

# CHEMISTRY

## SECTION-A

51. The **incorrect** statement regarding enzymes is
- (1) Enzymes are biocatalysts.
  - (2) Like chemical catalysts enzymes reduce the activation energy of bio processes.
  - (3) Enzymes are polysaccharides.
  - (4) Enzymes are very specific for a particular reaction and substrate.

**Answer (3)**

52. The IUPAC name of the complex-  
 $[Ag(H_2O)_2][Ag(CN)_2]$  is:
- (1) dicyanosilver(II) diaquaargentate(II)
  - (2) diaquasilver(II) dicyanidoargentate(II)
  - (3) dicyanosilver(I) diaquaargentate(I)
  - (4) diaquasilver(I) dicyanidoargentate(I)

**Answer (4)**

53. Given below are two statements: one is labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other is labelled as **Reason (R)**.

**Assertion (A):**

In a particular point defect, an ionic solid is electrically neutral, even if few of its cations are missing from its unit cells.

**Reason (R):**

In an ionic solid, Frenkel defect arises due to dislocation of cation from its lattice site to interstitial site, maintaining overall electrical neutrality.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (3) (A) is correct but (R) is not correct
- (4) (A) is not correct but (R) is correct

**Answer (2)**

54. Gadolinium has a low value of third ionisation enthalpy because of
- (1) small size
  - (2) high exchange enthalpy
  - (3) high electronegativity
  - (4) high basic character

**Answer (2)**

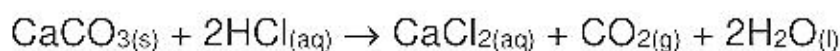
55. Which statement regarding polymers is **not correct**?
- (1) Elastomers have polymer chains held together by weak intermolecular forces
  - (2) Fibers possess high tensile strength
  - (3) Thermoplastic polymers are capable of repeatedly softening and hardening on heating and cooling respectively
  - (4) Thermosetting polymers are reusable

**Answer (4)**

56. Which one is not correct mathematical equation for Dalton's Law of partial pressure? Here  $p$  = total pressure of gaseous mixture
- (1)  $p = p_1 + p_2 + p_3$
- (2)  $p = n_1 \frac{RT}{V} + n_2 \frac{RT}{V} + n_3 \frac{RT}{V}$
- (3)  $p_i = \chi_i p$ , where  $p_i$  = partial pressure of  $i^{\text{th}}$  gas  
 $\chi_i$  = mole fraction of  $i^{\text{th}}$  gas in gaseous mixture
- (4)  $p_i = \chi_i p_i^\circ$ , where  $\chi_i$  = mole fraction of  $i^{\text{th}}$  gas in gaseous mixture  
 $p_i^\circ$  = pressure of  $i^{\text{th}}$  gas in pure state

**Answer (4)**

57. What mass of 95% pure  $\text{CaCO}_3$  will be required to neutralise 50 mL of 0.5 M HCl solution according to the following reaction?



[Calculate upto second place of decimal point]

- (1) 1.25 g (2) 1.32 g  
(3) 3.65 g (4) 9.50 g

**Answer (2)**

58. The IUPAC name of an element with atomic number 119 is

- (1) ununennium (2) unnilennium  
(3) unununnium (4) ununoctium

**Answer (1)**

59. Given below are two statements

**Statement I:**

In the coagulation of a negative sol, the flocculating power of the three given ions is in the order  $\text{Al}^{3+} > \text{Ba}^{2+} > \text{Na}^+$

**Statement II:**

In the coagulation of a positive sol, the flocculating power of the three given salts is in the order  $\text{NaCl} > \text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4 > \text{Na}_3\text{PO}_4$

In the light of the above statements, choose the most **appropriate** answer from the options given below

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct.  
(2) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect.  
(3) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect.  
(4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct.

