

# M.Sc (Ag) in Soil & Water Conservation

16P/305/15

Question Booklet No. 563

(To be filled up by the candidate by blue/black ball-point pen)

Roll No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Roll No.

(Write the digits in words)

Code No (702)

Serial No. of OMR Answer Sheet

(2019)

Day and Date

(Signature of Invigilator)

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(Use only **blue/black ball-point pen** in the space above and on both sides of the Answer Sheet)

1. Within 30 minutes of the issue of the Question Booklet, check the Question Booklet to ensure that it contains all the pages in correct sequence and that no page/question is missing. In case of faulty Question Booklet bring it to the notice of the Superintendent/Invigilators immediately to obtain a fresh Question Booklet.
2. Do not bring any loose paper, written or blank, inside the Examination Hall *except the Admit Card without its envelope.*
3. A separate Answer Sheet is given. *It should not be folded or mutilated. A second Answer Sheet shall not be provided. Only the Answer Sheet will be evaluated.*
4. Write your *Roll Number and Serial Number of the Answer Sheet by pen* in the space provided above.
5. **On the front page of the Answer Sheet, write by pen your Roll Number in the space provided at the top, and by darkening the circles at the bottom. Also, wherever applicable, write the Question Booklet Number and the Set Number in appropriate places.**
6. No overwriting is allowed in the entries of Roll No., Question Booklet No. and Set No. (if any) on OMR sheet and also Roll No. and OMR Sheet No. on the Question Booklet.
7. *Any change in the aforesaid entries is to be verified by the invigilator, otherwise it will be taken as unfair means.*
8. Each question in this Booklet is followed by four alternative answers. *For each question, you are to record the correct option on the Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle in the corresponding row of the Answer Sheet, by ball-point pen as mentioned in the guidelines given on the first page of the Answer Sheet.*
9. For each question, darken only one circle on the Answer Sheet. *If you darken more than one circle or darken a circle partially, the answer will be treated as incorrect.*
10. *Note that the answer once filled in ink cannot be changed. If you do not wish to attempt a question, leave all the circles in the corresponding row blank (such question will be awarded zero mark).*
11. For rough work, use the inner back page of the title cover and the blank page at the end of this Booklet.
12. Deposit *only the OMR Answer Sheet* at the end of the Test.
13. You are not permitted to leave the Examination Hall until the end of the Test.
14. If a candidate attempts to use any form of unfair means, he/she shall be liable to such punishment as the University may determine and impose on him/her.

[अपर्युक्त निर्देश हिन्दी में अन्तिम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर दिये गए हैं।]

97

[No. of Printed Pages : 20+2





16P/305/15

**No. of Questions : 120**

**Time : 2 Hours**

**Full Marks : 360**

- Note :**
- (1) Attempt as many questions as you can. Each question carries **3** marks. **One** mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. **Zero** mark will be awarded for each unattempted question.
  - (2) If more than one alternative answers seem to be approximate to the correct answer, choose the closest one.

1. Porosity of soil can be expressed as

(1)  $\left(\frac{BD}{PD} - 1\right) \times 100$

(2)  $100 - \frac{BD}{PD}$

(3)  $\left(1 - \frac{PD}{BD}\right) \times 100$

(4)  $100 - \frac{PD}{BD} \times 100$

2. Volumetric composition of organic matter in soil is

(1) 25%

(2) 50%

(3) ~~45%~~

(4) 5%

(170)

1

(P.T.O.)



9. Which one is correct?
- (1) 1 bar =  $10^5$  dynes/cm<sup>2</sup>                      (2) 1 Pascal =  $10 \text{ Nm}^{-2}$   
 (3) 1 Pascal = 0.1 bar                              (4) 1 Megapascal = 10 bars
10. Pyroxene minerals are the examples of
- (1) tectosilicates                                      (2) phyllosilicates  
 (3) single-chain ionosilicates                      (4) double-chain ionosilicates
11. Unconsolidated material above the bed rock is called
- (1) Solum                      (2) Regolith                      (3) A horizon                      (4) C horizon
12. Which soil moisture potential is negative in nature?
- (1) Pressure potential                                      (2) Matric potential  
 (3) Pressure and matric potential                      (4) Matric and osmotic potential
13. CEC of which clay mineral is highest?
- (1) Kaolinite                                              (2) Montmorillonite  
 (3) Vermiculite                                              (4) Illite
14. The water content on mass basis can be converted into volume basis by multiplying it with
- (1) bulk density                                              (2) particle density  
 (3) flux density                                              (4) hydraulic conductivity

(170)

3

(P.T.O.)



