

MH-CET-2015



Subjects : Physics, Chemistry & Biology

Question Booklet Version	MH-CET-2015 Roll No.	Question Booklet Sr. No.							
11 (Write this number on your Answer Sheet)	<table border="1"><tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr></table>								 (Write this number on your Answer Sheet)
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Day and Date : Thursday, 07th May, 2015

Duration: 3.00 Hours
Total Marks : 200

This is to certify that, the entries of MH-CET Roll No. and Answer Sheet No. have been correctly written and verified.

Candidate's Signature

Invigilator's Signature

Instructions to Candidates

1. This question booklet contains 200 Objective Type Questions (Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ)) in the subjects of Physics (50), Chemistry (50) and Biology (100).
2. The question paper and OMR (Optical Mark Reader) Answer Sheet is issued separately at the start of the examination.
3. Choice and sequence for attempting questions will be as per the convenience of the candidate.
4. Candidate should carefully read the instructions printed on the Question Booklet and Answer Sheet and make the correct entries on the Answer Sheet. As Answer Sheets are designed to suit the OPTICAL MARK READER (OMR) SYSTEM, special care should be taken to mark the entries correctly. Special care should be taken to fill QUESTION BOOKLET VERSION, SERIAL No. and MH-CET Roll No. accurately. The correctness of entries has to be cross-checked by the invigilators. **The candidate must sign on the Answer Sheet and Question Booklet.**
5. Read each question carefully.
6. Determine the one correct answer from out of the four available options given for each question.
7. Fill the appropriate circle completely like this ●, for answering a particular question. Mark with Black ink ball point pen only.
8. **Each question with correct response shall be awarded one (1) mark. There shall be no negative marking. No mark shall be granted for marking two or more answers of same question, scratching or overwriting.**
9. **Use of whitener or any other material to erase/hide the circle once filled is not permitted.**
10. Avoid overwriting and/or striking of answers once marked.
11. Rough work should be done only on the blank space provided on the Question Booklet. **Rough work should not be done on the Answer Sheet.**
12. The required mathematical tables (Log etc.) is provided along with the question booklet.
13. Immediately after the prescribed examination time is over, the Question Booklet and Answer sheet is to be returned to the Invigilator. Confirm that both the Candidate and Invigilator have signed on question booklet and answer sheet.
14. No candidate is allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of examination.

**PHYSICS**

- In the expression for Boyle's law, the product 'PV' has dimensions of
A) force B) impulse C) energy D) momentum
- The difference between angular speed of minute hand and second hand of a clock is
A) $\frac{59\pi}{900}$ rad/s B) $\frac{59\pi}{1800}$ rad/s
C) $\frac{59\pi}{2400}$ rad/s D) $\frac{59\pi}{3600}$ rad/s
- A metal rod of length 'L', cross-sectional area 'A', Young's modulus 'Y' and coefficient of linear expansion ' α ' is heated to 't' °C. The work that can be performed by the rod when heated is
A) $\frac{YA \alpha Lt^2}{2}$ B) $\frac{YA \alpha^2 Lt^2}{2}$
C) $\frac{YA \alpha^2 L^2 t^2}{2}$ D) $\frac{YA \alpha Lt}{2}$
- In sonometer experiment, the bridges are separated by a fixed distance. The wire which is slightly elastic, emits a tone of frequency 'n' when held by tension 'T'. If the tension is increased to '4T', the tone emitted by the wire will be of frequency
A) n B) 2n
C) Slightly greater than 2n D) Slightly less than 2n
- A particle performs S.H.M. with amplitude 25 cm and period 3 s. The minimum time required for it to move between two points 12.5 cm on either side of the mean position is
A) 0.6 s B) 0.5 s C) 0.4 s D) 0.2 s

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



6. The pitch of the whistle of an engine appears to drop to $\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{\text{th}}$ of original value when it passes a stationary observer. If the speed of sound in air is 350 m/s then the speed of engine is
- A) 35 m/s B) 70 m/s
C) 105 m/s D) 140 m/s
7. A solid cylinder has mass 'M', radius 'R' and length 'l'. Its moment of inertia about an axis passing through its centre and perpendicular to its own axis is
- A) $\frac{2MR^2}{3} + \frac{Ml^2}{12}$ B) $\frac{MR^2}{3} + \frac{Ml^2}{12}$
C) $\frac{3MR^2}{4} + \frac{Ml^2}{12}$ D) $\frac{MR^2}{4} + \frac{Ml^2}{12}$
8. A particle is executing S.H.M. of periodic time 'T'. The time taken by a particle in moving from mean position to half the maximum displacement is ($\sin 30^\circ = 0.5$)
- A) $\frac{T}{2}$ B) $\frac{T}{4}$
C) $\frac{T}{8}$ D) $\frac{T}{12}$
9. The dimensions of Stefan's constant are
- A) $[M^0 L^1 T^{-3} K^{-4}]$ B) $[M^1 L^1 T^{-3} K^{-3}]$
C) $[M^1 L^2 T^{-3} K^{-4}]$ D) $[M^1 L^0 T^{-3} K^{-4}]$
10. An open and closed organ pipe have the same length. The ratio of 'p'th mode of frequency of vibration of air in two pipes is
- A) $p(2p + 1)$ B) $\frac{2p}{2p-1}$ C) p D) 1

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



11. A cord is wound around the circumference of wheel of radius 'r'. The axis of the wheel is horizontal and moment of inertia about it is 'I'. The weight 'mg' is attached to the end of the cord and falls from rest. After falling through a distance 'h', the angular velocity of the wheel will be

- A) $[mgh]^{1/2}$
- B) $\left[\frac{2mgh}{I+2mr^2}\right]^{1/2}$
- C) $\left[\frac{2mgh}{I+mr^2}\right]^{1/2}$
- D) $\left[\frac{mgh}{I+mr^2}\right]^{1/2}$

12. A toy cart is tied to the end of an unstretched string of length 'l'. When revolved, the toy cart moves in horizontal circle with radius '2l' and time period T. If it is speeded until it moves in horizontal circle of radius '3l' with period T₁, relation between T and T₁ is (Hooke's law is obeyed)

- A) $T_1 = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} T$
- B) $T_1 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} T$
- C) $T_1 = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} T$
- D) $T_1 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} T$

