D

Test Paper Code: BT

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 300

INSTRUCTIONS

A. General:

- 1. This Question Booklet is your Question Paper.
- 2. This Question Booklet contains 24 pages and has 100 questions.
- 3. The Question Booklet Code is printed on the right-hand top corner of this page.
- 4. The Question Booklet contains blank spaces for your rough work. No additional sheets will be provided for rough work.
- 5. Clip board, log tables, slide rule, calculator, cellular phone or electronic gadgets in any form are NOT allowed.
- 6. Write your Name and Registration Number in the space provided at the bottom.
- 7. All answers are to be marked only on the machine gradable Optical Response Sheet (ORS) provided along with this booklet, as per the instructions therein.
- 8. The Question Booklet along with the Optical Response Sheet (ORS) must be handed over to the Invigilator before leaving the examination hall.

B. Filling-in the ORS:

- 9. Ensure that the code on the Question Booklet and the code on the ORS are the same. If the codes do not match, report to the Invigilator immediately.
- 10. Write your Registration Number in the boxes provided on the upper left-hand-side of the ORS and darken the appropriate bubble under each digit of your Registration Number using a HB pencil.
- 11. On the lower-left-hand-side of the ORS, write your Name, Registration Number, Name of the Test Centre and put your signature in the appropriate box with ballpoint pen. Do not write these anywhere else.

C. Marking of Answers on the ORS:

- 12. Each question has 4 choices for its answer: (A), (B), (C) and (D). Only ONE of them is correct.
- 13. On the right-hand-side of **ORS**, for each question number, darken with a **HB Pencil** ONLY one bubble corresponding to what you consider to be the most appropriate answer, from among the four choices.
- 14. There will be negative marking for wrong answers.

MARKING SCHEME:

- (a) For each correct answer, you will be awarded 3 (Three) marks.
- (b) Multiple answers to a question will be treated as a wrong answer.
- (c) For each wrong answer, you will be awarded -1 (Negative one) mark.
- (d) For each un-attempted question, you will be awarded 0 (Zero) mark.

Name				
Registration Number				



AT CO.

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PACEL

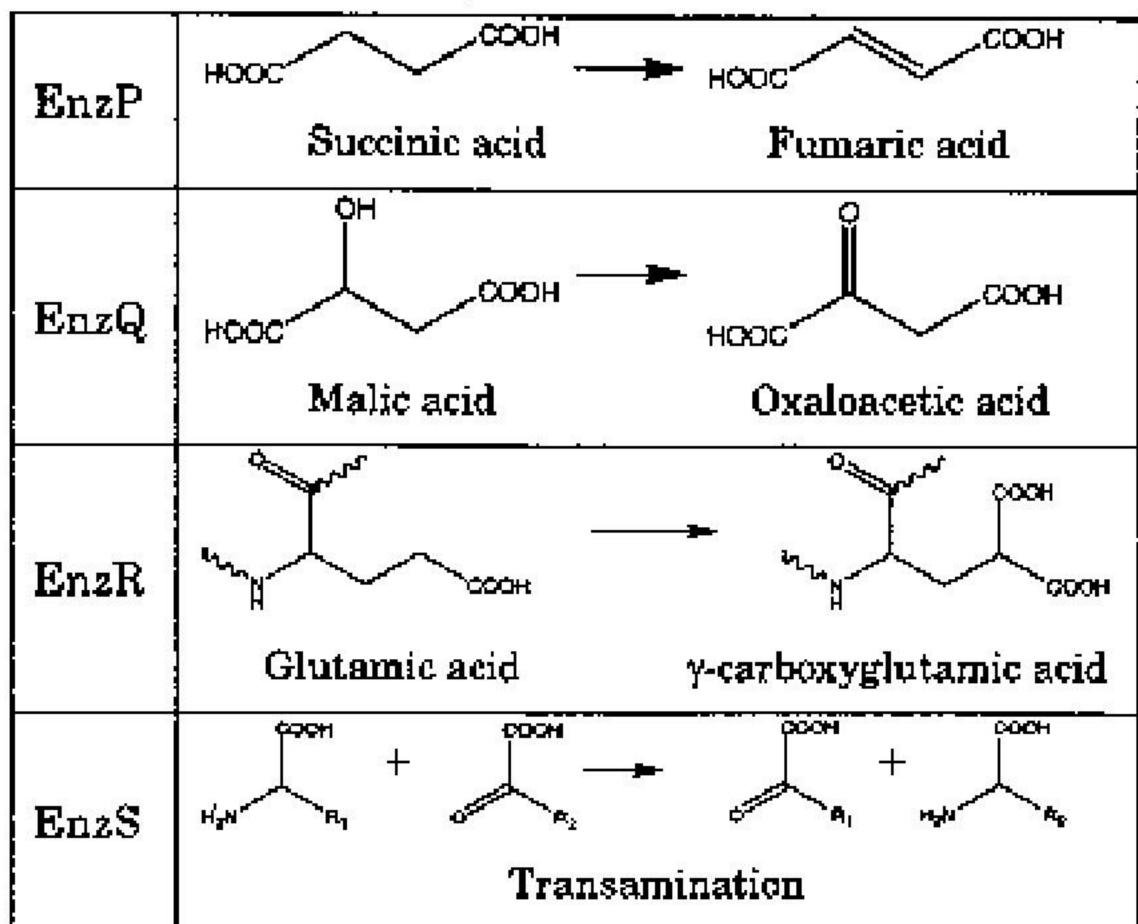


Q.1 The composition of proteins P1 to P4 are shown below:

Protein	Composition
P 1	Rich in polar residues; poor in apolar residues
P2	Rich in apolar residues; poor in polar residues
P 3	Has comparable number of polar and apolar residues
P 4	Rich in glycine and proline

Which one of the following options CORRECTLY relates the propensities of these proteins to be folded, aggregated or disordered in an aqueous buffered solution?

- (A) P1, P2 and P4 are disordered and P3 is folded
- (B) P1 and P3 are folded, P2 is aggregated and P4 is disordered
- (C) P1 and P3 are folded, and P2 and P4 are disordered
- (D) P1 and P4 are disordered, P2 is aggregated and P3 is folded
- Q.2 EnzP, EnzQ, EnzR, and EnzS catalyze the metabolic reactions as shown below:



Each of the above enzymes is dependent on one of the following four vitamins (either the vitamin itself or its derivative):

VitB2: Vitamin B2 (riboflavin)

VitB3: Vitamin B3 (niacin)

VitB6: Vitamin B6 (pyridoxal)

VitK: Vitamin K

Which one of the following options gives the CORRECT enzyme-vitamin matches?

