Section 2 - Chemistry

- 61) What will be the nature of existence of an amino acid (containing one amino and one carboxylic acid group) in solution of pH < pKa₁?
- A) It exists as anion
- B) It exists as cation
- C) It exists as zwitterion
- D) It exists as neutral species with no charge
- 62) Dacron is a continuous filament yarn used in curtains, dress fabrics and pressure fire hoses. The reaction for preparing dacron is by the combination of which of the following?
- A) Hexamethylene diamine and adipic acid
- B) Caprolactum
- C) Phenol and formaldehyde
- D) Ethylene glycol and terephthalic acid
- 63) What final product will form when alcoholic KOH is treated with 1,1-dichloro ethane?
- A) ethane-1,2-diol
- B) ethene
- C) ethyne
- D) acetaldehyde
- 64) What will be the relation between the T₁ of gas 1 with M₁=56 and T₂ of gas 2 with M₂=44 if the average speed of gas 1 is equal to most probable speed of gas 2?
- A) $T_1 = T_2^2$
- B) $T_1 = T_2$
- C) $T_1 = (T_2)^{1/2}$
- D) $T_1 = 1/T_2$
- 65) What is the hybridization and geometry of the compound XeOF₄?
- A) sp3d2 and octahedral
- B) sp³d and square pyramidal
- C) sp3d and trigonal bipyramidal
- D) sp3d2 and square pyramidal

- 66) Identify the CORRECT increasing order of crystal field stabilization energy value for the given complexes.
- A) $[Ir(NH_3)_6]^{3+} < [Rh(NH_3)_6]^{3+} < [Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$
- B) $[Rh(NH_3)_6]^{3+} < [Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+} < [Ir(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$
- C) $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+} < [Ir(NH_3)_6]^{3+} < [Rh(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$
- D) $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+} < [Rh(NH_3)_6]^{3+} < [Ir(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$
- 67) Of the following, which species is primarily obtained in a solution containing KHF₂?
- A) K+, H+ and F-
- B) H+ and KF2-
- C) KF and H-
- D) K+ and HF2-
- 68) Identify the optically active cyclohexane from the given options.
- A) trans-1,3-dimethyl cyclohexane
- B) cis-1,3-dimethyl cyclohexane
- C) cis-1,4-dimethyl cyclohexane
- D) trans-1,4-dimethyl cyclohexane
- 69) What will be the CORRECT decreasing order of acid strength of the hydroxybenzoic acids?
- (Symbols and notations carry their usual meanings)
- A) p-hydroxybenzoic acid > benzoic acid > mhydroxybenzoic acid > o-hydroxybenzoic acid
- B) o-hydroxybenzoic acid > m-hydroxybenzoic acid > benzoic acid > p-hydroxybenzoic acid
- C) o-hydroxybenzoic acid > benzoic acid > mhydroxybenzoic acid > p-hydroxybenzoic acid
- D) m-hydroxybenzoic acid > benzoic acid > ohydroxybenzoic acid > p-hydroxybenzoic acid
- 70) What is the IUPAC nomenclature of isoprene monomers present in natural rubber?
- A) 2-methyl-1,3-butadiene
- B) 1,3-hexadiene
- C) 2,3-dimethyl-1,3-butadiene
- D) 2-methyl-1,3-pentadiene

71) The	number	of	times	the	comparative	mass	of	a
neutron is heavier than an electron is								

- A) ~1842
- B) ~182
- C)~102
- D) ~4050

72) Which of the following is a branched polymer, having branched chain polysaccharide units?

- A) Starch
- B) Bakelite
- C) High density polyethylene
- D) Nylon

73) What product will form when N,N-dimethylaniline reacts with NaNO2 and dilute HCl at low temperature?

- A) p-nitroso-N,N-dimethylaniline
- B) methyl-n-hexylamine
- C) m-benzene diazonium chloride
- D) N-nitroso-N-methylaniline
- 74) Which of the following is the CORRECT increasing order of coagulating power of electrolytes required to precipitate a negatively charged As₂S₃ colloid?
- A) NaCl < BaCl2 < AlCl3
- B) BaCl₂ < AlCl₃ < NaCl
- C) AlCl₃ < NaCl < BaCl₂
- D) AlCl₃ < BaCl₂ < NaCl

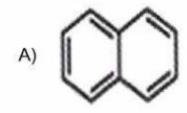
75) Which equation will explain the nature of PV versus P curve for CO₂ gas at moderately low pressure?

