

(English Version)
Section – A (Languages)

1. 'ऋतु-ऋतु' शब्द-युग्म में क्या अर्थ भेद है?
A. कठोर-मौसम B. मिथ्या-मौसम
C. असत्य-मौसम D. सत्य-मौसम
2. 'सभा' शब्द का प्रयोग किस संज्ञा के अंतर्गत आता है?
A. व्यक्तिवाचक B. जातिवाचक
C. भाववाचक D. द्रव्यवाचक
3. संज्ञा की व्याप्ति किससे मर्यादित होती है?
A. सर्वनाम B. क्रिया
C. विशेषण D. समास
4. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा शब्द स्त्रीलिंग है?
A. कपड़ा B. रात
C. गाना D. नेत्र
5. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा शब्द पुल्लिंग है?
A. साँकल B. सभा
C. व्याख्यान D. दक्षिणा
6. पुल्लिंग-स्त्रीलिंग के युग्म में से कौनसा युग्म सही नहीं है?
A. बालक - बालिका B. मिहतर - मिहतरी
C. गूँगा - गूँगी D. नर - नारी
7. कौनसा शब्द सदैव एकवचन में प्रयोग होता है?
A. धन B. सोना
C. मात्र 'A' D. 'A' व 'B' दोनों
8. संज्ञा के किस रूप से किसी को पुकारने का बोध होता है?
A. संबंध - कारक B. संप्रदान - कारक
C. संबोधन - कारक D. अपादान - कारक
9. संधि कितने प्रकार की होती है?
A. दो B. तीन
C. चार D. पाँच
10. अशुद्ध वर्तनी विकल्प कौन सा है?
A. उज्ज्वल B. सन्यासी
11. कौनसा शब्द 'आकाश' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है?
A. गगन B. नभ
C. अवनि D. अम्बर
12. 'विधि' का सही विलोम क्या है?
A. निषेध B. कानून
C. कर्म D. नास्तिक
13. 'ज्येष्ठ' का विलोम क्या है?
A. कनिष्ठ B. अवर
C. अग्रज D. प्रवर
14. सही संधि - विच्छेद का चयन कीजिए -
A. महा - ऊदय B. महा + उदय
C. महो + दय D. महा + ओदय
15. निम्नलिखित ममें से अशुद्ध संधि का चयन करें -
A. राजन + आज्ञा = राजाज्ञा
B. वि + स्मरण = विसमरण
C. धनिन + त्व = धनित्व
D. नि: + चल = निश्चल
16. 'कलम तोड़ देना' मुहावरे का सही अर्थ है -
A. लिखना - पढ़ना त्याग देना
B. अत्यंत क्रोधित होना
C. अत्यन्त मार्मिक व प्रभावशाली रचना करना
D. लिखने से घृणा करना
17. 'नीम हकीम खतरे जान' कहावत का सही अर्थ है -
A. अधिकचरा ज्ञान नुकसान देता है
B. जड़ी बूटी से इलाज करना
C. नीम का उपयोग सभी हकीम करते हैं
D. हकीम से उपचार करवाना
18. आवश्यकता से अधिक धन-संपत्ति एकत्र न करना - वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द लिखें -

- A. कृपणता B. अपरिग्रह
C. सदाचार D. अस्तेय
19. 'चाकू' शब्द कौन सी भाषा से हिन्दी में आया है?
A. अरबी B. तुर्की
C. फारसी D. पोर्चुगीज़

20. असंगत वाक्य छानिए :
A. जिस समास में पहला पद प्रायः प्रधान होता है उसे अव्ययीभाव समास कहते हैं ।
B. जिस समास में दूसरा पद प्रायः प्रधान होता है उसे तत्पुरुष समास कहते हैं ।
C. जिसमें कोई भी पद प्रधान नहीं होता उसे द्वन्द्व समास कहते हैं ।
D. जिस समस्त पद में कोई पद प्रधान नहीं होता तथा दोनों मिलकर किसी तीसरे पद की और संकेत करते हैं उसे बहुब्रिही समास कहते हैं ।

Directions Qs. 21-24: Choose the opposite of the given word out of the four options:

21. Jeune
A. Sophisticated B. Arrogant
C. Delightful D. Indifferent
22. Jeopardy
A. Validity B. Safety
C. Piety D. Tactfulness
23. Obfuscate
A. Complicate B. Eclipse
C. Clarify D. Anticipate
24. Inveigh
A. Liberate B. Suggest
C. Equivocate D. Support

Directions Qs.25-28: Choose the correct preposition, out of the four options, to be filled in the blanks:-

25. Shyam is ignorant _____ his mistake.
A. of B. to
C. for D. at
26. His speech was appropriate _____ the occasion.
A. upon B. to
C. about D. for
27. Kalim's behavior is subversive _____ discipline.

