

## **JEE MAIN 2023**

### **APRIL ATTEMPT**

## PAPER-1 (B.Tech / B.E.)



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**QUESTIONS** &

🕚 9:00 AM to 12:00 Noon

#### **Duration : 3 Hours**

#### Maximum Marks : 300

## **SUBJECT - PHYSICS**

#### LEAGUE OF TOPPERS (Since 2020) TOP 100 AIRs IN JEE ADVANCED





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#### PHYSICS

- 1. The weight of an object at the surface of earth is 400 N. Find the weight of the object at depth R/2.
- (1) 200 N (2) 250 N (3) 300 N (4) 350 N Ans. (1) Sol.  $g_p = g\left(1 - \frac{d}{R}\right)$   $g_p = g\left(1 - \frac{R/2}{R}\right)$   $g_p = \frac{g}{2}$  $w' = mg_p = \frac{mg}{2} = \frac{400}{2} = 200 \text{ N}$
- 2. For an electron and a proton  $(m_p = 1847 m_e)$  with same de-Broglie wavelength, ratio of linear momentum will be :
- (1) 2 : 1 Ans. (2) Sol.  $\lambda = \frac{h}{p}$   $p = \frac{h}{\lambda}$ (2) 1 : 1 (3) 2 :  $\sqrt{1847}$ (4)  $\sqrt{1847}$  : 1
- 3. Two forces of magnitude A and  $\frac{A}{2}$  act perpendicular to each other. The magnitude of the resultant force is:

1

(1) 
$$\frac{A}{2}$$
 (2)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}A$  (3)  $\frac{3A}{2}$  (4)  $\frac{5A}{2}$ 

Ans. (2)



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4. Find ratio of range of two projectiles if projection speeds and projection angles are (V<sub>1</sub> = 40 m/s,  $\theta_1 = 30^\circ$ ) and (V<sub>2</sub> = 60 m/s and  $\theta_2 = 60^\circ$ ) respectively.

(1) 
$$\frac{4}{3}$$
 (2)  $\frac{3}{5}$  (3)  $\frac{4}{9}$  (4)  $\frac{4}{5}$ 

Ans. (3)

Sol.

- 5. The moment of Inertia of a half ring having mass M and radius about an axis passing through centre of ring and perpendicular to its plane is given by  $\frac{MR^2}{x}$ . Find the value of 'x'.
- Ans. 1

Sol.



- 6. The height of a transmitting antenna is 98 m. Find the range upto which signals can be received if the receiving antenna is at the ground level. Radius of Earth is 6400 km.
- **Ans.**  $11200 \sqrt{10} \text{ m}$

Sol. Range = 
$$\sqrt{2Rh} = \sqrt{2 \times 6400 \times 10^3 \times 98} = 7 \times 2 \times 8 \times 100 \sqrt{10} = 11200 \sqrt{10}$$

7. Unit of  $\frac{1}{\mu_0 \varepsilon_0}$ ? (1)  $\frac{L}{T}$  (2)  $L^2 T^{-2}$  (3)  $L T^{-2}$  (4)  $L^{-1} T^{-1}$ Ans. (2) Sol.  $C = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu_0 \varepsilon_0}}$  $\Rightarrow C^2 = \frac{1}{\mu_0 \varepsilon_0}$   $[C^2] = (L T^{-1})^2$ 



8. A satellite of mass 'm' is revolving around the planet.

**Statement I:** Total energy of satellite is E and its potential energy is  $\frac{E}{2}$ .

Statement II: Total energy of satellite is E and its kinetic energy is 2E.

- (1) Statement I & II both are correct
- (2) Statement I & II both are wrong
- (3) Statement I is right statement II is wrong.
- (4) Statement I is wrong statement II is right.

#### Ans. (2)

**9.** Which of the following graph is correct for variation of electric field inside uniformly charged solid sphere.



Ans. (3)

10. If a particle of mass 500 gm is moving with velocity  $\vec{v} = (2t\hat{i} + 3t^2\hat{j})$  m/s, where t is time in sec. The value of force at t = 1 sec is  $(\hat{i} + x\hat{j})N$ . These value of 'x' is :

Ans. 3

Sol. 
$$\vec{a} = \frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} = 2\hat{i} + 6\hat{j}$$
  
 $\vec{F} = m\vec{a} = 0.5(2\hat{i} + 6\hat{j}) = \hat{i} + 3\hat{j} \implies x = 3$ 



An object is between two plane mirrors 2 cm from mirror A. The distance between mirrors is 10 cm. Find the distance of second nearest image from mirror A.



#### Ans. 18 cm

Sol.



A bubble of volume 1 cm<sup>3</sup> is at 40 m depth, when it reaches to the surface find its new volume? (Assume process to be isothermal):

(1) 
$$5 \text{ cm}^3$$
 (2)  $6 \text{ cm}^3$  (3)  $7 \text{ cm}^3$  (4)  $8 \text{ cm}^3$ 

- Ans. (1)
- Sol.  $P_1V_1 = P_2V_2$   $(10^5 + 4 \times 10^5)V_1 = 10^5 V_2$   $5V_1 = V_2$  $5 \text{ cm}^3 = V_2$
- **13.** Find energy density in rod ?