13. In a pipe open at both ends, 'n₁' and 'n₂' be the frequencies corresponding to vibrating lengths 'l₁' and 'l₂' respectively. The end correction is

- A) $\frac{n_1 l_1 - n_2 l_2}{2(n_1 - n_2)}$
- B) $\frac{n_2 l_2 - n_1 l_1}{2(n_2 - n_1)}$
- C) $\frac{n_2 l_2 - n_1 l_1}{2(n_1 - n_2)}$
- D) $\frac{n_1 l_1 - n_2 l_2}{(n_1 - n_2)}$

14. A mass is suspended from a spring having spring constant 'K' is displaced vertically and released, it oscillates with period 'T'. The weight of the mass suspended is (g = gravitational acceleration)

- A) $\frac{KTg}{4\pi^2}$
- B) $\frac{KT^2g}{4\pi^2}$
- C) $\frac{KTg}{2\pi^2}$
- D) $\frac{KT^2g}{2\pi^2}$

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



15. A satellite of mass 'm' is revolving in circular orbit of radius 'r' round the earth. Its angular momentum w.r.t. the centre of its orbit is (M = mass of earth, G = universal gravitational constant)
- A) $(GMmr)^{1/2}$ B) $(GMm^2r)^{1/2}$
 C) $(GMm^2r^2)^{1/2}$ D) $(GM^2m^2r)^{1/2}$
16. A liquid rises to a height of 1.8 cm in a glass capillary 'A'. Another glass capillary 'B' having diameter 90% of capillary 'A' is immersed in the same liquid. The rise of liquid in capillary 'B' is
- A) 1.4 cm B) 1.8 cm C) 2.0 cm D) 2.2 cm
17. A particle of mass 'm' is moving in circular path of constant radius 'r' such that centripetal acceleration is varying with time 't' as $K^2 r t^2$ where K is a constant. The power delivered to the particle by the force acting on it is
- A) $m^2 K^2 r^2 t^2$ B) $mK^2 r^2 t$ C) $m K^2 r t^2$ D) $m K r^2 t$
18. A simple pendulum is oscillating with amplitude 'A' and angular frequency ' ω '. At displacement 'x' from mean position, the ratio of kinetic energy to potential energy is
- A) $\frac{x^2}{A^2 - x^2}$ B) $\frac{x^2 - A^2}{x^2}$ C) $\frac{A^2 - x^2}{x^2}$ D) $\frac{A - x}{x}$
19. The equation of the progressive wave is $y = a \sin 2\pi \left(nt - \frac{x}{5} \right)$. The ratio of maximum particle velocity to wave velocity is
- A) $\frac{\pi a}{5}$ B) $\frac{2\pi a}{5}$ C) $\frac{3\pi a}{5}$ D) $\frac{4\pi a}{5}$
20. Let ' g_h ' and ' g_d ' be the acceleration due to gravity at height 'h' above the earth's surface and at depth 'd' below the earth's surface respectively. If $g_h = g_d$ then the relation between 'h' and 'd' is
- A) $d = h$ B) $d = \frac{h}{2}$ C) $d = \frac{h}{4}$ D) $d = 2h$

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



21. A rope 1 cm in diameter breaks if tension in it exceeds 500 N. The maximum tension that may be given to a similar rope of diameter 2 cm is
A) 2000 N B) 1000 N C) 500 N D) 250 N
22. The length and diameter of a metal wire is doubled. The fundamental frequency of vibration will change from 'n' to (Tension being kept constant and material of both the wires is same)
A) $\frac{n}{4}$ B) $\frac{n}{8}$ C) $\frac{n}{12}$ D) $\frac{n}{16}$
23. A hollow sphere of mass 'M' and radius 'R' is rotating with angular frequency ' ω '. It suddenly stops rotating and 75% of kinetic energy is converted to heat. If 'S' is the specific heat of the material in $\frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg K}}$ then rise in temperature of the sphere is (M.I. of hollow sphere = $\frac{2}{3}MR^2$)
A) $\frac{R\omega}{4S}$ B) $\frac{R^2\omega^2}{4S}$ C) $\frac{R\omega}{2S}$ D) $\frac{R^2\omega^2}{2S}$
24. A large number of liquid drops each of radius 'a' are merged to form a single spherical drop of radius 'b'. The energy released in the process is converted into kinetic energy of the big drop formed. The speed of the big drop is
[ρ = density of liquid, T = surface tension of liquid]
A) $\left[\frac{6T}{\rho} \left(\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{b} \right) \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$ B) $\left[\frac{6T}{\rho} \left(\frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{a} \right) \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$
C) $\left[\frac{\rho}{6T} \left(\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{b} \right) \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$ D) $\left[\frac{\rho}{6T} \left(\frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{a} \right) \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



25. A black body radiates heat at temperatures ' T_1 ' and ' T_2 ' ($T_2 > T_1$). The frequency corresponding to maximum energy is
- A) more at T_1 B) more at T_2
C) equal for T_1 and T_2 D) independent of T_1 and T_2
26. For diamagnetic materials, magnetic susceptibility is
- A) small and negative B) small and positive
C) large and negative D) large and positive
27. For Balmer series, wavelength of first line is ' λ_1 ' and for Brackett series, wavelength of first line is ' λ_2 ' then $\frac{\lambda_1}{\lambda_2}$ is
- A) 0.081 B) 0.162
C) 0.198 D) 0.238
28. The distance of a point on the screen from two slits in biprism experiment is 1.8×10^{-5} m and 1.23×10^{-5} m. If wavelength of light used is 6000 \AA , the fringe formed at that point is
- A) 10th bright B) 10th dark
C) 9th bright D) 9th dark
29. Same current is flowing in two a.c. circuits. First contains only inductance and second contains only capacitance. If frequency of a.c. is increased for both, the current will
- A) increase in first circuit and decrease in second
B) increase in both circuits
C) decrease in both circuits
D) decrease in first circuit and increase in second

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



30. The difference in the effective capacity of two similar capacitors when joined in series and then in parallel is $6\mu\text{F}$. The capacity of each capacitor is

