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## Rajasthan HC

Computer

# Simplifying **Government Exams**



#### **Computer General Awareness**

#### Section: Computer General Awareness

In a survey of more than 500 companies and government agencies, detected computer security breaches.	percent
A. 20	
B. 75	
C. 85	
D. 99	
Answer: C	
The survey showed that these businesses lost more than	due to security
breaches.	
A. \$100,000 each	
B. \$377 million	
C. five employees each	
D. \$1 million	
Answer: B	
The typical computer criminal is a(n):	
A. young hacker.	
B. trusted employee with no criminal record.	
C. trusted employee with a long, but unknown criminal record.	
D. overseas young cracker.	
Answer: B	Comment of the Commen
	S. S. C.
4. The majority of computer crimes are committed by:	5.1117
A, hackers,	14111
B. insiders.	制
C. overseas criminals.	The same of the sa
D. young teenage computer geniuses.	IIP .
Answer: B	and the same
5. The common name for the crime of stealing passwords is:	
A. spooling.	WANTE .
B. identity theft.	1 00
C. spoofing.	
D. hacking.	
Answer: C Reference: Theft by Computer	
6. Collecting personal information and effectively posing as another ind	lividual is known as
the crime of:	
A. spooling.	
B. identity theft.	
C. spoofing.	
D. hacking.	
Answer: B	
7. Malicious software is known as:	
A. badware.	
B. malware.	

C. maliciousware.

#### D. illegalware.

#### Answer: B

- 8. A program that performs a useful task while simultaneously allowing destructive acts is a:
- A. worm.
- B. Trojan horse.
- C. virus.
- D. macro virus.

Answer: B Moderate

- An intentionally disruptive program that spreads from program to program or from disk to disk is known as a:
- A. Trojan horse.
- B. virus.
- C. time bomb.
- D. time-related bomb sequence.

#### Answer: B

- 10. In 1999, the Melissa virus was a widely publicized:
- A. e-mail virus.
- B. macro virus.
- C. Trojan horse.
- D. Time bomb.

#### Answer: A

11. What type of virus uses computer hosts to reproduce itself?

- A. Time bomb
- B. Worm
- C. Melissa virus
- D. Macro virus

#### Answer: B

- 12. The thing that eventually terminates a worm virus is a lack of:
- A. memory or disk space.
- B. time.
- C. CD drive space.
- D. CD-RW.

#### Answer: A

- 13. When a logic bomb is activated by a time-related event, it is known as a:
- A. time-related bomb sequence.
- B. virus.
- C. time bomb.
- D. Trojan horse.

#### Answer: C

- 14. A logic bomb that was created to erupt on Michelangelo's birthday is an example of a:
- A. time-related bomb sequence.
- B. virus.
- C. time bomb.
- D. Trojan horse.

#### Answer: C

- 15. What is the name of an application program that gathers user information and sends it to someone through the Internet? A. A virus B. Spybot C. Logic bomb D. Security patch Answer: B 16. Standardization of Microsoft programs and the Windows operating system has made the spread of viruses: A. more complicated. B. more difficult. C. easier. D. slower. Answer: C 17. HTML viruses infect: A. your computer. B. a Web page in the HTML code. C. both a Web page and the computer that is viewing it. D. No 18. Software programs that close potential security breaches in an operating system are known as: A. security breach fixes. B. refresh patches. C. security repairs. D. security patches. Answer: D 19. When customers of a Web site are unable to access it due to a bombardment of fake traffic, it is known as: A. a virus. B. a Trojan horse C. cracking. D. a denial of service attack. Answer: D. is the measurement of things such as fingerprints and retinal scans used for 20. security access. A. Biometrics B. Biomeasurement C. Computer security D. Smart weapon machinery Answer: A 21. What is the most common tool used to restrict access to a computer system?
- A. User logins
- B. Passwords
- C. Computer keys
- D. Access-control software

Answer: B

22. The most common passwords in the U.S. or Britain include all EXCEPT: A. love.

C. God. D. 123. Answer: D 23. Hardware or software designed to guard against unauthorized access to a computer network is known as a(n): A. hacker-proof program. B. firewall. C. hacker-resistant server. D. encryption safe wall. Answer: B 24. The scrambling of code is known as: A. encryption. B. a firewall. C. scrambling. D. password-proofing. Answer: A 25. If you want to secure a message, use a(n): A. cryptology source. B. encryption key. C. encryption software package. D. cryptosystem. Answer: D 26. To prevent the loss of data during power failures, use a(n) A. encryption program. B. surge protector. C. firewall. D. UPS. Answer: D can shield electronic equipment from power spikes. 27. A(n) A. encryption program B. surge protector C. firewall D. UPS Answer: B 28. All of these are suggestions for safe computing EXCEPT: A. don't borrow disks from other people. B. open all e-mail messages but open them slowly. C. download shareware and freeware with caution. D. disinfect your system. Answer: B 29. Freeware encrypts data. A. encryption B. firewall software C. PGP D. private and public keys Answer: C