- A. with B. about
C. of D. for
28. Radhika's aptitude _____ business cannot be doubted.
A. to B. about
C. at D. for

Directions Qs.29-32: In these questions, four alternatives are given for the italicized idioms. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idiom:

29. A fly on the wheel
A. a person who overestimates her/his importance
B. a person who cautions the people
C. a person who is hostile to all
D. a person who entertains others
30. Fly off the handle
A. attack someone's enemies
B. lose one's temper suddenly
C. make one's escape
D. run away from the difficult situation
31. Keep the wolf off the door
A. keep her secrets intact
B. keep protesting against the times
C. keep off starvation
D. keep working with utmost speed
32. To be under the harrow
A. to work hard
B. to be awarded for honesty
C. to be in good health
D. to be in distress

Directions Qs.33-36: Choose the correct synonyms of the following words out of the four given options:

33. Diaphanous
A. silken B. tired
C. kind D. thick
34. Expostulate
A. infer B. disagree
C. remit D. simmer
35. Improvised
A. imprudent B. incautious
C. unstudied D. oblivious
36. Maverick
A. materialist B. spiritualist
C. selfish D. nonconformist

Directions Qs.37-40: Choose the correct form of the following words as the given part of speech out of the four options:

37. Above as noun:
 A. Our blessings come from above
 B. The heavens are above
 C. The moral law is above the civil
 D. Analyse the above sentence
38. Down as noun:
 A. Down went the "Titanic"
 B. Shyam has seen the ups and downs of life
 C. The porter was killed by the down train
 D. The engine came rushing down the hill
39. But as adverb:
 A. None but the brave deserve the honour
 B. We tried hard, but did not succeed
 C. It is but right to admit our faults
 D. There is no one but likes him
40. After as adjective :
 A. They arrived soon after
 B. He takes after his father
 C. We went away after they had left
 D. After ages shall sing his glory

Section – B

41. Superconductivity is a material property associated with:
 A. cooling a substance without a phase change
 B. frictionless liquid flow
 C. a loss of thermal resistance
 D. a loss of electrical resistance
42. A type of plastic that is biodegradable and has been in the news lately. The ingredient that makes it biodegradable is :
 A. vegetable oil B. petroleum
 C. corn starch D. leather
43. How many Dynes are there in one gram weight?
 A. 900 B. 375
 C. 981 D. 250
44. If the distance between the earth and the sun were twice what it is now, the gravitational force exerted on the earth by the sun would be:
 A. twice as large as now
 B. four times as large as it is now
 C. half of what it is now
 D. one-fourth of what it is now
45. Who was the first Indian to be selected to the British Parliament?
 A. Dadabhai Naoroji
 B. G.K. Gokhale
 C. Bipin Chandra Pal
 D. Lala Lajpat Rai
46. Which of the following Rajput dynasties did not surrender to Akbar?
 A. Parmar B. Pratihara
 C. Rathor D. Sisodiya
47. Which of the following is not a classical language of India?
 A. Sanskrit B. Telugu
 C. Hindi D. Malayalam
48. The scientific study of ageing is known as :
 A. Etiology B. Gerontology
 C. Osteology D. Teratology
49. Which Indian artist decorated the handwritten copy of the Constitution?
 A. Nandalal Bose
 B. Mihir Sen
 C. S. N. Banerji
 D. Mukesh Bhandopadhyaya
50. Preamble of the Indian Constitution has been amended
 A. Once B. Twice
 C. Thrice D. Never
51. Which of these are nicknamed 'Bretton Woods Twins'?
 1. IDA
 2. IMF
 3. IBRD
 4. WTO
 A. 1 & 4 B. 3 & 4
 C. 2 & 4 D. 2 & 3
52. Section -498A of Indian Penal Code is a popular section. It deals with:
 A. Property rights to women
 B. Reservations for women
 C. Harassment for dowry
 D. Kidnap and rape
53. The United Nations climate change conference COP19 or CMP9 was held in November 2013 at:
 A. Paris B. Warsaw
 C. Montreal D. Kyoto
54. The number of approved share markets in India is :
 A. 19 B. 20
 C. 23 D. 24