**Answer (3)**

60. The pH of the solution containing 50 mL each of 0.10 M sodium acetate and 0.01 M acetic acid is [Given  $pK_a$  of  $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH} = 4.57$ ]

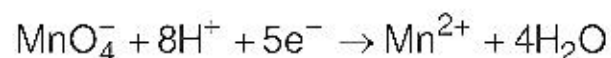
- (1) 5.57 (2) 3.57  
(3) 4.57 (4) 2.57

**Answer (1)**

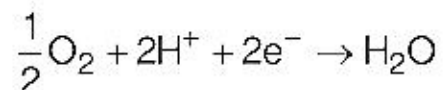
61. Which of the following statement is not correct about diborane?
- (1) There are two 3-centre-2-electron bonds.
  - (2) The four terminal B-H bonds are two centre two electron bonds.
  - (3) The four terminal Hydrogen atoms and the two Boron atoms lie in one plane.
  - (4) Both the Boron atoms are  $sp^2$  hybridised.

**Answer (4)**

62. Given below are half cell reactions:



$$E_{\text{Mn}^{2+}/\text{MnO}_4^-}^\circ = -1.510 \text{ V}$$



$$E_{\text{O}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}}^\circ = +1.223 \text{ V}$$

Will the permanganate ion,  $\text{MnO}_4^-$  liberate  $\text{O}_2$  from water in the presence of an acid?

- (1) Yes, because  $E_{\text{cell}}^\circ = + 0.287 \text{ V}$
- (2) No, because  $E_{\text{cell}}^\circ = - 0.287 \text{ V}$
- (3) Yes, because  $E_{\text{cell}}^\circ = + 2.733 \text{ V}$
- (4) No, because  $E_{\text{cell}}^\circ = - 2.733 \text{ V}$

**Answer (1)**

63. Given below are two statements

**Statement I:**

The acidic strength of monosubstituted nitrophenol is higher than phenol because of electron withdrawing nitro group.

**Statement II:**

*o*-nitrophenol, *m*-nitrophenol and *p*-nitrophenol will have same acidic strength as they have one nitro group attached to the phenolic ring.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct.
- (2) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect.
- (3) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect.
- (4) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct.

**Answer (3)**

64. Given below are two statements

**Statement I:**

Primary aliphatic amines react with  $\text{HNO}_2$  to give unstable diazonium salts.

**Statement II:**

Primary aromatic amines react with  $\text{HNO}_2$  to form diazonium salts which are stable even above 300 K. In the light of the above statements, choose the most **appropriate** answer from the options given below

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct.
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect.
- (3) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect.
- (4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct.

**Answer (3)**

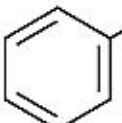
65. Amongst the following which one will have maximum 'lone pair - lone pair' electron repulsions?
- (1)  $\text{ClF}_3$  (2)  $\text{IF}_5$   
 (3)  $\text{SF}_4$  (4)  $\text{XeF}_2$

**Answer (4)**

66. The **incorrect** statement regarding chirality is
- (1)  $\text{S}_{\text{N}}1$  reaction yields 1 : 1 mixture of both enantiomers  
 (2) The product obtained by  $\text{S}_{\text{N}}2$  reaction of haloalkane having chirality at the reactive site shows inversion of configuration  
 (3) Enantiomers are superimposable mirror images on each other  
 (4) A racemic mixture shows zero optical rotation

**Answer (3)**

67. Which of the following sequence of reactions is suitable to synthesize chlorobenzene?

- (1) Benzene,  $\text{Cl}_2$ , anhydrous  $\text{FeCl}_3$  (2) Phenol,  $\text{NaNO}_2$ ,  $\text{HCl}$ ,  $\text{CuCl}$   
 (3) ,  $\text{HCl}$  (4) ,  $\text{HCl}$ , Heating

**Answer (1)**

68. Match **List-I** with **List-II**.

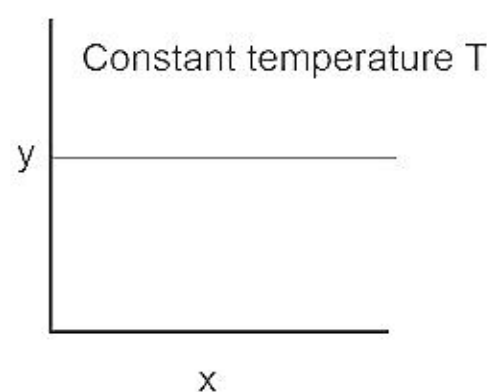
<b>List-I</b> (Drug class)	<b>List-II</b> (Drug molecule)
(a) Antacids	(i) Salvarsan
(b) Antihistamines	(ii) Morphine
(c) Analgesics	(iii) Cimetidine
(d) Antimicrobials	(iv) Seldane