15. How many soil orders are involved in USDA soil classification system?

- (1) 10                      (2) 11                      (3) 12                      (4) 14

16. Who is called father of Pedology?

- (1) N. C. Brady                                              (2) H. Jenny  
(3) V. V. Dokuchaev                                              (4) K. D. Glinka

17. Transformation of minerals during weathering follows in the order of

- (1) Mica  $\Rightarrow$  Illite  $\Rightarrow$  Vermiculite  $\Rightarrow$  Montmorillonite  
(2) Mica  $\rightarrow$  Montmorillonite  $\Rightarrow$  Vermiculite  $\Rightarrow$  Illite  
(3) Mica  $\Rightarrow$  Vermiculite  $\Rightarrow$  Illite  $\Rightarrow$  Montmorillonite  
(4) Mica  $\Rightarrow$  Montmorillonite  $\Rightarrow$  Illite  $\Rightarrow$  Vermiculite

18. The silt particles transported by the action of wind are termed as

- (1) aeolian                      (2) loess                      (3) alluvium                      (4) colluvium

19. Micas are examples of

- (1) tectosilicates                                              (2) orthosilicates  
(3) phyllosilicates                                              (4) ionosilicates

20. Undulating topography of land surface have the slopes of

- (1)  $< 2\%$                       (2) 2-8%                      (3) 8-16%                      (4)  $> 16\%$

21. Soil pH is measured by making soil : water suspension in the ratio of  
 (1) 1:10                      (2) 1:2.5                      (3) 1:5                      (4) 1:1
22. Lime potential of soil can be written as  
 (1)  $p(\text{Ca} + \text{Mg}) - \text{pH}$                       (2)  $\text{pH} - p(\text{Ca} + \text{Mg})$   
 (3)  $\frac{1}{2}p(\text{Ca} + \text{Mg}) - \text{pH}$                       (4)  $\text{pH} - \frac{1}{2}p(\text{Ca} + \text{Mg})$
23. Which types of soil structure is most important from crop growth point of view?  
 (1) *Platy*                      (2) *Prismatic*                      (3) *Crumb*                      (4) *Granular*
24. pH for most mineral soil lying in the ranges between  
 (1) 0-14                      (2) 1.5-13.5                      (3) 6-8                      (4) 3-11
25. Phosphorus is taken by plants in the form of  
 (1)  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$                       (2)  $\text{PO}_4^{3-}$                       (3)  $\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^-$                       (4)  $\text{P}^{5+}$
26. 1 ha cm is equal to  
 (1)  $10 \text{ m}^3$                       (2)  $1 \text{ m}^3$                       (3)  $1000 \text{ m}^3$                       (4)  $100 \text{ m}^3$
27. Puddling is needed in paddy cultivation to minimise  
 (1) *evaporation loss*                      (2) *evapo-transpiration loss*  
 (3) *percolation loss*                      (4) *conveyance loss*

(170)

5

(P.T.O.)

- 28.** The process of biological conversion of ammonia into nitrate is known as
- (1) ammonification (2) nitrification  
(3) humification (4) denitrification
- 29.** Zinc containing mineral is
- (1) pyrolusite (2) olivine (3) haematite (4) zircon
- 30.** Black cotton soil is dominated by which type clay minerals?
- (1) Kaolinite (2) Montmorillonite  
(3) Chlorite (4) Vermiculite
- 31.** The 2:2 type of mineral is the characteristics of
- (1) Vermiculite (2) Illite  
(3) Montmorillonite (4) Chlorite
- 32.** Allophane material has been detected in the soil order of
- (1) Histosols (2) Aridisols (3) Andosols (4) Ultisols
- 33.** Which one is not an essential micronutrient element?
- (1) B (2) Cl (3) Mo (4) Si
- 34.** Which nutrient is known as immobile nutrient element?
- (1) Potassium (2) Sulfur (3) Calcium (4) Zinc