- (A) EnzP and VitB3, EnzQ and VitB2, EnzR and VitB6, EnzS and VitK
- (B) EnzP and VitB2, EnzQ and VitB3, EnzR and VitB6, EnzS and VitK
- (C) EnzP and VitB2, EnzQ and VitB3, EnzR and VitK, EnzS and VitB6
- (D) EnzP and VitB6, EnzQ and VitB2, EnzR and VitB3, EnzS and VitK

BT-1/24

Q.3	The maxi	ground state end imum wavelengt!	ergy o h in B	of hydrogen atom is Salmer series (in nm	s –13. ı) is a _l	6 eV. Assume hopproximately	= 12	40 eV.nm. The
	(A)	103	(B)	122	(C)	244	(D)	653
Q.4				5, at a higher pr				
	relea	ased to atmosphe	ere. T	he final temperatu	re of	the gas is $\frac{T}{2}$. The	he val	ue of P (in the
		s of atm) is						
	(A)	4	(B)	$4\sqrt{2}$	(C)	8	(D)	$8\sqrt{2}$
Q .5				eed of 40 m/sec in a l reach to a maximu				round. Assume
	(A)	20	(B)	40	(C)	60	(D)	80
Q.6	The	dimensions ML^2	T^{-2} [OO NOT correspond	l to			
	(A)	work			(B)	torque	25	
	(C)	heat			(D)	angular momen	tum	
$\mathbf{Q}.7$	lim	$\left[\frac{1}{n} + \frac{n^2}{(n+1)^3} + \frac{n^2}{(n+1)^3}\right]$	$\frac{n^2}{(+2)^3}$	$+\cdots+\frac{1}{8n}$ is				
	(A)	1	(B)	<u>1</u>	(C)	<u>3</u>	(D)	<u>1</u>
	(**)	8	(20)	4	(••)	8	(20)	2
Q .8	The	area (in square ı	mits (of length) enclosed b	уу у =	$2x^2+1$ and $6x-$	y = 3	is
	(A)	1 2	(B)	$\frac{2}{3}$	(C)	1	(D)	4 2
	,e.,		-		22			
Q.9		pose the princip ples in 10 years, t		creases continuousl r is	y at	the rate of <i>r</i> %	per y	ear. If Rs. 100
	(A)	5 log _e 2	(B)	$10 \log_{a} 2$	(C)	50 log, 2	(D)	100 log. 2

Q.10	Аe	ukaryotic cell la	cking	active telomeras	3e				
	(A) (B) (C)	is highly proba	able to	ofread incorrect be a cancerous radual reduction	cell		th with	each replica	ation
	(D)	₹/A	to con	nect Okazaki fr	agments				
Q.11	Whi	ich of the followi:	ng are	used as reporte	er genes?				
	P. Q. R.	β-glucuronidas Ampicillin-resi Gal4 gene Luciferase geni	e gene stance	е					
	(A)	P and S	(B)	P and Q	(C)	${f R}$ and ${f S}$	(D)	${f Q}$ and ${f R}$	
Q.12	p-Ar (A)	ninobenzoic acid glutamic acid	is a b	iosynthetic prec acetic acid	ursor of (C)	citric acid	(D)	folic acid	
Q.13	Ribo	somes are made	of						
	(A) (C)	DNA and prote only proteins	ins		(B) (D)	RNA and pro DNA, RNA a		ins	
Q.14	The .	anticodon in a tF	NA is	3					
	(A) (B) (C) (D)	complementary complementary complementary changeable dep	to coo	ion in rRNA ion in mRNA end of tRNA who					
Q.15	Whic	h one of the follo	wing	hormones shows	s photope	riodicity?			
		Thyroxine			_	Cortisol	(D)	Relaxin	



- Which of the following ligament(s) is/are attached to ovary? Q.16
 - Ovarian ligaments
 - Suspensory ligaments
 - Broad ligaments
 - Only P (\mathbf{A})
- (B) Only \mathbf{P} and \mathbf{Q}
- (C) Only P and R (D) P, Q and R
- The role of salicylic acid in systemic acquired resistance of plants is to Q.17
 - directly destroy the pathogens
 - activate defenses throughout the plant before the infection spreads (\mathbf{B})
 - activate heat shock proteins (\mathbf{C})
 - sacrifice the infected tissue
- Match the therapeutics in Column I with their applications in Column II. Q.18

Column I	Column II
P. Erythropoietin	1. Diabetes
Q. Plasminogen activator	2. Obesity
R. Leptin	S. Anemia
S. Cathepsin K	4. Myocardial infarction
T. Humulin	5. Osteoporosis
	6. Cancer therapy

(A) P-3, Q-6, R-2, S-4, T-1

(B) P-5, Q-4, R-6, S-3, T-2

(C) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-5, T-1

- P-5, Q-6, R-4, S-3, T-1 (D)
- The 2009 Nobel prizes were awarded to work on Q.19
 - human papilloma virus and ribosome (A)
 - Helicobacter pylori and human papilloma virus (\mathbf{B})
 - ribosome and telomerase (C)
 - telomerase and Helicobacter pylori (\mathbf{D})
- Which of the following statements about yeast are CORRECT? Q.20
 - Yeast are fungi
 - Yeast can form pseudohyphae Q.
 - Yeast reproduce asexually by budding \mathbf{R} .
 - Yeast are facultative anaerobes S.
 - All yeast are pathogenic
 - All yeast are dimorphic U.
 - P, Q, R and S (\mathbf{A})

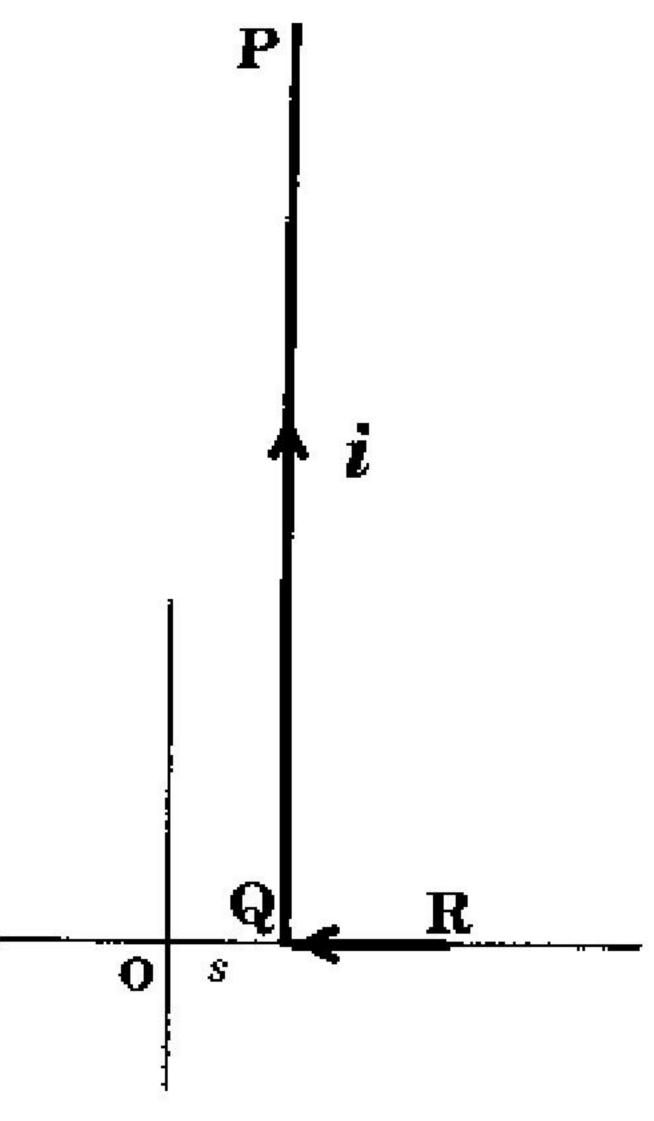
R, S, T and U (\mathbf{B})

