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Section - A (Biology: Botany)

L01.	Which of the following plants is monoecious?					
	(1)	Carica papaya				
	(2)	Chara				

- (2) Chara
- (3) Marchantia polymorpha
- (4) Cycas circinalis

102. A typical angiosperm embryo sac at maturity is:

- (1) 8-nucleate and 7-celled
- (2) 7-nucleate and 8-celled
- (3) 7-nucleate and 7-celled
- (4) 8-nucleate and 8-celled

103. Gemmae are present in:

- (1) Mosses
- (2) Pteridophytes
- (3) Some Gymnosperms
- (4) Some Liverworts

104. When the centromere is situated in the middle of two equal arms of chromosomes, the chromosome is referred as:

- (1) Metacentric
- (2) Telocentric
- (3) Sub-metacentric
- (4) Acrocentric

105. Which of the following stages of meiosis involves division of centromere?

- (1) Metaphase I
- (2) Metaphase II
- (3) Anaphase II
- (4) Telophase II

106. The first stable product of CO_2 fixation in sorghum is :

- (1) Pyruvic acid
- (2) Oxaloacetic acid
- (3) Succinic acid
- (4) Phosphoglyceric acid

- **107.** The factor that leads to Founder effect in a population is:
 - (1) Natural selection
 - (2) Genetic recombination
 - (3) Mutation
 - (4) Genetic drift
- **108.** Which of the following is an **incorrect** statement?
 - (1) Mature sieve tube elements possess a conspicuous nucleus and usual cytoplasmic organelles.
 - (2) Microbodies are present both in plant and animal cells.
 - (3) The perinuclear space forms a barrier between the materials present inside the nucleus and that of the cytoplasm.
 - (4) Nuclear pores act as passages for proteins and RNA molecules in both directions between nucleus and cytoplasm.
- 109. Amensalism can be represented as:
 - (1) Species A(-); Species B(0)
 - (2) Species A(+); Species B(+)
 - (3) Species A(-); Species B(-)
 - (4) Species A(+); Species B(0)
- 110. The amount of nutrients, such as carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus and calcium present in the soil at any given time, is referred as:
 - (1) Climax
 - (2) Climax community
 - (3) Standing state
 - (4) Standing crop
- **111.** Which of the following algae contains mannitol as reserve food material?
 - (1) Ectocarpus
 - (2) Gracilaria
 - (3) Volvox
 - (4) Ulothrix
- 112. Inspite of interspecific competition in nature, which mechanism the competing species might have evolved for their survival?
 - (1) Resource partitioning
 - (2) Competitive release
 - (3) Mutualism
 - (4) Predation

- **113.** Genera like *Selaginella* and *Salvinia* produce two kinds of spores. Such plants are known as:
 - (1) Homosorus
 - (2) Heterosorus
 - (3) Homosporous
 - (4) Heterosporous
- **114.** The site of perception of light in plants during photoperiodism is:
 - (1) Shoot apex
 - (2) Stem
 - (3) Axillary bud
 - (4) Leaf
- 115. Plants follow different pathways in response to environment or phases of life to form different kinds of structures. This ability is called:
 - (1) Elasticity
 - (2) Flexibility
 - (3) Plasticity
 - (4) Maturity
- 116. Match List I with List II.

	List - I		List - II
(a)	Cristae	(i)	Primary constriction in
(a)	Cristae	(1)	chromosome
(b)	Thylakoids	(ii)	Disc-shaped sacs in
(b)	Thylakolus	(11)	Golgi apparatus
(c)	Centromere	(iii)	Infoldings in
(0)			mitochondria
		(iv)	Flattened membranous
(d)	Cisternae		sacs in stroma of
			plastids

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(4)	(;;)	(;;;)	(irr)	(i)

117. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I	List - II		
(a)	Cohesion	(i)	More attraction in liquid phase	
(b)	Adhesion	(ii)	Mutual attraction among water molecules	
(c)	Surface tension	(iii)	Water loss in liquid phase	
(d)	Guttation	(iv)	Attraction towards polar surfaces	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)

- **118.** DNA strands on a gel stained with ethidium bromide when viewed under UV radiation, appear as:
 - (1) Yellow bands
 - (2) Bright orange bands
 - (3) Dark red bands
 - (4) Bright blue bands
- 119. The term used for transfer of pollen grains from anthers of one plant to stigma of a different plant which, during pollination, brings genetically different types of pollen grains to stigma, is:
 - (1) Xenogamy
 - (2) Geitonogamy
 - (3) Chasmogamy
 - (4) Cleistogamy
- **120.** Which of the following algae produce Carrageen?
 - (1) Green algae
 - (2) Brown algae
 - (3) Red algae
 - (4) Blue-green algae
- **121.** Which of the following statements is **not** correct?
 - (1) Pyramid of biomass in sea is generally inverted.
 - (2) Pyramid of biomass in sea is generally upright.
 - (3) Pyramid of energy is always upright.
 - (4) Pyramid of numbers in a grassland ecosystem is upright.

