GMCH COMBINED ENTRANCE TEST (GCET-2023) Paper for 10+2 – Medical Group: Physics, Chemistry, Biology for

All Courses QUESTION BOOKLET

Time: 120 Minutes

Number of Question: 100

Maximum Marks: 100

Roll Nu	mber: In	figure	In Words
		3	
Signatu	re of the	Candidate	e:

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO

INSTRUCTIONS-

- Write your Roll Number and other details on the Question Booklet and also on the OMR Sheet in the spaces provided.
- 2. Do not make any identification marks on the OMR Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- 3. Please check that the Question Booklet contains 100 questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent/Invigilator within 10 minutes of the start of the test.
- 4. Each question has four alternative answer (A, B, C, D) out of which **only one is correct**. For each question, **darken only one bubble** (A, B, C, or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the OMR Answer sheet with **Blue / Black Ball Pen only**. Do not use Gel Pen/ink pen /Pencil etc. Do not Tick √ or × on the OMR Sheet.
- 5. Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the Questions given the Question Booklet.
- In case more than one bubble is darkened no marks will be given and the question will be treated as wrong.
- There will be no negative marking. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the OMR Answer sheet.
- 8. For rough work, use the blank sheet at the end of the Question Booklet.
- The question paper includes 50 MCQ biology (1-50), 25 MCQ Chemistry (51-75) and 25 MCQ Physics (76-100).
- 10. The OMR Answer sheet is designed for computer evaluation. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the OMR Answer sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. Any resultant loss to the candidates on the above account, i.e. not following instructions completely and properly, shall be the responsibility of the candidates only.
- 11. After the test, handover the Question Booklet and OMR sheet to the Invigilator on duty.
- 12. Candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper or the any assistance or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 13. Telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless, scanner, smart watch/watch etc. is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculators is not allowed.
- 14. Candidate should ensure accuracy of their personal details on the OMR Sheet i.e. Name and Roll No., signature and Left thumb impression. The personal details are to be filled in by the candidates with his/her own hand writing.

- 1. In the following, both autogamy and geitonogamy are prevented:
 - A. Castor
 - B. Maize
 - C. Wheat
 - D. Papaya
- The following juice secreted in the alimentary canal helps in the digestion of fats:
 - A. Salivary amylase
 - B. Hydrochloric acid
 - C. Lipase
 - D. Pepsin
- 3. The thick wall of a fruit that develops from the ovary is called
 - A. Parenchyma
 - B. Hilum
 - C. Pleurae
 - D. Pericarp
- 4. Lysosomes are produced by
 - A. Mitochondria
 - B. Leucoplasts
 - C. Nuclear membrane
 - D. Golgi bodies
- 5. The local population of a particular area is known by a term called
 - A. Locals
 - B. Race
 - C. Villagers
 - D. Demes
- 6. The process of the production of non-parental phenotypes is called:
 - A. Linkage
 - B. Recombination
 - C. Mutation
 - D. Replication
- 7. Filiform apparatus occurs in
 - A. Synergids
 - B. Antipodals
 - C. Egg nucleus
 - D. Secondary nucleus
- 8. Which one of the following is commonly used for transfer of foreign DNA into crop plants?
 - A. Trichoderma
 - B. Meloidogyne
 - C. Agrobacterium
 - D. Penicillium

- 9. Which of the following is obtained from genetic engineering?
 - A. Haemoglobin
 - B. Glucose
 - C. Golden rice
 - D. None of these
- 10. Gynecomastia is a common feature seen in
 - A. Down's syndrome
 - B. Turner's syndrome
 - C. Phenylketonuria
 - D. Klinefelter's syndrome
- DNA fingerprinting technique was discovered by
 - A. Wilmut
 - B. Jeffrev's
 - C. Einthoven
 - D. Kary Mullis
- 12. Which of the following oxidation require FAD as electron acceptor?
 - A. Alpha-ketoglutarate → Succinyl Co-A
 - B. Succinic acid Fumaric acid
 - C. Succinyl Co-A→ Succinic Acid
 - D. Fumaric acid → Malic acid
- 13. Photosynthetically Active Region (PAR) have the electromagnetic region of
 - A. 100-200 nm
 - B. 200-400 nm
 - C. 400-700 nm D. 800-900 nm
- 14. Bt toxins are initially inactive protoxins but after ingestion by insects their inactive toxin becomes active due to the
 - A. Alkaline pH of the gut
 - B. Acidic pH of the gut
 - C. Temperature of the gut
 - D. Hormone present in the gut
- 15. The role of DNA ligase in the construction of a recombinant DNA molecule is
 - A. Formation of phosphodiester bond between two DNA fragments
 - B. Formation of hydrogen bonds between sticky ends of DNA fragments
 - C. Ligation of all purine and pyrimidine bases
 - D. None of the above

