

# CHEMISTRY

#### SECTION – A

**Multiple Choice Questions:** This section contains 20 multiple choice questions. Each question has 4 choices (1), (2), (3) and (4), out of which **ONLY ONE** is correct.

#### Choose the correct answer :

1. In which molecule, dehydrohalogenation forms maximum number of isomers (excluding rearrangement)

Br





Sol. (1)

(cis + trans)

Total 3 isomers are possible

- (2)  $\rightarrow$  Only 1 product
- $(3) \rightarrow 2$  products
- (4)  $\rightarrow$  Only 1 product
- 2. Which of the following complex has zero spin only magnetic moment?
  - (1)  $\left[ \operatorname{Fe}(\mathsf{F})_{6} \right]^{3-}$
  - (2)  $[CoF_6]^{3-}$
  - (3)  $\left[ Co(C_2O_4)_3 \right]^{3-1}$
  - (4)  $\left[ \operatorname{Fe}(H_2O)_{e} \right]^{3+}$

## Answer (3)

- **Sol.**  $\left[ Co(C_2O_4)_3 \right]^{3-}$  has  $d^2sp^3$  hybridisation and  $3d^6$  electronic configuration and it has zero unpaired electrons.
- 3. Which of the following diseases can be cured by equanil drug?
  - (1) Pain (2) Stomach ulcer
  - (3) Depression (4) Hyperacidity

## Answer (3)

Sol. Based on fact

- 4. If Bohr's Radius of H-atom in Ground state is 0.6 A°. Find out Bohr's Radius of 3<sup>rd</sup> orbit of He<sup>+</sup> Ion.
  - (1) 2.7 A° (2) 0.9 A° (3) 5.4 A° (4) 1.8 A°

Sol. 
$$r \propto \frac{n^2}{z}$$
  
$$r = \frac{.6 \times n^2}{z}$$
$$r = \frac{.6 \times (3)^2}{(2)}$$
$$= .3 \times 9$$
$$= 2.7 \text{ A}^\circ$$

5. Compare the bond order of the following molecules

 $O_2^{-2}$ , NO, CO

(1)  $O_2^{-2} > NO > CO$  (2)  $O_2^{-2} > CO > NO$ (3)  $CO > NO > O_2^{-2}$  (4)  $NO > CO > O_2^{-2}$ 

# Answer (3)

Sol. The correct bond order :

 $O_2^{-2} \rightarrow 1$ CO  $\rightarrow 3$ 

 $NO \rightarrow 2.5$ 

- $\therefore$  Correct order is CO > NO > O<sub>2</sub><sup>-2</sup>
- 6. Which one of the following ores contains sulphide ions?
  - (1) Malachite (2) Calamine
  - (3) Sphalerite (4) Siderite

## Answer (3)

Sol. The chemical formulae of the given ores are

Malachite : CuCO<sub>3</sub>.Cu(OH)<sub>2</sub> Calamine : ZnCO<sub>3</sub> Sphalerite : ZnS Siderite : FeCO<sub>3</sub>

... Sphalerite contains sulphide ions.

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7. Statement-I : Ionisation enthalpy difference from B to AI is more than that of AI to Ga.

Statement-II : Ga has completely filled d-orbital.

Then, the correct option is?

- (1) Statement-I and Statement-II both are correct.
- (2) Statement-I is incorrect and Statement-II is correct.
- (3) Statement-I is correct and Statement-II is incorrect.
- (4) Statement-I and Statement-II both are incorrect.

## Answer (1)

- **Sol.** Ga has similar ionisation enthalpy as Al because of inert pair effect (or completely filled d-orbital in Ga).
- 8. Which of the following relation is correct?
  - (1)  $\Delta G = \Delta H T \Delta S$  (at constant T& P)
  - (2)  $\Delta U = \Delta H + nR\Delta T$  (for n moles of ideal gas)
  - (3)  $P\Delta V = (\Delta n)RT$
  - (4) None of these

#### Answer (1)

- **Sol.**  $\Delta G = \Delta H T\Delta S \rightarrow correct relation at constant T & P$ 
  - $\Delta H = \Delta U + nR\Delta T$  (for n moles of an ideal gas)

 $P\Delta V = (\Delta n)RT$  [is only true for a chemical reaction at constant T & P] (not always true) So, correct answer is (1)

9. Match the correct column.

- - (A) Thermosetting (p) Neoprene
  - (B) Thermoplastic (q) Polyester
  - (C) Elastomer (r) Polystyrene
  - (D) Fibre
- (s) Urea formaldehyde resin
- (1)  $A \rightarrow p$ ;  $B \rightarrow r$ ;  $C \rightarrow q$ ;  $D \rightarrow s$
- (2)  $A \rightarrow s; B \rightarrow r; C \rightarrow p; D \rightarrow q$
- (3)  $A \rightarrow s; B \rightarrow r; C \rightarrow q; D \rightarrow p$
- (4)  $A \rightarrow p$ ;  $B \rightarrow r$ ;  $C \rightarrow s$ ;  $D \rightarrow q$

## Answer (2)

- Sol. Urea- formaldehyde resin is Thermosetting
  - Polystyrene is Thermoplastic
- 10. At 300 K the ratio of V<sub>rms</sub> and V<sub>avg</sub> of oxygen  $\sqrt{\alpha \pi}$ 
  - molecule is  $\sqrt{\frac{\alpha \pi}{\alpha + 5}}$ , the value of  $\alpha$  will be (1) 1 (2) 2
  - (3) 3 (4) 4