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (a) - (iii), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iv), (d) - (i) (2) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (ii), (d) - (i)  
 (3) (a) - (i), (b) - (iv), (c) - (ii), (d) - (iii) (4) (a) - (iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (i), (d) - (ii)

**Answer (2)**

69. The given graph is a representation of kinetics of a reaction.



The y and x axes for zero and first order reactions, respectively are

- (1) zero order ( $y = \text{concentration}$  and  $x = \text{time}$ ), first order ( $y = t_{1/2}$  and  $x = \text{concentration}$ )  
 (2) zero order ( $y = \text{concentration}$  and  $x = \text{time}$ ), first order ( $y = \text{rate constant}$  and  $x = \text{concentration}$ )  
 (3) zero order ( $y = \text{rate}$  and  $x = \text{concentration}$ ), first order ( $y = t_{1/2}$  and  $x = \text{concentration}$ )  
 (4) zero order ( $y = \text{rate}$  and  $x = \text{concentration}$ ), first order ( $y = \text{rate}$  and  $x = t_{1/2}$ )

**Answer (3)**

70. Given below are two statements: one is labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other is labelled as **Reason (R)**.

**Assertion (A):** ICl is more reactive than I<sub>2</sub>.

**Reason (R):** I-Cl bond is weaker than I-I bond.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most **appropriate** answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (3) (A) is correct but (R) is not correct
- (4) (A) is not correct but (R) is correct

**Answer (1)**

71. Choose the correct statement:

- (1) Diamond and graphite have two dimensional network.
- (2) Diamond is covalent and graphite is ionic.
- (3) Diamond is sp<sup>3</sup> hybridised and graphite is sp<sup>2</sup> hybridized.
- (4) Both diamond and graphite are used as dry lubricants.

**Answer (3)**

72. Identify the **incorrect** statement from the following.

- (1) All the five 5d orbitals are different in size when compared to the respective 4d orbitals.
- (2) All the five 4d orbitals have shapes similar to the respective 3d orbitals.
- (3) In an atom, all the five 3d orbitals are equal in energy in free state.
- (4) The shapes of d<sub>xy</sub>, d<sub>yz</sub> and d<sub>zx</sub> orbitals are similar to each other; and d<sub>x<sup>2</sup>-y<sup>2</sup></sub> and d<sub>z<sup>2</sup></sub> are similar to each other.

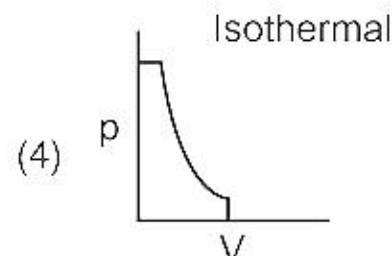
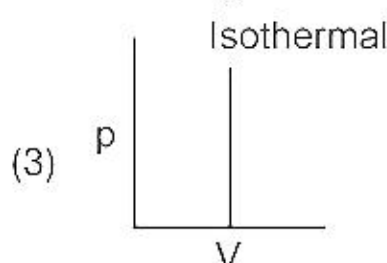
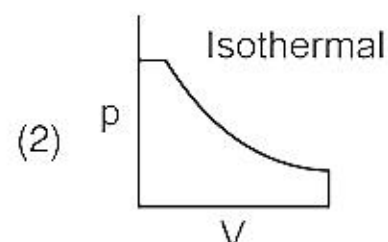
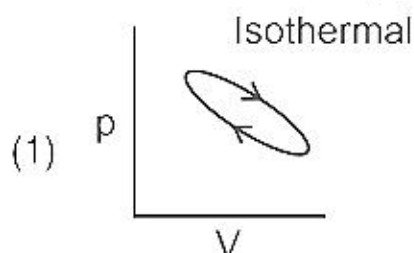
**Answer (4)**

73. Identify the incorrect statement from the following

- (1) Alkali metals react with water to form their hydroxides.
- (2) The oxidation number of K in KO<sub>2</sub> is +4.
- (3) Ionisation enthalpy of alkali metals decreases from top to bottom in the group.
- (4) Lithium is the strongest reducing agent among the alkali metals.