- A) $2\mu\text{F}$ B) $4\mu\text{F}$ C) $8\mu\text{F}$ D) $16\mu\text{F}$

31. Which logic gate produces 'LOW' output when any of the inputs is 'HIGH' ?

- A) AND B) OR C) NAND D) NOR

32. An electron of mass 'm' and charge 'q' is accelerated from rest in a uniform electric field of strength 'E'. The velocity acquired by it as it travels a distance 'l' is

- A) $\left[\frac{2Eq l}{m}\right]^{1/2}$ B) $\left[\frac{2Eq}{m l}\right]^{1/2}$
C) $\left[\frac{2Em}{q l}\right]^{1/2}$ D) $\left[\frac{Eq}{m l}\right]^{1/2}$

33. A light is travelling from air into a medium. Velocity of light in a medium is reduced to 0.75 times the velocity in air. Assume that angle of incidence 'i' is very small, the deviation of the ray is

- A) i B) $\frac{i}{3}$ C) $\frac{i}{4}$ D) $\frac{3i}{4}$

34. The electric field intensity at a point near and outside the surface of a charged conductor of any shape is 'E₁'. The electric field intensity due to uniformly charged infinite thin plane sheet is 'E₂'. The relation between 'E₁' and 'E₂' is

- A) $2E_1 = E_2$ B) $E_1 = E_2$
C) $E_1 = 2E_2$ D) $E_1 = 4E_2$

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



35. Sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer can be increased by
- A) decreasing the number of turns of coil
 - B) increasing the number of turns of coil
 - C) decreasing the area of a coil
 - D) by using a weak magnet
36. For the hydrogen atom, the energy of radiation emitted in the transition from 4th excited state to 2nd excited state, according to Bohr's theory is
- A) 0.567 eV B) 0.667 eV C) 0.967 eV D) 1.267 eV
37. Two coherent monochromatic light beams of intensities '4I' and '9I' are superimposed. The maximum and minimum possible intensities in the resulting beam are
- A) 3 I and 2 I B) 9 I and 5 I
C) 16 I and 3 I D) 25 I and I
38. The resistances in left and right gap of a meter bridge are $20\ \Omega$ and $30\ \Omega$ respectively. When the resistance in the left gap is reduced to half its value, the balance point shifts by
- A) 15 cm to the right B) 15 cm to the left
C) 20 cm to the right D) 20 cm to the left
39. For the same angle of incidence, the angles of refraction in media 'P', 'Q', 'R' and 'S' are 50° , 40° , 30° , 20° respectively. The speed of light is minimum in medium
- A) P B) Q C) R D) S

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



40. The process of regaining of information from carrier wave at the receiver is termed as
- A) demodulation B) modulation
C) attenuation D) amplification
41. A potentiometer wire of length 10 m is connected in series with a battery. The e.m.f. of a cell balances against 250 cm length of wire. If length of potentiometer wire is increased by 1 m, the new balancing length of wire will be
- A) 2.00 m B) 2.25 m C) 2.50 m D) 2.75 m
42. Two coils A and B have mutual inductance 2×10^{-2} henry. If the current in the primary is $i = 5 \sin(10\pi t)$ then the maximum value of e.m.f. induced in coil B is
- A) π volt B) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ volt C) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ volt D) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ volt
43. For a transistor, the current ratio $\alpha_{dc} = \frac{69}{70}$. The current gain β_{dc} is
- A) 66 B) 67 C) 69 D) 71
44. In Young's double slit experiment, the ratio of intensities of bright and dark bands is 16 which means
- A) the ratio of their amplitudes is 5
B) intensities of individual sources are 25 and 9 units respectively
C) the ratio of their amplitudes is 4
D) intensities of individual sources are 4 and 3 units respectively
45. A range of galvanometer is 'V', when 50Ω resistance is connected in series. Its range gets doubled when 500Ω resistance is connected in series. Galvanometer resistance is
- A) 100Ω B) 200Ω C) 300Ω D) 400Ω

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



46. The capacity of a parallel plate air capacitor is $2\ \mu\text{F}$ and voltage between the plates is changing at the rate of $3\ \text{V/S}$. The displacement current in the capacitor is
- A) $2\ \mu\text{F}$ B) $3\ \mu\text{F}$ C) $5\ \mu\text{F}$ D) $6\ \mu\text{F}$
47. A capacitor $C_1 = 4\ \mu\text{F}$ is connected in series with another capacitor $C_2 = 1\ \mu\text{F}$. The combination is connected across d.c. source of $200\ \text{V}$. The ratio of potential across C_2 to C_1 is
- A) $2 : 1$ B) $4 : 1$ C) $8 : 1$ D) $16 : 1$
48. When monochromatic light of wavelength ' λ ' is incident on a metallic surface, the stopping potential for photoelectric current is ' $3V_0$ '. When same surface is illuminated with light of wavelength ' 2λ ', the stopping potential is ' V_0 '. The threshold wavelength for this surface when photoelectric effect takes place is
- A) λ B) 2λ C) 3λ D) 4λ
49. A coil carrying current ' I ' has radius ' r ' and number of turns ' n '. It is rewound so that radius of new coil is $\frac{r}{4}$ and it carries current ' I '. The ratio of magnetic moment of new coil to that of original coil is
- A) 1 B) $\frac{1}{2}$ C) $\frac{1}{4}$ D) $\frac{1}{8}$
50. The de-Broglie wavelength ' λ ' of a particle
- A) is proportional to mass
- B) is proportional to impulse
- C) is inversely proportional to impulse
- D) does not depend on impulse