- 16. Which one of these microbes is used in the commercial production of butyric acid?
 - A. Clostridium butylicum
 - B. Streptococcus butylicum
 - C. Trichoderma polysporum
 - D. Saccharomyces cerevisiae
- 17. Baker's yeast is
 - A. Propionibacterium shermanii
 - B. Saccharomyces cerevisiae
 - C. Trichoderma polysporum
 - D. Lactobacillus
- 18. The Infective stage of Plasmodium in humans is
 - A Merozoites
 - B. Ookinetes
 - C. Sporozoites
 - D. None of these
- 19. Mutational theory of evolution was given by
 - A. Charles Darwin
 - B. Robert Brown
 - C. Oparin
 - D. Hugo de Vries
- 20. Negatively regulatory proteins are called
 - A. Repressor
 - B. Catalytic proteins
 - C. Accessory proteins
 - D. All of the above
- 21. Phenylketonuria disease is a/an
 - A. Autosomal dominant
 - B. Autosomal recessive
 - C. Sex-linked recessive
 - D. Sex-linked dominant
- 22. Difference between ZIFT and IUT lies in
 - A. Methodology of fertilisation
 - B. Nature of the sperms that fuse ova
 - C. Nature of the cells transferred
 - D. Number of the cells transferred
- 23. Plants having little or no secondary growth are
 - A. Conifers
 - B. Deciduous angiosperms
 - C. Grasses
 - D. Cycads

- 24. In which part of the plant is the Quiescent centre found:
 - A. Root tip
 - B. Leaf tip
 - C. Shoot tip
 - D. Cambium
- 25. The actin binding sites are present in the following muscle component:
 - A. Troponin
 - B. Tropomyosin
 - C. Meromyosin
 - D. Intercalated disc
- 26. If an organism does not have Loop of Henle, it will result in
 - A. No urine excretion
 - B. Dilute urine
 - C. Concentrated urine
 - D. No change in urine
- 27. Winged pollen grains are present in:
 - A. Mango
 - B. Cycas
 - C. Mustard
 - D. Pinus
- 28. Emphysema is caused by damage to the
 - A. Trachea
 - B. Bronchi
 - C. Alveoli
 - D. Pulmonary vessels
- Wilson's disease is associated with the abnormal metabolism of
 - A. Iron
 - B. Potassium
 - C. Iodine
 - D. Copper
- 30. The phyto-hormone that was first isolated from human urine is
 - A. Auxin
 - B. ABA
 - C. Ethylene
 - D. Gibberellic acid
- 31. During which stage of spermatogenesis are the chromosomes associated with tetrads:
 - A. Pachytene
 - B. Leptotene
 - C. Zygotene
 - D. Diplotene

- 32. Malacophily is pollination by
 - A. Insects
 - B. Birds
 - C. Snails
 - D. Mammals
- 33. Male gametes whether 2-celled or 3-celled are identical in genetic make-up because of
 - A. Mitosis
 - B. Meiosis
 - C. Amitosis
 - D. Binary fission
- 34. ICSI stands for
 - A. Intra Cytoplasmic Smegma Infusion
 - B. Intra Cytoplasmic Sperm Injection
 - C. Intra Cytoplasmic Sperm Incubation
 - D. Intra Cervical Semen Injection
- In thalassemia, the affected chain/s of haemoglobin is/are
 - A. alpha-globin chain
 - B. beta-globin chain
 - C. Both (A) and (B)
 - D. None of these
- 36. Conversion of milk to curd improves its nutritional value by increasing the amount of:
 - A. Vitamin D
 - B. Vitamin A
 - C. Vitamin B-12
 - D. Vitamin E
- 37. The overlapping zone in between two ecosystems is known as:
 - A. Ecozone
 - B. Biotope
 - C. Ecotone
 - D. Horizon
- 38. The first experimental proof for semiconservative replication of DNA was shown in a:
 - A. Plant
 - B. Virus
 - C. Fungus
 - D. Bacterium
- 39. Genes which are located only in the Y-chromosome are known as:
 - A. Epistatic genes
 - B. Holandric genes
 - C. Operator genes
 - D. Anti-epistasis genes