P, R, S and U (C)

Q, R, S and T (D)

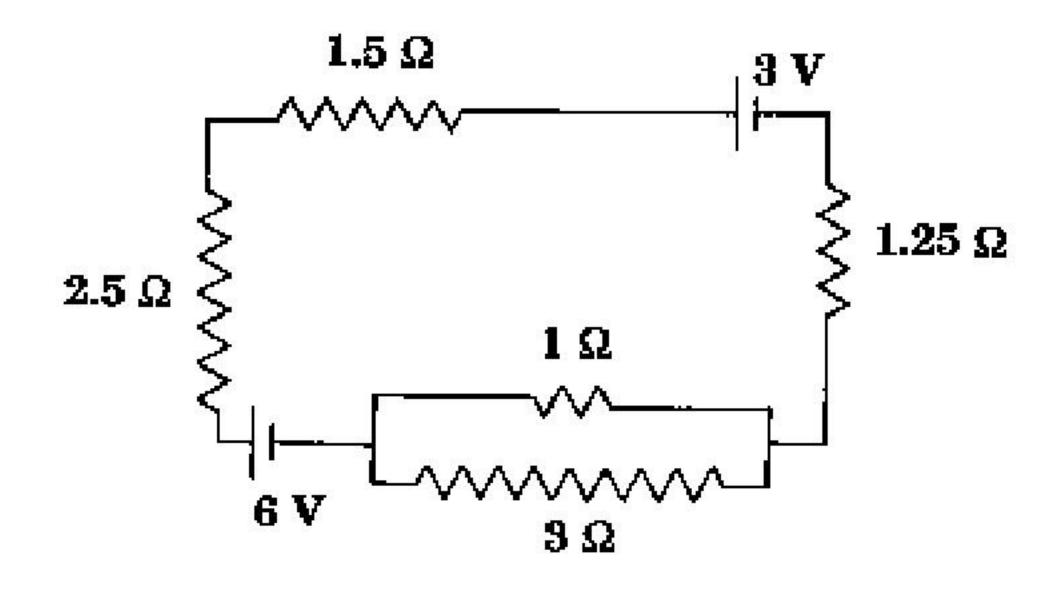
BT-4/24

Q.21 An L shaped wire PQR carrying a current i is placed at a distance s from the origin (see the figure below). The length PQ is l such that l>>s. The magnitude of the magnetic field B at origin O is



- $(\mathbf{A}) = \frac{\mu_0 i}{\pi s}$
- $(\mathbf{B}) = \frac{\mu_0 i}{2\pi s}$
- (C) $\frac{\mu_0 i}{4 \pi s}$
- (D) $\frac{\mu_0 i}{8\pi s}$

Q.22 The current (in A) in the given circuit, assuming the internal resistance of the batteries to be negligible, is

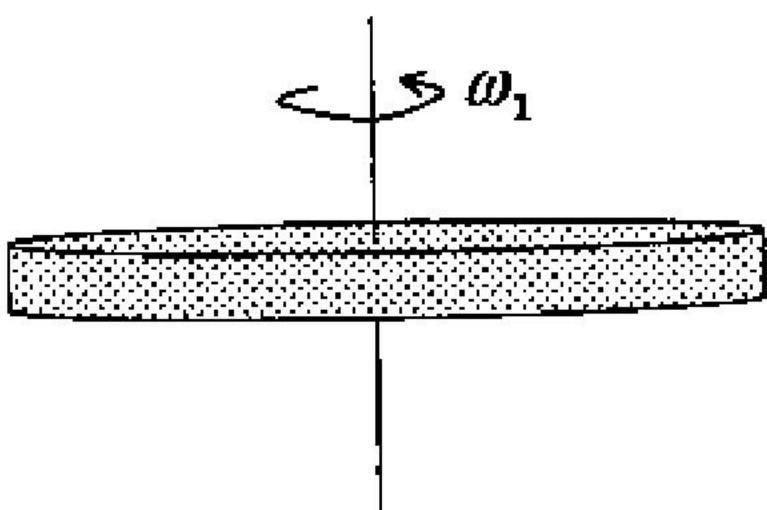


- $(\mathbf{A}) = \frac{1}{4}$
- $(B) = \frac{1}{2}$

- $(C) = \frac{3}{4}$
- $(D) = \frac{9}{8}$

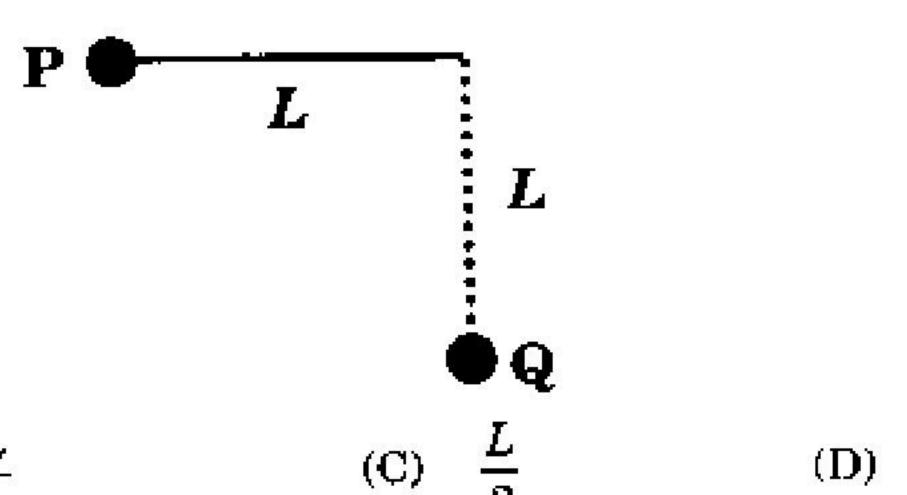
BT-5/24

A gaseous mass M in the form of a thin disk of radius R is rotating with α_1 as shown in Q.23the figure below.