55. Which of the following state has been brought into the railway network for the first time?
 A. Manipur
 B. Assam
 C. Tripura
 D. Arunachal Pradesh
56. Who among the following has recently been selected for the coveted Indira Gandhi Prize for Peace Disarmament and Development for 2013?
 A. Ila Bhatt
 B. Medha Patkar
 C. Angela Merkel
 D. Chandi Prasad Bhatt
57. Victoria Azarenka, who won the Australian Open Tennis women's singles title 2012 is from:
 A. USA
 B. Belarus
 C. Germany
 D. Slovakia
58. The National Sports Day is observed on :
 A. August 29th
 B. July 29th
 C. September 29th
 D. August 20th
59. Sonal Mansingh is famous for which form of dance?
 A. Bharatnatyam
 B. Manipuri
 C. Kuchipudi
 D. Kathak
60. Ms. Meera Sahib Fathima Beevi is distinguished as the first lady
 A. Judge of the High Court
 B. Governor of a State
 C. Judge of the Supreme Court
 D. Prime Minister of Bangladesh
61. The maximum poll expenditure for a Lok Sabha seat has been raised by the Union Cabinet on the suggestion of the Election Commission of India:
 A. From Rs. 30 lacs to Rs. 70 lacs
 B. From Rs. 40 lacs to Rs. 70 lacs
 C. From Rs. 50 lacs to Rs.70 lacs
 D. From Rs. 40 lacs to Rs. one crore
62. Which of the following agencies determine ranking of the countries in accordance with Economic Freedom Index?
 A. World Economic Forum
 B. UNDP
 C. Heritage Foundation & Wall Street Journal
 D. World Bank
63. When is the World Population Day observed?
 A. May 31
 B. July 11
 C. Oct. 4
 D. Dec. 10
64. What was the highest individual score, in an innings in ICC T20 World Cup 2014?
 A. 101
 B. 106
 C. 111
 D. 116
65. Fiscal Policy is related to:
 A. Money supply in the economy
 B. Regulation of the banking system
 C. Planning for economic development
 D. Government's Revenue and Expenditure
66. Which American President has recently painted a portrait of Dr. Manmohan Singh?
 A. Barack Obama
 B. George Bush
 C. Bill Clinton
 D. Ronald Reagan
67. Which is the largest economy in African Continent?
 A. South Africa
 B. Nigeria
 C. Algeria
 D. None of the above
68. Who wrote 'Why I am an Atheist'?
 A. Subhash Chandra Bose
 B. Khushwant Singh
 C. Bhagat Singh
 D. Madan Lal Dhingra
69. The recently set-up 7th Central Pay Commission is headed by
 A. Ashok Kumar Mathur
 B. G.K. Chadha
 C. Montek Singh Ahluwalia
 D. Ajit Prakash Shah
70. National Rural Employment Scheme was launched throughout the country from :
 A. 1.04.2007
 B. 02.10.2007
 C. 14.11.2007
 D. 01.04.2008
71. 'England' is related to 'Atlantic Ocean' in the same way as 'Greenland' is related to:
 A. Pacific Ocean
 B. Atlantic Ocean
 C. Arctic Ocean
 D. Antarctic Ocean
- Direction Qs.Nos.72-73:** Choose one of the four given alternatives that shows the same relationship as is found between the two letters/numbers to the left of the sign :
72. FJUL : BOQQ : : LHRX : ?
 A. BKPR
 B. MNCC
 C. HRY Y
 D. HMNC

73. $9 : 162 :: 8 : ?$
 A. 162 B. 128
 C. 96 D. 112
74. Choose the group of words that shows same relationship as is given in the question :
 Correspondent : News : Newspaper
 A. Farmer : Crops : Food
 B. Mason : Cement : Construction
 C. Cloud : Water : Ponds
 D. Road : Vehicle : Destination

Direction (Q.Nos. 75-76): Three of the four alternatives given are same in a certain way and so form a group. Find the odd one that does not belong to the group:

75. A. 62 B. 42
 C. 152 D. 110
76. A. Java B. Sri Lanka
 C. Malaysia D. Cuba
77. In a certain code language, 'lu ra de' means 'what was it'; 'mo nil' means 'you go'; 'nil pam ra' means 'you like it' and 'tok lu fo' means 'she was sick'. How will you write 'what you like' in that code ?
 A. nil ra lu B. pom nil ra
 C. pom ra lu D. de nil pam
78. If 'MOUSE' is coded as "PRUQC", then how is 'SHIFT' written in the same code?
 A. VKIRD B. VKIDR
 C. VJIDR D. VIKRD
79. How many meaningful English words can be made with the letters 'ATLE' using each letter only once in each word?
 A. Two B. Three
 C. Four D. More than four
80. 36 vehicles are parked in a parking lot in a single row. After the 1st car, there is one scooter, after 2nd car there are two scooters, after 3rd car there are three scooters and so on. Work out the number of scooters in the second half of the row.
 A. 10 B. 12
 C. 15 D. 17

Direction (Q.Nos. 81-83): Six plays A, B, C, D, E and F are to be organized from 2nd June to 7th June, i.e. Monday to Saturday – one play each day. There are two plays between C and D and one play between A and C. There is one play between F and E and E is to be organized before F. B is to be organized before A, not necessarily

immediately. The sequence of plays does not start with B.