35. Which nutrient elements imparts the role of indirect drought resistance?  
(1) Potassium (2) Calcium (3) Magnesium (4) Sulfur
36. Which one is the aerobic non-symbiotic nitrogen fixing bacteria?  
(1) Azotobacter (2) Clostridium (3) Rhizobium (4) Beijerinckia
37. The factor responsible for formation of acid soil is  
(1) low rainfall (2) high rainfall  
(3) high evaporation (4) low rainfall and high evaporation
38. Which is not related with podzotisation?  
(1) Removal of Fe and Al oxides (2) Acid soil  
(3) Tropical climate (4) High rainfall
39. Saline soils have the characteristics of  
(1)  $EC > 4$  mmhos/cm,  $pH > 8.5$  and  $ESP > 15$   
(2)  $EC < 4$  mmhos/cm,  $pH > 8.5$  and  $ESP > 15$   
(3)  $EC > 4$  mmhos/cm,  $pH < 8.5$  and  $ESP < 15$   
(4)  $EC < 4$  mmhos/cm,  $pH < 8.5$  and  $ESP < 15$
40. Illuviation is the process of  
(1) accumulation (2) leaching  
(3) weathering (4) transformation

(170)

7

(P.T.O.)

- 41.** Presence of argillic horizon with low base saturation found in the order of  
(1) inceptisols      (2) spodosols      (3) vertisols      (4) ultisols
- 42.** The pH of the acid sulfate soils occur as  
(1) 5-6                      (2) 6-7                      (3) 4-5                      (4) < 4
- 43.** The working range of soil tensiometer is  
(1) 0-1.0 bar      (2) 0-0.85 bar      (3) 0-1.85 bar      (4) 0-1.5 bar
- 44.** High salt tolerant crop is  
(1) rice                      (2) pea                      (3) gram                      (4) sunhemp
- 45.** Khaira disease of rice is caused due to  
(1) fungal infection                                              (2) excessive K application  
(3) boron deficiency                                              (4) zinc deficiency
- 46.** Which element has a role in energy transformation and metabolic processes in plants?  
(1) N                      (2) P                      (3) Mo                      (4) S
- 47.** The main reason for sheet erosion is  
(1) wind                      (2) rainfall                      (3) temperature      (4) organic matter



48. Hydrometer is used to determine
- (1) soil moisture content (2) soil hydraulic conductivity  
(3) soil aggregate size (4) soil texture
49. Dark coloured soils are the characteristics of
- (1) entisols (2) spodosols (3) ultisols (4) mollisols
50. Which suborder is not occurred under entisols?
- (1) Aquepts (2) Orthents (3) Fluvents (4) Arents
51. Maximum wind erosion is recorded in the season of
- (1) Winter (2) Rainy (3) Summer (4) Spring
52. Classification of irrigation water as determined by a diagram which represents the parameters of
- (1) EC and SAR (2) pH and EC  
(3) pH and salt content (4) EC and salt content
53. Black soil commonly represent the order of
- (1) alfisols (2) vertisols (3) spodosols (4) ultisols
54. Wind erosion is the highest in the State of India
- (1) Kerala (2) Madhya Pradesh  
(3) Jharkhand (4) Rajasthan

(170)

9

(P.T.O.)

- 55.** Neutron moisture meter is not suitable in
- (1) waterlogged soil                      (2) acid soil  
(3) alkaline soil                          (4) organic soil
- 56.** Intermixing of soil horizons in certain soils has been termed
- (1) horizonation    (2) gleization    (3) pedoturbation    (4) argillation
- 57.** Hill soils are generally
- (1) neutral            (2) acidic            (3) saline            (4) alkaline
- 58.** 'K' in the universal soil loss equation represent
- (1) rainfall erosivity factor              (2) soil erodibility factor  
(3) slope factor                              (4) crop management factor
- 59.** Micronutrient contents in soils are measured by which instrument?
- (1) Atomic absorption spectrophotometer  
(2) Flame photometer  
(3) Colorimeter  
(4) UV-VIS spectrophotometer
- 60.** How many diagnostic surface horizons consist in soil taxonomy?
- (1) 12                      (2) 10                      (3) 9                      (4) 5



61. Sodium adsorption ratio is expressed as

(1)  $\frac{Na^+}{\sqrt{Ca^{++} + Mg^{++}}}$

(2)  $\frac{Na^+}{\sqrt{\frac{Ca^{++} + Mg^{++}}{2}}}$

(3)  $\frac{\frac{Na^+}{2}}{\sqrt{Ca^{++} + Mg^{++}}}$

(4)  $\frac{Na^+}{2 \times \sqrt{Ca^{++} + Mg^{++}}}$

62. Which chemicals are not used as amendments for reclaiming the saline soils?

- (1) Gypsum      (2) Pyrites      (3) Sulfur      (4) Limestone

63. High analysis fertilizers are those

- (1) which require high cost of analysis  
 (2) which require high-level analysis procedure  
 (3) which contain high percentage of nutrient element  
 (4) whose analysis gives higher percentage of nutrient than actual content

64. Which bacteria involves for the reduction of sulfur in soil?

- (1) Thiobacillus      (2) Desulfovibrio  
 (3) Pseudomonas      (4) Bacillus

65. The Indian Institute of Soil Science is situated at

- (1) New Delhi      (2) Bangaluru      (3) Bhopal      (4) Ahmedabad

(170)

11

(P.T.O.)