A fraction $\frac{M}{4}$ of the gas condenses into a thin ring of radius R and the remaining into a concentric disk of radius $\frac{R}{2}$. The system now rotates with ω_2 about the same axis. The ratio $\frac{\omega_2}{}$ is

- (B) $\frac{16}{11}$
- $(\mathbf{C}) \quad \frac{7}{8}$
- The terminal speed (in m/s) of a vertically falling raindrop of radius 0.03 cm (g = 9.9 m/s^2 , Q.24 $\eta_{air} = 1.8 \times 10^{-4}$ poise and $\rho_{water} = 1000$ kg/m³) is approximately
 - (A) = 0.11
- (B) = 0.55
- (C) = 1.10
- 2.20 (\mathbf{D})
- In an RC circuit, a resistor of resistance 120 Ω and a capacitor are connected to a 240 V, $\mathbf{Q}.25$ 50 Hz ac source. The circuit takes a current of 1.2 A. The reactance of the capacitor (in Ω) 18
 - (A) 80
- 120 **(B)**
- 160
- 240 (\mathbb{D})
- A bob of mass m of a long pendulum of length L is at a horizontal position P (see figure Q.26below). When released, it hits a ball of mass m placed at a position Q. Assume the collision to be elastic. After hitting the ball at Q, the bob will attain a height (with respect to Q) of



- $(\mathbf{A}) = \mathbf{0}$
- **(B)**

- (D) L

BT-6/24

- Q.27 Signal recognition particles (SRPs) are
 - (A) protein-DNA complexes involved in protein sorting
 - (B) protein-RNA complexes involved in protein sorting
 - (C) protein-RNA complexes involved in RNA splicing
 - (D) protein-RNA complexes involved in cell cycle
- Q.28 M phase promoting factor (MPF) facilitates cells to move from G2 to M phase during the cell cycle. The sudden decline in MPF at the end of the M phase is due to
 - (A) degradation of CDKs
 - (B) degradation of cyclins
 - (C) the reduced expression of cyclins
 - (D) an increase in the ratio of cell volume and genome
- Q.29 Which of the following statements are TRUE regarding the delichel phosphate pathway?
 - P. A 14-residue precursor oligosaccharide chain is synthesized in the ER
 - Q. A 14-residue precursor oligosaccharide chain is synthesized in the Golgi complex
 - R. It helps in N-linked glycosylation of proteins
 - S. It helps in O-linked glycosylation of proteins
 - (A) \mathbf{P} and \mathbf{R}
- (B) \mathbf{Q} and \mathbf{R}
- (C) **Q** and **S**
- (D) P and S
- Q.30 Which one of the following is NOT TRUE about Klenow fragment?
 - (A) It is a proteolytic cleavage product of DNA polymerase I
 - (B) It has $5' \rightarrow 3'$ polymerase activity
 - (C) It has $3' \rightarrow 5'$ exonuclease activity
 - (D) It has 5'→3' exonuclease activity
- Q.31 In which one of the following options are the cellular compartments arranged in the increasing order of their pH?
 - (A) Nucleus, mitochondrial matrix, trans-Golgi network, lysosome
 - (B) Lysosome, nucleus, trans-Golgi network, mitochondrial matrix
 - (C) Lysosome, trans-Golgi network, nucleus, mitochondrial matrix
 - (D) Lysosome, nucleus, mitochondrial matrix, trans-Golgi network

BT-7/24



Match the entries in Column I with those in Column II. Q.32

Column I	Column II
P. Photoautotrophs	Energy source: light Carbon source: CO2
Q. Photoheterotrophs	2. Energy source: light Principal carbon source: an organic compound
R. Chemoautotrophs	3. Energy source: chemical molecule Principal carbon source: CO ₂
S. Chemoheterotrophs	4. Energy source: chemical molecule Principal carbon source: an organic compound

P-1, Q-2, R-3, S-4

P-3, Q-2, R-4, S-1

P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-3 (C)

- P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1
- Which one of the following is NOT a saturated fatty acid? Q.33
 - Palmitic acid (A)

Stearic acid **(B)**

Oleic acid **(C)**

- Myristic acid **(D)**
- The feeding relationship among the species in a community determine the community's Q.34
 - secondary succession (A)

ecological niche

 (\mathbf{C}) trophic structure

- species richness
- Which one of the following techniques can be used to find whether a given sample Q.35contains glucose or galactose?
 - Paper chromatography (A)

Thin layer chromatography (\mathbf{B})

(C)NMR spectroscopy

- (\mathbf{D}) UV spectroscopy
- Match the entries in Column I with those in Column II. $\mathbf{Q}.36$

Column I	Column II
P. Metachromatic granules	1. Phosphate storage
Q. Sulfur granules	2. Energy reserve
R. Magnetosomes	3. Decomposition of H ₂ O ₂

- (A) P-1, Q-2, R-3 (B) P-2, Q-3, R-1
- (C) P-2, Q-1, R-3 (D) P-3, Q-2, R-1
- Which of the following statements pertaining to 2D gel electrophoresis of proteins is/are Q.37CORRECT?
 - While preparing the sample from a tissue, the sample should be dissolved in SDS
 - The duration for which the SDS gel is run should not vary to ensure reproducibility \mathbf{Q} .
 - Only P (A)

Only Q

P and Q (C)

Neither P nor Q (D)