81. The sequence of plays would start from which play?
 A. A
 B. F
 C. D
 D. Can't be determined
82. On which date is play E to be organized?
 A. 2nd
 B. 4th
 C. 3rd
 D. Can't be determined
83. The sequence of plays would end with which play?
 A. A
 B. D
 C. B
 D. Can't be determined
84. B, C, D, E, F, G, H, J are sitting around a circle facing the centre. B is an immediate neighbour of F and C. E is second to the left of F. G is second to the right of C. D is not an immediate neighbour of G. There are two persons between C and J. How many persons are between C and D?
 A. 2 only B. 4 only
 C. 5 only D. either 2 or 4
85. If 'A + B' means that A is the father of B; 'A-B' means that A is the wife of B; 'A × B' means that A is the brother of B and 'A ÷ B' means that A is the daughter of B. Then which of the following is true for $P \div R + S + Q$?
 A. P is the daughter of Q
 B. Q is the aunt (Father's sister) of P
 C. P is the aunt (father's sister) of Q
 D. P is the mother of Q
86. Q's mother is the sister of P and daughter of M. S is the daughter of P and sister of T. How is M related to T?
 A. Maternal Grandmother
 B. Father
 C. Maternal Grandfather
 D. Option (A) or (C)
87. Ram starts walking towards East from a point 'S' and after walking 15 m turns to his left and walks 10 m, again he walks 10 m turning to his left and finally walks 22 m turning to his left and reaches a point 'Q'.

How far and in which direction is he from the point 'S'?


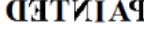


- A. 15 m South B. 22 m South-East
C. 12 m South D. 13 m South-East

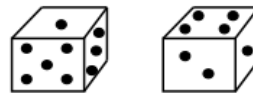
Direction Q.Nos. 88-89: Read the pattern of letters/numbers/terms and find the missing term from the given alternatives:


88. 9, 27, 31, 155, 161, 1127, ?
A. 1135 B. 1288
C. 316 D. 2254
89. Y, B, T, G, O, ?
A. N B. M
C. L D. K
90. In the following series some letters are missing which are given in that order as one of the alternatives below it. Choose the correct alternative.
adb_ac_d_bcda_bcac_d
A. bacbd B. dbacb
C. cbadb D. acbda
91. If P denotes +, Q denotes -, R denotes \times and S denotes \div , then which of the following is correct?
A. 16 R 12 P 49 S 7 Q 9 = 200
B. 32 S 8 R 9 = 160 Q 12 R 12
C. 8 R 8 P 8 S 8 Q 8 = 57
D. 36 R 4 S 8 Q 7 P 4 = 10
92. The age of father 10 years ago was thrice the age of his son. Ten years hence, father's age will be twice that of his son. The ratio of their present ages is :
A. 5 : 2 B. 7 : 3
C. 9 : 2 D. 13 : 4

Direction (Q.Nos. 93 to 95): A survey of a locality regarding newspaper reading habits shows that: newspaper A is read by 26%; newspaper B is read by 25%; newspaper C is read by 14%; newspaper A and B are read by 11%; Newspaper B and C are read by 10%; Newspaper C and A are read by 9% and newspaper C only is read by 0%.

93. The percentage of readers who read all the three newspapers is
A. 10 B. 4
C. 5 D. 6
94. The percentage of readers who read at most one newspaper is
A. 20
B. 80
C. 60

- D. None of the above
95. The percentage of reader who read at least two newspapers is
A. 15
B. 16
C. 20
D. None of the above
96. How many times are the two hands of a clock at right angles in a day?
A. 24 B. 48
C. 22 D. 44
97. Calendar for the year 2014 will be the same for the year:
A. 2018
B. 2020
C. 2022
D. none of the above
98. Choose the alternative which most closely resembles the mirror-image of word PAINTED
A.  B. 
C.  D. 
99. Two positions of a dice are shown below. When there are two dots at the bottom, the number of dots at the top will be



- A. 2 B. 3
C. 5 D. 6
100. How many triangles are there in the given figure?