122. In the equation GPP - R = NPP

R represents:

- (1) Radiant energy
- (2) Retardation factor
- (3) Environment factor
- (4) Respiration losses
- 123. Diadelphous stamens are found in:
 - (1) China rose
 - (2) Citrus
 - (3) Pea
 - (4) China rose and citrus
- **124.** When gene targetting involving gene amplification is attempted in an individual's tissue to treat disease, it is known as:
 - (1) Biopiracy
 - (2) Gene therapy
 - (3) Molecular diagnosis
 - (4) Safety testing
- 125. Match List I with List II.

	List - I	List - II		
(a)	Lenticels	(i)	Phellogen	
(b)	Cork cambium	(ii)	Suberin deposition	
(c)	Secondary cortex	(iii)	Exchange of gases	
(d)	Cork	(iv)	Phelloderm	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)
(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(4)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)

- 126. The production of gametes by the parents, formation of zygotes, the ${\rm F}_1$ and ${\rm F}_2$ plants, can be understood from a diagram called :
 - (1) Bullet square
 - (2) Punch square
 - (3) Punnett square
 - (4) Net square
- **127.** Which of the following is a **correct** sequence of steps in a PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction)?
 - (1) Denaturation, Annealing, Extension
 - (2) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing
 - (3) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing
 - (4) Annealing, Denaturation, Extension

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- **128.** Mutations in plant cells can be induced by:
 - (1) Kinetin
 - (2) Infrared rays
 - (3) Gamma rays
 - (4) Zeatin
- 129. Match List I with List II.

	List - I	List - II		
(a)	Protoplast fusion	(i)	Totipotency	
(b)	Plant tissue culture	(ii)	Pomato	
(c)	Meristem culture	(iii)	Somaclones	
(d)	Micropropagation	(iv)	Virus free plants	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (2) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- **130.** During the purification process for recombinant DNA technology, addition of chilled ethanol precipitates out:
 - (1) RNA
 - (2) DNA
 - (3) Histones
 - (4) Polysaccharides
- **131.** Complete the flow chart on central dogma.
 - (a) $(DNA \xrightarrow{(b)} mRNA \xrightarrow{(c)} (d)$
 - (1) (a)-Replication; (b)-Transcription;
 - (c)-Transduction; (d)-Protein
 - (2) (a)-Translation; (b)-Replication; (c)-Transcription; (d)-Transduction
 - (3) (a)-Replication; (b)-Transcription; (c)-Translation; (d)-Protein
 - (c)-Translation, (d)-Trotein
 - (4) (a)-Transduction; (b)-Translation; (c)-Replication; (d)-Protein
- **132.** Which of the following is **not** an application of PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction)?
 - (1) Molecular diagnosis
 - (2) Gene amplification
 - (3) Purification of isolated protein
 - (4) Detection of gene mutation

- **133.** The plant hormone used to destroy weeds in a field is:
 - (1) IAA
 - (2) NAA
 - (3) 2, 4-D
 - (4) IBA
- 134. Match List I with List II.

	List - I	List - II		
(a)	Cells with active cell	(i)	Vascular	
(a)	division capacity	(1)	tissues	
	Tissue having all cells		Meristematic	
(b)	imilar in structure (ii)		tissue	
	and function		ussue	
(c)	Tissue having	Tissue having		
(0)	different types of cells	(111)	Sclereids	
	Dead cells with highly			
(d)	thickened walls and		Simple tissue	
	narrow lumen			

Select the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
- (2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (3) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
- **135.** Which of the following are **not** secondary metabolites in plants?
 - (1) Morphine, codeine
 - (2) Amino acids, glucose
 - (3) Vinblastin, curcumin
 - (4) Rubber, gums

Section - B (Biology : Botany)

- 136. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
 - (1) During aerobic respiration, role of oxygen is limited to the terminal stage.
 - (2) In ETC (Electron Transport Chain), one molecule of NADH+H+ gives rise to $2\,\mathrm{ATP}$ molecules, and one FADH₂ gives rise to $3\,\mathrm{ATP}$ molecules.
 - (3) ATP is synthesized through complex V.
 - (4) Oxidation-reduction reactions produce proton gradient in respiration.