- 40. The following is a hormone releasing IUD:
 - A. Cu7
 - B. LNG-20
 - C. Lippes loop
 - D. Multiload 375
- 41. The hormone responsible for uterine contraction during parturition is
 - A. Relaxin
 - B. Vasopressin
 - C. Oxytocin
 - D. Prolactin
- 42. The following plant shows a very close relationship with a species of moth, where none of the two can complete its life cycle without the other
 - A. Hydrilla
 - B. Yucca
 - C. Banana
 - D. Viola
- 43. Coconut water from a tender coconut is:
 - A. Immature embryo
 - B. Degenerated nucellus
 - C. Free nuclear endosperm
 - D. Innermost layers of the seed coat
- 44. Stock and scion are used in:
 - A. Grafting
 - B. Cutting
 - C. Layering
 - D. Micro-propagation
- 45. Floc is
 - A. a mesh-like structure formed by bacteria and fungi in sewage treatment.
 - B. the primary sludge produced in sewage treatment.
 - C. the effluent in primary treatment tank obtained during sewage treatment
 - D. a type of bio-fortified food
- 46. The following population interactions is widely used in medical science for the production of antibiotics:
 - A. Parasitism
 - B. Amensalism
 - C. Commensalism
 - D. Mutualism

- 47. The ecosystem with the maximum biomass is
 - A. Pond ecosystem
 - B. Lake ecosystem
 - C. Forest ecosystem
 - D. Grassland ecosystem
- 48. The drug Quinine is primarily:
 - A. Antiviral
 - B. Anti-Malarial
 - C. Anti-Bacterial
 - D. Anti-Fungal
- 49. Industrial melanism is a/an:
 - A. Effect of mutation
 - B. Effect of industrial pollution
 - C. Skin pigmentation in workers
 - D. Evidence of natural selection
- 50. DNA is not present in:
 - A. Nucleus
 - B. Chloroplast
 - C. Ribosomes
 - D. Mitochondria
- 51. The empirical formula and molecular mass of a compound are CH₂O and 180g respectively. Its molecular formula will be:
 - A. C9H18O9
 - B. CH₂O
 - C. C₆H₁₂O₆
 - D. C₂H₄O₂
- 52. The following statement about the electron is NOT CORRECT:
 - A. It is a negatively charged particle
 - B. The mass of electron is equal to the mass of neutron
 - C. It is a basic constituent of all atoms
 - D. It is a constituent of cathode rays
- 53. The elements in which electrons are progressively filled in 4f- orbital are called
 - A. Actinoids
 - B. Transition elements
 - C. Lanthanoids
 - D. Halogens

- 54. The following angle corresponds to sp² hybridisation
 - A. 90°
 - B. 120°
 - C. 180°
 - D. 109°
- 55. The following property of water explains the spherical shape of rain droplets:
 - A. Viscosity
 - B. Surface tension
 - C. Critical phenomena
 - D. Pressure
- 56. Acidity of BF₃ can be explained on the basis of which of the following concepts?
 - A. Arrhenius concept
 - B. Bronsted Lowry concept
 - C. Lewis concept
 - D. Bronsted Lowry and Lewis concept
- 57. The radioactive isotope of hydrogen is
 - A. Protium
 - B. Deuterium
 - C. Tritium
 - D. Hydronium
- 58. Alkali metals react with water vigorously to form hydroxides and dihydrogen. Which of the following alkali metals reacts with water LEAST vigorously?
 - A. Li
 - B. Na
 - C. K
 - D. Cs
- 59. By adding gypsum to cement
 - A. Setting time of cement becomes less
 - B. Setting time of cement increases
 - C. Colour of cement becomes light
 - D. Lustrous surface is obtained
- Quartz is extensively used as a piezoelectric material, it contains
 - A. Pb
 - B. Si
 - C. Ti
 - D. Sn