- 66.** Which is not associated with wind erosion?
- (1) Saltation (2) Overland flow  
(3) Surface creeping (4) suspension
- 67.** At a particular soil moisture tension, which soil have the highest moisture content?
- (1) Sandy (2) Loamy (3) Silty loam (4) Clayey
- 68.** How many number of classes consist in land capability classification?
- (1) 8 (2) 4 (3) 6 (4) 10
- 69.** Which of the nitrogenous fertiliser contains amide group?
- (1) Ammonium sulfate (2) CAN  
(3) Urea (4) Sodium nitrate
- 70.** Terai soils are rich in
- (1) mineral matter (2) organic matter  
(3) soluble salts (4) soil moisture
- 71.** Shelter belts are used to control
- (1) water erosion (2) wind erosion (3) water logging (4) soil crusting
- 72.** What will be the pF values at field capacity in soil?
- (1) 2.0 (2) 3.0 (3) 2.5 (4) 4.2

(170)



- 73.** In land capability classification, the lands falling under Class V to Class VIII are
- (1) suitable for cultivation
  - (2) unsuitable for cultivation
  - (3) suitable for only wildlife conservation
  - (4) only for grassland farming
- 74.** The characteristics of Andisols are
- (1) soils developed from volcanic ash
  - (2) weakly developed mineral soils with no profile development
  - (3) soils with the initial stage of profile development
  - (4) highly weathered, presence of oxic horizon
- 75.** The first phase of water erosion is
- |                   |                    |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) Gully erosion | (2) Rill erosion   |
| (3) Sheet erosion | (4) Splash erosion |
- 76.** Which soils are also called 'cat-clays'?
- |                        |                  |
|------------------------|------------------|
| (1) Acid sulfate soils | (2) Desert soils |
| (3) Lateritic soils    | (4) Podsol       |
- 77.** What is the C:N ratio of normal soil?
- |         |          |          |          |
|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| (1) 5:1 | (2) 10:1 | (3) 15:1 | (4) 20:1 |
|---------|----------|----------|----------|

(170)

13

(P.T.O.)

**78.** Tensiometer is used to measure

- (1) gravitational potential                      (2) matric potential  
(3) osmotic potential                              (4) pressure potential

**79.** Piezometer is an instrument used to measure

- (1) rainfall                                              (2) depth of soil  
(3) relative humidity                              (4) depth of water table

**80.** Which gas is emitted due to rice cultivation?

- (1) CO                      (2) CO<sub>2</sub>                      (3) CH<sub>4</sub>                      (4) NH<sub>4</sub>

**81.** Which is not described in land capability units?

- (1) Subdivision of land capability subclass  
(2) Produce similar kinds of plants with similar management practices  
(3) Require similar conservation treatment  
(4) Limitations encountered for using the land

**82.** Fluor apatite is a rich source of

- (1) nitrogen                      (2) phosphorus                      (3) potassium                      (4) sulfur

**83.** Available water content in soil lies in the range of

- (1) 0-1/3 bar                      (2) 0-15 bars                      (3) 1/3-15 bars                      (4) 15-30 bars

- 84.** Which fertiliser is not produced in the country?  
 (1) Urea                      (2) DAP                      (3) CAN                      (4) MOP
- 85.** Rothamsted Experimental Station is situated at  
 (1) UK                      (2) Germany                      (3) USA                      (4) Nigeria
- 86.** Which soil conservation measures are recommended on steep slopes of hilly areas?  
 (1) Contour bunds                      (2) Graded bunds  
 (3) Bench Terraces                      (4) Grassed waterways
- 87.** The area of miniwatershed is  
 (1) 10-100 ha                      (2) 100-1000 ha  
 (3) 1000-10000 ha                      (4) > 10000 ha
- 88.** Which of the following properties are described by Phillip's equation?  

$$I = St^{\frac{1}{2}} + Kt$$
 (1) Gas diffusion                      (2) Thermal diffusion  
 (3) Soil permeability                      (4) Soil infiltration
- 89.** Which soil moisture range is optimum for tillage operations?  
 (1) Hard consistency                      (2) Friable consistency  
 (3) Plastic consistency                      (4) Sticky consistency

(170)

15

(P.T.O.)