137. Match Column - I with Column - II.

	Column - I	Column - II		
(a)	Nitrococcus	(i)	Denitrification	
(b)	(b) Rhizobium (ii)		Conversion of	
(b)	11111200111111	(ii)	ammonia to nitrite	
(a)	Thio bacillus	(iii)	Conversion of nitrite	
(6)			to nitrate	
		(iv)	Conversion of	
(d)	Nitrobacter		atmospheric nitrogen	
			to ammonia	

Choose the **correct** answer from options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
- (2) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (3) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

138. Match Column - I with Column - II.

Column - I

Column - II

- (a) $\% \oint K_{(5)} C_{1+2+(2)} A_{(9)+1} \underline{G}_1$
- (i) Brassicaceae
- (b) $\oplus \not \subset K_{(5)}\widehat{C_{(5)}}A_5\underline{G}$
- (ii) Liliaceae
- (c) $\oplus Q \widehat{P_{(3+3)}} A_{3+3} \underline{G_{(3)}}$
- (iii) Fabaceae
- (d) $\oplus \not \subseteq K_{2+2}C_4A_{2-4}G_{(2)}$
- (iv) Solanaceae

Select the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (2) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (3) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (4) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)

139. Identify the **correct** statement.

- (1) In capping, methyl guanosine triphosphate is added to the 3' end of hnRNA.
- (2) RNA polymerase binds with Rho factor to terminate the process of transcription in bacteria.
- (3) The coding strand in a transcription unit is copied to an mRNA.
- (4) Split gene arrangement is characteristic of prokaryotes.

140. Which of the following statements is **correct**?

- (1) Fusion of two cells is called Karyogamy.
- (2) Fusion of protoplasms between two motile on non-motile gametes is called plasmogamy.
- (3) Organisms that depend on living plants are called saprophytes.
- (4) Some of the organisms can fix atmospheric nitrogen in specialized cells called sheath cells.

141. Select the correct pair.

- (1) Large colorless empty Subsidiary cells cells in the epidermis of grass leaves
- (2) In dicot leaves, vascular Conjunctive bundles are surrounded tissue by large thick-walled cells
- (3) Cells of medullary rays Interfascicular that form part of cambium cambial ring
- (4) Loose parenchyma cells Spongy rupturing the epidermis parenchyma and forming a lensshaped opening in bark

142. DNA fingerprinting involves identifying differences in some specific regions in DNA sequence, called as:

- (1) Satellite DNA
- (2) Repetitive DNA
- (3) Single nucleotides
- (4) Polymorphic DNA

143. In some members of which of the following pairs of families, pollen grains retain their viability for months after release?

- (1) Poaceae; Rosaceae
- (2) Poaceae; Leguminosae
- (3) Poaceae; Solanaceae
- (4) Rosaceae; Leguminosae

144. Which of the following statements is **incorrect**?

- (1) Both ATP and NADPH+H+ are synthesized during non-cyclic photophosphorylation.
- (2) Stroma lamellae have PS I only and lack NADP reductase.
- (3) Grana lamellae have both PS I and PS II.
- (4) Cyclic photophosphorylation involves both PS I and PS II.

- **145.** What is the role of RNA polymerase III in the process of transcription in eukaryotes?
 - (1) Transcribes rRNAs (28S, 18S and 5.8S)
 - (2) Transcribes tRNA, 5s rRNA and snRNA
 - (3) Transcribes precursor of mRNA
 - (4) Transcribes only snRNAs
- 146. In the exponential growth equation

 $N_t = N_o e^{rt}$, e represents:

- (1) The base of number logarithms
- (2) The base of exponential logarithms
- (3) The base of natural logarithms
- (4) The base of geometric logarithms
- 147. Now a days it is possible to detect the mutated gene causing cancer by allowing radioactive probe to hybridise its complimentary DNA in a clone of cells, followed by its detection using autoradiography because:
 - (1) mutated gene partially appears on a photographic film.
 - (2) mutated gene completely and clearly appears on a photographic film.
 - (3) mutated gene does not appear on a photographic film as the probe has no complimentarity with it.
 - (4) mutated gene does not appear on photographic film as the probe has complimentarity with it.
- 148. Match List I with List II.

	List - I	List - II		
(a)	Protein	(i)	C = C double bonds	
(b)	Unsaturated fatty acid	(ii)	Phosphodiester bonds	
(c)	Nucleic acid	(iii)	Glycosidic bonds	
(d)	Polysaccharide	(iv)	Peptide bonds	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(2)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)

149. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I	List - II		
(a)	S phase	(i)	Proteins are synthesized	
(b)	G_2 phase	(ii)	Inactive phase	
(c)	Quiescent stage	(iii)	Interval between mitosis and initiation of DNA replication	
(d)	G1 phase	(iv)	DNA replication	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)
(2)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)

- 150. Plasmid pBR322 has PstI restriction enzyme site within gene amp^R that confers ampicillin resistance. If this enzyme is used for inserting a gene for β -galactoside production and the recombinant plasmid is inserted in an E.coli strain
 - (1) it will not be able to confer ampicillin resistance to the host cell.
 - (2) the transformed cells will have the ability to resist ampicillin as well as produce β -galactoside.
 - (3) it will lead to lysis of host cell.
 - (4) it will be able to produce a novel protein with dual ability.