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

**CHEMISTRY**

51. Which of the following is the most stable diazonium salt ?
A) $C_6H_5CH_2N_2^+X^-$ B) $CH_3N_2^+X^-$ C) $CH_3CH_2N_2^+X^-$ D) $C_6H_5N_2^+X^-$
52. Electronic configuration of only one P block element is exceptional. One molecule of that element consists of how many atoms of it ?
A) One B) Two C) Three D) Four
53. The correct IUPAC name of $[CO(NH_3)_3(NO_2)_3]$
A) Triammine trinitrito – N cobalt (III) B) Triammine trinitrito – N cobalt (II)
C) Triammine cobalt (III) nitrite D) Triammine trinitrito – N cobaltate (III)
54. If M, W and V represent molar mass of solute, mass of solute and volume of solution in litres respectively, which among following equations is true ?
A) $\pi = \frac{MWR}{TV}$ B) $\pi = \frac{TMR}{WV}$ C) $\pi = \frac{TWR}{VM}$ D) $\pi = \frac{TRV}{WM}$
55. Replacement of diazonium group by fluorine is known as
A) Gattermann reaction B) Sandmeyer reaction
C) Balz-Schiemann reaction D) Etard reaction
56. For which among the following reactions, change in entropy is less than zero ?
A) Sublimation of Iodine
B) Dissociation of Hydrogen
C) Formation of water
D) Thermal decomposition of Calcium Carbonate
57. $[Cr(NH_3)_6]$ $[Cr(SCN)_6]$ and $[Cr(NH_3)_2(SCN)_4]$ $[Cr(NH_3)_4(SCN)_2]$ are the examples of what type of isomerism ?
A) Ionisation isomerism B) Linkage isomerism
C) Coordination isomerism D) Solvate isomerism

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



58. For the reaction $O_3(g) + O(g) \rightarrow 2O_2(g)$, if the rate law expression is, $\text{rate} = K[O_3][O]$ the molecularity and order of the reaction are respectively
- A) 2 and 2 B) 2 and 1.33 C) 2 and 1 D) 1 and 2
59. $R - C \equiv N + 2(H) \xrightarrow[\text{(ii) } H_3O^+]{\text{(i) } SnCl_2 / \text{dil } HCl} RCHO + NH_4Cl$ this reaction is known as
- A) Etard reaction
B) Stephen reaction
C) Hell-Vohlard-Zelinsky reaction
D) Balz-Schiemann reaction
60. Select a ferromagnetic material from the followings.
- A) Dioxygen B) Chromium (IV) oxide
C) Benzene D) Dihydrogen monoxide
61. What is the volume of water consumed during acid hydrolysis of 1.368 Kg of sucrose ?
(Given – molar masses of sucrose = 342, water = 18, density of water = 1 g/cm³)
- A) 0.072 dm³ B) 0.720 dm³ C) 0.18 dm³ D) 0.018 dm³
62. The process in which metal surface is made inactive is called
- A) Passivation B) Galvanizing C) Corrosion D) Pickling
63. Which among the following group 15 element forms most stable pentavalent compound ?
- A) Phosphorus B) Antimony C) Bismuth D) Arsenic
64. Which among the following functional groups has been given the highest priority while assigning R-S configuration ?
- A) – C₆H₅ B) – CN C) – C₂H₅ D) – CH₃

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



65. Given $R = 8.314 \text{ JK}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$, the work done during combustion of 0.090 kg of ethane (molar mass = 30) at 300 K is
A) -18.7 kJ B) 18.7 kJ C) 6.234 kJ D) -6.234 kJ
66. Potassium dichromate is a good oxidizing agent, in acidic medium the oxidation state of chromium changes by
A) 2 B) 3 C) 4 D) 5
67. Diethyl amine when treated with nitrous acid yields
A) Diethyl ammonium nitrite B) Ethyl alcohol
C) N-nitroso diethyl amine D) Triethyl ammonium nitrite
68. What is the most abundant element on earth ?
A) Hydrogen B) Nitrogen C) Oxygen D) Silicon
69. The overall reaction taking place at anode during electrolysis of fused sodium chloride using suitable electrode is
A) Oxidation of chloride B) Reduction of sodium ions
C) Reduction of chlorine D) Oxidation of sodium atoms
70. The only radioactive element among the lanthanoids is
A) Gadolinium B) Holmium C) Promethium D) Neodymium
71. Identify a metalloid from the following list of elements.
A) Carbon B) Neon C) Sodium D) Tellurium
72. What is the chemical composition of Nicol's prism ?
A) Al_2O_3 B) CaSO_4 C) CaCO_3 D) Na_3AlF_6
73. Identify the heteropolymer from the list given below.
A) Polythene B) Nylon-6 C) Teflon D) Nylon-6, 6
74. What is the basicity of orthophosphorus acid ?
A) One B) Two C) Three D) Four

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



75. The correct order of reactivity of aldehydes and ketones towards hydrogen cyanide is
A) $\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3 \rangle \text{CH}_3\text{CHO} \rangle \text{HCHO}$ B) $\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3 \rangle \text{HCHO} \rangle \text{CH}_3\text{CHO}$
C) $\text{CH}_3\text{CHO} \rangle \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3 \rangle \text{HCHO}$ D) $\text{HCHO} \rangle \text{CH}_3\text{CHO} \rangle \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3$
76. Which among the following is a feature of adiabatic expansion ?
A) $\Delta V < 0$ B) $\Delta U < 0$ C) $\Delta U > 0$ D) $\Delta T = 0$
77. Molarity is defined as
A) the number of moles of solute dissolved in one dm^3 of the solution
B) the number of moles of solute dissolved in 1 kg of solvent
C) the number of moles of solute dissolved in 1 dm^3 of the solvent
D) the number of moles of solute dissolved in 100 ml of the solvent
78. What is the possible number of monohydroxy derivatives of a hydrocarbon consisting of five carbon atoms with one methyl group as a branch ?
A) 2 B) 3 C) 4 D) 5
79. What is the amount of work done when two moles of ideal gas is compressed from a volume of 1 m^3 to 10 dm^3 at 300 K against a pressure of 100 kPa ?
A) 99 kJ B) - 99 kJ C) 114.9 kJ D) - 114.9 kJ
80. Which among the following alloys is used in making instruments for electrical measurements ?
A) Stainless steel B) Manganin C) Spiegeleisen D) Duralumin
81. Which of the following proteins is globular ?
A) Collagen B) Albumin C) Myosin D) Fibroin
82. A mixture of benzaldehyde and formaldehyde when treated with 50% NaOH yields
A) Sodium benzoate and sodium formate
B) Sodium formate and benzyl alcohol
C) Sodium benzoate and methyl alcohol
D) Benzyl alcohol and methyl alcohol