- 90.** Which is not matched with conservation tillage?
- (1) Increases soil organic matter content
  - (2) Reduces cost of cultivation
  - (3) Destroys soil aggregation
  - (4) Increase the incidence of plant diseases from crop residues
- 91.** Regur is the local name for
- (1) black soils    (2) lateritic soils    (3) hill soils    (4) saline soils
- 92.** Which soils have no diagnostic horizon?
- (1) Mollisols    (2) Entisols    (3) Aridisols    (4) Oxisols
- 93.** Which of the following is determined by the use of Walkley and Black's method?
- (1) K    (2) S
  - (3) Organic matter    (4) Cation exchange capacity
- 94.** Which soil order have highest area in India?
- (1) Entisols    (2) Altisols    (3) Vertisols    (4) Inceptisols
- 95.** Flame photometer is used in the determination of
- (1) phosphorus    (2) potassium    (3) sulfur    (4) zinc
- 96.** Which is not suitable for podzolisation?
- (1) Acidic soil    (2) High organic matter
  - (3) Hot and humid climate    (4) Abundant moisture

97. Which mineral is an important source of potassium?  
(1) Pyroxenes (2) Albite (3) Plagioclase (4) Feldspars
98. Which one is phyllosilicates in nature?  
(1) Mica (2) Quartz (3) Feldspars (4) Olivine
99. Which is not the passive factors of soil formation?  
(1) Parent material (2) Climate  
(3) Relief (4) Time
100. Which element imparts red colour to the soil?  
(1) Ca (2) Mg (3) Fe (4) S
101. Which elements are used as dispersing agent?  
(1) Na (2) Ca (3) P (4) Fe
102. What common extractants are used for the determination of exchangeable cations in soils?  
(1) HCl (2)  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  (3)  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  (4)  $\text{NH}_4\text{OAC}$
103. In master horizon of a soil profile, which one is the horizon of accumulation (illuviation)?  
(1) A horizon (2) E horizon (3) B horizon (4) C horizon

(170)

17

(P.T.O.)

**104.** Which is not matched with laterization?

- (1) Tropical and semitropical region
- (2) High temperature and high rainfall
- (3) Removal of Fe and Al
- (4) Formation of 1:1 type of clay mineral

**105.** Acid sulfate soils occur in the region of

- (1) hilly areas
- (2) forest area
- (3) alluvial plane areas
- (4) coastal areas

**106.** The color notation of Class II land is

- (1) yellow
- (2) red
- (3) orange
- (4) brown

**107.** Hue variable in Munsell Color Chart describes which of the following?

- (1) Lightness/darkness of the dominant spectral color
- (2) Dominant spectral color
- (3) Purity of dominant color
- (4) Intensity of dominant spectral region

**108.** Attraction of similar kinds of particles is known as

- (1) van der Waals' force
- (2) adhesion
- (3) cohesion
- (4) coherent

(170)



- 109.** Which is not under diagnostic subsurface horizon?  
(1) Argillic            (2) Natric            (3) Cambic            (4) Plaggen
- 110.** When the mean annual soil temperature ranges between 8 °C to 15 °C, then the soil thermal regime are classified as  
(1) *Frigid*            (2) *Thermic*            (3) *Mesic*            (4) *Cryic*
- 111.** Biofertilisers are  
(1) are the products containing living cells of different types of micro-organisms  
(2) mixture of vermicomposts and inorganic fertilisers  
(3) mixture of vermicomposts and organic manures  
(4) mixture of organic manures and inorganic fertilisers
- 112.** Which is not genera of blue-green algae?  
(1) Anabaena            (2) Pseudomona            (3) Nostoc            (4) Calothrix
- 113.** Which of the following role, the organic matter does not have?  
(1) **Improves soil aggregation**  
(2) Supplies some essential nutrients to soil  
(3) Favours soil erosion  
(4) Increases water holding capacity in soil
- 114.** Which are not classified as humic substances?  
(1) Humic acid            (2) Fulvic acid            (3) Amino acid            (4) Humin

(170)

19

(P.T.O.)