B. Fred.

30 is defined as any crime completed through the use of computer technology.  A. Computer forensics  B. Computer crime
C. Hacking
D. Cracking
Answer: B
31. Most computer systems rely solely on for authentication.  A. logins  B. passwords
C. encryption
D. lock and key Answer: B
Answer: B
<ol> <li>Creating strong computer security to prevent computer crime usually simultaneously helps protect:</li> <li>privacy rights.</li> <li>personal ethics.</li> </ol>
C. the number of cookies downloaded to your personal computer.
D. personal space.  Answer: A
Allswer: A
33. Over was spent by businesses and government to repair problems in regard to Y2K.  A. 20 million dollars B. 100 million dollars C. 1 billion dollars D. 100 billion dollars Answer: D
34. What is a complex system that takes on nearly complete responsibility for a task eliminating the need for people, verification, or decision making?  A. Autonomous system B. Missile defense auto-system C. Smart weapon D. Independent system Answer: D
Security procedures can:     A. will eliminate all computer security risk.     B. reduce but not eliminate risks.
C. are prohibitively expensive. D. are inaccessible for the average home user.
Answer: B
ICICI Bank PO Exam 2010 - Computer General Awareness Question Paper 2 Question No. 36 to 58
Fill in the Blank:
36. The field of computer uses special software to scan hard drives of potential criminal suspects.  Answer: forensics Reference: Online Outlaws: Computer Crime Difficulty: Challenging

<ol><li>Computer _</li></ol>	often goes unreported beca	use businesses fear negative publicity
Answer: crime		
38.	connections are the most frequent poi	nt of attack for Internet commerce.
Answer: Inter	net	
39.	is the most common form of computer	crime.
Answer: Theft	Control of the Contro	
40. A survey by	y eMarketer.com found that	are the most often cited online fraud
	e auctions Reference: Identity Theft	
41. Theft of cor Answer: notel	mputers is most common for PDAs and _ book	computers.
the chance of o	use a disk in several different computers contracting a(n) Reference: Viruses Difficulty: Easy	s within the same day, you are taking
42 4/-)		
automate tasks	attaches itself to documents that	contain embedded programs that
Answer: macr	A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE	
44. Both viruse Answer: worm	es and use computer hosts t	e replicate.
	(1)	7
Answer: Antiv	_ programs search for and eliminate viru irus	ises.
46. A security properating system Answer: nothing	patch is a software program that closes em. The cost to the consumer is ng or free	possible security breaches in the
	was once the word used for malicious ers or hacking	computer wizardry.
	refers to electronic trespassing or crim	
Answer: Crack		linal nacking.
49. DoS stands	for	
Answer: denia		
50. DDoS stand	ds for .	
	buted denial of service	
	hijack Web pages and redirect users to	other sites.
Answer: Webj	ackers	
52	software monitors and records compute	er transactions.
Answer: Audit	-control	

53. Each individual who uses a public key cryptosystem has  Answer: two Reference: How It Works: 10.2 Cryptography	_ keys.
54. PGP stands for Answer: Pretty Good Privacy	
55. Most operating systems, including Windows XP, assign each user Answer: user identifier or user ID	a unique
56. It should now be common knowledge that users should not open recipients that the user does not know. Answer: attachments	from e-mai
Matching:	
57. Match the acts and centers with their purposes:  I. Computer Fraud and Abuse Act A. created by Attorney General Jane II. USA Patriot Act B. defines what kinds of communications are legal of III. Digital Millennium Copyright Act C. created in 2001 as a response of September 11, 2001  IV. Telecommunications Act of 1996 D. provides instant information or V. Communications Decency Act E. declared unconstitutional by the SVI. National Infrastructure Protection Center F. created as a result of the making worm  VII. National Crime Information Center G. used to arrest a student for Adobe product  Answers: F, C, G, B, E, A, D	online to the terrorist attacks or crimes and criminals upreme Court ne first headline-
58. Match the following rules of thumb about safe computing with the I. share with care A. be aware of e-mail from what appear to be legitin II. handle e-mail carefully B. don't choose a dictionary word III. disinfect regularly C. keep your disks in your own computer IV. take your password seriously D. copy, copy, copy V. if it's important, back it up E. encrypt VI. sensitive info over the Internet? F. use antivirus software Answers: C, A, F, B, D, E	

### Prepp

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