- A) PV=RT+Pb
- B) PV=RT+a/V
- C) PV=RT-a/V
- D) PV=RT-aV

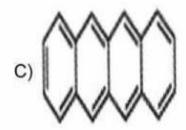
- 76) What will be the equilibrium constant of the given reaction carried out in a 5 L vessel and having equilibrium amounts of A_2 and A as 0.5 mole and $2x10^{-6}$ mole respectively? The reaction: $A_2 = 2A$
- A) 0.16x10⁻¹¹
- B) 0.25x105
- C) 0.4x10⁻⁵
- D) 0.2x10-11
- 77) What condition will facilitate the spontaneity of a reaction if ΔH and ΔS both are negative?
- A) low temperature
- B) high temperature
- C) low pressure
- D) high pressure
- 78) What will be the half-cell potential of a hydrogen electrode acting as an anode and dipped in a solution of pH=2?
- A) 0 V
- B) 0.0196V
- C) 0.276V
- D) 0.118 V

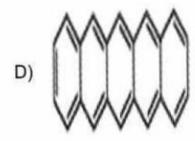
79) How many electrons are involved during the oxidation reaction of KMnO₄ in acidic medium?

- A) 1
- B) 3
- C) 5
- D) 4









81) What will be the E_{cell} for the given cell: Zn/Zn²⁺(0.1M)// Cu²⁺(0.01M)/Cu.

Given: $E^{\circ}Zn^{2+}/Zn^{=-0.76V}$ and $E^{\circ}Cu^{2+}/Cu = 0.34V$.

Given: E°Zn2+/Zn=-0.76V and E°Cu2+/Cu = 0.34V. Also predict whether the reaction is spontaneous or non-spontaneous.

- A) 1.07V and spontaneous
- B) -1.13V and non-spontaneous
- C) -1.07V and non-spontaneous
- D) 1.13V and spontaneous
- 82) What are the coordination numbers (C.N.) of Ca²⁺ and F⁻ ion in calcium fluoride (CaF₂) crystal structure?
- A) C.N. of Ca2+ = 4 and F- = 8
- B) C.N. of Ca2+ = 6 and F- = 6
- C) C.N. of Ca2+ = 8 and F- = 8
- D) C.N. of Ca2+ = 8 and F- = 4

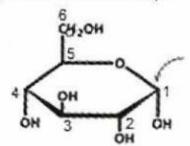
- 83) What will be the geometry of the compound MB₄L₂? Here B is bond pair and L is lone pair.
- A) Square planar
- B) Octahedral
- C) Square pyramid
- D) Tetrahedral
- 84) What will be the product when benzaldehyde is treated with NaOD in D2O?
- A) C₆H₅CH₂OD and C₆H₅COONa
- B) C₆H₅CH₂OD and C₆H₅COOD
- C) C₆H₅CHDOD and C₆H₅COONa
- D) C₆H₅COOCHDC₆H₅
- 85) What will be the geometry and magnetic moment of the complex [NiCl₄]²-?
- A) Tetrahedral and 3.87 BM
- B) Tetrahedral and 2.82 BM
- C) Square planar and 2.82 BM
- D) Square planar and 4.89 BM
- 86) Which of the following is the CORRECT reason for HI solution turning brown on exposure to air?
- A) HI reacts with H2O to form I2
- B) HI dissolves NO₂
- C) HI reacts with O2 to form I2
- D) HI reacts with N2 and O2 to form NO2
- 87) In a reaction A + B ⇔ C + D, Le Chatelier's principle asserts that an equilibrium between A and B producing C and D can be shifted towards C and D by
- (i) increasing the concentration of A or B
- (ii) increasing the concentration of C or D
- (iii) decreasing the concentration of A or B
- A) (ii) only
- B) Both (i) and (ii)
- C) (iii) only
- D) (i) only

- 88) With respect to atomic spectrum, each line in the Lymer series is due to electrons returning
- A) from a particular higher energy level to n = 3
- B) from a particular higher energy level to n = 2
- C) from a particular higher energy level to n = 1
- D) from a particular higher energy level to n = 4
- 89) The following equation is the Arrhenius Equation. k = Ae _Ea/RT, where Ea is the minimum energy molecules must possess in order to react to form a product, k is the rate constant, A is the frequency factor, R is the gas constant and T is the Kelvin temperature. Under normal circumstances, the Arrhenius plot is obtained by plotting
- A) logarithm of the inverse of rate constant 1/k, versus the inverse temperature 1/T
- B) logarithm of the rate constant k, versus the temperature T
- C) logarithm of the rate constant k, versus the inverse temperature 1/T
- D) logarithm of the inverse of rate constant 1/k, versus the temperature T
- 90) What will be the entropy change of the system when expansion of 1 mole of a gas takes place from 3L to 6L under isothermal conditions?