115. VAM is

- (1) a microbial inoculant occur in plant roots
- (2) a mycorrhiza occur in plant roots
- (3) a phosphate solubilising micro-organism
- (4) a mycorrhiza occurs as mutualistic symbiosis between plant roots and soil fungi

116. What common extractants are used to determine the availability of Fe, Mn, Zn, Cu in soil?

- (1) EDTA
- (2) DTPA
- (3)  $\text{NH}_4\text{OAC}$
- (4) HCl

117. Which of the following cannot form chelated compound?

- (1) Fe
- (2) Mn
- (3) Zn
- (4) Mo

118. Which elements play the role of chlorophyll synthesis?

- (1) Ca
- (2) Mg
- (3) K
- (4) Zn

119. Thiobacillus denitrificans micro-organisms involve in the process of conversion of

- (1)  $\text{NO}_3 \longrightarrow \text{N}_2, \text{N}_2\text{O}$
- (2)  $\text{NO}_2 \longrightarrow \text{NO}_3$
- (3)  $\text{NH}_4^+ \longrightarrow \text{NO}_3$
- (4)  $\text{R-NH}_2 \longrightarrow \text{NH}_4^+$

120. In which year International Year of Soil is celebrated?

- (1) 2010
- (2) 2012
- (3) 2013
- (4) 2015

\*\*\*





## अभ्यर्थियों के लिए निर्देश

(इस पुस्तिका के प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर तथा उत्तर-पत्र के दोनों पृष्ठों पर केवल नीली या काली बाल-प्वाइंट पेन से ही लिखें)

1. प्रश्न पुस्तिका मिलने के 30 मिनट के अन्दर ही देख लें कि प्रश्नपत्र में सभी पृष्ठ मौजूद हैं और कोई प्रश्न छूटा नहीं है। पुस्तिका दोषयुक्त पाये जाने पर इसकी सूचना तत्काल कक्ष-निरीक्षक को देकर सम्पूर्ण प्रश्नपत्र की दूसरी पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।
2. परीक्षा भवन में लिफाफा रहित प्रवेश-पत्र के अतिरिक्त, लिखा या सादा कोई भी खुला कागज साथ में न लायें।
3. उत्तर-पत्र अलग से दिया गया है। इसे न तो मोड़ें और न ही विकृत करें। दूसरा उत्तर-पत्र नहीं दिया जायेगा, केवल उत्तर-पत्र का ही मूल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
4. अपना अनुक्रमांक तथा उत्तर-पत्र का क्रमांक प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर पेन से निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें।
5. उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर पेन से अपना अनुक्रमांक निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें तथा नीचे दिये वृत्तों को गाढ़ा कर दें। जहाँ-जहाँ आवश्यक हो वहाँ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका का क्रमांक तथा सेट का नम्बर उचित स्थानों पर लिखें।
6. ओ० एम० आर० पत्र पर अनुक्रमांक संख्या, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका संख्या व सेट संख्या (यदि कोई हो) तथा प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर अनुक्रमांक सं० और ओ० एम० आर० पत्र सं० की प्रविष्टियों में उपरिलेखन की अनुमति नहीं है।
7. उपर्युक्त प्रविष्टियों में कोई भी परिवर्तन कक्ष निरीक्षक द्वारा प्रमाणित होना चाहिये अन्यथा यह एक अनुचित साधन का प्रयोग माना जायेगा।
8. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के वैकल्पिक उत्तर के लिये आपको उत्तर-पत्र की सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये वृत्त को उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर दिये गये निर्देशों के अनुसार पेन से गाढ़ा करना है।
9. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के उत्तर के लिये केवल एक ही वृत्त को गाढ़ा करें। एक से अधिक वृत्तों को गाढ़ा करने पर अथवा एक वृत्त को अपूर्ण भरने पर वह उत्तर गलत माना जायेगा।
10. ध्यान दें कि एक बार स्याही द्वारा अंकित उत्तर बदला नहीं जा सकता है। यदि आप किसी प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं देना चाहते हैं, तो सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये सभी वृत्तों को खाली छोड़ दें। ऐसे प्रश्नों पर शून्य अंक दिये जायेंगे।
11. रफ़ कार्य के लिये प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के मुखपृष्ठ के अन्दर वाले पृष्ठ तथा अंतिम पृष्ठ का प्रयोग करें।
12. परीक्षा के उपरान्त केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र परीक्षा भवन में जमा कर दें।
13. परीक्षा समाप्त होने से पहले परीक्षा भवन से बाहर जाने की अनुमति नहीं होगी।
14. यदि कोई अभ्यर्थी परीक्षा में अनुचित साधनों का प्रयोग करता है, तो वह विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा निर्धारित दंड का/की, भागी होगा/होगी।