BT-8/24

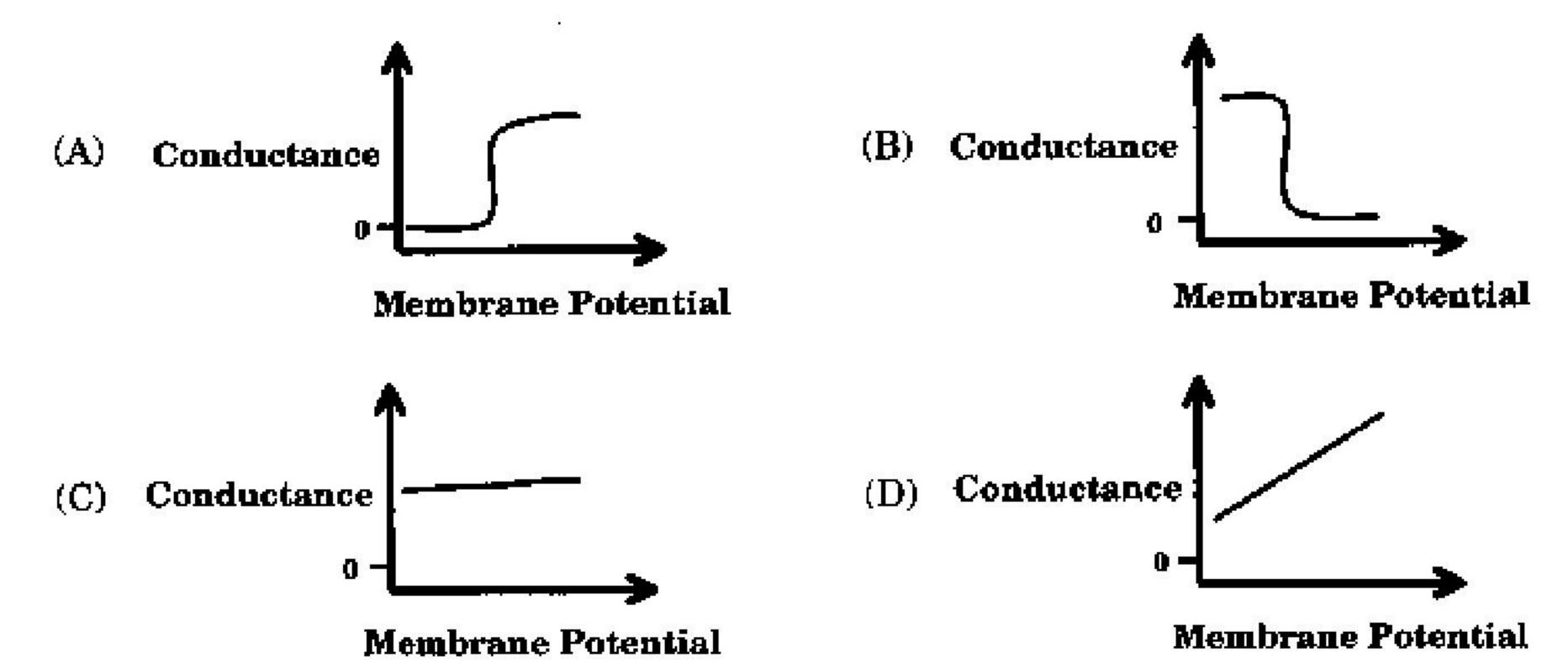


- An inductive coil of resistance 1 Ω is connected to a 20 V battery. Neglect the internal Q.38resistance of the battery. The value of the induced emf (in V) in the coil at an instant when the current has risen to one-fourth of its steady value is
 - (A)
- (B) $5\sqrt{2}$
- (\mathbf{D}) 15
- A charge +Q is uniformly distributed in a sphere of radius R. The magnitude of the Q.39electric field E at a distance $rac{R}{2}$ from the center of the sphere is
 - (A)

- A vibrating string of length l has mass m. It vibrates with a fundamental frequency Q.40when stretched by a force of 1 N. This string will vibrate with second harmonic (i.e., first overtone) if the force is increased to

 - $(A) \quad \frac{1}{2} N \qquad \qquad (B) \quad \sqrt{2} N$
- (C) 4 N (D) 8 N
- Electrons are emitted in photoelectric effect, and beta particles are emitted in radioactive $\mathbf{Q.41}$ decay of nuclei. Which one of the following statements is CORRECT?
 - The energy of photoelectrons is much greater than that of beta particles (A)
 - The energy of beta particles is much greater than that of photoelectrons (\mathbf{B})
 - The energies of photoelectrons and beta particles are of same order (\mathbf{C})
 - (\mathbf{D}) Beta particles and photoelectrons have different masses
- Q.42Two sources of light are coherent if they emit radiation of
 - unequal intensities, same wavelength and same phase (\mathbf{A})
 - (\mathbf{B}) equal intensity, same wavelength and different phases
 - unequal intensities, same wavelength and different phases (Ç)
 - equal intensity, different wavelengths and different phases (\mathbf{D})

Q.43 Which one of the following schematics CORRECTLY depicts the variation of conductance as a function of membrane potential for the voltage-gated K⁺-channel?



Q.44 In a xenogenic cell-based therapy, the donor and recipient belong to different species. In which of the following, do the donor and recipient belong to the same species?

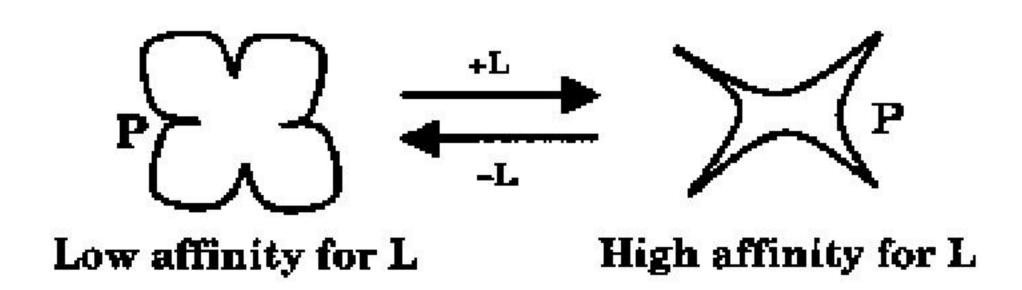
- P. Autologous
- Q. Allogenic
- R. Syngeneic
- (A) Only \mathbf{P}

(B) Only \mathbf{P} and \mathbf{Q}

(C) Only \mathbf{P} and \mathbf{R}

(D) \mathbf{P} , \mathbf{Q} and \mathbf{R}

Q.45 According to the following schematic, which shows the effect of the ligand L on the allosteric protein P,



- (A) L has to be an allosteric activator
- (B) L has to be an allosteric inhibitor
- (C) L can be either an allosteric activator or an allosteric inhibitor
- (D) L is not an allosteric modulator of the protein

BT-10/24

- Q.46 Which one(s) among helicase, primase, telomerase and topoisomerase can form phosphodiester bonds?
 - (A) Only primase
 - (B) Primase and telomerase only
 - (C) Primase, telomerase and topoisomerase only
 - (D) All the four enzymes
- Q.47 Type II hypersensitivity
 - (A) is antibody independent
 - (B) is complement independent
 - (C) is mediated by CD8* T cells
 - (D) involves antibody-mediated destruction of cells
- Q.48 Which of the following statements relating to photosynthesis are CORRECT?
 - P. Carotenoids protect against toxic oxygen species
 - Q. When plants utilize blue light, they can harness more energy than when they utilize red light
 - R. The porphyrin ring in both chlorophyll and bacteriopheophytin has magnesium
 - S. Chemical modification of the porphyrin ring alters its absorption spectrum
 - T. The Z-scheme, depicting the flow of electrons in photosynthesis, is based on exidation potentials
 - U. Carboxysomes are subcellular structures present in certain prokaryotes
 - V. Efflux of magnesium from the thylakoid lumen into the stroma helps in the activation of RuBisCo
 - (A) P, Q and R

(B) \mathbf{Q} , \mathbf{R} , \mathbf{S} and \mathbf{V}

(C) \mathbf{R} , \mathbf{S} , \mathbf{T} and \mathbf{V}

- (D) **P**, **S**, **T**, **U** and **V**
- Q.49 Which of the following membranes have a proton-pumping ATP ases?
 - BPM Bacterial plasma membrane
 - CIM Chloroplast inner membrane
 - TGM Trans-Golgi membrane
 - LM Lysosomal membrane
 - MIM Mitochondrial inner membrane
 - VM Vacuolar membrane
 - (A) BPM, CIM, MIM and VM
- (B) BPM, TGM, MIM and VM

(C) CIM, LM, MIM and VM

(D) BPM, LM, MIM and VM

BT-11/24



Q.50 Which one of the following statements is NOT CORRECT?

- (A) A mass m is enclosed in a spherical shell. The gravitational force on this mass due to another point mass M lying outside the shell is zero
- (B) When an object of mass m is in motion under a gravitational force, both angular momentum and total mechanical energy are conserved
- (C) The acceleration due to gravity decreases with increasing altitude
- (D) The acceleration due to gravity is dependent on the mass of earth

Q.51 An electromagnetic wave with a magnetic field vector

$$\vec{B} = 100 \times 10^{-9} \text{ T } \cos \left[(1.8 \text{ rad/m}) \ y + (5.4 \times 10^6 \text{ rad/s}) \ t \right] \hat{k}$$

propagates along

- (A) $+\hat{j}$ and its electric field vector is along $-\hat{i}$
- (B) $-\hat{j}$ and its electric field vector is along $+\hat{i}$
- (C) $+\hat{j}$ and its electric field vector is along $+\hat{i}$
- (D) $-\hat{j}$ and its electric field vector is along $-\hat{i}$

Q.52 Which one of the following statements is NOT CORRECT?