- A. 28 B. 24
C. 25 D. 26
101. Which one of the following is the main objective of teaching?
A. To develop thinking power of the students
B. To give information related to the syllabus
C. To dictate notes to the students
D. To prepare students to pass the examination
102. Which of the following statements regarding "Memory Level of Teaching" (MLT) is incorrect?
A. Memory is the initial stage of teaching

- B. Memory Level of Teaching mainly depends on the prevailing socio-economic conditions
- C. MLT includes the habit of rote memorization of facts and bits of information
- D. MLT enables the learner to retain and also reproduce the learnt material whenever required
103. Which of the following statements regarding "Understanding Level of Teaching" (ULT) is incorrect?
- A. Morrison is the main proponent of ULT
- B. It is 'memory plus insight' as it goes beyond just the memorizing of facts. It focuses on the mastery of the subject
- C. Cultural materialism is also a primary determining factor of ULT
- D. It provides more and more opportunities for the students to develop the intellectual behavior
104. Which of the following statements regarding 'Reflective Level of Teaching' (RLT) is incorrect?
- A. Hunt is the main proponent of RLT
- B. It is problem - centred teaching
- C. The students are assumed to adopt some sort of research approach to solve the problem
- D. The teacher assumes the primary place and the pupil occupies the secondary place
105. Which of the following is not a domain or category of instructional objectives according to Bloom et al?
- A. Socio-Political Domain
- B. Cognitive Domain
- C. Affective Domain
- D. Psychomotor Domain
106. Which of the following is not one of the advantages of "Lecture Method"?
- A. It is economical as it can cover large audience in less time
- B. It promotes social cohesion among the pupils
- C. It is useful for stimulating further learning
- D. It has the flexibility for adapting the lecture according to time and equipment available
107. Which one of the following is not one of the advantages of 'TV or Video Presentation' as a teaching method?
- A. Many important personalities and experts are brought to the classroom through videopresentation
- B. This method is specifically useful for adult learners
- C. It promotes a sort of nativism among the learners
- D. Illustrated lectures and demonstrations can be supplemented by other teaching aids such as slides, models, specimens, etc.
108. Which one of the following is not one of the advantages of 'Team Teaching Method'?
- A. It helps in sharing the best faculty by more students
- B. It involves optimum use of teaching techniques and devices
- C. It improves the teaching quality
- D. It affects the socio-economic conditions of the pupils
109. Which one of the following is not one of the advantages of 'Group Discussion Method'?
- A. It flattens out the ideological differences of the pupils
- B. It can be planned where there is certainty about the conclusions and objectives. The discussion is guided by the trainer in an appropriate sequence
- C. It promotes communication and interaction within a group around a topic or problem presented to the group
- D. It can also be unplanned where the topic presented for discussion is without any opening statement and discussion that follows is entirely spontaneous
110. Which one of the following is not one of the advantages of the "Case Study Method"?
- A. It provides opportunity to the participants to critically analyze the problem and express reasoned opinions.
- B. It promotes gender-sensitivity among the pupils.
- C. It enhances decision -making and problem-solving skills.
- D. It ensures active participation, which may lead to innovative solutions.

111. Which one of the following is not one of the functions of 'Evaluation'?
- Feedback
 - Motivation
 - Ideological indoctrination
 - Better guidance
112. Who among the following is considered a proponent of the Wardha Education System?
- Sri Aurobindo
 - S. Radhakrishnan
 - J. Krishnamurti
 - Mahatma Gandhi
113. Who among the following was the main proponent of the Kindergarten system of education?
- Froebel
 - Rousseau
 - Maria Montessori
 - John Dewey
114. Which of the following is not one of the "Projected Visual Aids"?
- Slides
 - Bar Chart
 - Handheld Projector
 - Video Projector
115. Which of the following is an independent variable in teaching-learning process?
- Student
 - Institution
 - Teacher
 - Parents
116. The highest level of cognitive domain is:
- Synthesis
 - Analysis
 - Comprehensive
 - Evaluation
117. Who has the least chance of becoming an effective teacher?
- One who has no interest in teaching
 - One who is a strict disciplinarian
 - One who neglects teaching
 - One who knows his subject well
118. Books can be a powerful source of communication, provided:
- The content is abstract
 - The content is illustrative
 - The medium is Hindi
 - The print quality of the book is good
119. Good teaching is best reflected by:
- Attendance of students
 - Number of distinctions
 - Meaningful questions asked by students
 - Pin-drop silence in the class
120. The ability to locate, evaluate and effectively use information is an important trait known as :
- Critical thinking
 - Information literacy
 - Number of distinctions
 - Selective attention

