.	Behavioural	q.	Deep sea fishes
	adaptation		
3.	Physiological	r.	Opuntia
	adaptation		
4.	Morphological	s.	Kangaroo rats
	adaptation		
(A) 1	(A) 1-q, 2-r, 3-s, 4-p		
(B) 1-p, 2-q, 3-r, 4-s			
(C) 1-q, 2-p, 3-s, 4-r			
(D) 1	l-s, 2-r, 3-q, 4-p		

Ans. C

60. The annual net primary productivity of the biosphere is approximately (A) 170 billion tons (B) 55 billion tons

- (C) 170 million tons
- (D) 55 million tons

Ans. A