- (A) In an unbiased p-n junction, the electric potential of n-side is higher than that of the p-side
- (B) When a p-n junction is forward biased, the width of the depletion region increases
- (C) When a p-n junction is forward biased, the forward current is due to both electron and hole diffusion
- (D) When a p-n junction is forward biased, the potential of the p-side increases

BT-12/24



Q.53 Which one of the following statements is CORRECT for the reaction

2 HNO₃
$$(aq)$$
 + Cu (s) + 2 H⁺ (aq) \rightarrow 2 NO₂ (g) + Cu²⁺ (aq) + 2 H₂O (l) ?

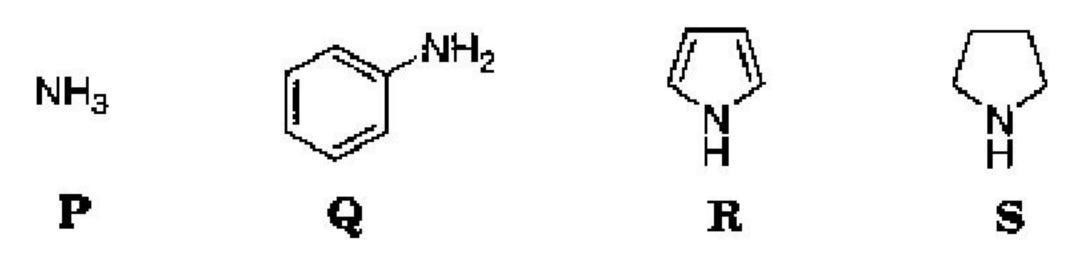
- (A) H' is the oxidizing agent, and Cu is the reducing agent
- (B) H^+ is the oxidizing agent, and HNO_3 is the reducing agent
- (C) HNO₃ is the oxidizing agent, and Cu is the reducing agent
- (D) Cu is the exidizing agent, and HNO₃ is the reducing agent
- Q.54 Which of the following Fischer projections of glyceraldehyde have identical absolute configuration?

- (A) K, L and M
- (B) **J**, **K** and **M**
- (C) J, K and L
- (D) J, L and M
- Q.55 In a water solution, the concentration of OH^- at 25 °C is 10⁻⁵ mole/liter. The concentration of H_2O^+ is
 - (A) 10⁻¹⁹ mole/liter

(B) 10^{-12} mole/liter

(C) 10⁻⁹ mole/liter

- (D) 10^{-2} mole/liter
- Q.56 The CORRECT order of basicity of the following amines P, Q, R and S is



 $(A) \quad S < P < Q < R$

(B) $\mathbf{R} < \mathbf{Q} < \mathbf{P} < \mathbf{S}$

 $(C) \quad \mathbf{Q} < \mathbf{P} < \mathbf{R} < \mathbf{S}$

- $(D) \quad \mathbf{P} < \mathbf{Q} < \mathbf{S} < \mathbf{R}$
- Q.57 The values of x and y in the given structure of Nylon 66 are

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} O \\ (CH_2)_x \end{array}\right)_{n} \left(\begin{array}{c} (CH_2)_y \\ N \end{array}\right)_{n}$$

 $(A) \quad x = 4 \text{ and } y = 6$

(B) x = 6 and y = 4

(C) x = 6 and y = 6

 $(D) \quad x = 4 \text{ and } y = 4$

BT-13/24

Q.58 In the following transformations, the groups ${\bf R}^1,\,{\bf R}^2$ and ${\bf R}^3$ are

- (A) $R^1 = CH_2OH$, $R^2 = CH_2Br$ and $R^3 = COOH$
- (B) $R^1 = COOH$, $R^2 = CH_2Br$ and $R^3 = CH_2OH$
- (C) $R^1 = COOH$, $R^2 = CH_2OH$ and $R^3 = CH_2Br$
- (D) $R^1 = CH_2Br$, $R^2 = COOH$ and $R^3 = CH_2OH$

Q.59 The correct match between items of Column I and Column II is

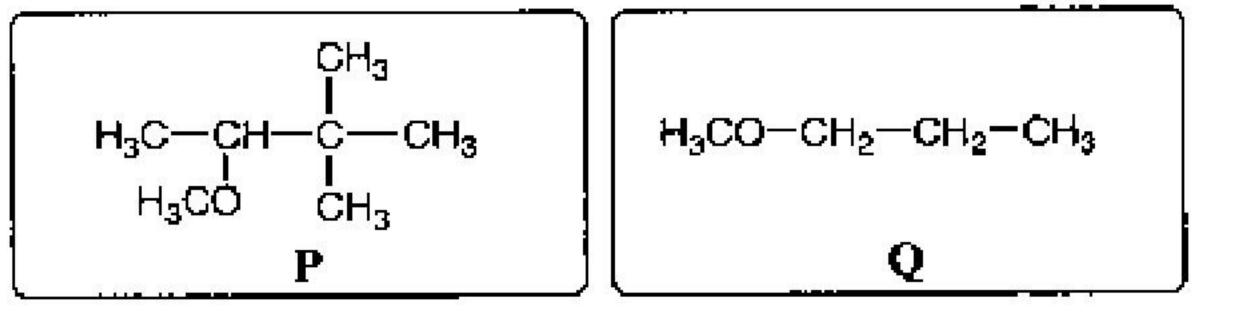
Column	1
4 43133777173	0.0

- P. Friedel-Crafts reaction
- Q. Baeyer-Villiger reaction
- R. Diels-Alder reaction
- S. S_N2 reaction
- (A) P-3, Q-2, R-1, S-4
- (C) P-1, Q-2, R-3, S-4

Column II

- 1. Cycloaddition
- 2. Walden inversion
- 3. Oxidation
- 4. Aromatic electrophilic substitution
- (B) P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2
- (D) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1
- Q.60 The molecular shape of XeF₂ is
 - (A) trigonal bipyramidal
 - (C) V-shape

- (B) trigonal pyramidal
- (D) linear
- Q.61 The number of signals in the ¹H NMR spectra of the following molecules P and Q, respectively, are