Section – C (Subject Knowledge)

121. Which one of the following is not the cause of the economic depression?
- Over-production
 - Fall in exports
 - Decline of feudalism
 - Mechanization of industries
122. Major result of the Industrial Revolution was the :
- Concentration of workers in the urban area
 - Increased desire of the wealthy class to share power
 - Formation of powerful craft guild
 - Control of agriculture production by government
123. Who first used the term Industrial revolution in France?
- Frichdrich Engels
 - Karl Marx
 - Georges Michelet
 - Arnold Toynbee
124. Which of the following terms is most associated with free-market 'classical' economics?
- Bon Voyage
 - Idee Fixe
 - Laissez Faire
 - Ressentiment
125. Who invented the first Steam Engine?
- Thomas Newcomen
 - Abraham Darby
 - Richard Arkwright
 - Henry Cort
126. When did France become constitutional Monarchy?
- 1789
 - 1791
 - 1792
 - 1790
127. The international body formed by socialists was known as:

- A. Social Democratic
B. Second International
C. First international
D. Socialist Party of the world
128. Which of the following group was in favour of open membership to all in a party?
A. Bolshevik B. Mensheviks
C. S.D.W. Party D. S.R. Party
129. Which two countries were the first to declare war on Germany during World War II?
A. Italy and Greece
B. Britain and France
C. Norway and Denmark
D. U.S.A and U.S.S.R
130. Italy's action in the World War I was primarily against:
A. Germany
B. Greece
C. Austria-Hungary
D. France
131. Which international organisation got established immediately after the World War II?
A. League of Nations
B. U.N.O.
C. W.H.O.
D. N.A.T.O.
132. When did Adolf Hitler come into power in Germany?
A. July 1921 B. July 1935
C. June 1929 D. June 1936
133. During which war did the Russian revolution take place?
A. World War II
B. Russo-Japanese war
C. Napoleonic war
D. World War I
134. The leader of the revolt of 1857 in Bihar was :
A. Tantiya Tope B. Nana Saheb
C. Mangal Pandey D. Kunwar Singh
135. Who did not participate in the revolt of 1857?
A. Tantiya Tope
B. Rani Laxmi Bai
C. Bahadur Shah Zafar
D. Bhagat Singh
136. Which of the following could be regarded as the greatest contribution of Arya Samaj?
A. Crusade against the rigidities of the caste system
B. Converting non-Hindus to Hinduism
C. Providing protection to the cow
D. Evoking a sense of pride in India's past
137. What was the primary aim of the AKALI movement which rose in the Punjab in 1920's?
A. To voice the political grievances of the Sikhs
B. To bring about modernisation in the Sikh social customs
C. To streamline the management of the gurudwaras or Sikhs shrines
D. To wipe out the caste system from Sikhism
138. The industrial development of India began with the introduction of:
A. Railways
B. Textile Mills
C. Mining Technology
D. Post and Telegraph
139. The Indian industries which were completely ruined on account of British economic policies, were:
A. Sugar and Ship-building
B. Oil and Salt manufacture
C. Textile and handicrafts
D. Iron and steel
140. Which party did not cooperate in the Quit India Movement?
A. Forward Bloc B. Hindu Mahasabha
C. Communist D. Socialists
141. Which of the following is incorrect about the earth?
A. The earth is slightly closer to the sun in early January than it is in early July.
B. The earth is farthest from the sun during the Northern Hemisphere summer.
C. The earth is closest to the sun during the Southern Hemisphere summer.
D. The earth is farthest from the sun during the Northern Hemisphere winter.
142. Which of the following is incorrect about rocks?
A. Intrusive igneous rocks tend to have larger mineral crystals.
B. Granite is an extrusive igneous rock.