- **Sol.**  $\frac{V_{\text{rms}}}{V_{\text{avg}}} = \frac{\sqrt{3\pi}}{\sqrt{8}} = \sqrt{\frac{\alpha\pi}{\alpha+5}}$
- 11. Thermal decomposition products of LiNO3 are

 $\text{LiNO}_3 \xrightarrow{\Delta} \text{Products}$ 

- (1) LiNO<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub>
- (2) LiNO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub>
- (3)  $Li_2O$ ,  $NO_2$  and  $O_2$
- (4) Li, NO and O<sub>2</sub>

#### Answer (3)

**Sol.** Thermal decomposition of LiNO<sub>3</sub> gives the following products

 $4LiNO_3 \xrightarrow{\Delta} 2Li_2O + 4NO_2 + O_2$ 

- 12. BOD value of drinking water ranges between
  - (1) 3-5
  - (2) 10-13
  - (3) 14-17
  - (4) 20-22

## Answer (1)

- **Sol.** BOD value of drinking water ranges between 3 and 5
- 13. Match List-I with List-II.
  - (A) Electro-osmosis
  - (B) Electrophoresis
  - (C) RO(Reverse osmosis)

(D) Osmosis

low concentration to high concentration of solution (Q) Solvent moves from

(P) Solvent moves from

- high concentration to low concentration of solution
- (R) Dispersion medium
  (DM) moves towards oppositely charged electrode across semi-permeable membrane
- (S) Colloidal particles move in the presence of electric field. (DP and DM)
- (1) A(R), B(S), C(Q), D(P)
- (2) A(Q), B(P), C(R), D(S)
- (3) A(P), B(Q), C(R), D(S)
- (4) A(P), B(R), C(Q), D(S)

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Sol. All options are definition based.

- (A) Electro-osmosis  $\rightarrow$  movement of DM across SPM
- (B) Electrophoresis → movement of DP and DM towards respective electrodes
- (C) RO → movement of solvent from high concentration to low concentration
- (D) Osmosis → movement of solvent from low concentration to high concentration
- The ratio of de-Broglie wavelength of proton to that of α-particle if they are accelerated through same potential
  - (1) 2√2:1
  - (2) 2:1
  - (3) 1:2√2
  - (4) √2:1

#### Answer (1)

**Sol.**  $\frac{\lambda \rho}{\lambda \alpha} = \sqrt{\frac{m\alpha \cdot kE_{\alpha}}{m\rho \cdot kE_{\rho}}}$ 

- $= \sqrt{\frac{4m\rho \cdot 2V}{m\rho \cdot V}}$  $= \sqrt{8}:1$
- = 2\sqrt{2}:1
- 15. Which of the following is produced when propanamide is treated with Br<sub>2</sub> in presence of KOH?
  - (1) Ethyl nitrile
  - (2) Propanamine
  - (3) Ethylamine
  - (4) Propanenitrile

#### Answer (3)

Sol. 
$$CH_3CH_2 - C - NH_2 \xrightarrow{Br_2/KOH} CH_3CH_2NH_2$$

16. Consider the following reaction:

Find the number of  $\alpha$ -H in the major product 'P'?

- (1) 7
- (2) 8
- (3) 9
- (4) 10

#### Answer (4)

Sol.







#### **SECTION - B**

Numerical Value Type Questions: This section contains 10 questions. In Section B, attempt any five questions out of 10. The answer to each question is a NUMERICAL VALUE. For each question, enter the correct numerical value (in decimal notation. truncated/rounded-off to the second decimal place; e.g. 06.25, 07.00, -00.33, -00.30, 30.27, -27.30) using the mouse and the on-screen virtual numeric keypad in the place designated to enter the answer.

21. How many oxides are acidic?

NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>, CO, SO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>3</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O

#### Answer (5)

**Sol.** Acidic oxides  $\rightarrow$  NO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>3</sub>

22. A 1 : 1 (by mole) mixture of A and B is present in a container. Molar mass of A = 16 g and molar mass of B is 32 and the half life of A is 1 day and half life of B is  $\frac{1}{2}$  day. Then find the average molar mass of the mixture of A and B remained in the container after 2 days is \_\_\_\_\_.? [Round off to nearest integer] Answer (19)

**Sol.** For A 1  $\xrightarrow{2 \text{ days}} \frac{1}{4}$  moles remained

For B 1  $\xrightarrow{2 \text{ days}} \frac{1}{16}$  moles remained

. 
$$M_{avg} = \frac{\frac{1}{4} \times 16 + \frac{1}{16} \times 32}{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{16}}$$

23.

25. 26.

27. 28.

29.

30.





 $= 3.6 \times 10^{22}$ 

20.



- 18. The colour of CrO<sub>5</sub> in ether is
  - (1) Yellow
  - (2) Green
  - (3) Blue
  - (4) Orange

## Answer (3)

- Sol. CrO<sub>5</sub> is blue in colour
- 19. The number of voids in 0.02 moles of a solid which forms HCP lattice is \_\_\_\_\_

[Given :  $N_A = 6 \times 10^{23}$ ]

- (1)  $3.6 \times 10^{22}$
- (2) 3.6 × 10<sup>24</sup>
- (3) 7.2 × 10<sup>20</sup>
- (4)  $5.4 \times 10^{26}$

## Answer (1)