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



83. Which among the following solutions is NOT used in determination of the cell constant ?
A) 10^{-2} M KCl B) 10^{-1} M KCl C) 1 M KCl D) Saturated KCl
84. Which halogen forms an oxyacid that contains the halogen atom in tripositive oxidation state ?
A) Fluorine B) Chlorine C) Bromine D) Iodine
85. Name the metal that is purified by placing the impure metal on sloping hearth of a reverberatory furnace and heating that above its melting point in absence of air.
A) Mercury B) Galium C) Zirconium D) Copper
86. Which among the following is a tranquilizer ?
A) Aspirin B) Valium C) Penicillin D) Sulphanilamide
87. Chlorination of ethane is carried out in presence of
A) anhydrous $AlBr_3$ B) mercuric chloride
C) ultraviolet light D) zinc chloride
88. Identify a 'Chemical twin' among the followings.
A) Zr-Ta B) Nb-Tc C) Hf-Re D) Nb-Ta
89. The relationship between rate constant and half life period of zero order reaction is given by
A) $t_{\frac{1}{2}} = [A]_0 / 2k$ B) $t_{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{0.693}{k}$ C) $t_{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{[A]_0}{2k}$ D) $t_{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2[A]_0}{k}$
90. Which polymer among the following polymers does NOT soften on heating ?
A) Bakelite B) Polythene C) Polystyrene D) PVC
91. Van't Hoff factor of centimolal solution of $K_3 [Fe(CN)_6]$ is 3.333. Calculate the percent dissociation of $K_3 [Fe(CN)_6]$.
A) 33.33 B) 0.78 C) 78 D) 23.33
92. Which of the following compounds is most acidic in nature ?
A) 4-Chlorobutanoic acid B) 3-Chlorobutanoic acid
C) 2-Chlorobutanoic acid D) Butanoic acid

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



93. How is ore of aluminium concentrated ?
- A) roasting B) leaching
C) froth floatation D) using Wilfley table
94. Which of the following compounds has highest boiling point ?
- A) Propan-1-ol B) n-Butane C) Chloroethane D) Propanal
95. Which metal among the followings has the highest packing efficiency ?
- A) Iron B) Tungsten C) Aluminium D) Polonium
96. What oxoacid of sulphur contains S-S bond in its structure ?
- A) Disulphurous acid B) Disulphuric acid
C) Perdisulphuric acid D) Hydrosulphurous acid
97. Which among the following detergents is non-ionic in character ?
- A) Sodiumlauryl sulphate B) Pentaerythryl stearate
C) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium chloride D) Sodium n-dodecyl benzene sulphonate
98. Reaction of which among the following ethers with HI in cold leads to formation of methyl alcohol ?
- A) ethyl methyl ether B) methyl propyl ether
C) isopropyl methyl ether D) tert-butyl methyl ether
99. During conversion of glucose into glucose cyanohydrin, what functional group/atom of glucose is replaced ?
- A) hydrogen B) aldehydic group
C) primary alcoholic group D) secondary alcoholic group
100. Half life period of a first order reaction, $A \rightarrow \text{product}$ is 6.93 hour. What is the value of rate constant ?
- A) 1.596 h^{-1} B) 0.1 h^{-1} C) 4.802 h^{-1} D) 10 h^{-1}

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



BIOLOGY

101. In the first step of Monohybrid cross experiment, Mendel selected pea plants which were
A) pure tall as male and pure dwarf as female
B) pure tall as female and pure dwarf as male
C) heterozygous tall as male and pure dwarf as female
D) heterozygous tall as female and pure dwarf as male
102. In Griffith's experiment, the conversion of R-type to S-type of Diplococcus Pneumoniae when mixed with heat killed S-type is called
A) mutation B) transduction C) transfection D) transformation
103. Semidwarf rice variety IR-8 was developed in
A) Taiwan B) Phillipines C) India D) China
104. Which one of the following is a non-endospermic seed ?
A) sunflower B) coconut C) ground nut D) wheat
105. Which one of the following is NOT a mycoherbicide ?
A) Phytophthora palmivora B) Xanthomonas sp.
C) Alternaria crassa D) Fusarium sp.
106. During anaerobic respiration the conversion of pyruvate into acetaldehyde, along with co-enzyme TPP, the cofactor required is
A) Mg^{++} B) Mn^{++} C) Fe^{++} D) Zn^{++}
107. An international treaty known as Montreal Protocol was signed to control emission of
A) UV rays B) Ozone C) CFC D) Oxygen
108. Chloroplasts in higher plants are _____ shaped.
A) kidney B) lens C) bean D) dome
109. Pollengrain develops from _____ of anther.
A) epidermis B) endothecium C) tapetum D) sporogenous tissue
110. In processing of eukaryotic hn RNA, during protein synthesis tailing involves _____ of RNA.
A) Addition of adenylate residues at 3' end
B) Addition of methyl guanosine triphosphate at 3' end
C) Addition of methyl guanosine triphosphate at 5' end
D) Removal of introns
111. In a cross between red kernelled and white kernelled varieties of wheat showing polygenic inheritance the phenotypic ratio in F_2 generation will be
A) 1 : 6 : 15 : 20 : 15 : 6 : 1 B) 1 : 4 : 6 : 4 : 1
C) 1 : 2 : 1 D) 2 : 1
112. In angiosperms during development of embryo the suspensor cells develop from
A) oospore B) integument C) endosperm D) cotyledon