Young's modulus (Y) =  $7 \times 10^{10}$  N/m<sup>2</sup> and strain = 0.04 %

(1)  $500 \text{ J/m}^3$  (2)  $5200 \text{ J/m}^3$  (3)  $5600 \text{ J/m}^3$  (4)  $6000 \text{ J/m}^3$ 

Ans. (3)



Energy density =  $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{stress} \times \text{strain} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon} = Y\right)$ Sol.  $=\frac{1}{2}\times\sigma\times\varepsilon\quad\left(\frac{\sigma}{\varepsilon}=Y\right)$  $=\frac{1}{2}Y\epsilon^2$  $=\frac{1}{2} \times 7 \times 10^{10} \times \left(\frac{0.04}{100}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 7 \times 10^{10} \times (4 \times 10^{-4})^2$  $=\frac{1}{2}\times7\times10^{10}\times16\times10^{-8}$  $= 8 \times 7 \times 100$ ase in kinetic et (4) 100%  $= 5600 \text{ J/m}^3$ If momentum of particle increases by 50%. Then percentage increase in kinetic energy is : 14. (2) 50% (1) 75%

- Ans. (3)
- $P = \sqrt{2mE}$ Sol.

 $1.5P = \sqrt{2mE'}$ 

% change in K.E. =  $\left(\frac{E'-E}{E}\right) \times 100 = 125\%$ 

Find the ratio of potential drop across the capacitor  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  at steady state for the circuit shown 15. below.



#### $\frac{5}{4}$ Ans.

5





Current flowing in circuit =  $i = \frac{4 \text{ volts}}{16\Omega} = \frac{1}{4} \text{ Amp.}$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  V<sub>1</sub> = i (2 + 8) = 2.5 volts.

 $\Rightarrow$  V<sub>2</sub> = i (6 + 2) = 2 volts

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{5}{4}$$

- B POLENIUM If a particle is moving with velocity v at an angle  $\theta$  to magnetic field as shown. Determine path 16. taken by it?
  - (1) Along B
  - (2) Perpendicular to B
  - (3) Helical path
  - (4) Circular motion.
- (3) Ans.
- Sol. (iii) Basic Theory
- 17. Statement I : If the heat is supplied to gas its temperature increases.

Statement II : If work is done by gas its volume increases.

- (1) Statement I is true and Statement II is false.
- (2) Statement I is false and Statement II is true.
- (3) Both Statement I and Statement II are true.
- (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are False.

#### (2) Ans.



18. This figure represents which of the following logic gate :



**20.** An atom of atomic mass 242, having binding energy per nucleon 8.4 MeV, breaks into two atoms of atomic mass 121 each (with binding energy per nucleon 7.1 MeV) Find the absolute Q value of reaction?

(1) 150 MeV (2) 314.6 MeV (3) 208.4 MeV (4) 290.8 MeV

Ans. (2)

**Sol.**  $Q_{value} = |BE_P - BE_R|$ 

 $= |121 \times 7.1 \times 2 - 242 \times 8.4|$ = 242 (8.4 -7.1) = 242 × 1.3 = 314.6 MeV



21. Find drift velocity.

Given I = 2A, n = 
$$2 \times 10^{28}$$
 m<sup>-3</sup>, Area = 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup>.  
(1)  $5 \times 10^{-3}$  m/s (2)  $2.5 \times 10^{-3}$  m/s (3)  $2 \times 10^{-3}$  m/s (4)  $7 \times 10^{-3}$  m/s

**Sol.** 
$$i = neA v_d$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \mathbf{v}_{d} = \frac{\mathbf{i}}{\mathbf{n}e\mathbf{A}} = \frac{2}{2 \times 10^{28} \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times \frac{1}{4} \times 10^{-6}}$$
$$= 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m/s}$$

In an LC oscillating circuit, L = 75 mH and C = 30  $\mu$ F, the maximum charge of capacitor is 22.  $2.7 \times 10^{-4}$  C. Maximum current through the circuit will be :

(1) 0.18 Amp. (2) 0.24 Amp. (3) 0.72 Amp. (4) 0.92 Amp.  
Ans. (1)  
Sol. 
$$\frac{1}{2} \text{Li}^2 = \frac{q^2}{2C}$$
  
 $\Rightarrow 75 \times 10^{-3} \times i^2 = \frac{(2.7 \times 10^{-4})^2}{30 \times 10^{-6}} \Rightarrow i = 0.18 \text{ A}$ 

- In an open pipe find second harmonic frequency. (Given length of tube = 40 cm, velocity of sound 23. nle in air = 360 m/s)
- **Ans.** 900 Hz

Sol. 
$$f = \frac{n}{2\ell}v$$
  
 $n = 2 \implies = \frac{2 \times 100}{2 \times 40} \times 360 = 900$ Hz

- 24. A train is moving with velocity 10 m/s towards platform blows a horn 400 hz. Passenger sitting inside train listen the horn at how much frequency:
  - (2) 400 hz (3) 388 hz (4) 80 hz (1) 412 hz
- Ans. (2)





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