Consider R = 2 cal K^{-1} mole⁻¹ and log 2 = 0.301.

- A) 2.84 cal K⁻¹
- B) 1.386 cal K-1
- C) 0.37 cal K-1
- D) 5.26 cal K⁻¹
- 91) What will be the CORRECT stability order of the different conformations of n-butane?
- A) fully-eclipsed > eclipsed > gauche > anti-staggered
- B) anti-staggered > eclipsed > gauche > fully-eclipsed
- C) anti-staggered > gauche > eclipsed > fully-eclipsed
- D) gauche > anti-staggered > eclipsed > fully-eclipsed

92) What is the relationship between the given structures (Look at the arrows)?



4 OH 3 12 OH

α-D-glucopyranose

β-D-glucopyranose

- A) Enantiomers
- B) Anomers
- C) Diastereomers
- D) Metamers
- 93) What will be the CORRECT unit of rate constant k for a reaction whose order is three?
- A) mole-1 lit sec-1
- B) mole2 lit sec-1
- C) sec-1
- D) mole-2 lit2sec-1
- 94) Which of following compounds has a highly intense red colour at room temperature?
- A) SnCl₄
- B) Snl₄
- C) Pbl2
- D) PbCl₂
- 95) A sample of HI(g) is placed in a flask at a pressure of 0.2 atm. At equilibrium, partial pressure of HI(g) is 0.04 atm. What is Kp for the given equilibrium? 2 HI(g) ⇔ H₂(g) + I₂(g)
- A) 0.04
- B) 0.4
- C) 40
- D) 4

- 96) Calculate the molarity of a solution of 30 g of Co(NO₃)₂. 6H₂O in 4.3 L of solution? Consider atomic mass of Co = 59, N = 14, O = 16, H = 1
- A) 0.023 M
- B) 0.23 M
- C) 0.046 M
- D) 0.46 M
- 97) Which of the following product(s) is/are formed when fructose is treated with Na-Hg in water?
- A) Sorbitol and Mannitol
- B) Sorbitol and n-Hexane
- C) Mannitol and n-Hexane
- D) Gluconic acid
- 98) What will be the heat change at constant volume for the reaction whose heat change at constant pressure is -560 kcal at 27 °C? The reaction is:

C₈H₁₆+12O₂ → 8CO₂+8H₂O (Given R = 2 cal mol⁻¹ K⁻¹)

- A) -558200 calories
- B) 442800 calories
- C) -561800 calories
- D) 368240 calories
- 99) What will be the expression of Kp for the given reaction if the total pressure inside the vessel is P and degree of dissociation of the reactant is a? The reaction: $N_2O_4 = 2NO_2$
- A) $4a^{2}P/(1+a^{2})$
- B) 4a2P/(1-a2)
- C) a²P/(1-a²)
- D) $a^2/(1-a)$
- 100) What is the CORRECT explanation of the non-reducing property of sucrose?
- A) α-D-glucopyranose and β-D-fructofuranose are linked via C₂ and C₁ centres respectively
- B) α-D-glucopyranose and β-D-fructofuranose are linked via C₁ and C₂ centres respectively
- C) α -D-glucopyranose and β -D-fructofuranose are linked via C_2 and C_2 centres respectively
- D) α-D-glucopyranose and β-D-fructofuranose are linked via C₃ and C₄ centres respectively

- 101) What is the main product formed when iodine reacts with hypo?
- A) Na₂SO₄
- B) Na₂S₄O₆
- C) Na₂SO₃
- D) Na₂S
- 102) What will be the resultant products formed when the phosphorus halide PBr₅ splits up?
- A) [PBr₄]+ and Br
- B) [PBr6] and [PBr4]+
- C) [PBr₄]+
- D) [PBr₆]-
- 103) What will be the resultant product when ethyloxybenzene is reacted with HI?
- A) phenyl iodide and ethanol
- B) ethyl benzene
- C) phenol and ethyl iodide
- D) p-ethyl phenol
- 104) What will be the enthalpy of formation of NO₂ from the given bond dissociation enthalpy values? The bond dissociation enthalpy values for O₂, NO and NO₂ are as follows: O₂(g): 0 kJ/mol, NO(g): 90.25 kJ/mol and NO₂(g): 33.18 kJ/mol respectively.
- A) +114.1 kJ
- B) +52.7 kJ
- C) -52.7 kJ
- D) -114.1 kJ
- 105) How many geometrical isomers are possible with complexes of the type [M(ab)₃]?
- A) 2
- B) 4
- C) 3
- D) 5