- C. Coarse -grained intrusive rocks are called plutonic igneous rocks
D. Batholith is a massive pluton.
143. Which of the following is the least urbanized state after Himachal Pradesh?
A. Sikkim
B. Bihar
C. Assam
D. Arunachal Pradesh
144. Which of the following state is not crossed by tropic of cancer?
A. Rajasthan B. Chattisgarh
C. Manipur D. Madhya Pradesh
145. Match the following :
- | Place | State |
|--------------|--------------------|
| (i) Riasi | a. Odisha |
| (ii) Koraput | b. Assam |
| (iii) Digboi | c. West Bengal |
| (iv) Asansol | d. Jharkhand |
| | e. Jammu & Kashmir |
- (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- A. e a b d
B. d a b e
C. e a b c
D. e c b a
146. Which of the following denotes the correct order of states in terms of population (2011 census) from the largest to the smallest?
A. Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra, West Bengal, Bihar
B. Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra, Bihar, West Bengal
C. Maharashtra, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, West Bengal
D. Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Maharashtra, West Bengal
147. National Institute of Disaster Management is under
A. Ministry of Earth Sciences
B. Ministry of Science and Technology
C. Ministry of Home Affairs
D. Ministry of Rural Development
148. Which one is the correct order of the spatial character of the universe?
A. Milky Way, Universe, Local Group, Local Super cluster.
B. Universe, Milky Way, Local super cluster, Local Group
C. Milky Way, Local Group, Local Super cluster, Universe.
D. Local Group, Milky Way, Universe, Local Super cluster.
149. Find the incorrect match
A. Talcher: Odisha
B. Namrup: Assam
C. Koyali: Gujarat
D. Sindri: Bihar
150. Isohyets are lines joining places of equal
A. temperature B. rainfall
C. pressure D. height
151. Bermuda is
A. North Atlantic's high pressure cell
B. North Atlantic's low pressure cell
C. Indian Ocean's high pressure cell
D. Indian Ocean's low pressure cell
152. If there is a difference of 2 degrees in the longitudes of two places, there will be a difference of _____ in their time.
A. 4 hours B. 4 minutes
C. 8 minutes D. 8 hours
153. R. F. in the scale of map denotes
A. Rainfall
B. Ratio factor
C. Rough form
D. Representative fraction
154. To measure humidity, we use
A. Planimeter B. Psychrometer
C. Lactometer D. Opisometer
155. New Moore Island is near the coast of
A. West Bengal B. Odisha
C. Andhra Pradesh D. Tamil Nadu
156. Which one of the following landforms is not associated with continental glaciers?
A. till B. stratified drift
C. glacial drift D. uvala
157. The rate of decline in temperature with altitude in the troposphere is:
A. 6.5 ° C per 100 m
B. 6.5 ° C per 1000 m
C. 6.5 ° C per 10 m
D. 6.5 ° C per 100 km
158. Which one of the following statements about RF is not correct:
A. In RF the unit of the numerator and the denominator are taken as the same
B. The units are never mentioned when the scale is expressed in the form of RF
C. The denominator is always 100
D. The numerator should always be 1
159. In which state of India is Angul, the largest aluminum plant in Asia located?

- A. Gujarat B. Jharkhand
C. Odisha D. Chattisgarh
160. Read the following statements
(i) The place of origin of earthquake is called focus.
(ii) The point directly above the focus on the earth's surface is called epicenter.
(iii) The Richter scale measures the intensity of the earthquake.
(iv) The Modified Mercalli Scale ranges from I-XII.
Identify the **incorrect** statements:
A. (i) and (ii) B. (iii)
C. (iii) and (iv) D. (iv)
161. The growth rate of population during 2001-10 as per Census 2011 stood at:
A. 16.3% B. 16.9%
C. 17.7% D. 18.3%
162. As a result of Green Revolution, which foodgrains had a reduced percentage in total foodgrains production?
A. Wheat
B. Rice
C. Cereals and Pulses
D. None of these
163. Kasturba Gandhi Education Scheme is related to
A. Girl education
B. Adult education
C. Child labour education
D. Tribal woman (above 18 years) education
164. National Rural Health Mission has been launched in the country since :
A. April 11, 2005 B. April 12, 2005
C. April 1, 2006 D. April 12, 2006
165. Strategy which makes an all out effort to provide the masses in India access to basic facilities such as health, education, clean drinking water etc. is termed as:
A. inclusive growth strategy
B. exclusive growth strategy
C. rapid growth strategy
D. balanced growth strategy
166. Which of the two employment programmes are being merged in newly introduced Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme?
A. PMRY and NREP
B. NREP and REGP
C. PMRY and REGP
D. None of these
167. Central Issue Price of foodgrains under TPDS includes price for BPL and APL (below poverty line and above poverty line). What is the difference between the two?
A. Price of BPL is one third of APL price
B. Difference of Rs. 600/- per quintal
C. Difference of Rs. 250/- per quintal
D. Price for APL is double the BPL price
168. Tendulkar Committee on its alternative methodology for calculating poverty ratio has estimated population below the poverty line at
A. 33.8% B. 37.2%
C. 39.0% D. 40.2%
169. 'Food for Work Programme' was renamed as
A. RLEGP B. IRDP
C. NREP D. MNP
170. Global Hunger Index released by IFPRI in Oct. 2010 placed India at
A. 58th rank B. 67th rank
C. 69th rank D. 74th rank
171. Which of the following is better measure of economic development?
A. employment
B. size of exports
C. rural consumption
D. national income
172. What is Open Sky Scheme?
A. Export promotion scheme of Civil Aviation Ministry
B. Free economy policy
C. Tax free policy
D. None of these
173. Which sector constitutes the maximum share in National Income of India?
A. Primary
B. Secondary
C. Tertiary
D. All the above have equal
174. 'Smart Money' is a term used for
A. internet banking
B. FDRs in banks
C. credit cards
D. demand drafts of banks
175. 'Pure Banking, Nothing Else' is a slogan raised by
A. ICICI Bank B. HDFC Bank
C. SBI D. UTI Bank