- $(A) \quad 6 \text{ and } 4$
- (B) 4 and 4
- (C) 3 and 3
- (D) 4 and 3

BT-14/24

Q.62 Which of the following can be used as a biological weapon?								
	P. Q. R. S.	Bacillus ant Bacillus thu Bacillus sub Ebola virus	ringiensi	. S				
	(A)	P and S	(B)	P and Q	(C)	P and R	(D)	Q and S
Q.63	The	number of ace	tylated :	amino sugar((s) in the rep	eating unit of	f peptidog	dycan is
	(A)	1	(B)	2	(C)	3	(D)	4
Q.64	The	genome of an	adenovii	us is a				
	(A) (C)	linear double plus-strand l		d DNA	(B)	circular dou minus-strar		ded DNA
Q.65	Whi	ch one of the f	ollowing	CANNOT b	e used to ste	erilize a heat-	labile solı	rtion?
	(A) (C)	Gamma radi Autoclaving	ation		(B) (D)	Ethylene ox UV radiatio		
Q.66	Whi	ch one of the f	ollowing	second mess	engers targe	ets protein kír	nase A?	
	(A) (C)	cAMP Diacylglycer	ol		(B) (D)	cGMP Inositol 1,4,	5-triphos;	phate
Q.67	Idio	gram is						
	(A) (B) (C) (D)	B) a diagrammatic representation of isotypic antibodies of a species C) a diagrammatic representation of the evolutionary tree of various species						
Q.68	Spin	dle fibers, for	med duri	ing the cell d	ivision, are	composed of		
	(A)	actin	(B)	collagen	(C)	myosin	(D)	tubulin
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Q.69	The differential equation representing the family of circles passing through the poi	ints
	(0, -b) and $(0, b)$ is	

(A)
$$x^2 - y^2 + 2xy\frac{dy}{dx} + b^2 = 0$$

(B)
$$x^2 + y^2 + 2xy\frac{dy}{dx} + b^2 = 0$$

(A)
$$x^2 - y^2 + 2xy\frac{dy}{dx} + b^2 = 0$$

(C) $x^2 - y^2 - 2xy\frac{dy}{dx} + b^2 = 0$

(B)
$$x^2 + y^2 + 2xy\frac{dy}{dx} + b^2 = 0$$

(D) $x^2 + y^2 - 2xy\frac{dy}{dx} + b^2 = 0$

Q.70 The value of
$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{a^{\cos x}}{a^{\cos x} + a^{-\cos x}} dx$$
 is

$$(\mathbf{A}) = a^{-\pi}$$

(B)
$$a^{\pi}$$

(C)
$$-\pi$$

$$\mathbf{D}$$
) \mathbf{z}

The point at which the tangent to the curve $x^3 + y^3 = 6xy$ is parallel to y-axis (but is not Q.71y-axis) is

(A)
$$(4\sqrt[3]{2}, 2\sqrt[3]{2})$$

(B)
$$(2\sqrt[4]{2}, 4\sqrt[4]{2})$$

(C)
$$(2\sqrt[3]{2}, 2\sqrt[3]{4})$$

(A)
$$(4\sqrt[4]{2}, 2\sqrt[4]{2})$$
 (B) $(2\sqrt[4]{2}, 4\sqrt[4]{2})$ (C) $(2\sqrt[4]{2}, 2\sqrt[4]{4})$ (D) $(2\sqrt[4]{4}, 2\sqrt[4]{2})$

For $p \ge 0$, $q \ge 0$, if the maximum of px + qy, subject to the constraints $0 \le x$, $0 \le y$, Q.72 $x+2y \le 10$ and $3x+y \le 15$, exists at points (0,5) and (4,3), then the relationship between p and q is

$$(A) \quad 2p = q$$

(A)
$$2p = q$$
 (B) $p = 2q$

(C)
$$p = 3q$$

$$(\mathbf{C}) \quad p = 3q \qquad (\mathbf{D}) \quad 3p = q$$

The set of complex numbers z, which satisfy the equation |z-3|+|z+3|=10 in the Q.73Argand plane, forms

Q.74 If
$$(x+iy)^3 = u+iv$$
, then $\frac{u}{x} + \frac{v}{y}$ is

(A)
$$4(x^2+v^2)$$

(B)
$$4(y^2-x^2)$$

(C)
$$4(x^2 - y^2)$$

(A)
$$4(x^2+y^2)$$
 (B) $4(y^2-x^2)$ (C) $4(x^2-y^2)$ (D) $-4(x^2+y^2)$

Saji and Milind are on a treasure hunt. The probability that Saji will find it is $\frac{2}{3}$ and Q.75that both Saji and Milind will find it simultaneously is $\frac{1}{6}$. The probability that Saji alone finds it is

$$(\mathbf{A}) = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$(\mathbf{B}) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(C) = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$(D) = \frac{5}{6}$$

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Q.76	NO.	Considering the equation $\Delta G'' = \Delta H'' - T\Delta S''$, which one of the following statements is NOT CORRECT?									
	(A)	When $\Delta G''$ is negative	tive, the reaction is a	exergor	niç						
	(B)		tive, the reaction car	A-1-1-1-1							
	(\mathbf{C})				decreases during the reacti	on					
	(D)		tive, the reaction is			— 53 — — 51					
Q.77	The 25°(e difference in the energies of the eclipsed and staggered conformations of ethane at °C is approximately									
	(\mathbf{A})	5.40 kcal/mole		(B)	2.70 kcal/mole						
	(C)	0.54 kcal/mole		97 8	0.27 kcal/mole						
Q.78	Whi	ch one of the followin	ıg statements is NO'	т сов	RECT?						
	(A)	The second ionization potential	tion potential of a	n atom	is larger than its first i	onization					
	(\mathbf{B})	3) Atomic size increases from top to bottom in a group of the periodic table									
	(C)	Electron affinity o outermost orbit	f an atom is the	energy	required to add an electr	on to its					
	(D)	Electronegativity of	f an atom is its abilit	y to at	tract electrons towards itsel	f					
Q.79	Nan	Name of the compound $[Co(NH_3)_6]Cl_3$ is									
	(\mathbf{A})	cobalt(III) hexaamn	nine chloride	(B)	hexaamminecobalt chloride	(III)					
	(C)	hexaamminecobalt	trichloride	(D)	hexaamminecobalt(III) chlo	59 30					
Q.80	Whi	ch one of the followin	g molecules has dipo	ole mor	nent?						
	(A)	PCl_3 (B)	\mathbf{BCl}_3	(C)	CO_2 (D) N_2						
Q.81	In a	photochemical reacti	ion, light is involved	i n							
	(A)	initiation step only		(\mathbf{B})	propagation step only						
	(C)	termination step on	ly	(D)	propagation and termination	n steps					
Q.82	Prot	easomes are									
	(A)	proteomes of lysosom	mes								
	(B)	protein complexes w	which recognize and a	degrade	e ubiquitinated proteins						
	(C)	protein and choleste	erol complexes which	help i	n cholesterol transport						
	(\mathbf{D})	protein and RNA co	mplexes which are in	nvolved	l in mRNA splicing						
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For the function $\mathbf{Q}.83$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -1 & 0 < x \le 1 \\ 2 & 1 < x < 2 \\ x & 2 \le x < 4 \end{cases}$$