- 106) Identify the CORRECT basicity order in the nitroanilines? (Symbols and notations carry their usual meanings)
- A) o-nitroanilines < p-nitroanilines < m-nitroanilines
- B) m-nitroanilines < p-nitroanilines < o-nitroanilines
- C) p-nitroanilines < o-nitroanilines < m-nitroanilines
- D) o-nitroanilines < m-nitroanilines < p-nitroanilines
- 107) Identify the anti-aromatic system from among the given options.
- A) benzene
- B) [14]-annulene
- C) [18]-annulene
- D) Cyclo-octatetraene
- 108) Which of the following is the CORRECT configuration of the complex [RhCl₆]³-?
- A) High spin t2g4eg2
- B) Low spin t_{2g}6e_g0
- C) Low spin t_{2g}³e_g³
- D) High spin t2g5eg1
- 109) Which electronic configuration will show the HIGHEST first ionization potential?
- A) 1s22s22p1
- B) 1s²2s²2p⁵
- C) 1s²2s²2p³
- D) 1s²2s²
- 110) What is the CORRECT increasing order of ionic or atomic radii in the following?
- A) Si4+ < P5+ < S6+ < CI7+
- B) P5+ < Si4+ < Cl7+ < S6+
- C) Cl7+ < S6+ < P5+ < Si4+
- D) S6+ < P5+ < C17+ < Si4+

- 111) What will be the first ionization energy of Be atom? Consider the first ionization energy of H atom as 13.6 eV.
- A) 27.2 eV
- B) 54.4 eV
- C) 108.8 eV
- D) 4 eV
- 112) Which of the following statements is/are TRUE for an electrochemical cell?
- A) Oxidation occurs at the anode only
- B) Reduction occurs at the anode only
- C) Oxidation occurs at both the anode and cathode
- D) Reduction occurs at both the anode and cathode
- 113) Which of the following shows the CORRECT reaction for nitrobenzene reduction?
- A) Nitrobenzene reacts with Zn dust and NH₄Cl to produce aniline
- B) Nitrobenzene reacts with LiAlH₄ to produce phenyl hydroxylamine
- C) Nitrobenzene reacts with Fe and HCl to produce nitroso benzene
- D) Nitrobenzene reacts with Zn dust and NH₄Cl to produce phenyl hydroxylamine
- 114) What is the hybridization and geometry of the given species? The species are XeF₂ and ICl₂-.
- A) sp3d and trigonal bipyramidal
- B) sp3d2 and square planar
- C) sp3d and linear
- D) sp3 and irregular tetrahedron
- 115) What product is formed when phenol is treated with CHCl₃ and NaOH?
- A) 3-hydroxybenzaldehyde
- B) 2-hydroxy benzoic acid
- C) 3-hydroxy benzoic acid
- D) 2-hydroxybenzaldehyde

116) What is the IUPAC nomenclature of the given compound?



- A) 5-ethynyl-1,6-heptadiene
- B) 3-ethynyl-1,6-heptadiene
- C) 3-vinyl-hept-6-en-1-yne
- D) 5-vinyl-hept-1-en-6-yne
- 117) What is the number of octahedral void(s) per atom present in a cubic close-packed structure?
- A) 1
- B) 3
- C) 2
- D) 6
- 118) What will be the percentage of dimerization of 61 g of benzoic acid in 1000 g of a solvent and producing a depression in freezing point of 2 °C? Consider K_f to be 6.
- A) 72%
- B) 67%
- C) 43%
- D) 28%
- 119) Which of the statements is TRUE regarding chemisorption of a gas on a solid surface?
- A) This type of adsorption first increases with increase of temperature
- B) No compound formation takes place in this case
- C) The forces operating in this are weak Van Der Waal's forces
- D) It forms multimolecular layers of gas molecules on the surface

- 120) Which of the manganese oxides is the most acidic from the given options?
- A) Mn₂O₃
- B) MnO
- C) MnO₂
- D) Mn₂O₇