- 61. Isomerism is not possible in the following functional group
 - A. Alcohols
 - B. Aldehydes
 - C. Alkyl halides
 - D. Cyanides
- 62. If sewage containing organic waste is disposed in water bodies, the fishes in such a polluted water die because of
 - A. Large number of mosquitoes
 - B. Increase in the amount of dissolved oxygen
 - C. Decrease in the amount of dissolved oxygen
 - D. Clogging of gills by organic waste
- 63. The gaseous envelope around the earth is known as atmosphere. The lowest layer of this is extends about 10 km from sea level, this layer is called
 - A. Stratosphere
 - B. Troposphere
 - C. Mesosphere
 - D. Hydrosphere
- 64. Total number of orbitals associated with the third shell will be
 - A. 2
 - B. 4
 - C. 9
 - D. 3
- 65. Silicon doped with electron rich impurity forms
 - A. p-type semiconductor
 - B. n-type semiconductor
 - C. intrinsic semiconductor
 - D. insulator
- 66. Colligative properties depend on
 - A. the nature of the solute particles dissolved in solution.
 - B. the number of solute particles in solution.
 - C. the physical properties of the solute particles dissolved in solution.
 - D. the nature of the solvent particles

- 67. At high concentration of soap in water, soap behaves as
 - A. molecular colloid
 - B. associated colloid
 - C. macromolecular colloid
 - D. lyophilic colloid
- 68. Electrolytic refining can purify some metals. Identify the correct metal that can be purified by this method:
 - A. Copper
 - B. Germanium
 - C. Zirconium
 - D. Mercury
- 69. Which of the following species is not expected to be a ligand?
 - A. NO
 - B. NH₄⁺
 - C. NH₂CH₂CH₂NH₂
 - D. CO
- 70. An example of a vic-dihalide is
 - A. Dichloromethane
 - B. 1,2-dichloroethane
 - C. Ethylidene chloride
 - D. Allyl chloride
- 71. IUPAC name of m-cresol is
 - A. 3-methylphenol
 - B. 3-chlorophenol
 - C. 3-methoxyphenol
 - D. benzene-1,3-diol
- 72. Reduction of aromatic nitro compounds using Fe and HCl gives
 - A. aromatic oxime
 - B. aromatic hydrocarbon
 - C. aromatic primary amine
 - D. aromatic amide
- 73. Which of the following bases is not present in DNA?
 - A. Adenine
 - B. Thymine
 - C. Cytosine
 - D. Uracil

- 74. The compound which is added to soap to impart antiseptic properties is
 - A. Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - B. Sodium dodecylbenzenesulphonate
 - C. Rosin
 - D. Bithional
- 75. Freshly prepared precipitate sometimes gets converted to colloidal solution by
 - A. Coagulation
 - B. Electrolysis
 - C. Diffusion
 - D. Peptisation
- 76. The potential difference across a 3 Ohm Resistor is 6 Volts. The current (Amperes) flowing in the resistor is:
 - A. 0.5 amperes
 - B. 2.0 amperes
 - C. 4.0 amperes
 - D. 18 amperes
- 77. A coin (at rest) is dropped from the top of Qutab Minar and falls freely. What distance would it have fallen in 2 seconds ($g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$)
 - A. 4.9 metres
 - B. 9.8 metres
 - C. 19.6 metres
 - D. 29.4 metres
- 78. The Lift having Mass 100 kg is rising up with an acceleration of 4 metres / sec². The tension in the string is
 - A. 1380 N
 - B. 1980 N
 - C. 2380 N
 - D. 5680 N
- 79. If the momentum of a body rises by 20% then its kinetic energy rises by
 - A. 28%
 - B. 44%
 - C. 66%
 - D. 78%
- 80. A compound microscope has Objective of focal length 1.0 cm and eyepiece of focal length 2.0 cm. The tube length is 20 cm The magnification obtained is:
 - A. 150
 - B. 200
 - C. 250
 - D. 400

- 81. If R is the radius of the earth, then the acceleration due to gravity will be g / 4 at a height of
 - A. R
 - B. 2R
 - C. R/2
 - D. 3R
- 82. Work done in stretching a wire per unit volume is: (x is multiply by)
 - A. Stress x Strain
 - B. Stress / Strain
 - C. 1/2 Stress x Strain
 - D. 2 (Stress x Strain)
- 83. Water in a Capillary tube rises to a height of 6 cm. The area of cross-section of the capillary tube is made one fourth. The water will rise to
 - A. 6 cm
 - B. 12 cm
 - C. 18 cm
 - D. 24 cm
- 84. An example of an electric generator is a
 - A. Mixer-grinder
 - B. Electric car
 - C. Washing machine
 - D. Dynamo
- A real gas satisfies the Ideal Gas Equation only at
 - A. Low pressure, High Temperature
 - B. Low pressure, Low Temperature
 - C. High Pressure, High Temperature
 - D. High Pressure, Low temperature
- 86. A non-renewable source of energy is:
 - A. Coal
 - B. Biomass
 - C. Hydroenergy
 - D. Wood
- 87. The following material may be used to make a Faraday cage:
 - A. Plastic
 - B. Glass
 - C. Copper
 - D. Wood