113. Manganese, calcium and chloride ions present in PS-II play an important role in
 A) Absorption of light
 B) CO_2 assimilation
 C) Photolysis of water
 D) ATP synthesis
114. Which process does the following equation represent ?
 $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6 + 2\text{NAD} + 2\text{ADP} + 2\text{P}_i \rightarrow 2\text{CH}_3 - \text{CO} - \text{COOH} + 2\text{NADH}_2 + 2\text{ATP}$
 A) complete glycolysis
 B) complete aerobic respiration
 C) complete anaerobic respiration
 D) complete fermentation
115. The cloning vector M13 has genetic material
 A) ssRNA
 B) dsRNA
 C) ssDNA
 D) dsDNA
116. Earthworm is a
 A) herbivore
 B) secondary consumer
 C) tertiary consumer
 D) detritivore
117. To induce formation of organs in a callus it is necessary to provide
 A) growth hormones
 B) water
 C) soil
 D) antibiotics
118. Anemophily is NOT observed in
 A) Maize
 B) Jowar
 C) Sugarcane
 D) *Salvia*
119. In an ecosystem, the biotic components herbivorous are
 A) photosynthetic
 B) chemosynthetic
 C) macro consumers
 D) micro consumers
120. The visible portion of light spectrum useful in photosynthesis is referred to as
 A) RFLP
 B) PAR
 C) VAM
 D) VNTR
121. The microbe *Pseudomonas denitrificans* produces Vitamin
 A) K
 B) D
 C) B₂
 D) B₁₂
122. If there are 1280 microspores in a tetralocular anther, how many microspore mother cells will be there in its each pollen chamber ?
 A) 80
 B) 160
 C) 240
 D) 1280
123. Which one of the following plants DOES NOT help in vegetative propagation by leaves ?
 A) *Begonia*
 B) *Kalanchoe*
 C) *Bryophyllum*
 D) *Oxalis*
124. Given below are some reactions and the enzymes involved.
 Identify the CORRECT pairs.
- | I | II |
|---|-----------------------|
| 1. Fructose 1,6 diphosphate \rightarrow 3 PGAL + DHAP | a. enolase |
| 2. Citrate \rightarrow Cis – aconitate | b. thiokinase |
| 3. Succinyl Co. A \rightarrow succinate | c. aconitase |
| 4. 2 PGA \rightarrow PEPA | d. aldolase |
| A) 1-d, 2-c, 3-b, 4-a | B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d |
| C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-d, 4-c | D) 1-c, 2-d, 3-a, 4-b |



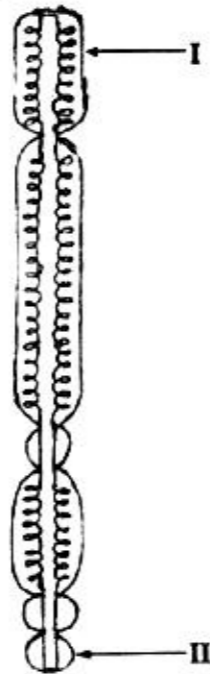
125. Human skin colour is an example of
A) Intragenic interaction B) Interallelic interaction
C) Quantitative inheritance D) Pleiotropy
126. During DNA replication, the addition of nucleotides on the lagging strand occurs
A) towards the replicating fork B) at a faster rate than leading strand
C) continuously D) discontinuously
127. The technique of producing large number of genetically similar plants within short time by tissue culture is called
A) Organogenesis B) Somatic hybridization
C) Micropropagation D) Protoplast culture
128. How many sense codons code for 20 known essential amino acids ?
A) 61 B) 62 C) 63 D) 64
129. Which one of the following is NOT a natural method of vegetative propagation ?
A) runner B) foliar buds C) stem tuber D) grafting
130. Transposons are sequences of
A) DNA B) mRNA C) rRNA D) tRNA
131. A 340 Å long segment of DNA molecule has 20 thymine nitrogenous bases, what will be the number of guanine nitrogen bases in the same segment ?
A) 10 B) 40 C) 80 D) 160
132. The final electron acceptor during ETS in respiration is
A) Hydrogen B) Oxygen C) FMN D) Ubiquinone
133. The time taken from the fixation of CO₂ to the formation of one glucose molecule is about _____ seconds.
A) 20 B) 40 C) 60 D) 90
134. The secondary metabolite obtained from *Catharanthus roseus* is
A) vincristin B) anthocyanin C) menthol D) nicotine
135. Large stout, nocturnal flowers producing copious nectar and emitting fermenting fruity odor, are the adaptations for
A) Entomophily B) Ornithophily C) Chiropterophily D) Anemophily
136. During Biogas production acetic acid is transformed into the final product by the enzymes of
A) *Clostridium* B) *Pseudomonas* C) *Penicillium* D) *Methanobacillus*
137. The gymnospermic endosperm differs from an angiospermic endosperm because in gymnosperms it is
A) haploid and developed from female gametophyte
B) diploid and developed from female gametophyte
C) triploid and developed after fertilization
D) triploid and developed before fertilization



138. What is NOT true about emasculation of a flower while performing an artificial cross ?
- A) It is removal of anthers from flower
 B) It is done before anthesis
 C) It is to avoid self pollination
 D) It is done in flowers of plants selected as male parent
139. Pusa shubhra is a variety of
- A) cauliflower B) chilli C) wheat D) cabbage
140. Which of the following is correct pair of pyrimidine bases ?
- A) Adenine & Thymine B) Adenine & Guanine
 C) Thymine & Cytosine D) Guanine & Cytosine
141. In the nomenclature of enzyme restriction endonuclease the Roman numeral indicates
- A) number of times it is used B) the order of discovery from source
 C) number of cuts on DNA D) number of recombinants formed
142. Environmental biotic factor that helps in pollination is
- A) air B) water C) wind D) insects
143. How many types of gametes will be produced by an individual having genotype AaBbcc ?
- A) four B) three C) two D) one
144. Self pollination which involves two different flowers of the same plant, is called
- A) autogamy B) geitonogamy C) xenogamy D) hybridization
145. The initial step in preparation of beer is
- A) malting B) carboxylation C) clarification D) distillation
146. A desirable change in genotype of an organism is obtained by
- A) DNA replication B) protein synthesis
 C) rDNA technology D) m-RNA formation
147. Considering mode of asexual reproduction, match the Column I with II and select the correct option :
- | I | II |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| a. Yeast | i. fragmentation |
| b. <i>Penicillium</i> | ii. zoospores |
| c. Filamentous algae | iii. budding |
| d. <i>Chlamydomonas</i> | iv. conidia |
| A) a-iii, b-iv, c-i, d-ii | B) a-ii, b-iii, c-i, d-iv |
| C) a-iv, b-iii, c-ii, d-i | D) a-iii, b-ii, c-i, d-iv |
148. How much of the energy released during aerobic respiration is approximately conserved in the form of ATP ?
- A) 20% B) 40% C) 60% D) 100%
149. The deflection of pitch angle between two successive steps (rungs) of DNA is
- A) 72° B) 54° C) 36° D) 18°