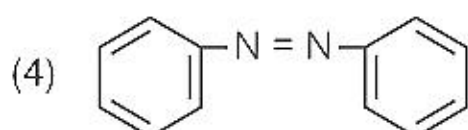
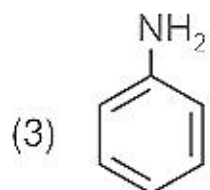
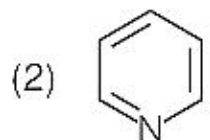
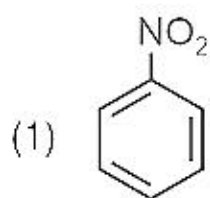
**Answer (2)**

74. Which of the following p-V curve represents maximum work done?



**Answer (2)**

75. The Kjeldahl's method for the estimation of nitrogen can be used to estimate the amount of nitrogen in which one of the following compounds?



**Answer (3)**

76. Match List-I with List-II.

**List – I**  
**(Hydrides)**

- (a)  $MgH_2$   
(b)  $GeH_4$   
(c)  $B_2H_6$   
(d)  $HF$

**List – II**  
**(Nature)**

- (i) Electron precise  
(ii) Electron deficient  
(iii) Electron rich  
(iv) Ionic

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (1) (a) – (iv), (b) – (i), (c) – (ii), (d) – (iii)  
(2) (a) – (iii), (b) – (i), (c) – (ii), (d) – (iv)  
(3) (a) – (i), (b) – (ii), (c) – (iv), (d) – (iii)  
(4) (a) – (ii), (b) – (iii), (c) – (iv), (d) – (i)

**Answer (1)**

77. Given below are two statements

**Statement I**

The boiling points of the following hydrides of group 16 elements increases in the order –  
 $H_2O < H_2S < H_2Se < H_2Te$

**Statement II**

The boiling points of these hydrides increase with increase in molar mass.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below :

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct  
(2) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect  
(3) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect  
(4) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct

**Answer (2)**

78. Which amongst the following is **incorrect** statement?
- (1) The bond orders of  $O_2^+$ ,  $O_2$ ,  $O_2^-$  and  $O_2^{2-}$  are 2.5, 2, 1.5 and 1, respectively
  - (2)  $C_2$  molecule has four electrons in its two degenerate  $\pi$  molecular orbitals
  - (3)  $H_2^+$  ion has one electron
  - (4)  $O_2^+$  ion is diamagnetic

**Answer (4)**

79. Match List-I with List-II.

**List – I**

**(Products formed)**

- (a) Cyanohydrin
- (b) Acetal
- (c) Schiff's base
- (d) Oxime

**List – II**

**(Reaction of carbonyl compound with)**

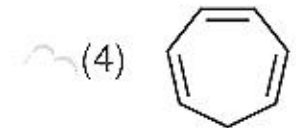
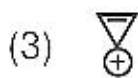
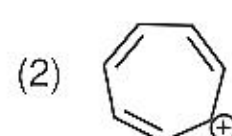
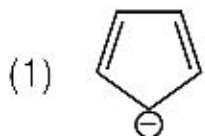
- (i)  $NH_2OH$
- (ii)  $RNH_2$
- (iii) alcohol
- (iv) HCN

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (1) (a) – (iii), (b) – (iv), (c) – (ii), (d) – (i)
- (2) (a) – (ii), (b) – (iii), (c) – (iv), (d) – (i)
- (3) (a) – (i), (b) – (iii), (c) – (ii), (d) – (iv)
- (4) (a) – (iv), (b) – (iii), (c) – (ii), (d) – (i)

**Answer (4)**

80. Which compound amongst the following is **not** an aromatic compound?



**Answer (4)**

81. At 298 K, the standard electrode potentials of  $Cu^{2+} / Cu$ ,  $Zn^{2+} / Zn$ ,  $Fe^{2+} / Fe$  and  $Ag^+ / Ag$  are 0.34 V, -0.76 V, -0.44 V and 0.80 V, respectively.

