

ANSWER KEYS																			
1	(d)	7	(d)	13	(d)	19	(d)	25	(d)	31	(a)	37	(a)	43	(c)	49	(c)	55	(a)
2	(a)	8	(d)	14	(d)	20	(a)	26	(d)	32	(c)	38	(c)	44	(a)	50	(d)	56	(b)
3	(b)	9	(c)	15	(b)	21	(c)	27	(c)	33	(a)	39	(d)	45	(c)	51	(a)	57	(c)
4	(d)	10	(d)	16	(b)	22	(c)	28	(a)	34	(a)	40	(a)	46	(d)	52	(d)	58	(a)
5	(b)	11	(a)	17	(b)	23	(b)	29	(b)	35	(a)	41	(c)	47	(a)	53	(a)	59	(a)
6	(d)	12	(a)	18	(b)	24	(b)	30	(d)	36	(a)	42	(d)	48	(d)	54	(c)	60	(a)



- (d) Nationalism, aligned with imperialism, led Europe to disaster in 1914.
- (a) A big part of the Balkans was ruled by the Ottoman Empire.
- (b) The symbol of the olive branch around the sword means a willingness to make peace.
- (d) The flag of the liberal-nationalists in 1848 was banned by the Dukes of the German states.
- (b) Germania wears a crown of oak leaves, as the German oak stands for heroism.
- (d) Computer software is a residuary power.
- (d) The areas, like Chandigarh, or Lakshadweep or the capital city of Delhi, are called Union Territories.
- (d) The Austrian Empire consists of Hungary, Austria and Galicia.
- (c) Between 1970 and 1993, the Belgium leaders amended their constitution four times to work out an arrangement that would enable everyone to live together within the same country.
- (d) The community government has the power regarding cultural, educational and language-related issues.
- (a) While prudential reasons stress that power-sharing will bring out better outcomes.
- (a) One basic principle of democracy is that people are the source of all political power.
- (d) This type of 'coming together' federation include the USA, Switzerland and Australia.
- (d) In an essay, Renan criticises the notion suggested by others that a nation is formed by a common language, race, religion, or territory.
- (b) The first clear expression of nationalism came with the French Revolution in 1789.
- (b) The basis of the determination of Bangar soil is its age.
- (b) The bangar soil has a higher concentration of Kanker nodules than the Khadar.
- (b) Black soil is well-known for its capacity to hold moisture.
- (d) Languages like Bhojpuri, Magadhi, Bundelkhand, Chhattisgarhi, Rajasthani and many others were grouped under 'Hindi'.
- (a) For comparison between countries, total income is not such a useful measure. Since, countries have different populations, comparing total income will not tell us what an average person is likely to earn.
- (c) Bihar has the lowest per capita income.
- (c) Similarly, in some states, the Public Distribution System (PDS) functions well. The Health and nutritional status of people of such states is certainly likely to be better.
- (b) Similarly, the Government in India buys wheat and rice from farmers at a 'fair price'.
- (b)
- (d) The map is celebrating the British Empire.
- (d) In holding together' federations, the central government tends to be more powerful vis-à-vis the States. Very often different constituent units of the federation have unequal powers. Some units are granted special powers.
- (c) The French Revolution personified Liberty as a female figure – here you can recognise the torch of Enlightenment she bears in one hand and the Charter of the Rights of Man in the other.
- (a) At the time when Sorrieu created this image, the German peoples did not yet exist as a united nation – the flag they carry is an expression of liberal hopes in 1848 to unify the numerous German-speaking principalities into a nation-state under a democratic constitution.

29. (b) From the very beginning, the French revolutionaries introduced various measures and practices that could create a sense of collective identity amongst the French people.
30. (d) A centralised administrative system was put in place and it formulated uniform laws for all citizens within its territory. Internal customs duties and dues were abolished and a uniform system of weights and measures was adopted.
31. (a) A mass of subject peasant people were Bohemians and Slovaks to the north, Slovenes in Carniola, Croats to the south, and Romans to the east in Transylvania.
32. (c) The Belgium Model helped to avoid civic strife between the two major communities and a possible division of the country on linguistic lines.
33. (a) Matters among the Balkans states were further complicated because they also became the scene of big power rivalry.
34. (a) 43.63% of people speak Hindi.
35. (a) The full form of SRC is State Reorganisation Commission.
36. (a) When power is taken away from Central and State governments and given to the local government, it is called decentralisation.
37. (a) At least one-third of all positions are reserved for women.
38. (c) It is the decision-making body for the entire village.
39. (d) This is the most widely spread and important soil. The entire northern plains are made of alluvial soil. These have been deposited by three important Himalayan river systems – the Indus, the Ganga and the Brahmaputra.
40. (a) Laterite soils support deciduous and evergreen forests.
41. (c) Both the statements (i)-(ii) are correct. Statement (iii) is incorrect.
42. (d) The organized sector has the minimum member of workers.
43. (c) Rapid changes took place in the developed countries from secondary to tertiary sector.
44. (a) The Dutch-speaking community got the benefit of economic development and education much later. This led to tensions between the Dutch-speaking and French-speaking communities during the 1950s and 1960s.
45. (c) The organised sector offers jobs that are the most sought-after. But the employment opportunities in the organised sector have been expanding very slowly. It is also common to find many organised sector enterprises in the unorganised sector. It is also common to find many organised sector enterprises in the unorganised sector.
46. (d) National Thermal Power Corporation (NTPC) is a government-owned company.
47. (a) For the new middle classes, liberalism stood for freedom for the individual.
48. (d) Since the French Revolution, liberalism had stood for the end of autocracy and clerical privileges, a constitution and representative government through parliament. Nineteenth-century liberals also stressed the inviolability of private property.
49. (c) Suffrage is the right to vote.
50. (d) France marked the first political experiment in liberal democracy.
51. (a) Men without property and all women were excluded from political rights.
52. (d) The Jacobins did all adult males enjoy suffrage.
53. (a) Unlike Sri Lanka, the leaders of our country adopted a very cautious attitude in spreading the use of Hindi.
54. (c) In Tamil Nadu, this movement took a violent form. The Central Government responded by agreeing to continue the use of English.
55. (a) Promotion does not mean that the Central Government can impose Hindi on States where people speak a different language.
56. (b) According to the Constitution, the use of English for official purposes was to stop in 1965.
57. (c) Many non-Hindi speaking States demanded that the use of English continue.
58. (a) Hindi was identified as the official language.
59. (a)
60. (a)
- Note:** The following questions are for the Visually Impaired Candidates in lies of question 59 and 60.
59. (a)
60. (a)