150. Which one of the following is a CAM plant ?
A) Maize B) *Kalanchoe* C) Sugarcane D) Jowar
151. One of the following cells secretes a hormone
A) Cells of Leydig B) Cells of Sertoli
C) Primary spermatocyte D) Secondary spermatocyte
152. Find the odd one out, with respect to X-linkage.
A) Haemophilia B) Myopia C) Nephritis D) Night blindness
153. The first fossil of *Australopithecus* was discovered in
A) Olduvai Gorge, Tanzania B) Fayum deposits of Egypt
C) Siwalik hills in India D) Taung in South Africa
154. Which of the following options are CORRECT ?
1. Heroin – Stimulant
2. Marijuana – Cardiovascular
3. Cocaine – Hallucinations
4. Morphine – Sedative
A) 1, 2 and 3 B) 1, 3 and 4 C) 2, 3 and 4 D) 1, 2 and 4
155. Serotonin and Melatonin are hormones, secreted by
A) Pancreas B) Pineal body C) Pituitary gland D) Thymus
156. The characters such as pointed elongated snout, strong and stout forelimbs, well developed claws are observed in _____ adaptation.
A) Arboreal B) Aerial C) Cursorial D) Fossorial
157. Deposition of _____ in the joints causes gout.
A) Urea B) Uric acid C) Guanine D) Ammonia
158. The glycoprotein, fertilizin is secreted by
A) Ovum B) Ovary C) Sperm D) Testis
159. In the given diagram I and II indicate



- A) Chromomere and chromonemata B) Centromere and secondary constriction
C) Secondary constriction and satellite D) Telomere and satellite



160. Find the CORRECT match :

Column A	Column B	Column C	
i. Mackerel	Rastrelliger	Freshwater fish	
ii. Honey bee	Apis	Wax	
iii. Mirgala	Tacchardia	Marine waterfish	
iv. Silkworm	Bombyx	Mulberry silk	
A) ii and iv	B) i and ii	C) iv only	D) i and iii

161. A Red list of endangered species is maintained by

- A) CSIR B) IUCN C) NEERI D) WLS

162. The Human Genome Project (HGP) was initiated in

- A) 1988 B) 1990 C) 1992 D) 1994

163. Ectoderm gives rise to

- A) cornea, heart, bronchi, dentine
 B) adrenal cortex, tongue, liver, retina
 C) lungs, adrenal medulla, dermis, thyroid
 D) enamel of teeth, nails, adrenal medulla, hair

164. Helper T – cells : Lymphokines as

Killer T – cells : _____

- A) Interferons B) Lysozymes C) Perforins D) Prostaglandins

165. Epicanthal skin fold and simian crease are characteristics of

- A) Down's syndrome B) Klinefelter's syndrome
 C) Thalassemia D) Turner's syndrome

166. Following are all breeds of cows EXCEPT

- A) Jersey B) Nagpuri C) Sahiwal D) Sindhi

167. More than 95 % of transgenic animals are

- A) Rabbits B) Mice C) Fish D) Cows

168. Pick the ODD homologous pair out.

- A) Bartholin's Gland – Cowper's Gland B) Clitoris – Penis
 C) Mons pubis – Glans penis D) Labia majora – Scrotum

169. Which is NOT the function of lymph ?

- A) Transport R.B.C.s B) Drain excess tissue fluid
 C) Transport lymphocyte and antibodies D) Transport absorbed fat

170. A cuckoo laying eggs in the nest of other species of birds, is an example of

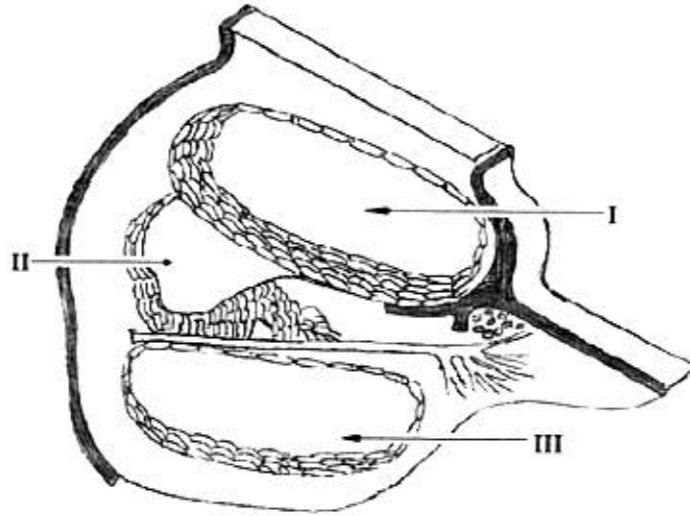
- A) Adelphoparasitism B) Broodparasitism
 C) Ectoparasitism D) Hyperparasitism

171. The reptiles, like dinosaurs were dominant in _____ period.

- A) Cretaceous B) Jurassic C) Tertiary D) Triassic



172. Select the CORRECT identification group of labelled parts I, II, III

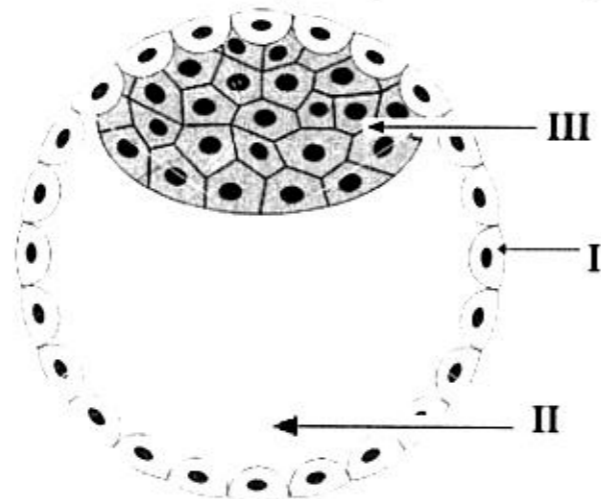


- A) I – Scala vestibuli, II – Scala media, III – Scala tympani
 - B) I – Scala vestibuli, II – Scala tympani, III – Scala media
 - C) I – Scala tympani, II – Scala media, III – Scala vestibuli
 - D) I – Scala media, II – Scala tympani, III – Scala media
173. The Transgenic animals are generally produced for all of the following needs EXCEPT
- A) Testing of chemical safety
 - B) Testing of vaccine safety
 - C) Stimulation of pathogenicity
 - D) Production of pharmacologically important proteins