On the basis of standard electrode potential, predict which of the following reaction cannot occur?

- (1)  $CuSO_4(aq) + Zn(s) \rightarrow ZnSO_4(aq) + Cu(s)$
- (2)  $CuSO_4(aq) + Fe(s) \rightarrow FeSO_4(aq) + Cu(s)$
- (3)  $FeSO_4(aq) + Zn(s) \rightarrow ZnSO_4(aq) + Fe(s)$
- (4)  $2CuSO_4(aq) + 2Ag(s) \rightarrow 2Cu(s) + Ag_2SO_4(aq)$

**Answer (4)**

82.  $RMgX + CO_2 \xrightarrow[\text{ether}]{\text{dry}} Y \xrightarrow{H_3O^+} RCOOH$

What is Y in the above reaction?

- (1)  $RCOO-Mg^+X$
- (2)  $R_3CO-Mg^+X$
- (3)  $RCOO-X^+$
- (4)  $(RCOO)_2Mg$

**Answer (1)**

83. In one molal solution that contains 0.5 mole of a solute, there is
- (1) 500 mL of solvent
  - (2) 500 g of solvent
  - (3) 100 mL of solvent
  - (4) 1000 g of solvent

**Answer (2)**

84. Match **List-I** with **List-II**

**List-I**

- (a) Li
- (b) Na
- (c) KOH
- (d) Cs

**List-II**

- (i) absorbent for carbon dioxide
- (ii) electrochemical cells
- (iii) coolant in fast breeder reactors
- (iv) photoelectric cell

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (a) - (iv), (b) - (i), (c) - (iii), (d) - (ii)
- (2) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (ii), (d) - (i)
- (3) (a) - (i), (b) - (iii), (c) - (iv), (d) - (ii)
- (4) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iii), (c) - (i), (d) - (iv)

**Answer (4)**

85. Given below are two statements :

**Statement I :** The boiling points of aldehydes and ketones are higher than hydrocarbons of comparable molecular masses because of weak molecular association in aldehydes and ketones due to dipole - dipole interactions.

**Statement II :** The boiling points of aldehydes and ketones are lower than the alcohols of similar molecular masses due to the absence of H-bonding.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the given below

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct
- (2) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect
- (3) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect
- (4) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct

**Answer (1)**

## SECTION-B

86. The order of energy absorbed which is responsible for the color of complexes

- (A)  $[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{en})_2]^{2+}$
- (B)  $[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4(\text{en})]^{2+}$  and
- (C)  $[\text{Ni}(\text{en})_3]^{2+}$

is

- (1) (A) > (B) > (C)
- (2) (C) > (B) > (A)
- (3) (C) > (A) > (B)
- (4) (B) > (A) > (C)

**Answer (3)**



87. Given below are two statements:

**Statement I:**

In Lucas test, primary, secondary and tertiary alcohols are distinguished on the basis of their reactivity with conc. HCl + ZnCl<sub>2</sub>, known as Lucas Reagent.

**Statement II:**

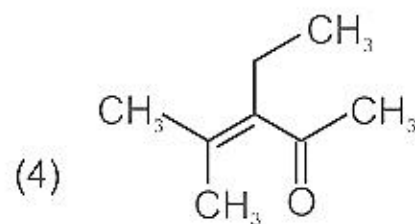
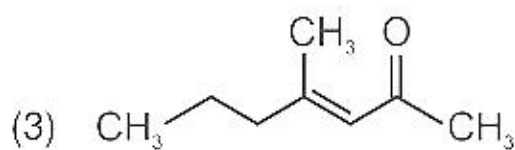
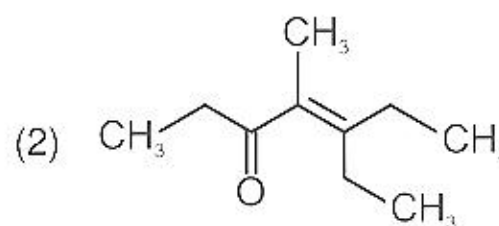
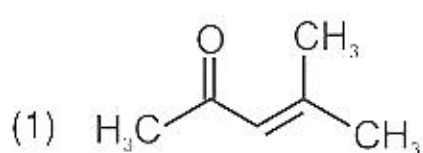
Primary alcohols are most reactive and immediately produce turbidity at room temperature on reaction with Lucas Reagent.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (3) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect
- (4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

**Answer (3)**

88. Which one of the following is not formed when acetone reacts with 2-pentanone in the presence of dilute NaOH followed by heating?