176. The money supply measure M2 as published by RBI includes
- currency held by public & other deposits of RBI
 - A + savings deposits with post office saving banks
 - A + net demand deposits of banks
 - B + net demand deposits of banks
177. The growth of light industries is hampered by the fact that
- these are run by small entrepreneurs with limited financial resources
 - these do not enjoy economies of scale
 - perpetuate the dependence on imports of capital goods
 - all of the above
178. Main distinguishing feature between money market and capital market is based on the
- cost of credit
 - term of credit
 - use of credit
 - user of credit
179. Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI) is a new index to be included in:
- World Human Report
 - Human Development Report
 - World Development Report
 - India's Human Development Report
180. National Food Security Mission targets to increase the production of wheat, rice and pulses in next four years to –
- 10,8 and 2 million tonnes respectively
 - 8,10 and 2 million tonnes respectively
 - 8,12 and 2 million tonnes respectively
 - 8,10 and 4 million tonnes respectively
181. Parliamentary supremacy is a definite feature of political system in :
- U.K.
 - India
 - Canada
 - Australia
182. Indian federation closely resembles:
- U.S.A.
 - Nigeria
 - Australia
 - Canada
183. The word 'Democracy' has been derived from the language:
- Greek
 - Latin
 - English
 - French
184. Who among the following described democracy as the "Tyranny of the majority"?
- Rousseau
 - De Tocqueville
 - John Dunning
 - John Modison
185. Who decides allotment of symbols to Political Parties in India?
- Political Party Leader
 - Election Committee of Political Party
 - Election Commission
 - Political Party governing committee
186. The opportunity for all citizens to vote is called :
- Representative Government
 - Civic Virtue
 - Universal suffrage
 - Democracy
187. Which one of the following is the chief source of political power in India?
- The Constitution
 - The Supreme Court
 - The people
 - The Parliament
188. Which one is not an element of a federation?
- Written Constitution
 - Supreme Constitution
 - Single Citizenship
 - Bicameralism
189. Panchayati Raj means:
- Concentration of power
 - Centralization of power
 - Decentralization of power
 - State power
190. In which year 'Jana Andolan' was started in Nepal
- 1989
 - 1990
 - 1991
 - 2006
191. Free Bolivia Movement turned into a progressive political party in Bolivia was formed on :
- 15 January, 1985
 - 15 January, 1986
 - 15 January 1987
 - 15 January 1988
192. The Constitution of India was enacted by the Constituent Assembly, set up:
- Under the Cabinet Mission Plan in 1946.
 - Under the Indian Independence Act 1947
 - By the Indian National Congress
 - Through a resolution of the Provincial Governments.
193. Which fundamental right prohibits traffic in human beings in India?
- Right to Equality
 - Right against Exploitation

- C. Right to Freedom
D. Cultural and Educational Right
194. The Constituent Assembly elected as its permanent chairman:
A. B.R. Ambedkar
B. Rajendra Prasad
C. Jawahar Lal Nehru
D. K.M.Munshi
195. How many Lok Sabha Constituencies are there in India?
A. 540 B. 550
C. 547 D. 543
196. The joint sitting of the Indian Parliament is presided over by :
A. President
B. Prime Minister
C. Chairman of Rajya Sabha
D. Speaker of Lok Sabha
197. The Constitution of India is Republic, because it:
A. Provides for an elected Parliament
B. Provides for adult franchise
C. Contains Bill of Rights
D. has no hereditary elements.
198. Which one of the following writs is issued by the Courts to release a person unlawfully detained?
A. Quo-warranto
B. Prohibition
C. Habeas Corpus
D. Certiorari
199. Who decides whether a bill is a Money Bill or not?
A. President
B. Prime Minister
C. Speaker of Lok Sabha
D. Supreme Court
200. Who is the founder of Bahujan Samaj Party?
A. Jyotiba Phule B. B.R. Ambedkar
C. Mayawati D. Kanshi Ram.