- limit exists and is continuous at 1 (\mathbf{B}) limit exists but is not continuous at 1 (\mathbf{A})
- limit exists and is continuous at 2 (\mathbf{D}) limit exists but is not continuous at 2 $\{C\}$
- The minimum value of the function $x^3 6x^2 + 9x + 10$ in the interval [0, 4] is at Q.84
 - 1 only (A)
- (B) 1 and 3
- (C) 0 and 3
- 3 only
- The equation of the plane passing through the line of intersection of the planes Q.853x+2y=5 and x+y+2z+1=0, and containing the point (1,2,3) is
 - (A) 14x 9y + 2z = 2

(B) 14x + 9y - 2z = 26

(C) 9x + 14y - 2z = 31

- (D) 9x+14y+2z=43
- If \hat{a} and \hat{b} are unit vectors inclined at an angle θ , then $|\hat{a}-\hat{b}|$ is Q.86
 - (A) $2\cos\frac{\theta}{2}$ (B) $2\sin\theta$ (C) $2\cos\theta$ (D) $2\sin\frac{\theta}{2}$

- Q.87 For $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 \\ -3 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$, the value of the determinant of adjoint of A is
 - (A) = 576
- (B) 529
- (C) 441
- (\mathbf{D}) 361
- The converse of the statement "x = 2 implies $x^2 = 4$ " is Q.88

- (A) $x^2 = 4$ implies x = 2(B) $x^2 = 4$ implies x = -2(C) $x^2 = 4$ implies (x = 2 or x = -2)(D) $x^2 = 4$ implies (x = 2 and x = -2)
- The number of functions from the set $\{a,b,c,d\}$ to the set $\{1,2,3\}$ is
 - 12 (A)
- 36 **(B)**
- 64 (C)
- 81 (\mathbf{D})
- N is the set of natural numbers, Z is the set of integers, Q is the set of rational numbers, Q.90 $\mathbb R$ is the set of real numbers and $\mathbb C$ is the set of complex numbers. There is a bijection between
 - \mathbb{N} and \mathbb{Z} (A)
- Z and R (\mathbf{B})
- R and \mathbb{Q} (\mathbf{C})
- and C

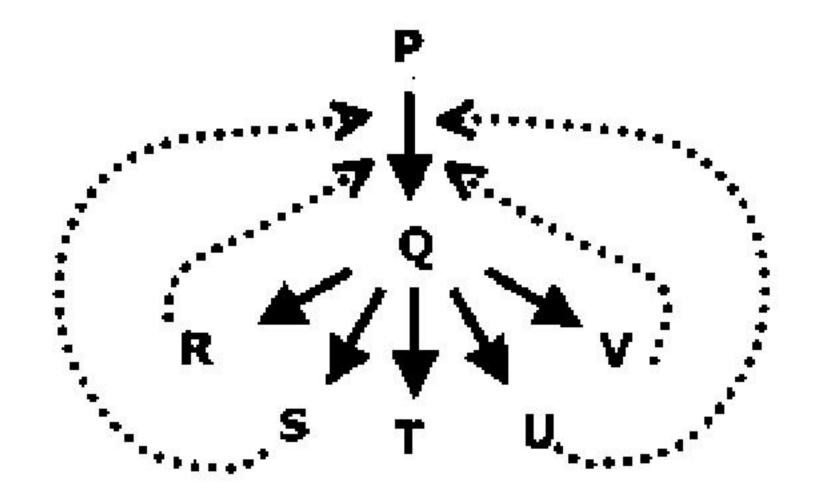
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- Q.91 The removal of bursa of Fabricius from a chicken results in
 - (A) a delayed rejection of skin graft
 - (B) low serum levels of antibodies
 - (C) anemia
 - (D) a marked decrease in the number of circulating T lymphocytes
- Q.92 A mouse, which lacks thymus, is called
 - (A) SCID mouse
- (B) NUDE mouse
- (C) BEIGE mouse
 - (D) CBA/N mouse
- Q.93 Which one of the following is a gratuitous inducer of the lac operon?
 - (A) Galactose-β(1,6)-glucose
- (B) Galactose-β(1,4)-glucose
- (C) O-Nitrophenylgalactoside
- $(D) \quad Is opropyl-\beta-thiogal actoside$
- Q.94 Which of the following statements pertaining to cell and tissue culture are CORRECT?
 - P. In a tissue culture incubator, increasing the partial pressure of CO_2 results in a decrease of the pH of the medium
 - Q. An inactive telomerase is required for a cell to achieve immortality
 - R. Antibiotics are added to the culture media to prevent microbial contamination
 - S. Hayflick limit refers to the number of cells that can grow in a culture flask
 - T. Serum proteins are required for the adhesion of cells to the surface of a solid substrate
 - (A) P, Q, S and T

(B) \mathbf{P} , \mathbf{Q} and \mathbf{T}

(C) \mathbf{P} , \mathbf{R} and \mathbf{T}

- (D) \mathbf{Q} , \mathbf{R} and \mathbf{T}
- Q.95 In the schematic shown below, P, Q, R, S, T, U and V are metabolites.



The dotted lines denote

- (A) sequential feedback inhibition
- (B) negative feedback inhibition

(C) repression

(D) cumulative feedback inhibition

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Q.96 The correct match between items of Column I and Column II is

Column I

Column II

1. Colorless

- **P.** $Co^{2+}(aq)$
- $\mathbf{Q.} \quad \mathbf{Zn^{2+} (aq)}$
- **R.** $Cu^{2+}(aq)$
- **S.** Ni^{2+} (aq)
- 2. Blue
- 3. Pink
- 4. Green
- (D) D (O D)
- (B) P-4, Q-2, R-1, S-3
 (D) P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-3
- Q.97 Considering the acidities of the given molecules, which one of the following orders is NOT CORRECT?
 - (A) $CH_4 < NH_3 < H_2O < HF$

(B) $SiH_4 < PH_3 < H_2S < HCl$

(C) HF < HCl < HBr < HI

(A) P-3, Q-1, R-2, S-4

(C) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1

- (D) $H_2O < H_2S < H_2Te < H_2Se$
- Q.98 Which one of the following alcohols undergoes dehydration with rearrangement involving a methyl migration?
 - $(A) = H_3C CH_3 OH$

(B) H_3C OH

(C) H_3C OH

- (D) H_3C OH
- Q.99 Which one of the following compounds gives acetone as one of the products when treated sequentially with (i) O_3 and (ii) Me_2S ?
 - $(A) \quad H_3C \xrightarrow{CH_2} CH_3$

(B) H_3C CH_3

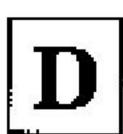
(C) \bigcirc CH₃

- $(D) \qquad \bigcirc CH_3$
- Q.100 The units of rate constant (k) of a reaction are $\left(\frac{\text{liters}}{\text{mole}}\right)^x \frac{1}{s}$. If the order of the reaction
 - is $\frac{3}{2}$, the value of x is
 - (A) = 0
- $(\mathbf{B}) = \frac{7}{4}$

- (C) 1
- $(\mathbf{D}) = \frac{3}{2}$

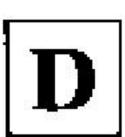
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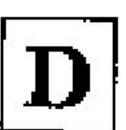
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SEA