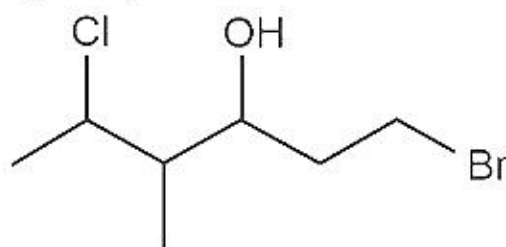
**Answer (2)**

89. A 10.0 L flask contains 64 g of oxygen at 27°C. (Assume O<sub>2</sub> gas is behaving ideally). The pressure inside the flask in bar is (Given R = 0.0831 L bar K<sup>-1</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup>)

- (1) 2.5
- (2) 498.6
- (3) 49.8
- (4) 4.9

**Answer (4)**

90. The correct IUPAC name of the following compound is



- (1) 1-bromo-5-chloro-4-methylhexan-3-ol
- (2) 6-bromo-2-chloro-4-methylhexan-4-ol
- (3) 1-bromo-4-methyl-5-chlorohexan-3-ol
- (4) 6-bromo-4-methyl-2-chlorohexan-4-ol

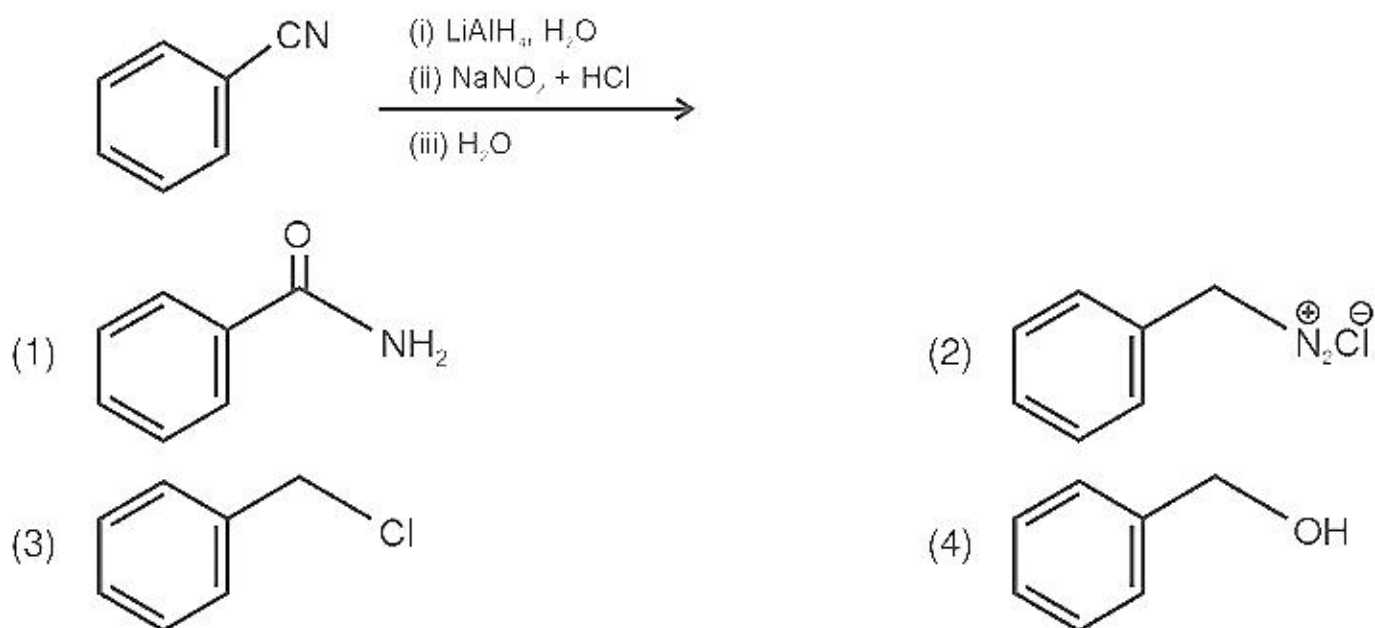
**Answer (1)**

91. In the neutral or faintly alkaline medium, KMnO<sub>4</sub> oxidises iodide into iodate. The change in oxidation state of manganese in this reaction is from