174. Match the following :

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| i. Mercury | a. Low blood pressure, blindness |
| ii. Lead | b. Hyperkeratosis, Liver cirrhosis |
| iii. Arsenic | c. Bone deformation, testicular atrophy |
| iv. Cadmium | d. Abdominal pain, haemolysis |
| | e. Anaemia, convulsions |
- A) i-e, ii-d, iii-c, iv-b B) i-d, ii-e, iii-b, iv-c
C) i-c, ii-b, iii-d, iv-a D) i-b, ii-c, iii-d, iv-e

175. Choose the CORRECT group of labellings



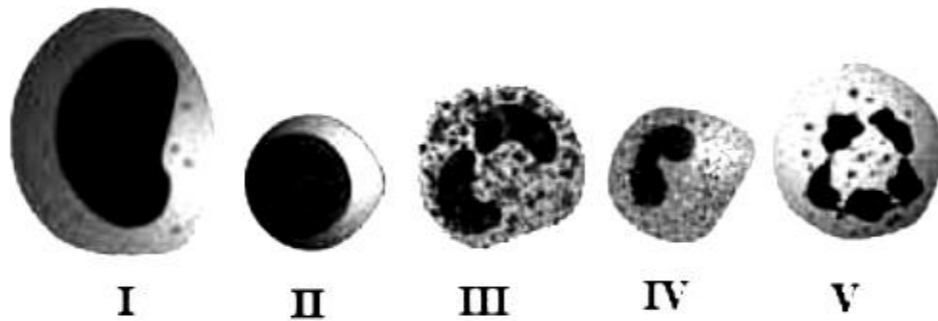
- A) I – Trophoblast, II – Archenteron, III – Micromeres
- B) I – Trophoblast, II – Blastocoel, III – Megameres
- C) I – Trophoblast, II – Archenteron, III – Inner mass cells
- D) I – Trophoblast, II – Blastocoel, III – Inner mass cells



176. All of the following animals are ureotelic EXCEPT
 A) Frog B) Snake C) Turtle D) Toad
177. The study of blood vessels is termed as
 A) Angiology B) Cardiology C) Haematology D) Histology
178. Plasma cells are derived from
 A) Cytotoxic T – cells B) Helper T – cells
 C) Memory B – cells D) Memory T – cells
179. Darwin's theory of Evolution CANNOT explain
 A) Arrival of fittest B) Natural selection
 C) Prodigality of production D) Struggle for existence
180. During ovulation, the ovary releases
 A) Oogonia B) Ootid C) Primary oocyte D) Secondary oocyte
181. Juxta glomerular cells of kidney secrete hormone
 A) Angiotensinogen B) Angiotensin II
 C) Coherin D) Renin
182. The marine fish among the following varieties is
 A) Stromateus B) Labeo C) Cirrhina D) Catla
183. Which of the following animal was selected by Morgan for studying linkage ?
 A) *Apis indica* B) *Agrobacterium tumafaciens*
 C) *Drosophila melanogaster* D) *E. Coli*
184. The increase in blood flow to heart stimulates secretion of
 A) Renin B) Oxytocin
 C) Antidiuretic hormone D) Atrial natriuretic factor
185. Heaviness with severe chest pain which may disappear with rest indicates
 A) Angina pectoris B) Atherosclerosis C) Arteriosclerosis D) Hyperthyroidism
186. The co-ordinator between Nervous and endocrine system is
 A) Thalamus B) Hypothalamus C) Epithalamus D) Colliculus
187. Match the pairs of diseases and pathogens :
- | I | II |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Malaria | a. Wuchereria bancrofti |
| 2. Filariasis | b. Helminth |
| 3. Typhoid | c. Plasmodium falciparum |
| 4. Schistosomiasis | d. Salmonella typhi |
| A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a, 4-d | B) 1-d, 2-a, 3-b, 4-c |
| C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d | D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-d, 4-b |
188. The clot formation can be prevented by treatment with _____ in gene therapy.
 A) DNase B) Recombinant vaccine
 C) TPA D) TGF-B



189. Select the CORRECT match :
- A) Gibbon – Cercopithecoidea B) Lemur – Prosimii
C) New World Monkey – Hominoidea D) Tarsier – Anthroipoidea
190. Atrial Natriuretic Factor (ANF) decreases
- A) Blood pressure B) Secretion of renin
C) Na⁺ excretion D) Vasodilation
191. Morula formed at the end of cleavage is _____ celled.
- A) 14 B) 16 C) 18 D) 20
192. Select the CORRECT pair
- A) Adaptive Radiation – Darwin’s Finches
B) Connecting Link – Sewall – Wright effect
C) Genetic drift – Peppered moth
D) Industrial Melanism – *Archeopteryx*
193. How many pairs of sympathetic ganglia are present in ANS ?
- A) 10 B) 12 C) 22 D) 31
194. The first vaccine produced by Edward Jenner, was for protection against
- A) Hepatitis B) Influenza C) Chicken pox D) Small pox
195. Which are the phagocytic cells from given diagram ?



- A) I and V B) I and III C) I and IV D) I and II
196. Forceful muscular contractions of uterine wall is involved in
- A) Implantation B) Lactation C) Micturition D) Parturition
197. In mechanism of hormone action, which of the following is NOT a second messenger ?
- A) Cyclic AMP B) IP₃ C) Ca⁺⁺ D) Mg⁺⁺
198. One of the following pair of animals is an example of commensalism
- A) *Sacculina* – crab B) *Plasmodium* – *Anopheles*
C) Golden Jackal – Tiger D) *Ascaris* – Man
199. What is “After birth” referred to ?
- A) Amniotic fluid passing out
B) Expulsion of baby
C) Expulsion of placenta, umbilical cord and foetal membrane
D) Secretion of hormone relaxin
200. Which group of cranial nerves control eye ball movements ?
- A) Optic, Abducens, Pathetic B) Optic, Oculomotor, Trochlear
C) Oculomotor, Abducens, Auditory D) Oculomotor, Abducens, Trochlear