- 88. An electric bulb is rated 220 Volts and 100 Watts. If it is operated at 110 Volts, the power consumed will be:
 - A. 100 Watts
 - B. 75 Watts
 - C. 50 Watts
 - D. 25 Watts
- 89. A potential difference of 200V is maintained across a conductor of resistance 100 ohms. The number of electrons passing through it in One Second are:
 - A. 1.25 x 10¹⁹
 - B. 2.5 x 10¹⁸
 - C. 1.25×10^{18}
 - D. 2.5×10^{16}
- 90. A man is standing 10 metres in front of a plane mirror. How far should he walk towards the mirror, so that he is 5 metres from his image
 - A. 7.5 metres
 - B. 5 metres
 - C. 4.5 metres
 - D. 2.5 metres
- 91. The angle between the incident ray and the surface of the plain mirror is 35 degrees. The angle of reflection is:
 - A. 35 degrees
 - B. 55 degrees
 - C. 70 degrees
 - D. 110 degrees
- 92. In a Compound Microscope, the images formed by the Objective AND Eye-piece are respectively:
 - A. Real, Virtual
 - B. Virtual, Real
 - C. Real, Real
 - D. Virtual, Virtual
- 93. Taking the Bohr radius as α₀=53 pm, the radius of Li⁺⁺ ion in its ground state on the basis of Bohr Model will be
 - A. 53 pm
 - B. 27 pm
 - C. 18 pm
 - D. 13 pm

- 94. The first Indian satellite to be launched into space was:
 - A. Aryabhata
 - B. Charaka
 - C. Bhaskara
 - D. Rohini
- 95. A ball of mass 0.2 kg is thrown vertically up with an initial velocity of 20 m/sec. The maximum potential energy it gains as it goes up will be:
 - A. 20 J
 - B. 40 J
 - C. 60 J
 - D. 80 J
- 96. A 60 kg man pushes a 40 kg man by a force of 60 N. The 40 kg man has pushed the 60 kg man with a force of:
 - A. 0 N
 - B. 20 N
 - C. 40 N
 - D. 60 N
- 97. When white light passes through a triangular prism, the maximum deviation occurs with the following colour:
 - A. Violet
 - B. Green
 - C. Yellow
 - D. Red
- 98. Air is pushed into a soap bubble of radius r to double its radius. If the surface tension of the soap bubble is T, the work done is:
 - A. $8 \pi r^2 T$
 - B. $12 \pi r^2 T$
 - C. $16 \pi r^2 T$
 - D. $24 \pi r^2 T$
- 99. The power of a lens is +2D. its focal length and type of lens is;
 - A. 20 cm concave
 - B. 50 cm convex
 - C. 20 cm convex
 - D. 50 cm concave
- 100. Two resistances R and 2R are connected in parallel in an electric circuit. The thermal energy developed in R and 2R are in the ratio:
 - A. 1:2
 - B. 2:1
 - C. 1:4
 - D. 4:1

Medical group 10+2

Q No	Key		Q No	Key		Q No	Key	Q No	Key		Q No	Key
1	D		21	В	H	41	С	61	С		81	Α
2	С		22	D		42	В	62	C		82	С
3	D		23	С		43	С	63	В		83	В
4	D		24	Α		44	A	64	C		84	D
5	D		25	С		45	Α	65	В		85	Α
6	В		26	В		46	В	66	В		86	Α
7	A		27	D		47	С	67	В		87	C
8	C		. 28	С		48	В	68	Α		88	D
9	С		29	D		49	D	69	В		89	Α
10	D		30	Α		50	С	70	В		90	Α
11	В		31	Α		51	С	71	Α	THE STATE OF	91	В
12	В		32	С		52	В	72	С	19	92	Α
13	С		33	Α	0	53	С	73	D		93	С
14	Α		34	В		54	В	74	D		94	Α
15	Α		35	С	6	55	В	75	D		95	В
16	A	H	36	С		56	С	76	В	1	96	D
17	В	H	37	С		57	С	77	С		97	A
18	C	3	38	D		58	Α	78	Α		98	D
19	D		.39	В		59	В	79	В		99	В
20	Α		40	В		60	В	80	C		100	В