- (1) +7 to +4
- (2) +6 to +4
- (3) +7 to +3
- (4) +6 to +5

**Answer (1)**

92. The product formed from the following reaction sequence is



**Answer (4)**

93. The pollution due to oxides of sulphur gets enhanced due to the presence of:

- (a) particulate matter
- (b) ozone
- (c) hydrocarbons
- (d) hydrogen peroxide

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) (a), (d) only
- (2) (a), (b), (d) only
- (3) (b), (c), (d) only
- (4) (a), (c), (d) only

**Answer (2)**

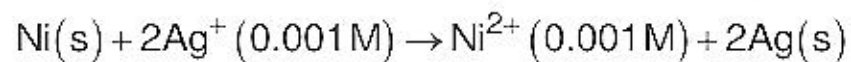
94. Compound X on reaction with  $O_3$  followed by  $Zn/H_2O$  gives formaldehyde and 2-methyl propanal as products.

The compound X is

- (1) 3-Methylbut-1-ene
- (2) 2-Methylbut-1-ene
- (3) 2-Methylbut-2-ene
- (4) Pent-2-ene

**Answer (1)**

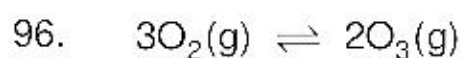
95. Find the emf of the cell in which the following reaction takes place at 298 K



(Given that  $E_{cell}^\circ = 1.05 V$ ,  $\frac{2.303 RT}{F} = 0.059$  at 298 K)

- (1) 1.0385 V
- (2) 1.385 V
- (3) 0.9615 V
- (4) 1.05 V

**Answer (NA)**



for the above reaction at 298 K,  $K_c$  is found to be  $3.0 \times 10^{-59}$ . If the concentration of  $\text{O}_2$  at equilibrium is 0.040 M then concentration of  $\text{O}_3$  in M is

- (1)  $4.38 \times 10^{-32}$  (2)  $1.9 \times 10^{-63}$   
 (3)  $2.4 \times 10^{31}$  (4)  $1.2 \times 10^{21}$

**Answer (1)**

97. If radius of second Bohr orbit of the  $\text{He}^+$  ion is 105.8 pm, what is the radius of third Bohr orbit of  $\text{Li}^{2+}$  ion?

- (1) 158.7 pm (2) 15.87 pm  
 (3) 1.587 pm (4) 158.7 Å

**Answer (1)**

98. Match List-I with List-II.

List-I (Ores)	List-II (Composition)
(a) Haematite	(i) $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$
(b) Magnetite	(ii) $\text{ZnCO}_3$
(c) Calamine	(iii) $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$
(d) Kaolinite	(iv) $[\text{Al}_2(\text{OH})_4\text{Si}_2\text{O}_5]$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (a)-(i), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iii), (d)-(iv)  
 (2) (a)-(iii), (b)-(i), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iv)  
 (3) (a)-(iii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iv), (d)-(ii)  
 (4) (a)-(i), (b)-(iii), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iv)

**Answer (2)**

99. Copper crystallises in fcc unit cell with cell edge length of  $3.608 \times 10^{-8}$  cm. The density of copper is  $8.92 \text{ g cm}^{-3}$ . Calculate the atomic mass of copper.

- (1) 63.1 u (2) 31.55 u  
 (3) 60 u (4) 65 u

**Answer (1)**

100. For a first order reaction  $\text{A} \rightarrow \text{Products}$ , initial concentration of A is 0.1 M, which becomes 0.001 M after 5 minutes. Rate constant for the reaction in  $\text{min}^{-1}$  is

- (1) 1.3818 (2) 0.9212  
 (3) 0.4606 (4) 0.2303

**Answer (2)**